1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to to criminal penalties; 3 creating the "Prison Releasee Reoffender Punishment Act"; amending s. 775.082, F.S.; 4 5 providing that certain offenders are ineligible 6 for sentencing under the sentencing guidelines 7 under specified circumstances when the offender has been released from correctional custody 8 9 without having served at least 85 percent of 10 the offender's sentences and is convicted of a forcible felony or specified violation of s. 11 790.07, F.S., relating to having weapons while 12 13 engaged in criminal offense, s. 800.04, F.S., relating to lewd, lascivious, or indecent 14 15 assault or act upon or in presence of child, or chapter 827, F.S., relating to abuse of 16 17 children; providing for such offender to be 18 sentenced to specified mandatory minimum 19 sentences; making such offender ineligible for 20 parole, probation, or early release; providing for forfeiture by the offender of gain-time or 21 other early release credits; amending s. 22 23 944.705, F.S., relating to release orientation program; requiring notice to certain released 24 25 offenders by the Department of Corrections with 26 respect to the new minimum mandatory sentencing 27 provisions; providing for inadmissibility of 28 certain evidence or claims regarding 29 departmental failure to provide such notice; 30 providing an effective date. 31

WHEREAS, recent court decisions have mandated the early release of violent felony offenders, and

WHEREAS, the people of this state and the millions of people who visit our state deserve public safety and protection from violent felony offenders who have previously been sentenced to prison and who continue to prey on society by reoffending, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the best deterrent to prevent prison release from committing future crimes is to require that any releasee who commits new serious felonies must be sentenced to the maximum term of incarceration allowed by law, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that any prison releasee who commits a new serious felony shall forfeit all early-release credits previously granted, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Prison Releasee Reoffender Punishment Act."

Section 2. Section 775.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.082 Penalties; mandatory minimum sentences for certain offenders previously released from prison.--

(1) A person who has been convicted of a capital felony shall be punished by death if the proceeding held to determine sentence according to the procedure set forth in s. 921.141 results in findings by the court that such person shall be punished by death, otherwise such person shall be punished by life imprisonment and shall be ineligible for parole.

- (2) In the event the death penalty in a capital felony is held to be unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court or the United States Supreme Court, the court having jurisdiction over a person previously sentenced to death for a capital felony shall cause such person to be brought before the court, and the court shall sentence such person to life imprisonment as provided in subsection (1).
- (3) A person who has been convicted of any other designated felony may be punished as follows:
- (a)1. For a life felony committed prior to October 1, 1983, by a term of imprisonment for life or for a term of years not less than 30.
- 2. For a life felony committed on or after October 1, 1983, by a term of imprisonment for life or by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 40 years.
- 3. For a life felony committed on or after July 1, 1995, by a term of imprisonment for life or by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life imprisonment.
- (b) For a felony of the first degree, by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 30 years or, when specifically provided by statute, by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life imprisonment.
- (c) For a felony of the second degree, by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 15 years.
- (d) For a felony of the third degree, by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 5 years.
- (4) A person who has been convicted of a designated misdemeanor may be sentenced as follows:
- (a) For a misdemeanor of the first degree, by a definite term of imprisonment not exceeding 1 year;

- (b) For a misdemeanor of the second degree, by a definite term of imprisonment not exceeding 60 days.
- (5) Any person who has been convicted of a noncriminal violation may not be sentenced to a term of imprisonment nor to any other punishment more severe than a fine, forfeiture, or other civil penalty, except as provided in chapter 316 or by ordinance of any city or county.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the operation of any statute of this state authorizing a trial court, in its discretion, to impose a sentence of imprisonment for an indeterminate period within minimum and maximum limits as provided by law, except as provided in subsection (1).
- (7) This section does not deprive the court of any authority conferred by law to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or cancel a license, remove a person from office, or impose any other civil penalty. Such a judgment or order may be included in the sentence.
- (8)(a) A person who is released from the custody of the Department of Corrections between October 1, 1996, and September 30, 1998, who did not serve at least 85 percent of his or her court-imposed prison sentences, and who is convicted of a forcible felony as described in s. 776.08, or any violation of s. 790.07 or s. 800.04, or any felony violation of chapter 827 that was committed after the effective date of this act, is ineligible for sentencing under the sentencing guidelines and must at a minimum be sentenced as follows:
- 1. For a felony punishable by life, by a term of imprisonment for life;

- 2. For a felony of the first degree, by a term of imprisonment of thirty years;
- 3. For a felony of the second degree, by a term of imprisonment of fifteen years;
- $\underline{4}$. For a felony of the third degree, by a term of imprisonment of five years.
- (b) A person sentenced under paragraph (a) shall not be eligible for probation, parole, or any other early release from incarceration.
- (c) For a person sentenced under paragraph (a), the Department of Corrections shall forfeit any gain-time credits, provisional credits or other early release credits previously granted to the person by the department.
- (d) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as authorized by law.
- (9)(8) The purpose of this section is to provide uniform punishment for those crimes made punishable under this section and, to this end, a reference to this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.
- Section 3. Subsection (6) is added to section 944.705, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 944.705 Release orientation program. --
- (6)(a) The Department of Corrections shall notify every inmate who could be eligible for sentencing under s.

 775.082(8), in no less than 18-point type in the inmate's release documents, that the inmate shall be sentenced pursuant to s. 775.082(8), should the inmate commit any felony offense described in s. 775.082(8) after the inmate's release. This notice shall be prefaced by the word "WARNING" in bold print.

1 (b) Nothing herein shall preclude the sentencing of a 2 person pursuant to s. 775.082(8), nor shall evidence that the 3 Department of Corrections failed to provide this notice be 4 admissible in court. 5 Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 6 law. 7 8 9 HOUSE SUMMARY 10 Creates the "Prison Releasee Reoffender Punishment Act." Provides that certain offenders are ineligible for sentencing under the sentencing guidelines under 11 specified circumstances when the offender has been 12 specified circumstances when the offender has been released from correctional custody without having served at least 85 percent of the offender's sentences and is convicted of a forcible felony or specified violation of s. 790.07, F.S., relating to having weapons while engaged in criminal offense, s. 800.04, F.S., relating to lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon or in presence of child, or chapter 827, F.S., relating to abuse of children. Provides specified mandatory minimum sentences for such offender. Makes such offender ineligible for parole, probation, or early release. Provides for forfeiture by the offender of gain-time or other early release credits. 13 14 15 16 17 18 other early release credits. 19 Requires notice to certain released offenders by the 20 Department of Corrections with respect to the new minimum mandatory sentencing provisions. Provides for inadmissibility of certain evidence or claims regarding departmental failure to provide such notice. 21 22 23 24 25 2.6 27 28 29 30 31