22-150-98

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to journalism; creating s. 90.5015, F.S.; creating a privilege for 3 4 professional journalists to refuse to be a 5 witness or to disclose specified information; providing definitions; authorizing courts to 6 7 order disclosure of certain information; providing for nonwaiver of the privilege; 8 9 providing severability; providing an effective 10 date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Section 90.5015, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 16 90.5015 Journalist's privilege.--17 (1) For purposes of this section, the term: (a) "Professional journalist" means a person regularly 18 19 engaged in collecting, photographing, recording, writing, editing, reporting, or publishing news, for gain or 20 21 livelihood. 22 (b) "Information" means information sought or obtained 23 by a journalist while working as a salaried employee of, or 24 independent contractor for, a newspaper, news journal, news 25 agency, press association, wire service, radio or television 26 station, network, or news magazine. 27 "News" means information of public concern 28 relating to local, statewide, national, or worldwide issues or 29 events. 30 (2) Upon demonstration by affidavit or other competent evidence that a professional journalist was engaged in

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gathering news when receiving information, a professional journalist has a qualified privilege not to be a witness 2 3 concerning, and not to disclose, information, including the identity of any source, which the professional journalist has 4 5 obtained while actively gathering news. This privilege applies 6 only to information or eyewitness observations obtained within 7 the normal scope of employment and does not apply to physical 8 evidence of crime. A party seeking to overcome this privilege must make a clear and specific showing that: 9

- (a) The information is relevant and material to unresolved issues that have been raised in the proceeding for which the information is sought;
- (b) The information cannot be obtained from alternative sources; and
- (c) A compelling interest exists for requiring disclosure of the information.
- (3) A court shall order disclosure pursuant to subsection (2) only of that portion of the information for which the showing under subsection (2) has been made and shall support such order with clear and specific findings made after a hearing.
- (4) A professional journalist does not waive the privilege provided by subsection (2) by disclosing all or any part of the information protected by the privilege to any other person, notwithstanding s. 90.507.
- (5) This section must not be construed to limit any privilege or right provided to a professional journalist under law.
- 29 (6) If any provision of this section or its
 30 application to any particular person or circumstance is held
 31 invalid, that provision or its application is severable and

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       does not affect the validity of other provisions or
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       applications of this section.
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                    Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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       law.
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                                                     SENATE SUMMARY
          Provides a qualified privilege to a professional journalist not to be a witness concerning, and not to disclose, information that the journalist has obtained while actively gathering news. Provides definitions. Authorizes a court to order disclosure only upon a showing that prescribed conditions have been met. Provides for nonwaiver of the privilege.
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