Florida House of Representatives - 1997 HB 1375 By Representative Healey

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to law enforcement and
3	correctional officers; amending s. 112.531,
4	F.S.; adding part-time employees to the
5	definitions of the terms "law enforcement
6	officer" and "correctional officer" and
7	defining the term "willful and knowing";
8	amending s. 112.532, F.S.; authorizing an
9	officer under interrogation to record the
10	interrogation and keep the recording;
11	prohibiting the use of specified information in
12	any administrative proceeding against an
13	officer; providing that the communication
14	between an officer under investigation and his
15	or her representative is confidential; amending
16	s. 112.533, F.S.; authorizing an officer to
17	review recorded statements of complainants and
18	nonincarcerated witnesses; requiring written or
19	recorded statements by complainants and
20	nonincarcerated witnesses to be under oath;
21	prohibiting a law enforcement or correctional
22	agency from placing certain material in an
23	officer's personnel file; amending s. 112.534,
24	F.S.; providing that an officer may apply to
25	the circuit court for a determination of a
26	willful and knowing violation of his or her
27	rights; amending s. 901.15, F.S.; providing
28	additional arrest powers for certain state law
29	enforcement officers; amending s. 491.0147,
30	F.S.; providing for confidentiality of
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1 communications in certain circumstances; 2 providing an effective date. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Section 112.531, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 112.531 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 9 "Law enforcement officer" means any person, other (1) than a chief of police, who is employed full time or part time 10 by any municipality or the state or any political subdivision 11 thereof and whose primary responsibility is the prevention and 12 13 detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, traffic, 14 or highway laws of this state; and includes any person who is 15 appointed by the sheriff as a deputy sheriff pursuant to s. 30.07. 16 17 (2) "Correctional officer" means any person, other 18 than a superintendent, who is appointed or employed full time 19 or part time by the state or any political subdivision thereof whose primary responsibility is the supervision, protection, 20 care, custody, or control of inmates within a correctional 21 22 institution; and includes correctional probation officers, as 23 defined in s. 943.10(3). However, the term "correctional officer" does not include any secretarial, clerical, or 24 25 professionally trained personnel. 26 (3) "Willful and knowing," when applied to a 27 violation, means in a manner that involves all of the 28 following criteria, as determined by a court: 29 (a) An officer's right under this part was violated; 30 (b) The interrogating officer knew or should have 31 known that the conduct violated this part; and

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1 (c) The violation was substantive in nature. 2 3 When a person commits a willful and knowing violation of the 4 rights of an officer under this part, there is a presumption 5 that the person did not act in good faith or use due care. 6 Section 2. Paragraphs (g) and (i) of subsection (1) of 7 section 112.532, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection 8 (6) is added to that section, to read: 112.532 Law enforcement officers' and correctional 9 officers' rights.--All law enforcement officers and 10 correctional officers employed by or appointed to a law 11 12 enforcement agency or a correctional agency shall have the 13 following rights and privileges: 14 (1) RIGHTS OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND 15 CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS WHILE UNDER INVESTIGATION. -- Whenever a law enforcement officer or correctional officer is under 16 17 investigation and subject to interrogation by members of his 18 or her agency for any reason which could lead to disciplinary 19 action, demotion, or dismissal, such interrogation shall be conducted under the following conditions: 20 21 (g) The formal interrogation of a law enforcement 22 officer or correctional officer, including all recess periods, 23 shall be recorded, and there shall be no unrecorded questions 24 or statements. In addition to any recording made by the 25 agency, the officer being interrogated must be allowed to 26 record the interrogation through the use of a tape recorder 27 and to retain the tape of the recording. The officer must 28 provide his or her own tape recorder and tape. 29 (i) At the request of any law enforcement officer or 30 correctional officer under investigation, he or she shall have 31 the right to be represented by counsel or any other

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representative of his or her choice, who shall be present at 1 all times during such interrogation whenever the interrogation 2 relates to the officer's continued fitness for law enforcement 3 or correctional service. Once the law enforcement officer or 4 5 correctional officer who is under investigation requests to 6 have an attorney or representative present, any communication 7 between the representative and the person who is under investigation is confidential communication as provided under 8 9 s. 112.313(8). 10 (6) VIOLATION OF RIGHTS.--(a) Information that is developed as a result of, or 11 directly derived from, a willful and knowing violation of the 12 13 rights afforded by this part is inadmissible and may not be used in any manner in an administrative proceeding against the 14 15 law enforcement officer or correctional officer whose rights were violated and from whom the information was gained. 16 17 However, this paragraph does not limit the right of an agency 18 to discipline or to pursue criminal charges against an 19 officer. 20 (b) If an informal or factfinding inquiry has occurred before a formal investigation of an officer is initiated and 21 22 if, in connection with the inquiry, the officer was not 23 afforded rights consistent with this part, information or statements derived from the inquiry may not be used as the 24 basis for discipline against the officer and may not be used 25 26 in any manner in an administrative proceeding against the 27 officer. However, this provision does not limit the right of 28 an agency to discipline or to pursue criminal charges against 29 an officer. 30 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 112.533, Florida 31 Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended, present subsection (3)

of that section is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new 1 subsection (3) is added to that section, to read: 2 3 112.533 Receipt and processing of complaints.--(2)(a) A complaint filed against a law enforcement 4 5 officer or correctional officer with a law enforcement agency 6 or correctional agency and all information obtained pursuant 7 to the investigation by the agency of such complaint shall be 8 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 9 until the investigation ceases to be active, or until the agency head or the agency head's designee provides written 10 notice to the officer who is the subject of the complaint, 11 either personally or by mail, that the agency has either: 12 13 1. Concluded the investigation with a finding not to 14 proceed with disciplinary action or to file charges; or 15 2. Concluded the investigation with a finding to proceed with disciplinary action or to file charges. 16 17 18 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the officer who is 19 the subject of the complaint may review the complaint and all written or otherwise recorded statements made by or on behalf 20 of the complainant and witnesses immediately prior to the 21 22 beginning of the investigative interview. If a witness to a 23 complaint is incarcerated in a correctional facility and may be under the supervision of, or have contact with, the officer 24 25 under investigation, only the names and written or otherwise 26 recorded statements of the complainant and nonincarcerated 27 witnesses may be reviewed by the officer under investigation 28 immediately prior to the beginning of the investigative 29 interview. All written or otherwise recorded statements made 30 by complainants and nonincarcerated witnesses, including those 31 statements prepared by others and signed by a complainant or

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1 nonincarcerated witness, must be accompanied by a sworn written statement indicating that, to the best of the 2 complaining party's knowledge, the statements are true. If the 3 4 complainant refuses to give a sworn statement, the 5 investigation will be terminated. However, these requirements 6 for sworn statements do not apply when the complaining party 7 is anonymous. 8 (b) This subsection does not apply to any public 9 record which is exempt from public disclosure pursuant to s. 119.07(3). For the purposes of this subsection, an 10 investigation shall be considered active as long as it is 11 continuing with a reasonable, good faith anticipation that an 12 13 administrative finding will be made in the foreseeable future. 14 An investigation is shall be presumed to be inactive if no 15 finding is made within 45 days after the complaint is filed. (c) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, 16 17 the complaint and information shall be available to law 18 enforcement agencies, correctional agencies, and state 19 attorneys in the conduct of a lawful criminal investigation. (3) An employee has the right to review his or her 20 21 official personnel file at any reasonable time under the 22 supervision of the designated records custodian. An employee 23 may attach to the file a concise statement in response to any 24 items included in the file and must be sent a copy of any derogatory material that is placed in the file. Furthermore, 25 26 information that pertains to unfounded or unsubstantiated 27 anonymous complaints must not be put in an officer's personnel 28 file or any complaint profile mechanism. 29 Section 4. Section 112.534, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31

1 112.534 Failure to comply.--If any law enforcement 2 agency or correctional agency fails to comply with the requirements of this part, a law enforcement officer or 3 correctional officer employed by or appointed to such agency 4 who is adversely affected personally injured by such failure 5 6 to comply may apply directly to the circuit court of the 7 county wherein such agency is headquartered and permanently resides for an injunction to restrain and enjoin such 8 9 violation of the provisions of this part and to compel the performance of the duties imposed by this part and for a 10 declaration as to whether the officer's rights under this part 11 have been violated willfully and knowingly. An action brought 12 13 under this section must be handled expeditiously by the court so as to protect the rights of the officer bringing the 14 15 action. Section 5. Subsection (11) of section 901.15, Florida 16 17 Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 18 901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful.--A law enforcement officer may arrest a person without 19 20 a warrant when: 21 (11) He or she is employed by the State of Florida as a law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(1) or 22 23 part-time law enforcement officer as defined in s. 943.10(6), 24 and: 25 (a) He or she reasonably believes that a felony 26 involving violence has been or is being committed and that the 27 person to be arrested has committed or is committing the 28 felony; 29 (b) While engaged in the exercise of his or her state 30 law enforcement duties, he or she reasonably believes that a 31

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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felony has been or is being committed or that a misdemeanor 1 has been committed in his or her presence; or 2 3 (c) A felony warrant for the arrest has been issued 4 and is being held for execution by another peace officer. 5 6 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the authority of 7 an officer under pursuant to this subsection is statewide. 8 This subsection does not limit the arrest authority conferred 9 on such an officer by any other provision of law. 10 Section 6. Section 491.0147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 491.0147 Confidentiality and privileged 13 communications.--14 (1) Any communication between any person licensed or 15 certified under this chapter and his or her patient or client shall be confidential. This secrecy may be waived under the 16 17 following conditions: 18 (a) (1) When the person licensed or certified under 19 this chapter is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or 20 disciplinary action arising from a complaint filed by the patient or client, in which case the waiver shall be limited 21 to that action. 22 23 (b) (2) When the patient or client agrees to the waiver, in writing, or, when more than one person in a family 24 is receiving therapy, when each family member agrees to the 25 26 waiver, in writing. 27 (c) (3) When there is a clear and immediate probability 28 of physical harm to the patient or client, to other individuals, or to society and the person licensed or 29 30 certified under this chapter communicates the information only 31 8

1 to the potential victim, appropriate family member, or law 2 enforcement or other appropriate authorities. 3 (2) Any communication that occurs during the course of 4 a session of critical incident stress debriefing or similar 5 session involving an equivalent, recognized program using peer 6 counseling is to be confidential if the session is under the 7 direct or indirect supervision of a person who is licensed or 8 certified under this chapter and if those involved in the 9 communication are officers certified under s. 943.10. This secrecy may be waived as provided in subsection (1). 10 11 Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 1997. 12 13 14 SENATE SUMMARY Adds part-time employees to the definitions of the terms "law enforcement officer" and "correctional officer" and defines the term "willful and knowing," for the purposes of part VI of ch. 112, F.S. Authorizes an officer who is under interrogation to record the interrogation and keep the recording. Prohibits the use of specified information in any administrative proceeding against an officer. Provides that the communication between an officer under investigation and his or her representative is confidential. Authorizes an officer to review recorded 15 16 17 18 19 confidential. Authorizes an officer to review recorded statements of complainants and nonincarcerated witnesses. 20 statements of complainants and nonincarcerated witnesses. Requires written or recorded statements by complainants and nonincarcerated witnesses to be under oath. Prohibits a law enforcement or correctional agency from placing in an officer's personnel file any information pertaining to unfounded or unsubstantiated anonymous complaints. Provides that an officer may apply to the circuit court for a determination of a willful and knowing violation of his or her rights. Provides additional arrest powers for certain state law enforcement officers, for misdemeanors committed in the officer's presence. Provides for 21 22 23 24 committed in the officer's presence. Provides for confidentiality of communications that occur during a session of critical incident stress debriefing or the equivalent thereof, under specified conditions. 25 2.6 27 28 29 30 31 9