A bill to be entitled

An act relating to mandatory minimum sentences; amending s. 775.0823, F.S.; providing mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for certain violent offenses against a law enforcement officer or other designated officers and officials; deleting an obsolete reference; amending s. 775.087, F.S.; conforming cross references; providing a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for committing certain offenses while possessing a firearm or destructive device; amending s. 775.0875, F.S.; providing a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for the offense of taking a law enforcement officer's firearm; amending s. 784.07, F.S.; increasing the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for committing certain offenses while possessing a firearm; conforming cross references; amending s. 784.08, F.S.; providing a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for an aggravated assault or aggravated battery committed against a person of a specified age or older; amending ss. 921.0014 and 947.146, F.S., relating to the sentencing quidelines worksheet and the Control Release Authority; conforming cross references to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 775.0823, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.0823 Violent offenses committed against law enforcement officers, correctional officers, state attorneys, assistant state attorneys, justices, or judges. -- Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the Legislature does hereby provide for an increase and certainty of penalty for any person convicted of a violent offense against any law enforcement or correctional officer, as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); against any state attorney elected pursuant to s. 27.01 or assistant state attorney appointed under s. 27.181; or against any justice or judge of a court described in Art. V of the State Constitution, which offense arises out of or in the scope of the officer's duty as a law enforcement or correctional officer, the state attorney's or assistant state attorney's duty as a prosecutor or investigator, or the justice's or judge's duty as a judicial officer, as follows:

- (1) For murder in the first degree as described in s. 782.04(1), if the death sentence is not imposed, a sentence of imprisonment for life without eligibility for release.
- (2) For attempted murder in the first degree as described in s. 782.04(1)(a)1.s. 782.04(1), a sentence pursuant to the sentencing guidelines.
- (3) For murder in the second degree as described in s. 782.04(2) and (3), a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the sentencing guidelines.
- (4) For attempted murder in the second degree as 30 described in s. 782.04(2) and (3), a sentence pursuant to the sentencing quidelines.

1 (5) For murder in the third degree as described in s. 2 782.04(4), a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 3 years without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the 4 sentencing quidelines. 5 (6) For attempted murder in the third degree as 6 described in s. 782.04(4), a sentence pursuant to the 7 sentencing guidelines. (6) (6) (7) For manslaughter as described in s. 782.07 8 9 during the commission of a crime, a mandatory minimum term of 10 imprisonment of 10 years without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the sentencing guidelines. 11 12 (7) For kidnapping as described in s. 787.01, a 13 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the sentencing 14 15 guidelines. (8) (8) (9) For aggravated battery as described in s. 16 17 784.045, a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years 18 without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the 19 sentencing guidelines. (9)(10) For aggravated assault as described in s. 20 21 784.021, a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year 22 without eligibility for release sentence pursuant to the 23 sentencing quidelines. 24 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, with respect to 25 26 any person who is found to have violated this section, 27 adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be 28 suspended, deferred, or withheld. 29 Section 2. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of

subsection (3) of section 775.087, Florida Statutes, 1996

Supplement, are amended to read:

1 775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated 2 battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence. --3 (2) Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony and the conviction was for: 4 5 (a) Murder; 6 (b) Sexual battery; 7 (c) Robbery; 8 (d) Burglary; 9 (e) Arson; 10 (f) Aggravated assault; (g) Aggravated battery; 11 12 (h) Kidnapping; 13 (i) Escape; 14 (j) Aircraft piracy; 15 (k) Aggravated child abuse; (1) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 16 17 adult; 18 (m) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 19 destructive device or bomb; (n) Carjacking; 20 21 (o) Home-invasion robbery; or 22 (p) Aggravated stalking 23 24 and during the commission of the offense, such person 25 possessed a "firearm" as defined in s. 790.001(6)or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 26 27 790.001(4), shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 28 imprisonment of 3 years. Notwithstanding s. 948.01, 29 adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be 30 suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form

of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, 3 prior to serving the minimum sentence. (3)(a) Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 4 5 attempt to commit a felony and the conviction is was for: 6 1. Murder; 7 2. Sexual battery; 8 3. Robbery; 9 4. Burglary; 10 5. Arson; 6. Aggravated assault; 11 12 7. Aggravated battery; 13 8. Kidnapping; 9. Escape; 14 15 10. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 16 17 11. Aircraft piracy; 18 12. Aggravated child abuse; 13. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 19 20 adult; 21 14. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb; 23 15. Carjacking; 16. Home-invasion robbery; or 24 25 17. Aggravated stalking 26 27 and during the commission of the offense, such person 28 possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity 29 detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 30 790.001(9), shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 8 years. Notwithstanding s. 948.01,

adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 775.0875, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

775.0875 Unlawful taking, possession, or use of law enforcement officer's firearm; crime reclassification; penalties.--

(1) A person who, without authorization, takes a firearm from a law enforcement officer lawfully engaged in law enforcement duties commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and the court shall impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years without eligibility for release.

Section 4. Section 784.07, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Law enforcement officer" includes a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a correctional probation officer, a part-time law enforcement officer, a part-time correctional officer, an auxiliary law enforcement officer, and an auxiliary correctional officer, as those terms are respectively defined in s. 943.10, and any county probation officer; employee or agent of the Department of

Corrections who supervises or provides services to inmates; officer of the Parole Commission; and law enforcement personnel of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the Department of Law Enforcement.

- (b) "Firefighter" means any person employed by any public employer of this state whose duty it is to extinguish fires; to protect life or property; or to enforce municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires.
- (c) "Emergency medical care provider" means an ambulance driver, emergency medical technician, paramedic, registered nurse, physician as defined in s. 401.23, medical director as defined in s. 401.23, or any person authorized by an emergency medical service licensed under chapter 401.
- (2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 318.141, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, intake officer, traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, parking enforcement specialist, or security officer is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:
- (a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.

- (b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.
- (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree.
- (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree.
- (3) Any person who is convicted of a battery under paragraph(2)(d)(2)(b) and, during the commission of the offense, such person possessed:
- (a) A "firearm" as defined in s. 790.001(6) or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001(4), shall be sentenced to a <u>mandatory</u> minimum term of imprisonment of 5 $\frac{3}{2}$ years without eligibility for release.
- (b) A semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine, as defined in s. 775.087(3), or a machine gun as defined in s. $790.001\underline{(9)}$, shall be sentenced to a <u>mandatory</u> minimum term of imprisonment of 8 years <u>without</u> eligibility for release.

Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 784.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.08 Assault or battery on persons 65 years of age or older; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentence.--

1	(1) <u>If</u> a person who is convicted of an aggravated
2	assault or aggravated battery upon a person 65 years of age or
3	older, the sentencing court shall impose a mandatory minimum
4	term of imprisonment of 3 years without eligibility for
5	release and the court shall also:
6	(a) Impose a fine of not more than \$10,000;
7	(b) Order the person to make restitution to the victim
8	of the offense; and
9	(c) Order the person to perform up to 500 hours of
10	community service work. be sentenced pursuant to the
11	sentencing guidelines and fined not more than \$10,000 and
12	shall also be ordered by the sentencing judge to make
13	restitution to the victim of such offense and to perform up to
14	500 hours of community service work. Restitution and
15	community service work shall be in addition to any fine or
16	sentence which may be imposed and shall not be in lieu
17	thereof.
18	Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 921.0014, Florida
19	Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:
20	921.0014 Sentencing guidelines; worksheet
21	computations; scoresheets
22	(1)(a) The sentencing guidelines worksheet is used to
23	compute the subtotal and total sentence points as follows:
24	
25	FLORIDA SENTENCING GUIDELINES WORKSHEET
26	
27	OFFENSE SCORE
28	
29	Primary Offense
30	Level Sentence Points Total
31	

1	10	116			=	
2	9	92			=	
3	8	74			=	
4	7	56			=	
5	6	36			=	
6	5	28			=	
7	4	22			=	
8	3	16			=	
9	2	10			=	
10	1	4			=	
11	• • • • • • •					
12					Tota:	<u> </u>
13						
14						
15		Additional (ffense	es		
16	Level	Sentence Points		Counts		Total
17						
18	10	58	Х		=	
19	9	46	Х	• • • •	=	
20	8	37	X		=	
21	7	28	Х		=	
22	6	18	Х	• • • •	=	
23	5	5.4	Х	• • • •	=	
24	4	3.6	Х	• • • •	=	
25	3	2.4	Х	• • • •	=	
26	2	1.2	Х	• • • •	=	
27	1	0.7	х	• • • •	=	
28	М	0.2	х	• • • •	=	
29			• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
30					<u>Tota</u>	<u>L</u>
31						

1							
2	Victim Injury						
3	Level	Sentence	Points	Number		Total	
4							
5	2nd degree						
6	murder-						
7	death	240	X		=		
8	Death	120	X		=		
9	Severe	40	X		=		
10	Sexual						
11	penetratio	n 80	x	• • • •	=		
12	Moderate	18	x	• • • •	=		
13	Sexual						
14	contact	40	x	• • • •	=		
15	Slight	4	X		=		
16							
17					Total		
18							
18 19	Primary Offens	e + Addit	tional Offenses	+ Victim In	jury=		
	Primary Offens		cional Offenses OTAL OFFENSE SC		jury=		
19	Primary Offens				jury=		
19 20	Primary Offens	TO		ORE	jury=		
19 20 21	Primary Offens	TO	OTAL OFFENSE SC	ORE	jury=		
19 20 21 22	Primary Offens	TO	OTAL OFFENSE SC	ORE	jury=		
19 20 21 22 23		TC	OTAL OFFENSE SC	ORE	jury=	Total	
19 20 21 22 23 24		TC	OTAL OFFENSE SC PRIOR RECORD SC Prior Record	ORE	jury=	Total	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25		TC	OTAL OFFENSE SC PRIOR RECORD SC Prior Record	ORE	jury= 	Total	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Level	T(I Sentence	PRIOR RECORD SC Prior Record Points	ORE	jury= = = =	Total 	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Level	TO I Sentence 29	PRIOR RECORD SC Prior Record Points	ORE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Total	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Level	Sentence 29 23	PRIOR RECORD SC Prior Record Points	ORE		Total	

1	5	3.6	х		=		
2	4	2.4	х		=		
3	3	1.6	х		=		
4	2	0.8	х		=		
5	1	0.5	х		=		
6	М	0.2	х		=		
7							
8					<u>Tota</u>	<u>L</u>	
9							
10							
11	TOTAL OFFE	INSE SCORE					
12	TOTAL PRIC	R RECORD SCORE					
13							
14	LEGAL STAT	us	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
15	COMMUNITY	SANCTION VIOLATI	ON				
16	PRIOR SERI	OUS FELONY	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
17	PRIOR CAPI	TAL FELONY	• • • • • • • • • •				
18	FIREARM OF	SEMIAUTOMATIC W	EAPON				
19				SUE	BTOTAL.		
20							
21	VIOLENT CAREER CRIMINAL (no)(yes)						
22	VIOLENT HABITUAL OFFENDER (no)(yes)						
23	HABITUAL OFFENDER (no)(yes)						
24	DRUG TRAFFICKER (no)(yes) (x multiplier)						
25	LAW ENF. PROTECT. (no)(yes) (x multiplier)						
26	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT (no)(yes) (x multiplier)						
27	CRIMINAL STREET GANG MEMBER (no)(yes) (x multiplier)						
28							
29	TOTAL SENTENCE POINTS						
30							
31		(b) WOR	KSHEET KEY	:			
			4.0				

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

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7 Community sanction violation points are assessed when a 8 community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation, and each successive community 10 sanction violation; however, if the community sanction 11 violation includes a new felony conviction before the 12 13 sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation 14 points are assessed for such violation, and for each 15 successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction. Multiple counts of community sanction violations 16 17 before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for 18 multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation 19 points.

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Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of 30 points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0012 or s. 921.0013 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is

or any additional offense was committed. 2 3 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more 4 prior capital felonies, points shall be added to the subtotal 5 sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of 7 points the offender receives for the primary offense and any 8 additional offense. A prior capital felony is a capital felony offense for which the offender has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony 10 in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the 11 offense were committed in this state. 12 13 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine 14 gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting 15 to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 16 17 775.087(2) while having in his possession: a firearm as 18 defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional 18 sentence points are 19 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or 20 attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his possession a semiautomatic 21 firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as 22 23 defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional 25 sentence points are

later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense

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assessed.

Sentencing multipliers:

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Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing

court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 3 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 4 5 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 7 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 8 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 10 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 11 12 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(8) or $(9)s. \frac{775.0823(9)}{9}$ or 13 $\frac{(10)}{(10)}$, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 14 15 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and 16 17 in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand 18 thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the 19 subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 20 21 Criminal street gang member: If the offender is convicted of 22 the primary offense and is found to have been a member of a 23 criminal street gang at the time of the commission of the primary offense pursuant to s. 874.04, the subtotal sentence 24 25 points are multiplied by 1.5. 26 Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 947.146, Florida 27 Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 28 947.146 Control Release Authority. --29 (3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state 30 correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall

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determine eligibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. In establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. The authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates who:

- (a) Are serving a sentence that includes a mandatory minimum provision for a capital offense or drug trafficking offense and have not served the number of days equal to the mandatory minimum term less any jail-time credit awarded by the court;
- (b) Are serving the mandatory minimum portion of a sentence enhanced under s. 775.087(2) or (3), or s. 784.07(3);
- (c) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit sexual battery, incest,

or any of the following lewd or indecent assaults or acts: masturbating in public; exposing the sexual organs in a perverted manner; or nonconsensual handling or fondling of the sexual organs of another person;

- (d) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit assault, aggravated assault, battery, or aggravated battery, and a sex act was attempted or completed during commission of such offense;
- (e) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit kidnapping, burglary, or murder, and the offense was committed with the intent to commit sexual battery or a sex act was attempted or completed during commission of the offense;
- (f) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit false imprisonment upon a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of committing the offense, the inmate committed aggravated child abuse, sexual battery against the child, or a lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon or in the presence of the child;
- (g) Are sentenced, have previously been sentenced, or have been sentenced at any time under s. 775.084, or have been sentenced at any time in another jurisdiction as a habitual offender;
- (h) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, kidnapping, manslaughter, or murder against an officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); against a state attorney or assistant state attorney; or against a justice or judge of a court described in Art. V of the State Constitution; or against an officer, judge, or state attorney

employed in a comparable position by any other jurisdiction; or

- (i) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit murder in the first, second, or third degree under s. 782.04(1), (2), (3), or (4), or have ever been convicted of any degree of murder or attempted murder in another jurisdiction;
- (j) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of DUI manslaughter under s. 316.193(3)(c)3., and are sentenced, or have been sentenced at any time, as a habitual offender for such offense, or have been sentenced at any time in another jurisdiction as a habitual offender for such offense;
- (k)1. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed
 on or after January 1, 1994, for a violation of the Law
 Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), or
 (5), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is
 multiplied pursuant to s. 921.0014;
- 2. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, for a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7), or (8), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is multiplied pursuant to s. 921.0014;
- (1) Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1994, for possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun in which additional points are added to the subtotal of the offender's sentence points pursuant to s. 921.0014; or
- $\mbox{(m)}$ Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit manslaughter,

1 kidnapping, robbery, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, or a 2 burglary under s. 810.02(2).

In making control release eligibility determinations under this subsection, the authority may rely on any document leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings, including, but not limited to, any presentence or postsentence investigation or any information contained in arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997.

 Provides mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment for certain violent offenses against a law enforcement officer or other designated officers and officials. Provides a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for committing certain offenses while possessing a firearm or destructive device. Provides a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for the offense of taking a law enforcement officer's firearm. Increases the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for committing certain offenses while possessing a firearm. Provides a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for an aggravated assault or aggravated battery committed against a person of a specified age or older. Conforms cross references to changes made by the act.

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