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By the Committee on Community Colleges & Career Prep and Representatives Sindler, Fasano, Diaz de la Portilla, Harrington, Gay, Wise and Kelly

A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 120.81, F.S.; providing for exceptions to rule requirements, notice requirements, filing requirements, and public workshop requirements; providing an exemption to certain proceeding requirements; providing for retroactive effect; amending s. 120.545, F.S.; correcting a cross reference; amending ss. 228.041, 231.1725, 232.246, 233.067 and 236.081, F.S.; renaming home economics courses as family and consumer sciences courses; amending s. 239.105, F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "adult secondary education, " "basic literacy, " and "functional literacy"; defining the terms "beginning literacy" and "family literacy"; amending s. 239.205, F.S.; deleting a rulemaking requirement regarding career education programs; amending s. 239.213, F.S.; revising provisions relating to standards of basic skills mastery; providing for the use of adult basic education to meet certain needs; amending s. 239.229, F.S.; requiring the identification of vocational standards related to work experience; requiring the development of additional program standards and benchmarks; amending s. 239.305, F.S., relating to adult literacy; conforming language to revised definitions; removing a State Board of Education rule requirement; removing specific annual reporting requirements; providing for

status reports in lieu of annual reports; deleting a requirement for the submission of a plan to the Commissioner of Education; amending s. 240.319, F.S., relating to duties and powers of community college district boards of trustees; providing for specific authority; repealing ss. 240.3575(5), 240.3815(1), 240.382(5), F.S., relating to annual reports of economic development centers, annual reports of community college campus crime statistics, and rules for the operation of child development training centers; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming a law and operating retroactively to July 1, 1996, subsection (1) of section 120.81, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

120.81 Exceptions and special requirements; general areas.--

(1) EDUCATIONAL UNITS.--

(a) The preparation or modification of curricula by an educational unit is not a rule as defined by this chapter.

(b) Notwithstanding s. 120.52(15), any tests, test scoring criteria, or testing procedures relating to student assessment which are developed or administered by the Department of Education pursuant to s. 229.57, s. 232.245, s. 232.246, or s. 232.247, or any other statewide educational tests required by law, are not rules.

- (c) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(1)(g), educational units, other than units of the State University System and the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, may adopt multiple subject rules such as catalogs, bulletins, handbooks, and personnel agendas.
- (d) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(2), a notice of rule development by an educational unit need not include the preliminary text of the proposed rules and notice shall be made:
- 1. By publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area;
- 2. By mail to all persons who have made requests of the educational unit for advance notice of its proceedings and to organizations representing persons affected by the proposed rule; and
- 3. By posting in appropriate places so that those particular classes of persons to whom the intended action is directed may be duly notified.
- (e)(c) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(3)(a), notice of intent by an educational unit to adopt, amend, or repeal a rule or notice by an educational unit of a petition for a declaratory statement need not include the full text of the proposed rule or amendment be published in the Florida Administrative Weekly or transmitted to the committee; however, the notice, for other than an emergency rule, shall be made at least 21 days prior to the intended action:
- 1. By publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area;
- 2. By mail to all persons who have made requests of the educational unit for advance notice of its proceedings and

to organizations representing persons affected by the proposed rule; and

- 3. By posting in appropriate places so that those particular classes of persons to whom the intended action is directed may be duly notified.
- $\underline{(f)}$ (d) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(3)(a)4., Educational units, other than units of the State University System and the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, shall not be required to make filings with the committee of the documents required to be filed by that subparagraph.
- (g) Educational units, other than units of the State
 University System and the Florida School for the Deaf and the
 Blind, shall not be required to publish notices in the Florida
 Administrative Weekly.
- $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ (e) Notwithstanding s. 120.57(1)(a), hearings which involve student disciplinary suspensions or expulsions may be conducted by educational units.
- (i)(f) Sections 120.569 and 120.57 do not apply to any proceeding in which the substantial interests of a student are determined by a community college district or the State University System. The Board of Regents shall establish a committee, at least half of whom shall be appointed by the Council of Student Body Presidents, which shall establish rules and guidelines ensuring fairness and due process in judicial proceedings involving students in the State University System.
- $\underline{(j)}(g)$ Notwithstanding ss. 120.569 and 120.57, in a hearing involving a student disciplinary suspension or expulsion conducted by an educational unit, the 14-day notice of hearing requirement may be waived by the agency head or the hearing officer without the consent of parties.

 $\underline{(k)}$ (h) For purposes of s. 120.68, a district school board whose decision is reviewed under the provisions of s. 231.36 and whose final action is modified by a superior administrative decision shall be a party entitled to judicial review of the final action.

(1) (i) Notwithstanding s. 120.525(2), the agenda for a special meeting of a district school board under authority of s. 230.16 shall be prepared upon the calling of the meeting, but not less than 48 hours prior to the meeting.

(m) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(2)(c), educational units, other than units of the State University System and the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, shall not be required to hold public workshops outside their respective districts.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 120.545, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

120.545 Committee review of agency rules.--

- (1) As a legislative check on legislatively created authority, the committee shall examine each proposed rule, except for those proposed rules exempted by s. 120.81(1)(f)(d) and (2), and its accompanying material, and each emergency rule, and may examine any existing rule, for the purpose of determining whether:
- (a) The rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority.
- (b) The statutory authority for the rule has been repealed.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{(c)}}}$ The rule reiterates or paraphrases statutory material.
 - (d) The rule is in proper form.

- (e) The notice given prior to its adoption was sufficient to give adequate notice of the purpose and effect of the rule.
- (f) The rule is consistent with expressed legislative intent pertaining to the specific provisions of law which the rule implements.
- (g) The rule is necessary to accomplish the apparent or expressed objectives of the specific provision of law which the rule implements.
- (h) The rule is a reasonable implementation of the law as it affects the convenience of the general public or persons particularly affected by the rule.
- (i) The rule could be made less complex or more easily comprehensible to the general public.
- (j) The rule does not impose regulatory costs on the regulated person, county, or city which could be reduced by the adoption of less costly alternatives that substantially accomplish the statutory objectives.
 - (k) The rule will require additional appropriations.
- (1) If the rule is an emergency rule, there exists an emergency justifying the promulgation of such rule, the agency has exceeded the scope of its statutory authority, and the rule was promulgated in compliance with the requirements and limitations of $s.\ 120.54(4)$.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (22) of section 228.041, Florida Statutes, 1996 supplement, is amended to read:
- 228.041 Definitions.--Specific definitions shall be as follows, and wherever such defined words or terms are used in the Florida School Code, they shall be used as follows:
 - (22) CAREER EDUCATION. --

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- (a) "Career education" is defined as meaning that instruction not necessarily leading to a baccalaureate degree, either graded or ungraded, listed below:
- Job-preparatory instruction in the minimum competencies necessary for effective entry into an occupation, including diversified cooperative education, work experience, and job entry programs which coordinate directed study and on-the-job training;
- 2. Exploratory courses designed to give students initial exposure to the skills and aptitudes associated with a broad range of occupations in order to assist them in making informed decisions regarding their future academic and occupational goals;
- 3. Supplemental programs designed to enable persons who are or have been employed in an occupation to upgrade their competencies in order to reenter or maintain employment or advance within their current occupation;
- 4. Practical arts courses designed to teach students practical generic skills which, though applicable to some occupations, are not designed to prepare students for entry into a specific occupation. Such courses may include, but may not be limited to, typing, industrial arts, and <u>family and</u> consumer sciences home economics; or
- 5. Instruction which integrates the basic academic skills and vocational skills.
- Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 231.1725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 231.1725 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and noncertificated teachers in critical teacher shortage areas.--

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 231.02, 231.15, 231.17, and 231.172 or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, each school board shall establish the minimal qualifications for:
- (c) Part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of vocational programs. Qualifications shall be established for agriculture, business, health occupations, <u>family and consumer sciences home economics</u>, industrial, marketing, and public service education teachers, based primarily on successful occupational experience rather than academic training. The qualifications for such teachers shall require:
- 1. The filing of a complete set of fingerprints in the same manner as required by s. 231.02. Faculty employed solely to conduct postsecondary instruction may be exempted from this requirement.
- 2. Documentation of education and successful occupational experience including documentation of:
 - a. A high school diploma or the equivalent.
- b. Completion of 6 years of full-time successful occupational experience or the equivalent of part-time experience in the teaching specialization area. Alternate means of determining successful occupational experience may be established by the school board.
- c. Completion of career education training conducted through the local school district inservice master plan.
- d. For full-time teachers, completion of professional education training in teaching methods, course construction, lesson planning and evaluation, and teaching special needs students. This training may be completed through coursework from a standard institution or an approved district teacher education program.

e. Demonstration of successful teaching performance.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section

232.246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

232.246 General requirements for high school graduation.--

- (7) No student may be granted credit toward high school graduation for enrollment in the following courses or programs:
- (c) More than three credits in practical arts \underline{family} and consumer sciences \underline{home} economics classes as defined in s. 228.041(22)(a)4.
- Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 233.067, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:
- 233.067 Comprehensive health education and substance abuse prevention.--
- (4) ADMINISTRATION OF THE COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH EDUCATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAM.--
- (c) The comprehensive health education and substance abuse prevention program shall include the following in all public and laboratory schools:
- 1. Implementation of inservice education programs for teachers, counselors, and other persons, which programs deal with comprehensive health education, substance abuse prevention, prevention of sexually transmissible diseases, especially human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immune deficiency syndrome, and the benefits of sexual abstinence and consequences of teenage pregnancy. Such inservice education programs shall be consistent with the master plan, as specified in s. 236.0811, and shall include training in substance abuse identification and prevention. The

training plan may provide for the option of using teachers as trainers and shall include, but not be limited to: information on current theory, knowledge, and practice regarding substance abuse; identification and referral procedures; legal issues; peer counseling; and methods of teaching decisionmaking skills and building self-concept. Inservice teacher education materials and student materials which are based upon individual performance and designed for use with a minimum of supervision shall be developed and made available to all school districts and laboratory schools.

- 2. Implementation of management training programs consistent with the provisions of s. 231.087 for principals and other school leaders on the identification, prevention, and treatment of substance abuse and the availability of local and regional referral resources.
- 3. Instruction in nutrition education as a specific area of health education instruction. Nutrition education shall include, but not be limited to, sound nutritional practices, wise food selection, analysis of advertising claims about food, proper food preparation, and food storage procedures. The purpose of such nutrition education programs shall be to educate students in the overall area of nutrition education and significantly reduce health problems associated with poor or improper nutrition practices.
- 4. Instruction in substance abuse prevention in kindergarten through grade 12. Such instruction shall be designed to meet local needs and priorities and shall articulate clear instructional objectives aimed at the prevention of alcohol and substance abuse. The instruction shall be appropriate for the grade and age of the student and shall reflect current theory, knowledge, and practice

regarding prevention of substance abuse and may contain instruction in such components as health, personal, and economic consequences of substance abuse and instruction in decisionmaking, resisting peer pressure, self-concept building skills, and identifying and dealing with situations that pose a risk to one's health and may lead to substance abuse.

- 5. Instruction in the causes, transmission, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmissible diseases for students. Such instruction shall be included in appropriate middle school or junior high school health and science courses and in life management skills and other high school courses. Any student whose parent makes written request to the school principal shall be exempt from reproductive health or AIDS instructional activities, as requested. Curriculum frameworks for comprehensive health education shall not interfere with the local determination of appropriate curriculum which reflects local values and concerns.
- 6. Upon approval by the district school board, an opportunity for 9th-12th grade students to receive instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation in order to become certified in that technique. A school district may enter a cooperative arrangement with a local government or nonprofit association to provide training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation through instructors certified in that technique.
- 7. Design and development of programs for the selection and training of health education instructors from existing teaching staff and the orientation to teaching roles for persons employed in appropriate health fields and community volunteers.

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- 8. Development of training programs to allow the use of school food service personnel as resource persons.
- Instruction in reproductive health, interpersonal skills, and parenting to reduce teenage pregnancy and to promote healthy behavior in Florida's children for all students in kindergarten through grade 12, beginning with the 1991-1992 school year. In order that children make informed and constructive decisions about their lives, complete and accurate comprehensive health education shall be made available to all young people. Curriculum shall be developed to reduce destructive behavior in children, including early sexual involvement, substance abuse, suicide, and activities which result in sexually transmitted diseases, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, and early teenage pregnancy, with subject materials appropriate to the grade level and values consistent with those of the community. Instruction shall also include an understanding of the body and its systems and identification and prevention of child abuse in the lower grades and decisionmaking in the middle and higher grades. Instruction in human sexuality shall take into account the whole person, shall present ethical and moral dimensions, shall not be an expression of any one sectarian or secular philosophy, and shall respect the conscience and rights of students and parents. School districts and laboratory schools are encouraged to provide written materials on reproductive health to parents, as well as opportunities for parents to become informed about the instruction their children are receiving and to receive instruction themselves. All course materials and oral or visual instruction shall conform to the requisites and intent of all Florida law and the State Constitution. All instructional materials, including teachers' manuals, films,

tapes, or other supplementary instructional material shall be available for inspection by parents or guardians of the children engaged in such classes.

10. Instruction in the benefits of sexual abstinence and consequences of teenage pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and acquired immune deficiency syndrome in appropriate middle school or junior high school health, science, and <u>family and consumer sciences</u> home economics courses and in life management skills and other appropriate high school courses. Curriculum frameworks shall be created or modified as necessary to help ensure such instruction.

Section 7. Paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of section 236.081, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

236.081 Funds for operation of schools.——If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION. -- The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (1) Instruction in <u>family and consumer sciences</u> home economics.—Students in grades K through 12 who are enrolled for more than six semesters in practical arts <u>family and consumer sciences</u> home economics courses as defined in s. 228.041(22)(a)4. may not be counted as full-time equivalent students for this instruction.

Section 8. Subsections (3) through (10) of section 239.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

239.105 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (3) "Adult secondary education" means courses through which a person receives high school credit that leads to the award of a high school diploma or programs of instruction through which a student prepares to take the general educational development test. This includes 9th through 12th grade levels.
- (4) "Basic literacy" which is also referred to as "beginning adult basic education" means the demonstration of academic competence from 2.0 through 5.9 at a fifth grade educational grade levels level as measured by means approved for this purpose by the State Board of Education.
- (5) "Beginning literacy" means the demonstration of academic competence from 0 through 1.9 educational grade levels as measured by means approved for this purpose by the State Board of Education.
- (6)(5) "College-preparatory instruction" means courses through which a high school graduate who applies for a degree program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to enroll in college credit instruction.
- $\underline{(7)}$ "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education.
- (8)(7) "Community education" means the use of a school or other public facility as a community center operated in conjunction with other public, private, and governmental organizations for the purpose of providing educational, recreational, social, cultural, health, and community services

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for persons in the community in accordance with the needs, interests, and concerns of that community.

- $(9) \frac{(8)}{(8)}$ "Department" means the Department of Education.
- (10) "Document literacy" means the demonstration of competence in identifying and using information located in materials such as charts, forms, tables, and indexes.
- (11) "Family literacy" means a program for adults that includes a literacy component for parents and children or other intergenerational literacy components.
- (12)(10) "Functional literacy" which is also referred to as "intermediate adult basic education" means the demonstration of academic competence from 6.0 through 8.9 at an eighth grade educational grade levels level as measured by means approved for this purpose by the State Board of Education.
- Section 9. Section 239.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 239.205 State Board of Education rules regarding career education programs; common definitions; criteria for determining program level; basic skills standards .--
- (1) The State Board of Education shall adopt, by rule, common definitions for associate in science degrees and for certificates.
- (2) The State Board of Education shall develop guidelines to determine the criteria by which the level of degree or certificate is assigned to a vocational program. The guidelines must ensure that assignments are made at the lowest level possible commensurate with sound professional practice; however, the guidelines must also ensure that assignments are updated for programs that increase in 31 | technical complexity or general education requirements beyond

the parameters of a certificate program. Institutions may continue to offer existing programs that are assigned to a lower level; however, such programs shall be funded at the assigned level. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules regarding reporting requirements for vocational programs.

(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt, by rule, basic skills standards to be met by each vocational student prior to completion of a certificate career education program.

Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 239.213, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

239.213 Vocational-preparatory instruction. --

- (1) The State Board for Career Education shall adopt, by rule, standards of basic skill mastery for certificate career education programs of less than 1,800 hours. Each school district and community college that conducts certificate career education programs shall provide vocational-preparatory instruction through which students receive the basic skills instruction required pursuant to this section.
- education program of 450 hours or more shall complete an entry-level examination within the first 6 weeks of admission into the program. The state board shall designate examinations that are currently in existence, the results of which are comparable across institutions, to assess student mastery of basic skills. Any student deemed to lack a minimal level of basic skills for such program shall be referred to vocational-preparatory instruction or adult basic education for a structured program of basic skills instruction. Such instruction may include English for speakers of other

languages. A student may not receive a certificate of vocational program completion prior to demonstrating the basic skills required in the state curriculum frameworks for the vocational program.

Section 11. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 239.229, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

239.229 Vocational standards.--

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- (b) School board, superintendent, and area technical center, and community college board of trustees and president, accountability for certificate career education programs includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. Student demonstration of the academic skills necessary to enter an occupation.
- 2. Student preparation to enter an occupation in an entry-level position or continue postsecondary study.
- 3. Vocational program articulation with other corresponding postsecondary programs <u>and job training</u> experiences.
- 4. Employer satisfaction with the performance of vocational program completers.
- 5. Student completion and placement rates as defined in s. 239.233.
- (d) Department of Education accountability for career education includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance to school districts and community colleges.
- 2. The provision of timely, accurate information to the State Board for Career Education, the Legislature, and the public.

- 3. The development of policies, rules, and procedures that facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within the department.
- 4. The development of program standards and industry-driven benchmarks for vocational, adult, and community education programs.
- $\underline{5.4.}$ Overseeing school district and community college compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
- Section 12. Section 239.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 239.305 Adult literacy.--
- (1)(a) An adult, individualized literacy instruction program is created for adults who do not possess basic literacy skills below the ninth grade level. The purpose of the program is to provide self-paced, competency-based, individualized tutorial instruction. The commissioner shall administer this section in coordination with the State Board of Community Colleges, local school boards, and the Division of Library and Information Services of the Department of State <0>pursuant to State Board of Education rule.
- (b) Local adult, individualized literacy instruction programs may be coordinated with local public library systems and with public or private nonprofit agencies, organizations, or institutions. A local public library system and a public or private nonprofit agency, organization, or institution may use funds appropriated for the purposes of this section to hire program coordinators. Such coordinators shall offer training activities to volunteer tutors and oversee the operation of local literacy programs. A local public library system and a public or private nonprofit agency, organization,

or institution may also purchase student instructional materials and modules that instruct tutors in the teaching of basic and functional literacy and English for speakers of other languages. To the extent funds are appropriated, cooperating local library systems shall purchase, and make available for loan, reading materials of high interest and with a vocabulary appropriate for use by students who possess literacy skills below the ninth grade level in basic and functional literacy instruction and students of English for speakers of other languages.

- (2)(a) The adult literacy program is intended to <u>increase</u> reduce adult <u>literacy</u> illiteracy as prescribed in the agency functional plan of the Department of Education. The commissioner shall establish guidelines for the purpose of determining achievement of this goal.
- (b) Each participating local sponsor shall submit an annual report to the commissioner which must contain, but need not be limited to, the following information to demonstrate the extent to which there has been:
 - 1. The number of clients served.
- 2. The progress toward increasing the percentage of adults within the service area who possess literacy skills.

 As evidence of such progress, the report must include information regarding the number of students enrolled in adult basic education programs and the number of students who completed, separated from, or continued in the programs.
- reports, the commissioner shall develop an annual status
 report on literacy and adult education. The commissioner shall review the annual reports of local sponsors and submit to the

State Board of Education a county-by-county summary of the information.

- (3) Funds appropriated for the purposes of this section shall be allocated as grants for implementing adult literacy programs. Such funds may not be used to supplant funds used for activities that would otherwise be conducted in the absence of literacy funding. A grant awarded pursuant to this section may not exceed \$50,000. Priority for the use of such funds shall be given to paying expenses related to the instruction of volunteer tutors, including materials and the salary of the program coordinator. Local sponsors may also accept funds from private sources for the purposes of this section.
- (4)(a) The commissioner shall submit a state adult literacy plan to the State Board of Education to serve as a reference for school boards and community colleges to <u>increase</u> reduce adult <u>literacy</u> illiteracy in their service areas as prescribed in the agency functional plan of the Department of Education. The plan must include, at a minimum:
- 1. Policies and objectives for adult literacy programs, including evaluative criteria.
- 2. Strategies for coordinating adult literacy activities with programs and services provided by other state and local nonprofit agencies, as well as strategies for maximizing other funding, resources, and expertise.
- 3. Procedures for identifying, recruiting, and retaining adults who <u>possess</u> lack basic and functional literacy skills below the ninth grade level.
- 4. Sources of relevant demographic information and methods of projecting the number of adults who do not possess

basic or functional literacy skills below the ninth grade level.

- 5. Acceptable methods of demonstrating compliance with the provisions of this section.
- 6. Guidelines for the development and implementation of local adult literacy plans. At a minimum, such guidelines must address:
- a. The recruitment and preparation of volunteer tutors.
- b. Interagency and intraagency cooperation and coordination, especially with public libraries and other sponsors of literacy programs.
- c. Desirable learning environments, including class size.
 - d. Program evaluation standards.
- e. Methods for identifying, recruiting, and retaining adults in literacy programs.
- f. Prevention of Adult $\underline{\text{literacy}}$ illiteracy through $\underline{\text{family literacy}}$ and workforce $\underline{\text{literacy}}$ $\underline{\text{parenting education}}$ programs.
- (b) Every 3 years, the school board or community college board of trustees shall <u>develop and maintain</u> submit a local adult literacy plan to the commissioner for review and subsequent approval or disapproval. The commissioner shall notify the superintendent of schools or the president of the community college, as applicable, of the approval or disapproval of the plan. If the plan is not brought into compliance by the school district or community college within 60 days after receiving notice of disapproval by the commissioner, the school district or community college may not

receive any funds from appropriations for the purposes of this section for the subsequent fiscal year.

Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 240.319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.319 Community college district boards of trustees; duties and powers.--

- is specifically authorized to adopt rules, procedures, and policies consistent with law and rules of the State Board of Education and the State Board of Community Colleges and related to mission and responsibilities as set forth in s. 240.301, governance, personnel, budget and finance, administration, programs, curriculum and instruction, buildings and grounds, travel and purchasing, technology, students, college property, and contracts and grants. This shall constitute specific authority for such rules, procedures, and policies in accordance with and to the extent required by s. 120.536. Such rules, procedures, and policies for the boards of trustees include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Each board of trustees shall appoint, suspend, or remove the president of the community college. The board of trustees may appoint a search committee. Periodic evaluations of the president shall be conducted in accordance with rules of the State Board of Community Colleges; and such evaluations shall be submitted to the State Board of Community Colleges for review.
- (b) Each board of trustees has responsibility for the establishment and discontinuance of program and course offerings; provision for instructional and noninstructional community services, location of classes, and services

provided; and dissemination of information concerning such programs and services.

- (c) Each board of trustees constitutes the contracting agent of the community college. It may when acting as a body make contracts, sue, and be sued in the name of the board of trustees. In any suit, a change in personnel of the board shall not abate the suit, which shall proceed as if such change had not taken place.
- (d) Whenever the Department of Education finds it necessary for the welfare and convenience of any community college to acquire private property for the use of the community college and the property cannot be acquired by agreement satisfactory to the district board of trustees of such community college and the parties interested in, or the owners of, the private property, the district board of trustees may exercise the right of eminent domain after receiving approval therefor from the State Board of Education and may then proceed to condemn the property in the manner provided by chapters 73 and 74.
- (e) Each board of trustees may enter into lease-purchase arrangements with private individuals or corporations for necessary grounds and buildings for community college purposes, other than dormitories, or for buildings other than dormitories to be erected for community college purposes. Such arrangements shall be paid from capital outlay and debt service funds as provided by s. 240.359(2), with terms not to exceed 30 years at a stipulated rate. The provisions of such contracts, including building plans, are subject to approval by the Department of Education, and no such contract may be entered into without such approval. The State Board of Education is authorized to promulgate such

rules as it deems necessary to implement the provisions of this paragraph.

- (f) Each board of trustees may purchase, acquire, receive, hold, own, manage, lease, sell, dispose of, and convey title to real property, in the best interests of the college, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.
- (g) Each board of trustees is authorized to enter into agreements for, and accept, credit card payments as compensation for goods, services, tuition, and fees. Each community college is further authorized to establish accounts in credit card banks for the deposit of credit card sales invoices.
- (h) Each board of trustees may adopt, by rule, a uniform code of appropriate penalties for violations of rules by students and employees. Such penalties, unless otherwise provided by law, may include fines, the withholding of diplomas or transcripts pending compliance with rules or payment of fines, and the imposition of probation, suspension, or dismissal.
- (i) Each board of trustees may consider the past actions of any person applying for admission or employment and may provide, by board rule or procedure, for denying admission, enrollment, or employment to a person if past actions have been found to disrupt or interfere with the orderly conduct, processes, functions, or programs of any other university, college, or community college.
- (j) Each board of trustees is authorized to develop and produce work products which relate to educational endeavors which are subject to trademark, copyright, or patent statutes. To this end, the board shall consider the relative

contribution by the personnel employed in the development of such work products and shall enter into binding agreements with such personnel, organizations, corporations, or government entities, which agreements shall establish the percentage of ownership of such trademarks, copyrights, or patents. Any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, the board is authorized in its own name to:

- 1. Perform all things necessary to secure letters of patent, copyrights, and trademarks on any such work products and to enforce its rights therein.
- 2. License, lease, assign, or otherwise give written consent to any person, firm, or corporation for the manufacture or use thereof on a royalty basis or for such other consideration as the board deems proper.
- 3. Take any action necessary, including legal action, to protect the same against improper or unlawful use of infringement.
- 4. Enforce the collection of any sums due the board for the manufacture or use thereof by any other party.
- 5. Sell any of the same and execute all instruments necessary to consummate any such sale.
- 6. Do all other acts necessary and proper for the execution of powers and duties provided by this paragraph.
- (k) Each board of trustees shall provide rules governing parking and the direction and flow of traffic within campus boundaries and may hire appropriate personnel to enforce campus parking rules. Such persons have no authority to arrest or issue citations for moving traffic violations. The board of trustees may adopt, by rule, a uniform code of appropriate penalties for violations. Such penalties, unless otherwise provided by law, may include the levying of fines,

the withholding of diplomas or transcripts pending compliance with rules or payment of fines, and the imposition of probation, suspension, or dismissal. Moneys collected from parking rule infractions shall be deposited in appropriate funds at each community college for student financial aid purposes.

- (1)1. Each board of trustees shall provide for the appointment, employment, and removal of personnel. The board shall determine the compensation, including salaries and fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment for such personnel, including the president.
- 2. The board is authorized to enter into a contract with the president in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Any such contract may fix the duration of employment and the compensation therefor and may contain any other terms and conditions the board deems appropriate. In addition, the board may furnish the president with the use of a motor vehicle or an allowance in lieu thereof. If any such vehicle is furnished, the board shall determine and fix the maximum noncollege use of the same. Each board of trustees shall, no later than July 1, 1984, adopt, by rule, procedures governing the employment and dismissal of the community college president. Such rule shall be incorporated into the contract for employment.
- (m) Each board of trustees may provide for recognition of employees who have contributed outstanding and meritorious service in their fields and may adopt and implement a program of meritorious service awards to employees who propose procedures or ideas which are adopted and which will result in eliminating or reducing community college expenditures or improving community college operations. The community college

is authorized to expend funds for such recognition and awards. No award granted under the provisions of this paragraph may exceed \$2,000 or 10 percent of the first year's gross savings, whichever is greater.

- (n) Each board of trustees may adopt rules to provide for loans, scholarships, and other student services.
- (o) Each board of trustees is authorized to establish a policy for law enforcement operations. Each board of trustees is authorized to employ personnel to carry out the duties imposed by this paragraph.
- (p) Each board of trustees is authorized to contract for the purchase, lease, or acquisition in any manner (including purchase by installment or lease-purchase contract which may provide for the payment of interest on the unpaid portion of the purchase price and for the granting of a security interest in the items purchased) of equipment required by the college. The board of trustees may choose to have such equipment contracts consolidated under master equipment financing agreements made pursuant to s. 287.064.
- (q) Each board of trustees is authorized to establish and maintain a personnel exchange program, by which persons employed within the community college as vocational instructors and comparable administrative and professional staff may be exchanged with persons employed in like capacities by institutions of higher learning which are not under the jurisdiction of the community college, by units of government either within or without this state, or by private industry. The salary and benefits of community college and state personnel participating in the exchange program shall be continued during the period of time they participate in the exchange program, and such personnel shall be deemed to have

no break in creditable or continuous state service or employment during the period of time in which they participate in the exchange program. The salary and benefits of persons participating in the personnel exchange program who are employed by institutions, units of government, or private industry shall be paid by the originating employers of those participants. The duties and responsibilities of a person participating in the exchange program shall be the same as those of the person he or she replaces.

- (r) Each board of trustees is authorized to enter into contracts to provide a State Community College System Optional Retirement Program pursuant to s. 240.3195 and to enter into consortia with other boards of trustees for this purpose.
- ensuring that students have access to general education courses as identified in rule; requiring no more than 60 semester hours of degree program coursework, including 36 semester hours of general education coursework, for an associate in arts degree; notifying students that earned hours in excess of 60 semester hours may not be accepted by state universities; notifying students of unique program prerequisites identified pursuant to s. 240.209(5)(f); and ensuring that degree program coursework beyond general education coursework is consistent with degree program prerequisite requirements adopted pursuant to s. 229.551(1)(f)5.

Section 14. <u>Subsection (5) of section 240.3575 and subsection (1) of section 240.3815, Florida Statutes, and subsection (5) of section 240.382, Florida Statutes, as created by chapter 94-220, Laws of Florida, are hereby repealed.</u>

Section 15. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect July 1, 1997. HOUSE SUMMARY With respect to the Administrative Procedure Act, provides for exceptions to rule, notice, filing, and public workshop requirements for educational units. Provides an exemption to certain proceeding requirements. Renames home economics courses as family and consumer sciences courses. Revises definitions of the terms "adult secondary education," "basic literacy," and "functional literacy," and provides definitions for the terms "beginning literacy" and "family literacy." Revises provisions relating to standards of basic skills mastery. Provides for the use of adult basic education to meet certain needs. Requires the identification and certain needs. Requires the identification and development of vocational standards. Deletes certain reporting requirements relating to the adult literacy program. Provides specific authority for certain community college district board of trustees' rules, procedures, and policies. Repeals certain reporting and rulemaking requirements.