By Senator Harris

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24-1320-98 See HB

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the "Florida Entertainment Industry Growth Act"; creating s. 288.125, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 288.1251, F.S.; providing definitions; creating s. 288.1252, F.S.; creating the Entertainment Florida Council within the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the Executive Office of the Governor; providing purpose, membership, terms, organization, powers, and duties of the council; renumbering and amending s. 288.12285, F.S.; correcting a reference; creating s. 288.1254, F.S.; creating the Office of Entertainment Industry Commissioner; providing procedure for appointment of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner; providing powers and duties of the office; creating s. 288.1255, F.S.; requiring the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to adopt rules by which it may make specified expenditures for expenses incurred in connection with the performance of the duties of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner; requiring approval of such rules by the Comptroller; requiring an annual report; authorizing the solicitation, acceptance, and use of specified goods and services by employees and representatives of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner; providing certain requirements with respect to claims for expenses; providing

1 a penalty for false or fraudulent claims; 2 providing for civil liability; creating s. 3 288.1256, F.S.; creating the Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program; 4 5 providing purpose of the program; providing for 6 the development of grant criteria; providing 7 for the administration and distribution of grant funds; requiring specified documentation 8 9 prior to the release of funds; renumbering and 10 amending s. 288.055, F.S.; redesignating the 11 Florida Film and Television Investment Trust Fund as the Florida Entertainment Industry 12 13 Incentive Grant Program Trust Fund; providing for use of the trust fund; requiring the 14 maintenance of a specified trust fund balance; 15 specifying funds from which initial grants may 16 17 be awarded; specifying sources from which the trust fund may receive moneys; creating s. 18 19 288.1258, F.S.; authorizing application for approval by the Office of the Entertainment 20 Industry as a qualified production company for 21 purposes of receiving sales tax exemptions and 22 refunds; providing application procedure; 23 24 providing for denial and revocation of a certificate of exemption; providing a penalty 25 for falsification or unauthorized use of an 26 27 application for certificate of exemption; 28 providing categories of qualification for 29 certificate of exemption; providing for renewal 30 of a certificate of exemption; providing for 31 duties of the Department of Revenue with

1 respect to sales tax exemption to qualified 2 production companies; creating the Florida 3 Entertainment Industry Model Permitting Task Force; providing purpose of the task force; 4 5 providing for appointment of members to the 6 task force; amending s. 14.2015, revising 7 purposes of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the Executive Office of 8 9 the Governor; amending s. 212.031, F.S., 10 relating to the lease or rental of or license 11 in real property; revising language with respect to property used as an integral part of 12 the performance of qualified production 13 services; amending s. 212.06, F.S., relating to 14 the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; 15 revising language with respect to the exemption 16 17 for fabrication labor used in the production of a qualified motion picture; amending s. 18 19 212.0602, F.S., which exempts the purchase or 20 lease of materials, equipment, and other items by specified educational entities, 21 institutions, or organizations from the sales 22 and use tax under certain limited 23 24 circumstances; expanding the exemption to 25 include real or personal property and support operations of such educational institutions; 26 27 conforming references; amending s. 212.08, 28 F.S.; revising the partial exemption from the 29 tax on sales, use, and other transactions for 30 master tapes, records, films, or video tapes to 31 include entertainment industry production

1 services and equipment within the exemption; 2 specifying the rate of the exemption; providing 3 a limitation on refunds; providing procedure for obtaining refunds; revising the term 4 5 "amounts paid for the tangible elements"; 6 clarifying definitions; providing definitions; 7 requiring the Office of Entertainment Industry Commissioner to keep specified records; 8 9 requiring an annual report to the Legislature; 10 repealing s. 212.08(12), F.S., on October 1, 11 2008; providing for review by the Legislature prior to repeal; amending s. 212.20, F.S., 12 relating to the distribution of proceeds from 13 the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; 14 providing for the transfer of specified tax 15 proceeds to the Entertainment Industry Grant 16 17 Program Trust Fund; amending s. 213.053, F.S., relating to confidentiality and information 18 19 sharing by the Department of Revenue; providing 20 for the sharing of specified information; amending ss. 212.0602, 288.108, 288.90152, 21 F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 22 212.08(5)(f), F.S.; repealing the exemption 23 from the tax on sales use and other 24 transactions for specified motion picture or 25 video equipment, and specified sound recording 26 27 equipment, effective January 1, 1999; repealing s. 288.051, F.S., which provides a short title; 28 29 repealing s. 288.052, F.S., relating to 30 legislative findings and intent with respect to 31 the "Florida Film and Television Investment

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1	Act"; repealing s. 288.053, F.S., relating to
2	the Florida Film and Television Investment
3	Board; repealing s. 288.054, F.S., relating to
4	the administration and powers of the Florida
5	Film and Television Investment Board;
6	repealing s. 288.056, F.S., relating to
7	conditions for film and television investment
8	by the board; repealing s. 288.057, F.S., which
9	requires an annual report by the board;
10	repealing s. 288.1228, F.S., relating to the
11	direct-support organization authorized by the
12	Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
13	Development to assist in the promotion and
14	development of the entertainment industry;
15	repealing s. 288.12285, F.S., relating to
16	confidentiality of identities of donors to the
17	direct-support organization; providing
18	effective dates.
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20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Section 288.125, Florida Statutes, is
23	created to read:
24	288.125 Short titleSections 288.1251 through
25	288.1258 shall be known and may be cited as the "Florida
26	Entertainment Industry Growth Act."
27	Section 2. Section 288.1251, Florida Statutes, is
28	created to read:
29	288.1251 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this act,
30	the term:
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- (1) "Entertainment industry" means any person engaged in the operation of motion picture or television studios or recording studios, or any person engaged in the production of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings.
- (2) "Motion picture or television studio" means a facility in which film or video tape productions or parts of productions are made and which contains the necessary equipment and personnel for this purpose and also means a mobile unit or vehicle that is equipped in much the same manner as a stationary studio and used in the making of film or video tape productions.
- (3) "Motion picture" means any live-action or animated feature-length or short subject audiovisual work at any stage of the production, consisting of a series of related images, either on film, tape, or other embodiment, including, but not limited to, all items comprising part of the work and film-related products derived therefrom as well as duplicates and prints thereof and all sound recordings created to accompany a motion picture, which is produced, adapted, or altered for exploitation in, on, or through any medium or device and at any location, primarily for entertainment, commercial, industrial, or educational purposes.
- (4) "Commercial advertising production" means any film, video, audio, or photographic production that is created to promote statewide, nationally, or internationally specific brands, products, services, retailers, or advocacy positions for commercial purposes.
- (5) "Recording studio" means a place where, by means of mechanical or electronic devices, voices, music, or other

sounds are transmitted to tapes, records, or other devices capable of storing and reproducing sound.

- (6) "Recording industry" means any person engaged in an occupation or business of making recordings embodying sound for a livelihood or for a profit.
- (7) "Sound recording" means a recording of voices, music, or other sounds by mechanical or electronic transmission to tapes, records, or other devices capable of storing and reproducing sound.
- (8) "Music video production" means a cohesive compilation of motion pictures with a specific sound recording product for the purpose of broadcasting on a music television network or for commercial distribution.
- (9) "Production" means any production, or part thereof, of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising productions, music videos, or sound recordings as defined by this act.
- means those preliminary activities performed directly in connection with the production of a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television series, commercial advertising production, music video, or sound recording, which include, but are not limited to, obtaining story rights, scriptwriting, storyboarding, budgeting, scheduling, and assembling the financing, producers, director, and prime talent.
- performed in direct connection with the production, or any part thereof, of a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television series, commercial advertising production, music video, or sound recording, which include, but are not limited to, location scouting and managing, set construction and

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acquisition, props acquisition, wardrobe construction and acquisition, hair and makeup design and execution, 2 3 cinematography, photography, videography, sound recording, and personnel travel and meal acquisition and related activities. 4 5 "Postproduction activities" means those (12)activities performed directly in connection with transforming 6 7 the individual images and sounds recorded during production 8 into a cohesive body, which include, but are not limited to, editing, dubbing, creating supplementary sound tracks, 9 automated dialogue replacement, foley stage recording, sound 10 11 mixing, creating special effects, two-dimensional and three-dimensional graphics and animation, and creating credit 12 13 titles. (13) "Producer" means any person who causes to be made 14 a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television 15 series, commercial advertising, music video, or sound 16 17 recording, or any part thereof, primarily for entertainment, commercial, industrial, or educational purposes. 18 19 (14)"Council" means the Entertainment Florida 20 Council. Section 3. Section 288.1252, Florida Statutes, is 21 22 created to read: 288.1252 Entertainment Florida Council; creation; 23 24 purpose; membership; nominating council; powers and duties .--25 (1) CREATION. -- There is hereby created within the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the 26 27 Executive Office of the Governor, for administrative purposes 28 only, the Entertainment Florida Council. 29 PURPOSE. -- The purpose of the council shall be to (2)

serve as an advisory body to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and

Economic Development and to the Office of the Entertainment

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Industry Commissioner to provide these offices with industry insight and expertise related to developing, promoting, and providing service to the state's entertainment industry and to provide private sector supplemental financial support to the programs of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.

(3) MEMBERSHIP.--

- (a) The council shall consist of 17 members, five to be appointed by the Governor, six to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and six to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with the initial appointments being made no later than July 1, 1998.
- When making appointments to the council, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint persons who are residents of the state and who are highly knowledgeable of, active in, and recognized leaders in Florida's motion picture, television, video, sound recording or other entertainment industries. These persons shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of local government film commissions, representatives of entertainment associations, and board chairs, presidents, chief executive officers, chief operating officers, or persons of comparable executive position or stature of leading or otherwise important entertainment industry businesses. Council members shall be appointed in such a manner as to equitably represent the broadest spectrum of the entertainment industry and geographic areas of the state.
- (c) Council members shall serve for 4-year terms, except that the initial terms shall be staggered:

- 1. The Governor shall appoint one member for a 1-year term, one member for a 2-year term, one member for a 3-year term, and two members for 4-year terms.
- <u>2. The President of the Senate shall appoint one</u> <u>member for a 1-year term, two members for 2-year terms, two</u> members for 3-year terms, and one member for a 4-year term.
- 3. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one member for a 1-year term, two members for 2-year terms, two members for 3-year terms, and one member for a 4-year term.
- (d) Subsequent appointments shall be made by the official who appointed the council member whose expired term is to be filled.
- (e) Absence from three consecutive meetings shall result in automatic removal from the council.
- (f) A vacancy on the council shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by the official who appointed the vacating member.
- (g) No more than one member of the council may be an employee of any one company, organization, or association.
- (h) Any member shall be eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
- (i) The council shall meet no less frequently than once each quarter of the calendar year, but may meet more often as set by the council.
- serve as chair of the council and one member to serve as vice chair. The Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner shall provide staff assistance to the council, which shall include, but not be limited to, keeping records of the proceedings and financial activities of the council, and

serving as custodian of all books, documents, and papers filed with the council.

- (k) A majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum.
- (1) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061 while in performance of their duties.
- (m) Each member of the council shall file full and public disclosure of financial interests at the times and places and in the same manner required of elected constitutional officers under s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution and any law implementing that provision.
- (4) POWERS AND DUTIES.--Entertainment Florida Council shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this act, including, but not limited to, the power to:
- (a) Adopt bylaws for the governance of its affairs and the conduct of its business and rules to implement the provisions of this act.
- (b) Make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers and functions, including, but not limited to, a contract with a direct-support organization.
- (c) Create a direct-support organization to raise funds to provide supplemental support for the operation and programs of the Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner and serve as the board of directors of such an organization, which shall:

- 1. Be a Florida corporation not for profit, incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the Department of State.
- 2. Be organized and operated exclusively to receive, hold, invest, and administer property, to raise funds and accept gifts, and to make expenditures to supplement the activities, services, functions, and programs of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.
- 3. Be certified annually by the Office of Tourism,
 Trade, and Economic Development as operating in a manner
 consistent with the goals of the approved strategic plan for
 the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.
- <u>4. Be governed by a board of directors whose</u>
 membership is synonymous with the membership of the
 Entertainment Florida Council.
- 5. Make provisions for an annual postaudit of its financial accounts to be conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with rules promulgated by the Auditor General. The annual audit report shall include a management letter and shall be submitted to the Auditor General and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for review. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Auditor General shall have the authority to require and receive from the organization or its independent auditor any detail or supplemental data relative to the operation of the organization.
- 6. Not be considered an agency for the purposes of chapters 120, 216, and 287; ss. 255.21, 255.25, and 255.254, relating to leasing of buildings; ss. 283.33 and 283.35, relating to bids for printing; s. 215.31; and parts I, II, and IV through VIII of chapter 112.

Industry Commissioner.

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1	(d) Develop a 5-year strategic plan, by no later than
2	June 30, 1999, to guide the activities of the Office of the
3	Entertainment Industry Commissioner. The plan shall:
4	1. Be annual in construction and ongoing in nature.
5	2. Include recommendations relating to the
6	organizational structure of the Office of the Entertainment
7	Industry Commissioner.
8	3. Include an annual budget projection for the Office
9	of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner for each year of
10	the plan.
11	4. Include an operational model for the Office of the
12	Entertainment Industry Commissioner to use in implementing
13	programs designed to:
14	a. Develop and promote the state's entertainment
15	industry.
16	b. Have the office serve as a liaison between the
17	entertainment industry and other state and local governmental
18	agencies and labor organizations.
19	c. Gather statistical information related to the
20	state's entertainment industry.
21	d. Provide information and service to businesses,
22	communities, organizations and individuals engaged in
23	entertainment industry activities.
24	e. Administer field offices.
25	f. Administer the Entertainment Industry Incentive
26	Grant program.
27	5. Include recommendations regarding specific
28	performance standards and measurable outcomes for the
29	programs to be implemented by the Office of the Entertainment

6. Include an ongoing assessment of, and make recommendations on, the feasibility of creating an alternative public/private partnership for the purpose of contracting with such a partnership for the administration of the state's entertainment industry promotion, development, and industry service programs.

- (e) Oversee the Entertainment Industry Commissioner's administration of the programs related to the approved strategic plan, and advise the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development on whether the Commissioner is effectively administering such programs.
- (f) Appear on its own behalf before boards,
 commissions, departments, or other agencies of municipal,
 county, or state government, or the Federal Government.
- (g) Do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of and exercise the powers granted in this act.
- (h) Provide financial supplements to the programs of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.

Section 4. Section 288.12285, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 288.1253, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

288.1253 288.12285 Promotion and development of entertainment industries; direct-support organization; confidentiality of donor identities.—The identity of a donor or prospective donor to the direct-support organization authorized under s. 288.1252 s. 288.1228 who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such anonymity shall be maintained in audit reports. This

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section expires October 2, 2001, and is subject to review by the Legislature under the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 before that date.

Section 5. Section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

<u>288.1254 Promotion and development of entertainment industry; Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner; creation; purpose; powers and duties.--</u>

- (1) CREATION. --
- (a) There is hereby created within the Office of
 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Office of the
 Entertainment Industry Commissioner for the purpose of
 developing, promoting, and providing services to the state's
 entertainment industry.
- (b) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

 Development shall conduct a national search for a qualified

 person to fill the position of Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner, and the Executive Director of the Office of

 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall appoint the

 Entertainment Industry Commissioner from a list of the top

 three candidates recommended by the Entertainment Florida

 Council.
 - (2) POWERS AND DUTIES. --
- (a) The Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner, in performance of its duties, shall:
- 1. Implement the approved 5-year strategic plan developed by the Entertainment Florida Council for entertainment industry development, promotion, liaison services, field office administration, information, and production incentive grant program administration.

- 2. Develop and facilitate a smooth working relationship between state agencies and local governments in cooperation with local film commission offices for out-of-state and indigenous entertainment industry production entities.
- 3. Implement a structured methodology prescribed for coordinating activities of local offices with each other and the commissioner's office.
- 4. Represent the state's indigenous entertainment industry to key decisionmakers within the national and international entertainment industry, and to state and local officials.
- 5. Prepare an inventory of entertainment industry asset information on talent, crew, related businesses, and support services and coordinate with local offices to develop an information tool for common use.
- 6. Represent key decisionmakers within the national and international entertainment industry to the indigenous entertainment industry and to state and local officials.
- 7. Serve as liaison between entertainment industry producers and labor organizations.
- 8. Administer the production incentive grant program under s. 288.1256.
- (b) The Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner, in the performance of its duties, may:
- 1. Conduct or contract for specific promotion and marketing functions, including, but not limited to, production of a statewide directory, production and maintenance of an Internet web site, organization of trade show participation, and appropriate cooperative marketing opportunities.

- 2. Conduct its affairs, carry on its operations, establish offices, and exercise the powers granted by this act in any state, territory, district, or possession of the United States.
 3. Carry out any program of information, special
- 3. Carry out any program of information, special events, or publicity designed to attract entertainment industry to Florida.
- 4. Encourage and cooperate with other public and private organizations or groups in their efforts to publicize to the entertainment industry in this state, other states, and other countries the depth of Florida's entertainment industry talent, crew, production companies, production equipment resources, related businesses, and support services, including the establishment of and expenditure for a program of cooperative advertising with these public and private organizations and groups in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120.
- 5. Provide and arrange for reasonable and necessary promotional items and services for such persons as the office deems proper in connection with the performance of the promotional and other duties of the office.

Section 6. Section 288.1255, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.1255 Travel and entertainment expenses.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Business client" means any person, other than a state official or state employee, who receives the services of, or is the subject of solicitation by, representatives of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner in connection with the performance of its statutory duties, including persons or representatives of entertainment industry

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companies considering or being solicited for location, relocation, or expansion of an entertainment industry business within the state.

- (b) "Entertainment expenses" means the actual, necessary, and reasonable costs of providing hospitality for business clients or guests, which costs are defined and prescribed by rules adopted by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, subject to approval by the Comptroller.
- (c) "Guest" means a person, other than a state official or state employee, authorized by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to receive the hospitality of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner in connection with the performance of its statutory duties.
- (d) "Travel expenses" means the actual, necessary, and reasonable costs of transportation, meals, lodging, and incidental expenses normally incurred by a traveler, which costs are defined and prescribed by rules adopted by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, subject to approval by the Comptroller.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 112.061, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall adopt rules by which it may make expenditures by advancement or reimbursement, or a combination thereof, to:
- (a) State officers and state employees for travel
 expenses or entertainment expenses incurred by such officers
 and employees in connection with the performance of the
 statutory duties of the Office of the Entertainment Industry
 Commissioner.

1 (b) State officers and state employees for travel expenses or entertainment expenses incurred by such officers 2 3 and employees on behalf of guests, business clients, or authorized persons as defined in s. 112.061(2)(e) in 4 5 connection with the performance of the statutory duties of the 6 Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner. 7 Third party vendors for the travel or (C) 8 entertainment expenses of guests, business clients, or authorized persons as defined in s. 112.061(2)(e) incurred 9 10 while such persons are participating in activities or events 11 carried out by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner in connection with that office's statutory 12 13 duties. 14 The rules shall be subject to approval by the Comptroller 15 prior to promulgation. The rules shall require the submission 16 17 of paid receipts, or other proof of expenditure prescribed by the Comptroller, with any claim for reimbursement and shall 18 19 require, as a condition for any advancement of funds, an agreement to submit paid receipts or other proof of 20 expenditure and to refund any unused portion of the 21 advancement within 15 days after the expense is incurred or, 22 if the advancement is made in connection with travel, within 23 24 10 working days after the traveler's return to headquarters. However, with respect to an advancement of funds made solely 25 for travel expenses, the rules may allow paid receipts or 26 27 other proof of expenditure to be submitted, and any unused 28 portion of the advancement to be refunded, within 10 working 29 days after the traveler's return to headquarters. Operational 30 or promotional advancements, as defined in s. 288.35(4),

obtained pursuant to this section shall not be commingled with any other state funds.

- Development shall prepare an annual report of the expenditures of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner and provide such report to the Legislature no later than December 30 of each year for the expenditures of the previous fiscal year. The report shall consist of a summary of all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred within the United States and all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred outside the United States.
- (4) The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner and its employees and representatives, when
 authorized, may request, accept, and use complimentary travel,
 accommodations, meeting space, meals, equipment,
 transportation, and any other goods or services necessary for
 or beneficial to the performance of the office's duties and
 purposes, so long as such solicitation, acceptance, or use is
 not in conflict with part III of chapter 112. The Office of
 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, by rule,
 develop internal controls to ensure that such goods or
 services requested, accepted, or used pursuant to this
 subsection are limited to those which will assist in the
 furtherance of the office's goals and are in compliance with
 part III of chapter 112.
- (5) Any claim submitted under this section shall not be required to be sworn to before a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths, but any claim authorized or required to be made under any provision of this section shall contain a statement that the expenses were actually incurred as necessary travel or entertainment

expenses in the performance of official duties of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner and shall be 2 3 verified by written declaration that it is true and correct as to every material matter. Any person who willfully makes and 4 5 subscribes to any claim which he or she does not believe to be 6 true and correct as to every material matter or who willfully 7 aids or assists in, procures, or counsels or advises with 8 respect to, the preparation or presentation of a claim pursuant to this section that is fraudulent or false as to any 9 10 material matter, whether or not such falsity or fraud is with 11 the knowledge or consent of the person authorized or required to present the claim, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second 12 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 13 Whoever receives an advancement or reimbursement by means of a 14 15 false claim is civilly liable, in the amount of the overpayment, for the reimbursement of the public fund from 16 17 which the claim was paid. Section 7. Section 288.1256, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 created to read: 20 288.1256 Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program. --21 There is created the Florida Entertainment 22 Industry Incentive Grant Program within the Office of the 23 Entertainment Industry Commissioner. The purpose of the grant 24 25 program shall be to encourage and assist entertainment industry producers, as defined in this act, to select Florida 26 27 as their production location, to assist local communities in 28 attracting entertainment industry preproduction, production, 29 and postproduction activities to their areas, and to provide 30 educational scholarships and training program development 31

funds to state postsecondary educational institutions for entertainment industry programs.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, the definition of the term "Florida-based company" shall be developed by the Entertainment Industry Commissioner with the assistance of the Entertainment Florida Council prior to the implementation of the Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program.
- (3) The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner shall develop grant criteria and award levels and shall administer the distribution of grant funds under the following categories:
- (a) Motion picture productions with budgets of at least \$1 million to be spent in the state, which have secured completion bonds and distribution contracts, and that are produced by Florida-based companies.
- (b) Television series or made-for-TV motion picture productions to be produced in the state, which have secured syndication or sale to a network, and which employ at least 60 percent Florida-based crew.
- (c) Commercial advertising productions with budgets of at least \$250,000 to be spent in the state and that are produced by Florida-based companies.
- (d) Music sound recording productions to be produced in the state by Florida-based companies.
- (e) Student scholarships for students enrolled in entertainment industry production programs:
- 1. At public colleges, universities, community colleges, and vocational and technical schools in Florida whose curriculums are approved by the Board of Regents.

- 2. At private colleges and universities licensed by the State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities or holding a certificate of exemption under s. 246.085.
- 3. At postsecondary technical schools licensed by the State Board of Independent Postsecondary Vocational, Technical, Trade, and Business Schools.
- (f) Community matching grants to assist Florida communities in attracting entertainment industry productions and in servicing productions.
- (4) Prior to the release of funds under this section, any applicant for production-related grants shall provide documentation to the satisfaction of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner that:
- (a) The applicant has expended or will expend any specifically required amounts, or if no amount is required, has expended or will expend at least 85 percent of the project's production budget within the state.
- (b) The applicant has a commitment for distribution and exhibition.
- (5) The applicant's production-related project shall provide such other documentation as may be required by the council.
- (6) Grant applicants shall be qualified by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner and approved by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Entertainment Florida Council. Names of qualified production-related applicants shall be put into a pool from which at least one applicant from each category named in paragraphs (3)(a)-(e) shall be drawn annually, at random, to receive the grants, based upon availability of funds.

Previous applicants awarded grants under this paragraph shall not be eligible to apply for another grant for 2 years.

Section 8. Section 288.055, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 288.1257, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

288.1257 288.055 Florida Entertainment Industry

Incentive Grant Program Film and Television Investment Trust

Fund.

- (1) There is created within the State Treasury the Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program Film and Television Investment Trust Fund, from which money may be expended for those grants awarded by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner investments or loans, as authorized by this act, to encourage and assist feature film producers, television production companies, and distributors to select Florida as their production location.
- (2) The trust fund may be the repository of funds deposited by private and public sector sources investors, upon such terms and conditions as agreed upon between investors and the board. In no way shall such trust funds be made available, reappropriated, or transferred to the state's General Revenue Fund.
- of no less than \$1 million. Initial grants may be awarded from the trust fund from interest earned on the balance of \$1 million or from any funds which exceed the balance of \$1 million. The board is authorized to invest and make loans from the Florida Film and Television Investment Trust Fund individually or jointly under capital participation arrangements with public and private sector investors in film productions and television productions which select Florida as

their production location. Such investments or loans will be made under conditions required by law.

this section.

pursuant to the provisions of s. 212.20, the trust fund may receive contributions, gifts, grants, the proceeds of fundraising activities of the Entertainment Florida Council or its direct-support organization, and the proceeds from the creation of an entertainment industry specialty license plate. The board may invest trust funds in privately managed capital funds in order to achieve the investment purposes contained in

- (5) In order for the trust fund to maintain a sufficient pool of money, the board may disburse any profits earned by investments of the board to private sector or public investors as an inducement for such investors to maintain their principal investment sum in the Florida Film and Television Investment Trust Fund pool for such time and terms as the board may determine by rule.
- (6) The trust fund will be funded primarily from contributions, gifts, scholarships, grants, and fundraising activities of the board and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Additionally, the trust fund is authorized to accept any contributions from the Legislature, when so appropriated.
- (7) It is the intent of the Legislature that if any one type of investment mechanism authorized in this act is held to be invalid, all other mechanisms remain available.
- (8) The board may separate and categorize the state's Film and Television Investment Trust Fund moneys to assure that the board's investments and loans during each fiscal year

are representative of film, television, major studios,
mini-major studios, and independent production companies.

(9) Under no circumstance shall the credit of the state be pledged, other than moneys in the Film and Television Investment Trust Fund.

Section 9. Section 288.1258, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.1258 Entertainment industry qualified production companies; application procedure; categories; duties of the Department of Revenue.--

- (1)(a) Any production company engaged in this state in the production of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising, music videos, or music recordings, as they are defined in this act, may submit an application to the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner to be approved as a qualified production company for the purpose of receiving a sales and use tax certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue or for applying for a sales and use tax refund.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the term qualified production company" means any production company that has submitted a properly completed application to the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner and is subsequently qualified by that office.
 - (2) APPLICATION PROCEDURE. --
- (a)1. The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner shall establish a process by which an

 entertainment industry production company may be approved by

 the office as a qualified production company and may receive a

 certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for

 the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031(1)(a)9.,

212.06(1)(b), and 212.08(12)(a)3. and may be eligible to apply to the Department of Revenue for sales and use tax refunds under s. 212.08(12)(a)2.

- 2. Upon determination by the Office of the
 Entertainment Industry Commissioner that a production company
 meets the established approval criteria and qualifies for
 exemption, the Office of the Entertainment Industry
 Commissioner shall forward the approved application or
 application renewal or extension to the Department of Revenue,
 which shall issue a certificate of exemption.
- 3. The Office of the Entertainment Industry
 Commissioner shall deny an application or application for
 renewal or extension from a production company if it
 determines that the production company does not meet the
 established approval criteria.
- (b) The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner shall develop, with the cooperation of the

 Department of Revenue and local government entertainment

 industry promotion agencies, a standardized application form

 for use in approving qualified production companies.
- 1. The application form shall include, but not be limited to, production-related information on employment, proposed budgets, planned purchases of items exempted from sales and use taxes under ss. 212.031(1)(a)9., 212.06(1)(b), and 212.08(12)(a)3., a signed affirmation from the applicant that any items purchased for which the applicant is seeking a tax exemption are intended for use exclusively as an integral part of entertainment industry preproduction, production or postproduction activities engaged in primarily in this state, and a signed affirmation from the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner that the information on the application

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form has been verified and is correct. In lieu of information on projected employment, proposed budgets, or planned 2 3 purchases of exempted items, a production company seeking a 1-year certificate of exemption may submit summary historical 4 5 data on employment, production budgets, and purchases of 6 exempted items related to production activities in this state. 7 Any information gathered from production companies for the purposes of this section shall be considered confidential 8 9 taxpayer information and shall be disclosed only as provided 10 in s. 213.053.

- 2. The application form may be distributed to applicants by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner or local government entertainment industry promotion agencies.
- (c) All applications, renewals, and extensions for designation as a qualified production company shall be processed by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.
- determines that a production company no longer qualifies for, or has otherwise used, a certificate of exemption for purposes other than those authorized by this section and chapter 212, the Department of Revenue shall revoke the certificate of exemption of that production company, and any sales or use taxes exempted on items purchased or leased by the production company during the time such company did not qualify for a certificate of exemption or improperly used a certificate of exemption, shall become immediately due to the Department of Revenue, along with interest and penalty as provided by section 212.12. In addition to the other penalties imposed by this part, any person who knowingly and willfully falsifies an

application, or uses a certificate of exemption for purposes other than those authorized by this section and chapter 212, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, and s. 775.084.

(e) The Office of the Entertainment Industry

Commissioner shall develop and periodically update, in

cooperation with local government entertainment industry

promotion agencies, entertainment industry representatives,

and program directors of public postsecondary institutions

which house and operate entertainment industry production

facilities, a list of products and services commonly used by

entertainment industry producers in connection with

preproduction, production, and postproduction activities

described in this act and in s. 212.08(12)(b), which shall be

made available to production companies applying for

designation as a qualified production company.

(3) CATEGORIES.--

(a)1. A production company may be qualified for designation as a qualified production company for a period of 1 year if the company has operated a business in Florida at a permanent address for a period of 12 consecutive months. Such a qualified production company shall receive a single 1-year certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031(1)(a)9., 212.06(1)(b), and 212.08(12)(a)3., which certificate shall expire 1 year after issuance or upon the cessation of business operations in the state, at which time the certificate shall be surrendered to the Department of Revenue. Such a qualified production company may also submit one application per production for the sales and use tax refund under s.

212.08(12)(a)2. for the period of validity of the company's certificate of exemption.

- 2. The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner shall develop a method by which a qualified

 production company may annually renew a 1-year certificate of

 exemption for a period of up to 5 years without requiring the

 production company to resubmit a new application during that

 5-year period.
- 3. Any qualified production company may submit a new application for a 1-year certificate of exemption upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption.
- (b)1. A production company may be qualified for designation as a qualified production company for a period of 90-days. Such production company shall receive a single 90-day certificate of exemption from the Department of Revenue for the sales and use tax exemptions under ss. 212.031(1)(a)9., 212.06(1)(b), and 212.08(12)(a)3., which certificate shall expire 90 days after issuance, with extensions contingent upon approval of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner. The certificate shall be surrendered to the Department of Revenue upon its expiration. Such a qualified production company may also submit one application per production for the sales and use tax refund under s. 212.08(12)(a)2. for the period of validity of the company's certificate of exemption.
- 2. Any production company may submit a new application for a 90-day certificate of exemption upon the expiration of that company's certificate of exemption.
 - (4) DUTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. --
- 30 <u>(a) The Department of Revenue shall issue a numbered</u>
 31 <u>certificate of exemption to a qualified production company</u>

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within 5 working days of the receipt of a properly completed and approved application, application renewal, or application 2 3 extension from the Office of the Entertainment Industry 4 Commissioner. 5 The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such (b) rules and shall prescribe and publish such forms as may be 6 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act or any of the 7 8 sales tax exemptions which are reasonably related to the provisions of this act. 9 10 (C) The Department of Revenue is authorized to 11 establish audit procedures in accordance with the provisions of ss. 212.12 and 212.13 which relate to the sales tax 12 exemption provisions of this act. 13 Section 10. Florida Entertainment Industry Model 14 Permitting Task Force; creation; membership; powers and 15 duties; report. -- There is created within the Office of the 16 Entertainment Industry Commissioner, for a period of one year, 17 a task force for the purpose of developing a model for uniform 18 19 permits for use by state agencies and county and municipal 20 governments. 21 (1) Members of the task force shall be appointed by the Governor no later than July 1, 1998, for a period of 1 year 22 and shall include one representative from each of the 23 24 following: 25 (a) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 26 Development. 27 The Department of Environmental Protection. (b) 28 The Division of Recreation and Parks of the 29 Department of Environmental Protection.

The Office of the State Fire Marshall.

The Department of Transportation.

1	(f) The Board of Regents.
2	(g) The Florida League of Cities.
3	(h) The Florida Association of Counties.
4	(i) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor
5	Vehicles.
6	(j) The Division of Law Enforcement of the Department
7	of Environmental Protection.
8	(k) The Department of Community Affairs.
9	(1) The Department of Corrections.
10	(m) The Florida Film Commissioner's Association.
11	(n) Each of the state's two largest motion-picture
12	production studios.
13	(o) The Florida Motion Picture and Television
14	Association.
15	(p) The recording industry.
16	(q) The commercial advertising industry.
17	(2) The task force shall meet as often as necessary to
18	develop a report which shall be given to the President of the
19	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no
20	later than June 30, 1999, which shall include:
21	(a) A recommendation for model permits for use by
22	state agencies and county and municipal governments in
23	granting temporary permits to entertainment industry
24	businesses in the process of production activities.
25	(b) Cost recommendations for use of state and local
26	government buildings, property, and personnel.
27	(c) Recommendations for developing a timetable for
28	securing state and local environmental permits during the
29	preproduction and production stages of an entertainment
30	industry project.
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- 1 (3) The task force shall elect a chair who will set 2 the meeting schedules for the task force.
 - (4) The Office of the Entertainment Industry

 Commissioner may provide staff assistance to the task force

 for the purpose of recording the minutes of each meeting.
 - (5) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061 while in the performance of their duties.

Section 11. Subsections (2) and (7) of section 14.2015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

14.2015 Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; creation; powers and duties.--

- (2) The purpose of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is to assist the Governor in working with the Legislature, state agencies, business leaders, and economic development professionals to formulate and implement coherent and consistent policies and strategies designed to provide economic opportunities for all Floridians. To accomplish such purposes, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall:
- (a) Contract, notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, with the direct-support organization created under s. 288.1228, or a designated Florida not-for-profit corporation whose board members have had prior experience in promoting, throughout the state, the economic development of the Florida motion picture, television, radio, video, recording, and entertainment industries, to guide, stimulate, and promote the entertainment industry in the state.

 $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (b) Contract, notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, with the direct-support organization

 created under s. 288.1229 to guide, stimulate, and promote the sports industry in the state.

(b)(c) Monitor the activities of public-private partnerships and state agencies in order to avoid duplication and promote coordinated and consistent implementation of programs in areas including, but not limited to, tourism; international trade and investment; business recruitment, creation, retention, and expansion; minority and small business development; and rural community development.

(c)(d) Facilitate the direct involvement of the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor in economic development projects designed to create, expand, and retain Florida businesses and to recruit worldwide business.

(d)(e) Assist the Governor, in cooperation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Florida Commission on Tourism, in preparing an annual report to the Legislature on the state of the business climate in Florida and on the state of economic development in Florida which will include the identification of problems and the recommendation of solutions. This report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Minority Leader, and the House Minority Leader by January 1 of each year, and it shall be in addition to the Governor's message to the Legislature under the State Constitution and any other economic reports required by law.

(e)(f) Plan and conduct at least three meetings per calendar year of leaders in business, government, and economic development called by the Governor to address the business climate in the state, develop a common vision for the economic future of the state, and identify economic development efforts to fulfill that vision.

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(f)(g)1. Administer the Florida Enterprise Zone Act under ss. 290.001-290.016, the community contribution tax credit program under ss. 220.183 and 624.5105, the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses under s. 288.106, contracts for transportation projects under s. 288.063, the sports franchise facility program under s. 288.1162, the professional golf hall of fame facility program under s. 288.1168, the Florida Jobs Siting Act under ss. 403.950-403.972, the Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund under s. 288.065, the Regional Rural Development Grants Program under s. 288.018, the Florida State Rural Development Council, and the Rural Economic Development Initiative.

2. The office may enter into contracts in connection with the fulfillment of its duties concerning the Florida First Business Bond Pool under chapter 159, tax incentives under chapters 212 and 220, foreign offices under chapter 288, the Enterprise Zone program under chapter 290, the Seaport Employment Training program under chapter 311, the Florida Professional Sports Team License Plates under chapter 320, Spaceport Florida under chapter 331, Job Siting and Expedited Permitting under chapter 403, and in carrying out other functions that are specifically assigned to the office by law.

(g)(h) Serve as contract administrator for the state with respect to contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Florida Commission on Tourism, and all direct-support organizations under this act, excluding those relating to tourism. To accomplish the provisions of this act and applicable provisions of chapter 288, and notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, the office shall enter into specific contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the

Florida Commission on Tourism, and other appropriate direct-support organizations. Such contracts may be multiyear and shall include specific performance measures for each year. The office shall provide the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with a report by February 1 of each year on the status of these contracts, including the extent to which specific contract performance measures have been met by these contractors.

- (h) Provide administrative oversight for the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner, created under s. 288.1254, to develop, promote, and provide services to the state's entertainment industry and to administratively house the Entertainment Florida Council created under s. 288.1252.
- (i) Prepare and submit as a separate budget entity a unified budget request for tourism, trade, and economic development in accordance with chapter 216 for, and in conjunction with, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and its boards, the Florida Commission on Tourism and its direct-support organization, the Florida Black Business Investment Board, the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner, and the direct-support organization organizations created to promote the entertainment and sports industries.
- (j) Promulgate rules to carry out its functions in connection with the administration of the Qualified Target Industry program, the Qualified Defense Contractor program, the Enterprise Zone program, and the Florida First Business Bond pool.
- (7) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall develop performance measures, standards, and sanctions for each program it administers under this act and, in conjunction with the applicable entity, for each program

for which it contracts with another entity under this act. The performance measures, standards, and sanctions shall be developed in consultation with the legislative appropriations committees and the appropriate substantive committees, and are subject to the review and approval process provided in s. 216.177. The approved performance measures, standards, and sanctions shall be included and made a part of each strategic plan or contract entered into for delivery of programs authorized by this act.

Section 12. Effective January 1, 1999, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 212.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.031 Lease or rental of or license in real property.--

- (1)(a) It is declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license for the use of any real property unless such property is:
 - 1. Assessed as agricultural property under s. 193.461.
 - 2. Used exclusively as dwelling units.
- 3. Property subject to tax on parking, docking, or storage spaces under s. 212.03(6).
- 4. Recreational property or the common elements of a condominium when subject to a lease between the developer or owner thereof and the condominium association in its own right or as agent for the owners of individual condominium units or the owners of individual condominium units. However, only the lease payments on such property shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter, and any other use made by the owner

or the condominium association shall be fully taxable under this chapter.

- 5. A public or private street or right-of-way occupied or used by a utility for utility purposes.
- 6. A public street or road which is used for transportation purposes.
- 7. Property used at an airport exclusively for the purpose of aircraft landing or aircraft taxiing or property used by an airline for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or property onto or from aircraft or for fueling aircraft.
- 8.a. Property used at a port authority, as defined in s. 315.02(2), exclusively for the purpose of oceangoing vessels or tugs docking, or such vessels mooring on property used by a port authority for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or cargo onto or from such a vessel, or property used at a port authority for fueling such vessels, or to the extent that the amount paid for the use of any property at the port is based on the charge for the amount of tonnage actually imported or exported through the port by a tenant.
- b. The amount charged for the use of any property at the port in excess of the amount charged for tonnage actually imported or exported shall remain subject to tax except as provided in sub-subparagraph a.
- 9. Property used as an integral part of the preproduction, production, and postproduction activities by a qualified production company as these terms are defined in s. 212.08(12). This exemption will inure to the taxpayer upon presentation of the certificate of exemption issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258.performance of qualified production services. As used in this subparagraph,

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the term "qualified production services" means any activity or service performed directly in connection with the production of a qualified motion picture, as defined in s. 212.06(1)(b), and includes:

5 a. Photography, sound and recording, casting, location 6 managing and scouting, shooting, creation of special and optical effects, animation, adaptation (language, media, electronic, or otherwise), technological modifications, computer graphics, set and stage support (such as 9 10 electricians, lighting designers and operators, greensmen, 11 prop managers and assistants, and grips), wardrobe (design, preparation, and management), hair and makeup (design, 12 production, and application), performing (such as acting, 13 14 dancing, and playing), designing and executing stunts, coaching, consulting, writing, scoring, composing, 15 16 choreographing, script supervising, directing, producing, 17 transmitting dailies, dubbing, mixing, editing, cutting, looping, printing, processing, duplicating, storing, and 18 19 distributing;

b. The design, planning, engineering, construction, alteration, repair, and maintenance of real or personal property including stages, sets, props, models, paintings, and facilities principally required for the performance of those services listed in sub-subparagraph a.; and

- c. Property management services directly related to property used in connection with the services described in sub-subparagraphs a. and b.
- 10. Leased, subleased, or rented to a person providing food and drink concessionaire services within the premises of a movie theater, a business operated under a permit issued pursuant to chapter 550, or any publicly owned arena, sports

stadium, convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium, or recreational facility. A person providing retail concessionaire services involving the sale of food and drink or other tangible personal property within the premises of an airport shall be subject to tax on the rental of real property used for that purpose, but shall not be subject to the tax on any license to use the property. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sale" shall not include the leasing of tangible personal property.

11. Property occupied pursuant to an instrument calling for payments which the department has declared, in a Technical Assistance Advisement issued on or before March 15, 1993, to be nontaxable pursuant to rule 12A-1.070(19)(c), Florida Administrative Code; provided that this subparagraph shall only apply to property occupied by the same person before and after the execution of the subject instrument and only to those payments made pursuant to such instrument, exclusive of renewals and extensions thereof occurring after March 15, 1993.

Section 13. Effective January 1, 1999, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 212.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from dealers; "dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers; legislative intent as to scope of tax.--

(1)

(b) Except as otherwise provided, any person who manufactures, produces, compounds, processes, or fabricates in any manner tangible personal property for his or her own use shall pay a tax upon the cost of the product manufactured, produced, compounded, processed, or fabricated without any

deduction therefrom on account of the cost of material used, labor or service costs, or transportation charges, 2 3 notwithstanding the provisions of s. 212.02 defining "cost 4 price." However, the tax levied under this paragraph shall 5 not be imposed upon any person who manufactures or produces 6 electrical power or energy, steam energy, or other energy at a 7 single location, when such power or energy is used directly 8 and exclusively at such location, or at other locations if the 9 energy is transferred through facilities of the owner in the 10 operation of machinery or equipment that is used to 11 manufacture, process, compound, produce, fabricate, or prepare for shipment tangible personal property for sale or to operate 12 pollution control equipment, maintenance equipment, or 13 monitoring or control equipment used in such operations. 14 manufacture or production of electrical power or energy that 15 is used for space heating, lighting, office equipment, or 16 17 air-conditioning or any other nonmanufacturing, nonprocessing, noncompounding, nonproducing, nonfabricating, or nonshipping 18 19 activity is taxable. Electrical power or energy consumed or 20 dissipated in the transmission or distribution of electrical power or energy for resale is also not taxable. Fabrication 21 labor shall not be taxable when a person is using his or her 22 own equipment and personnel, for his or her own account, as an 23 24 integral part of the preproduction, production, and post 25 production activities by a qualified production company as these terms are defined in s. 212.08(12). This exemption will 26 27 inure to the taxpayer upon presentation of the certificate of 28 exemption issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 29 288.1258.a producer, subproducer, or coproducer of a qualified motion picture. For purposes of this chapter, the 30 31 term "qualified motion picture" means all or any part of a

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series of related images, either on film, tape, or other embodiment, including, but not limited to, all items comprising part of the original work and film-related products derived therefrom as well as duplicates and prints thereof and all sound recordings created to accompany a motion picture, which is produced, adapted, or altered for exploitation in, on, or through any medium or device and at any location, primarily for entertainment, commercial, industrial, or educational purposes. A person who manufactures factory-built buildings for his or her own use in the performance of contracts for the construction or improvement of real property shall pay a tax only upon the person's cost price of items used in the manufacture of such buildings.

Section 14. Effective January 1, 1999, section

Section 14. Effective January 1, 1999, section 212.0602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.0602 Education; limited exemption. -- To facilitate investment in education and job training, there is also exempt from the taxes levied under this chapter, subject to the provisions of this section, the purchase or lease of materials, equipment, real or personal property, and other items by any entity, institution, or organization that is primarily engaged in teaching students to perform any of the activities or services described in s. 212.08(12)(b) 212.031(1)(a)9, that conducts classes at a fixed location located in this state, that is licensed under chapter 246, and that has at least 500 enrolled students. Any entity, institution, or organization meeting the requirements of this section shall be deemed to qualify for the exemptions afforded a qualified production company as defined in s. 212.08(12)(b) $\frac{1}{1}$ in ss. $\frac{212.031(1)(a)9}{a}$ and $\frac{212.08(5)(f)}{a}$ and $\frac{(12)}{a}$, and to qualify for an exemption for its purchase or lease of

materials, equipment, <u>real or personal property</u> and other items used for education or demonstration of the school's curriculum <u>including supporting operations</u>. Nothing in this section shall preclude an entity described in this section from qualifying for any other exemption provided for in this chapter.

Section 15. Effective January 1, 1999, subsection (12) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (12) PARTIAL EXEMPTION; ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY

 PRODUCTION SERVICES, EQUIPMENT, MASTER TAPES, RECORDS, FILMS,

 OR VIDEO TAPES.--
- (a) There are exempt from the taxes imposed by this chapter:
- 1. The gross receipts from the sale or lease of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, master tapes or master records embodying sound, or master films or master video tapes; except that amounts paid to recording studios or motion picture or television studios for the tangible elements of such master tapes, records, films, or video tapes are taxable as otherwise provided in this chapter. This exemption will inure to the taxpayer upon presentation of the certificate of exemption issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258.
- 2.a. Thirty percent of the gross receipts from the sale or lease of, and the storage, use, or other consumption

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in this state of all items and services subject to sales and use tax under the provisions of chapter 212 by an 2 3 entertainment industry qualified production company as defined in this subsection in connection with preproduction, 4 5 production, and postproduction activities in this state by the 6 production company during the time period for which the 7 company holds a valid certificate of exemption issued to the 8 taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258. The amount of sales and use tax available to be refunded under this 9 paragraph shall not exceed \$100,000 per production. 10 11 b. The exemption provided by this subparagraph shall inure to the taxpayer only through a refund of previously paid 12 taxes. A refund shall be authorized upon an affirmative 13 showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the Department 14 of Revenue that the requirements of this paragraph have been 15 met. Refunds of taxes paid may only be made on sales and use 16 17 tax paid pursuant to the rate specified in s. 212.06(1)(a), and shall not include any local discretionary taxes or fees. 18 19 To apply for the refund, the qualified production company shall submit to the Department of Revenue an 20 21 application for refund which includes a copy of the 22 certificate of exemption issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258, dealer receipts, invoices, and any 23 24 documents evidencing all purchases or leases for which the exemption is claimed, which shall include the date and total 25 amount of sales and use tax paid or accrued pursuant to s. 26 27 212.183, and a copy of related production accounting reports compiled by the production company for the producer. 28 29 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 212.095, such refund

shall be made within 30 days of receipt of a formal

application, which application shall be made within 6 months after the completion of production activities.

- 3. The gross receipts from the sale or lease of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of motion picture or video and sound recording equipment used as an integral part of production or postproduction activities in this state by a qualified production company as defined in this subsection.

 This exemption shall inure to the taxpayer upon presentation by the purchaser or lessee to the vendor of the certificate of exemption issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s.

 288.1258. For the purpose of the exemption provided in this subparagraph, entertainment industry equipment shall be categorized as belonging to one of the following five groups and shall be itemized by type on a list annually compiled and published no later than September 1, by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner created under s. 288.1254:
- <u>a. Production cameras, lenses, and camera accessory</u> equipment.
 - b. Production lighting and grip equipment.
- $\underline{\text{c. Production audio or video recording and playback}}$ equipment.
- d. Postproduction editing equipment and special effects programs and digitizing equipment.
- e. Animation and related computer equipment, computer programs, audio and video recording and playback equipment, and specialized artist workstations.
 - (b) For the purposes of this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Amounts paid for the tangible elements" does not include any amounts paid for the copyrightable, artistic, or other intangible elements of such master tapes, records, films, or video tapes, whether designated as royalties or

 otherwise., including, but not limited to, services rendered in producing, fabricating, processing, or imprinting tangible personal property or any other services or production expenses in connection therewith which may otherwise be construed as constituting a "sale" under s. 212.02.

- 2. "Master films or master video tapes" means films or video tapes utilized by the motion picture and television production industries in making visual images for reproduction.
- 3. "Master tapes or master records embodying sound" means tapes, records, and other devices utilized by the recording industry in making recordings embodying sound.
- 4. "Motion picture or television studio" means a facility in which film or video tape productions or parts of productions are made and which contains the necessary equipment and personnel for this purpose and includes a mobile unit or vehicle that is equipped in much the same manner as a stationary studio and used in the making of film or video tape productions.
- 5. "Recording studio" means a place where, by means of mechanical or electronic devices, voices, music, or other sounds are transmitted to tapes, records, or other devices capable of reproducing sound.
- 6. "Recording industry" means any person engaged in an occupation or business of making recordings embodying sound for a livelihood or for a profit.
- 7. "Sound recording" means a recording of voices, music, or other sounds by mechanical or electronic transmission to tapes, records, or other devices capable of storing and reproducing sound.

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7. "Motion picture or television production industry" means any person engaged in an occupation or business for a livelihood or for profit of making visual motion picture or television visual images for showing on screen or television for theatrical, commercial, advertising, or educational purposes.

- "Music video production" means a cohesive compilation of motion pictures with a specific sound recording product for the purpose of broadcasting on a music television network or commercial distribution.
- 9. "Motion picture" means any live-action or animated feature-length or short-subject audiovisual work at any stage of the production, consisting of a series of related images, either on film, tape, or other embodiment, including, but not limited to, all items comprising part of the work and film-related products derived therefrom as well as duplicates and prints thereof and all sound recordings created to accompany a motion picture, which is produced, adapted, or altered for exploitation in, on, or through any medium or device and at any location, primarily for entertainment, commercial, industrial, or educational purposes.
- 10. "Commercial advertising production" means any film, video, audio, or photographic production that is created to promote statewide, nationally, or internationally specific brands, products, services, retailers, or advocacy positions for commercial purposes.
- "Production" means any production, or any part thereof, of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings as defined in this subsection.

12. "Preproduction activities" means those preliminary activities performed directly in connection with the production, or any part thereof, of a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television series, commercial advertising production, music video, or sound recording, which include, but are not limited to, obtaining story rights, script writing, story boarding, budgeting, scheduling, and assembling the financing, producers, director, and prime talent.

- performed directly in connection with the production, or any part thereof, of a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television series, commercial advertising production, music video, or sound recording which include, but are not limited to, location scouting and managing, set construction and acquisition, props acquisition, wardrobe construction and acquisition, hair and makeup design and execution, cinematography, photography, videography, sound recording, and personnel travel and meal acquisition and related activities.
- 14. "Postproduction activities" means those activities performed directly in connection with transforming the individual images and sounds recorded during production into a cohesive body, which include, but are not limited to, editing, dubbing, creating supplementary soundtracks, automated dialogue replacement, foley stage recording, sound mixing, creating special effects, two-dimensional and three-dimensional graphics and animation, and creating credit titles.
- 15. "Qualified production company" means any production company that causes to be made a motion picture, made-for-TV motion picture, television series, commercial

 advertising, music video, or sound recording, or any part
thereof, primarily for entertainment, commercial, industrial,
or educational purposes and that has submitted a properly
completed application to the Office of the Entertainment
Industry Commissioner and is subsequently qualified by that
office.

- 16. "Entertainment industry" means any person engaged in the operation of motion picture or television studios or recording studios, or any person engaged in the production of motion pictures, made-for-TV motion pictures, television series, commercial advertising, music videos, or sound recordings.
- Commissioner shall keep annual records from the information provided on taxpayer applications for tax exemption certificates beginning with the effective date of the tax exemptions provided by this subsection. These records shall reflect a percentage comparison of the annual amount of funds exempted to the estimated amount of funds expended in relation to entertainment industry products, and shall keep data showing annual growth in Florida-based entertainment industry companies and entertainment industry employment and wages.

 The Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner shall report this information to the Legislature by no later than December 1 of each year.
- (d) This subsection shall be repealed October 1, 2008, subject to a review to be completed by the Legislature prior to the conclusion of the 2008 Regular Session of the Legislature.

Section 16. Effective January 1, 1999, paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operation expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.--

- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this part shall be as follows:
- (f) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. Two-tenths of one percent shall be transferred to the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund.
- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 9.653 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund.
- 4. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 0.054 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 5. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1., 2., 3., and 4., an amount equal to 20 percent of the total sales taxes before any refunds are disbursed, paid by qualified production companies, as reported to the Department of Revenue

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under the provisions of s. 212.08(12)(a)2., shall be transferred to the Entertainment Industry Grant Program Trust Fund.

6.5. Of the remaining proceeds:

- Beginning July 1, 1992, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each applicant that has been certified as a "facility for a new professional sports franchise" or a "facility for a retained professional sports franchise" pursuant to s. 288.1162 and \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each applicant that has been certified as a "new spring training franchise facility" pursuant to s. 288.1162. Distributions shall begin 60 days following such certification and shall continue for 30 years. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to allow an applicant certified pursuant to s. 288.1162 to receive more in distributions than actually expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided for in s. 288.1162(7). However, a certified applicant shall receive distributions up to the maximum amount allowable and undistributed under this section for additional renovations and improvements to the facility for the franchise without additional certification.
- b. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Commerce to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the

facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 180 months, to the applicant. 3 distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. 4 7.6. All other proceeds shall remain with the General 5 Revenue Fund. 6 Section 17. Paragraph (o) is added to subsection (7) 7 of s. 213.053, F.S., to read: 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--8 9 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 10 section, the department may provide: 11 (o) Information relative to the tax exemptions under ss. 212.031(1)(a)9., 212.06(1)(b), and 212.08(12)(a)2. and 3. 12 to the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner. The 13 14 Department of Revenue shall provide the Office of the 15 Entertainment Industry Commissioner with information in the aggregate on the number of refunds applied for, the number 16 17 granted, the amount of production expenditures as provided in s. 212.08(12)(a)2., labor and wages information, and the 18 19 amount of the refunds. 20 21 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 22 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or 23 24 nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of 25 confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 26 punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 27 28 Section 18. Effective January 1, 1999, section 29 212.0602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 212.0602 Education; limited exemption. -- To facilitate 31 investment in education and job training, there is also exempt

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from the taxes levied under this chapter, subject to the provisions of this section, the purchase or lease of 2 3 materials, equipment, and other items by any entity, 4 institution, or organization that is primarily engaged in teaching students to perform any of the activities or services described in s. 212.031(1)(a)9., that conducts classes at a fixed location located in this state, that is licensed under chapter 246, and that has at least 500 enrolled students. entity, institution, or organization meeting the requirements 10 of this section shall be deemed to qualify for the exemptions 11 in ss. 212.031(1)(a)9. and $212.08\frac{(5)(f)}{and}$ (12), and to qualify for an exemption for its purchase or lease of 12 materials, equipment, and other items used for education or 13 demonstration of the school's curriculum. Nothing in this 14 15 section shall preclude an entity described in this section 16 from qualifying for any other exemption provided for in this chapter.

Section 19. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 288.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.108 High-impact business.--

- (6) SELECTION AND DESIGNATION OF HIGH-IMPACT SECTORS.--
- The study and its findings and recommendations and the recommendations gathered from the sector-business network must be discussed and considered during at least one of the quarterly meetings required in s. 14.2015(2)(g)(h).

Section 20. Subsection (7) of section 288.90152, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.90152 Pilot matching grant program. --

(7) Upon completing all training funded under this pilot program, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development shall report on the outputs and outcomes for this program as part of the annual report prepared under s. 14.2015(2)(f)(g). Such report must include a recommendation on whether it would be sound public policy to continue or discontinue funding for the program. Section 21. Effective January 1, 1999, paragraph (f) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 22. Sections 288.051, 288.052, 288.053, 288.054, 288.056, 288.057, 288.1228, and 288.12285, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 23. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming law.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY Creates the "Florida Entertainment Industry Growth Act." Defines terms for purposes of the act. Creates the Entertainment Florida Council within the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the Executive Office of the Governor for the purpose of providing industry insight and expertise related to developing, promoting, and providing service to the state's entertainment industry and providing private sector supplemental financial support to the programs of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner, as created by the act. Provides for membership, terms, organization, and powers and duties of the council. Creates the Entertainment Florida Council within the organization, and powers and duties of the council. Creates the Office of Entertainment Industry Commissioner within the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for the purpose of developing, promoting, and providing services to the state's entertainment industry. Provides procedure for the appointment of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner Provides powers and Entertainment Industry Commissioner. Provides powers and duties of the office. Requires the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to adopt rules by which it may make specified Development to adopt rules by which it may make specified expenditures for expenses incurred in connection with the performance of the duties of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner. Requires approval of such rules by the Comptroller. Requires an annual report. Authorizes the solicitation, acceptance, and use of specified goods and services by employees and representatives of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner relative to the performance of the duties of the office. Provides certain requirements with respect to claims for expenses. Provides a second-degree misdemeanor penalty for false or fraudulent claims, and provides for civil liability. Creates the Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program within the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner for the purpose of encouraging and assisting entertainment industry producers to select Florida as a production location and to provide educational scholarships and training program development funds to state postsecondary educational institutions. Provides for the development of grant criteria. Provides for the administration and distribution of grant funds. 2.8 Redesignates the Florida Film and Television Investment Trust Fund as the Florida Entertainment Industry Incentive Grant Program Trust Fund. Provides for use of trust fund moneys for the award of grants by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner. Requires the 55

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

maintenance of a specified trust fund balance. Specifies funds from which initial grants may be awarded. Specifies sources from which the trust fund may receive moneys.

Authorizes application for approval by the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner as a qualified production company for purposes of receiving specified sales tax exemptions and refunds. Provides application procedure. Provides for revocation of a certificate of exemption. Provides a third-degree felony penalty for falsification or unauthorized use of an application for certificate of exemption. Establishes categories of qualification for a certificate of exemption. Provides duties of the Department of Revenue with respect to sales tax exemptions to qualified production companies.

Creates the Florida Entertainment Industry Model Permitting Task Force for the purpose of developing a model for uniform permits for use by state agencies and county and municipal governments.

Revises purposes of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the Executive Office of the Governor with respect to the promotion of the entertainment industry within the state. Charges the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development with administrative oversight of the Office of the Entertainment Industry Commissioner.

Revises various provisions of the tax code as follows: 1. Revises language with respect to property used as an integral part of the performance of qualified production services for purposes of the lease or rental of or license in real property.

2. With respect to the tax on sales, use, and other transactions, revises language with respect to the exemption for fabrication labor used in the production of a qualified motion picture

a qualified motion picture.

a qualified motion picture.

3. Revises the partial exemption from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions for master tapes, records, films, or video tapes to include entertainment industry production services and equipment within the exemption. Sets the rate of the exemption at 30 percent of the gross receipts on all items and services subject to the sales tax by a qualified production company in connection with production activities in this state for which the company holds a valid certificate of exemption; and the gross receipts applicable to motion picture or video and sound recording equipment used as an integral part of production activities in this state by a qualified production company. Provides a limit on refund of taxes of \$100,000 per production. Provides for repeal of the exemptions on October 1, 2008, and for review of the exemptions by the Legislature prior to that date.

4. Provides for the distribution of specified tax proceeds to the Entertainment Industry Grant Program Trust Fund.

5. Repeals the exemption from the tax on sales,

1	use, and other transactions for specified motion picture or video equipment, and specified sound recording equipment, effective January 1, 1999.
2	equipment, effective January 1, 1999.
3	Repeals various provisions of chapter 288, F.S., relating
4	Repeals various provisions of chapter 288, F.S., relating to the Florida Film and Television Investment Act and the Florida Film and Television Investment Board, to conform.
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