First Engrossed

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to intangible personal property
3	taxes; amending s. 199.023, F.S.; defining the
4	terms "ministerial function" and "processing
5	activity" for purposes of ch. 199, F.S.;
6	amending s. 199.052, F.S.; increasing the
7	minimum amount of annual intangible personal
8	property tax which a person may be required to
9	pay; providing that personal property of a
10	trust will not have taxable situs in this state
11	under specified circumstances; repealing s.
12	199.052(11), F.S., relating to returns filed by
13	banking organizations, to conform; amending s.
14	199.175, F.S., relating to taxable situs;
15	amending s. 199.175, F.S.; providing for situs
16	of credit or charge card receivables owned,
17	managed, or controlled by a bank or savings
18	association; conforming provisions; amending s.
19	199.185, F.S.; revising the exemption from
20	intangible personal property taxes for certain
21	property held in trust; revising the exemption
22	for real estate mortgage investment conduits;
23	partially exempting accounts receivable arising
24	out of a trade or business from intangible
25	personal property taxes; providing legislative
26	intent to fully exempt such assets in
27	subsequent years; exempting stock options
28	granted to employees by an employer and stock
29	purchased by employees under certain conditions
30	from intangible personal property taxes;
31	providing a full, rather than partial,
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1	exemption from the annual tax for banks and			
2	savings associations and providing for			
3	application of the exemption to organizations			
4	defined by s. 220.62(1), (2), (3), and (4),			
5	F.S.; exempting insurers from the annual tax;			
6	repealing s. 199.104, F.S., which provides a			
7	credit against the annual tax for banks and			
8	savings associations; repealing s. 220.68,			
9	F.S., which provides a credit against the			
10	franchise tax imposed on banks and savings			
11	associations based on intangible tax paid;			
12	amending s. 199.282, F.S.; revising the penalty			
13	for late filing of an annual intangible tax			
14	return; providing a limitation on combined			
15	delinquency and late filing penalties; revising			
16	the penalty for omitting or undervaluing			
17	property on an annual return; amending s.			
18	199.292, F.S.; revising the distribution of			
19	intangible tax revenues; amending s. 220.02,			
20	F.S., relating to order of credits against the			
21	corporate income tax or franchise tax, and s.			
22	624.509, F.S., relating to the insurance			
23	premium tax; conforming provisions; providing			
24	application; providing effective dates.			
25				
26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:			
27				
28	Section 1. Subsections (13) and (14) are added to			
29	section 199.023, Florida Statutes, to read:			
30	199.023 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:			
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1	(13) "Ministerial function" means an act the	
2	performance of which does not involve the use of discretion or	
3	judgment.	
4	(14) "Processing activity" means an activity	
5	undertaken to administer or service intangible personal	
6	property in accordance with such terms, guidelines, criteria,	
7	or directions as are provided solely by the owner of the	
8	property. Methods, systems, or techniques chosen by the	
9	processor to implement such terms, guidelines, criteria, or	
10	directions are not considered the exercise of management or	
11	control.	
12	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 199.052, Florida	
13	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (15) is added to that	
14	section, to read:	
15	199.052 Annual tax returns; payment of annual tax	
16	(2) No person shall be required to pay the annual tax	
17	in any year when the aggregate annual tax upon the person's	
18	intangible personal property, after exemptions, would be less	
19	than <u>\$60</u> \$5 . In such case, an annual return is not required	
20	unless the taxpayer is a corporation, a banking organization	
21	claiming the exemption provided in s. 199.185(1)(i), or an	
22	agent or fiduciary of whom the department requires an	
23	informational return. Agents and fiduciaries shall report for	
24	each person for whom they hold intangible personal property if	
25	the aggregate annual tax on such person is <u>\$60 or</u> more than	
26	\$5 .	
27	(15) If a bank or savings association, as defined in	
28	s. 220.62, acts as a fiduciary or agent of a trust other than	
29	as a trustee, intangible personal property of the trust shall	
30	not have taxable situs in this state pursuant to s. 199.175	
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solely by virtue of the management or control of the bank or 1 2 savings association. 3 Section 3. Effective July 1, 2000, subsection (11) of 4 section 199.052, Florida Statutes, is repealed, and subsection 5 (2) of that section, as amended by this act, is amended to 6 read: 7 199.052 Annual tax returns; payment of annual tax.--(2) No person shall be required to pay the annual tax 8 9 in any year when the aggregate annual tax upon the person's 10 intangible personal property, after exemptions, would be less than \$60. In such case, an annual return is not required 11 12 unless the taxpayer is a corporation, a banking organization claiming the exemption provided in s. 199.185(1)(i), or an 13 14 agent or fiduciary of whom the department requires an 15 informational return. Agents and fiduciaries shall report for 16 each person for whom they hold intangible personal property if 17 the aggregate annual tax on such person is \$60 or more. 18 Section 4. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (1) of 19 section 199.175, Florida Statutes, to read: 20 199.175 Taxable situs.--For purposes of the annual tax 21 imposed under this chapter: Intangible personal property shall have a taxable 22 (1)23 situs in this state when it is owned, managed, or controlled 24 by any person domiciled in this state on January 1 of the tax year. Such intangibles shall be subject to annual taxation 25 26 under this chapter, unless the person who owns, manages, or 27 controls them is specifically exempt or unless the property is specifically exempt. This provision shall apply regardless of 28 29 where the evidence of the intangible property is kept; where the intangible is created, approved, or paid; or where 30 business may be conducted from which the intangible arises. 31 4

1	The fact that a Florida corporation owns the stock of an
2	out-of-state corporation and manages and controls such
3	corporation from a location in this state shall not operate to
4	give a taxable situs in this state to the intangibles owned by
5	the out-of-state corporation, which intangibles arise out of
6	business transacted outside this state.
7	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection,
8	intangibles that are credit card receivables or charge card
9	receivables or related lines of credit or loans that would
10	otherwise be deemed to have taxable situs in this state solely
11	because they are owned, managed, or controlled by a bank or
12	savings association as defined in s. 220.62, or an affiliate
13	or subsidiary thereof, which is domiciled in this state shall
14	be treated as having a taxable situs in this state only when
15	the debt represented by the intangible is owed by a customer
16	who is domiciled in this state. As used in this paragraph, the
17	terms "credit card receivables" and "charge card receivables"
18	do not include trade or service receivables as defined in s.
19	864 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
20	Section 5. Effective July 1, 2000, paragraph (a) of
21	subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
22	199.175, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
23	199.175 Taxable situsFor purposes of the annual tax
24	imposed under this chapter:
25	(1) Intangible personal property shall have a taxable
26	situs in this state when it is owned, managed, or controlled
27	by any person domiciled in this state on January 1 of the tax
28	year. Such intangibles shall be subject to annual taxation
29	under this chapter, unless the person who owns, manages, or
30	controls them is specifically exempt or unless the property is
31	specifically exempt. This provision shall apply regardless of
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where the evidence of the intangible property is kept; where 1 the intangible is created, approved, or paid; or where 2 business may be conducted from which the intangible arises. 3 4 The fact that a Florida corporation owns the stock of an 5 out-of-state corporation and manages and controls such corporation from a location in this state shall not operate to б 7 give a taxable situs in this state to the intangibles owned by the out-of-state corporation, which intangibles arise out of 8 9 business transacted outside this state. 10 (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "any person domiciled in this state" means: 11 12 1. Any natural person who is a legal resident of this 13 state; 14 2. Any bank or financial institution, business, 15 business trust as described in chapter 609, company, 16 corporation, insurance company, partnership, or other 17 artificial entity organized or created under the law of this 18 state, except a trust; or 19 3. Any person, including a trust, who has established a commercial domicile in this state. 20 21 (2) Intangible personal property shall have a taxable situs in this state when it is deemed to have a business situs 22 23 in this state and it is owned, managed, or controlled by a person transacting business in this state, even though the 24 owner may claim a domicile elsewhere. This provision shall 25 26 apply regardless of where the evidence of the intangible is 27 kept or where the intangible is created, approved, or paid. (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection: 28 29 1.a. Intangibles that are credit card or charge card receivables or related lines of credit or loans shall be 30 deemed to have business situs in this state only when the debt 31 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. represented by such intangibles is owed by a customer who is
 domiciled in this state.

b. The performance of ministerial functions relating
to, or the processing of, credit card or charge card
receivables in this state for the owner of such receivables is
not sufficient to support a finding that the owner is
transacting business in this state.

8 c. The term "credit card or charge card receivables"
9 does not include trade or service receivables as defined in s.
10 864 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

11 2. An intangible owned by a real estate mortgage 12 investment conduit, a real estate investment trust, or a 13 regulated investment company, as those terms are defined in 14 the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 15 shall not be deemed to have a taxable situs in this state 16 unless such entity has its legal or commercial domicile in 17 this state.

18 3. The ownership of any interest in a participation or 19 syndication loan or pool of loans, notes, or receivables shall not be sufficient to support a finding that the owner of such 20 interest is transacting business in this state. For the 21 purposes of this subparagraph, a participation or syndication 22 loan is a loan in which more than one lender is a creditor to 23 a common borrower, and a participation or syndication interest 24 in a pool of loans, notes, or receivables is an interest 25 26 acquired from the originator or initial creditor with respect 27 to the loans, notes, or receivables constituting the pool.

4. Assets owned by a foreign insurance company, as
defined in s. 624.06, shall not be deemed to have a business
situs in this state if they are managed and controlled outside
this state.

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1 Section 6. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 199.185, 2 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to 3 that section, to read: 4 199.185 Property exempted from annual and nonrecurring 5 taxes.--The following intangible personal property shall 6 (1) 7 be exempt from the annual and nonrecurring taxes imposed by 8 this chapter: 9 (a) Money. (b) Franchises. 10 (c) Any interest as a partner in a partnership, either 11 12 general or limited, other than any interest as a limited partner in a limited partnership registered with the 13 14 Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. 15 (d) Notes, bonds, and other obligations issued by the 16 17 State of Florida or its municipalities, counties, and other taxing districts, or by the United States Government and its 18 19 agencies. 20 (e) Intangible personal property held in trust pursuant to any stock bonus, pension, or profit-sharing plan 21 22 or any individual retirement account which is qualified under 23 s. 530,s. 401,or s. 408, or s. 408A of the United States 24 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. ss. 530,401, and 408, and 25 408A, as amended. 26 (f) Intangible personal property held under a 27 retirement plan of a Florida-based corporation exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(6) of the United States 28 29 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., if the primary purpose of the corporation is to support the promotion of professional 30 sports and the retirement plan is either a qualified plan 31 8 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

under s. 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code or the 1 contributions to the plan, pursuant to a ruling by the United 2 3 States Internal Revenue Service, are not taxable to plan 4 participants until actual receipt or withdrawal by the 5 participant. 6 (g) Notes and other obligations, except bonds, to the 7 extent that such notes and obligations are secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real property 8 9 situated outside the state. (h) The assets of a corporation registered under the 10 Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. s. 80a-1-52, as 11 12 amended. 13 (i) All intangible personal property issued in or 14 arising out of any international banking transaction and owned 15 by a banking organization. (j) Units of a unit investment trust organized under 16 17 an agreement or declaration of trust and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, whose portfolio of 18 19 assets consists solely of assets exempt under this section. 20 (k) Interests in real estate securitizations, 21 including, but not limited to, real estate mortgage investment 22 conduits (REMIC) and financial asset securitization trusts 23 (FASITS), which that are directly or indirectly secured by or payable from notes and obligations that are in turn secured 24 25 solely by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real 26 property situated in or outside of the state, including, but 27 not limited to, mortgage pools, participations, and 28 derivatives and are held as investments by banks or savings 29 associations in compliance with regulatory agency guidelines. 30 (1) One-third of the accounts receivable arising or acquired in the ordinary course of a trade or business which 31 9

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1	are owned, controlled, or managed by a taxpayer on January 1,
2	1999, and thereafter. It is the intent of the Legislature
3	that, pursuant to future legislative action, the portion of
4	such accounts receivable exempt from taxation be increased to
5	two-thirds for taxes levied on January 1, 2000, and further
6	increased to all such accounts receivable on January 1, 2001,
7	and thereafter. This exemption does not apply to accounts
8	receivable which arise outside the taxpayer's ordinary course
9	of trade or business. For the purposes of this chapter, the
10	term "accounts receivable" means a business debt that is owed
11	by another to the taxpayer or the taxpayer's assignee in the
12	ordinary course of trade or business and is not supported by
13	negotiable instruments. Accounts receivable include, but are
14	not limited to, credit card receivables, charge card
15	receivables, credit receivables, margin receivables, inventory
16	or other floor plan financing, lease payments past due,
17	conditional sales contracts, retail installment sales
18	agreements, financing lease contracts, and a claim against a
19	debtor usually arising from sales or services rendered and
20	which is not necessarily due or past due. The examples
21	specified in this paragraph shall be deemed not to be
22	supported by negotiable instruments. The term "negotiable
23	instrument" means a written document that is legally capable
24	of being transferred by indorsement or delivery. The term
25	"indorsement" means the act of a payee or holder in writing
26	his or her name on the back of an instrument without further
27	qualifying words other than "pay to the order of" or "pay to"
28	whereby the property is assigned and transferred to another.
29	(m) Stock options granted to employees by their
30	employer pursuant to an incentive plan, if the employees
31	cannot transfer, sell, or mortgage the options. Stock
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purchased by an employee from an employer pursuant to an 1 2 incentive plan shall be treated as a nontaxable stock option 3 if part of the purchase price of the stock is nonrecourse debt 4 secured by the stock and the stock cannot be sold, 5 transferred, or assigned by the employee until the nonrecourse 6 debt is discharged. Such stock becomes taxable stock when it 7 can be sold, transferred, or assigned by the employee. 8 Those organizations Every bank and savings (5) 9 association, as defined in s. 220.62(1), (2), (3), or (4) are, is exempt from.5 mill of the tax imposed by s. 199.032. 10 (8) Every insurer, as defined in s. 624.03, whether 11 12 the insurer is authorized or unauthorized as defined in s. 13 624.09, is exempt from the tax imposed by s. 199.032. 14 Section 7. The amendment to subsection (5) and the 15 creation of subsection (8) of section 199.185, Florida Statutes, by this section shall apply to taxes due on or after 16 17 July 1, 1999. 18 Section 8. Effective for tax years beginning after 19 December 31, 1999, sections 199.104 and 220.68, Florida 20 Statutes, are repealed. 21 Section 9. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 199.282, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 199.282 Penalties for violation of this chapter .--23 (3)(a) If any annual or nonrecurring tax is not paid 24 by the due date, a delinquency penalty shall be charged. The 25 26 delinquency penalty shall be 10 percent of the delinquent tax 27 for each calendar month or portion thereof from the due date until paid, up to a limit of 50 percent of the total tax not 28 29 timely paid. (b) If any annual tax return required by this chapter 30 is not filed by the due date, a penalty of 10 30 percent of 31 11 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the tax due with the return shall be charged for each calendar 1 month or portion thereof during which the return remains 2 3 unfiled, up to a limit of 50 percent of the total tax due for 4 each year or portion of the year during which the return 5 remains unfiled. 6 7 For any penalty assessed under this subsection, the combined 8 total for all penalties assessed under paragraphs (a) and (b) 9 shall not exceed 10 percent per calendar month, up to a limit of 50 percent of the total tax due. 10 (4) If an annual tax return is filed and property is 11 12 either omitted from it or undervalued, then a specific penalty shall be charged. The specific penalty shall be 10 30 percent 13 14 of the tax attributable to each omitted item or to each 15 undervaluation. No delinquency or late filing penalty shall be charged with respect to any undervaluation. 16 17 Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 199.292, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 199.292 Disposition of intangible personal property 20 taxes.--All intangible personal property taxes collected pursuant to this chapter shall be placed in a special fund 21 22 designated as the "Intangible Tax Trust Fund." The fund shall 23 be disbursed as follows: 24 (3) An amount equal to 33.5 percent Of the remaining intangible personal property taxes collected, an amount equal 25 26 to 35.3 percent in state fiscal year 1998-1999 and an amount 27 equal to 37.7 percent in each year thereafter, shall be transferred to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties. An 28 29 amount equal to 66.5 percent Of the remaining taxes collected, an amount equal to 64.7 percent in state fiscal year 1998-1999 30 31 12

and an amount equal to 62.3 percent in each year thereafter, 1 2 shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund of the state. 3 Section 11. Effective July 1, 2000, subsection (10) of 4 section 220.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 220.02 Legislative intent.--6 (10) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits 7 against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax 8 be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 9 220.68, those enumerated in s. 631.719(1), those enumerated in s. 631.705, those enumerated in s. 220.18, those enumerated in 10 s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.181, those enumerated 11 12 in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 221.02, 13 14 those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, and those enumerated in s. 220.188. 15 16 Section 12. Effective July 1, 2000, subsections (4), 17 (7), and (8) of section 624.509, Florida Statutes, are amended 18 to read: 19 624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation .--(4) The intangible tax imposed under chapter 199, The 20 income tax imposed under chapter 220, and the emergency excise 21 22 tax imposed under chapter 221 which are paid by any insurer 23 shall be credited against, and to the extent thereof shall discharge, the liability for tax imposed by this section for 24 the annual period in which such tax payments are made. As to 25 26 any insurer issuing policies insuring against loss or damage 27 from the risks of fire, tornado, and certain casualty lines, the tax imposed by this section, as intended and contemplated 28 by this subsection, shall be construed to mean the net amount 29 of such tax remaining after there has been credited thereon 30 such gross premium receipts tax as may be payable by such 31 13

insurer in pursuance of the imposition of such tax by any 1 2 incorporated cities or towns in the state for firefighters' 3 relief and pension funds and police officers' retirement funds 4 maintained in such cities or towns, as provided in and by 5 relevant provisions of the Florida Statutes. For purposes of this subsection, payments of estimated income tax under 6 7 chapter 220 and of estimated emergency excise tax under chapter 221 shall be deemed paid either at the time the 8 9 insurer actually files its annual returns under chapter 220 or at the time such returns are required to be filed, whichever 10 first occurs, and not at such earlier time as such payments of 11 12 estimated tax are actually made.

(7) Credits and deductions against the tax imposed by 13 14 this section shall be taken in the following order: deductions for assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits for taxes 15 paid under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income taxes 16 17 paid under chapter 220, the emergency excise tax paid under chapter 221 and the credit allowed under subsection (5), as 18 19 these credits are limited by subsection (6); credits for intangible taxes paid under chapter 199; all other available 20 21 credits and deductions.

(8) From and after July 1, 1980, the premium tax 22 23 authorized by this section shall not be imposed upon receipts of annuity premiums or considerations paid by holders in this 24 state and from and after July 1, 1991, the intangible tax 25 26 imposed by chapter 199 shall not be imposed on assets equal to 27 the statutory legal reserves of annuity products maintained by insurance companies on behalf of their holders if the tax 28 29 savings derived are credited to the annuity holders. Upon request by the Department of Revenue, any insurer availing 30 itself of this provision shall submit to the department 31

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evidence which establishes that the tax savings derived have been credited to annuity holders. As used in this subsection, the term "holders" shall be deemed to include employers contributing to an employee's pension, annuity, or profit-sharing plan. Section 13. For tax years beginning after December 31, 1999, no credit under section 624.509(4), Florida Statutes, for intangible tax imposed under chapter 199, Florida Statutes, shall be <u>available</u>. Section 14. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 1998. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.