By the Committee on Criminal Justice and Senator Crist

307-2189-98

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

10

11 12

1314

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to corrections; amending s. 945.485, F.S., relating to subsistence fees with respect to prisoners; requiring a state correctional facility, or the Department of Corrections acting in its behalf, to seek reimbursement for costs of incarceration for a prisoner, including certain medical and dental expenses, which have not been reimbursed as otherwise provided by law; specifying order of sources of reimbursement; providing for deduction of the costs from the prisoner's cash account, placement of a lien against the account or the prisoner's other personal property, or reimbursement from the proceeds of the prisoner's insurance policy, health care corporation proceeds, or other source; providing that the lien may be carried over to future incarceration under certain circumstances; requiring the prisoner to cooperate with such reimbursement efforts; providing for sanctions in case of willful refusal to cooperate, including placement of a lien against the prisoner's cash account or other personal property and ineligibility to receive incentive gain-time; clarifying that the department is responsible for reimbursement efforts at the private correctional facilities; creating a task force within the Department of Corrections to investigate and analyze strategies to use in seeking reimbursement for

1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

30 31

1 inmate health care costs incurred during 2 incarceration; providing an effective date. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Section 944.485, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 944.485 Financial responsibility for costs of 9 incarceration, including medical or dental expenses Subsistence fees with respect to certain prisoners; time of 10 11 adoption; requirements . - -(1) The Legislature recognizes In recognition of the 12 13 fact that many prisoners in the correctional system have sources of income and assets outside of the correctional 14 system, which may include bank accounts, inheritances, real 15 estate, health insurance policies social security payments, 16 17 veteran's payments, and other types of financial resources. The Legislature further recognizes, and in recognition of the 18 19 fact that the daily subsistence cost of incarcerating 20 prisoners in the correctional system is a great burden on the taxpayers of the state. 21 22 (1) A state correctional facility, or the Department of Corrections acting in its behalf, which incurs costs of 23 24 incarceration for a prisoner which have not been reimbursed as 25 otherwise provided for by law, including costs of providing medical or dental care, treatment, hospitalization, or 26 27 transportation, may seek reimbursement for the costs of 28 incarceration, including such expenses incurred, in the 29 following order:

(a) From an insurance company, health care corporation, or other source if the prisoner is covered by an insurance policy or subscribes to a health care corporation.

- (b) From the prisoner's cash account on deposit with the state correctional facility. If the prisoner's cash account does not contain sufficient funds to cover the costs of incarceration, including the cost of providing medical or dental care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation, the state correctional facility or the department may place a lien against the amounts in the prisoner's cash account in excess of \$50, or other personal property, to provide payment in the event sufficient funds become available at a later time. Any time the prisoner's cash account exceeds \$50 with subsequent deposits, the amount in excess may be withheld until the total amount is paid. Any existing lien may be carried over to future incarceration of the same prisoner, except as otherwise provided by law.
- (c) From other sources available, except where income from such sources is exempt under federal or state laws.
- (2) A prisoner shall cooperate with the state correctional facility and the department in seeking reimbursement under subsection (1) for expenses incurred by the state correctional facility for the prisoner. A prisoner who willfully refuses to cooperate with the reimbursement efforts of the state correctional facility may have a lien placed against the prisoner's cash account or other personal property and may not receive incentive gain-time as authorized pursuant to s. 944.275(4).
- (3) Any claim by a state correctional facility or the Department of Corrections made under this section shall be

2.7

subordinate to any judgment for restitution or any judgment for child support against the prisoner.

- (4) For the purposes of this section, the Department of Corrections shall be responsible for seeking reimbursement under this section for prisoners housed in private correctional facilities under contract with the Correctional Privatization Commission pursuant to chapter 957., each prisoner in the state correctional system, except those who have entered into an agreement under s. 947.135 prior to October 1, 1978:
- (a) Shall disclose all revenue or assets as a condition of parole or other release eligibility.
- (b) Shall pay from such income and assets, except where such income is exempt by state or federal law, all or a fair portion of the prisoner's daily subsistence costs, based upon the inmate's ability to pay, the liability or potential liability of the inmate to the victim or the guardian or the estate of the victim, and the needs of his or her dependents.
- (2)(a) Any prisoner who is directed to pay all or a fair portion of daily subsistence costs is entitled to reasonable advance notice of the assessment and shall be afforded an opportunity to present reasons for opposition to the assessment.
- (b) An order directing payment of all or a fair portion of a prisoner's daily subsistence costs may survive against the estate of the prisoner.
- Section 2. For fiscal year 1998-1999, and within existing resources, there is created a task force within the Department of Corrections to investigate and analyze various strategies for the state to use in seeking reimbursement for inmate health care costs incurred during incarceration. The

purpose of the task force is to meet and consult with the 1 2 Department of Insurance, the Correctional Medical Authority, 3 and the Agency for Health Care Administration to identify the 4 extent to which inmates incarcerated in the state prison 5 system have available assets or health care coverage from 6 commercial insurance policies. The task force shall submit 7 its collaborative findings and recommendations to the 8 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 9 Representatives by January 1, 1999. 10 Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 1998. 11 12 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 13 Senate Bill 1216 14 Amends chapter 944, which previously authorized the Department of Corrections to collect subsistence fees 15 16 from prisoners. Augments current statutory language by presenting an order of recovery for the costs of medical care, dental care, and other costs associated with incarceration. 17 18 19 Places insurance as the first source of recovery before the inmate's cash account. 20 Provides that the state's claim against an inmate for cost of incarceration is insubordinate to any judgment for restitution or any judgment for child support against 21 22 an inmate. Clarifies that the Department of Corrections is 23 responsible for seeking reimbursement costs for all inmates in the state system, including those housed in private correctional facilities under contract with the 24 25 Correctional Privatization Commission. Creates a task force within the department to investigate strategies to use in seeking prisoner reimbursement specifically for health care costs. 26 27 Requires the task force to consult with the Department of Insurance, Correctional Medical Authority, and the Agency for Health Care Administration and submit its findings 28 29 and recommendations to the Senate President and House Speaker by January 1, 1999. 30 31