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A bill to be entitled An act relating to offenses by driver of vehicle in accident involving death or personal injury; amending s. 316.027, F.S.; redefining the offense of unlawful failure to stop or remain at the scene of such accident; providing circumstances under which a person who knew or should have known the accident occurred commits such offense, regardless of whether the person knew at the time of the accident that injury or death resulted; reenacting s. 921.0012(3)(e) and (f), F.S., relating to the sentencing guidelines offense severity ranking chart, to incorporate said amendment in references; amending s. 775.089, F.S., relating to restitution; providing that the court may order a person who commits such offense to make restitution for certain damages or loss related to, or occurring directly or indirectly as a result of, the underlying accident resulting in injury or death; amending s. 921.0011, F.S.; redefining the term "victim injury," for purposes of sentencing a person who commits such offense, to include physical injury or death suffered by a person as a direct or indirect result of the underlying accident; amending ss. 316.066 and 960.03, F.S., relating to written reports of accidents and definitions with respect to the Florida Crimes Compensation Act, respectively, to correct a cross reference; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 1 2 3 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 316.027, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 4 5 316.027 Accidents involving death or personal 6 injuries.--7 (1)(a) The driver of any vehicle: 8 1. Who is involved in an accident resulting in injury 9 of any person; and 10 2. Who, at the time of the accident, knew or should have known that the accident occurred 11 12 13 must immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the 14 accident, or as close thereto as possible, and must remain at 15 the scene of the accident until he or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. Any person who willfully violates 16 17 this paragraph commits is quilty of a felony of the third 18 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 19 s. 775.084. This paragraph does not require that the person 20 knew at the time of the accident that the accident resulted in 21 injury. 22 (b) The driver of any vehicle: 23 1. Who is involved in an accident resulting in the 24 death of any person; and 25 2. Who, at the time of the accident, knew or should 26 have known that the accident occurred 27 28 must immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the 29 accident, or as close thereto as possible, and must remain at 30 the scene of the accident until he or she has fulfilled the

1 this paragraph commits is guilty of a felony of the second 2 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 3 s. 775.084. This paragraph does not require that the person knew at the time of the accident that the accident resulted in 4 5 death. 6 (2) The department shall revoke the driver's license 7 of the person so convicted. Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the 8 9 amendment to s. 316.027, Florida Statutes, in references 10 thereto, paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (3) of section 921.0012, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to 11 12 read: 921.0012 Sentencing guidelines offense levels; offense 13 14 severity ranking chart .--15 (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART Florida Felony 16 17 Statute Degree Description 18 19 20 (e) LEVEL 5 21 316.027(1)(a) Accidents involving personal 3rd 22 injuries, failure to stop; 23 leaving scene. 316.1935(3) Aggravated fleeing or eluding. 24 3rd 25 322.34(3) Careless operation of motor 3rd vehicle with suspended license, 26 27 resulting in death or serious 28 bodily injury. 29 327.30(5) Vessel accidents involving 3rd 30 personal injury; leaving scene. 31

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1	381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or organs
2			knowing HIV positive.
3	790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
4	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
5			destructive device.
6	790.163	2nd	False report of deadly explosive.
7	790.165(2)	3rd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or
8			deliver hoax bomb.
9	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
10			shotgun or machine gun.
11	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of firearms
12			or electronic weapons or devices.
13	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or dispense
14			fire bomb with intent to damage
15			any structure or property.
16	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
17			trafficking in.
18	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or conducting
19			a chop shop.
20	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value
21			\$20,000 to \$50,000.
22	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition in
23			the presence of an elderly person
24			or disabled adult.
25	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote
26			any photographic material, motion
27			picture, etc., which includes
28			sexual conduct by a child.
29	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to
30			person; resist arrest with
31			violence.
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1	874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another
2			to join a criminal street gang;
3			second or subsequent offense.
4	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
5			cocaine (or other s.
6			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
7			(2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs).
8	893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
9			cannabis (or other s.
10			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c), (3), or (4)
11			drugs) within 1,000 feet of a
12			school.
13	893.13(1)(d)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
14			cocaine (or other s.
15			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
16			(2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs) within
17			200 feet of university, public
18			housing facility, or public park.
19	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Deliver to minor cannabis (or
20			other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c),
21			(3), or (4) drugs).
22			
23			(f) LEVEL 6
24	316.027(1)(b)	2nd	Accident involving death, failure
25			to stop; leaving scene.
26	316.193(2)(b)	3rd	Felony DUI, 4th or subsequent
27			conviction.
28	775.0875(1)	3rd	Taking firearm from law
29			enforcement officer.
30	784.021(1)(a)	3rd	Aggravated assault; deadly weapon
31			without intent to kill.

784.021(1)(b)	3rd	Aggravated assault; intent to
		commit felony.
784.048(3)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; credible
		threat.
784.07(2)(c)	2nd	Aggravated assault on law
		enforcement officer.
784.08(2)(b)	2nd	Aggravated assault on a person 65
		years of age or older.
784.081(2)	2nd	Aggravated assault on specified
		official or employee.
784.082(2)	2nd	Aggravated assault by detained
		person on visitor or other
		detainee.
787.02(2)	3rd	False imprisonment; restraining
		with purpose other than those in
		s. 787.01.
790.115(2)(d)	2nd	Discharging firearm or weapon on
		school property.
790.161(2)	2nd	Make, possess, or throw
		destructive device with intent to
		do bodily harm or damage
		property.
790.164(1)	2nd	False report of deadly explosive
		or act of arson or violence to
		state property.
790.19	2nd	Shooting or throwing deadly
		missiles into dwellings, vessels,
		or vehicles.
794.011(8)(a)	3rd	Solicitation of minor to
		participate in sexual activity by
		custodial adult.
	784.048(3) 784.07(2)(c) 784.08(2)(b) 784.081(2) 784.082(2) 787.02(2) 790.115(2)(d) 790.161(2) 790.164(1)	784.048(3) 3rd 784.07(2)(c) 2nd 784.08(2)(b) 2nd 784.081(2) 2nd 784.082(2) 2nd 787.02(2) 3rd 790.115(2)(d) 2nd 790.161(2) 2nd 790.164(1) 2nd 790.19 2nd

1	794.05(1)	2nd	Unlawful sexual activity with
2			specified minor.
3	806.031(2)	2nd	Arson resulting in great bodily
4			harm to firefighter or any other
5			person.
6	810.02(3)(c)	2nd	Burglary of occupied structure;
7			unarmed; no assault or battery.
8	812.014(2)(b)	2nd	Property stolen \$20,000 or more,
9			but less than \$100,000, grand
10			theft in 2nd degree.
11	812.13(2)(c)	2nd	Robbery, no firearm or other
12			weapon (strong-arm robbery).
13	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value
14			greater than \$50,000.
15	817.4821(5)	2nd	Possess cloning paraphernalia
16			with intent to create cloned
17			cellular telephones.
18	825.102(1)	3rd	Abuse of an elderly person or
19			disabled adult.
20	825.102(3)(c)	3rd	Neglect of an elderly person or
21			disabled adult.
22	825.1025(3)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious molestation of
23			an elderly person or disabled
24			adult.
25	825.103(2)(c)	3rd	Exploiting an elderly person or
26			disabled adult and property is
27			valued at \$100 or more, but less
28			than \$20,000.
29	827.03(1)	3rd	Abuse of a child.
30	827.03(3)(c)	3rd	Neglect of a child.
31			

1	827.071(2)&(3)	2nd	Use or induce a child in a sexual
2			performance, or promote or direct
3			such performance.
4	836.05	2nd	Threats; extortion.
5	836.10	2nd	Written threats to kill or do
6			bodily injury.
7	843.12	3rd	Aids or assists person to escape.
8	914.23	2nd	Retaliation against a witness,
9			victim, or informant, with bodily
10			injury.
11	944.35(3)(a)2.	3rd	Committing malicious battery upon
12			or inflicting cruel or inhuman
13			treatment on an inmate or
14			offender on community
15			supervision, resulting in great
16			bodily harm.
17	944.40	2nd	Escapes.
18	944.46	3rd	Harboring, concealing, aiding
19			escaped prisoners.
20	944.47(1)(a)5.	2nd	Introduction of contraband
21			(firearm, weapon, or explosive)
22			into correctional facility.
23	951.22(1)	3rd	Intoxicating drug, firearm, or
24			weapon introduced into county
25			facility.
26			
27	Section 3.	Paragrap	h (a) of subsection (1) of section
28	775.089, Florida S	tatutes,	is amended to read:
29	775.089 Re	stitution	
30	(1)(a) In	addition	to any punishment, the court shall
31	order the defendan	t to make	restitution to the victim for:

- 1. Damage or loss caused directly or indirectly by the defendant's offense; $\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. Damage or loss related to the defendant's criminal episode; and,
- 3. If the defendant's offense was a violation of s. 316.027(1), damage or loss related to, or occurring directly or indirectly as a result of, the underlying accident resulting in injury or death of any person,

unless it finds clear and compelling reasons not to order such restitution. Restitution may be monetary or nonmonetary restitution. The court shall make the payment of restitution a condition of probation in accordance with s. 948.03. An order requiring the defendant to make restitution to a victim does not remove or diminish the requirement that the court order payment to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund pursuant to chapter 960. Payment of an award by the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund shall create an order of restitution to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund, unless specifically waived in accordance with subparagraph (b)1.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 921.0011, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

921.0011 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

(7)(a) "Victim injury" means the physical injury or death suffered by a person as a direct result of the primary offense, or any additional offense, for which an offender is convicted and which is pending before the court for sentencing at the time of the primary offense. However, if the primary offense or additional offense is a violation of s. 316.027(1),

the term "victim injury" includes the physical injury or death suffered by a person as a direct or indirect result of the underlying accident.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

316.066 Written reports of accidents.--

- (3)(a) Every law enforcement officer who in the regular course of duty investigates a motor vehicle accident:
- 1. Which accident resulted in death or personal injury shall, within 10 days after completing the investigation, forward a written report of the accident to the department or traffic records center.
- 2. Which accident involved a violation of s. $316.027\underline{(1)(2)}$, s. 316.061(1), or s. 316.193 shall, within 10 days after completing the investigation, forward a written report of the accident to the department or traffic records center.
- 3. In which accident a vehicle was rendered inoperative to a degree which required a wrecker to remove it from traffic may, within 10 days after completing the investigation, forward a written report of the accident to the department or traffic records center if such action is appropriate, in the officer's discretion.

However, in every case in which an accident report is required by this section and a written report to a law enforcement officer is not prepared, the law enforcement officer shall provide each party involved in the accident a short-form report, prescribed by the state, to be completed by the party. The short-form report must include, but is not limited to: the

date, time, and location of the accident; a description of the vehicles involved; the names and addresses of the parties involved; the names and addresses of witnesses; the name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of the officer investigating the accident; and the names of the insurance companies for the respective parties involved in the accident. Each party to the accident shall provide the law enforcement officer with proof of insurance to be included in the accident report. If a law enforcement officer submits a report on the accident, proof of insurance must be provided to the officer by each party involved in the accident within 24 hours after the accident. Any party who fails to provide the required information within the applicable time limit prescribed by this paragraph is guilty of an infraction for a nonmoving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.

Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 960.03, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

960.03 Definitions.--As used in ss. 960.01-960.28, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

(3) "Crime" means the commission by any person, including a juvenile offender, of a felony or misdemeanor offense punishable under the laws of this state, which results in physical injury or death. The term also includes any such criminal act which is committed within this state but which falls exclusively within federal jurisdiction. "Crime" also includes any violation of s. 316.193, s. 316.027(1)(2), or s. 782.071(2), which results in physical injury or death; however, no other act involving the operation of a motor vehicle, boat, or aircraft which results in injury or death shall constitute a crime for the purpose of this chapter unless the injury or death was intentionally inflicted through

the use of such vehicle, boat, or aircraft or unless such vehicle, boat, or aircraft is an implement of a crime to which this act applies. "Crime" also includes any such criminal act committed outside of this state against a resident of this state that would have been compensable if it had occurred in this state and that occurred in a state that does not have an eligible crime victim compensation program as the term is defined in the federal Victims of Crime Act of 1984.

Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 1997.

 Redefines the offense of unlawful failure to stop or remain at the scene of accident. Provides circumstances under which a person who knew or should have known the accident occurred commits such offense, regardless of whether the person knew at the time of the accident that injury or death resulted. Provides that the court may order a person who commits such offense to make restitution for certain damages or loss related to, or occurring directly or indirectly as a result of, the underlying accident resulting in injury or death. Redefines the term "victim injury," for purposes of sentencing a person who commits such offense, to include physical injury or death suffered by a person as a direct or indirect result of the underlying accident. Revises definition of "crime," with respect to the Florida Crimes Compensation Act, to correct a cross reference.