1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to general government; amending 3 s. 372.672, F.S.; clarifying uses of funds in 4 the Florida Panther Research and Management 5 Trust Fund; amending s. 259.101, F.S., relating 6 to the Florida Preservation 2000 Act; providing 7 funds for the purchase of lands necessary to restore Lake Apopka; amending s. 376.11, F.S.; 8 9 clarifying uses of funds in the Florida Coastal Protection Trust Fund; amending s. 206.606, 10 F.S.; providing for transfer of certain funds 11 12 each fiscal year to the water management districts for aquatic plant management; 13 14 amending ss. 369.20, 369.22, 369.25, 369.251, 15 and 369.252, F.S.; transferring authority for aquatic plant control from the Department of 16 Environmental Protection to the water 17 management districts; amending ss. 403.813, 18 19 581.145, and 597.004, F.S., to conform; amending s. 253.783, F.S.; eliminating a 20 21 provision prohibiting use of general revenue funds to repay interest owed to counties of the 22 23 Cross Florida Barge Canal Navigation District; amending s. 61.1812, F.S.; revising funding and 24 uses of the Child Support Incentive Trust Fund; 25 repealing part III of chapter 585, F.S., 26 relating to animal and animal product 27 28 inspection and labeling; repealing s. 205.1951, 29 F.S., relating to prerequisites to issuing a 30 local occupational license, to conform; amending ss. 570.50 and 570.51, F.S., relating 31

to duties of the Division of Food Safety, to conform; repealing ss. 828.22-828.26, F.S., relating to humane slaughter requirements; amending ss. 877.05 and 877.06, F.S., relating to criminal prohibitions applicable to certain slaughtering, to conform; amending s. 215.3206, F.S.; prohibiting encumbrance of funds in a terminated trust fund; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 372.672, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- (2) Money from the fund shall be spent only for the following purposes:
- (a) To manage and protect existing Florida panther populations by increasing panther food sources where food is a limiting factor, determining conflicts between public use and panther survival, and maintaining sufficient genetic variability in existing populations, and enforcing laws necessary to preserve Florida panthers and their habitat.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 259.101, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

259.101 Florida Preservation 2000 Act.--

(3) LAND ACQUISITION PROGRAMS SUPPLEMENTED.--Less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs with respect to the bonds, the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this act shall be deposited into the

Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund created by s. 375.045. Ten percent of the proceeds of any bonds deposited into the 2 3 Preservation 2000 Trust Fund shall be distributed by the 4 Department of Environmental Protection to the Department of 5 Environmental Protection for the purchase by the South Florida 6 Water Management District of lands in Dade, Broward, and Palm 7 Beach Counties identified in s. 7, chapter 95-349, Laws of 8 Florida. This distribution shall apply for any bond issue for 9 the 1995-1996 fiscal year. For the 1997-1998 and 1998-1999 fiscal years only, \$20 million per year from the proceeds of 10 any bonds deposited into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust 11 12 Fund shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental 13 Protection to the Department of Environmental Protection for 14 the purchase by the St. Johns Water Management District of 15 lands necessary to restore Lake Apopka. The remaining proceeds 16 shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental 17 Protection in the following manner:

(a) Fifty percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of public lands as described in s. 259.032. Of this 50 percent, at least one-fifth shall be used for the acquisition of coastal lands.

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(b) Thirty percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of water management lands pursuant to s. 373.59, to be distributed among the water management districts as provided in that section. Funds received by each district may also be used for acquisition of lands necessary to implement surface water improvement and management plans approved in accordance with s. 373.456 or for acquisition of lands necessary to implement the Everglades Construction Project authorized by s. 373.4592.

- (c) Ten percent to the Department of Community Affairs 1 2 to provide land acquisition grants and loans to local 3 governments through the Florida Communities Trust pursuant to 4 part III of chapter 380. From funds allocated to the trust, 5 \$3 million annually shall be used by the Green Swamp Land 6 Authority specifically for the purchase through land 7 protection agreements, as defined in s. 380.0677(5), of lands, or severable interests or rights in lands, in the Green Swamp 9 Area of Critical State Concern. From funds allocated to the trust, \$3 million annually shall be used by the Monroe County 10 Comprehensive Plan Land Authority specifically for the 11 12 purchase of any real property interest in either those lands subject to the Rate of Growth Ordinances adopted by local 13 14 governments in Monroe County or those lands within the 15 boundary of an approved Conservation and Recreation Lands project located within the Florida Keys or Key West Areas of 16 17 Critical State Concern; however, title to lands acquired 18 within the boundary of an approved Conservation and Recreation 19 Lands project may, in accordance with an approved joint acquisition agreement, vest in the Board of Trustees of the 20 21 Internal Improvement Trust Fund. Of the remaining funds 22 allocated to the trust after the above transfers occur, 23 one-half shall be matched by local governments on a dollar-for-dollar basis. To the extent allowed by federal 24 25 requirements for the use of bond proceeds, the trust shall 26 expend Preservation 2000 funds to carry out the purposes of part III of chapter 380. 27 28 (d) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Department of
  - (d) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of inholdings and additions to state parks. For the purposes of this paragraph, "state park" means all real property in the state under the

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jurisdiction of the Division of Recreation and Parks of the department, or which may come under its jurisdiction.

- (e) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to fund the acquisition of state forest inholdings and additions pursuant to s. 589.07.
- (f) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to fund the acquisition of inholdings and additions to lands managed by the commission which are important to the conservation of fish and wildlife.
- (g) One and three-tenths percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the Florida Greenways and Trails Program, to acquire greenways and trails or greenways and trails systems pursuant to chapter 260, including, but not limited to, abandoned railroad rights-of-way and the Florida National Scenic Trail.

Local governments may use federal grants or loans, private donations, or environmental mitigation funds, including environmental mitigation funds required pursuant to s. 338.250, for any part or all of any local match required for the purposes described in this subsection. Bond proceeds allocated pursuant to paragraph (c) may be used to purchase lands on the priority lists developed pursuant to s. 259.035. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (f), and (g) shall be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, except that title to lands, or rights or interests therein, acquired by either the Southwest Florida Water Management District or the St. Johns River Water Management District in furtherance of the Green Swamp Land Authority's mission pursuant to s. 380.0677(3),

shall be vested in the district where the acquisition project is located. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraph (c) may be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, except that title to lands, or rights or interests therein, acquired by either the Southwest Florida Water Management District or the St. Johns River Water Management District in furtherance of the Green Swamp Land Authority's mission pursuant to s. 380.0677(3), shall be vested in the district where the acquisition project is located. This subsection is repealed effective October 1, 2000. Prior to repeal, the Legislature shall review the provisions scheduled for repeal and shall determine whether to reenact or modify the provisions or to take no action.

Section 3. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (4) of section 376.11, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, to read:

376.11 Florida Coastal Protection Trust Fund.--

- (4) Moneys in the Florida Coastal Protection Trust Fund shall be disbursed for the following purposes and no others:
  - (j) Funding for marine law enforcement.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 206.606, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

206.606 Distribution of certain proceeds.--

- (1) Moneys collected pursuant to ss. 206.41(1)(g) and 206.87(1)(e) shall be deposited in the Fuel Tax Collection Trust Fund created by s. 206.875. Such moneys, exclusive of the service charges imposed by s. 215.20, and exclusive of refunds granted pursuant to s. 206.41, shall be distributed monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund, except that:
- (a) \$1.25\$7.55 million shall be transferred to the Department of Environmental Protection in each fiscal year.

The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year. \$1.25 million of The amount transferred shall be deposited annually in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and must be used by the department to fund special projects to provide recreational channel marking, public launching facilities, and other boating-related activities. The department shall annually determine where unmet needs exist for boating-related activities, and may fund such activities in counties where, due to the number of vessel registrations, insufficient financial resources are available to meet total water resource needs.

(b) \$6.30 million shall be transferred to the water management districts each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year. The amount transferred remaining proceeds of the annual transfer shall be deposited in the Aquatic Plant Control Trust Fund and must be used for aquatic plant management, including nonchemical control of aquatic weeds, research into nonchemical controls, and enforcement activities. Beginning in fiscal year 1993-1994, the water management districts department shall allocate at least \$1 million of such funds to the eradication of melaleuca.

(c)(b) \$1.25 million shall be transferred to the State Game Trust Fund in the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission in each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year, and must be used for recreational boating activities of a type consistent with projects eligible for funding under the Florida Boating Improvement Program administered by the Department of

Environmental Protection, and freshwater fisheries management and research.

 $\underline{(d)(c)}$  \$1.5 million per year shall be transferred to the Board of Regents and shall be spent solely for purposes of s. 334.065.

Section 5. Effective July 1, 1999, subsection (1) of section 206.606, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, as amended by section 8 of chapter 96-321, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

206.606 Distribution of certain proceeds.--

- (1) Moneys collected pursuant to ss. 206.41(1)(g) and 206.87(1)(e) shall be deposited in the Fuel Tax Collection Trust Fund. Such moneys, after deducting the service charges imposed by s. 215.20, the refunds granted pursuant to s. 206.41, and the administrative costs incurred by the department in collecting, administering, enforcing, and distributing the tax, which administrative costs may not exceed 2 percent of collections, shall be distributed monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund, except that:
- (a) \$1.25\$7.55 million shall be transferred to the Department of Environmental Protection in each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year.\$1.25 million of The amount transferred shall be deposited annually in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and must be used by the department to fund special projects to provide recreational channel marking, public launching facilities, and other boating-related activities. The department shall annually determine where unmet needs exist for boating-related activities, and may fund such activities in counties where, due to the number of vessel registrations, insufficient

financial resources are available to meet total water resource needs.

management districts each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year. The amount transferred remaining proceeds of the annual transfer shall be deposited in the Aquatic Plant Control Trust Fund and must be used for aquatic plant management, including nonchemical control of aquatic weeds, research into nonchemical controls, and enforcement activities. Beginning in fiscal year 1993-1994, the water management districts department shall allocate at least \$1 million of such funds to the eradication of melaleuca.

(c)(b) \$1.25 million shall be transferred to the State Game Trust Fund in the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission in each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year, and must be used for recreational boating activities of a type consistent with projects eligible for funding under the Florida Boating Improvement Program administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, and freshwater fisheries management and research.

 $\underline{(d)}$  \$1.5 million per year shall be transferred to the Board of Regents and shall be spent solely for purposes of s. 334.065.

Section 6. Section 369.20, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

369.20 Florida Aquatic Weed Control Act. --

Environmental Protection shall direct the control, eradication, and regulation of noxious aquatic weeds in its jurisdiction and direct the research and planning related to these activities, as provided in this section, excluding the authority to use fish as a biological control agent, so as to protect human health, safety, and recreation and, to the greatest degree practicable, prevent injury to plant and animal life and property.

- district the department to guide and coordinate the activities of all public bodies, authorities, agencies, and special districts charged with the control or eradication of aquatic weeds and plants in its jurisdiction. Any water management district It may delegate all or part of such functions to the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission.
- (4) <u>Each water management district</u> The department shall also promote, develop, and support research activities directed toward the more effective and efficient control of aquatic plants <u>in its jurisdiction</u>. In the furtherance of this purpose, <u>a water management district</u> the department is authorized to:
- (a) Accept donations and grants of funds and services from both public and private sources;
- (b) Contract or enter into agreements with public or private agencies or corporations for research and development of aquatic plant control methods or for the performance of aquatic plant control activities;
- (c) Construct, acquire, operate, and maintain facilities and equipment; and

(d) Enter upon, or authorize the entry upon, private property for purposes of making surveys and examinations and to engage in aquatic plant control activities; and such entry shall not be deemed a trespass.

- (5) A water management district The Department of Environmental Protection may disburse funds to any special district or other local authority charged with the responsibility of controlling or eradicating aquatic plants, upon:
- (a) Receipt of satisfactory proof that such <u>special</u> district or <u>local</u> authority has sufficient funds on hand to match the <u>state</u> funds herein referred to on an equal basis;
- (b) Approval by the <u>water management district</u>

  department of the control techniques to be used by the <u>special</u>

  district or local authority; and
- (c) Review and approval of the program of the <u>special</u> district or <u>local</u> authority by the <u>water management district</u> department to be in conformance with the state control plan.
- (6) The <u>water management district</u> department shall adopt, amend, or repeal all rules as necessary to carry out the duties, obligations, and powers set forth in this section and perform any other acts necessary for the proper administration, enforcement, or interpretation of this section, including creating general permits and exemptions and adopting rules and forms governing reports.
- (7) No person or public agency shall control, eradicate, remove, or otherwise alter any aquatic weeds or plants in waters of the state unless a permit for such activity has been issued by the <u>applicable water management district department</u>, or unless the activity is in waters expressly exempted by <u>district department</u> rule. <u>Each water</u>

management district The department shall develop standards by rule which shall address, at a minimum, chemical, biological, and mechanical control activities; an evaluation of the benefits of such activities to the public; specific criteria recognizing the differences between natural and artificially created waters; and the different amount and quality of littoral vegetation on various waters. Applications for a permit to engage in aquatic plant control activities shall be made to the applicable water management district department. In reviewing such applications, the applicable water management district department shall consider the criteria set forth in subsection (2).

Section 7. Section 369.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

369.22 Nonindigenous aquatic plant control.--

- (1) This section shall be known as the "Florida Nonindigenous Aquatic Plant Control Act."
- (2) For the purpose of this section, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:
- (a) "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

(a)(b) "Aquatic plant" is any plant growing in, or
closely associated with, the aquatic environment and includes
"floating," "emersed," "submersed," and "ditch bank" species.

(b)(c) "Nonindigenous aquatic plant" is any aquatic plant that is nonnative to the State of Florida and has certain characteristics, such as massive productivity, choking density, or an obstructive nature, which render it detrimental, obnoxious, or unwanted in a particular location.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  (d) A "maintenance program" is a method for the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants in which control

techniques are utilized in a coordinated manner on a continuous basis in order to maintain the plant population at the lowest feasible level as determined by the <u>districts</u> department.

(d)(e) An "eradication program" is a method for the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants in which control techniques are utilized in a coordinated manner in an attempt to kill all the aquatic plants on a permanent basis in a given geographical area.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(f)}$  A "complaint spray program" is a method for the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants in which weeds are allowed to grow unhindered to a given level of undesirability, at which point eradication techniques are applied in an effort to restore the area in question to a relatively low level of infestation.

 $\underline{(f)(g)}$  "Waters" means rivers, streams, lakes, navigable waters and associated tributaries, canals, meandered lakes, enclosed water systems, and any other bodies of water.

 $\underline{(g)}$  (h) "Intercounty waters" means any waters which lie in more than one county or form any part of the boundary between two or more counties, as determined by the  $\underline{\text{districts}}$  department.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}}$  "Intracounty waters" means any waters which lie wholly within the boundaries of one county as determined by the districts  $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$ .

(i)(j) "Districts" means the six water management districts created by law and named, respectively, the Northwest Florida Water Management District, the Suwannee River Water Management District, the St. Johns River Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, the Central and Southern Florida Flood Control

District, and the Ridge and Lower Gulf Coast Water Management District; and on July 1, 1975, shall mean the five water management districts created by chapter 73-190, Laws of Florida, and named, respectively, the Northwest Florida Water Management District, the Suwannee River Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, and the South Florida Water Management District.

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(3) The Legislature recognizes that the uncontrolled growth of nonindigenous aquatic plants in the waters of Florida poses a variety of environmental, health, safety, and economic problems. The Legislature acknowledges the responsibility of the state to cope with the uncontrolled and seemingly never-ending growth of nonindigenous aquatic plants in the waters throughout Florida. It is, therefore, the intent of the Legislature that the state policy for the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants in waters of state responsibility be carried out under the general supervision and control of the districts department, and that the state itself be responsible for the control of such plants in all intercounty waters; but that control of such plants in intracounty waters be the designated responsibility of the appropriate unit of local or county government, special district, authority, or other public body. It is the intent of the Legislature that the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants be carried out primarily by means of maintenance programs, rather than eradication or complaint spray programs, for the purpose of achieving more effective control at a lower long-range cost. It is also the intent of the Legislature that the districts department guide, review, approve, and coordinate all nonindigenous aquatic plant control programs within each of

the water management districts as defined in paragraph (2)(j). It is the intent of the Legislature to account for the costs of nonindigenous aquatic plant maintenance programs by watershed for comparison management purposes.

- (4) The <u>districts</u> department shall supervise and direct all maintenance programs for control of nonindigenous aquatic plants, as provided in this section, excluding the authority to use fish as a biological control agent, so as to protect human health, safety, and recreation and, to the greatest degree practicable, prevent injury to plant, fish, and animal life and to property.
- (5) When state funds are involved, or when waters of state responsibility are involved, it is the duty of the districts department to guide, review, approve, and coordinate the activities of all public bodies, authorities, state agencies, units of local or county government, commissions, districts; and special districts engaged in operations to maintain, control, or eradicate nonindigenous aquatic plants, except for activities involving biological control programs using fish as the control agent. The districts department may delegate all or part of such functions to any appropriate state agency, special district, unit of local or county government, commission, authority, or other public body. However, special attention shall be given by each district to the keeping of accounting and cost data in order to prepare the annual fiscal report required in subsection (7).
- (6) A district The department may disburse funds to any district, special district, or other local authority for the purpose of operating a maintenance program for controlling nonindigenous aquatic plants and other noxious aquatic plants in the waters of state responsibility upon:

(a) Receipt of satisfactory proof that such <u>special</u> district or <u>local</u> authority has sufficient funds on hand to match the <u>state</u> funds herein referred to on an equal basis;

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- (b) Approval by the  $\underline{\text{district}}$   $\underline{\text{department}}$  of the maintenance control techniques to be used by the  $\underline{\text{special}}$  district or local authority; and
- (c) Review and approval of the program of the <u>special</u> district or <u>local</u> authority by the <u>district</u> <del>department</del> to be in conformance with the state maintenance control plan.
- (7) The districts department shall submit an annual report on the status of the nonindigenous aquatic plant maintenance program to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor and Cabinet by January 1 of the following year. This report shall include a statement of the degree of maintenance control achieved by individual nonindigenous aquatic plant species in the intercounty waters of each of the water management districts for the preceding county fiscal year, together with an analysis of the costs of achieving this degree of control. This cost accounting shall include the expenditures by all governmental agencies in the waters of state responsibility. If the level of maintenance control achieved falls short of that which is deemed adequate by the districts department, then the report shall include an estimate of the additional funding that would have been required to achieve this level of maintenance control. All measures of maintenance program achievement and the related cost shall be presented by water management districts so that comparisons may be made among the water management districts, as well as with the state as a whole.

(8) The <u>districts</u> department shall have the authority to cooperate with the United States and to enter into such cooperative agreements or commitments as the <u>districts</u> department may determine necessary to carry out the maintenance, control, or eradication of water hyacinths, alligator weed, and other noxious aquatic plant growths from the waters of the state and to enter into contracts with the United States obligating the state to indemnify and save harmless the United States from any and all claims and liability arising out of the initiation and prosecution of any project undertaken under this section. However, any claim or claims required to be paid under this section shall be paid from money appropriated to the nonindigenous aquatic plant control program.

- (9) The <u>districts</u> department may delegate various nonindigenous aquatic plant control and maintenance functions to the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The commission shall, in accepting commitments to engage in nonindigenous aquatic plant control and maintenance activities, be subject to the rules of the <u>districts</u> department, except that the commission shall regulate, control, and coordinate the use of any fish for aquatic weed control in fresh waters of the state. In addition, the commission shall render technical and other assistance to the <u>districts</u> department in order to carry out most effectively the purposes of s. 369.20. However, nothing herein shall diminish or impair the regulatory authority of the commission with respect to the powers granted to it by s. 9, Art. IV of the State Constitution.
- (10) The <u>districts are</u> department is directed to use biological agents, excluding fish, for the control of nonindigenous aquatic plants.

(11) The <u>districts</u> department shall adopt, amend, or repeal all rules as necessary to carry out the duties, obligations, and powers set forth in this section and perform any other acts necessary for the proper administration, enforcement, or interpretation of this section, including adopting rules and forms governing reports.

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(12) No person or public agency shall control, eradicate, remove, or otherwise alter any nonindigenous aquatic plants in waters of the state unless a permit for such activity has been issued by the applicable district department, or unless the activity is in waters expressly exempted by district department rule. Each district The department shall develop standards by rule which shall address, at a minimum, chemical, biological, and mechanical control activities; an evaluation of the benefits of such activities to the public; specific criteria recognizing the differences between natural and artificially created waters; and the different amount and quality of littoral vegetation on various waters. Applications for a permit to engage in aquatic plant control activities shall be made to the applicable district department. In reviewing such applications, the applicable district department shall consider the criteria set forth in subsection (4).

Section 8. Section 369.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

369.25 Aquatic plants; definitions; permits; powers of water management districts department; penalties.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Aquatic plant" means any plant, including a floating, emersed, submersed, or ditch bank species, growing

in, or closely associated with, an aquatic environment and includes any part or seed of such plant.

- (b) "District Department" means any water management district listed in s. 369.22(2)(i)the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (c) "Nonnursery cultivation" means the tending of aquatic plant species for harvest in the natural environment.
- (d) "Noxious aquatic plant" means any part, including, but not limited to, seeds or reproductive parts, of an aquatic plant which has the potential to hinder the growth of beneficial plants, interfere with irrigation or navigation, or adversely affect the public welfare or the natural resources of this state.
- (e) "Person" includes a natural person, a public or private corporation, a governmental entity, or any other kind of entity.
- (2) No person shall engage in any business involving the importation, transportation, nonnursery cultivation, collection, sale, or possession of any aquatic plant species without a permit issued by the <u>applicable district department</u> or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. No person shall import, transport, nonnursery cultivate, collect, sell, or possess any noxious aquatic plant listed on the prohibited aquatic plant list established by the <u>districts department</u> without a permit issued by the <u>applicable district department</u> or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. No permit shall be issued until the <u>applicable district department</u> determines that the proposed activity poses no threat or danger to the waters, wildlife, natural resources, or environment of the state.

(3) A district The department has the following powers:

- (a) To make such rules governing the importation, transportation, nonnursery cultivation, collection, and possession of aquatic plants as may be necessary for the eradication, control, or prevention of the dissemination of noxious aquatic plants that are not inconsistent with rules of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (b) To establish by rule lists of aquatic plant species regulated under this section, including those exempted from such regulation, provided the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission approve such lists prior to the lists becoming effective.
- (c) To evaluate an aquatic plant species through research or other means to determine whether such species poses a threat or danger to the waters, wildlife, natural resources, or environment of the state.
- (d) To declare a quarantine against aquatic plants, including the vats, pools, or other containers or bodies of water in which such plants are growing, except in aquatic plant nurseries, to prevent the dissemination of any noxious aquatic plant.
- (e) To make rules governing the application for, issuance of, suspension of, and revocation of permits under this section.
- (f) To enter into cooperative agreements with any person as necessary or desirable to carry out and enforce the provisions of this section.
- (g) To purchase all necessary supplies, material, and equipment and accept all grants and donations useful in the

implementation and enforcement of the provisions of this section.

- (h) To enter upon and inspect any facility or place, except aquatic plant nurseries regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, where aquatic plants are cultivated, held, packaged, shipped, stored, or sold, or any vehicle of conveyance of aquatic plants, to ascertain whether the provisions of this section and district rules department regulations are being complied with, and to seize and destroy, without compensation, any aquatic plants imported, transported, cultivated, collected, or otherwise possessed in violation of this section or district rules department regulations.
- (i) To conduct a public information program, including, but not limited to, erection of road signs, in order to inform the public and interested parties of this section and its associated rules and of the dangers of noxious aquatic plant introductions.
- (4) The <u>districts</u> <del>department</del> shall adopt rules which limit the sanctions available for violations under this act to quarantine and confiscation:
- (a) If the prohibited activity apparently results from natural dispersion; or
- (b) If a small amount of noxious aquatic plant material incidentally adheres to a boat or boat trailer operated by a person who is not involved in any phase of the aquatic plant business and if that person is not knowingly violating this act.
- (5)(a)  $\underline{A}$  Any person who violates any provision the provisions of this section  $\underline{commits}$  is guilty of a misdemeanor

of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) All law enforcement officers of the state and its agencies with power to make arrests for violations of state law shall enforce the provisions of this section.

Section 9. Section 369.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

369.251 Invasive nonnative plants; prohibitions; study; removal; rules.--

- (1) A person may not sell, transport, collect, cultivate, or possess any plant, including any part or seed, of the species Melaleuca quinquenervia, Schinus terebinthifolius, Casuarina equisetifolia, Casuarina glauca, or Mimosa pigra without a permit from the applicable water management district department. Any person who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable by fine only, as provided in s. 775.083.
- (2) The <u>water management districts</u> department shall study methods of control of plants of the species Melaleuca quinquenervia, Schinus terebinthifolius, Casuarina equisetifolia, Casuarina glauca, and Mimosa pigra. The South Florida Water Management District shall undertake programs to remove such plants from conservation area I, conservation area II, and conservation area III of the district.
- (3) The <u>water management districts</u> department shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section. Possession or transportation resulting from natural dispersion, mulching operations, control and disposal, or use in herbaria or other educational or research institutions, or for other reasons determined by the <u>water management districts</u> department to be consistent with this section and where there is neither the

danger of, nor intent to, further disperse any plant species prohibited by this section, is not subject to the permit or penalty provisions of this section.

Section 10. Section 369.252, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

369.252 Invasive exotic plant control on public lands.--The <u>water management districts</u> <u>department</u> shall establish a program to:

- (1) Achieve eradication or maintenance control of invasive exotic plants on public lands when the scientific data indicate that they are detrimental to the state's natural environment;
- (2) Assist state and local government agencies in the development and implementation of coordinated management plans for the control of invasive exotic plant species on public lands;
- (3) Contract, or enter into agreements, with entities in the State University System or other governmental entities for research concerning biological control agents; production and growth of biological control agents; and development of workable methods for the management of invasive exotic plants on public lands; and
- (4) Use funds in the Aquatic Plant Control Trust Fund as authorized by the Legislature for carrying out activities under this section on public lands.

Section 11. Paragraph (r) of subsection (2) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.--

(2) No permit under this chapter, chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, Laws of Florida, 1949, shall be required for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, nothing in this subsection relieves an applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or any water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:

of tussocks, the associated replanting of indigenous aquatic plants, or the associated removal from lakes of unconsolidated, flocculent organic detrital material that exists on the surface of natural mineral soil which is necessary to accomplish such plant removal or replanting, or the removal of aquatic plants for aquatic plant management, including associated incidental removal of sediment attached to plant roots, if these activities have a valid permit issued by a water management district the department under s. 369.20 or s. 369.25. This paragraph does not apply to any mitigation proposed to offset the impacts of activities permitted under chapter 373.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 581.145, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

581.145 Aquatic plant nursery registration; special permit requirements.--

(2) It shall be unlawful for any nursery or nursery stock dealer to import, transport, cultivate, collect, sell, or possess any noxious aquatic plant listed on the prohibited

aquatic plant list established by <u>a water management district</u> the Department of Environmental Protection in s. 369.25(3)(b) without a special permit issued by the department.

- (a) No special permit shall be issued until the department determines that the proposed activity poses no threat or danger to the waters, wildlife, natural resources, agriculture, or environment of the state.
- (b) The department may not issue a special permit with respect to a prohibited aquatic plant species if <u>a water</u>

  <u>management district</u> the Department of Environmental Protection prohibits the importation, transportation, cultivation, collection, sale, or possession of the species.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 597.004, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration.--

(1) CERTIFICATION. --

(b) Any aquatic plant producer certified by <u>a water</u>  $\frac{\text{management district}}{\text{management district}} \xrightarrow{\text{the department}} \text{pursuant to s. 369.25 shall}$  also be issued an aquaculture certificate of registration.

Section 14. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 253.783, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.783 Additional powers and duties of the department; disposition of surplus lands; payments to counties.--

(2) It is declared to be in the public interest that the department shall do and is hereby authorized to do any and all things and incur and pay from the Cross Florida Barge Canal Trust Fund, for the public purposes described herein, any and all expenses necessary, convenient, and proper to:

(e) Refund to the counties of the Cross Florida Canal Navigation District moneys pursuant to this paragraph from the funds remaining in the Cross Florida Barge Canal Trust Fund from the funds derived from the conveyance of lands of the project to the Federal Government or any agency thereof, pursuant to s. 253.781, and from the sales of surplus lands pursuant to this section. Following federal deauthorization of the project, such refunds shall consist of the \$9,340,720 principal in ad valorem taxes contributed by the counties and the interest which had accrued on that amount from the time of payment to June 30, 1985. In no event shall the counties be paid less than the aggregate sum of \$32 million in cash or the appraised values of the surplus lands. Such refunds shall be in proportion to the ad valorem tax share paid to the Cross Florida Canal Navigation District by the respective counties. Should the remaining funds in the Cross Florida Barge Canal Trust Fund and the funds derived from the conveyance of lands of the project to the Federal Government for payment or from the sale of surplus land be inadequate to pay the total of the principal plus interest, first priority shall be given to repaying the principal and second priority shall be given to repaying the interest. Interest to be refunded to the counties shall be compounded annually at the following rates: 1937-1950, 4 percent; 1951-1960, 5 percent; 1961-1970, 6 percent; 1971-1975, 7 percent; 1976-June 30, 1985, 8 percent. In computing interest, amounts already repaid to the counties shall not be subject to further assessments of interest. Any partial repayments provided to the counties under this act shall be considered as contributing to the total repayment owed to the counties. Should the funds generated by conveyance to the Federal Government and sales of surplus lands be more

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than sufficient to repay said counties in accordance with this section, such excess funds may be used for the maintenance of the greenways corridor. In no case shall general revenue funds be used to repay interest owed to the counties.

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Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 61.1812, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

61.1812 Child Support Incentive Trust Fund.--

(1) The Child Support Incentive Trust Fund is hereby created, to be administered by the Department of Revenue. All child support enforcement incentive earnings and that portion of the state share of Title IV-A public assistance collections recovered in fiscal year 1996-1997 by the Title IV-D program of the department which is in excess of the amount estimated by the February 1997 Social Services Estimating Conference to be recovered in fiscal year 1996-1997 shall be credited to the trust fund, and no other receipts, except interest earnings, shall be credited thereto. For fiscal years beginning with 1997-1998, in addition to incentive earnings and interest earnings, that portion of the state share of Title IV-A public assistance collections recovered in each fiscal year by the Title IV-D program of the department which is in excess of the amount estimated by the February 1997 Social Services Estimating Conference to be recovered in fiscal year 1997-1998 shall be credited to the trust fund. The purpose of the trust fund is to account for federal incentive payments to the state for child support enforcement and to support the activities of the child support enforcement program under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. The department shall invest the money in the trust fund pursuant to ss. 215.44-215.52, and retain all interest earnings in the trust fund. The department shall separately account for receipts credited to the trust fund.

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Annually, on June 30, if revenues deposited into the trust
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    fund, exclusive of federal child support incentive earnings,
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   have exceeded expenditures for the child support enforcement
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    program administered by the department for the prior 12-month
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    period, the excess revenues are hereby transferred to the
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    General Revenue Fund.
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           Section 16. Sections 585.70, 585.71, 585.715, 585.72,
    585.73, 585.74, 585.75, 585.76, 585.77, 585.78, 585.79,
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    585.80, 585.81, 585.82, 585.83, 585.84, 585.85, 585.86,
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    585.87, 585.88, 585.89, 585.90, 585.902, 585.903, 585.904,
    585.91, 585.92, 585.93, and 585.96, Florida Statutes, are
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    repealed.
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           Section 17. Section 205.1951, Florida Statutes, is
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   repealed.
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           Section 18. Section 570.50, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
           570.50 Division of Food Safety; powers and
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   duties. -- The duties of the Division of Food Safety include,
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   but are not limited to:
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          (1) Enforcing those provisions of chapter 585, and the
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   rules adopted under that chapter, relating to the inspection
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   of meat and the antemortem and postmortem inspection of
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   poultry.
          (1) (2) Conducting those general inspection activities
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   relating to food and food products being processed, held, or
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    offered for sale in this state and enforcing those provisions
    of chapters 500, 501, 502, 503, 531, 583, <del>585,</del>586, and 601
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   relating to foods as authorized by the department.
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          (2) Analyzing samples of foods offered for sale in
    this state as required under chapters 500, 501, 502, 503, 585,
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    586, and 601.
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 $\underline{(3)(4)}$  Investigating, evaluating, and developing new or improved methodology to enhance the analytical capability and efficiency of all divisional laboratories and performing other related analyses as deemed necessary.

 $\underline{(4)}$  (5) Analyzing food and feed samples offered for sale in the state for chemical residues as required under the adulteration sections of chapters 500 and 580.

Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 570.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.51 Director; qualifications; duties.--

(2) The director shall supervise, direct, and coordinate the activities of the division and enforce the provisions of chapters 500, 501, 502, 503, 531, 583, 585, and 601 and any other chapter necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the division.

Section 20. <u>Sections 828.22, 828.23, 828.24, 828.25,</u> and 828.26, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 21. Section 877.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

877.05 Killing young veal for sale; penalty; exception.—Whoever kills or causes to be killed for the purpose of sale, any calf less than 4 weeks old, and knowingly sells, or has in his possession with intent to sell, the meat of any calf killed when less than 4 weeks old, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083. This section shall not apply to calves slaughtered on the premises of meat packing or slaughtering establishments operating under state or federal meat inspection supervision.

Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 877.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1 state or United States standards; enforcement; penalty .--

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(1) Every person, firm, or corporation operating a restaurant or any other eating place, or retail or wholesale

877.06 Labeling of beef not slaughtered according to

market or packinghouse, in this state, and who sells beef that has not been slaughtered and inspected according to standards established by either the Government of Florida or of the United States, shall mark, stamp, or describe the same by the following words, "slaughtered in" followed by the name of the state or country and the words "has not been slaughtered and inspected according to federal or state standards."

(2)<del>(a)</del> Packinghouses and wholesale and retail meat markets before sale of beef which is within the purview of subsection (1) shall plainly stamp on each carcass, each carton, each can, and each container, the words prescribed in subsection (1) and all advertising as to the sale of such beef shall include such words; provided, however, that a conspicuous sign containing the words prescribed in subsection (1) visibly displayed near the display of such beef in retail markets may be used when the stamping of individual cuts of beef is impractical.

(b) It shall be the duty of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services through its agents or inspectors to enforce the provisions of this subsection.

Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 215.3206, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.3206 Trust funds; termination or re-creation.--

(2) If the trust fund is terminated and not immediately re-created, all cash balances and income of the trust fund shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. The agency or Chief Justice shall pay any outstanding debts of

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the trust fund as soon as practicable, and the Comptroller
    shall close out and remove the trust fund from the various
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    state accounting systems, using generally accepted accounting
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    practices concerning warrants outstanding, assets, and
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    liabilities. No appropriation or budget amendment shall be
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    construed to authorize any encumbrance of funds from a trust
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    fund after the date on which the trust fund is terminated or
    is judicially determined to be invalid.
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           Section 24. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997.
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