A bill to be entitled

An act relating to correctional supervision; amending s. 948.06, F.S.; permitting a law enforcement officer to arrest a probationer or offender in community control upon probable cause that the probationer or offender has materially violated probation or community control, under specified circumstances; reenacting ss. 948.01(9) and (13)(b) and 958.14, F.S., to incorporate said amendment in references; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision.--

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community control there are reasonable grounds to believe that a probationer or offender in community control has violated his probation or community control in a material respect, any law enforcement officer who is aware of the probationary or community control status of the probationer or offender in community control or any parole or probation supervisor may arrest or request any county or municipal law enforcement officer to arrest such probationer or offender without warrant wherever found and forthwith return him to the court granting such probation or community control. Any committing

magistrate may issue a warrant, upon the facts being made

known to him by affidavit of one having knowledge of such facts, for the arrest of the probationer or offender, 3 returnable forthwith before the court granting such probation 4 or community control. Any parole or probation supervisor, any officer authorized to serve criminal process, or any peace 5 officer of this state is authorized to serve and execute such 6 7 warrant. The court, upon the probationer or offender being brought before it, shall advise him of such charge of 8 violation and, if such charge is admitted to be true, may forthwith revoke, modify, or continue the probation or 10 community control or place the probationer into a community 11 12 control program. If probation or community control is revoked, 13 the court shall adjudge the probationer or offender guilty of 14 the offense charged and proven or admitted, unless he has 15 previously been adjudged guilty, and impose any sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the 16 17 probationer on probation or the offender into community 18 control. If such violation of probation or community control is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may 19 20 commit him or release him with or without bail to await further hearing, or it may dismiss the charge of probation or 21 22 community control violation. If such charge is not at that 23 time admitted by the probationer or offender and if it is not 24 dismissed, the court, as soon as may be practicable, shall 25 give the probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully 26 heard on his behalf in person or by counsel. After such 27 hearing, the court may revoke, modify, or continue the 28 probation or community control or place the probationer into 29 community control. If such probation or community control is revoked, the court shall adjudge the probationer or offender 30 guilty of the offense charged and proven or admitted, unless

he has previously been adjudged guilty, and impose any sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the probationer or offender on probation or into community control.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 948.06, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes set forth below are reenacted to read:

948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or into community control.--

- (9) Procedures governing violations of community control shall be the same as those described in s. 948.06 with respect to probation.
- (13) If it appears to the court upon a hearing that the defendant is a chronic substance abuser whose criminal conduct is a violation of chapter 893, the court may either adjudge the defendant guilty or stay and withhold the adjudication of guilt; and, in either case, it may stay and withhold the imposition of sentence and place the defendant on drug offender probation.
- (b) Offenders placed on drug offender probation are subject to revocation of probation as provided in s. 948.06.
- 958.14 Violation of probation or community control program.—A violation or alleged violation of probation or the terms of a community control program shall subject the youthful offender to the provisions of s. 948.06(1). However, no youthful offender shall be committed to the custody of the department for a substantive violation for a period longer than the maximum sentence for the offense for which he was found guilty, with credit for time served while incarcerated, or for a technical or nonsubstantive violation for a period

longer than 6 years or for a period longer than the maximum sentence for the offense for which he was found quilty, whichever is less, with credit for time served while incarcerated. Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. HOUSE SUMMARY Permits a law enforcement officer to arrest a probationer or offender in community control upon probable cause that the probationer or offender has materially violated probation or community control, under specified circumstances when the officer knows of the probationary or community control status.