# Florida Senate - 1998

By the Committee on Natural Resources and Senator Latvala

	312-2002B-98
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to marine resources; amending
3	s. 253.72, F.S.; providing restrictions for
4	certain areas for harvesting shellfish;
5	amending s. 370.06, F.S.; providing an
6	exemption for totally disabled residents for a
7	restricted species endorsement; providing
8	qualifications for the issuance of a marine
9	life endorsement on a saltwater products
10	license; providing for a moratorium on the
11	issuance of endorsements; providing for the
12	transfer and reissuance of endorsements;
13	providing for a report; amending s. 370.0608,
14	F.S.; revising the distribution of funds
15	collected from the sale of recreational
16	saltwater fishing licenses; amending s.
17	370.092, F.S.; providing specific rulemaking
18	authority for the regulation of nets on boats
19	of a specific length; directing the Marine
20	Fisheries Commission to adopt rules prohibiting
21	the possession and sale of mullet taken in
22	illegal gill or entangling nets; providing a
23	penalty for violations; amending s. 370.093,
24	F.S.; authorizing the Marine Fisheries
25	Commission to adopt rules implementing s.
26	370.093, F.S.; amending s. 370.142, F.S.;
27	providing for a surcharge to be assessed upon
28	the initial transfer of a transferable crawfish
29	trap certificate outside the original
30	transferor's immediate family; prohibiting the
31	lease of lobster trap certificates after July
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# CS for SB 1506

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1	1, 1998; providing additional penalties for
2	violations relating to traps; providing for the
3	continuation of the Marine Fisheries Commission
4	notwithstanding its scheduled abolition;
5	amending s. 370.13, F.S.; restricting the
6	issuance of stone crab trap numbers until July
7	1, 2000; providing for renewal under certain
8	circumstances; amending s. 370.135, F.S.;
9	restricting the issuance of new blue crab
10	endorsements for a certain period of time;
11	providing for renewal or replacement under
12	certain circumstances; amending s. 370.021,
13	F.S.; providing additional penalties for
14	violations involving buying saltwater products
15	from an unlicensed seller or the sale of
16	saltwater products by an unlicensed seller;
17	authorizing the suspension, revocation, or
18	denial of renewal of licenses for specified
19	major violations involving finfish, shrimp,
20	marine life species, crawfish, stone crabs, and
21	blue crabs; requiring clerks of courts to
22	certify the final disposition of specified
23	court proceedings to the Department of
24	Environmental Protection; amending s. 370.07,
25	F.S.; authorizing the sharing of wholesale
26	saltwater products dealer reports with other
27	states under specified conditions; providing
28	civil penalties for violation of recordkeeping
29	and reporting requirements; prohibiting a
30	licensed retail dealer or a licensed restaurant
31	from buying saltwater products from any person
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1	other than a licensed wholesale or retail
2	dealer; repealing s. 370.08(7), F.S., relating
3	to the use of gear and other equipment;
4	repealing s. 370.0821(3), F.S., relating to the
5	use of nets in St. Johns County; repealing s.
6	370.11(2) and (3), F.S., relating to the length
7	of saltwater fish and the use of nets to
8	harvest shad; repealing s. 370.1125, F.S.,
9	relating to the harvest of permits; repealing
10	s. 370.114, F.S., relating to the taking of
11	corals and sea fans; repealing s. 370.135(2)
12	and (3), F.S., relating to the harvest and sale
13	of blue crabs; repealing s. 370.15(2) and (3),
14	F.S., relating to the harvest of shrimp;
15	repealing s. 370.151(2), F.S., relating to the
16	Tortugas shrimp beds; repealing s.
17	370.153(4)(c), (d), and (e) and (5)(b) and (d),
18	F.S., relating to the harvest of shrimp in
19	Clay, Duval, Nassau, Putnam, Flagler, and St.
20	Johns Counties; repealing s. 370.156, F.S.,
21	relating to the Florida East Coast Shrimp Bed;
22	repealing s. 370.157, F.S., relating to the
23	harvest of shrimp in the Cedar Key closed area;
24	repealing s. 370.1127, F.S., relating to mullet
25	regulation west of the Ochlockonee River;
26	providing an effective date.
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28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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30	Section 1. Subsection (3) is added to section 253.72,
31	Florida Statutes, to read:
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1	253.72 Marking of leased areas; restrictions on public					
2	use					
3	(3) To assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture					
4	products produced on leases authorized pursuant to this					
5	chapter and chapter 370, harvesting shellfish is prohibited					
6	within a distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease					
7	boundaries or within setback and access corridors within					
8	specifically designated high-density aquaculture lease areas					
9	and aquaculture use zones.					
10	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 370.06, Florida					
11	Statutes, is amended to read:					
12	370.06 Licenses					
13	(2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE					
14	(a) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells,					
15	offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any					
16	saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with					
17	certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a					
18	valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an					
19	aquaculture certificate is not required to purchase and					
20	possess a saltwater products license in order to possess,					
21	transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. Each					
22	saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any					
23	of the activities for which the license is required. The					
24	license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or					
25	aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any					
26	time that harvesting activities for which a license is					
27	required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement					
28	on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a					
29	licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by					
30	law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This					
31	endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16					
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years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of 1 2 its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is 3 attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a 4 license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from 5 another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a б for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of 7 its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar 8 9 license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of 10 the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation 11 is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of 12 13 the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable 14 to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued 15 under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution 16 17 must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the purpose of this section "income" means that income which is 18 19 attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, retirement benefits, and social security benefits. 20 The department is authorized to require 21 1. verification of such income. Acceptable proof of income earned 22 from the sale of saltwater products shall be: 23 24 a. Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to 25 this subsection (marine fisheries information system), documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 26 Copies of sales records from locales other than 27 b. 28 Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 29 A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, С. 30 including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from 31 the sale of saltwater products; 5

1 d. Crew share statements verifying income earned from 2 the sale of saltwater products; or 3 e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement 4 attesting to qualifying source and amount of income. 5 б Any provision of this section or any other section of the 7 Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person 8 who owns a retail seafood market and/or restaurant at a fixed location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational 9 10 license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who harvests 11 saltwater products to supply his or her retail store and has had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 years 12 prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her 13 verification of income and sales value at the person's retail 14 seafood market and/or restaurant and in his or her saltwater 15 products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued 16 17 a restricted species endorsement. 2. Exceptions from income requirements shall be as 18 19 follows: 20 A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be a. 21 available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years. 22 b. Active military duty time shall be excluded from 23 24 consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be 25 counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying. c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel 26 owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible 27 28 for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such 29 vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species 30 31 6

1 endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the 2 vessel. 3 d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person 4 possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate 5 family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall б be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the 7 purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a 8 period of 1 year after the death or disablement. 9 e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on 10 an individual saltwater products license to a person age 62 or 11 older who documents that at least \$2,500 is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to the provisions of 12 13 this paragraph. f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also 14 15 be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products 16 17 license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years. 18 g. Any resident who is certified to be totally and 19 permanently disabled by a verified written statement, based 20 upon the criteria for permanent total disability in chapter 21 440 from a physician licensed in this state, by any branch of the United States Armed Services, by the Social Security 22 Administration, or by the United States Department of Veterans 23 24 Affairs or its predecessor, or any resident who holds a valid 25 identification card issued by the Department of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to s. 295.17, shall be exempted from the 26 27 income requirements if he or she also has held a saltwater 28 products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years 29 prior to the date of the disability. A Disability Award Notice 30 issued by the United States Social Security Administration is 31 not sufficient certification for a resident to obtain the

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1 <u>income exemption unless the notice certifies that the resident</u> 2 is totally and permanently disabled.

4 At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted 5 species endorsement shall be aboard any vessel harvesting б restricted species in excess of any bag limit or when fishing 7 under a commercial quota or in commercial quantities, and such vessel shall have a commercial vessel registration. This 8 9 subsection does not apply to any person, firm, or corporation 10 licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. or (b) for activities 11 pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat 12 registration number. Such license is not transferable. A decal 13 shall be issued with each saltwater products license issued to 14 a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products 15 license decal shall be the same color as the vessel 16 17 registration decal issued each year pursuant to s. 327.11(7) and shall indicate the period of time such license is valid. 18 19 The saltwater products license decal shall be placed beside 20 the vessel registration decal and, in the case of an 21 undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the vessel registration decal lies between the vessel registration number 22 and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 23 24 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed 25 from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 26 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 27 28 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 29 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the 30 31 name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license

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1 issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay 2 an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license 3 issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat registration number. 4 5 Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this б license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A 7 saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed 8 wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an 9 imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records 10 of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule 11 of the Department of Environmental Protection not in conflict with s. 370.07(6), and shall provide the holder of the 12 13 saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater 14 products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of 15 this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy 16 17 from another licensed wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any 18 licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products designated 19 as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation 20 not possessing a restricted species endorsement on his or her saltwater products license under the provisions of this 21 section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from 22 another licensed wholesale dealer. The Department of 23 24 Environmental Protection shall be the licensing agency, may 25 contract with private persons or entities to implement aspects of the licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine 26 fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing 27 28 program to gather fisheries data. 29 (b) Any person who sells, offers for sale, barters, or 30 exchanges for merchandise saltwater products must have a

31 method of catch preservation which meets the requirements and

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1 standards of the seafood quality control code promulgated by 2 the Department of Environmental Protection. 3 (c) A saltwater products license is required to 4 harvest commercial quantities of saltwater products. Any 5 vessel from which commercial quantities of saltwater products б are harvested must have a commercial vessel registration. Commercial quantities of saltwater products shall be defined 7 8 as: 9 1. With respect to those species for which no bag 10 limit has been established, more than 100 pounds per person 11 per day, provided that the harvesting of two fish or less per person per day shall not be considered commercial quantities 12 13 regardless of aggregate weight; and With respect to those species for which a bag limit 14 2. 15 has been established, more than the bag limit allowed by law or rule. 16 17 (d)1. In addition to the saltwater products license, a marine life fishing endorsement is shall be required for the 18 19 harvest of marine life species as defined by rule of the 20 Marine Fisheries Commission. This endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 years of age or older or 21 22 to a corporation holding a valid restricted species 23 endorsement. 24 2.a. Effective July 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, a 25 marine life endorsement may not be issued under this paragraph, except that those endorsements that are active 26 27 during the 1997-1998 fiscal year may be renewed. 28 In 1998 persons or corporations holding a marine b. 29 life endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year or an immediate family member of that person must request 30 31

1 renewal of the marine life endorsement before December 31, 2 1998. 3 c. In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a marine life endorsement holder or member of his or her 4 5 immediate family must request renewal of the marine life б endorsement before September 30 of each year. 7 If a person or corporation holding an active marine d. 8 life fishing endorsement or a member of that person's 9 immediate family does not request renewal of the endorsement 10 before the applicable dates specified in this paragraph, the 11 department shall deactivate that marine life fishing 12 endorsement. e. In the event of the death or disability of a person 13 holding an active marine life fishing endorsement, the 14 endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of 15 his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so 16 17 designated by the executor of the person's estate. f. Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product 18 19 licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their vessel registration numbers and who subsequently replace their 20 21 existing vessels with new vessels may transfer the existing 22 marine life fishing endorsement to the new boat registration 23 numbers. 24 g. Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their 25 26 name and who subsequently incorporate or unincorporate may 27 transfer the existing marine life fishing endorsement to the 28 new corporation or person. 29 h. By July 1, 2000, the Marine Fisheries Commission 30 shall prepare a report regarding options for the establishment 31 of a limited-entry program for the marine life fishery and 11

submit the report to the Governor, the President of the 1 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 2 3 chairs of the Senate and House committees having jurisdiction 4 over marine resources. 5 3.2. The fee for a marine life fishery endorsement on б a saltwater products license shall be \$75. These license fees 7 shall be collected and deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and used for the purchase and 8 9 installation of vessel mooring buoys at coral reef sites and 10 for research related to marine fisheries. 11 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 370.0608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 370.0608 Deposit of license fees; allocation of 13 federal funds.--14 (1) All license fees collected pursuant to s. 370.0605 15 shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation 16 17 Trust Fund, to be used as follows: (a) Not more than 5  $\frac{2.5}{2.5}$  percent of the total fees 18 19 collected shall be for the Marine Fisheries Commission to be 20 used to carry out the responsibilities of the commission and to provide for the award of funds to marine research 21 institutions in this state for the purposes of enabling such 22 institutions to conduct worthy marine research projects. 23 24 (b) Not less than 2.5 percent of the total fees 25 collected shall be used for aquatic education purposes. (c)1. The remainder of such fees shall be used by the 26 department for the following program functions: 27 28 a. Not more than 5 percent of the total fees 29 collected, for administration of the licensing program and for information and education. 30 31

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1 b. Not more than 30 percent of the total fees 2 collected, for law enforcement. 3 c. Not less than 30 percent of the total fees collected, for marine research. 4 5 d. Not less than 27.5 30 percent of the total fees б collected, for fishery enhancement, including, but not limited to, fishery statistics development, artificial reefs, and fish 7 8 hatcheries. 9 2. The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the 10 Department of Environmental Protection from the General 11 Revenue Fund for the activities and programs specified in subparagraph 1. at least the same amount of money as was 12 13 appropriated to the department from the General Revenue Fund for such activities and programs for fiscal year 1988-1989, 14 15 and the amounts appropriated to the department for such activities and programs from the Marine Resources Conservation 16 17 Trust Fund shall be in addition to the amount appropriated to 18 the department for such activities and programs from the 19 General Revenue Fund. The proceeds from recreational saltwater 20 fishing license fees paid by fishers shall only be 21 appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection. Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 370.092, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 370.092 Carriage of proscribed nets across Florida 25 waters.--26 (3)(a) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), unless 27 authorized by rule of the Marine Fisheries Commission, it is a 28 major violation under this section, punishable as provided in 29 subsection (4), for any person, firm, or corporation to possess any gill or entangling net, or any seine net larger 30 31 than 500 square feet in mesh area, on any airboat or on any 13

other vessel less than 22 feet in length or less than 25 feet 1 in length if primary power of the vessel is mounted forward of 2 3 the vessel center point. Gill or entangling nets shall be as defined in s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution, s. 4 5 370.093(2)(b), or in a rule of the Marine Fisheries Commission б implementing s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution. Vessel 7 length shall be determined in accordance with current U.S. 8 Coast Guard regulations specified in the Code of Federal 9 Regulations or as titled by the State of Florida. The Marine 10 Fisheries Commission may adjust by rule the use of gear on 11 vessels of lengths different than those specified in this section in order to prevent the illegal use of gill and 12 13 entangling nets in state waters and to provide reasonable 14 opportunities for the use of legal net gear in adjacent 15 federal waters. (b) (a) It shall be a major violation pursuant to this 16 17 section and shall be punished as provided in subsection (4) for any person, firm, or corporation to be simultaneously in 18 19 possession of any species of mullet in excess of the 20 recreational daily bag limit and any gill or other entangling net as defined in s. 16(c), Art. X of the State Constitution. 21 Simultaneous possession under this provision shall include 22 possession of mullet and gill or other entangling nets on 23 24 separate vessels or vehicles where such vessels or vehicles are operated in coordination with one another including 25 vessels towed behind a main vessel. This subsection does not 26 prohibit a resident of this state from transporting on land, 27 28 from Alabama to this state, a commercial quantity of mullet 29 together with a gill net if: 1. The person possesses a valid commercial fishing 30 31 license that is issued by the State of Alabama and that allows

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1 the person to use a gill net to legally harvest mullet in 2 commercial quantities from Alabama waters. 3 The person possesses a trip ticket issued in 2. 4 Alabama and filled out to match the quantity of mullet being 5 transported, and the person is able to present such trip б ticket immediately upon entering this state. 7 The mullet are to be sold to a wholesale saltwater 3. 8 products dealer located in Escambia County or Santa Rosa 9 County, which dealer also possesses a valid seafood dealer's 10 license issued by the State of Alabama. The dealer's name must 11 be clearly indicated on the trip ticket. The mullet being transported are totally removed 12 4. 13 from any net also being transported. 14 (c)(b) It shall be a major violation pursuant to this 15 section for any person to be in possession of any species of trout, snook, or redfish which is three fish in excess of the 16 17 recreational or commercial daily bag limit. The Marine Fisheries Commission shall adopt rules 18 (d) 19 to prohibit the possession and sale of mullet taken in illegal gill or entangling nets. Violations of such rules shall be 20 punishable as provided in subsection (4). 21 Section 5. Subsection (6) of section 370.093, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 370.093 Illegal use of nets.--(6) The Marine Fisheries Commission is granted 25 authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 370.025 and 370.027 26 27 implementing this section and the prohibitions and 28 restrictions of s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution. 29 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 370.142, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 370.142 Spiny lobster trap certificate program.--15

1	(2) TRANSFERABLE TRAP CERTIFICATES; TRAP TAGS; FEES;			
2	PENALTIESThe Department of Environmental Protection shall			
3	establish a trap certificate program for the spiny lobster			
4	fishery of this state and shall be responsible for its			
5	administration and enforcement as follows:			
6	(a) Transferable trap certificatesEach holder of a			
7	saltwater products license who uses traps for taking or			
8	attempting to take spiny lobsters shall be required to have a			
9	certificate on record for each trap possessed or used			
10	therefor, except as otherwise provided in this section.			
11	1. The department shall initially allot such			
12	certificates to each licenseholder with a current crawfish			
13	trap number who uses traps. The number of such certificates			
14	allotted to each such licenseholder shall be based on the			
15	trap/catch coefficient established pursuant to trip ticket			
16	records generated under the provisions of s. 370.06(2)(a) over			
17	a 3-year base period ending June 30, 1991. The trap/catch			
18	coefficient shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the			
19	highest reported single license-year landings up to a maximum			
20	of 30,000 pounds for each such licenseholder during the base			
21	period by 700,000. Each such licenseholder shall then be			
22	allotted the number of certificates derived by dividing his or			
23	her highest reported single license-year landings up to a			
24	maximum of 30,000 pounds during the base period by the			
25	trap/catch coefficient. Nevertheless, no licenseholder with a			
26	current crawfish trap number shall be allotted fewer than 10			
27	certificates. However, certificates may only be issued to			
28	individuals; therefore, all licenseholders other than			
29	individual licenseholders shall designate the individual or			
30	individuals to whom their certificates will be allotted and			
31	the number thereof to each, if more than one. After initial			
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1 issuance, trap certificates are transferable on a market basis 2 and may be transferred from one licenseholder to another for a 3 fair market value agreed upon between the transferor and 4 transferee. Each such transfer shall, within 72 hours thereof, 5 be recorded on a notarized form provided for that purpose by б the department and hand delivered or sent by certified mail, 7 return receipt requested, to the department for recordkeeping 8 purposes. In addition, in order to cover the added 9 administrative costs of the program and to recover an 10 equitable natural resource rent for the people of the state, a 11 transfer fee of \$2 per certificate transferred shall be assessed against the purchasing licenseholder and sent by 12 13 money order or cashier's check with the certificate transfer 14 form. Also, in addition to the transfer fee, a surcharge of \$5 15 per certificate transferred or 25 percent of the actual fair market value, whichever is greater, given to the transferor 16 17 shall be assessed the first time a certificate is transferred 18 outside the original transferor's immediate family. No 19 transfer of a certificate shall be effective until the department receives the notarized transfer form and the 20 transfer fee, including any surcharge, is paid. 21 The 22 department may establish by rule an amount of equitable rent per trap certificate that shall be recovered as partial 23 24 compensation to the state for the enhanced access to its natural resources. In determining whether to establish such a 25 rent and, if so, the amount thereof, the department shall 26 consider the amount of revenues annually generated by 27 28 certificate fees, transfer fees, surcharges, trap license 29 fees, and sales taxes, the demonstrated fair market value of transferred certificates, and the continued economic viability 30 31 of the commercial lobster industry. The proceeds of equitable

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1 rent recovered shall be deposited in the Marine Resources 2 Conservation Trust Fund and used by the department for 3 research, management, and protection of the spiny lobster fishery and habitat. 4 5 No person, firm, corporation, or other business 2. б entity may control, directly or indirectly, more than 1.5 7 percent of the total available certificates in any license 8 year. The department shall maintain records of all 9 3. 10 certificates and their transfers and shall annually provide 11 each licenseholder with a statement of certificates held. The number of trap tags issued annually to each 12 4. 13 licenseholder shall not exceed the number of certificates held by the licenseholder at the time of issuance, and such tags 14 and a statement of certificates held shall be issued 15 16 simultaneously. 17 5. Beginning July 1, 2003, and applicable to the 18 2003-2004 lobster season and thereafter, it is unlawful for 19 any person to lease lobster trap tags or certificates. 20 (b) Trap tags.--Each trap used to take or attempt to take spiny lobsters in state waters or adjacent federal waters 21 22 shall, in addition to the crawfish trap number required by s. 370.14(2), have affixed thereto an annual trap tag issued by 23 24 the department. Each such tag shall be made of durable plastic 25 or similar material and shall, beginning with those tags issued for the 1993-1994 season based on the number of 26 certificates held, have stamped thereon the owner's license 27 28 number. To facilitate enforcement and recordkeeping, such tags 29 shall be issued each year in a color different from that of each of the previous 3 years. A fee of 50 cents per tag issued 30 31 other than on the basis of a certificate held shall be

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1 assessed through March 31, 1993. Until 1995, an annual fee of 2 50 cents per certificate shall be assessed, and thereafter, 3 until 1998, an annual fee of 75 cents per certificate shall be assessed upon issuance in order to recover administrative 4 5 costs of the tags and the certificate program. Beginning in б 1998, the annual certificate fee shall be \$1 per certificate. 7 Replacement tags for lost or damaged tags may be obtained as 8 provided by rule of the department.

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(c) Prohibitions; penalties.--

10 1. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use a 11 spiny lobster trap in or on state waters or adjacent federal waters without having affixed thereto the trap tag required by 12 13 this section. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use any other gear or device designed to attract and enclose or 14 15 otherwise aid in the taking of spiny lobster by trapping that is not a trap as defined in rule 46-24.006(2), Florida 16 17 Administrative Code.

18 2. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use spiny
19 lobster trap tags without having the necessary number of
20 certificates on record as required by this section.

3. <u>In addition to any other penalties provided in s.</u>
 <u>370.021</u> Unless otherwise provided in this section, a
 commercial harvester, as defined by rule 46-24.002(1), Florida
 Administrative Code, who violates the provisions of this
 section, or the provisions <u>relating to traps</u> of chapter 46-24,
 Florida Administrative Code, shall be punished as follows:

a. If the first violation is for violation of
subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the department shall
assess <u>an additional</u> <del>a</del> civil penalty of up to \$1,000 and the
crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (7)
may be suspended for the remainder of the current license

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1 year. For all other first violations, the department shall 2 assess an additional  $\frac{1}{2}$  civil penalty of up to \$500. 3 For a second violation of subparagraph 1. or b. subparagraph 2. which occurs within 24 months of any previous 4 5 such violation, the department shall assess an additional  $\frac{1}{2}$ б civil penalty of up to \$2,000 and the crawfish trap number 7 issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (7) may be suspended for 8 the remainder of the current license year. 9 c. For a third or subsequent violation of subparagraph 10 1. or subparagraph 2. which occurs within 36 months of any 11 previous two such violations, the department shall assess an additional  $\frac{1}{2}$  civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the 12 crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (7)13 for a period of up to 24 months or may revoke the crawfish 14 trap number and, if revoking the crawfish trap number, may 15 also proceed against the licenseholder's saltwater products 16 17 license in accordance with the provisions of s. 370.021(2)(e). Any person assessed an additional  $\frac{1}{2}$  civil penalty 18 d. 19 pursuant to this section shall within 30 calendar days after 20 notification: (I) Pay the civil penalty to the department; or 21 22 (II) Request an administrative hearing pursuant to the provisions of s. 120.60. 23 24 e. The department shall suspend the crawfish trap 25 number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (7) for any person failing to comply with the provisions of sub-subparagraph d. 26 27 4.a. It is unlawful for any person to make, alter, 28 forge, counterfeit, or reproduce a spiny lobster trap tag or 29 certificate. 30 31 20

1 b. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly have in his or her possession a forged, counterfeit, or imitation 2 3 spiny lobster trap tag or certificate. 4 c. It is unlawful for any person to barter, trade, 5 sell, supply, agree to supply, aid in supplying, or give away 6 a spiny lobster trap tag or certificate or to conspire to barter, trade, sell, supply, aid in supplying, or give away a 7 spiny lobster trap tag or certificate unless such action is 8 9 duly authorized by the department as provided in this chapter 10 or in the rules of the department. 11 5.a. Any person who violates the provisions of subparagraph 4., or any person who engages in the commercial 12 harvest, trapping, or possession of spiny lobster without a 13 crawfish trap number as required by s. 370.14(2) or (7) or 14 during any period while such crawfish trap number is under 15 suspension or revocation, commits a felony of the third 16 17 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 18 19 b. In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to 20 sub-subparagraph a., the department shall levy a fine of up to 21 twice the amount of the appropriate surcharge to be paid on the fair market value of the transferred certificates, as 22 provided in subparagraph (a)1., on any person who violates the 23 24 provisions of sub-subparagraph 4.c. 6. Any certificates for which the annual certificate 25 fee is not paid for a period of 3 years shall be considered 26 27 abandoned and shall revert to the department. During any 28 period of trap reduction, any certificates reverting to the 29 department shall become permanently unavailable and be considered in that amount to be reduced during the next 30 31 license-year period. Otherwise, any certificates that revert 21

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1 to the department are to be reallotted in such manner as 2 provided by the department. 3 7. The proceeds of all civil penalties collected 4 pursuant to subparagraph 3. and all fines collected pursuant 5 to sub-subparagraph 5.b. shall be deposited into the Marine б Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 7 8. All traps shall be removed from the water during 8 any period of suspension or revocation. 9 (d) No vested rights. -- The trap certificate program 10 shall not create vested rights in licenseholders whatsoever 11 and may be altered or terminated as necessary to protect the spiny lobster resource, the participants in the fishery, or 12 13 the public interest. 14 Section 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 15 of chapter 94-247, Laws of Florida, the statutory authorization for the creation and functions of the Marine 16 Fisheries Commission contained in sections 370.025-370.028, 17 Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed as scheduled by 18 19 those provisions, but shall continue in full force and effect. 20 Section 8. Section 370.13, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 370.13 Stone crab; regulation.--22 (1)(a) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 23 24 corporation to catch or have in his or her possession, regardless of where taken, for his or her own use or to sell 25 or offer for sale, any stone crab, or parts thereof, of any 26 size between May 15 and October 15 of each year, except for 27 28 stone crabs, or parts thereof, placed in inventory prior to 29 May 15 of each year. 30 31 22

1 (b) "Stone crab" means the species Menippe mercenaria 2 or any other species of the family Xanthidae as the Marine 3 Fisheries Commission may define by rule. (2) Upon the arrest and conviction for a major 4 5 violation involving stone crabs, the licenseholder must show б just cause why his or her license should not be suspended or 7 revoked. For the purposes of this subsection, a "major violation" means a major violation as prescribed in s. 8 9 370.021(2)(c) for illegal stone crabs; any single violation 10 involving possession of more than 25 stone crabs during the 11 closed season or possession of 25 or more whole-bodied or egg-bearing stone crabs; any violation for trap molestation, 12 13 trap robbing, or pulling traps at night; or any combination of violations in any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 14 75 illegal stone crabs in the aggregate are involved. 15 (3) Any law, general or special, in conflict with 16 17 provisions of this section is hereby expressly repealed to the extent of such conflict. 18 19 (4)(a) It is unlawful for any person to willfully 20 molest any stone crab trap, line, or buoy that is the property 21 of any licenseholder, without the permission of that licenseholder. 22 23 (b) Any person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of 24 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 25 775.082 or s. 775.083. (5) Any gear, equipment, boat, vehicle, or item used 26 27 in the violation of this section is subject to confiscation. 28 In addition, the Department of Environmental Protection shall 29 revoke the permit of any permitholder convicted of a violation of paragraph (1)(a) for a period of 1 year from the date of 30 31 the conviction, and he or she is prohibited during that period 23 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 from catching or having in his or her possession any stone 2 crab for the person's own use or to sell or offer to sell, 3 whether or not he or she is accompanied by the holder of a valid permit and regardless of where taken. 4 5 (6)(a) Effective July 1, 1995, and until July 1, 2000 б 1999, no stone crab trap numbers issued pursuant to rule 7 46-13.002(2)(e) 46-3.002(2)(f), Florida Administrative Code, 8 except those numbers that are active during the 1994-1995 9 fiscal year, shall be renewed or replaced. 10 (b) In 1995, persons holding a trap number that was 11 active in the 1994-1995 fiscal year, or an immediate family member of that person, must request renewal of the number 12 prior to December 31, 1995. 13 14 (C) In subsequent years and until July 1, 2000 1999, a trap number holder, or members of his or her immediate family, 15 must request renewal of the number prior to September 30 of 16 17 each year. If a person holding an active trap number, or a 18 (d) 19 member of that person's immediate family, does not request 20 renewal of the number before the applicable dates as specified 21 in this subsection, the department shall deactivate that trap 22 number. In the event of the death or disability of a 23 (e) 24 person holding an active stone crab endorsement trap number, 25 the endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of his or her immediate family or trap number may be renewed 26 27 by any person so designated by the executor of the person's 28 estate. 29 (f) Persons who hold saltwater products licenses with stone crab endorsements issued to their boat registration 30 31 numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels 24

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with new vessels shall be permitted to transfer the existing 1 2 licenses to the new boat registration numbers. 3 (7) No person shall harvest stone crabs with more than 4 five traps, harvest stone crabs in commercial quantities, or 5 sell stone crabs unless such person holds a valid saltwater б products license with a restricted species endorsement and a 7 stone crab endorsement issued pursuant to this section. 8 (8) (7) Beginning October 1995, stone crabs shall be 9 designated as a restricted species pursuant to s. 370.01(20). 10 Section 9. Section 370.135, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 370.135 Blue crab; regulation.--12 13 (1) No person, firm, or corporation shall transport on 14 the water, fish with or cause to be fished with, set, or place 15 any trap designed for taking blue crabs unless such person, firm, or corporation is the holder of a valid saltwater 16 17 products license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 and the trap has a current state number permanently attached to the buoy. The 18 19 trap number shall be affixed in legible figures at least 1 20 inch high on each buoy used. The saltwater products license must be on board the boat, and both the license and the crabs 21 shall be subject to inspection at all times. Only one trap 22 number may be issued for each boat by the department upon 23 24 receipt of an application on forms prescribed by it. This 25 subsection shall not apply to an individual fishing with no more than five traps. It is a felony of the third degree, 26 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 27 28 775.084, for any person willfully to molest any traps, lines, 29 or buoys, as defined herein, belonging to another without permission of the licenseholder. 30 31

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1	(2) A buoy or a time release buoy shall be attached to				
2	each trap or at each end of a weighted trot line and shall be				
3	of sufficient strength and buoyancy to float and of such				
4					
5	and located. Such color and trap number shall also be				
6	permanently and conspicuously displayed on the boat used for				
7	setting and collecting said traps and buoys, in the manner				
8	prescribed by the Division of Law Enforcement, so as to be				
9	readily identifiable from the air and water. This subsection				
10	shall not apply to an individual fishing with no more than				
11	five traps.				
12	(3) It is unlawful for any person to sell or offer for				
13	sale any eggbearing blue crabs. Except when authorized by a				
14	special activity license issued by the department pursuant to				
15	s. 370.06 for the soft-shell crab or bait trade, it is				
16	unlawful for any person to possess for sale blue crabs				
17	measuring less than 5 inches from point to point across the				
18	carapace in an amount greater than 10 percent of the total				
19	number of blue crabs in that person's possession. Traps may				
20	be worked during daylight hours only, and the pulling of traps				
21	from 1 hour after official sunset until 1 hour before official				
22	sunrise is prohibited.				
23	(4) No person shall harvest blue crabs with more than				
24	five traps, harvest blue crabs in commercial quantities, or				
25	sell blue crabs unless such person holds a valid saltwater				
26	products license with a restricted species endorsement and a				
27	blue crab endorsement (trap number) issued pursuant to this				
28	subsection.				
29	(a) Effective June 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, no				
30	blue crab endorsement (trap number), except those endorsements				
31					
	26				

1 that are active during the 1997-1998 fiscal year, shall be 2 renewed or replaced. 3 (b) In 1998, persons holding an endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year, or an immediate family 4 5 member of that person, must request approval of the б endorsement prior to December 31, 1998. 7 (c) In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a trap 8 number holder, or members of his or her immediate family, must request renewal of the endorsement prior to September 30 of 9 10 each year. 11 (d) If a person holding an active blue crab endorsement, or a member of that person's immediate family, 12 does not request renewal of the endorsement before the 13 14 applicable dates as specified in this subsection, the 15 department shall deactivate that endorsement. (e) In the event of the death or disability of a 16 17 person holding an active blue crab endorsement, the 18 endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of 19 his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so designated by the executor of the person's estate. 20 (f) Persons who hold saltwater products licenses with 21 blue crab endorsements issued to their boat registration 22 numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels 23 24 with new vessels shall be permitted to transfer the existing 25 licenses to the new boat registration numbers. (5) (4) Upon the arrest and conviction for a major 26 27 violation involving blue crabs, the licenseholder shall show 28 just cause why his or her saltwater products license should 29 not be suspended or revoked. This subsection shall not apply to an individual fishing with no more than five traps. 30 For 31 the purposes of this subsection, a "major violation" means a 27

major violation as prescribed in s. 370.021(2)(c) for illegal 1 2 blue crabs, any single violation wherein 50 or more illegal 3 blue crabs are involved, or any combination of violations in any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 100 illegal 4 5 blue crabs in the aggregate are involved. б Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 370.021, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 370.021 Administration; rules, publications, records; 8 9 penalty for violation of chapter; injunctions .--10 (2) PENALTY FOR VIOLATION. -- Unless otherwise provided 11 by law, any person, firm, or corporation who is convicted for violating any provision of this chapter, any rule of the 12 13 department adopted pursuant to this chapter, or any rule of the Marine Fisheries Commission, shall be punished: 14 (a) Upon a first conviction, by imprisonment for a 15 period of not more than 60 days or by a fine of not less than 16 17 \$100 nor more than \$500, or by both such fine and imprisonment. 18 19 (b) On a second or subsequent conviction within 12 months, by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or by a 20 21 fine of not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000, or by both 22 such fine and imprisonment. (c) In addition to the penalties provided in 23 24 paragraphs (a) and (b), the court shall assess additional 25 penalties against any person, firm, or corporation convicted of major violations as follows: 26 27 1. For a violation involving more than 100 illegal 28 blue crabs, crawfish, or stone crabs, an additional penalty of 29 \$10 for each illegal blue crab, crawfish, stone crab, or part thereof. 30 31

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1 2. For a violation involving the taking or harvesting 2 of shrimp from a nursery or other prohibited area, an 3 additional penalty of \$10 for each pound of illegal shrimp or part thereof. 4 5 3. For a violation involving the taking or harvesting б of oysters from nonapproved areas or the taking or possession 7 of unculled oysters, an additional penalty of \$10 for each 8 bushel of illegal oysters. 9 4. For a violation involving the taking or harvesting 10 of clams from nonapproved areas, an additional penalty of \$100 11 for each 500 count bag of illegal clams. 5. For a violation involving the taking, harvesting, 12 13 or possession of any of the following species, which are endangered, threatened, or of special concern: 14 15 Shortnose sturgeon (Acipenser brevirostrum); a. Atlantic sturgeon (Acipenser oxyrhynchus); 16 b. 17 Common snook (Centropomus undecimalis); c. Atlantic loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta 18 d. 19 caretta); 20 Atlantic green turtle (Chelonia mydas mydas); e. Leatherback turtle (Dermochelys coriacea); 21 f. Atlantic hawksbill turtle (Eretmochelys imbricata 22 g. 23 imbracata); h. 24 Atlantic ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempi); or 25 West Indian manatee (Trichechus manatus i. latirostris), 26 27 28 an additional penalty of \$100 for each unit of marine life or 29 part thereof. 30 6. For a second or subsequent conviction within 24 31 months for any violation of the same law or rule involving the 29

1 taking or harvesting of more than 100 pounds of any finfish, 2 an additional penalty of \$5 for each pound of illegal finfish. 3 For any violation involving the taking, harvesting, 7. or possession of more than 1,000 pounds of any illegal 4 5 finfish, an additional penalty equivalent to the wholesale б value of the illegal finfish. 7 8.a. In addition to being subject to the other 8 penalties provided in this chapter, any intentional violation of rule 46-4.007(1), Florida Administrative Code, shall be 9 10 considered a major violation, and any person, firm, or 11 corporation committing such violation shall be subject to the following additional penalties: 12 (I) For a first violation within a 7-year period, 13 suspension of the saltwater products license for 90 days. 14 (II) For a second major violation within a 7-year 15 period, a civil penalty of \$5,000 and suspension of the 16 17 saltwater products license for 12 months. (III) For a third or subsequent major violation within 18 19 a 7-year period, a civil penalty of \$5,000, lifetime 20 revocation of the saltwater products license, and forfeiture of all gear and equipment used in the violation. 21 During any period of license suspension or 22 b. revocation under this section, the licensee may not fish from 23 24 any vessel that is harvesting saltwater products. 25 c. The Department of Environmental Protection may bring a civil action to enforce the civil penalties prescribed 26 27 in this section. 28 In addition to being subject to other penalties 9. 29 provided in this chapter, any violation of s. 370.06 or s. 30 370.07, or rules of the department implementing those 31 sections, which involves buying saltwater products from an 30

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1 unlicensed person, firm, or corporation by a commercial wholesale dealer, retail dealer, or restaurant facility for 2 3 public consumption or selling saltwater products by an unlicensed person, firm, or corporation to a commercial 4 5 wholesale dealer, retail dealer, or restaurant facility for б public consumption is a major violation, and the department may assess the following penalties: 7 8 a. For a first violation, the department may assess a 9 civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and may suspend the wholesale or 10 retail dealer's license privileges for up to 90 calendar days. 11 b. For a second violation occurring within 12 months of a prior violation, the department may assess a civil 12 penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the wholesale or 13 retail dealer's license privileges for up to 180 calendar 14 15 days. c. For a third or subsequent violation occurring 16 17 within a 24-month period, the department shall assess a civil penalty of \$5,000 and shall suspend the wholesale or retail 18 19 dealer's license privileges for up to 24 months. 20 21 However, upon demonstration of just cause by the licenseholder, the department may waive or reduce the assessed 22 penalties. Any proceeds from the civil penalties assessed 23 24 pursuant to this subparagraph shall be deposited into the 25 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. The licenseholder must show just cause why his or 26 10. 27 her license or licenses should not be suspended, revoked, or 28 denied renewal upon conviction for any of the following major 29 violations: 30 a. Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph (2)(c) for the taking or harvesting or the attempted taking or 31

1 harvesting of finfish; any single violation involving the possession of more than 10 percent over the legal amount of 2 3 finfish prescribed by law; or any combination of violations in any 3-consecutive-year period in which more than 25 percent of 4 5 the annual aggregate of the legal amount of finfish prescribed б by law are involved. 7 Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph b. 8 (2)(c) for the taking or harvesting or the attempted taking or harvesting of shrimp from a nursery or other prohibited area; 9 10 or any two violations occurring within a 12 month period, 11 involving gear, size count, or season. c. Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph 12 (2)(c) for the taking or harvesting or the attempted taking or 13 harvesting of marine life species; any violation involving use 14 of chemicals or gear not authorized by rule of the Marine 15 Fisheries Commission; any violation involving the taking or 16 17 harvesting or the attempted taking or harvesting of marine life species from a closed area or during a closed season; any 18 19 violation involving the taking or harvesting or the attempted taking or harvesting of marine life species prohibited by rule 20 of the Marine Fisheries Commission; any violation involving 21 the possession of 25 or more illegal specimens of marine life 22 in the aggregate; or any combination of violations in any 23 24 3-consecutive-year period in which more than 70 illegal specimens of marine life species in the aggregate are 25 involved. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term 26 27 'marine life species" has the meaning ascribed by rule of the 28 Marine Fisheries Commission. 29 d. Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph (2)(c) or in s. 370.14(6) involving the taking or harvesting 30 or the attempted taking or harvesting of crawfish. 31 32

1 e. Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph (2)(c) or in s. 370.13(2) involving the taking or harvesting 2 3 or the attempted taking or harvesting of stone crabs. 4 f. Any violation described elsewhere in paragraph 5 (2)(c) or in s. 370.135(4) involving the taking or harvesting б or the attempted taking or harvesting of blue crabs. 7 8 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, no court may 9 suspend, defer, or withhold adjudication of guilt or 10 imposition of sentence for any major violation prescribed in 11 this paragraph. For purposes of subparagraphs 9. and 10., conviction includes any disposition other than acquittal or 12 13 dismissal. The proceeds from the penalties assessed pursuant 14 (d) to paragraph (c) shall be deposited into the Marine Resources 15 Conservation Trust Fund to be used for marine fisheries 16 17 research. (e) Permits issued to any person, firm, or corporation 18 19 by the department to take or harvest saltwater products, or 20 any license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 or s. 370.07 may be 21 suspended or revoked by the department, pursuant to the provisions and procedures of s. 120.60, for any major 22 violation prescribed in paragraph (c): 23 24 1. Upon a second conviction for a violation which 25 occurs within 12 months after a prior violation, for up to 60 26 days. 27 Upon a third conviction for a violation which 2. 28 occurs within 24 months after a prior violation, for up to 180 29 days. 30 31 33

1 3. Upon a fourth conviction for a violation which 2 occurs within 36 months after a prior violation, for a period 3 of 6 months to 3 years. (f)1. In cases involving the intentional or 4 5 unintentional killing of any species of tarpon, snook in б excess of five fish per person, sailfish, or bonefish during a 7 fishing operation wherein the targeted species is legal to 8 harvest, the method of fishing and type of gear used are 9 legal, and the fish are killed as a direct result of such 10 otherwise legal fishing operations, the department shall 11 assess a civil penalty of \$100 for each snook killed in excess of five fish per person, or tarpon, sailfish, or bonefish 12 killed in excess of any bag limit. In collecting penalties, 13 14 the department shall assess an equal share of the applicable 15 penalty to each fisher actually involved in the fishing 16 operation. 17 2. The civil penalty shall be paid in full to the 18 department within 30 calendar days of official notification. 19 The department may suspend the saltwater products license or 20 other saltwater fishing license of any person or boat not 21 paying the required civil penalty within the specified time period. Persons contesting the assessment of any civil 22 penalties or any license suspension pursuant to this section 23 24 shall be entitled to a hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120. 25 3. All moneys collected by the department pursuant to 26 27 this paragraph shall be deposited into the Marine Resources 28 Conservation Trust Fund. 29 (g) Upon final disposition of any alleged violation of 30 s. 16 of Art. X of the State Constitution, this chapter, or 31 rules of the department or the Marine Fisheries Commission 34

1 implementing s. 16 of Art. X of the State Constitution or this chapter, the clerk of the court shall, within 10 days, certify 2 3 the disposition to the department. Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 370.07, Florida 4 5 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that б section to read: 7 370.07 Wholesale and retail saltwater products 8 dealers; regulation .--(6) RECORDS TO BE KEPT ON SALTWATER PRODUCTS.--9 10 (a) Wholesale dealers shall be required by the 11 department to make and preserve a record of the names and addresses of persons from whom or to whom saltwater products 12 13 are purchased or sold, the quantity so purchased or sold from or to each vendor or purchaser, and the date of each such 14 transaction. Retail dealers shall be required to make and 15 preserve a record from whom all saltwater products are 16 17 purchased. Such record shall be open to inspection at all 18 times by the department. A report covering the sale of 19 saltwater products shall be made monthly or as often as 20 required by rule to the department by each wholesale dealer. All reports required under this subsection are confidential 21 and shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) except 22 that, pursuant to authority related to interstate fishery 23 24 compacts as provided by s. 370.19(3) and s. 370.20(3), reports 25 may be shared with another state if that state is a member of an interstate fisheries compact, and if that state has signed 26 27 a Memorandum of Agreement or a similar instrument agreeing to 28 preserve confidentiality as established by Florida law. Any 29 breach of the confidentiality provisions of any such 30 instrument will result in the immediate termination of the 31 subject agreement by the State of Florida.

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1	(b) The department may revoke, suspend, or deny the			
2	renewal of the license of any dealer for failure to make and			
3	keep required records, for failure to make required reports,			
4	for failure or refusal to permit the examination of required			
5	records, or for falsifying any such record. In addition to,			
6	or in lieu of, the <u>penalties</u> <del>penalty</del> imposed pursuant to this			
7	paragraph and s. 370.021, the department may impose against			
8	any person, firm, or corporation who is determined to have			
9	violated any provision of this paragraph or any provisions of			
10	any department rules promulgated pursuant to s. 370.0607, the			
11	following additional penalties:			
12	1. For the first violation, a civil penalty of up to			
13	\$1,000;			
14	2. For a second violation committed within 24 months			
15	of any previous violation, a civil penalty of up to \$2,500;			
16	and			
17	3. For a third or subsequent violation committed			
18	within 36 months of any previous two violations, a civil			
19	penalty of up to \$5,000.			
20				
21	The proceeds of all civil penalties collected pursuant to this			
22	subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources			
23	Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used for administration,			
24	auditing, and law enforcement purposes penalties pursuant to			
25	<del>s. 370.021</del> .			
26	(8) UNLAWFUL PURCHASE OF SALTWATER PRODUCTSIt is			
27	unlawful for any licensed retail dealer or any restaurant			
28	licensed by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the			
29	Department of Business and Professional Regulation to buy			
30	saltwater products from any person other than a licensed			
31	wholesale or retail dealer.			

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1 Section 12. Subsection (7) of section 370.08, Florida 2 Statutes, is repealed. 3 Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 370.0821, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 4 5 Section 14. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 370.11, 6 Florida Statutes, are repealed. 7 Section 15. Section 370.1125, Florida Statutes, is 8 repealed. 9 Section 16. Section 370.114, Florida Statutes, is 10 repealed. 11 Section 17. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 370.135, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 12 Subsections (2) and (3) of section 370.15, 13 Section 18. 14 Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 370.151, Florida 15 Statutes, is repealed. 16 17 Section 20. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (4) and paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (5) of section 18 19 370.153, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 370.156, Florida Statutes, is 20 Section 21. 21 repealed. Section 22. 22 Section 370.157, Florida Statutes, is 23 repealed. 24 Section 23. Section 370.1127, Florida Statutes, is 25 repealed. Section 24. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 26 27 law. 28 29 30 31 37

1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2		<u>SB 1506</u>
3		
4	The	committee substitute combines the provisions of SB 1506
5	and	SB 1084, with the following changes or additions:
6	-	Section 253.72, F.S., is amended to prohibit the harvest of shellfish within 25 feet of a lawfully marked
7	aquaculture leased area, or within setback a corridors within specifically designated hig	aquaculture leased area, or within setback and access corridors within specifically designated high density
8		aquaculture lease areas and use zones.
9	-	Section 370.06, F.S., is amended to allow any resident who is certified to be totally and permanently disabled
10		to be exempt from the income requirements for a restricted species endorsement on a saltwater products
11		license.
	-	Rather than reducing the funding from recreational
12		saltwater fishing license fees for marine research, the reduction of 2.5 percent will be from funding for fish
13		enhancement projects.
14		The amendments to s. 370.092, F.S., have been deleted and replaced by provisions providing that it is a major
15		violation for any person, firm or corporation to possess any gill or entangling net or seine net larger than 500
16		square feet in mesh area, on any airboat or any other yessel less than 22 feet in length, or 25 feet in length
17		if primary power of the vessel is mounted forward of the vessel center point. The MFC may adjust by rule the use
18		of gear on vessels of lengths different than those specified in this section in order to prevent the illegal
19		provide reasonable opportunities for the use of legal net
20		gear in adjacent federal waters.
21		The MFC is directed to adopt rules to prohibit the
22		possession and sale of mullet taken in illegal gill or entangling nets.
23	_	Section 370.13, F.S., is amended to extend the moratorium
24		period for issuing new stone crab trap numbers from 1999 to 2000. In the event of death or disability of a person
25		holding an active stone crab endorsement, the endorsement may be transferred to a member of his or her immediate
26		family or may be renewed by any person so designated by the executor of the person's estate.
27		No person may harvest stone crabs with more than 5 traps,
28		harvest stone crabs in commercial quantities, or sell stone crabs unless such person holds a valid saltwater
20 29		products license with a restricted species endorsement and stone crab endorsement.
30	_	Section 370.135, F.S., is amended to provide that no
		person may harvest blue crabs with more than 5 traps,
31	l	harvest blue crabs in commercial quantities, or sell blue crabs unless such person holds a valid saltwater products
		38

license with a restricted species endorsement and a blue crab endorsement (trap number). The bill establishes a moratorium on the issuance of blue crab endorsements as follows: Effective June 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, no blue crab endorsement (trap number), except those endorsements that are active during the 1997-1998 fiscal year, shall be renewed or replaced. In 1998, persons holding an endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year, or an immediate family member of that person, must request approval of the endorsement prior to December 31, 1998. In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a trap number holder, or members of his or her immediate family, must request renewal of the endorsement prior to September 30 of each year. If a person holding an active blue crab endorsement, or a member of that person's immediate family, does not request renewal of the endorsement before the applicable dates as specified, the department shall deactivate that endorsement. In the event of the death or disability of a person holding an active blue crab endorsement, the endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so designated by the executor of the person's estate. Persons who hold saltwater products licenses with blue crab endorsements issued to their boat registration numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels with new vessels shall be permitted to tranfer the existing licenses to the new boat registration numbers. The bill repeals section 370.1127, F.S., relating to mullet regulation west of the Ochlockonee River.