Florida House of Representatives - 1997 By Representative Cosgrove

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to traffic control; amending s. 3 316.003, F.S.; defining the term "traffic infraction detector"; amending s. 316.0745, 4 5 F.S.; requiring approval of traffic infraction 6 detectors by the Department of Highway Safety 7 and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 316.008, F.S.; providing counties and municipalities the 8 9 authorization to contract with private 10 providers for traffic infraction detectors; requiring the posting of signs; providing for 11 fines and disposition thereof; creating s. 12 13 318.1415, F.S.; authorizing law enforcement 14 officers to issue certain tickets; creating s. 15 316.1971, F.S.; providing for the use of traffic infraction detectors by counties and 16 17 municipalities; providing for the disposition 18 of certain fines; amending s. 320.03, F.S., to 19 conform to the act; authorizing demonstration 20 projects in certain counties; providing an 21 effective date. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 Section 1. Subsection (82) is added to section 25 26 316.003, Florida Statutes, to read: 27 316.003 Definitions.--The following words and phrases, 28 when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings 29 respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where 30 the context otherwise requires: 31 1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (82) TRAFFIC INFRACTION DETECTOR.--A traffic control 2 device used to detect traffic infractions through photographic 3 means, which, when used in cooperation with a speed calculating device, complies with s. 316.1905(1). 4 5 Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 316.0745, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 316.0745 Uniform signals and devices.--(6)(a) Any system of traffic control devices 8 9 controlled and operated from a remote location by electronic 10 computers or similar devices shall meet all requirements established for the uniform system, and where such systems 11 affect the movement of traffic on state roads the design of 12 the system shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of 13 14 Transportation. 15 (b) Any traffic infraction detector as defined in s. 16 316.003(82) or device or part thereof deployed on the streets 17 and highways of the state shall meet requirements established 18 by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. 19 Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 316.008, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, to read: 20 21 316.008 Powers of local authorities.--22 (7) A county or municipality may enact an ordinance 23 providing for the use of traffic infraction detectors to enforce the provisions of s. 316.074 relating to the failure 24 to stop a motor vehicle when facing a steady red traffic 25 26 control signal on streets and highways under their 27 jurisdiction. The ordinance may provide the local authority 28 with the authorization to contract with private providers to 29 operate and service the traffic infraction detectors. Any operator of a traffic infraction detector must qualify as a 30 31 law enforcement officer. The ordinance shall include a

2

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 1479

requirement that signs be posted to provide motorists with 1 advance notification that a traffic infraction detector is in 2 use. Such signage must conform to the standards and 3 requirements adopted by the Department of Transportation 4 5 pursuant to s. 316.0745. In addition, the ordinance shall 6 establish a schedule of fines to be assessed against a motor 7 vehicle owner whose vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady 8 red traffic control signal as determined through the use of a traffic infraction detector, provided that any such fine 9 imposed by ordinance may not exceed the amount of the fine 10 imposed by s. 318.18(3). The county or municipality is 11 authorized to use at least 50 percent of the net proceeds 12 13 collected in the creation of additional law enforcement positions and salary enhancements for law enforcement officers 14 15 charged with crime prevention and additional corrections positions and salary enhancements for corrections officers 16 17 charged with custody of inmates. 18 Section 4. Section 318.1415, Florida Statutes, is 19 created to read: 20 318.1415 Enforcement; traffic infraction 21 detectors.--Any law enforcement officer who has reason to 22 believe that a traffic infraction has occurred based upon 23 inspection of photographs or other recorded images produced by a traffic infraction detector may issue a traffic ticket for 24 25 such infraction, pursuant to the provisions of s. 316.1971. 26 Section 5. Section 316.1971, Florida Statutes, is 27 created to read: 28 316.1971 Liability for payment of penalties for 29 traffic control signal violations detected by photographic 30 system. --31

3

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

adopt a local ordinance providing for the use of a trafficinfraction detector to impose monetary liability on the ownerof a vehicle for failure of the operator to comply with theprovisions of this chapter with respect to the streets andhighways under its jurisdiction. Liability shall be imposedin the same manner and subject to the same limitations asprovided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county ormunicipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s.316.008(7).(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall befollowed except that the ticket when issued shall be deliveredby first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailingprepared in the ordinary course of business shall be primafacie evidence of the facts contained therein. Suchviolations may be processed by the county or municipalityhaving jurisdiction over the street or highway where theviolation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by suchcounty or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket isresponsible and liable for payment of the fine assessedpursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnishevidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,in the care, custody, or control of another person. In suchinstances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within areasonable time after notification of the violation, tofurnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities anaffidavit setting forth the name, addres	1	(1)(a) Any county or municipality is authorized to
 infraction detector to impose monetary liability on the owner of a vehicle for failure of the operator to comply with the provisions of this chapter with respect to the streets and highways under its jurisdiction. Liability shall be imposed in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter 318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s. 316.008(7). (b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise 		
4of a vehicle for failure of the operator to comply with the5provisions of this chapter with respect to the streets and6highways under its jurisdiction. Liability shall be imposed7in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as8provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter9318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or10municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s.11316.008(7).12(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be15followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is21responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed22pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish23evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,24in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such25instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a26reasonable time after notification of the violation, to27f		
5provisions of this chapter with respect to the streets and6highways under its jurisdiction. Liability shall be imposed7in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as8provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter9318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or10municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s.316.008(7).(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be12(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be13followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement		
bighways under its jurisdiction. Liability shall be imposed in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter 318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s. 316.008(7). (b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
7 in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter 9 318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s. 316.008(7). 2 (b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. 2 (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
8 provided in s. 316.1967, except that the provisions of chapter 9 318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s. 316.008(7). 12 (b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. 12 (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
9318 and s. 322.27 shall not apply to violations of county or10municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s.11316.008(7).12(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be13followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
municipal traffic infraction ordinances adopted pursuant to s. 316.008(7). (b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
11316.008(7).12(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be13followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise		
13followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	11	316.008(7).
14by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2)22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	12	(b) The procedure of s. 316.1967(2)-(5) shall be
15prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	13	followed except that the ticket when issued shall be delivered
16facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such17violations may be processed by the county or municipality18having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the19violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such20county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.21(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is22responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed23pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish24evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,25in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such26instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a27reasonable time after notification of the violation, to28furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an29affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's30license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	14	by first class mail. A manual or automatic record of mailing
 violations may be processed by the county or municipality having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise 	15	prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima
 having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise 	16	facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Such
19 violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such 20 county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. 21 (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is 22 responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed 23 pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish 24 evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, 25 in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such 26 instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a 27 reasonable time after notification of the violation, to 28 furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an 29 affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's 30 license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	17	violations may be processed by the county or municipality
20 county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket. 21 (2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is 22 responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed 23 pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish 24 evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, 25 in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such 26 instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a 27 reasonable time after notification of the violation, to 28 furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an 29 affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's 30 license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	18	having jurisdiction over the street or highway where the
(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	19	violation occurred, or by any other entity authorized by such
22 responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed 23 pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish 24 evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, 25 in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such 26 instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a 27 reasonable time after notification of the violation, to 28 furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an 29 affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's 30 license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	20	county or municipality to prepare and mail such ticket.
pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	21	(2) The owner of a vehicle who is issued a ticket is
evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	22	responsible and liable for payment of the fine assessed
25 <u>in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such</u> 26 <u>instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a</u> 27 <u>reasonable time after notification of the violation, to</u> 28 <u>furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an</u> 29 <u>affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's</u> 30 <u>license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise</u>	23	pursuant to this section, unless the owner can furnish
26 <u>instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a</u> 27 <u>reasonable time after notification of the violation, to</u> 28 <u>furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an</u> 29 <u>affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's</u> 30 <u>license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise</u>	24	evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the violation,
27 reasonable time after notification of the violation, to 28 furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an 29 affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's 30 license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	25	in the care, custody, or control of another person. In such
28 <u>furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an</u> 29 <u>affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's</u> 30 <u>license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise</u>	26	instances, the owner of the vehicle is required, within a
29 <u>affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's</u> 30 <u>license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise</u>	27	reasonable time after notification of the violation, to
30 license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise	28	furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities an
	29	affidavit setting forth the name, address, and driver's
31 had the care, custody, or control of the vehicle. If the	30	license number of the person who leased, rented, or otherwise
	31	had the care, custody, or control of the vehicle. If the

4

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

vehicle was stolen, the owner of the vehicle is not required 1 to identify the driver, but instead must submit the police 2 report indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the time of 3 4 the alleged violation. The affidavit submitted pursuant to 5 this subsection shall be admissible in a proceeding authorized 6 by this section and shall raise a rebuttable presumption that 7 the person identified in the affidavit was in actual control of the vehicle, in which case such person may be issued a 8 9 ticket for said violation. 10 (3) A certificate sworn to or affirmed by a law enforcement officer employed by or under contract to the 11 12 county or municipality where the violation occurred, or a 13 facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs or other recorded images produced by a traffic infraction 14 15 detector shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Any photograph or other recorded image evidencing 16 17 such a violation shall be available for inspection in any 18 proceedings to adjudicate liability for violations pursuant to 19 a local ordinance as authorized by this section. 20 (4) In any county that tickets are issued pursuant to 21 this section, the names of persons with one or more 22 outstanding violations may be included on the list authorized 23 pursuant to s. 316.1967(6). (5) The uniform traffic citation prepared by the 24 department pursuant to s. 316.650 may not be issued for a 25 26 violation of this chapter as evidenced by a traffic infraction 27 detector. 28 Section 6. Of the net proceeds collected as a result 29 of the use of traffic infraction detectors authorized in s. 30 316.008(7), Florida Statutes, each county and each 31 municipality shall deposit 20 percent into the Highway Safety 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 1479

Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Highway Safety and 1 Motor Vehicles to be expended for the purposes for which 2 moneys in such trust fund may be expended, including hiring 3 additional personnel for the Florida Highway Patrol and 4 5 enhancing salaries of the Florida Highway Patrol. The county 6 or municipality may use at least 35 percent of the remaining 7 proceeds collected by a county or municipality to create additional law enforcement positions and provide salary 8 9 enhancements for law enforcement officers charged with crime prevention and to create additional corrections positions and 10 provide salary enhancements for correction officers charged 11 12 with the custody of inmates. 13 Section 7. Subsection (8) of section 320.03, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 320.03 Registration; duties of tax collectors; 16 International Registration Plan. --17 (8) If the applicant's name appears on the list 18 referred to in s. 316.1971(4), s. 316.1001(5), or s. 19 316.1967(6), a license plate or revalidation sticker may not 20 be issued until that person's name no longer appears on the 21 list or until the person presents a receipt from the clerk 22 showing that the fines outstanding have been paid. The tax 23 collector and the clerk of the court are each entitled to receive monthly, as costs for implementing and administering 24 25 this subsection, 10 percent of the civil penalties and fines 26 recovered from such persons. If the tax collector has private 27 tag agents, such tag agents are entitled to receive a pro rata 28 share of the amount paid to the tax collector, based upon the 29 percentage of license plates and revalidation stickers issued 30 by the tag agent compared to the total issued within the county. The authority of any private agent to issue license 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

6

plates shall be revoked, after notice and a hearing as 1 provided in chapter 120, if he or she issues any license plate 2 3 or revalidation sticker contrary to the provisions of this subsection. This section applies only to the annual renewal in 4 5 the owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and 6 does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor 7 vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer licensed under this 8 chapter, except for the transfer of registrations which is 9 inclusive of the annual renewals. This section does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding 10 11 s. 319.23(7)(b). 12 Section 8. Demonstration projects authorized.--Each 13 county with a population in excess of 1 million may conduct a demonstration project in as many as 25 intersections in the 14 county on the effectiveness of using traffic infraction 15 detectors for fiscal year 1997-1998. 16 Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 1997. 17 18 19 20 HOUSE SUMMARY 21 Revises provisions of law relating to traffic control to: 1. Define the term "traffic infraction detector" to mean a traffic control device used to detect traffic 22 to 23 infractions through photographic means, which is used in cooperation with a speed calculating device. 2. Require the approval of traffic infraction detectors by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 24 25 Vehicles. Provide counties and municipalities with the authority to enact ordinances for the use of traffic 26 infraction detectors. 27 4. Authorize law enforcement officers to issue tickets. 5. Provide for the authority for the use of traffic infraction detectors by counties and municipalities. 6. Provide for demonstration projects in certain 28 29 counties in the state. 30 31

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.