By the Committee on Health Care and Senator Turner

## 317-2131A-98

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to community environmental 3 health protection; creating ss. 381.102, 4 381.103, 381.104, 381.105, 381.106, 381.107, 5 F.S., the "Florida Community Environmental 6 Health Protection Act"; providing a short 7 title; providing for community environmental health protection; providing legislative 8 9 findings; providing definitions; creating the Community Environmental Health Program; 10 providing purposes of the program; designating 11 12 pilot projects; providing for Committee Environmental Health Advisory Boards; requiring 13 a report to the Legislature; providing duties 14 of the Department of Health; creating s. 15 240.707, F.S.; creating the Center for 16 17 Environmental Equity and Justice; providing appropriations and prescribing purposes for 18 19 which the funds may be used; providing an effective date. 20 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 Section 1. Section 381.102, Florida Statutes, is 24 25 created to read: 26 381.102 Short title.--Sections 381.102-381.107 may be 27 cited as the "Florida Community Environmental Health 28 Protection Act." Section 2. Section 381.103, Florida Statutes, is 29 30 created to read: 31

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

381.103 Community environmental health protection; legislative findings.--

- (1) This state is committed to the economic, environmental, and public health revitalization of its communities.
- (2) Low-income communities bear a significant burden of environmental contamination that thwarts the revitalization of these communities.
- (3) This state has made progress in addressing the economic development and environmental needs of its communities.
- (4) Measures to address the public health needs of low-income communities that are exposed to contaminated sites must be implemented in order to ensure the sustainability of the communities in this state.
- (5) The Legislature has determined that it would be beneficial to provide resources in this state to undertake a series of pilot projects that demonstrate techniques and approaches to ensure health care for low-income persons who are living in communities that are adversely affected by contaminated sites, to mobilize additional resources from the government, private sector, and private foundations to address this need, and to develop a mechanism for collecting data.
- (6) The implementation of these measures will enhance cooperative efforts among the private sector, government, and nonprofit organizations in this state to ensure the sustainability of this state.
- (7) Efforts to initiate measures that address public health problems in communities affected by contaminated sites will enable this state to leverage additional resources

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2 for this purpose. 3 Section 3. Section 381.104, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 381.104 Definitions.--As used in ss. 381.102-381.107, 6 the term: 7 "Low-income community" means a contiguous grouping (1) 8 of residences with a significant portion of occupants who have a family income equal to or below 100 percent of the most 9 10 recent federal poverty level and who are exposed to multiple 11 sources of environmental contamination. (2) "Contaminated site" means any contiguous land, 12 surface water, or groundwater areas that may contain 13 14 contaminants that may be harmful to human health or the environment and includes federal Superfund sites and state or 15 federally designated Brownfield areas. 16 17 Section 4. Section 381.105, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 18 19 381.105 Community Environmental Health Program; creation; purposes. -- There is created the Community 20 21 Environmental Health Program. The primary purpose of the program is to ensure the availability of public health 22 services to members of low-income communities that may be 23 24 adversely affected by contaminated sites located in or near 25 the community. These services extend beyond health services that are currently provided pursuant to chapter 154 and

available from the Federal Government and private foundations

effects potentially caused by acute and chronic exposure to

include measures to address the cumulative and synergistic

health effects that may be associated with exposure to

environmental contamination. An additional purpose is to ensure the collection of information and data on health

low and high levels of environmental contaminants so that the information and data may be used for research, education, and the improvement of decisionmaking on sustainability goals.

Section 5. Section 381.106, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.106 Community Environmental Health Program pilot projects.--

- (1) Community Environmental Health Program pilot projects are hereby established within the Department of Health to promote disease prevention and health protection among low-income people who live in communities that have Superfund or legally designated Brownfield areas. The pilot projects must seek to build upon existing environmental and economic efforts to address contaminated sites through the Florida Brownfields Redevelopment Act, the Eastward Ho! Brownfields Partnership, the federal Superfund Program, and other state and federal programs that address public health and the environment. The pilot projects may form partnerships with existing health care providers, contribute to a health care needs assessment, and serve as the basis for the development of health care capacity in underserved areas.
- (2) A pilot project must be established to serve each of the following:
- (a) In Escambia County, the low-income communities
  surrounding the Escambia Treating Company and Agrico Company
  Superfund sites that are part of the national pilot relocation
  project and the former workers at those sites;
- (b) In Broward County, the low-income communities surrounding the Wingate Superfund site, which is located in the federally designated Brownfield Showcase Community;

	(C)	In Pa	alm Bea	ach	County,	wit	chin	the	City	of	Riv	<u>iera</u>
Beach,	the	low-	income	cor	nmunitie	s sı	ırroı	undir	ng the	e BN	/II-T	extron
Superf	und s	site,	which	is	located	in	the	fede	erally	, de	esig	nated
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- (d) In Pinellas County, the low-income communities designated as a pilot project under the 1997 Florida

  Brownfields Redevelopment Act, including the Greenwood community in Clearwater;
- (e) In Miami-Dade County, the low income communities in Liberty City and Brownsville, which are located in the federally designated Brownfield Showcase Community;
- (f) In Polk County, the low-income communities surrounding the Alpha Chemical Corporation Superfund site;
- (g) In Hillsborough County, the low-income communities surrounding the Kassouf-Kimberling Battery Disposal Superfund site, the Landfill Superfund site, and the Sixty-Second Street Dump Superfund site, which have been designated as a proposed Brownfield Redevelopment project area; and
- (h) In Duval County, the low-income communities surrounding the Pickettville Road Landfill Superfund site.
- Community Environmental Health Advisory Board for each pilot project, and the majority of board members shall be low-income residents who are beneficiaries of the pilot project. The board must also include representatives from the respective county health departments, health care professionals and providers, and elected officials. The board shall identify the community environmental health needs and types of services which should be provided by the pilot project, initiate and support efforts to secure additional resources to meet these needs, oversee the functions and operations of the pilot

project, evaluate the pilot project, and prepare for the

Legislature a report that discusses the progress of the pilot

project toward achieving its stated goals and recommends

future courses of action.

Section 6. Section 381.107, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.107 Duties of Department of Health.--The

Department of Health shall, to the extent that resources are available:

- (1) Assist each pilot project in obtaining low-cost health care services designed to treat the effects of exposure to environmental contaminants and to ensure disease prevention and health promotion.
- (2) Facilitate the application to other appropriate
  Superfund sites and Brownfield areas in the state the
  techniques and approaches developed by the pilot project to
  ensure health care for low-income persons who are living in
  communities with contaminated sites.
- (3) Develop a proactive, rapid-identification system for evaluating the health impact of exposure to environmental contamination and for detecting health effects.
- (4) Explore alternative methodologies for evaluating the human health consequences of exposure to environmental contamination.
- (5) Develop and maintain a registry to track health problems addressed by the project.
- (6) Develop environmental education and outreach programs for health care providers and communities which increase awareness and reporting of health effects resulting from exposure to environmental contamination within communities.

1	(7) Work with affected communities, appropriate
2	agencies, and ongoing initiatives, such as Eastward Ho!
3	Brownfields Partnership, to implement communication between
4	government agencies and affected communities.
5	(8) Collect data on potential environmental health
6	effects of environmental contamination.
7	Section 7. Section 240.707, Florida Statutes, is
8	created to read:
9	240.707 Center for Environmental Equity and Justice
10	(1) The Center for Environmental Equity and Justice is
11	established at Florida A & M University.
12	(2) The purpose of the center is to conduct and
13	facilitate research, develop policies, and engage in
14	education, training, and community outreach with respect to
15	the fair treatment of all people of all races, cultures, and
16	incomes with respect to the development, implementation, and
17	enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies.
18	(3) The Center for Environmental Equity and Justice
19	shall sponsor students to serve as interns at the Department
20	of Health, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the
21	Department of Community Affairs.
22	Section 8. $\underline{(1)}$ There is appropriated from the General
23	Revenue Fund the sum of \$1.8 million during fiscal year
24	1998-1999 for the Community Environmental Health Program, of
25	which \$200,000 is allocated to the Pensacola pilot project;
26	\$200,000 is allocated to the Wingate pilot project; \$200,000
27	is allocated to the Clearwater/Greenwood pilot project;
28	\$200,000 is allocated to the City of Riviera Beach pilot
29	project; \$200,000 is allocated to Liberty City and to
30	Brownsville, in Miami-Dade County; \$200,000 is allocated to

31 the Polk County pilot project; \$200,000 is allocated to the

Hillsborough County pilot project; \$200,000 is allocated to the Duval County pilot project; and \$200,000 is allocated to 2 3 the Department of Health. (2) The funds allocated under subsection (1) must be 4 5 used for: 6 (a) The delivery of health services, including 7 screening, diagnosis and treatment of disease; preventive 8 annual physical examinations; monitoring for effects of toxic 9 exposure; and consultation on measures to prevent diseases. 10 (b) Maintenance of the voluntary Community 11 Environmental Health Advisory Boards for the pilot projects. 12 (c) Resources for accessing the delivery of health services through Medicare, Medicaid, and third-party coverage, 13 among other sources, and for ensuring quality assurance and 14 quality control for the implementation of pilot projects. 15 The sum of \$500,000 is appropriated from the 16 17 General Revenue Fund to Florida A & M University for the Center for Environmental Equity and Justice for fiscal year 18 19 1998-1999. 20 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN							
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1868							
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4	Deletes from the bill all references to "communities of color" and instead refers to "low-income communities."							
5 6	Deletes from the bill the references to pollution and consistently refers to contaminated sites and environmental contamination.							
7	Provides definitions.							
8	Specifies the eight pilot sites, with funding for each.							
9	Requires the establishment of a Community Environmental Health							
10	Advisory Board for each pilot project.							
11	Provides for the creation and funding of the Center for Environmental Equity and Justice at Florida A & M University.							
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