Florida Senate - 1998

CS for CS for SB 1406

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committees on Ways and Means, Banking and Insurance and Senator Clary

	301-2076-98
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to workers' compensation;
3	amending s. 440.02, F.S.; defining the terms
4	"corporate officer," "partner," and "sole
5	proprietor," as used in ch. 440, F.S.; amending
6	s. 440.05, F.S.; authorizing the Division of
7	Workers' Compensation of the Department of
8	Labor and Employment Security to approve and
9	revoke certificates of exemption; specifying
10	requirements for notices of election to be
11	exempt; providing for renewal of exemption
12	certificates; requiring notice on election
13	forms that providing false information is a
14	felony; revising fees for exemptions and
15	specifying use of fees by the division;
16	amending s. 440.09, F.S.; conforming references
17	to judges of compensation claims and
18	administrative law judges; amending s. 440.10,
19	F.S.; revising documentation establishing
20	conclusive presumption of independent
21	contractor status and ineligibility for
22	workers' compensation benefits; amending s.
23	440.103, F.S.; revising the documentation that
24	must be filed by an employer that obtains a
25	building permit; specifying requirements for
26	certificates of coverage; amending s. 440.104,
27	F.S.; revising the cause of action and remedies
28	available to losers of competitive bidding
29	against persons who violate certain provisions;
30	increasing recoverable damages; amending s.
31	440.105, F.S.; providing penalties; providing a
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1	time limitation for bringing an action under s.
2	440.105(4), F.S.; amending s. 440.107, F.S.;
3	providing legislative findings related to
4	noncompliance with workers' compensation
5	coverage requirements; authorizing the division
6	to enter and inspect places of business for
7	investigating compliance; requiring employers
8	to maintain records required by the division by
9	rule; authorizing the division to require sworn
10	reports from employers, to administer oaths,
11	and to issue subpoenas to enforce compliance;
12	providing penalties for refusal to obey a
13	subpoena; amending s. 440.45, F.S.; revising
14	term of office, qualifications, and method of
15	nomination for the Chief Judge of the Office of
16	the Judges of Compensation Claims; providing
17	for expiration of term of office for members of
18	the statewide nominating commission for judges
19	of compensation claims; providing for new
20	appointments to the nominating commission and
21	staggered terms; revising the procedures for
22	nominating commission regarding performance of
23	sitting judges and regarding nominations of
24	applicants; providing for expiration of the
25	term of office and reappointment of the Chief
26	Judge of Compensation Claims; amending s.
27	627.413, F.S.; specifying notice requirements
28	for minimum premium policies; requiring the
29	division to notify certain persons of certain
30	requirements of this act; providing an
31	appropriation; providing an effective date.

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1 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 2 3 Section 1. Section 440.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 440.02 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless б the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms 7 shall have the following meanings: 8 "Accident" means only an unexpected or unusual (1)9 event or result that happens suddenly. A mental or nervous 10 injury due to stress, fright, or excitement only, or 11 disability or death due to the accidental acceleration or aggravation of a venereal disease or of a disease due to the 12 habitual use of alcohol or controlled substances or narcotic 13 drugs, or a disease that manifests itself in the fear of or 14 dislike for an individual because of the individual's race, 15 color, religion, sex, national origin, age, or handicap is not 16 17 an injury by accident arising out of the employment. If a 18 preexisting disease or anomaly is accelerated or aggravated by 19 an accident arising out of and in the course of employment, 20 only acceleration of death or acceleration or aggravation of the preexisting condition reasonably attributable to the 21 22 accident is compensable, with respect to death or permanent 23 impairment. 24 (2) "Adoption" or "adopted" means legal adoption prior 25 to the time of the injury. "Carrier" means any person or fund authorized 26 (3) under s. 440.38 to insure under this chapter and includes a 27 28 self-insurer, and a commercial self-insurance fund authorized 29 under s. 624.462. "Casual" as used in this section shall be taken to 30 (4) 31 refer only to employments when the work contemplated is to be 3 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 1 completed in not exceeding 10 working days, without regard to 2 the number of persons employed, and when the total labor cost 3 of such work is less than \$100.

"Child" includes a posthumous child, a child 4 (5) 5 legally adopted prior to the injury of the employee, and a б stepchild or acknowledged child born out of wedlock dependent 7 upon the deceased, but does not include married children 8 unless wholly dependent on the employee. "Grandchild" means a child as above defined of a child as above defined. "Brother" 9 10 and "sister" include stepbrothers and stepsisters, half 11 brothers and half sisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption, but does not include married brothers or married 12 13 sisters unless wholly dependent on the employee. "Child," "grandchild," "brother," and "sister" include only persons who 14 at the time of the death of the deceased employees are under 15 18 years of age, or under 22 years of age if a full-time 16 17 student in an accredited educational institution.

18 (6) "Compensation" means the money allowance payable19 to an employee or to his or her dependents as provided for in20 this chapter.

(7) "Construction industry" means for-profit 21 activities involving the carrying out of any building, 22 clearing, filling, excavation, or substantial improvement in 23 24 the size or use of any structure or the appearance of any 25 land. When appropriate to the context, "construction" refers to the act of construction or the result of construction. 26 However, "construction" shall not mean a landowner's act of 27 28 construction or the result of a construction upon his or her 29 own premises, provided such premises are not intended to be 30 sold or resold.

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1	(8) "Corporate officer or officer of a corporation"
2	means any person who fills an office provided for in the
3	corporate charter or articles of incorporation filed with the
4	Division of Corporations of the Department of State or as
5	permitted or required by chapter 607.
6	(9) (8) "Date of maximum medical improvement" means the
7	date after which further recovery from, or lasting improvement
8	to, an injury or disease can no longer reasonably be
9	anticipated, based upon reasonable medical probability.
10	(10) (9) "Death" as a basis for a right to compensation
11	means only death resulting from an injury.
12	(11) (10) "Department" means the Department of Labor
13	and Employment Security.
14	(12) (11) "Disability" means incapacity because of the
15	injury to earn in the same or any other employment the wages
16	which the employee was receiving at the time of the injury.
17	(13)(12) "Division" means the Division of Workers'
18	Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment
19	Security.
20	(14) (13) (a) "Employee" means any person engaged in any
21	employment under any appointment or contract of hire or
22	apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, whether
23	lawfully or unlawfully employed, and includes, but is not
24	limited to, aliens and minors.
25	(b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer
26	of a corporation and who performs services for remuneration
27	for such corporation within this state, whether or not such
28	services are continuous.
29	1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt
30	from this chapter by filing written notice of the election
31	with the division as provided in s. 440.05.
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1 2. As to officers of a corporation who are actively 2 engaged in the construction industry, no more than three 3 officers may elect to be exempt from this chapter by filing 4 written notice of the election with the division as provided 5 in s. 440.05. б 3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt 7 from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election 8 with the division as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee. 9 10 Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation 11 if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns. 12 13 "Employee" includes a sole proprietor or a partner (C) 14 who devotes full time to the proprietorship or partnership and, except as provided in this paragraph, elects to be 15 included in the definition of employee by filing notice 16 17 thereof as provided in s. 440.05. Partners or sole proprietors 18 actively engaged in the construction industry are considered 19 employees unless they elect to be excluded from the definition 20 of employee by filing written notice of the election with the 21 division as provided in s. 440.05. However, no more than three partners in a partnership that is actively engaged in the 22 construction industry may elect to be excluded. A sole 23 24 proprietor or partner who is actively engaged in the 25 construction industry and who elects to be exempt from this chapter by filing a written notice of the election with the 26 27 division as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee. For 28 purposes of this chapter, an independent contractor is an 29 employee unless he or she meets all of the conditions set forth in subparagraph (d)1. 30 "Employee" does not include: 31 (d)

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1 1. An independent contractor, if: 2 a. The independent contractor maintains a separate 3 business with his or her own work facility, truck, equipment, materials, or similar accommodations; 4 5 The independent contractor holds or has applied for b. 6 a federal employer identification number, unless the independent contractor is a sole proprietor who is not 7 8 required to obtain a federal employer identification number 9 under state or federal requirements; 10 c. The independent contractor performs or agrees to 11 perform specific services or work for specific amounts of money and controls the means of performing the services or 12 13 work; The independent contractor incurs the principal 14 d. 15 expenses related to the service or work that he or she 16 performs or agrees to perform; 17 e. The independent contractor is responsible for the satisfactory completion of work or services that he or she 18 19 performs or agrees to perform and is or could be held liable 20 for a failure to complete the work or services; f. The independent contractor receives compensation 21 for work or services performed for a commission or on a 22 per-job or competitive-bid basis and not on any other basis; 23 24 g. The independent contractor may realize a profit or 25 suffer a loss in connection with performing work or services; The independent contractor has continuing or 26 h. 27 recurring business liabilities or obligations; and 28 i. The success or failure of the independent 29 contractor's business depends on the relationship of business 30 receipts to expenditures. 31

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1 However, the determination as to whether an individual 2 included in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual of 3 1987, Industry Numbers 0711, 0721, 0722, 0751, 0761, 0762, 0781, 0782, 0783, 0811, 0831, 0851, 2411, 2421, 2435, 2436, 4 5 2448, or 2449, or a newspaper delivery person, is an б independent contractor is governed not by the criteria in this 7 paragraph but by common-law principles, giving due 8 consideration to the business activity of the individual. 9 2. A real estate salesperson or agent, if that person 10 agrees, in writing, to perform for remuneration solely by way of commission. 11 3. Bands, orchestras, and musical and theatrical 12

13 performers, including disk jockeys, performing in licensed 14 premises as defined in chapter 562, if a written contract 15 evidencing an independent contractor relationship is entered 16 into before the commencement of such entertainment.

17 4. An owner-operator of a motor vehicle who transports property under a written contract with a motor carrier which 18 19 evidences a relationship by which the owner-operator assumes 20 the responsibility of an employer for the performance of the contract, if the owner-operator is required to furnish the 21 22 necessary motor vehicle equipment and all costs incidental to the performance of the contract, including, but not limited 23 24 to, fuel, taxes, licenses, repairs, and hired help; and the 25 owner-operator is paid a commission for transportation service and is not paid by the hour or on some other time-measured 26 27 basis.

5. A person whose employment is both casual and not in
the course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation
of the employer.

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1	6. A volunteer, except a volunteer worker for the
2	state or a county, municipality, or other governmental entity.
3	A person who does not receive monetary remuneration for
4	services is presumed to be a volunteer unless there is
5	substantial evidence that a valuable consideration was
6	intended by both employer and employee. For purposes of this
7	chapter, the term "volunteer" includes, but is not limited to:
8	a. Persons who serve in private nonprofit agencies and
9	who receive no compensation other than expenses in an amount
10	less than or equivalent to the standard mileage and per diem
11	expenses provided to salaried employees in the same agency or,
12	if such agency does not have salaried employees who receive
13	mileage and per diem, then such volunteers who receive no
14	compensation other than expenses in an amount less than or
15	equivalent to the customary mileage and per diem paid to
16	salaried workers in the community as determined by the
17	division; and
18	b. Volunteers participating in federal programs
19	established under Pub. L. No. 93-113.
20	7. Any officer of a corporation who elects to be
21	exempt from this chapter.
22	8. A sole proprietor or officer of a corporation who
23	actively engages in the construction industry, and a partner
24	in a partnership that is actively engaged in the construction
25	industry, who elects to be exempt from the provisions of this
26	chapter. Such sole proprietor, officer, or partner is not an
27	employee for any reason until the notice of revocation of
28	election filed pursuant to s. 440.05 is effective.
29	9. An exercise rider who does not work for a single
30	horse farm or breeder, and who is compensated for riding on a
31	case-by-case basis, provided a written contract is entered
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into prior to the commencement of such activity which
 evidences that an employee/employer relationship does not
 exist.

A taxicab, limousine, or other passenger 4 10. 5 vehicle-for-hire driver who operates said vehicles pursuant to 6 a written agreement with a company which provides any 7 dispatch, marketing, insurance, communications, or other 8 services under which the driver and any fees or charges paid 9 by the driver to the company for such services are not 10 conditioned upon, or expressed as a proportion of, fare 11 revenues.

(15)(14) "Employer" means the state and all political 12 subdivisions thereof, all public and quasi-public corporations 13 14 therein, every person carrying on any employment, and the legal representative of a deceased person or the receiver or 15 trustees of any person. If the employer is a corporation, 16 17 parties in actual control of the corporation, including, but 18 not limited to, the president, officers who exercise broad 19 corporate powers, directors, and all shareholders who directly 20 or indirectly own a controlling interest in the corporation, 21 are considered the employer for the purposes of ss. 440.105 and 440.106. 22

23 <u>(16)(15)(a)</u> "Employment," subject to the other 24 provisions of this chapter, means any service performed by an 25 employee for the person employing him or her.

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(b) "Employment" includes:

Employment by the state and all political
 subdivisions thereof and all public and quasi-public
 corporations therein, including officers elected at the polls.
 All private employments in which four or more
 employees are employed by the same employer or, with respect

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1 to the construction industry, all private employment in which 2 one or more employees are employed by the same employer. 3 3. Volunteer firefighters responding to or assisting 4 with fire or medical emergencies whether or not the 5 firefighters are on duty. б "Employment" does not include service performed by (C) 7 or as: 8 1. Domestic servants in private homes. 9 2. Agricultural labor performed on a farm in the 10 employ of a bona fide farmer, or association of farmers, who 11 employs 5 or fewer regular employees and who employs fewer than 12 other employees at one time for seasonal agricultural 12 13 labor that is completed in less than 30 days, provided such 14 seasonal employment does not exceed 45 days in the same 15 calendar year. The term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animals, fish, and truck farms, ranches, 16 17 nurseries, and orchards. The term "agricultural labor" includes field foremen, timekeepers, checkers, and other farm 18 19 labor supervisory personnel. 3. Professional athletes, such as professional boxers, 20 wrestlers, baseball, football, basketball, hockey, polo, 21 tennis, jai alai, and similar players, and motorsports teams 22 competing in a motor racing event as defined in s. 549.08. 23 24 4. Labor under a sentence of a court to perform 25 community services as provided in s. 316.193. (17)(16) "Misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, 26 27 the following, which shall not be construed in pari materia 28 with each other: 29 (a) Conduct evincing such willful or wanton disregard of an employer's interests as is found in deliberate violation 30 31 11

or disregard of standards of behavior which the employer has
 the right to expect of the employee; or

3 (b) Carelessness or negligence of such a degree or 4 recurrence as to manifest culpability, wrongful intent, or 5 evil design, or to show an intentional and substantial 6 disregard of an employer's interests or of the employee's 7 duties and obligations to the employer.

8 (18)(17) "Injury" means personal injury or death by 9 accident arising out of and in the course of employment, and 10 such diseases or infection as naturally or unavoidably result 11 from such injury. Damage to dentures, eyeglasses, prosthetic devices, and artificial limbs may be included in this 12 13 definition only when the damage is shown to be part of, or in 14 conjunction with, an accident. This damage must specifically occur as the result of an accident in the normal course of 15 16 employment.

17 <u>(19)(18)</u> "Parent" includes stepparents and parents by 18 adoption, parents-in-law, and any persons who for more than 3 19 years prior to the death of the deceased employee stood in the 20 place of a parent to him or her and were dependent on the 21 injured employee.

(20) "Partner" means any person who is a member of a 22 partnership that is formed by two or more persons to carry on 23 24 as coowners of a business with the understanding that there 25 will be a proportional sharing of the profits and losses between them. For the purposes of this chapter, a partner is a 26 27 person who participates fully in the management of the 28 partnership and who is personally liable for its debts. 29 (21)(19) "Permanent impairment" means any anatomic or 30 functional abnormality or loss determined as a percentage of 31

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1 the body as a whole, existing after the date of maximum 2 medical improvement, which results from the injury. 3 (22)(20) "Person" means individual, partnership, 4 association, or corporation, including any public service 5 corporation. б (23)(21) "Self-insurer" means: 7 (a) Any employer who has secured payment of 8 compensation pursuant to s. 440.38(1)(b) or (6) as an individual self-insurer; 9 10 (b) Any employer who has secured payment of 11 compensation through a group self-insurance fund under s. 624.4621; 12 13 Any group self-insurance fund established under s. (C) 624.4621; 14 A public utility as defined in s. 364.02 or s. 15 (d) 366.02 that has assumed by contract the liabilities of 16 17 contractors or subcontractors pursuant to s. 440.571; or (e) Any local government self-insurance fund 18 19 established under s. 624.4622. 20 (24) "Sole proprietor" means a natural person who owns 21 a form of business in which that person owns all the assets of the business and is solely liable for all the debts of the 22 23 business. 24 (25) (22) "Spouse" includes only a spouse substantially 25 dependent for financial support upon the decedent and living with the decedent at the time of the decedent's injury and 26 death, or substantially dependent upon the decedent for 27 28 financial support and living apart at that time for 29 justifiable cause. 30 (26)(23) "Time of injury" means the time of the 31 occurrence of the accident resulting in the injury. 13 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 (27)(24) "Wages" means the money rate at which the 2 service rendered is recompensed under the contract of hiring 3 in force at the time of the injury and includes only the wages earned and reported for federal income tax purposes on the job 4 5 where the employee is injured and any other concurrent б employment where he or she is also subject to workers' 7 compensation coverage and benefits, together with the 8 reasonable value of housing furnished to the employee by the 9 employer which is the permanent year-round residence of the 10 employee, and gratuities to the extent reported to the 11 employer in writing as taxable income received in the course of employment from others than the employer and employer 12 13 contributions for health insurance for the employee or the employee's dependents. However, housing furnished to migrant 14 workers shall be included in wages unless provided after the 15 time of injury. In employment in which an employee receives 16 consideration for housing, the reasonable value of such 17 18 housing compensation shall be the actual cost to the employer 19 or based upon the Fair Market Rent Survey promulgated pursuant 20 to s. 8 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1974, 21 whichever is less. However, if employer contributions for housing or health insurance are continued after the time of 22 the injury, the contributions are not "wages" for the purpose 23 24 of calculating an employee's average weekly wage. 25 (28)(25) "Weekly compensation rate" means and refers to the amount of compensation payable for a period of 7 26 consecutive days, including any Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, 27 28 and other nonworking days which fall within such period of 7 29 consecutive days. When Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or other nonworking days immediately follow the first 7 days of 30 31 disability or occur at the end of a period of disability as 14

1 the last day or days of such period, such nonworking days 2 constitute a part of the period of disability with respect to 3 which compensation is payable. 4 (29)(26) "Construction design professional" means an 5 architect, professional engineer, landscape architect, or б surveyor and mapper, or any corporation, professional or 7 general, that has a certificate to practice in the construction design field from the Department of Business and 8 9 Professional Regulation. 10 (30)(27) "Individual self-insurer" means any employer 11 who has secured payment of compensation pursuant to s. 440.38(1)(b) as an individual self-insurer. 12 13 (31)(28) "Domestic individual self-insurer" means an 14 individual self-insurer: 15 (a) Which is a corporation formed under the laws of this state; 16 17 Who is an individual who is a resident of this (b) state or whose primary place of business is located in this 18 19 state; or 20 (c) Which is a partnership whose principals are residents of this state or whose primary place of business is 21 22 located in this state. 23 (32)(29) "Foreign individual self-insurer" means an 24 individual self-insurer: 25 (a) Which is a corporation formed under the laws of 26 any state, district, territory, or commonwealth of the United States other than this state; 27 28 (b) Who is an individual who is not a resident of this 29 state and whose primary place of business is not located in this state; or 30 31 15

1	(c) Which is a partnership whose principals are not
2	residents of this state and whose primary place of business is
3	not located in this state.
4	(33)(30) "Insolvent member" means an individual
5	self-insurer which is a member of the Florida Self-Insurers
6	Guaranty Association, Incorporated, or which was a member and
7	has withdrawn pursuant to s. 440.385(1)(b), and which has been
8	found insolvent, as defined in paragraph <u>(34)(a)</u> (31)(a) ,
9	paragraph <u>(34)(b)(31)(b), or paragraph<u>(34)(c)</u>(31)(c), by a</u>
10	court of competent jurisdiction in this or any other state, or
11	meets the definition of $paragraph(34)(d)(31)(d)$.
12	(34)(31) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means:
13	(a) With respect to an individual self-insurer:
14	1. That all assets of the individual self-insurer, if
15	made immediately available, would not be sufficient to meet
16	all the individual self-insurer's liabilities;
17	2. That the individual self-insurer is unable to pay
18	its debts as they become due in the usual course of business;
19	3. That the individual self-insurer has substantially
20	ceased or suspended the payment of compensation to its
21	employees as required in this chapter; or
22	4. That the individual self-insurer has sought
23	protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code or has been
24	brought under the jurisdiction of a court of bankruptcy as a
25	debtor pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code.
26	(b) With respect to an employee claiming insolvency
27	pursuant to s. 440.25(5), a person is insolvent who:
28	1. Has ceased to pay his or her debts in the ordinary
29	course of business and cannot pay his or her debts as they
30	become due; or
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1 2. Has been adjudicated insolvent pursuant to the 2 federal bankruptcy law. 3 (35)(32) "Arising out of" pertains to occupational causation. An accidental injury or death arises out of 4 5 employment if work performed in the course and scope of б employment is the major contributing cause of the injury or 7 death. 8 (36)(33) "Soft-tissue injury" means an injury that 9 produces damage to the soft tissues, rather than to the 10 skeletal tissues or soft organs. 11 (37)(34) "Catastrophic injury" means a permanent impairment constituted by: 12 (a) Spinal cord injury involving severe paralysis of 13 an arm, a leq, or the trunk; 14 (b) Amputation of an arm, a hand, a foot, or a leg 15 involving the effective loss of use of that appendage; 16 17 (c) Severe brain or closed-head injury as evidenced 18 by: 19 1. Severe sensory or motor disturbances; 20 2. Severe communication disturbances; 21 Severe complex integrated disturbances of cerebral 3. 22 function; 23 Severe episodic neurological disorders; or 4. 24 5. Other severe brain and closed-head injury conditions at least as severe in nature as any condition 25 26 provided in subparagraphs 1.-4.; 27 (d) Second-degree or third-degree burns of 25 percent 28 or more of the total body surface or third-degree burns of 5 29 percent or more to the face and hands; 30 (e) Total or industrial blindness; or 31

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1	(f) Any other injury that would otherwise qualify
2	under this chapter of a nature and severity that would qualify
3	an employee to receive disability income benefits under Title
4	II or supplemental security income benefits under Title XVI of
5	the federal Social Security Act as the Social Security Act
б	existed on July 1, 1992, without regard to any time
7	limitations provided under that act.
8	(38) (35) "Insurer" means a group self-insurers' fund
9	authorized by s. 624.4621, an individual self-insurer
10	authorized by s. 440.38, a commercial self-insurance fund
11	authorized by s. 624.462, an assessable mutual insurer
12	authorized by s. 628.6011, and an insurer licensed to write
13	workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance in
14	this state. The term "carrier," as used in this chapter, means
15	an insurer as defined in this subsection.
16	(39) (36) "Statement," for the purposes of ss. 440.105
17	and 440.106, includes, but is not limited to, any notice,
18	representation, statement, proof of injury, bill for services,
19	diagnosis, prescription, hospital or doctor record, X ray,
20	test result, or other evidence of loss, injury, or expense.
21	Section 2. Section 440.05, Florida Statutes, is
22	amended to read:
23	440.05 Election of exemption; revocation of election;
24	notice; certification
25	(1) Each corporate officer who elects not to accept
26	the provisions of this chapter or who, after electing such
27	exemption, revokes that exemption shall mail to the division
28	in Tallahassee notice to such effect in accordance with a form
29	to be prescribed by the division.
30	(2) Each sole proprietor or partner who elects to be
31	included in the definition of "employee" or who, after such
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election, revokes that election must mail to the division in
 Tallahassee notice to such effect, in accordance with a form
 to be prescribed by the division.

(3) Each sole proprietor, partner, or officer of a 4 5 corporation who is actively engaged in the construction б industry and who elects an exemption from this chapter or who, 7 after electing such exemption, revokes that exemption, must 8 mail a written notice to such effect to the division on a form prescribed by the division. The notice of election to be 9 10 exempt from the provisions of this chapter must be notarized 11 and under oath. The notice of election to be exempt which is submitted to the division by the sole proprietor, partner, or 12 13 officer of a corporation must list the name, federal tax identification number, social security number, and all 14 certified or registered licenses issued pursuant to chapter 15 489 held by the person seeking the exemption, a copy of 16 17 relevant documentation as to employment status filed with the 18 IRS as specified by the division, a copy of the relevant 19 occupational license in the primary jurisdiction of the business, and, for corporate officers and partners, the 20 21 registration number of the corporation or partnership filed with the Division of Corporations of the Department of State. 22 The notice of election to be exempt form must identify each 23 24 sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation that employs 25 the person electing the exemption and must list the social security number or federal tax identification number of each 26 such employer and the additional documentation required by 27 28 this section. In addition, the notice of election to be exempt 29 form must provide that the sole proprietor, partner, or officer electing an exemption is not entitled to benefits 30 31 under this chapter, must provide that the election does not

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1 exceed exemption limits for officers and partnerships provided 2 in s. 440.02, and must certify that any employees of the sole 3 proprietor, partner, or officer electing an exemption are 4 covered by workers' compensation insurance. Upon receipt of 5 the notice of the election to be exempt, receipt of all б application fees, and a determination by the division that the 7 notice meets the requirements of this subsection, the division 8 shall issue a certification of the election to the sole proprietor, partner, or officer, unless the division 9 10 determines that the information contained in the notice is 11 invalid. The division shall revoke a certificate of election to be exempt from coverage upon a determination by the 12 division that the person does not meet the requirements for 13 14 exemption or that the information contained in the notice of election to be exempt is invalid. The certificate of election 15 must list the names of the sole proprietorship, partnership, 16 17 or corporation listed in the request for exemption. A new certificate of election must be obtained each time the person 18 19 is employed by a new sole proprietorship, partnership, or 20 corporation that is not listed on the certificate of election. A copy of the certificate of election must be sent to each 21 workers' compensation carrier identified in the request for 22 exemption. The certification of the election is valid until 23 24 the sole proprietor, partner, or officer revokes her or his election. Upon filing a notice of revocation of election, a 25 sole proprietor, partner, or officer who is a subcontractor 26 27 must notify her or his contractor. 28 (4) The notice of election to be exempt from the 29 provisions of this chapter must contain a notice that clearly 30 states in substance the following: "Any person who, knowingly

31 and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive the division or

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any employer or employee, insurance company, or purposes 1 program, files a notice of election to be exempt containing 2 3 any false or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree." Each person filing a notice of election to 4 5 be exempt shall personally sign the notice and attest that he б or she has reviewed, understands, and acknowledges the 7 foregoing notice. 8 (5) (4) A notice given under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3) shall become effective when issued by 9 10 the division or 30 days after an application for an exemption 11 is received by the division, whichever occurs first is not effective until 30 days after the date it is mailed to the 12 division in Tallahassee. However, if an accident or 13 occupational disease occurs less than 30 days after the 14 effective date of the insurance policy under which the payment 15 of compensation is secured or the date the employer qualified 16 17 as a self-insurer, such notice is effective as of 12:01 a.m. of the day following the date it is mailed to the division in 18 19 Tallahassee. (6) A construction industry certificate of election to 20 be exempt which is issued in accordance with this section must 21 be in effect for 2 years after the effective date stated 22 thereon. Both the effective date and the expiration date must 23 24 be listed on the face of the certificate by the division. The 25 construction industry certificate must expire at midnight, 2 years from its issue date, as noted on the face of the 26 27 exemption certificate. Any person who has received from the division a construction industry certificate of election to be 28 29 exempt which is in effect on December 31, 1998, shall file a new notice of election to be exempt by the last day in his or 30 her birth month following December 1, 1998. A construction 31 21

1 industry certificate of election to be exempt may be revoked before its expiration by the sole proprietor, partner, or 2 3 officer for whom it was issued or by the division for the reasons stated in this section. 4 5 (7) (7) (5) Any contractor responsible for compensation б under s. 440.10 may register in writing with the workers' 7 compensation carrier for any subcontractor and shall 8 thereafter be entitled to receive written notice from the 9 carrier of any cancellation or nonrenewal of the policy. 10 (8)(a) (6) The division may assess a fee, not to exceed 11 \$50, with each request for a nonconstruction election or renewal of election under this section. 12 (b) The division must assess a fee of \$50, with each 13 14 request for a construction industry certificate of election to be exempt or renewal of election to be exempt under this 15 16 section. 17 (c) The funds collected by the division shall be used to administer this section, and to audit the businesses that 18 19 pay the fee for compliance with any requirements of this 20 chapter, and to enforce compliance with the provisions of this chapter. 21 Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 440.09, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 440.09 Coverage.--25 (4) An employee shall not be entitled to compensation or benefits under this chapter if any judge of compensation 26 27 claims, administrative law judge hearing officer, court, or 28 jury convened in this state determines that the employee has 29 knowingly or intentionally engaged in any of the acts described in s. 440.105 for the purpose of securing workers' 30 31 compensation benefits.

1 Section 4. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 2 440.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 440.10 Liability for compensation .--4 (1)5 (g) For purposes of this section, a person is б conclusively presumed to be an independent contractor if: 7 The independent contractor provides the general 1. 8 contractor with a sworn an affidavit stating that he or she meets all the requirements of s. 440.02(14)(d). Such sworn 9 10 affidavit shall read as follows: "Under penalty of perjury, I 11 declare that I meet all the requirements of an independent contractor under s. 440.02(14)(d), Florida Statutes, and that 12 the above is true and correct"s. 440.02(13)(d); and 13 The independent contractor provides the general 14 2. contractor with a valid certificate of workers' compensation 15 insurance covering each employee of the independent contractor 16 17 or a valid certificate of exemption issued by the division. 18 19 A sole proprietor, independent contractor, partner, or officer 20 of a corporation who elects exemption from this chapter by 21 filing a certificate of election under s. 440.05, or an independent contractor who provides a sworn affidavit stating 22 that he or she meets all the requirements of s. 440.02(14)(d)23 24 may not recover benefits or compensation under this chapter. 25 For the purposes of this chapter, carriers must recognize the sufficiency of the sworn affidavit provided by the independent 26 27 contractor under this section, and may not consider any such 28 person as an employee in determining the appropriate premium 29 for workers' compensation coverage. 30 Section 5. Section 440.103, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

1	440 102 Duilding normita: identification of minimum
	440.103 Building permits; identification of minimum
2	premium policyExcept as otherwise provided in this chapter,
3	every employer shall, as a condition to receiving a building
4	permit, show proof that it has secured compensation for its
5	employees under this chapter as provided in ss. 440.10 and
6	440.38. Such proof of compensation must be evidenced by a
7	certificate of coverage issued by the carrier, a valid
8	exemption certificate approved by the division, <u>a sworn</u>
9	affidavit from an independent contractor attesting that he or
10	she meets all the independent contractor requirements of s.
11	440.02(14)(d), or a copy of the employer's authority to
12	self-insure. As provided in s. 627.413, each certificate of
13	coverage must show, on its face, whether or not coverage is
14	secured under the minimum premium provisions of rules adopted
15	by rating organizations licensed by the Department of
16	Insurance the National Council of Compensation Insurers rules.
17	The words "minimum premium policy" or <u>equivalent</u> similar
18	language <u>shall</u> may be typed, printed, stamped, or legibly
19	handwritten.
20	Section 6. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section
21	440.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
22	440.104 Competitive bidder; civil actions
23	(1) Any person engaged in the construction industry,
24	as provided in s. 440.02(7), who loses a competitive bid for a
25	contract <u>shall have a cause of</u> may bring an action for damages
26	against <u>the</u> another person who is awarded the contract for
27	which the bid was made, if the person making the losing bid
28	establishes that the winning bidder knew or should have known
29	that he or she was in violation knowingly violated the
30	provisions of s. 440.10, s. 440.105, or s. 440.38 while
31	performing the work under the contract.
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1	(2) To recover in an action brought under this
2	section, a party must establish a violation of <u>s. 440.10,</u> s.
3	440.105, or s. 440.38 by a preponderance of the evidence.
4	(3) Upon establishing that the winning bidder knew or
5	should have known of the violation occurred , the person shall
6	recover as liquidated damages 30 10 percent of the total
7	amount bid on the contract by the person bringing the action,
8	or <u>\$15,000</u> \$5,000 , whichever is greater.
9	Section 7. Section 440.105, Florida Statutes, is
10	amended to read:
11	440.105 Prohibited activities; penalties;
12	limitations
13	(1)(a) Any insurance carrier, any individual purposes,
14	any commercial or group self-insurance fund, any professional
15	practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of
16	Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise
17	provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s.
18	766.101, any private medical review committee, and any
19	insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the insurance
20	code, or any employee thereof, having knowledge or who
21	believes that a fraudulent act or any other act or practice
22	which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or misdemeanor
23	under this chapter is being or has been committed shall send
24	to the Division of Insurance Fraud, Bureau of Workers'
25	Compensation Fraud, a report or information pertinent to such
26	knowledge or belief and such additional information relative
27	thereto as the bureau may require. The bureau shall review
28	such information or reports and select such information or
29	reports as, in its judgment, may require further
30	investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination
31	of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made
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1 to determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes 2 3 a felony or a misdemeanor under this chapter is being 4 committed. The bureau shall report any alleged violations of 5 law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate 6 licensing agency and state attorney or other prosecuting 7 agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violations 8 of this chapter. If prosecution by the state attorney or other 9 prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such 10 violation is not begun within 60 days of the bureau's report, 11 the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the 12 bureau of the reasons for the lack of prosecution. 13 (b) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a person is 14 not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or any 15 other relevant tort by virtue of filing reports, without 16 17 malice, or furnishing other information, without malice, 18 required by this section or required by the bureau, and no 19 civil cause of action of any nature shall arise against such 20 person: 1. For any information relating to suspected 21 fraudulent acts furnished to or received from law enforcement 22 officials, their agents, or employees; 23 24 2. For any information relating to suspected 25 fraudulent acts furnished to or received from other persons subject to the provisions of this chapter; or 26 27 3. For any such information relating to suspected 28 fraudulent acts furnished in reports to the bureau, or the 29 National Association of Insurance Commissioners. 30 31

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1 (2)Whoever violates any provision of this subsection 2 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 3 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 4 (a) It is shall be unlawful for any employer to 5 knowingly: б 1. Coerce or attempt to coerce, as a precondition to 7 employment or otherwise, an employee to obtain a certificate 8 of election of exemption pursuant to s. 440.05. 9 2. Discharge or refuse to hire an employee or job 10 applicant because the employee or applicant has filed a claim 11 for benefits under this chapter. 3. Discharge, discipline, or take any other adverse 12 personnel action against any employee for disclosing 13 information to the division or any law enforcement agency 14 relating to any violation or suspected violation of any of the 15 provisions of this chapter or rules promulgated hereunder. 16 17 4. Violate a stop-work order issued by the division 18 pursuant to s. 440.107. 19 (b) It is shall be unlawful for any insurance entity 20 to revoke or cancel a workers' compensation insurance policy 21 or membership because an employer has returned an employee to work or hired an employee who has filed a workers' 22 compensation claim. 23 24 (3) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection 25 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 26 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 27 (a) It is shall be unlawful for any employer to 28 knowingly fail to update applications for coverage as required 29 by s. 440.381(1) and Department of Insurance rules, or to post 30 notice of coverage pursuant to s. 440.40. 31

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1	(b) It <u>is</u> shall be unlawful for any attorney or other
2	person, in his or her individual capacity or in his or her
3	capacity as a public or private employee, or for any firm,
4	corporation, partnership, or association to receive any fee or
5	other consideration or any gratuity from a person on account
6	of services rendered for a person in connection with any
7	proceedings arising under this chapter, unless such fee,
8	consideration, or gratuity is approved by a judge of
9	compensation claims or by the Chief Judge of Compensation
10	Claims.
11	(4) <u>(a)</u> Whoever violates any provision of this
12	subsection commits insurance fraud. If the value of any
13	property involved in violation of this subsection:
14	1. Is less than \$20,000, the offender commits a felony
15	of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
16	775.083, or s. 775.084.
17	2. Is \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, the
18	offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as
19	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
20	3. Is \$100,000 or more, the offender commits a felony
21	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
22	775.083, or s. 775.084.
23	<u>(b)(a) It is</u> shall be unlawful for any employer to
24	knowingly:
25	1. Present or cause to be presented any false,
26	fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to any
27	person as evidence of compliance with s. 440.38.
28	2. Make a deduction from the pay of any employee
29	entitled to the benefits of this chapter for the purpose of
30	requiring the employee to pay any portion of premium paid by
31	the employer to a carrier or to contribute to a benefit fund
	28

1 or department maintained by such employer for the purpose of 2 providing compensation or medical services and supplies as 3 required by this chapter. 4 3. Fail to secure payment of compensation if required 5 to do so by this chapter. 6 (c)(b) It is shall be unlawful for any person: 7 To knowingly make, or cause to be made, any false, 1. 8 fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement for the 9 purpose of obtaining or denying any benefit or payment under 10 this chapter. 11 2. To present or cause to be presented any written or oral statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for 12 13 payment or of other benefit pursuant to any provision of this 14 chapter, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or 15 thing material to such claim. 16 17 3. To prepare or cause to be prepared any written or 18 oral statement that is intended to be presented to any 19 employer, insurance company, or purposes program in connection 20 with, or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to any provision of this chapter, knowing that such 21 statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading 22 information concerning any fact or thing material to such 23 24 claim. 25 4. To knowingly assist, conspire with, or urge any person to engage in activity prohibited by this section. 26 27 To knowingly make any false, fraudulent, or 5. 28 misleading oral or written statement, or to knowingly omit or 29 conceal material information, required by s. 440.185 or s. 440.381, for the purpose of obtaining workers' compensation 30 31 coverage or for the purpose of avoiding, delaying, or

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1 diminishing the amount of payment of any workers' compensation
2 premiums.

6. To knowingly misrepresent or conceal payroll,
classification of workers, or information regarding an
employer's loss history which would be material to the
computation and application of an experience rating
modification factor for the purpose of avoiding or diminishing
the amount of payment of any workers' compensation premiums.

9 7. To knowingly present or cause to be presented any
10 false, fraudulent, or misleading oral or written statement to
11 any person as evidence of compliance with s. 440.38 or as
12 evidence of eligibility for a certificate of exemption under
13 s. 440.05.

14 (d)(c) It is shall be unlawful for any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed 15 under chapter 459, chiropractic physician licensed under 16 17 chapter 460, podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, 18 optometric physician licensed under chapter 463, or any other 19 practitioner licensed under the laws of this state to knowingly and willfully assist, conspire with, or urge any 20 21 person to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this 22 chapter.

23 (e)(d) It is shall be unlawful for any person or 24 governmental entity licensed under chapter 395 to maintain or 25 operate a hospital in such a manner so that such person or 26 governmental entity knowingly and willfully allows the use of 27 the facilities of such hospital by any person, in a scheme or 28 conspiracy to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of 29 this chapter.

30 (f)(e) It is shall be unlawful for any attorney or 31 other person, in his or her individual capacity or in his or

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1 her capacity as a public or private employee, or any firm, 2 corporation, partnership, or association, to knowingly assist, 3 conspire with, or urge any person to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this chapter. 4 (g)(f) It is shall be unlawful for any attorney or 5 6 other person, in his or her individual capacity or in his or her capacity as a public or private employee or for any firm, 7 8 corporation, partnership, or association, to unlawfully 9 solicit any business in and about city or county hospitals, 10 courts, or any public institution or public place; in and 11 about private hospitals or sanitariums; in and about any private institution; or upon private property of any character 12 13 whatsoever for the purpose of making workers' compensation 14 claims. This section does shall not be construed to 15 (5) preclude the applicability of any other provision of criminal 16 17 law which that applies or may apply to any transaction. 18 (6) For the purpose of the section, the term: 19 (a) "Statement" includes, but is not limited to, any notice, representation, statement, proof of injury, bill for 20 services, diagnosis, prescription, hospital or doctor records, 21 22 X ray, test result, or other evidence of loss, injury, or 23 expense. 24 (b) "Property" means property as defined in s. 25 812.012. (c) "Value" means value as defined in s. 812.012. 26 27 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a proceeding under subsection (4) may be commenced at any time 28 29 within 5 years after the cause of action accrues; however, in 30 such a proceeding, the period of limitation is tolled whenever 31 the defendant is continuously absent from this state or is 31

1 without a reasonably ascertainable place of residence or work within this state, but such a period of limitation may not be 2 3 extended by more than 1 year. If a criminal prosecution, action, or other proceeding is brought, or intervened in, to 4 5 punish, prevent, or restrain any violation of subsection (4), б the running of the period of limitation prescribed by this 7 section, which is based in whole or in part upon any matter 8 complained of in any such prosecution, action, or proceeding, 9 is tolled during the pendency of the prosecution, action, or 10 proceeding and for 2 years following the termination of the 11 prosecution, action, or proceeding. (8) (7) All claim forms as provided for in this chapter 12 13 must shall contain a notice that clearly states in substance 14 the following: "Any person who, knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any employer or employee, 15 insurance company, or purposes program, files a statement of 16 17 claim containing any false or misleading information is guilty 18 of a felony of the third degree." Each claimant shall 19 personally sign the claim form and attest that he or she has 20 reviewed, understands, and acknowledges the foregoing notice. Section 8. Present subsections (1) through (7) of 21 section 440.107, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 22 subsections (5) through (11), respectively, and new 23 24 subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) are added to that section 25 to read: 440.107 Division powers to enforce employer compliance 26 27 with coverage requirements .--28 (1) The Legislature finds that the failure of an 29 employer to comply with the workers' compensation coverage 30 requirements under chapter 440 poses an immediate danger to public health, safety, and welfare. The Legislature authorizes 31 32

1 the division to secure employer compliance with the workers' compensation coverage requirements and authorizes the division 2 3 to conduct investigations for the purpose of ensuring employer 4 compliance. 5 (2) The division and its authorized representatives б may enter and inspect any place of business at any reasonable 7 time for the limited purpose of investigating compliance with 8 workers' compensation coverage requirements under this chapter. Each employer shall keep true and accurate business 9 10 records that contain such information as the division 11 prescribes by rule. The business records must contain information necessary for the division to determine compliance 12 with workers' compensation coverage requirements and must be 13 maintained within this state by the business, in such a manner 14 as to be accessible within a reasonable time upon request by 15 the division. The business records must be open to inspection 16 17 and be available for copying by the division at any reasonable time and place and as often as necessary. The division may 18 19 require from any employer any sworn or unsworn reports, 20 pertaining to persons employed by that employer, deemed 21 necessary for the effective administration of the workers' 22 compensation coverage requirements. (3) In discharging its duties, the division may 23 administer oaths and affirmations, certify to official acts, 24 issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the 25 production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and 26 27 other records deemed necessary by the division as evidence in 28 order to ensure proper compliance with the coverage provisions 29 of this chapter. 30 (4) If a person has refused to obey a subpoena to 31 appear before the division or its authorized representative 33

1 and produce evidence requested by the division or to give testimony about the matter that is under investigation, a 2 3 court has jurisdiction to issue an order requiring compliance 4 with the subpoena if the court has jurisdiction in the 5 geographical area where the inquiry is being carried on or in б the area where the person who has refused the subpoena is 7 found, resides, or transacts business. Failure to obey such a 8 court order may be punished by the court as contempt. Section 9. Section 440.45, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read: 11 440.45 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims .--(1) There is hereby created the Office of the Judges 12 13 of Compensation Claims within the Department of Labor and Employment Security. The Office of the Judges of Compensation 14 Claims shall be headed by a Chief Judge who shall serve at the 15 pleasure of the Governor and Cabinet. The Chief Judge shall 16 17 be appointed by the Governor for a term of 4 years and confirmed by the Cabinet from a list of three two names 18 19 submitted by the statewide nominating commission created under 20 subsection (2)each of the District Court Judicial Nominating Commissions created by s. 2, Art. V of the State Constitution 21 and s. 43.29. The Chief Judge must possess the same 22 qualifications for appointment as a judge of compensation 23 24 claims, and the procedure for reappointment of the Chief Judge 25 will be the same as for reappointment of a judge of compensation claims. The office shall be a separate budget 26 27 entity and the Chief Judge shall be its agency head for all 28 purposes. The Department of Labor and Employment Security 29 shall provide administrative support and service to the office to the extent requested by the Chief Judge but shall not 30 31 direct, supervise, or control the Office of the Judges of 34

1 Compensation Claims in any manner, including but not limited 2 to personnel, purchasing, budgetary matters, or property 3 transactions. The operating budget of the Office of the Judges 4 of Compensation Claims shall be paid out of the Workers' 5 Compensation Administration Trust Fund established in s. 6 440.50.

7 (2)(a) The Governor shall appoint full-time judges of 8 compensation claims to conduct proceedings as required by this chapter or other law. No person may be nominated to serve 9 10 appointed as a judge of compensation claims unless he or she 11 has been a member of The Florida Bar in good standing for the preceding 5 years and is knowledgeable in the practice of law 12 13 of workers' compensation. No judge of compensation claims 14 shall engage in the private practice of law during a term of office. 15

(b) <u>Except as provided in paragraph (c)</u>, the Governor shall <u>initially</u> appoint a judge of compensation claims from a list of three persons nominated by a statewide nominating commission. The statewide nominating commission shall be composed of the following:

1. Five $\frac{1}{5}$ members, at least one of whom must be a 21 member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of 22 each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of 23 24 the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Board of 25 Governors of The Florida Bar from among The Florida Bar members who are engaged in the practice of law. On July 1, 26 27 1999, the term of office of each person appointed by the Board 28 of Governors of The Florida Bar to the commission expires. The 29 Board of Governors shall appoint members who reside in the 30 odd-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in 31 35

the even-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 1 2-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each 2 3 member shall be appointed for a 4-year term; 2. Five $\frac{1}{2}$ electors, at least one of whom must be a 4 5 member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of б each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of 7 the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Governor. On July 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed by 8 the Governor to the commission expires. The Governor shall 9 10 appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered district court 11 of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district 12 court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning 13 14 July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 15 4-year term; and 3. Five $\frac{5}{5}$ electors, at least one of whom must be a 16 17 member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of each who resides in the territorial jurisdictions of the 18 19 district courts of appeal, selected and appointed by a 20 majority vote of the other 10 members of the commission. On October 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed 21 to the commission by its other members expires. A majority of 22 the other members of the commission shall appoint members who 23 reside in the odd-numbered district court of appeal 24 25 jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning October 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district court of 26 appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning October 27 28 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 29 4-year term. 30 31

1 A vacancy occurring on the commission shall be filled by the original appointing authority for the unexpired balance of the 2 3 term.No attorney who appears before any judge of compensation claims more than four times a year is eligible to serve on the 4 5 statewide nominating commission. The meetings and б determinations of the nominating commission as to the judges 7 of compensation claims shall be open to the general public. 8 (c) Each judge of compensation claims shall be 9 appointed for a term of 4 years, but during the term of office 10 may be removed by the Governor for cause. Prior to the 11 expiration of a judge's term of office, the statewide nominating commission shall review the judge's conduct and 12 determine whether the judge's performance is satisfactory. If 13 the judge's performance is deemed satisfactory, the commission 14 15 shall report its finding to the Governor no later than 6 months prior to the expiration of the judge's term of office. 16 17 The Governor shall review the commission's report and may reappoint the judge for an additional 4-year term. If the 18 19 Governor does not reappoint the judge, the Governor shall inform the commission. The judge shall remain in office until 20 the Governor has appointed a successor judge in accordance 21 22 with paragraphs (a) and (b). The report of the commission shall include a list of three candidates for appointment. The 23 24 candidates shall include the judge whose term is expiring, if 25 that judge desires reappointment and the judge's performance is satisfactory upon review by the commission. If a vacancy 26 occurs during a judge's unexpired term, the statewide 27 28 nominating commission does not find the judge's performance is 29 satisfactory, or the governor does not reappoint the judge, 30 the commission shall issue a report to the Governor shall 31 appoint a successor judge for a term of 4 years in accordance 37

1 with paragraph (b) which includes a list of three candidates 2 for appointment. The Governor shall review the commission's 3 report, and may select one of the listed candidates. If no 4 candidate is selected, the Governor shall so inform the 5 commission, which shall within 2 months issue a report to the 6 Governor which includes a list of three different candidates 7 for appointment.

8 (3) The Chief Judge shall select from among the full 9 time judges of the office two or more judges to rotate as 10 docketing judges. Docketing judges shall review all claims for 11 benefits for consistency with the requirements of this chapter and the rules of procedure, including but not limited to 12 specificity requirements, and shall dismiss any claim that 13 fails to comport with such rules and requirements. The 14 docketing judge shall not dismiss any claim with prejudice 15 without offering the parties an opportunity to appear and 16 17 present argument. The Chief Judge may as he or she deems appropriate expand the duties of the docketing judges to 18 19 include resolution without hearing of other types of 20 procedural and substantive matters, including resolution of 21 fee disputes.

(4) The Chief Judge shall have the discretion to 22 require mediation and to designate qualified persons to act as 23 24 mediators in any dispute pending before the judges of compensation claims and the division. The Chief Judge shall 25 coordinate with the Director of the Division of Workers' 26 Compensation to establish a mandatory mediation program to 27 28 facilitate early and efficient resolution of disputes arising 29 under this chapter and to establish training and continuing 30 education for new and sitting judges. 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 (5) The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims 2 shall promulgate rules to effect the purposes of this section. 3 Such rules shall include procedural rules applicable to workers' compensation claim resolution and uniform criteria 4 5 for measuring the performance of the office, including but not б limited to the number of cases assigned and disposed, the age 7 of pending and disposed cases, timeliness of decisionmaking, extraordinary fee awards and other performance indicators. The 8 9 workers' compensation rules of procedure approved by the 10 Supreme Court shall apply until the rules promulgated by the 11 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims pursuant to this section become effective. 12 (6) Not later than December 1 of each year, the Office 13 14 of the Judges of Compensation Claims and the Division of Workers' Compensation shall jointly issue a written report to 15 the Governor, the House of Representatives, and the Senate 16 17 summarizing the amount, cost, and outcome of all litigation resolved in the prior year, summarizing the disposition of 18 19 applications and motions for mediation conferences and 20 recommending changes or improvements to the dispute resolution elements of the Workers' Compensation Law and regulations. 21 22 Section 10. On July 1, 1999, the term of office of the Chief Judge of Compensation Claims expires. The statewide 23 nominating commission is directed to submit a list of three 24 25 names to the Governor pursuant to section 440.45(1), Florida Statutes, by March 1, 1999. 26 27 The revised process for nomination and Section 11. 28 appointment of judges of compensation claims, as provided in 29 the amendments to section 440.45(2)(c), Florida Statutes, 30 shall take effect on July 1, 1999. 31

39

1 Section 12. Any member of the statewide nominating commission whose term of office expires as a result of the 2 3 amendment of section 440.45, Florida Statutes, by this act is eligible for reappointment. 4 5 Section 13. Subsection (5) is added to section б 627.413, Florida Statutes, to read: 7 627.413 Contents of policies, in general; 8 identification.--(5) Any policy that is a minimum premium policy issued 9 10 by an insurer pursuant to the minimum premium provisions of 11 rules adopted by rating organizations licensed by the department shall have typed, printed, stamped, or legibly 12 handwritten on the certificate the words "minimum premium 13 14 policy" or equivalent language. The department may impose an administrative fine pursuant to s. 624.4211 if the department 15 finds any violation of this subsection. 16 17 Section 14. Effective July 1, 1998, the Division of Workers' Compensation shall notify all persons holding a 18 19 construction industry certificate of election of exemption of the requirements of section 440.05, Florida Statutes, as 20 amended by this act. 21 Section 15. There is hereby appropriated to the 22 Department of Labor and Employment Security from the Workers' 23 24 Compensation Administration Trust Fund for the fiscal year 25 1998-1999, 15 positions and \$1,100,000 to carry out the provisions of this act. This section shall take effect July 26 27 1, 1998. 28 Section 16. Except as otherwise provided in this act, 29 this act shall take effect January 1, 1999. 30 31

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	<u>CS for SB 1406</u>
3	
4	
5	Changes effective date to January 1, 1999. This provides the Division of Workers' Compensation (Division) and affected parties greater lead-time to adjust to the new law.
6	
7	Requires the Division to notify persons holding a certificate of election to be exempt of the requirements of s. 440.05
8	(fees, filing and renewal provisions for exemptions). Effective date: July 1, 1998.
9	Amends s. 440.05 (Election of Exemptions, etc.) to provide
10	that the 2-year renewable certificate of election to be exempt from workers' compensation coverage applies only to
11	construction (not non-construction), sole proprietors, partners and corporate officers. Establishes fees for
12	construction exemption and biennial renewal to be \$50 (currently \$100 in the bill). Persons who have elected to be
13	included for workers compensation purposes and persons who file for non-construction exemptions would not be affected
14	under this bill.
15	Amends s. 440.10 (Liability for Compensation) to require a perjury statement on a sworn affidavit that the independent
16	contractor presents to the general contractor to attest he/she meets all requirements of s. 440.02(13)(d) (definition of
17	independent contractor).
18	Amends s. 440.103 (Building Permits) to provide that
19	independent contractors may, as a condition to receiving a permit, present a sworn "affidavit" attesting she/he meets the definition of an independent contractor for workers'
20	compensation purposes.
20 21	Amends s. 440.103 to require that the words "minimum premium policy" or the equivalent thereof must be typed, printed,
21 22	stamped or legibly handwritten on such insurance policies.
22	Amends s. 440.104 (Competitive Bids; Civil Actions) to allow a
23 24	plaintiff to prevail if it is shown that the winning bidder in a competitive bidding situation "knew or should have known" of a violation of s. 440.10, 440.105, or s. 440.38. Also,
	increases the liquidated damages awarded to a prevailing
25	plaintiff to 30 percent of the total amount bid on a contract by the plaintiff or \$15,000, whichever is greater.
26	Appropriates \$1.1 million from the Workers' Compensation Trust
27 28	Fund for FY 1998-99 for 15 FTEs to the Division effective July 1, 1998.
20 29	Amends s. 440.10(1)(g) (Liability for Compensation) to state that carriers must recognize the sufficiency of the sworn
29 30	affidavit provided by the independent contractor under s. 440.10(1)(g)1, and may not consider any such person as an
30 31	employee in determining the appropriate premium for worker's compensation coverage.
ЪТ	A1