1998 LegislatureCS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 11201st Engrossed (corrected)

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2	An act relating to workforce development;
3	creating an incentive grant program; requiring
4	certain administrative procedures; requiring
5	certain data analysis and reports; providing an
6	implementation schedule; providing a
7	definition; amending s. 229.551, F.S.;
8	providing for nonpublic postsecondary education
9	institutions to use the common course
10	designation and numbering system used by public
11	institutions; amending s. 229.8075, F.S.;
12	requiring job retention data to be collected;
13	amending s. 236.081, F.S.; deleting a school
14	district responsibility for funding certain
15	community college programs; amending s.
16	239.105, F.S.; amending definitions; amending
17	s. 239.115, F.S., relating to funds for
18	operation of adult general education and
19	vocational education programs; revising
20	provisions relating to workforce development
21	education programs; changing the name of the
22	associate in applied technology degree to the
23	applied technology diploma; revising provisions
24	relating to funding through the Workforce
25	Development Education Fund; providing duties
26	relating to workforce development programs and
27	funding; providing for use of funds; amending
28	s. 239.117, F.S.; revising calculation of fees
29	required of students in workforce development
30	programs; deleting certain requirements for
31	application for student financial assistance;

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	1998 Legislature	CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)
1	amending ss. 24	0.3031, 240.311, F.S.; renaming
2	the State Commu	nity College System; amending s.
3	239.213, F.S.,	relating to
4	vocational-prep	aratory instruction; deleting
5	obsolete provis	ions; amending s. 239.229, F.S.,
6	relating to voc	ational standards; conforming
7	provisions; ame	nding s. 239.233, F.S.;
8	requiring job-r	etention data; amending s.
9	239.301, F.S.;	revising adult general education
10	provisions; ame	nding s. 240.115, F.S.;
11	providing guide	lines for awarding credit for
12	transfer studen	ts; revising s. 240.35, F.S.;
13	revising calcul	ation of fees required of
14	students in com	munity college programs;
15	amending s. 240	.359, F.S.; providing funding
16	for college pre	paratory coursework; amending
17	ss. 446.011, 44	6.041, 446.052, F.S.; deleting
18	responsibilitie	s of the Division of Public
19	Schools and Com	munity Education; providing a
20	1998-1999 fee s	chedule for certain programs;
21	authorizing wai	vers; requiring that the
22	Commissioner of	Education and the Executive
23	Director of the	State Board of Community
24	Colleges invest	igate issues related to
25	implementing the	e act; requiring a report to the
26	Governor and the	e Legislature; creating the
27	Employment Task	Force for Adults with
28	Disabilities to	review programs that provide
29	education for a	dults with disabilities;
30	providing for t	he appointment of members of the
31	task force; req	uiring that the Department of
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	1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)
1	Education provide staff to assist the task
2	force; providing for reimbursement for travel
3	expenses; requiring that the task force report
4	to the Commissioner of Education; requiring the
5	State Board of Community Colleges to identify
6	procedures to encourage the joint use of
7	facilities for specified programs; requiring
8	the board to report to the Legislature;
9	providing an effective date.
10	
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
12	
13	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Workforce
14	Development Implementation Act of 1998."
15	Section 2. The Legislature recognizes that the need
16	for school districts and community colleges to be able to
17	respond to emerging local or statewide economic development
18	needs is critical to the workforce development system. The
19	Workforce Development Capitalization Incentive Grant Program
20	is created to provide grants to school districts and community
21	colleges on a competitive basis to fund some or all of the
22	costs associated with the creation or expansion of workforce
23	development programs that serve specific employment workforce
24	needs.
25	(a) Funds awarded for a workforce development
26	capitalization incentive grant may be used for instructional
27	equipment, laboratory equipment, supplies, personnel, student
28	services, or other expenses associated with the creation or
29	expansion of a workforce development program. Expansion of a
30	program may include either the expansion of enrollments in a
31	program or expansion into new areas of specialization within a
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1998 LegislatureCS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 11201st Engrossed (corrected)

program. No grant funds may be used for recurring 1 2 instructional costs or for institutions' indirect costs. 3 (b) The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission shall accept applications from school districts or community 4 5 colleges for workforce development capitalization incentive 6 grants. Applications from school districts or community 7 colleges shall contain projected enrollments and projected 8 costs for the new or expanded workforce development program. 9 The Postsecondary Education Planning Commission, in consultation with the Jobs and Education Partnership, the 10 Department of Education, and the State Board of Community 11 12 Colleges, shall review and rank each application for a grant according to paragraph (c) and shall submit to the Legislature 13 14 a list in priority order of applications recommended for a 15 grant award. (c) The commission shall give highest priority to 16 17 programs that train people to enter high-skill, high-wage occupations identified by the occupational forecasting 18 19 conference and other programs approved by the Jobs and 20 Education Partnership; programs that train people to enter occupations on the WAGES list; or programs that train for the 21 workforce adults who are eligible for public assistance, 22 economically disadvantaged, disabled, not proficient in 23 English, or dislocated workers. The commission shall consider 24 the statewide geographic dispersion of grant funds in ranking 25 26 the applications and shall give priority to applications from education agencies that are making maximum use of their 27 workforce development funding by offering high-performing, 28 29 high-demand programs. Section 3. The Legislature finds that changes in 30 workforce development education required by chapter 97-307, 31 4

	1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)
1	Laws of Florida, require the development of an information
2	infrastructure that has been adequately tested and
3	retrofitted. The Legislature further finds that, to be
4	adequate for calculating funding levels for programs conducted
5	by both school districts and community colleges, a single
6	Workforce Development Information System must be developed in
7	an orderly, phased process with resources adequate to make the
8	changes identified in the final report of the Commissioner's
9	Task Force on Workforce Development. Therefore, the Department
10	of Education, school districts, and community colleges shall
11	cooperate to implement the following schedule:
12	(1) By July 1, 1998, as recommended by the task force,
13	implement the additional reporting sequences, revised data
14	elements, and combined individually identifiable student
15	information from the student data bases maintained by the
16	Division of Community Colleges and the Division of Public
17	Schools. Individually identifiable student information shall
18	be reported only as required for making funding decisions as
19	required by section 239.115, Florida Statutes, the
20	recommendations of the Commissioner's Task Force on Workforce
21	Development, and the General Appropriations Act. These
22	divisions shall cooperate with the Office of Workforce
23	Education Outcome Information Services of the Department of
24	Education to conduct the joint data element review process
25	recommended in the task force report.
26	(2) On November 1, 1998, April 1, 1999, and June 1,
27	1999, provide the Commissioner with a progress report on the
28	implementation of the recommendations of the Commissioner's
29	Task Force on Workforce Development. The report must identify
30	any problems that might impede implementation and describe
31	activities taken to correct them.
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	1998 LegislatureCS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120lst Engrossed (corrected)
1	(3) By December 1, 1998:
2	(a) Design specifications for the collection and
3	reporting of data and performance specifications for the
4	Workforce Development Information System. This design must
5	enable parallel reporting and state-level access of workforce
6	data necessary to use the data reports as a basis for
7	calculating funding allocations. In addition, the design must
8	be capable of providing reports necessary to comply with other
9	program performance documentation required by state or federal
10	law, without requiring additional data collection or reporting
11	from local educational agencies.
12	(b) Develop the computer programs, software, and edit
13	processes necessary for local and state users to produce a
14	single, unified Workforce Development Information System.
15	(4) By May 15, 1999, complete pilot testing local and
16	state Workforce Development Information System processes.
17	(5) By July 1, 1999, complete design and development
18	of the Workforce Development Information System.
19	(6) On October 1, 1999, community colleges and school
20	districts shall complete the first reporting period applicable
21	to the Workforce Development Information System. To assure
22	that this implementation process is conducted successfully,
23	the implementation dates required in sections 239.115 and
24	239.117, Florida Statutes, are advanced by 1 year, to July 1,
25	1999, for implementation of the funding formula, and to the
26	2000-2001 school year for implementation of the fee schedule.
27	During the 1998-1999 fiscal year, school districts and
28	community colleges shall conduct workforce development
29	education programs with state funding as provided in the
30	General Appropriations Act.
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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 229.551, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 229.551 Educational management. --(1) The department is directed to identify all 4 5 functions which under the provisions of this act contribute 6 to, or comprise a part of, the state system of educational 7 accountability and to establish within the department the 8 necessary organizational structure, policies, and procedures 9 for effectively coordinating such functions. Such policies and procedures shall clearly fix and delineate 10 responsibilities for various aspects of the system and for 11 12 overall coordination of the total system. The commissioner shall perform the following duties and functions: 13 14 (a) Coordination of department plans for meeting 15 educational needs and for improving the quality of education provided by the state system of public education; 16 17 (b) Coordination of management information system development for all levels of education and for all divisions 18 19 of the department, to include the development and utilization of cooperative education computing networks for the state 20 system of public education; 21 (c) Development of database definitions and all other 22 23 items necessary for full implementation of a comprehensive 24 management information system as required by s. 229.555; (d) Coordination of all planning functions for all 25 26 levels and divisions within the department; (e) Coordination of all cost accounting and cost 27 reporting activities for all levels of education, including 28 29 public schools, vocational programs, community colleges, and institutions in the State University System; 30 31 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1998 Legislature

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

(f) Development and coordination of a common course 1 2 designation and numbering system for postsecondary education 3 in school districts, community colleges, participating 4 nonpublic postsecondary education institutions, and the State 5 University System which will improve program planning, 6 increase communication among all postsecondary delivery 7 systems community colleges and universities, and facilitate 8 the transfer of students. The system shall not encourage or 9 require course content prescription or standardization or uniform course testing, and the continuing maintenance of the 10 system shall be accomplished by appropriate faculty committees 11 12 representing public and participating nonpublic institutions. Also, the system shall be applied to all postsecondary and 13 14 certificate career education programs and courses offered in school districts and community colleges. The Articulation 15 Coordinating Committee, whose membership represents public and 16 17 nonpublic postsecondary institutions, shall: 18 1. Identify the highest demand degree programs within 19 the State University System. 20 Conduct a study of courses offered by universities 2. and accepted for credit toward a degree. The study shall 21 22 identify courses designated as either general education or 23 required as a prerequisite for a degree. The study shall also identify these courses as upper-division level or 24 25 lower-division level. 26 3. Appoint faculty committees representing both 27 community college and university faculties to recommend a 28 single level for each course included in the common course 29 numbering and designation system. Any course designated as an upper-division level course must be characterized by a need 30 for advanced academic preparation and skills that a student 31

1998 Legislature

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

would be unlikely to achieve without significant prior 1 coursework. A course that is offered as part of an associate 2 3 in science degree program and as an upper-division course for 4 a baccalaureate degree shall be designated for both the lower 5 and upper division. Of the courses required for each baccalaureate degree, at least half of the credit hours б 7 required for the degree shall be achievable through courses 8 designated as lower-division courses, except in degree 9 programs approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 10 240.209(5)(e). A course designated as lower-division may be offered by any community college. By January 1, 1996, The 11 12 Articulation Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of Education the levels for the courses. By 13 14 January 1, 1996, The common course numbering and designation 15 system shall include the courses at the recommended levels, and by fall semester of 1996, the registration process at each 16 17 state university and community college shall include the courses at their designated levels and common course numbers. 18 19 4. Appoint faculty committees representing both community college and university faculties to recommend those 20 courses identified to meet general education requirements 21 22 within the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences. 23 By January 1, 1996, The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall recommend 24 to the State Board of Education those courses identified to 25 26 meet these general education requirements by their common course code number. By fall semester, 1996, All community 27 colleges and state universities shall accept these general 28 29 education courses. Appoint faculty committees representing both 30 5.

31 community colleges and universities to recommend common

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1998 Legislature

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

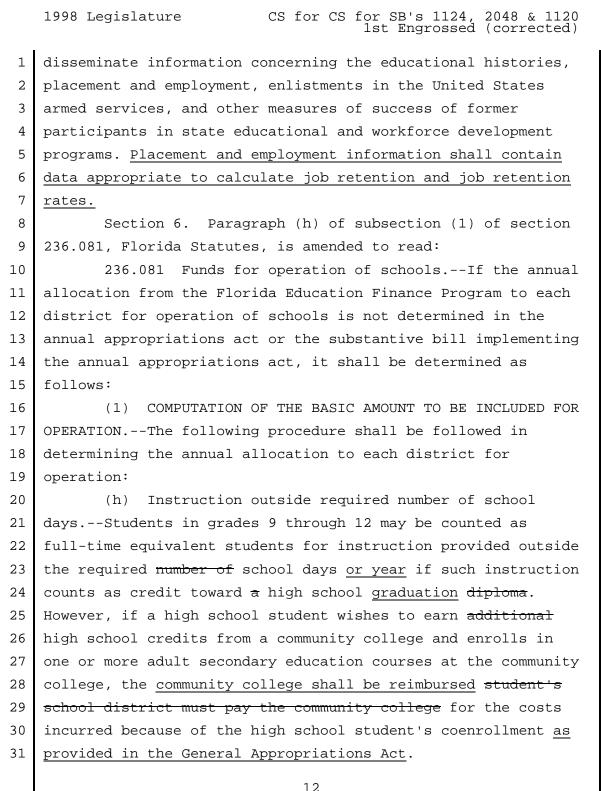
prerequisite courses and identify course substitutions when 1 2 common prerequisites cannot be established for degree programs 3 across all institutions. Faculty work groups shall adopt a 4 strategy for addressing significant differences in 5 prerequisites, including course substitutions. The Board of Regents shall be notified by the Articulation Coordinating б 7 Committee when significant differences remain. By fall semester, 1996, Common degree program prerequisites shall be 8 9 offered and accepted by all state universities and community 10 colleges, except in cases approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 240.209(5)(f). The Board of Regents shall work 11 12 with the State Board of Community Colleges on the development 13 of a centralized database containing the list of courses and 14 course substitutions that meet the prerequisite requirements 15 for each baccalaureate degree program; and

(g) Expansion <u>and ongoing maintenance</u> of the common course designation and numbering system to include the numbering and designation of college credit postsecondary vocational courses and facilitate the transfer of credits between public schools<u>, and</u> community colleges<u>, and state</u> universities. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall:

22 1. Adopt guidelines for the participation of public 23 school districts and community colleges in offering college credit courses that may be transferred to a certificate, 24 25 diploma, or degree program. These guidelines shall establish 26 standards addressing faculty qualifications, admissions, 27 program curricula, participation in the common course designation and numbering system, and other issues identified 28 29 by the Task Force on Workforce Development and the Commissioner of Education. Guidelines should also address the 30 role of accreditation in the designation of courses as 31

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature transferable college credit. Such guidelines must not 1 2 jeopardize the accreditation status of educational 3 institutions and must be based on data related to the history 4 of credit transfer among institutions in this state and 5 others. 2. Identify Conduct a study identifying postsecondary б 7 vocational programs offered by community colleges and public 8 school districts. The list study shall also identify 9 postsecondary vocational courses designated as college credit 10 courses applicable toward a vocational diploma or degree. Such college credit courses must be identified within the 11 12 common course numbering and designation system. 3. Appoint faculty committees representing both 13 14 community college and public school faculties to recommend a 15 standard program length and appropriate occupational completion points for each postsecondary vocational 16 17 certificate program, diploma, and degree; and. A course designated as college credit may be offered by a public school 18 19 district or community college, provided the standards 20 established in subparagraph 1. are met (h) Development of common definitions necessary for 21 managing a uniform coordinated system of career education for 22 23 all levels of the state system of public education. Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 229.8075, Florida 24 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 26 229.8075 Florida Education and Training Placement 27 Information Program. --28 The Department of Education shall develop and (1) 29 maintain a continuing program of information management named the "Florida Education and Training Placement Information 30 Program," the purpose of which is to compile, maintain, and 31 11



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1st Engrossed (corrected)
    1998 Legislature
           Section 7. Section 239.105, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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           239.105 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the
 4
    term:
 5
           (1)
                "Adult basic education" means courses of
 6
    instruction designed to improve the employability of the
 7
    state's workforce through instruction in mathematics, reading,
 8
    language, and workforce readiness skills at grade level
 9
    equivalency 0-8.9.at or below a fifth grade educational level
10
    in the language arts, including English for speakers of other
    languages, mathematics, natural and social sciences, consumer
11
12
    education and other courses that enable an adult to attain
    basic or functional literacy.
13
14
          (2) "Adult ESOL" or "adult ESL" means noncredit
15
    English language courses designed to improve the employability
    of the state's workforce through acquisition of communication
16
17
    skills and cultural competencies which enhance ability to
    read, write, speak, and listen in English. ESOL means English
18
19
    for Speaker of Other Languages. ESL means English as a Second
20
    Language. The two terms are interchangeable.
          (3) (3) (2) "Adult general education" means a comprehensive
21
    instructional programs designed to improve the employability
22
23
    of the state's workforce through program of adult basic
    education, adult secondary education, English for Speakers of
24
    Other Languages, vocational preparatory instruction, and
25
26
    instruction for adults with disabilities.general educational
27
    development test instruction, and vocational preparatory
28
    instruction.
29
          (4) "Adult high school credit program" means the award
    of credits upon completion of courses and passing of state
30
    mandated assessments necessary to qualify for a high school
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1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) diploma. Except as provided elsewhere in law, the graduation 1 2 standards for adults shall be the same as those for secondary 3 students. 4 (5)(3) "Adult secondary education" means courses 5 through which a person receives high school credit that leads 6 to the award of a high school diploma or courses of 7 instruction through which a student prepares to take the 8 General Educational Development test. This includes grade 9 levels 9.0 through 12.9. (6) "Adult student" is a student who is beyond the 10 compulsory school age and who has legally left elementary or 11 12 secondary school, or a high school student who is taking an adult course required for high school graduation. 13 14 (7) "Adult with disability," for the purpose of 15 funding, means an individual who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life 16 17 activities, has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment, and who requires modifications to 18 19 the educational program, adaptive equipment, or specialized 20 instructional methods and services in order to participate in workforce development programs that lead to competitive 21 22 employment. "Applied technology diploma program" means a 23 (8) course of study that is part of a degree vocational education 24 25 program, is less than 60 credit hours, and leads to employment 26 in a specific occupation. An applied technology diploma program may consist of either vocational credit or college 27 credit. A public school district may offer an applied 28 29 technology diploma program only as vocational credit, with college credit awarded to a student upon articulation to a 30 community college. Statewide articulation among public schools 31 14

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature and community colleges is guaranteed by s. 240.115, and is 1 2 subject to guidelines and standards adopted by the 3 articulation coordinating committee pursuant to s. 4 229.551(1)(g). 5 (9)(4) "Basic literacy," which is also referred to as 6 "beginning adult basic education," means the demonstration of 7 academic competence from 2.0 through 5.9 educational grade 8 levels as measured by means approved for this purpose by the 9 State Board of Education. (10)(5) "Beginning literacy" means the demonstration 10 of academic competence from 0 through 1.9 educational grade 11 12 levels as measured by means approved for this purpose by the State Board of Education. 13 14 (11)(6) "College-preparatory instruction" means 15 courses through which a high school graduate who applies for 16 an associate in arts degree program or an associate in science 17 a degree program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to enroll in college credit instruction. 18 19 (12)(7) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of 20 Education. 21 (13)(8) "Community education" means the use of a 22 school or other public facility as a community center operated 23 in conjunction with other public, private, and governmental organizations for the purpose of providing educational, 24 recreational, social, cultural, health, and community services 25 26 for persons in the community in accordance with the needs, 27 interests, and concerns of that community, including lifelong learning. 28 29 "Continuing workforce education" means (14) instruction that does not result in a vocational certificate, 30 31 15

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature diploma, associate in applied science degree, or associate in 1 2 science degree. Continuing workforce education is for: 3 (a) Individuals who are required to have training for 4 licensure renewal or certification renewal by a regulatory 5 agency or credentialing body; 6 (b) New or expanding businesses as described in 7 chapter 288; 8 (c) Business, industry, and government agencies whose 9 products or services are changing so that retraining of employees is necessary or whose employees need training in 10 specific skills to increase efficiency and productivity; or 11 12 (d) Individuals who are enhancing occupational skills necessary to maintain current employment, to cross train, or 13 14 to upgrade employment. (15)(18) "Degree vocational education program" means a 15 course of study that leads to an associate in applied science 16 17 technology degree or an associate in science degree. A degree vocational education program may contain within it one or more 18 19 occupational completion points and may lead to certificates or diplomas within the course of study. The term is 20 interchangeable with the term "degree career education 21 22 program." 23 (16) "Department" means the Department of Education. 24 25 (10) "Document literacy" means the demonstration of 26 competence in identifying and using information located in 27 materials such as charts, forms, tables, and indexes. (17)(11) "Family literacy" means a program for adults 28 29 with a literacy component for parents and children or other intergenerational literacy components. 30 31 16

ENROLLED CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature (18)(12) "Functional literacy," which is also referred 1 2 to as "intermediate adult basic education," means the 3 demonstration of academic competence from 6.0 through 8.9 4 educational grade levels as measured by means approved for 5 this purpose by the State Board of Education. (19)(13) "General Educational Development(GED)test б 7 preparation instruction means courses of instruction designed to prepare adults for success on the five GED subject area 8 9 tests leading to qualification for a State of Florida high 10 school diploma.noncredit courses through which persons prepare to take the general educational development test. 11 12 (20)(14) "Lifelong learning" means a noncredit course or activity offered by a school district or community college 13 14 which seeks to address community social and economic issues 15 related to health and human relations, government, parenting, consumer economics, and senior citizens. The course or 16 17 activity must have specific expected outcomes that relate to one or more of these areas. 18 19 (21)(15) "Local educational agency" means a community 20 college or school district. 21 (22)(16) "Local sponsor" means a school board, 22 community college board of trustees, public library, other 23 public entity, or private nonprofit entity, or any combination of these entities, that provides adult literacy instruction. 24 (23)(17)"Vocational certificate program""Certificate 25 26 vocational education program" means a course of study that 27 leads to at least one occupational completion point. The program may also confer credit that may articulate with a 28 29 diploma or degree career education program, if authorized by rules of the Department of Education. Any college credit 30 instruction designed to articulate to a degree program is 31 17

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature subject to guidelines and standards adopted by the 1 2 Articulation Coordinating Committee pursuant to s. 3 229.551(1)(g). The term is interchangeable with the term 4 "certificate career education program." 5 (24)(19) "Occupational completion point" means the 6 vocational competencies that qualify a person to enter an 7 occupation that is linked to a vocational program. 8 (20) "Prose literacy" means the demonstration of 9 competence in reading and interpreting materials such as 10 newspapers, magazines, and books. (21) "Quantitative literacy" means the demonstration 11 12 of competence in the application of arithmetic operations to 13 materials such as loan documents, sale advertisements, order 14 forms, and checking accounts. 15 (25)(22) "Vocational education planning region" means 16 the geographic area in which career or adult education is 17 provided. Each vocational region is contiguous with one of the 28 community college service areas. The term may be used 18 19 interchangeably with the term "career education planning region." 20 21 (26) (23) "Vocational-preparatory instruction" means 22 adult general education through which persons attain academic 23 and workforce readiness skills at the level of functional literacy(grade levels 6.0-8.9)or higher so that such persons 24 may pursue certificate career education or higher-level career 25 26 education. 27 (27) "Vocational program" means a group of identified competencies leading to occupations identified by a 28 29 Classification of Instructional Programs number. (28) (25) "Workforce development education" means adult 30 general education or vocational education and may consist of a 31 18

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature continuing workforce education course single course or a 1 2 program course of study leading to an occupational completion 3 point, a vocational certificate, an applied technology 4 diploma, or a vocational education an associate in applied 5 technology degree, or an associate in science degree. 6 (29)(24) "Workforce literacy" means the basic skills 7 necessary to perform in entry-level occupations or the skills 8 necessary to adapt to technological advances in the workplace. 9 Section 8. Section 239.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 239.115 Funds for operation of adult general education 11 12 and vocational education programs. --(1) As used in this section, the terms "workforce 13 14 development education" and "workforce development program" 15 include: (a) Adult general education programs designed to 16 17 improve the employability skills of the state's workforce through adult basic education, adult secondary education, GED 18 19 preparation, and vocational-preparatory education.+ 20 (b) Certificate Vocational certificate education programs, including courses that lead to an occupational 21 22 completion point within a program that terminates in either a 23 certificate, a diploma or a degree.+ (c) Applied technology diploma programs. 24 (d) Continuing workforce education courses. 25 26 (e)(c) Degree vocational education programs.that lead 27 to an associate in applied technology degree or an associate 28 in science degree; and 29 (f)(d) Apprenticeship and pre-apprenticeship programs as defined in s. 446.021. 30 31 19

1998 Legislature

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

(2) Any workforce development education program may be 1 2 conducted by a community college or a school district, except 3 that college credit and an associate in science degree may be 4 awarded only by a community college. However, if an associate 5 in science degree program contains within it an occupational 6 completion point that confers a certificate or an associate in 7 applied technology diploma degree, that portion of the program 8 may be conducted by a school district technical center. Any 9 college credit instruction designed to articulate to a degree program is subject to guidelines and standards adopted by the 10 Articulation Coordinating Committee pursuant to s. 11 12 229.551(1)(g).

(3) If a program for disabled adults pursuant to s. 13 14 239.301 is a workforce development program as defined in law 15 this section it must be funded as provided in this section. (4) The Florida Workforce Development Education Fund 16 17 is created to provide performance-based funding for all workforce development programs, whether the programs are 18 19 offered by a school district or a community college. Funding for all workforce development education programs must be from 20 the Workforce Development Education Fund and must be based on 21 22 cost categories, performance output measures, and performance 23 outcome measures. This subsection takes effect July 1, 1999 1998. 24

(a) The cost categories must be calculated to identify high-cost programs, medium-cost programs, and low-cost programs. The cost analysis used to calculate and assign a <u>program</u> course of study to a cost category must include at least both direct and indirect instructional costs, consumable supplies, equipment, and <u>standard</u> optimum program length.

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature (b)1. The performance output measure for $\frac{1}{2}$ vocational 1 2 education programs course of study is student completion of a 3 vocational a single course; a program of study that leads to 4 an occupational completion point associated with a 5 certificate; an apprenticeship program; or a program that 6 leads to an associate in applied technology diploma degree or 7 an associate in science degree. Performance output measures 8 for registered apprenticeship programs shall be based on 9 program lengths that coincide with lengths established pursuant to the requirements of chapter 446. 10 2. The performance output measure for an adult general 11 12 education course of study is measurable improvement in student skills. This measure shall include improvement in literacy 13 14 skills, grade level improvement as measured by an approved test, or attainment of a general education development diploma 15 16 or an adult high school diploma. 17 (c) The performance outcome measures for programs funded through the Workforce Development Education Fund are 18 19 associated with placement and retention of students after 20 reaching a completion point or completing of a program course 21 of study. These measures include placement or retention in employment that is related to the program course of study; 22 23 placement into or retention in employment in an occupation on the Occupational Forecasting Conference list of high-wage, 24 25 high-skill occupations with sufficient openings; and placement 26 and retention of WAGES clients or former WAGES clients; and retention in employment of former WAGES clients. Continuing 27 postsecondary education at a level that will further enhance 28 29 employment is a performance outcome for adult general education programs.Placement and retention must be reported 30 pursuant to ss. 229.8075 and 239.233. 31 21

1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

(5) Effective July 1, 1999, for school districts 1 2 providing adult basic education for the elderly to at least 3 10,000 students during fiscal year 1996-97, and to at least 4 10,000 students during subsequent fiscal years, funds for 5 these adult basic education courses for the elderly may be 6 provided in a separate categorical subject to provisions 7 defined in the General Appropriations Act. Unless exempt 8 pursuant to s. 239.117, fees for these courses shall be set at 9 no less than 10 percent of the average cost of instruction. (6) State funding and student fees for workforce 10 development instruction funded through the Workforce 11 12 Development Education Fund shall be established as follows: (a) For a continuing workforce education course, state 13 14 funding shall equal 50 percent of the cost of instruction, with student fees, business support, quick-response training 15 funds, or other means making up the remaining 50 percent. 16 17 (b) For all other workforce development education funded through the Workforce Development Education Fund, state 18 19 funding shall equal 75 percent of the average cost of 20 instruction with the remaining 25 percent made up from student fees. Fees for courses within a program shall not vary 21 according to the cost of the individual program, but instead 22 shall be based on a uniform fee calculated and set at the 23 state level, as adopted by the State Board of Education, 24 unless otherwise specified in the General Appropriations Act. 25 (c) For fee-exempt students pursuant to s. 239.117, 26 unless otherwise provided for in law, state funding shall 27 equal 100 percent of the average cost of instruction. 28 29 Beginning in fiscal year 1999-2000, a school (7) district or a community college that provides workforce 30 development education funded through the Workforce Development 31 2.2

1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) Education Fund shall receive funds in accordance with 1 2 distributions for base and performance funding established by 3 the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, pursuant to 4 the following conditions: 5 Base funding shall not exceed 85 percent of the (a) 6 current fiscal year total Workforce Development Education Fund 7 allocation, which shall be distributed by the Legislature in 8 the General Appropriations Act based on a maximum of 85 9 percent of the institution's prior year's total allocation from base and performance funds. 10 (b) Performance funding shall be at least 15 percent 11 12 of the current fiscal year total Workforce Development Education Fund allocation, which shall be distributed by the 13 14 Legislature in the General Appropriations Act based on the previous fiscal year's achievement of output and outcomes in 15 accordance with formulas adopted pursuant to subsection (9). 16 17 Performance funding must incorporate payments for at least three levels of placements that reflect wages and workforce 18 19 demand. Payments for completions must not exceed 60 percent of 20 the payments for placement. For fiscal year 1999-2000, school districts and community colleges shall be awarded funds 21 pursuant to this paragraph based on performance output data 22 23 generated for fiscal year 1998-1999 and performance outcome 24 data available in that year. (c) If a local educational agency achieves a level of 25 26 performance sufficient to generate a full allocation as authorized by the workforce development funding formula, the 27 agency may earn performance incentive funds as appropriated 28 29 for that purpose in a General Appropriations Act. If performance incentive funds are funded and awarded, these 30 funds must be added to the local educational agency's prior 31 23

1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) year total allocation from the Workforce Development Education 1 2 Fund and shall be used to calculate the following year's base 3 funding. 4 (8) A school district or community college that earns 5 performance funding must use the money to benefit the 6 postsecondary vocational and adult education programs it 7 provides. The money may be used for equipment upgrades, 8 program expansions, or any other use that would result in 9 workforce development program improvement. The school board or community college board of trustees may not withhold any 10 portion of the performance funding for indirect costs. 11 12 Notwithstanding s. 216.351, funds awarded pursuant to this section may be carried across fiscal years and shall not 13 14 revert to any other fund maintained by the school board or community college board of trustees. 15 The Department of Education, the State Board of 16 (9) 17 Community Colleges, and the Jobs and Education Partnership shall provide the Legislature with recommended formulas, 18 19 criteria, timeframes, and mechanisms for distributing 20 performance funds. The commissioner shall consolidate the recommendations and develop a consensus proposal for funding. 21 The Legislature shall adopt a formula and distribute the 22 23 performance funds to the Division of Community Colleges and the Division of Workforce Development through the General 24 25 Appropriations Act. These recommendations shall be based on 26 formulas that would discourage low-performing or low-demand programs and encourage through performance-funding awards: 27 28 (a) Programs that prepare people to enter high-wage 29 occupations identified by the Occupational Forecasting Conference created by s. 216.136 and other programs as 30 approved by the Jobs and Education Partnership. At a minimum, 31 24

1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) performance incentives shall be calculated for adults who 1 2 reach completion points or complete programs that lead to 3 specified high-wage employment and to their placement in that 4 employment. 5 (b) Programs that successfully prepare adults who are 6 eligible for public assistance, economically disadvantaged, 7 disabled, not proficient in English, or dislocated workers for 8 high-wage occupations. At a minimum, performance incentives 9 shall be calculated at an enhanced value for the completion of adults identified in this paragraph and job placement of such 10 adults upon completion. In addition, adjustments may be made 11 12 in payments for job placements for areas of high unemployment. (c) Programs identified by the Jobs and Education 13 14 Partnership as increasing the effectiveness and cost efficiency of education. 15 (5) Initial state funding is generated by student 16 17 enrollment in a course of study. When the student completes 18 the course of study or the program, the agency may collect the 19 remaining state funding. This subsection takes effect July 1, 20 1998. 21 (6) The total state funding entitlement for each 22 course of study is determined by its length, the output 23 measures, and its cost category. The district cost differential, as established annually in the General 24 25 Appropriations Act, must be applied to the appropriation for 26 the workforce development education fund. (a)1. For a course that does not result in an 27 occupational completion point, state funding equals 50 percent 28 29 of the cost of the course, with student fees, business support, quick-response training funds, or other means making 30 up the remaining 50 percent. 31 25

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2. For a program that results in an occupational 1 2 completion point, an educational agency may collect 100 3 percent of the cost of the program, with 85 percent generated 4 from a combination of student fees and state support during a 5 student's enrollment, and the remaining 15 percent generated upon the student's reaching an occupational completion point б 7 or completing the program. 8 (b) Student output measures for adult education instruction consist of improvement in literacy skills, grade 9 10 level improvement as measured by an approved test, or attainment of a general education development diploma or an 11 12 adult high school diploma. 13 (c) The cost category of a course that is part of a 14 vocational program or an adult general education program is the same as that of the program. This subsection takes effect 15 16 July 1, 1998. 17 (7) When a student reaches an occupational completion point or completes a program, the educational agency shall 18 19 first collect the remainder of the total state funding 20 entitlement and may be eligible for additional incentive funds generated by student outcome measures. However, the total 21 funding earned by an educational agency under the formula, 22 including state funding and student fees, may not exceed 125 23 percent of the calculated program cost. Any funds earned in 24 25 excess of program cost must be expended to improve the 26 program. This subsection takes effect July 1, 1998. 27 (8) For each course of study, an educational agency 28 that serves students in workforce education programs shall 29 submit an enrollment count each semester, which shall replace the full-time equivalent student enrollment used by the 30 Florida Education Finance Program and the enrollment 31 26

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calculation used by the Community College Program Fund. The
 Division of Workforce Development shall calculate the funding
 entitlement for that semester by a date established by the
 Department of Education. This subsection takes effect July 1,
 1998.

6 (9) A school district or a community college that 7 provides workforce development education shall receive initial 8 funding for each student in the semester in which the student enrolls. During each subsequent semester, a funding 9 entitlement shall be calculated for each student by 10 subtracting the student fee amount from the total funding 11 12 amount for the course of study in its assigned cost category. The semester funding amount is 85 percent of the cost of the 13 14 program, including student fees, divided by the number of 15 semesters in the course of study. When a student reaches an occupational completion point or completes a course, the 16 17 educational agency shall collect the difference between the total state funding entitlement and the amount in state 18 19 funding already paid. A student may not generate funding for 20 any semester in which the student is not enrolled. This subsection takes effect July 1, 1998. 21 (10) A high school student dually enrolled under s. 22

23 240.116 in a workforce development program funded through the Workforce Development Education Fund and operated by a 24 25 community college or school district technical center 26 generates the amount calculated by the Workforce Development 27 Education Fund, including any payment of performance funding incentives, and the proportional share of full-time equivalent 28 29 enrollment generated through the Florida Education Finance Program for the student's enrollment in a high school. If a 30 high school student is dually enrolled in a community college 31

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program, including a program conducted at a high school, the 1 2 community college earns the funds generated through the 3 Workforce Development Education Fund and the school district 4 earns the proportional share of full-time equivalent funding 5 from the Florida Education Finance Program. If a student is dually enrolled in a technical center operated by the same б 7 district as the district in which the student attends high school, that district earns the funds generated through the 8 9 Workforce Development Education Fund and also earns the proportional share of full-time equivalent funding from the 10 Florida Education Finance Program. If a student is dually 11 12 enrolled in a workforce development program provided by a technical center operated by a different school district, the 13 14 funds must be divided between the two school districts 15 proportionally from the two funding sources. A student may not be reported for funding in a dual enrollment workforce 16 17 development program unless the student has completed the basic skills assessment pursuant to s. 239.213. 18 19 (11) The Department of Education may adopt rules to administer this section. 20 21 (12) The Auditor General shall annually audit the Workforce Development Education Fund. The Office of Program 22 23 Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall review the 24 workforce development program and provide a report to the Legislature by December 31, 2000, and thereafter at the 25 26 direction of the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee. Such 27 audits and reviews shall be based on source data at the community colleges and school districts. 28 29 Section 9. Subsections (1), (7), and (8), paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4), and paragraphs (a) and (c) of 30 31 28

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature subsection (6) of section 239.117, Florida Statutes, are 1 2 amended to read: 3 239.117 Postsecondary student fees.--4 (1)This section applies to students enrolled in 5 workforce development programs, including programs and courses 6 leading to an associate in applied technology degree or an 7 associate in science degree who are reported for funding 8 through the Workforce Development Education Fund, except that 9 college credit fees for the community colleges are governed by 10 s. 240.35. (4) The following students are exempt from the payment 11 12 of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees: (c) A student for whom the state is paying a foster 13 14 care board payment pursuant to s. 409.145(3) or pursuant to 15 parts II $\overline{\text{III}}$ and III \forall of chapter 39, for whom the permanency planning goal pursuant to part III \forall of chapter 39 is 16 17 long-term foster care or independent living, or who is adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after 18 19 December 31, 1997. Such exemption includes fees associated with enrollment in vocational college-preparatory instruction 20 and completion of the college-level communication and 21 22 computation skills testing program. Such exemption shall be 23 available to any student adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after December 31, 1997; however, 24 the exemption shall be valid for no more than 4 years after 25 26 the date of graduation from high school. 27 (d) A student enrolled in an employment and training program under the WAGES Program. Such a student may receive a 28 29 fee exemption only if the student applies for and does not receive student financial aid, including Job Training 30 Partnership Act or Family Support Act funds. Schools and 31 29

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

1 community colleges shall help such students apply for
2 financial aid, but may not deny such students program
3 participation during the financial aid application process.
4 Such a student may not be required to incur debt within the
5 financial aid package. The local WAGES coalition shall pay the
6 community college or school district for costs incurred for
7 WAGES clients.

8 (6)(a) The Commissioner of Education shall provide 9 recommend to the State Board of Education no later than December 31 of each year a schedule of fees for workforce 10 development education for school districts and community 11 12 colleges. The fee schedule shall be based on the amount of student fees necessary to produce 25 percent of the prior 13 14 year's average cost of a course of study leading to a 15 certificate or diploma degree and 50 percent of the prior year's cost of a continuing workforce education course that 16 17 does not lead to an occupational completion point. At the discretion of a school board or a community college, this fee 18 19 schedule may be implemented over a 3-year period, with full implementation in the 1999-2000 school year. In years 20 preceding that year, if fee increases are necessary for some 21 programs or courses, the fees shall be raised in increments 22 23 designed to lessen their impact upon students already enrolled. Fees for students who are not residents for tuition 24 purposes must offset the full cost of instruction. 25 26 Fee-nonexempt students enrolled in vocational preparatory instruction shall be charged fees equal to the fees charged 27 for certificate career education instruction. Each community 28 29 college that conducts college-preparatory and vocational-preparatory instruction in the same class section 30 may charge a single fee for both types of instruction. 31 30

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(C) The State Board of Education shall adopt, by rule, 1 2 the definitions and procedures that school boards shall use in 3 the calculation of cost borne by students. Such rule must 4 define the cost of educational programs as the product of 5 semester enrollment counts times the average instructional cost for the course of study, divided by the number of б 7 semesters in the course of study. A course of study is a single course or a series of two or more courses leading to an 8 9 occupational completion point, an associate in applied 10 technology degree, or an associate in science degree. The rule shall be developed in consultation with the Legislature. 11 12 (7)(a) Each year the State Board of Community Colleges shall review and evaluate the percentage of the cost of adult 13 14 programs and certificate career education programs supported through student fees. If this review indicates that student 15 16 fees generate less than the percentage targeted for the 17 program, the State Board of Community Colleges shall adopt a schedule of fee increases by December 31 for the following 18 19 fall semester. For students who are residents for tuition purposes, the schedule so adopted must produce revenues equal 20 to 25 percent of the prior year's average program cost for 21 college-preparatory and certificate-level workforce 22 23 development supplemental vocational programs and 50 10 percent of the prior year's program cost for student enrollment in 24 25 continuing workforce education certificate career education 26 and vocational preparatory programs. The fee schedule for 27 lifelong learning programs shall be based on student fees and nonstate funds necessary to produce 50 percent of the prior 28 29 year's cost of lifelong learning programs. State funds may not exceed 50 percent of the prior year's cost of lifelong 30 learning programs. The state board may not increase fees more 31 31

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)

than 10 percent for students who are residents for tuition 1 purposes. Unless otherwise specified in the General 2 3 Appropriations Act, the fee schedule shall take effect and the 4 college shall expend student fees on instruction. If the 5 Legislature enacts a calculation different than that adopted by the state board, the state board shall adopt a fee schedule б 7 that generates the same revenues as the calculation contained in the General Appropriations Act. Each community college 8 9 board of trustees shall establish matriculation, tuition, and 10 noncredit fees that may vary no more than 10 percent from the schedule approved by the State Board of Education. Fees for 11 12 students who are not residents for tuition purposes must offset the full cost of instruction. 13 (b) Students enrolled in college-preparatory 14 instruction shall pay fees equal to the fees charged for 15 college credit courses. Students enrolled in the same 16 17 college-preparatory class within a skill area more than one time shall pay fees at 100 percent of the full cost of 18 19 instruction and shall not be included in calculations of 20 full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes; however, students who withdraw or fail a class due to 21 extenuating circumstances may be granted an exception only 22 23 once for each class, provided approval is granted according to policy established by the board of trustees. Each community 24 25 college shall have the authority to review and reduce payment 26 for increased fees due to continued enrollment in a 27 college-preparatory class on an individual basis, contingent upon a student's financial hardship, pursuant to definitions 28 29 and fee levels established by the State Board of Community Colleges. Fee-nonexempt students enrolled in 30 vocational-preparatory instruction shall be charged fees equal 31 32 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature to the fees charged for certificate career education instruction. Each community college that conducts college-preparatory and vocational-preparatory instruction in the same class section may charge a single fee for both types of instruction. (8) Each school board and community college board of trustees may collect, for financial aid purposes, up to an additional 10 percent of the student fees collected for workforce development programs funded through the Workforce Development Education Fund. All fees collected shall be deposited into a separate workforce development the student financial aid fee trust fund of the district or community college to support students enrolled in workforce development programs. Any undisbursed balance remaining in the trust fund and interest income accruing to investments from the trust fund shall increase the total funds available for distribution to workforce development education certificate career education students. Awards shall be based on student financial need and distributed in accordance with a nationally recognized system of need analysis approved by the State Board for Career Education. Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be allocated in an expeditious manner. Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 239.213, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 239.213 Vocational-preparatory instruction.--(2) Students who enroll in a certificate career education program of 450 hours or more shall complete an entry-level examination within the first 6 weeks of admission into the program. The state board shall designate examinations that are currently in existence, the results of which are comparable across institutions, to assess student 33

	1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected)
1	mastery of basic skills. Any student deemed to lack a minimal
2	level of basic skills for such program shall be referred to
3	vocational-preparatory instruction or adult basic education
4	for a structured program of basic skills instruction. Such
5	instruction may include English for speakers of other
6	languages. A student may not receive a certificate of
7	vocational program completion prior to demonstrating the basic
8	skills required in the state curriculum frameworks for the
9	vocational program.
10	Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 239.229, Florida
11	Statutes, is amended to read:
12	239.229 Vocational standards
13	(2)(a) School board, superintendent, and school
14	accountability for career education within elementary and
15	secondary schools includes, but is not limited to:
16	1. Student exposure to a variety of careers and
17	provision of instruction to explore specific careers in
18	greater depth.
19	2. Student awareness of available vocational programs
20	and the corresponding occupations into which such programs
21	lead.
22	3. Student development of individual career plans.
23	4. Integration of academic and vocational skills in
24	the secondary curriculum.
25	5. Student preparation to enter the workforce and
26	enroll in postsecondary education without being required to
27	complete college-preparatory or vocational-preparatory
28	instruction.
29	6. Student retention in school through high school
30	graduation.
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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature 1 7. Vocational curriculum articulation with 2 corresponding postsecondary programs in the local area 3 technical center or community college, or both. 4 (b) School board, superintendent, and area technical 5 center, and community college board of trustees and president, 6 accountability for certificate career education and diploma 7 programs includes, but is not limited to: Student demonstration of the academic skills 8 1. 9 necessary to enter an occupation. Student preparation to enter an occupation in an 10 2. entry-level position or continue postsecondary study. 11 12 3. Vocational program articulation with other corresponding postsecondary programs and job training 13 14 experiences. Employer satisfaction with the performance of 15 4. students who complete workforce development education or reach 16 17 occupational completion points. 18 Student completion, and placement, and retention 5. 19 rates as defined in s. 239.233. 20 (c) Department of Education accountability for career education includes, but is not limited to: 21 22 The provision of timely, accurate technical 1. 23 assistance to school districts and community colleges. The provision of timely, accurate information to 24 2. 25 the State Board for Career Education, the Legislature, and the 26 public. The development of policies, rules, and procedures 27 3. that facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability 28 29 standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within 30 the department. 31 35

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature 4. The development of program standards and 1 2 industry-driven benchmarks for vocational, adult, and 3 community education programs. 4 5. Overseeing school district and community college 5 compliance with the provisions of this chapter. 6 Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the 6. 7 technical component of workforce development programs the 8 associate in science degree, the associate in applied 9 technology degree, and secondary vocational job-preparatory programs are shall be uniform and designed to provide a 10 graduate of high quality who is capable of entering the 11 12 workforce on an equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of choice. 13 14 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 239.233, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 239.233 Reporting requirements.--17 (1)(a) The Department of Education shall develop a system of performance measures in order to evaluate the 18 19 vocational and technical education programs as required in s. 20 239.229. This system must measure program enrollment, completion rates, placement rates, and amount of earnings at 21 the time of placement. Placement and employment information, 22 23 where applicable, shall contain data relevant to job 24 retention, including retention rates. The State Board of Education shall adopt by rule the specific measures and any 25 26 definitions needed to establish the system of performance 27 measures. Section 13. Present subsections (6), (7), (8), and (9) 28 29 of section 239.301, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively, and new subsections (6) and 30 (7) are added to that section to read: 31 36 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature 239.301 Adult general education.--1 2 (6) If students who have been determined to be adults 3 with disabilities are enrolled in workforce development 4 programs, the funding formula must provide additional 5 incentives for their achievement of performance outputs and 6 outcomes. 7 (7) If the plan for a program for adults with 8 disabilities pursuant to subsection (5) indicates that there 9 are students whose expected time to completion exceeds twice that of a similar program for nondisabled students, or if 10 there are students enrolled whose individual education plan 11 12 does not include competitive employment, those students shall generate funds in addition to funds from the workforce 13 14 development fund, as provided in the annual General 15 Appropriations Act. Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 17 240.115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 240.115 Articulation agreement; acceleration 18 19 mechanisms.--20 (1)(a) Articulation between secondary and postsecondary education; admission of associate in arts degree 21 graduates from Florida community colleges and state 22 universities; admission of applied technology diploma program 23 graduates from public community colleges or technical centers; 24 25 admission of associate in science degree and associate in applied science degree graduates from Florida community 26 colleges; the use of acceleration mechanisms, including 27 nationally standardized examinations through which students 28 29 may earn credit; general education requirements and common course code numbers as provided for in s. $229.551(1)\frac{(f)4.}{(f)4.}$; and 30 articulation among programs in nursing shall be governed by 31 37

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the articulation agreement, as established by the Department 1 of Education. The articulation agreement must specifically 2 3 provide that every associate in arts graduate of a Florida 4 community college shall have met all general education 5 requirements and must be granted admission to the upper division of a state university except to a limited access or б 7 teacher certification program or a major program requiring an audition. After admission has been granted to students under 8 9 provisions of this section and to university students who have successfully completed 60 credit hours of coursework, 10 including 36 hours of general education, and met the 11 12 requirements of s. 240.107, admission shall be granted to 13 State University System and Florida community college students 14 who have successfully completed 60 credit hours of work, 15 including 36 hours of general education. Community college associate in arts graduates shall receive priority for 16 17 admission to a state university over out-of-state students. Orientation programs and student handbooks provided to 18 19 freshman enrollees and transfer students at state universities must include an explanation of this provision of the 20 articulation agreement. 21 22 (b) Any student who transfers among regionally

23 accredited postsecondary institutions that are fully 24 accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency 25 recognized by the United States Department of Education and 26 that participate in the common course designation and 27 numbering system shall be awarded credit by the receiving institution for courses satisfactorily completed by the 28 29 student at the previous institutions. Credit shall be awarded if the courses are judged by the appropriate common course 30 designation and numbering system faculty task force 31

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1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) representing school districts, community colleges, public 1 2 universities, and participating nonpublic postsecondary 3 education institutions to be academically equivalent to 4 courses offered at the receiving institution, including 5 equivalency of faculty credentials, regardless of the public 6 or nonpublic control of the previous institution. The 7 Department of Education shall ensure that credits to be 8 accepted by a receiving institution are generated in courses 9 for which the faculty possess credentials that are comparable to those required by the accrediting association of the 10 receiving institution. The award of credit may be limited to 11 12 courses that are entered in the common course designation and numbering system. Credits awarded pursuant to this subsection 13 14 shall satisfy institutional requirements on the same basis as 15 credits awarded to native students. 16 The articulation agreement must guarantee the (C) 17 statewide articulation of appropriate workforce development programs and courses between school districts and community 18 19 colleges and specifically provide that every applied 20 technology diploma graduate must be granted the same amount of credit upon admission to an associate in science degree or 21 associate in applied science degree program unless it is a 22 23 limited access program. Preference for admission must be given to graduates who are residents of Florida. 24 (d) By fall semester 1998, the articulation agreement 25 26 must guarantee the statewide articulation of appropriate courses within associate in science degree programs to 27 baccalaureate degree programs, according to standards 28 29 established by the Articulation Coordinating Committee after consultation with the Board of Regents and the State Board of 30 Community Colleges. Courses within an associate in applied 31 39

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science degree program may articulate into a baccalaureate 1 2 degree program on an individual or block basis as authorized 3 in local inter-institutional articulation agreements. 4 (2) The universities, community college district 5 boards of trustees, and district school boards are authorized 6 to establish intrainstitutional and interinstitutional 7 programs to maximize this articulation. Programs may include upper-division-level courses offered at the community college, 8 9 distance learning, transfer agreements that facilitate the transfer of credits between public and nonpublic postsecondary 10 institutions, and the concurrent enrollment of students at a 11 12 community college and a state university to enable students to take any level of baccalaureate degree coursework. Should the 13 14 establishment of these programs necessitate the waiver of 15 existing State Board of Education rules, reallocation of funds, or revision or modification of student fees, each 16 17 college or university shall submit the proposed articulation program to the State Board of Education for review and 18 19 approval. The State Board of Education is authorized to waive its rules and make appropriate reallocations, revisions, or 20 modifications in accordance with the above. 21 Section 15. Section 240.3031, Florida Statutes, is 22 23 amended to read: 24 240.3031 Florida State Community College System 25 defined. -- The Florida State Community College System shall 26 consist of the following: (1) The State Board of Community Colleges of the 27 Division of Community Colleges of the Department of Education. 28 29 (2) Brevard Community College. (3) Broward Community College. 30 Central Florida Community College. 31 (4) 40

	1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120		
	1998 LegislatureCS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 11201st Engrossed (corrected)		
1	(5) Chipola Junior College.		
2	(6) Daytona Beach Community College.		
3	(7) Edison Community College.		
4	(8) Florida Community College at Jacksonville.		
5	(9) Florida Keys Community College.		
6	(10) Gulf Coast Community College.		
7	(11) Hillsborough Community College.		
8	(12) Indian River Community College.		
9	(13) Lake City Community College.		
10	(14) Lake-Sumter Community College.		
11	(15) Manatee Community College.		
12	(16) Miami-Dade Community College.		
13	(17) North Florida Community College.		
14	(18) Okaloosa-Walton Community College.		
15	(19) Palm Beach Community College.		
16	(20) Pasco-Hernando Community College.		
17	(21) Pensacola Junior College.		
18	(22) Polk Community College.		
19	(23) St. Johns River Community College.		
20	(24) St. Petersburg Junior College.		
21	(25) Santa Fe Community College.		
22	(26) Seminole Community College.		
23	(27) South Florida Community College.		
24	(28) Tallahassee Community College.		
25	(29) Valencia Community College.		
26	Section 16. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3)		
27	and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 240.311,		
28	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:		
29	240.311 State Board of Community Colleges; powers and		
30	duties		
31	(3) The State Board of Community Colleges shall:		
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COD	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		

CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature 1 (b) Provide, through rule, for the coordination of the 2 Florida state community college system. 3 (c) Review new associate degree, diploma, and or 4 certificate programs for relationship to student demand; 5 conduct periodic reviews of existing programs; and provide 6 rules for termination of associate degree or certificate 7 programs when excessive duplication exists. 8 (5) The State Board of Community Colleges is 9 responsible for reviewing and administering the state program of support for the Florida state community college system and, 10 subject to existing law, shall: 11 12 (a) Review and approve all budgets and recommended budget amendments in the Florida state community college 13 14 system. Section 17. Section 240.35, Florida Statutes, as 15 amended by chapter 97-383, Laws of Florida, is amended to 16 17 read: 240.35 Student fees.--Unless otherwise provided, the 18 19 provisions of this section apply only to fees charged for 20 college credit instruction leading to an associate in arts degree, an associate in applied science degree, or an 21 22 associate in science degree and noncollege credit, including 23 college-preparatory courses defined in s. 239.105. (1) The State Board of Community Colleges shall 24 25 establish the matriculation and tuition fees for 26 college-preparatory instruction and for credit instruction 27 which may be counted toward an associate in arts degree, an associate in applied science degree, or an associate in 28 29 science degree. This instruction includes advanced programs and professional programs. 30 31 42

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(2)(a) Any student for whom the state is paying a 1 2 foster care board payment pursuant to s. 409.145(3) or parts 3 II $\overline{\text{III}}$ and III \forall of chapter 39, for whom the permanency 4 planning goal pursuant to part III ♥ of chapter 39 is 5 long-term foster care or independent living, or who is adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after б 7 December 31, 1997, shall be exempt from the payment of all undergraduate fees, including fees associated with enrollment 8 9 in college-preparatory instruction or completion of the college-level communication and computation skills testing 10 program. Before a fee exemption can be given, the student 11 12 shall have applied for and been denied financial aid, pursuant to s. 240.404, which would have provided, at a minimum, 13 14 payment of all student fees. Such exemption shall be available 15 to any student adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after December 31, 1997; however, the 16 17 exemption shall be valid for no more than 4 years after the date of graduation from high school. 18

19 (b) Any student qualifying for a fee exemption under 20 this subsection shall receive such an exemption for not more than 2 consecutive years or 4 semesters, unless the student is 21 22 participating in college-preparatory instruction or requires 23 additional time to complete the college-level communication 24 and computation skills testing program. Such a student is eligible to receive a fee exemption for a maximum of 3 25 26 consecutive years or 6 semesters.

(c) As a condition for continued fee exemption, a student shall earn a grade point average of at least 2.0 on a 4.0 scale for the previous term, maintain at least an overall 2.0 average for college work, or have an average below 2.0 for 31

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only the previous term and be eligible for continued
 enrollment in the institution.

3 (3) Students enrolled in dual enrollment and early 4 admission programs under s. 240.116 and students enrolled in employment and training programs under the WAGES Program are 5 6 exempt from the payment of registration, matriculation, and 7 laboratory fees; however, such students may not be included 8 within calculations of fee-waived enrollments. The community college shall assist a student under the WAGES Program in 9 10 obtaining financial aid as it would any other student. A student under the WAGES Program may not be denied 11 12 participation in programs during the application process for financial aid. If financial aid is denied, The local WAGES 13 14 coalition shall pay the community college for costs incurred 15 by that WAGES participant related to that person's classes or program. Other fee-exempt instruction provided under this 16 17 subsection generates an additional one-fourth full-time equivalent enrollment. 18

19 (4)(a) Fees shall be waived for certain members of the20 active Florida National Guard pursuant to s. 250.10(8).

21 (b) Community colleges may waive fees for any fee-nonexempt student. A student whose fees are waived in 22 23 excess of the amount authorized annually in the General Appropriations Act may not be included in calculations of 24 full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes. 25 26 Any community college that waives fees and requests state funding for a student in violation of the provisions of this 27 subsection shall be penalized at a rate equal to two times the 28 29 value of the full-time equivalent student enrollment reported served. Such penalty shall be charged against the following 30 year's allocation from the Community College Program Fund. 31

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(5) Subject to review and final approval by the State 1 2 Board of Education, the State Board of Community Colleges 3 shall adopt by December 31 of each year a resident fee 4 schedule for the following fall for advanced and professional, 5 associate in science degree, and college-preparatory programs 6 that produce revenues in the amount of 25 percent of the full 7 prior year's cost of these programs. However, the board may not adopt an annual fee increase in any program for resident 8 9 students which exceeds 10 percent. Fees for courses in college-preparatory programs and associate in arts and 10 associate in science degree programs may be established at the 11 12 same level. In the absence of a provision to the contrary in 13 an appropriations act, the fee schedule shall take effect and 14 the colleges shall expend the funds on instruction. If the 15 Legislature provides for an alternative fee calculation in an 16 appropriations act, the board shall establish a fee schedule 17 that produces the fee revenue established in the appropriations act based on the assigned enrollment. 18 19 (6) Each community college board of trustees shall 20 establish matriculation and tuition fees, which may vary no more than 10 percent from the fee schedule adopted by the 21 State Board of Community Colleges. 22 (7) The sum of nonresident student matriculation and 23 tuition fees must be sufficient to defray the full cost of 24 each program. The annual fee increases for nonresident 25 26 students established by the board, in the absence of 27 legislative action to the contrary in an appropriations act, may not exceed 25 percent. 28 29 (8) The State Board of Community Colleges shall adopt a rule specifying the definitions and procedures to be used in 30

31 the calculation of the percentage of cost paid by students.

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1 The rule must provide for the calculation of the full cost of 2 educational programs based on the allocation of all funds 3 provided through the general current fund to programs of 4 instruction, and other activities as provided in the annual 5 expenditure analysis. The rule shall be developed in 6 consultation with the Legislature.

7 (9) Each community college district board of trustees 8 may establish a separate activity and service fee not to 9 exceed 10 percent of the matriculation fee, according to rules of the State Board of Education. The student activity and 10 service fee shall be collected as a component part of the 11 12 registration and tuition fees. The student activity and service fees shall be paid into a student activity and service 13 14 fund at the community college and shall be expended for lawful 15 purposes to benefit the student body in general. These 16 purposes include, but are not limited to, student publications 17 and grants to duly recognized student organizations, the membership of which is open to all students at the community 18 19 college without regard to race, sex, or religion.

(10)(a) Each community college is authorized to 20 collect for financial aid purposes an additional amount up to, 21 22 but not to exceed, 5 percent of the total student tuition or 23 matriculation fees collected. Each community college may collect up to an additional 2 percent if the amount generated 24 by the total financial aid fee is less than \$250,000. 25 If the 26 amount generated is less than \$250,000, a community college that charges tuition and matriculation fees at least equal to 27 the average fees established by rule may transfer from the 28 29 general current fund to the scholarship fund an amount equal to the difference between \$250,000 and the amount generated by 30 the total financial aid fee assessment. No other transfer 31

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from the general current fund to the loan, endowment, or
 scholarship fund, by whatever name known, is authorized.

3 (b) All funds collected under this program shall be 4 placed in the loan and endowment fund or scholarship fund of 5 the college, by whatever name known. Such funds shall be disbursed to students as quickly as possible. An amount not б 7 greater than 40 percent of the fees collected in a fiscal year may be carried forward unexpended to the following fiscal 8 9 year. However, funds collected prior to July 1, 1989, and placed in an endowment fund may not be considered part of the 10 balance of funds carried forward unexpended to the following 11 12 fiscal year.

13 (c) Up to 25 percent or\$300,000\$250,000, whichever 14 is greater, of the fees collected may be used to assist 15 students who demonstrate academic merit, who participate in athletics, public service, cultural arts, and other 16 17 extracurricular programs as determined by the institution, or who are identified as members of a targeted gender or ethnic 18 19 minority population. The financial aid fee revenues allocated for athletic scholarships and fee exemptions provided pursuant 20 to subsection (14) for athletes shall be distributed equitably 21 22 as required by s. 228.2001(3)(d). A minimum of 50 percent of the balance of these funds shall be used to provide financial 23 aid based on absolute need, and the remainder of the funds 24 shall be used for academic merit purposes and other purposes 25 26 approved by the district boards of trustees. Such other 27 purposes shall include the payment of child care fees for students with financial need. The State Board of Community 28 29 Colleges shall develop criteria for making financial aid awards. Each college shall report annually to the Department 30 of Education on the criteria used to make awards, the amount 31

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and number of awards for each criterion, and a delineation of 1 2 the distribution of such awards. Awards which are based on 3 financial need shall be distributed in accordance with a 4 nationally recognized system of need analysis approved by the 5 State Board of Community Colleges. An award for academic merit shall require a minimum overall grade point average of 3.0 on б 7 a 4.0 scale or the equivalent for both initial receipt of the 8 award and renewal of the award.

9 (d) These funds may not be used for direct or indirect10 administrative purposes or salaries.

(11) Any community college that reports students who 11 12 have not paid fees in an approved manner in calculations of full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes 13 14 shall be penalized at a rate equal to two times the value of 15 such enrollments. Such penalty shall be charged against the following year's allocation from the Community College Program 16 17 Fund and shall revert to the General Revenue Fund. The State Board of Education shall specify, as necessary, by rule, 18 19 approved methods of student fee payment. Such methods shall 20 include, but not be limited to, student fee payment; payment through federal, state, or institutional financial aid; and 21 employer fee payments. A community college may not charge any 22 23 fee except as authorized by law or rules of the State Board of 24 Education.

(12) Each community college shall report only those students who have actually enrolled in instruction provided or supervised by instructional personnel under contract with the community college in calculations of actual full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes. No student who has been exempted from taking a course or who has been granted academic or vocational credit through means other than

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actual coursework completed at the granting institution shall 1 be calculated for enrollment in the course from which he or 2 3 she has been exempted or granted credit. Community colleges 4 that report enrollments in violation of this subsection shall 5 be penalized at a rate equal to two times the value of such enrollments. Such penalty shall be charged against the б 7 following year's allocation from the Community College Program 8 Fund and shall revert to the General Revenue Fund.

9 (13) Each community college board of trustees may 10 establish a separate fee for capital improvements or equipping student buildings which may not exceed \$1 per credit hour or 11 12 credit-hour equivalent for residents and which equals or exceeds \$3 per credit hour for nonresidents. Funds collected 13 14 by community colleges through these fees may be bonded only 15 for the purpose of financing or refinancing new construction of educational facilities. The fee shall be collected as a 16 17 component part of the registration and tuition fees, paid into a separate account, and expended only to construct and equip, 18 19 maintain, improve, or enhance the educational facilities of the community college. Projects funded through the use of the 20 capital improvement fee shall meet the survey and construction 21 22 requirements of chapter 235. Pursuant to s. 216.0158, each 23 community college shall identify each project, including maintenance projects, proposed to be funded in whole or in 24 part by such fee. Capital improvement fee revenues may be 25 26 pledged by a board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source 27 to the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements and revenue bonds, with a term not to exceed 20 years, only 28 29 for the new construction of educational facilities. Community colleges may use the services of the Division of Bond Finance 30 of the State Board of Administration to issue any bonds 31

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authorized through the provisions of this subsection. Any such 1 bonds issued by the Division of Bond Finance shall be in 2 3 compliance with the provisions of the State Bond Act. Bonds 4 issued pursuant to the State Bond Act shall be validated in 5 the manner provided by chapter 75. The complaint for such validation shall be filed in the circuit court of the county б 7 where the seat of state government is situated, the notice required to be published by s. 75.06 shall be published only 8 9 in the county where the complaint is filed, and the complaint and order of the circuit court shall be served only on the 10 state attorney of the circuit in which the action is pending. 11 12 A maximum of 15 cents per credit hour may be allocated from the capital improvement fee for child care centers conducted 13 14 by the community college.

15 (14) Each community college is authorized to grant 16 student fee exemptions from all fees adopted by the State 17 Board of Community Colleges and the community college board of 18 trustees for up to 40 full-time equivalent students at each 19 institution.

20 Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 21 240.359, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

22 240.359 Procedure for determining state financial 23 support and annual apportionment of state funds to each 24 community college district.--The procedure for determining 25 state financial support and the annual apportionment to each 26 community college district authorized to operate a community 27 college under the provisions of s. 240.313 shall be as 28 follows:

29 (1) DETERMINING THE AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED IN THE STATE
 30 COMMUNITY COLLEGE PROGRAM FUND FOR THE CURRENT OPERATING
 31 PROGRAM.--

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CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) 1998 Legislature (b) The allocation of funds for community colleges 1 2 shall be based on advanced and professional disciplines, 3 college-preparatory programs, and on other programs for adults 4 funded pursuant to s. 239.115. 5 Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 246.013, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 246.013 Participation in the common course designation 8 and numbering system .--9 Nonpublic colleges and schools that have been (1) issued a regular license pursuant to s. 246.081(2), or 10 nonpublic postsecondary colleges that are exempt from state 11 12 licensure pursuant to s. 246.085(1)(a) and that are fully accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency 13 14 recognized by the United States Department of Education, by a 15 member of the Commission on Colleges of the Southern 16 Association of Colleges and Schools and accredited nonpublic 17 postsecondary colleges exempt from state licensure pursuant to s. 246.085(1)(a) may participate in the common course 18 19 designation and numbering system pursuant to s. 229.551. Participating colleges and schools shall bear the costs 20 associated with inclusion in the system and shall meet the 21 terms and conditions for institutional participation in the 22 23 system. The department shall adopt a fee schedule that includes the expenses incurred through data processing, 24 faculty task force travel and per diem, and staff and clerical 25 26 support time. Such fee schedule may differentiate between the costs associated with initial course inclusion in the system 27 and costs associated with subsequent course maintenance in the 28 29 system. Decisions regarding initial course inclusion and subsequent course maintenance must be made within 360 days 30 after submission of the required materials and fees by the 31 51

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institution. The Department of Education may select a date by 1 2 which colleges must submit requests for new courses to be 3 included, and may delay review of courses submitted after that 4 date until the next year's cycle.Any college that currently 5 participates in the system, and that participated in the 6 system prior to July 1, 1986, shall not be required to pay the 7 costs associated with initial course inclusion in the system. 8 Fees collected for participation in the common course 9 designation and numbering system pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in the Institutional 10 Assessment Trust Fund created by s. 246.31. Any nonpublic, 11 nonprofit college or university that is eligible to 12 participate in the common course designation and numbering 13 14 system shall not be required to pay the costs associated with 15 participation in the system. The Legislature finds and declares that independent nonprofit colleges and universities 16 17 eligible to participate in the Florida resident access grant program pursuant to s. 240.605 are an integral part of the 18 19 higher education system in this state and that a significant number of state residents choose this form of higher 20 education. Any independent college or university that is 21 eligible to participate in the Florida resident access grant 22 23 program shall not be required to pay the costs associated with 24 participation in the common course designation and numbering 25 system. 26 Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 446.011, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 446.011 Declaration of legislative intent with respect 28 29 to apprenticeship training .--(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 30 Division of Jobs and Benefits of the Department of Labor and 31 52 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	Employment Security have responsibility for the development of	
2	the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship uniform minimum	
3	standards for the apprenticeable trades and that the Division	
4	of Workforce Development and the Division of Public Schools	
5	and Community Education of the Department of Education have	
6	responsibility for assisting district school boards and	
7	community college district boards of trustees in developing	
8	preapprenticeship programs in compliance with the standards	
9	established by the Division of Jobs and Benefits.	
10	Section 21. Subsection (8) of section 446.041, Florida	
11	Statutes, is amended to read:	
12	446.041 Apprenticeship program, duties of	
13	divisionThe Division of Jobs and Benefits shall:	
14	(8) Cooperate with and assist the Division of	
15	Workforce Development and the Division of Public Schools and	
16	Community Education of the Department of Education and	
17	appropriate education institutions in the development of	
18	viable apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.	
19	Section 22. Subsections (2) and (3) of section	
20	446.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:	
21	446.052 Preapprenticeship program	
22	(2) The Division of <u>Workforce Development</u> Public	
23	Schools and Community Education of the Department of	
24	Education, under regulations established by the State Board of	
25	Education, is authorized to administer the provisions of ss.	
26	446.011-446.092 that relate to preapprenticeship programs in	
27	cooperation with district school boards and community college	
28	district boards of trustees. District school boards, community	
29	college district boards of trustees, and registered program	
30	sponsors shall cooperate in developing and establishing	
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1	programs that include vocational instruction and general
2	education courses required to obtain a high school diploma.
3	(3) The Division of Workforce Development Public
4	Schools and Community Education, the district school boards,
5	the community college district boards of trustees, and the
6	Division of Jobs and Benefits shall work together with
7	existing registered apprenticeship programs so that
8	individuals completing such preapprenticeship programs may be
9	able to receive credit towards completing a registered
10	apprenticeship program.
11	Section 23. (1) The State Board of Education shall
12	adopt an implementation schedule that establishes standard
13	fees for instruction in certificate career education and
14	continuing workforce education offered by community colleges
15	and school districts. The schedule shall establish fees for
16	the 1998-1999 school year and shall take effect in the fall
17	term of 1998. This implementation schedule must provide a
18	transition in fee levels from the 1997-1998 fees to the level
19	established in this act, and must provide authority for local
20	educational agencies to vary their fees by 10 percent below
21	the standard. However, the fee schedule must not require an
22	educational agency to reduce its fees to reach the standard
23	fee level.
24	(2) A local educational agency may waive fees, as
25	designated in section 239.117(5), Florida Statutes, up to an
26	amount equal to 8 percent of the agency's total Workforce
27	Development enrollment hours.
28	Section 24. (1) The Commissioner of Education and the
29	Executive Director of the State Board of Community Colleges
30	shall continue to investigate issues related to implementation
31	of this act, especially those issues associated with:
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1	(a) The adoption of common reporting formats and
2	common timeframes associated with the Workforce Development
3	Information System;
4	(b) The expansion of electronic transcript systems;
5	(c) The implementation of occupational completion
6	points and literacy completion points;
7	(d) The consolidation of state and federal workforce
8	development funds into a common administrative entity; and
9	(e) The elimination of duplicative reporting
10	requirements.
11	(2) The commissioner and director shall report to the
12	Executive Office of the Governor and the Legislature before
13	December 31, 1998, on the progress of the implementation of
14	the provisions of this act and this section. The report must
15	indicate recommendations for changes in law or policy.
16	Section 25. There is established the Employment Task
17	Force for Adults with Disabilities, to be composed of an equal
18	number of members appointed by the Commissioner of Education
19	and the Executive Director of the State Board of Community
20	Colleges. The commissioner shall appoint an additional member
21	to serve as chairperson. Composition of the task force must
22	include representation from organizations and state agencies
23	that provide services to people with disabilities and people
24	who receive services through programs that enroll adults with
25	disabilities.
26	(1) The task force shall:
27	(a) Review current programs that provide education for
28	adults with disabilities and identify those that are
29	appropriately funded by the Workforce Development Education
30	Fund or the categorical fund created in Specific
31	Appropriations 119-A and 157-A of the Conference Report on
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1998 Legislature CS for CS for SB's 1124, 2048 & 1120 1st Engrossed (corrected) House Bill 4201. If the task force identifies programs that 1 2 are appropriate for funding from both sources, it shall define 3 conditions of the programs or the students that make the dual 4 funding appropriate. 5 Identify and classify programs conducted for (b) 6 adults with disabilities and report the number of adults with 7 disabilities enrolled in those programs and in other workforce 8 development education programs during the 1997-1998 and 9 1998-1999 school years. (c) Review the expenditure of funds by school 10 districts and community colleges for educational programs for 11 12 adults with disabilities. This review includes identifying 13 programs in which funds are used with maximum efficiency and 14 an analysis of the characteristics of effective and efficient 15 funding methods. Identify and recommend remedies for conditions 16 (d) 17 that could preclude the participation of people who are capable of working toward competitive employment. 18 19 (2) The Department of Education shall provide staff to 20 assist the task force. Task force members may be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in section 112.061, Florida 21 22 Statutes. 23 The task force shall submit a report to the (3) Commissioner of Education by December 1, 1998. The report may 24 include recommendations for changes in policy, rule, or law to 25 26 increase the effectiveness of programs that enroll adults with 27 disabilities. Section 26. (1) The State Board of Community Colleges 28 29 shall identify procedures that will encourage the joint use of facilities by community colleges and school districts for the 30 31 56

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1	purpose of conducting educational programs in workforce
2	development.
3	(2) The board shall report its findings and
4	recommendations to the Legislature by December 1, 1998.
5	Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.
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