By Senator Dyer

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14-1315-98 See HB

A bill to be entitled An act relating to personnel of the school system; amending ss. 230.23 and 230.33, F.S., relating to powers and duties of district school boards and school superintendents; providing that salary schedules may be based upon certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards; providing requirements for counting years of service; amending s. 231.173, F.S.; providing for certification and specialization coverage for out-of-state teachers certified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards; creating s. 231.176, F.S., relating to National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification; providing for payment of certification fees and approved leave from funds appropriated to the Department of Education; providing eligibility requirements for receipt of funding; providing school district requirements; amending s. 231.24, F.S.; authorizing renewal of certificates through national certification; creating s. 231.315, F.S.; providing for the establishment of model peer assistance and review programs; providing minimum standards; providing for technical assistance and allocations; amending s. 231.600, F.S., relating to the School Community Professional Development Act; including additional professional development activities; requiring an assessment of

expenditures for professional development; amending s. 236.0811, F.S.; providing requirements for educational training for support staff; providing for additional days of inservice training; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 230.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

230.23 Powers and duties of school board.--The school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

- (5) PERSONNEL.--Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of chapter 231:
- (c) Compensation and salary schedules.—Adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules to be used as a basis for paying all school employees, such schedules to be arranged, insofar as practicable, so as to furnish incentive for improvement in training and for continued and efficient service and fix and authorize the compensation of school employees on the basis of such schedules. A district school board, in determining the salary schedule for instructional personnel, must base a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 231.29 and must consider the prior teaching experience of a person who has been designated state teacher of the year by any state in the United States. A

district school board, in determining the salary schedules for instructional personnel and instructional specialists, may base a portion of an employee's compensation on certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards and consider such certification as a demonstration of performance under s. 231.29. A district school board's salary schedules for instructional personnel and instructional specialists must count a year of service in any Florida public school as equal to a year of service in its school district. A year of service shall be as defined in s. 228.041(20). In developing the salary schedule, the school board shall seek input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 230.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

230.33 Duties and responsibilities of superintendent.—The superintendent shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below and elsewhere in the law; provided, that in so doing he or she shall advise and counsel with the school board. The superintendent shall perform all tasks necessary to make sound recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports required by law to be acted upon by the school board. All such recommendations, nominations, proposals, and reports by the superintendent shall be either recorded in the minutes or shall be made in writing, noted in the minutes, and filed in the public records of the board. It shall be presumed that, in the absence of the record required in this paragraph, the recommendations, nominations, and proposals required of the superintendent were not contrary to the action taken by the school board in such matters.

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- (7) PERSONNEL.--Be responsible, as required herein, for directing the work of the personnel, subject to the requirements of chapter 231, and in addition the superintendent shall have the following duties:
- (b) Compensation and salary schedules. -- Prepare and recommend to the school board for adoption a salary schedule or salary schedules. The superintendent must recommend a salary schedule for instructional personnel which bases a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 231.29. In developing the recommended salary schedules for instructional personnel and instructional specialists, the superintendent may base a portion of an employee's compensation on certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards and consider such certification as a demonstration of performance under s. 231.29. The recommended salary schedules for instructional personnel and instructional specialists must count a year of service in any Florida public school as equal to a year of service in that school district. A year of service shall be as defined in s. 228.041(20). In developing the recommended salary schedule, the superintendent shall include input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community.

Section 3. Section 231.173, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 231.173 Successful experienced out-of-state teachers and administrators.--
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 231.02, 231.15, and 231.17, and 231.172 or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, a successful, experienced, and certified out-of-state teacher or administrator employed in a

public school or nonpublic school in this state may qualify for a professional certificate if the applicant:

 $\underline{(a)}(1)$  Completes the application process, including the filing of a complete set of fingerprints as required by s. 231.02.

 $\underline{(b)(2)}$  Holds a valid standard certificate issued by the state where the applicant most recently taught, which standard certificate is equivalent to the professional certificate issued by this state and for which specialization coverage is based on a level of training comparable to that required in this state for the applicant's area of assignment.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}(3)}$  Documents 5 years of appropriate successful full-time teaching or administrative experience, including 2 continuous years during the 5-year period immediately preceding the date of application for certification.

(d)(4) Submits a request for issuance of the professional certificate from the superintendent of the employing school district or governing authority of the employing developmental research school, state-supported school, or nonpublic school within the first 120 days of assignment with validation of awareness of the standards of professional practice.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 231.15 or s.

231.17 or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary,
an out-of-state teacher shall qualify for a professional
certificate if the teacher meets the requirements of paragraph
(1)(a) and is certified by the National Board for Professional
Teaching Standards.

 $\underline{(3)}$  (5) The certificate issued in accordance with these provisions shall reflect specialization coverages as follows:

- 1 (a) Teachers.--A teacher appointed to an academic
  2 assignment shall be eligible for the academic coverage in an
  3 area in which the teacher is assigned or in the area of the
  4 teacher's certification by the National Board for Professional
  5 Teaching Standards.
  - (b) Principals.--An individual appointed as an intern or interim principal of a K-12 school shall be eligible for the educational leadership coverage.
  - (c) Administrators of adult education.--An individual appointed as an administrator of an adult education program shall be eligible for the administration of adult education coverage.
  - (d) Directors of career education. -- An individual appointed as a director of career education shall be eligible for the director of career education coverage.

Section 4. Section 231.176, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

231.176 National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification.--

(1) Of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to the Department of Education for fiscal year 1998-1999, \$2,500,000 may be used during fiscal year 1998-1999 to pay the certification fee for up to 1,000 full-time teachers employed by district school boards or public schools within this state to participate in the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) certification program and to pay for up to 3 days of approved leave for each selected participant in the NBPTS certification program during the 1998-1999 school year. Each school district shall receive a pro rata share of the available funds based on its pro rata share of the state's unweighted FTE. This program shall continue each year at the

<u>level funded by the Legislature in that year's General</u>
Appropriations Act.

- (2) A teacher is eligible to participate who:
- (a) Has completed 3 years of teaching in the public schools of this state before applying for NBPTS certification.
- (b) Has not previously received state funds for participating in any certification area in the NBPTS certification program.
- (c) Has been selected to participate by the school or the school district and has the approval of his or her supervisors before taking paid leave to participate in the NBPTS certification program.
- (d) Agrees to teach in a public school of this state for at least 1 year after completing the certification program.
- certification fee and who does not complete the certification program or does not teach in a public school of this state for a least 1 year after completing the certification program must repay the amount of the certification fee to the state.

  However, a teacher who completes the certification program but fails to be awarded NBPTS certification is not required to repay the amount of the certification fee if the teacher meets the 1-year teaching requirement. Repayment is not required of a teacher who does not complete the certification program or fails to fulfill the teaching requirement because of the teacher's death or disability or because of other extenuating circumstances as determined by the State Board of Education.
- (4) A school district that applies for funding under subsection (1) must provide staff development activities, including reflective writing, collaborative teaching, and

video production, and must provide 3 days of school release
time to a teacher for the portfolio development application
process for the NBPTS certification program. Two or more
school districts may combine their resources to provide staff
development activities.

(5) School districts are encouraged to award salary stipends for participants who achieve certification from the NBPTS and to include opportunities for enhanced professional roles for nationally certified teachers, including, but not limited to, staff development trainers and peer mentors in a peer assistance and review program.

Section 5. Subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 231.24, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

231.24 Process for renewal of professional certificates.--

nonrenewable professional certificates, except a nonrenewable professional certificate, shall be renewable for successive periods not to exceed 5 years after the date of submission of documentation of completion of the requirements for renewal provided in subsection (3). Only one renewal may be granted during each 5-year validity period of a professional certificate, except that a teacher with national certification from the National Board for Professional

Teaching Standards is deemed to meet state renewal requirements for the life of the teacher's national certificate. However, if the renewal application form is not received by the department or by the employing school district before the expiration of the professional certificate, the application form, application fee, and a late fee must be submitted before July 1 of the year following expiration of

the certificate in order to renew the professional certificate. The state board shall adopt rules to allow a 1-year extension of the validity period of a professional certificate in the event of serious illness, injury, or other extraordinary extenuating circumstances of the applicant. The department shall grant such 1-year extension upon written request by the applicant or by the superintendent of the local school district or the governing authority of a developmental research school, state-supported school, or nonpublic school that employs the applicant.

- (3) For the renewal of a professional certificate, the following requirements must be met:
- (b) In lieu of college course credit or inservice points, the applicant may renew a specialization area by passage of a state board approved subject area test, by completion of the national certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards in that specialization area, or by completion of a department approved summer work program in a business or industry directly related to an area of specialization listed on the certificate. The state board shall adopt rules providing for the approval procedure.

Section 6. Section 231.315, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

231.315 Peer assistance and review.--

(1) The Legislature, the education community, and the public expect high standards of professional practice from school district and school administrators and instructional staff. To promote high professional standards, school districts, administrators, and teachers must develop a system of shared accountability. Peer assistance and review is a

process in which highly skilled teachers serve in a consulting role with their peers to improve the quality of classroom instruction. Peer assistance and review allows administrators and teachers to share the responsibility of mentoring, training, assisting, and reviewing the professional standards and practices of teachers.

- (2) Peer assistance and review programs must meet the following minimum standards:
- (a) Program provisions must be developed through the collective bargaining agreement between the teachers' association and the school district.
- (b) A joint teacher and school district governing body must be created with responsibility to review recommendations of the consulting peer teachers.
- (c) Consulting peer teachers must be recognized by their peers as highly skilled practitioners and must be selected by their peers.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}} \quad \text{Consulting peer teachers must be properly} \\ \text{compensated and trained.}$
- (e) Consulting peer teachers must provide assistance and review for teachers with the same area of expertise as the consulting peer teacher.
- (f) Consulting peer teachers must not be considered administrative personnel and must retain status within the employees' collective bargaining unit.
- (3) For fiscal years 1998-1999 and 1999-2000, up to six school districts may be selected to establish model peer assistance and review programs. At least one district selected must have less than 6,000 students and at least one district selected must have more than 100,000 students. Districts that wish to apply for selection must submit an application to the

Department of Education by September 1, 1998, which includes the agreement between the teachers' association and the school district. By October 1, 1998, the department shall select the participating districts based on the quality of their applications.

- (4) The department shall provide technical assistance to selected school districts to establish model peer assistance and review programs.
- (5) The school districts selected to establish model peer assistance and review programs shall receive an allocation from the department as established in the General Appropriations Act.
- (6) During the 1999-2000 fiscal year, the department shall assess the results of the selected model peer assistance and review programs and shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2000. The report must include the department's recommendation as to the continuation or expansion of peer assistance and review programs.

Section 7. Subsections (3) and (5) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 231.600, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

231.600 School Community Professional Development Act.--

- $\hbox{(3)} \quad \hbox{The activities designed to implement this section} \\$   $\hbox{must:} \\$
- (a) <u>Identify and meet state standards for student</u>

  <u>learning and</u> increase the success of educators in guiding

  student learning and development so as to implement state and

  local educational initiatives.

- (b) Assist the school community in developing in school children the dispositions that will motivate them to be active learners. 7 and
- (c) Provide continuous support, rather than temporary intervention, for improving the performance of teachers and others who assist children in their learning.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}} \quad \text{Convey to the school community the adopted best} \\ \text{practices for effective teaching.}$
- (e) Examine elements of successful schools and the roles of teachers, administrators, parents, and other school community members in those schools.
- (f) Encourage teachers to design personal professional development plans to improve professional practice and increase student performance.
- (4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools, and public colleges and universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:
- (b) Each district school board shall consult with teachers and representatives of college and university faculty, community agencies, and other interested citizen groups to establish policy and procedures to guide the operation of the district professional development program. The professional development system must:
- 1. Require that schools identify student needs that can be met by improved professional performance, and assist schools in making these identifications.  $\div$
- 2. Provide training and other professional development appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. + and

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3. Provide training and other professional development at the school level appropriate to the needs of the students of the school and consistent with the school improvement plan.

4.3. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional development programs.

(5) Each district school board shall provide funding for the system as required by s. 236.081, and shall direct expenditures from other funding sources to strengthen the system and make it uniform and coherent. A school district may coordinate its professional development program with that of another district, with an educational consortium, or with a college or university, especially in preparing and educating personnel. School districts, in coordination with school personnel and the school community, shall develop an ongoing assessment of the effectiveness of current expenditures for professional development with an emphasis on increasing student performance and improving professional performance.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 236.0811, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to said section, to read:

236.0811 Educational training.--

(2)(a)1. Pursuant to rules of the Commissioner of Education, each school board shall develop and annually approve a master plan for inservice educational training. The plan shall include all inservice programs for all district employees from all fund sources and shall be updated annually by September 1 using criteria and procedures for continued approval as specified by rule of the commissioner. Verification that the plan meets all requirements of this section and s. 231.600, where applicable, must be submitted

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annually to the commissioner by October 1. The plan must be based on an assessment of the inservice educational training needs of the district conducted by a committee that includes parents, classroom teachers, and other educational personnel. This assessment must identify districtwide inservice needs and the inservice training needs of local schools. The plan must include, at a minimum, the inservice activities that are necessary for implementation of the schools' improvement plans during the current fiscal year. The plan must include, but is not limited to, components addressing: competencies in the identification, assessment, and prescription of instruction for exceptional students; competencies in the identification, assessment, and prescription of instruction for child abuse and neglect prevention and for substance and alcohol abuse prevention; and competencies in instruction for multicultural sensitivity in the classroom. In addition, the plan must include a component to provide regular training to classroom teachers on advances in the field of normal child development and the disorders of development. The plan must also include components that may be used to satisfy the certification requirements applicable to teachers of students with limited proficiency in English and components that may be used for the renewal of a certificate in each of the following areas: a study of the middle grades, understanding the student in the middle grades, organizing interdisciplinary instruction in the middle grades, developing critical thinking and creative thinking in students in the middle grades, counseling functions of the teacher in the middle grades, developing creative learning materials for the middle grades, and planning and evaluating programs in the middle grades. The

plan must include inservice activities for all district employees from all fund sources.

- 2. Classroom teachers and guidance counselors shall be required to participate in the inservice training for child abuse and neglect prevention, for alcohol and substance abuse prevention education, and for multicultural sensitivity education, which may include negotiation and conflict resolution training.
- 3. Training for support staff shall emphasize the working partnership of support staff with instructional staff and methods for increasing effectiveness in the instructional process.
- (3) In addition to the 196 days of service for 10-month personnel, 2 additional days of inservice training shall be provided to all instructional personnel and instructional specialists. These 2 days of training should emphasize professional development at the school level that is appropriate to the needs of the students of the school and consistent with the school improvement plan. Compensation for these days shall be based on the employee's daily rate of pay and shall be contingent upon funding included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1 of the year in which enacted.

HOUSE SUMMARY Provides that district school board salary schedules for instructional personnel and instructional specialists may be based upon certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS). Provides requirements for counting years of service. Provides for certification and specialization coverage for out-of-state teachers certified by the NBPTS. Provides for payment of NBPTS certification fees and approved leave from funds appropriated to the Department of Education if certain eligibility requirements are met. Authorizes renewal of professional certificates through national certification. Provides for the establishment of school district model peer assistance and review programs. Provides additional school district professional development activities and requires an assessment of certain expenditures. Provides requirements for educational training for support staff. Provides for additional days of inservice training for certain school personnel. personnel.