1 2 An act relating to regulation of professions; 3 dividing ch. 455, F.S., into parts; 4 transferring those provisions of ch. 455, F.S., 5 that pertain to health-related professions into 6 the second part; duplicating publication of 7 extant provisions affecting both health-related professions and other professions in the second 8 9 part; amending s. 11, ch. 96-403, Laws of Florida; transferring certain functions from 10 the Agency for Health Care Administration to 11 12 the Department of Health; amending s. 20.43, F.S.; prescribing guidelines for appointments 13 14 to boards within the Department of Health; amending ss. 455.01, 455.203, 455.205, 455.207, 15 455.208, 455.209, 455.211, 455.213, 455.214, 16 17 455.217, 455.2175, 455.218, 455.2185, 455.221, 455.2226, 455.2228, 455.223, 455.224, 455.225, 18 19 455.227, 455.2273, 455.2275, 455.228, 455.2285, 455.229, 455.232, 455.24, 455.242, 455.243, 20 455.245, F.S.; conforming those sections to the 21 transfer of regulatory authority over 22 23 health-related professions from the Agency for Health Care Administration to the Department of 24 Health; conforming those sections to the 25 26 subdivision of ch. 455, F.S.; creating s. 455.501, F.S.; providing definitions; creating 27 s. 455.504, F.S.; providing applicability; 28 29 creating s. 455.507, F.S.; providing for continuing licensure of members of the Armed 30 Forces; creating s. 455.511, F.S.; prohibiting 31

1	disqualification from professional licensure on
2	account of citizenship; creating s. 455.514,
3	F.S.; providing for qualification of immigrants
4	for professional licensure examination;
5	creating s. 455.517, F.S.; providing
6	legislative intent; creating s. 455.521, F.S.;
7	prescribing powers and duties of the Department
8	of Health; creating s. 455.524, F.S.; providing
9	for long-range policy planning; creating s.
10	455.527, F.S.; providing method of contacting
11	regulatory boards; renumbering s. 455.206,
12	F.S., relating to conditions for board
13	membership; creating s. 455.534, F.S.;
14	providing for organization, meetings,
15	compensation, and travel expense for boards;
16	creating s. 455.537, F.S.; providing for
17	publication of information; creating s.
18	455.541, F.S.; providing accountability and
19	liability of board members; creating s.
20	455.544, F.S.; providing for board rules, final
21	agency action, and challenges; creating s.
22	455.547, F.S.; providing requirements with
23	respect to continuing education; creating s.
24	455.551, F.S.; providing for continued
25	recognition of certain education programs;
26	creating s. 455.554, F.S.; providing for
27	consultation with postsecondary education
28	boards; creating s. 455.561, F.S.; providing
29	for limited licenses; renumbering and amending
30	s. 455.2141, F.S., relating to general
31	licensing provisions for health-related

1 professions; prescribing additional guidelines 2 with respect to continuing education; 3 renumbering and amending s. 455.2142, F.S., 4 relating to sexual misconduct by applicants for 5 licensure; creating s. 455.571, F.S.; providing 6 for use of professional testing services; 7 renumbering and amending s. 455.2173, F.S., relating to examinations; prescribing 8 9 additional powers and duties of the respective boards and the department; creating s. 455.577, 10 F.S.; providing a penalty for theft or 11 12 reproduction of an examination; creating s. 455.581, F.S.; prescribing additional 13 14 provisions with respect to examination and licensure of foreign-trained professionals; 15 creating s. 455.584, F.S.; providing exemptions 16 and limited license authorization for certain 17 foreign professionals; renumbering and amending 18 19 s. 455.220, F.S., relating to fees and receipts; prescribing additional powers and 20 21 duties of the respective boards and the 22 department; renumbering and amending s. 23 455.2205, F.S., relating to the Health Care Trust Fund; creating s. 455.594, F.S.; 24 25 providing for legal and investigative services; 26 renumbering and amending s. 455.222, F.S., relating to instruction on domestic violence; 27 28 renumbering s. 455.2224, F.S., relating to 29 hepatitis B and HIV carriers; creating s. 30 455.604, F.S.; providing for instruction on HIV and AIDS; creating s. 455.607, F.S.; providing 31

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           for instruction on HIV and AIDS; creating s.
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           455.611, F.S.; providing for oaths,
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           depositions, and subpoenas; creating s.
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           455.614, F.S.; providing for mediation;
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           creating s. 455.617, F.S.; providing authority
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           to issue citations; creating s. 455.621, F.S.;
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           providing for disciplinary proceedings;
           creating s. 455.624, F.S.; providing grounds
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           for discipline; prescribing penalties; creating
           s. 455.627, F.S.; providing disciplinary
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           quidelines; creating s. 455.631, F.S.;
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           prescribing a penalty for giving false
           information; creating s. 455.634, F.S.;
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           providing for prosecution of criminal
           violations; creating s. 455.637, F.S.;
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           providing sanctions against unlicensed practice
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           of a profession; creating s. 455.641, F.S.;
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           providing for enforcement of prohibition
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           against unlicensed practice; providing a fee;
           creating s. 455.644, F.S.; requiring an annual
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           report; creating s. 455.647, F.S.; providing
           for public inspection of certain information;
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           creating s. 455.651, F.S.; providing a penalty
           for disclosure of confidential information;
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           renumbering and amending s. 455.236, F.S.,
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           relating to financial arrangements between
           referring health care providers and providers
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           of health care services; renumbering s.
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           455.237, F.S., relating to prohibiting
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           kickbacks; renumbering and amending s. 455.239,
           F.S., relating to licensure of designated
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1 health care services; creating s. 455.664, 2 F.S.; providing requirements with respect to 3 advertising by health care providers; 4 renumbering and amending s. 455.241, F.S., 5 relating to patient records; renumbering and 6 amending s. 455.2415, F.S., relating to 7 confidential communications between a patient and a psychiatrist; renumbering s. 455.2416, 8 9 F.S., relating to practitioner disclosure of confidential information; creating s. 455.677, 10 F.S.; providing for disposition of records of 11 12 deceased, relocated, or retired practitioners; creating s. 455.681, F.S.; providing for 13 14 inspections; renumbering s. 455.244, F.S., 15 relating to chiropractic and podiatric health care; creating s. 455.687, F.S.; providing for 16 17 immediate suspension of certain licenses; renumbering s. 455.2455, F.S., relating to 18 19 treatment of Medicare beneficiaries; renumbering and amending s. 455.2456, F.S., 20 21 relating to financial responsibility; renumbering s. 455.247, F.S., relating to 22 23 reports on professional liability claims; renumbering and amending s. 455.25, F.S., 24 relating to disclosure of certain financial 25 26 interests; renumbering and amending s. 455.26, 27 F.S., relating to the Impaired Practitioners 28 Committee; renumbering and amending s. 455.261, 29 F.S., relating to the treatment program for 30 impaired practitioners; creating s. 455.711, F.S.; providing for inactive and delinquent 31

1 status; creating s. 455.714, F.S.; providing 2 for renewal and cancellation notices; creating s. 455.717, F.S.; requiring an address of 3 4 record; renumbering and amending s. 455.277, 5 F.S., relating to the Health Care Community 6 Antitrust Guidance Act; renumbering s. 7 455.2775, F.S., relating to information 8 submitted in relation to antitrust issues; repealing s. 455.2055, F.S., relating to 9 membership of practice boards, the provisions 10 of which were incorporated into s. 20.43, F.S.; 11 12 requiring the Secretary of Health to appoint a task force to study the validation of health 13 14 care practitioner credentials; amending s. 459.0085, F.S.; directing the Department of 15 16 Health to suspend a license under certain 17 circumstances; increasing malpractice indemnity 18 limits for osteopathic physicians; providing 19 membership of the task force; amending s. 20 458.320, F.S.; increasing malpractice indemnity 21 limits and providing for financial 22 responsibility; amending s. 627.912, F.S.; 23 providing for insurer reporting of professional liability claims and actions; revising the 24 25 timeframe for reporting; providing penalties; 26 amending s. 458.331, F.S.; increasing malpractice indemnity limits for physicians; 27 28 amending s. 459.015, F.S.; increasing the 29 amount of an indemnity paid for a claim for 30 medical malpractice; amending s. 468.1645, F.S.; revising an exemption from licensure as a 31

1 nursing home administrator relating to persons 2 employed to administer in facilities or 3 institutions operated by and for persons who 4 rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual 5 means through prayer; amending s. 458.3115, 6 F.S.; revising requirements for the development 7 of examinations administered to certain foreign-licensed physicians; prescribing 8 9 eligibility requirements for certain foreign-trained physicians to take a 10 restricted-license examination; creating s. 11 12 458.3124, F.S.; providing for certain foreign-trained and licensed physicians to take 13 14 certain licensure examinations; providing restrictions and establishing fees; restricting 15 the practice of such persons; providing for 16 17 eligibility for full licensure; providing for 18 the adoption of rules; providing an effective 19 date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23

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Section 1. Section 11 of chapter 96-403, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

Section 11. Effective July 1, 1997, the regulation of nursing assistants, as provided under s. 400.211, Florida Statutes; health care services pools, as provided under s. 402.48, Florida Statutes; the Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter 457, Florida Statutes; the Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458, Florida Statutes; the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, created under chapter 459, Florida

Statutes; the Board of Chiropractic, created under chapter 2 460, Florida Statutes; the Board of Podiatric Medicine, 3 created under chapter 461, Florida Statutes; naturopathy, as 4 provided under chapter 462, Florida Statutes; the Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463, Florida Statutes; the 5 Board of Nursing, created under chapter 464, Florida Statutes; 6 7 the Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465, Florida Statutes; the Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466, 9 Florida Statutes; midwifery, as provided under chapter 467, Florida Statutes; the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and 10 Audiology, created under part I of chapter 468, Florida 11 12 Statutes; the Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created under part II of chapter 468, Florida Statutes; occupational 13 14 therapy, as provided under part III of chapter 468, Florida Statutes; respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of 15 chapter 468, Florida Statutes; dietetics and nutrition 16 17 practice, as provided under part X of chapter 468, Florida Statutes; electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478, Florida 18 19 Statutes; the Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, created under part IV of chapter 483, Florida Statutes; medical 20 physicists, as provided under part V of chapter 483, Florida 21 Statutes; the Board of Opticianry, created under part I of 22 23 chapter 484, Florida Statutes; the Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created under chapter 486, Florida Statutes; the 24 Board of Psychology, created under chapter 490, Florida 25 26 Statutes; and the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under 27 chapter 491, Florida Statutes, under the Division of Health 28 29 Quality Assurance of the Agency for Health Care Administration, or under the agency, within the Department of 30 Business and Professional Regulation, but not including

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personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations 1 2 related to consumer complaints, investigative and 3 prosecutorial services, including all licensing, examination, 4 publication, administrative, and management information 5 services, but not consumer complaint, investigative, or prosecutorial services, provided by the Agency for Health Care 6 7 Administration, is transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, and assigned to the 8 9 Division of Medical Quality Assurance within the Department of Health, as created by this act. 10

Section 2. Section 20.43, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 20.43 Department of Health.--There is created a Department of Health.
- (1) The purpose of the Department of Health is to promote and protect the health of all residents and visitors in the state through organized state and community efforts, including cooperative agreements with counties. The department shall:
- (a) Prevent to the fullest extent possible, the occurrence and progression of communicable and noncommunicable diseases and disabilities.
- (b) Maintain a constant surveillance of disease occurrence and accumulate health statistics necessary to establish disease trends and to design health programs.
- (c) Conduct special studies of the causes of diseases and formulate preventive strategies.
- (d) Promote the maintenance and improvement of the environment as it affects public health.
- (e) Promote the maintenance and improvement of healthin the residents of the state.

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- (f) Provide leadership, in cooperation with the public and private sectors, in establishing statewide and community public health delivery systems.
- (g) Provide health care and early intervention services to infants, toddlers, children, adolescents, and high-risk perinatal patients who are at risk for disabling conditions or have chronic illnesses.
- (h) Develop working associations with all agencies and organizations involved and interested in health and health care delivery.
- (i) Analyze trends in the evolution of health systems, and identify and promote the use of innovative, cost-effective health delivery systems.
- (j) Serve as the statewide repository of all aggregate data accumulated by state agencies related to health care; analyze that data and issue periodic reports and policy statements, as appropriate; require that all aggregated data be kept in a manner that promotes easy utilization by the public, state agencies, and all other interested parties; provide technical assistance as required; and work cooperatively with the state's higher education programs to promote further study and analysis of health care systems and health care outcomes.
- (k) Biennially publish, and annually update, a state health plan that assesses current health programs, systems, and costs; makes projections of future problems and opportunities; and recommends changes needed in the health care system to improve the public health.
- (1) Regulate health practitioners, to the extent authorized by the Legislature, as necessary for the preservation of the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

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- 1997 Legislature 1 The head of the Department of Health is the 2 Secretary of Health and State Health Officer. The secretary 3 must be a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 4 who has advanced training or extensive experience in public 5 health administration. The secretary is appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Senate. The secretary 6 7 serves at the pleasure of the Governor. 8 (3) The following divisions of the Department of 9 Health are established: (a) Division of Administration. 10 (b) Division of Environmental Health. 11 (c) Division of Disease Control. 12 (d) Division of Family Services. 13 (e) Division of Children's Medical Services. 14 Effective July 1, 1997, Division of Medical 15 16 Quality Assurance, which is responsible for the following 17 boards and professions established within the division: Nursing assistants, as provided under s. 400.211. 18 19 Health care services pools, as provided under s. 402.48. 20
- The Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter 3. 22 457.
 - 4. The Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458.
 - The Board of Osteopathic Medicine, created under chapter 459.
- 26 6. The Board of Chiropractic, created under chapter 460. 27
- 28 The Board of Podiatric Medicine, created under 29 chapter 461.
 - 8. Naturopathy, as provided under chapter 462.
 - The Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463. 9.

- 1 10. The Board of Nursing, created under chapter 464. 2 11. The Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465. 3 12. The Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466. 4 13. Midwifery, as provided under chapter 467. The Board of Speech-Language Pathology and 5 14. 6 Audiology, created under part I of chapter 468. 7 The Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created 8 under part II of chapter 468. 9 16. Occupational therapy, as provided under part III of chapter 468. 10 17. Respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of 11 12 chapter 468. 13 18. Dietetics and nutrition practice, as provided 14 under part X of chapter 468. 15 Athletic trainers, as provided under part XIV of 16 chapter 468. 17 20. Electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478. 18 21. The Board of Massage, created under chapter 480. 19 The Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, created under part IV of chapter 483. 20 21 Medical physicists, as provided under part V of 22 chapter 483. 23 The Board of Opticianry, created under part I of 24 chapter 484.
 - 25. The Board of Hearing Aid Specialists, created under part II of chapter 484.
 - 26. The Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created under chapter 486.
 - 27. The Board of Psychology, created under chapter 490.

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The Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and 1 2 Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under chapter 491. 3 4 5 The department may shall contract with the Agency for Health 6 Care Administration who shall provide consumer complaint, 7 investigative, and prosecutorial services required by the 8 Division of Medical Quality Assurance, councils, or boards, as 9 appropriate. 10 (4)(a) The members of each board within the department shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by 11 12 the Senate. Consumer members on the board shall be appointed pursuant to paragraph (b). Members shall be appointed for 13 14 4-year terms, and such terms shall expire on October 31. 15 However, a term of less than 4 years may be used to ensure 16 that: 17 1. No more than two members' terms expire during the same calendar year for boards consisting of seven or eight 18 19 members. 20 2. No more than three members' terms expire during the same calendar year for boards consisting of 9 to 12 members. 21 22 No more than five members' terms expire during the 23 same calendar year for boards consisting of 13 or more 24 members. 25 26 A member whose term has expired shall continue to serve on the 27 board until such time as a replacement is appointed. A 28 vacancy on the board shall be filled for the unexpired portion 29 of the term in the same manner as the original appointment.

No member may serve for more than the remaining portion of a

previous member's unexpired term, plus two consecutive 4-year terms of the member's own appointment thereafter.

- (b) Each board with five or more members shall have at least two consumer members who are not, and have never been, members or practitioners of the profession regulated by such board or of any closely related profession. Each board with fewer than five members shall have at least one consumer member who is not, and has never been, a member or practitioner of the profession regulated by such board or of any closely related profession.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department is authorized to establish uniform application forms and certificates of licensure for use by the boards within the department. Nothing in this paragraph authorizes the department to vary any substantive requirements, duties, or eligibilities for licensure or certification as provided by law.
- (5)(4) The department shall plan and administer its public health programs through its county health departments and may, for administrative purposes and efficient service delivery, establish up to 15 service areas to carry out such duties as may be prescribed by the secretary. The boundaries of the service areas shall be the same as, or combinations of, the districts of the health and human services boards established in s. 20.19 and, to the extent practicable, shall take into consideration the boundaries of the jobs and education regional boards.
- $\underline{(6)(5)}$ The secretary and division directors are authorized to appoint ad hoc advisory committees as necessary. The issue or problem that the ad hoc committee shall address, and the timeframe within which the committee is to complete

its work, shall be specified at the time the committee is appointed. Ad hoc advisory committees shall include representatives of groups or entities affected by the issue or problem that the committee is asked to examine. Members of ad hoc advisory committees shall receive no compensation, but may, within existing departmental resources, receive reimbursement for travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061.

Section 3. Section 455.01, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

455.01 Definitions.--As used in this \underline{part} $\underline{chapter}$, the term:

- (1) "Board" means any board or commission, or other statutorily created entity to the extent such entity is authorized to exercise regulatory or rulemaking functions, within the department, including the Florida Real Estate Commission; except that, for ss. 455.201-455.261, "board" means only a board, or other statutorily created entity to the extent such entity is authorized to exercise regulatory or rulemaking functions, within the Division of Certified Public Accounting, the Division of Medical Quality Assurance, the Division of Professions, or the Division of Real Estate.
- (2) "Consumer member" means a person appointed to serve on a specific board or who has served on a specific board, who is not, and never has been, a member or practitioner of the profession, or of any closely related profession, regulated by such board.
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (4) "Health care practitioner" means any person
 licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter
 460; chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464;

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chapter 465; chapter 466; part I, part III, part V, or part X 1 of chapter 468; chapter 474; chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 2 3 490; or chapter 491. (4) "License" means any permit, registration, 4 5 certificate, or license issued by the department. 6 (5)(6) "Licensee" means any person issued a permit, 7 registration, certificate, or license by the department. 8 (6)(7) "Profession" means any activity, occupation, 9 profession, or vocation regulated by the department in the Divisions of Certified Public Accounting, Medical Quality 10 Assurance, Professions, Real Estate, and Regulation. 11 Section 4. Section 455.203, Florida Statutes, 1996 12 Supplement, is amended to read: 13 14 455.203 Department; Agency for Health Care 15 Administration; powers and duties. -- The department and the 16 Agency for Health Care Administration, for the boards under 17 its jurisdiction their respective jurisdictions, shall: 18 (1) Adopt rules establishing a procedure for the 19 biennial renewal of licenses; provided, however, the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration may 20 issue up to a 4-year license to selected licensees 21 22 notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary. Fees for such renewal shall not exceed the fee caps for 23 individual professions on an annualized basis as authorized by 24 25 law. 26 (2) Appoint the executive director of each board, 27 subject to the approval of the board. 28 (3) Submit an annual budget to the Legislature at a

(4) Develop a training program for persons newly

appointed to membership on any board. The program shall

time and in the manner provided by law.

familiarize such persons with the substantive and procedural laws and rules and fiscal information relating to the regulation of the appropriate profession and with the structure of the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration.

- (5) Adopt all rules necessary to administer this $\underline{\text{part}}$ chapter.
- (6) Establish by <u>rule</u> rules procedures by which the department and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the expert or technical advice of the appropriate board for the purposes of investigation, inspection, evaluation of applications, other duties of the department, or any other areas the department may deem appropriate.
- (7) Require all proceedings of any board or panel thereof and all formal or informal proceedings conducted by the department, the Agency for Health Care Administration, an administrative law judge, or a hearing officer with respect to licensing or discipline to be electronically recorded in a manner sufficient to assure the accurate transcription of all matters so recorded.
- (8) Select only those investigators, or consultants who undertake investigations, who meet criteria established with the advice of the respective boards.
- (9) Allow applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the Title IV-D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation. The department shall issue or

reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection.

Section 5. Section 455.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.205 Contacting boards through department or agency.—Each board under the jurisdiction of the department may be contacted through the headquarters of the department in the City of Tallahassee or at any regional office of the department. Each board under the jurisdiction of the Agency for Health Care Administration may be contacted through the headquarters of the Agency for Health Care Administration in the City of Tallahassee.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 455.207, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.207 Boards; organization; meetings; compensation and travel expenses.--

- (1) Each board within the department and each board within the Agency for Health Care Administration shall comply with the provisions of this section.
- (3) The board shall meet at least once annually and may meet as often as is necessary. The chairperson or a quorum of the board shall have the authority to call other meetings. A quorum shall be necessary for the conduct of official business by the board or any committee thereof. Unless otherwise provided by law, 51 percent or more of the appointed members of the board or any committee, when applicable, shall constitute a quorum. The membership of committees of the

board, except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this <u>part</u> chapter or the applicable practice act, shall be composed of currently appointed members of the board. The vote of a majority of the members of the quorum shall be necessary for any official action by the board or committee. Three consecutive unexcused absences or absences constituting 50 percent or more of the board's meetings within any 12-month period shall cause the board membership of the member in question to become void, and the position shall be considered vacant. The board, or the department when there is no board, shall, by rule, define unexcused absences.

Section 7. Section 455.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the boards shall have the authority to advise licensees periodically, through the publication of a newsletter, about information that the department, the Agency for Health Care Administration, or the board determines is of interest to the industry. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the department and the boards shall publish a summary of final orders resulting in fines, suspensions, or revocations, and any other information the department or the board determines is of interest to the public.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 455.209, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.209 Accountability and liability of board members.--

(2) Each board member and each former board member serving on a probable cause panel shall be exempt from civil liability for any act or omission when acting in the member's

official capacity, and the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, or the Department of Legal Affairs shall defend any such member in any action against any board or member of a board arising from any such act or omission. In addition, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may defend the member's company or business in any action against the company or business if the department or the Department of Legal Affairs determines that the actions from which the suit arises are actions taken by the member in the member's official capacity and were not beyond the member's statutory authority. In providing such defense, the department, the agency, or the Department of Legal Affairs may employ or utilize the legal services of outside counsel.

Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 455.211, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to read:

455.211 Board rules; final agency action; challenges.--

- standing to challenge any rule or proposed rule of a board under its jurisdiction pursuant to s. 120.56. The Director of Health Care Administration shall have standing to challenge any rule or proposed rule of any board under its jurisdiction, pursuant to s. 120.56. In addition to challenges for any invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority, the administrative law judge, upon such a challenge by the secretary or the Director of Health Care Administration, may declare all or part of a rule or proposed rule invalid if it:
- (a) Does not protect the public from any significant and discernible harm or damages;

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- (b) Unreasonably restricts competition or the availability of professional services in the state or in a significant part of the state; or
- (c) Unnecessarily increases the cost of professional services without a corresponding or equivalent public benefit.
- However, there shall not be created a presumption of the existence of any of the conditions cited in this subsection in the event that the rule or proposed rule is challenged.
- (2) In addition, either the secretary, the Director of Health Care Administration, or the board shall be a substantially interested party for purposes of s. 120.54(7). The board may, as an adversely affected party, initiate and maintain an action pursuant to s. 120.68 challenging the final agency action.
- Section 10. Subsections (3), (7), and (8) of section 455.213, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to read:
 - 455.213 General licensing provisions.--
- The board, or the department when there is no board, may refuse to issue an initial license to any applicant who is under investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for an action that would constitute a violation of this part chapter or the professional practice acts administered by the department and the boards, until such time as the investigation or prosecution is complete.
- (7) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, any elected official who is licensed pursuant to any practice act within the purview of this part chapter may hold employment for compensation with any public agency concurrent with such

public service. Such dual service shall be disclosed according to any disclosure required by applicable law.

(8) In any instance in which a licensee or applicant to the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration is required to be in compliance with a particular provision by, on, or before a certain date, and if that date occurs on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, then the licensee or applicant is deemed to be in compliance with the specific date requirement if the required action occurs on the first succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

Section 11. Subsections (3) and (6) of section 455.214, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.214 Limited licenses.--

- (3) The board, or the department when there is no board, may deny limited licensure to an applicant who has committed, or is under investigation or prosecution for, any act which would constitute the basis for discipline pursuant to the provisions of this <u>part</u> chapter or the applicable practice act.
- (6) Each applicant granted a limited license is subject to all the provisions of this <u>part</u> chapter and the respective practice act under which the limited license is issued which are not in conflict with this section.

Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 455.217, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

455.217 Examinations.--

(1) The Division of Technology, Licensure, and Testing of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation

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shall provide services for the preparation and administration of all examinations.

(e) If the professional board with jurisdiction over an examination concurs, the department may, for a fee, share with any other state's licensing authority an examination developed by or for the department unless prohibited by a contract entered into by the department for development or purchase of the examination. The department, with the concurrence of the appropriate board, shall establish guidelines that ensure security of a shared exam and shall require that any other state's licensing authority comply with those guidelines. Those guidelines shall be approved by the appropriate professional board. All fees paid by the user shall be applied to the department's examination and development program for professions regulated by this part chapter. All fees paid by the user for professions not regulated by this part chapter shall be applied to offset the fees for the development and administration of that profession's examination.

Section 13. Section 455.2175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.2175 Penalty for theft or reproduction of an examination.—In addition to, or in lieu of, any other discipline imposed pursuant to s. 455.227, the theft of an examination in whole or in part or the act of reproducing or copying any examination administered by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, whether such said examination is reproduced or copied in part or in whole and by any means, constitutes shall constitute a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 14. Section 455.218, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.218 Foreign-trained professionals; special examination and license provisions.--

- (1) When not otherwise provided by law, within their respective jurisdictions, the Agency for Health Care Administration and the department shall by rule provide procedures under which exiled professionals may be examined within each practice act. A person shall be eligible for such examination if the person:
- (a) Immigrated to the United States after leaving the person's home country because of political reasons, provided such country is located in the Western Hemisphere and lacks diplomatic relations with the United States;
- (b) Applies to the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, and submits a fee;
- (c) Was a Florida resident immediately preceding the person's application;
- (d) Demonstrates to the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, through submission of documentation verified by the applicant's respective professional association in exile, that the applicant was graduated with an appropriate professional or occupational degree from a college or university; however, the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration may not require receipt of any documentation from the Republic of Cuba as a condition of eligibility under this section;
- (e) Lawfully practiced the profession for at least 3 years;

- (f) Prior to 1980, successfully completed an approved course of study pursuant to chapters 74--105 and 75--177, Laws of Florida; and
- (g) Presents a certificate demonstrating the successful completion of a continuing education program which offers a course of study that will prepare the applicant for the examination offered under subsection (2). The department and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall develop rules for the approval of such programs for its their respective boards.
- requirements of subsection (1) and submits an examination fee, the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, for its their respective boards, shall provide a written practical examination that which tests the person's current ability to practice the profession competently in accordance with the actual practice of the profession. Evidence of meeting the requirements of subsection (1) shall be treated by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration as evidence of the applicant's preparation in the academic and preprofessional fundamentals necessary for successful professional practice, and the applicant shall not be examined by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration on such fundamentals.
- (3) The fees charged for the examinations offered under subsection (2) shall be established by the department and the Agency for Health Care Administration, for its their respective boards, by rule and shall be sufficient to develop or to contract for the development of the examination and its administration, grading, and grade reviews.

- Administration shall examine any applicant who meets the requirements of subsections (1) and (2). Upon passing the examination and the issuance of the license, a licensee is subject to the administrative requirements of this part chapter and the respective practice act under which the license is issued. Each applicant so licensed is subject to all provisions of this part chapter and the respective practice act under which the license was issued.
- (5) Upon a request by an applicant otherwise qualified under this section, the examinations offered under subsection (2) may be given in the applicant's native language, provided that any translation costs are borne by the applicant.
- Administration, for its their respective boards, shall not issue an initial license to, or renew a license of, any applicant or licensee who is under investigation or prosecution in any jurisdiction for an action which would constitute a violation of this part chapter or the professional practice acts administered by the department or agency and the boards until such time as the investigation or prosecution is complete, at which time the provisions of the professional practice acts shall apply.

Section 15. Section 455.2185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.2185 Exemption for certain out-of-state or foreign professionals; limited practice permitted.--

(1) A professional of any other state or of any territory or other jurisdiction of the United States or of any other nation or foreign jurisdiction is exempt from the requirements of licensure under this <u>part</u> chapter and the

applicable professional practice act under the agency with regulatory jurisdiction over the profession if that profession is regulated in this state under the agency with regulatory jurisdiction over the profession and if that person:

- (a) Holds, if so required in the jurisdiction in which that person practices, an active license to practice that profession.
- (b) Engages in the active practice of that profession outside the state.
- (c) Is employed or designated in that professional capacity by a sports entity visiting the state for a specific sporting event.
- (2) A professional's practice under this section is limited to the members, coaches, and staff of the team for which that professional is employed or designated and to any animals used if the sporting event for which that professional is employed or designated involves animals. A professional practicing under authority of this section shall not have practice privileges in any licensed health care facility or veterinary facility without the approval of that facility.

Section 16. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 455.221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.221 Legal and investigative services.--

(1) A board shall retain, through the department's contract procedures, board counsel from the Department of Legal Affairs. The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide legal services to each board within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the Agency for Health Care Administration, but the primary responsibility of the Department of Legal Affairs shall be to represent the interests of the citizens of the state by vigorously

counseling the boards with respect to their obligations under the laws of the state. A board shall provide for the periodic review and evaluation of the services provided by its board counsel. Subject to the prior approval of the Attorney General, any board may retain, through the department's contract procedures, independent legal counsel to provide legal advice to the board on a specific matter. Fees and costs of such counsel by the Department of Legal Affairs or independent legal counsel approved by the Attorney General shall be paid from the Professional Regulation Trust Fund or the Health Care Trust Fund, as appropriate. All contracts for independent counsel shall provide for periodic review and evaluation by the board and the department of services provided.

(2) The Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the Agency for Health Care Administration may employ or utilize the legal services of outside counsel and the investigative services of outside personnel. However, no attorney employed or <u>used utilized</u> by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration shall prosecute a matter and provide legal services to the board with respect to the same matter.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 455.2226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.2226 Requirement for instruction on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.--

(1) As of July 1, 1991, The appropriate Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 463; chapter 464;

chapter 465; chapter 466; part II, part III, or part V of 1 2 chapter 468; chapter 470; or chapter 486 to complete a 3 continuing educational course, approved by the board, on human 4 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome 5 as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The 6 course shall consist of education on the modes of 7 transmission, infection control procedures, clinical 8 management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and 9 acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Such course shall include information on current Florida law on acquired immune 10 deficiency syndrome and its impact on testing, confidentiality 11 12 of test results, and treatment of patients. Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 455.2228, 13 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 455.2228 Requirement for instruction on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency 16 17 syndrome. --18 (1) The board, or the department where there is no 19 board, shall require each person licensed or certified under 20 chapter 476 or, chapter 477, chapter 480, or part XIV of chapter 468 to complete a continuing educational course 21 22 approved by the board, or the department where there is no board, on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune 23 deficiency syndrome as part of biennial relicensure or 24 25 recertification. The course shall consist of education on modes of transmission, infection control procedures, clinical 26 27 management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and 28 acquired immune deficiency syndrome, with an emphasis on 29 appropriate behavior and attitude change. 30 Section 19. Section 455.223, Florida Statutes, 1996

Supplement, is amended to read:

455.223 Power to administer oaths, take depositions, and issue subpoenas.—For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding conducted by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, the department or the agency shall have the power to administer oaths, take depositions, make inspections when authorized by statute, issue subpoenas which shall be supported by affidavit, serve subpoenas and other process, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence. The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration shall exercise this power on its own initiative or whenever requested by a board or the probable cause panel of any board. Challenges to, and enforcement of, the subpoenas and orders shall be handled as provided in s. 120.569.

Section 20. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (6) of section 455.224, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.224 Authority to issue citations.--

(1) Notwithstanding s. 455.225, the board, or the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration when there is no board, shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and address, the subject's license number if applicable, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the procedure under s. 455.225. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 455.225 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department or the agency, whichever has jurisdiction, within 30 days after the citation

is served, the citation becomes a final order and constitutes discipline. The penalty shall be a fine or other conditions as established by rule.

- (2) The board, or the department or the agency when there is no board, shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation violations those violations for which there is no substantial threat to the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (3) The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided according to board or, department, or agency rule, as part of the penalty levied pursuant to the citation.
- jurisdictions, the department <u>has</u> and the Agency for Health Care Administration have exclusive authority to, and shall adopt rules to, designate those violations for which the licensee is subject to the issuance of a citation and designate the penalties for those violations if any board fails to incorporate this section into rules by January 1, 1992. A board created on or after January 1, 1992, has 6 months in which to enact rules designating violations and penalties appropriate for citation offenses. Failure to enact such rules gives the department or the agency exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for implementing this section. A board has continuous authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 21. Section 455.225, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

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455.225 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate.

(1) The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, for the boards under its jurisdiction their respective jurisdictions, shall cause to be investigated any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this part chapter, of any of the practice acts relating to the professions regulated by the department or the agency, or of any rule adopted by the department, the agency, or a regulatory board in the department or the agency has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the department or the agency may require supporting information or documentation. The department or the agency may investigate, and the department, the agency, or the appropriate board may take appropriate final action on, a complaint even though the original complainant withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The department or the agency may investigate an anonymous complaint if the complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the department or the agency has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the alleged violations alleged in the complaint are true. The department or the agency may investigate a complaint made by a confidential informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the department or the

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agency has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry, that the allegations of the complainant are true. The department or the agency may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the agency, or a rule of a board. Except as provided in ss. 458.331(9), 459.015(9), 460.413(5), and 461.013(6), When an investigation of any subject is undertaken, the department or the agency shall promptly furnish to the subject or the subject's attorney a copy of the complaint or document that resulted in the initiation of the investigation. The subject may submit a written response to the information contained in such complaint or document within 20 days after service to the subject of the complaint or document. The subject's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel. The right to respond does not prohibit the issuance of a summary emergency order if necessary to protect the public. However, if the secretary, or the secretary's designee, and the chairman of the respective board or the chairman of its probable cause panel agree in writing that such notification would be detrimental to the investigation, the department or the agency may withhold notification. The department or the agency may conduct an investigation without notification to any subject if the act under investigation is a criminal offense.

Administration shall allocate sufficient and adequately trained staff to expeditiously and thoroughly determine legal sufficiency and investigate all legally sufficient complaints. When its investigation is complete and legally sufficient, the department or the agency shall prepare and submit to the

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probable cause panel of the appropriate regulatory board the investigative report of the department or the agency. The 2 3 report shall contain the investigative findings and the 4 recommendations of the department or the agency concerning the 5 existence of probable cause. At any time after legal sufficiency is found, the department or the agency may dismiss 6 7 any case, or any part thereof, if the department or the agency 8 determines that there is insufficient evidence to support the 9 prosecution of allegations contained therein. The department or the agency shall provide a detailed report to the 10 appropriate probable cause panel prior to dismissal of any 11 12 case or part thereof, and to the subject of the complaint 13 after dismissal of any case or part thereof, under this 14 section. For cases dismissed prior to a finding of probable 15 cause, such report is confidential and exempt from s. 16 119.07(1). The probable cause panel shall have access, upon 17 request, to the investigative files pertaining to a case prior 18 to dismissal of such case. If the department or the agency 19 dismisses a case, the probable cause panel may retain independent legal counsel, employ investigators, and continue 20 the investigation and prosecution of the case as it deems 21 22 necessary. 23

(3) As an alternative to the provisions of subsections (1) and (2), when a complaint is received, the department or the agency may provide a licensee with a notice of noncompliance for an initial offense of a minor violation. Each board, or the department or the agency if there is no board, shall establish by rule those minor violations under this provision which do not endanger the public health, safety, and welfare and which do not demonstrate a serious inability to practice the profession. Failure of a licensee to

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take action in correcting the violation within 15 days after notice may result in the institution of regular disciplinary proceedings.

(4) The determination as to whether probable cause exists shall be made by majority vote of a probable cause panel of the board, or by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate. Each regulatory board shall provide by rule that the determination of probable cause shall be made by a panel of its members or by the department or the agency. Each board may provide by rule for multiple probable cause panels composed of at least two members. Each board may provide by rule that one or more members of the panel or panels may be a former board member. The length of term or repetition of service of any such former board member on a probable cause panel may vary according to the direction of the board when authorized by board rule. Any probable cause panel must include one of the board's former or present consumer members, if one is available, willing to serve, and is authorized to do so by the board chairman. Any probable cause panel must include a present board member. Any probable cause panel must include a former or present professional board member. However, any former professional board member serving on the probable cause panel must hold an active valid license for that profession. All proceedings of the panel are exempt from s. 286.011 until 10 days after probable cause has been found to exist by the panel or until the subject of the investigation waives his privilege of confidentiality. The probable cause panel may make a reasonable request, and upon such request the department or the agency shall provide such additional investigative information as is necessary to the determination of probable

cause. A request for additional investigative information 2 shall be made within 15 days from the date of receipt by the 3 probable cause panel of the investigative report of the 4 department or the agency. The probable cause panel or the 5 department or the agency, as may be appropriate, shall make 6 its determination of probable cause within 30 days after 7 receipt by it of the final investigative report of the 8 department or the agency. The secretary may grant extensions 9 of the 15-day and the 30-day time limits. If the probable cause panel does not find probable cause within the 30-day 10 time limit, as may be extended, or if the probable cause panel 11 12 finds no probable cause, the department or the agency may determine, within 10 days after the panel fails to determine 13 14 probable cause or 10 days after the time limit has elapsed, 15 that probable cause exists. In lieu of a finding of probable 16 cause, the probable cause panel, or the department or the 17 agency when there is no board, may issue a letter of guidance 18 to the subject. If the probable cause panel finds that 19 probable cause exists, it shall direct the department or the agency to file a formal complaint against the licensee. The 20 department or the agency shall follow the directions of the 21 22 probable cause panel regarding the filing of a formal 23 complaint. If directed to do so, the department or the agency shall file a formal complaint against the subject of the 24 investigation and prosecute that complaint pursuant to chapter 25 26 120. However, the department or the agency may decide not to 27 prosecute the complaint if it finds that probable cause had been improvidently found by the panel. In such cases, the 28 29 department or the agency shall refer the matter to the board. The board may then file a formal complaint and prosecute the 30 complaint pursuant to chapter 120. The department or the

agency shall also refer to the board any investigation or disciplinary proceeding not before the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to chapter 120 or otherwise completed by the department or the agency within 1 year after the filing of a complaint. A probable cause panel or a board may retain independent legal counsel, employ investigators, and continue the investigation as it deems necessary; all costs thereof shall be paid from the Health Care Trust Fund or the Professional Regulation Trust Fund, as appropriate. All proceedings of the probable cause panel are exempt from s. 120.525.

- (5) A formal hearing before an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings shall be held pursuant to chapter 120 if there are any disputed issues of material fact. The administrative law judge shall issue a recommended order pursuant to chapter 120. If any party raises an issue of disputed fact during an informal hearing, the hearing shall be terminated and a formal hearing pursuant to chapter 120 shall be held.
- (6) The appropriate board, with those members of the panel, if any, who reviewed the investigation pursuant to subsection (4) being excused, or the department when there is no board, shall determine and issue the final order in each disciplinary case. Such order shall constitute final agency action. Any consent order or agreed settlement shall be subject to the approval of the department or the agency.
- (7) The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, shall have standing to seek judicial review of any final order of the board, pursuant to s. 120.68.

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- (8) Any proceeding for the purpose of summary suspension of a license, or for the restriction of the license, of a licensee pursuant to s. 120.60(6) shall be conducted by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation or his designee or the Director of Health Care Administration or his designee, as appropriate, who shall issue the final summary order.
- (9) The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, shall periodically notify the person who filed the complaint of the status of the investigation, whether probable cause has been found, and the status of any civil action or administrative proceeding or appeal.
- (10) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to the investigation by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) until 10 days after probable cause has been found to exist by the probable cause panel or by the department or the agency, or until the regulated professional or subject of the investigation waives his privilege of confidentiality, whichever occurs first. Upon completion of the investigation and pursuant to a written request by the subject, the department or the agency shall provide the subject an opportunity to inspect the investigative file or, at the subject's expense, forward to the subject a copy of the investigative file. Notwithstanding s. 455.241, the subject may inspect or receive a copy of any expert witness report or patient record connected with the investigation, if the subject agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of any information received under this subsection until 10 days after probable cause is found and to maintain the

confidentiality of patient records pursuant to s. 455.241. The subject may file a written response to the information contained in the investigative file. Such response must be filed within 20 days, unless an extension of time has been granted by the department or the agency. This subsection does not prohibit the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration from providing such information to any law enforcement agency or to any other regulatory agency.

(11) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any complainant or any witness with regard to information furnished with respect to any investigation or proceeding pursuant to this section, unless the complainant or witness acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.

(12)(a) No person who reports in any capacity, whether or not required by law, information to the department or the Division of Health Quality Assurance of the Agency for Health Care Administration with regard to the incompetence, impairment, or unprofessional conduct of any health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 shall be held liable in any civil action for reporting against such health care provider if such person acts without intentional fraud or malice.

(b) No facility licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, physician licensed under chapter 458, or osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459 shall discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any employee or staff member by reason of such employee's or staff member's report to the agency about a physician licensed under chapter 458,

chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 who may be guilty of incompetence, impairment, or unprofessional conduct so long as such report is given without intentional fraud or malice.

(c) In any civil suit brought outside the protections of paragraphs (a) and (b), where intentional fraud or malice is alleged, the person alleging intentional fraud or malice shall be liable for all court costs and for the other party's reasonable attorney's fees if intentional fraud or malice is not proved.

Section 22. Paragraphs (b), (d), (g), (i), (j), and (q) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 455.227, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.227 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.--

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (b) Intentionally violating any rule adopted by the board <u>or</u>, the department, or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate.
- (d) Using a Class III or a Class IV laser device or product, as defined by federal regulations, without having complied with the rules adopted pursuant to s. 501.122(2) governing the registration of such devices with the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services.
- (g) Having been found liable in a civil proceeding for knowingly filing a false report or complaint with the department or the agency against another licensee.
- (i) Except as provided in s. 465.016, Failing to report to the department any person who the licensee knows is

in violation of this <u>part</u> chapter, the chapter regulating the alleged violator, or the rules of the department or the board.

- (j) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or advising any unlicensed person or entity to practice a profession contrary to this <u>part</u> <u>chapter</u>, the chapter regulating the profession, or the rules of the department or the board.
- (q) Violating any provision of this <u>part</u> chapter, the applicable professional practice act, a rule of the department or the board, or a lawful order of the department or the board, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department.
- (4) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other remedy or criminal prosecution, the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who violates any of the provisions of this part chapter, or any provision of law with respect to professions regulated by the department or the agency, or any board therein, or the rules adopted pursuant thereto.

Section 23. Section 455.2273, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

455.2273 Disciplinary guidelines. --

(1) Each board, or the department when there is no board, shall adopt, by rule, and periodically review the disciplinary guidelines applicable to each ground for disciplinary action which may be imposed by the board, or the department when there is no board, pursuant to this <u>part</u> chapter, the respective practice acts, and any rule of the board or department.

- (2) The disciplinary guidelines shall specify a meaningful range of designated penalties based upon the severity and repetition of specific offenses, it being the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the public health, safety, or welfare; that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties which may be imposed for proscribed conduct; and that such penalties be consistently applied by the board.
- (3) A specific finding of mitigating or aggravating circumstances shall allow the board to impose a penalty other than that provided for in such guidelines. If applicable, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall adopt by rule disciplinary guidelines to designate possible mitigating and aggravating circumstances and the variation and range of penalties permitted for such circumstances.
- (4) The department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, as appropriate, must review such disciplinary guidelines for compliance with the legislative intent as set forth herein to determine whether the guidelines establish a meaningful range of penalties and may also challenge such rules pursuant to s. 120.56.
- (5) The rules provided for in this section shall be promulgated no later than January 1, 1993.
- (5)(6) The administrative law judge, in recommending penalties in any recommended order, must follow the penalty guidelines established by the board or department and must state in writing the mitigating or aggravating circumstances upon which the recommended penalty is based.
- Section 24. Section 455.2275, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.2275 Penalty for giving false information.--In addition to, or in lieu of, any other discipline imposed pursuant to s. 455.227, the act of knowingly giving false information in the course of applying for or obtaining a license from the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, or any board thereunder, with intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his official duties, or the act of attempting to obtain or obtaining a license from either the department or the agency, or any board thereunder, to practice a profession by knowingly misleading statements or knowing misrepresentations constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 25. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 455.228, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to read:

455.228 Unlicensed practice of a profession; cease and desist notice; civil penalty; enforcement; citations; allocation of moneys collected.--

Administration has probable cause to believe that any person not licensed by the department or the agency, or the appropriate regulatory board within the department or the agency, has violated any provision of this part chapter or any statute that relates to the practice of a profession regulated by the department or the agency, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, the department or the agency may issue and deliver to such person a notice to cease and desist from such violation. In addition, the department or the agency may issue and deliver a notice to cease and desist to any person who aids and abets the unlicensed practice of a profession by employing

such unlicensed person. The issuance of a notice to cease and desist shall not constitute agency action for which a hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 may be sought. For the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order, the department or the agency may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who violates any provisions of such order. In addition to the foregoing remedies, the department or the agency may impose an administrative penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per incident pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 or may issue a citation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (3). If the department or the agency is required to seek enforcement of the agency order for a penalty pursuant to s. 120.569, it shall be entitled to collect its attorney's fees and costs, together with any cost of collection.

- (2) In addition to or in lieu of any remedy provided in subsection (1), the department or the agency may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the department or the agency may issue a notice to cease and desist under subsection (1). The civil penalty shall be no less than \$500 and no more than \$5,000 for each offense. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, in the event the department or the agency prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.
- (5) The provisions of this section apply only to the provisions of s. 455.217 and the professional practice acts administered by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 26. Section 455.2285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.2285 Annual report concerning finances, administrative complaints, disciplinary actions, and recommendations. -- The department is and the Agency for Health Care Administration are each directed to prepare and submit a report to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1 of each year. In addition to finances and any other information the Legislature may require, the report shall include statistics and relevant information, profession by profession, detailing:

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(1) The revenues, expenditures, and cash balances for

- the prior year, and a review of the adequacy of existing fees.
- The number of complaints received and investigated.
 - (3) The number of findings of probable cause made.
 - The number of findings of no probable cause made.
 - The number of administrative complaints filed. (5)
 - (6) The disposition of all administrative complaints.
 - A description of disciplinary actions taken. (7)
- The status of the development and implementation of rules providing for disciplinary guidelines pursuant to s. 455.2273.
- (9) Such recommendations for administrative and statutory changes necessary to facilitate efficient and cost-effective operation of the department and the various boards.

Section 27. Section 455.229, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 455.229 Public inspection of information required from applicants; exceptions; examination hearing .--
- (1) All information required by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration of any applicant shall

be a public record and shall be open to public inspection pursuant to s. 119.07, except financial information, medical information, school transcripts, examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading keys, which are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and shall not be discussed with or made accessible to anyone except members of the board, the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, and staff thereof, who have a bona fide need to know such information. Any information supplied to the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration by any other agency which is exempt from the provisions of chapter 119 or is confidential shall remain exempt or confidential pursuant to applicable law while in the custody of the department or the agency.

- Administration shall establish by rule the procedure by which an applicant, and the applicant's attorney, may review examination questions and answers. Examination questions and answers are not subject to discovery but may be introduced into evidence and considered only in camera in any administrative proceeding under chapter 120. If an administrative hearing is held, the department or the agency shall provide challenged examination questions and answers to the administrative law judge. The examination questions and answers provided at the hearing are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), unless invalidated by the administrative law judge.
- (3) Unless an applicant notifies the department or the agency at least 5 days prior to an examination hearing of the applicant's inability to attend, or unless an applicant can demonstrate an extreme emergency for failing to attend, the

department or the agency may require an applicant who fails to attend to pay reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and court costs of the department or the agency for the examination hearing.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 455.232, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.232 Disclosure of confidential information. --

(1) No officer, employee, or person under contract with the department or the Agency for Health Care

Administration, or any board therein, or any subject of an investigation shall convey knowledge or information to any person who is not lawfully entitled to such knowledge or information about any public meeting or public record, which at the time such knowledge or information is conveyed is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.01, s. 119.07(1), or s. 286.011.

Section 29. Section 455.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

provider of free or discounted services; required statement.—In any advertisement for a free, discounted fee, or reduced fee service, examination, or treatment by a person health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 474, or chapter 486, the following statement shall appear in capital letters clearly distinguishable from the rest of the text: THE PATIENT AND ANY OTHER PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT HAS A RIGHT TO REFUSE TO PAY, CANCEL PAYMENT, OR BE REIMBURSED FOR PAYMENT FOR ANY OTHER SERVICE, EXAMINATION, OR TREATMENT THAT WHICH IS PERFORMED AS A RESULT OF AND WITHIN 72 HOURS OF RESPONDING TO

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THE ADVERTISEMENT FOR THE FREE, DISCOUNTED FEE, OR REDUCED FEE SERVICE, EXAMINATION, OR TREATMENT. However, the required statement shall not be necessary as an accompaniment to an advertisement of a licensed health care provider defined by this section if the advertisement appears in a classified directory the primary purpose of which is to provide products and services at free, reduced, or discounted prices to consumers and in which the statement prominently appears in at least one place.

Section 30. Section 455.242, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.242 Disposition of records of deceased practitioners or practitioners relocating or terminating practice. -- Each board created under the provisions of chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 474, part I of chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or chapter 491, and the department under the provisions of chapter 462, shall provide by rule for the disposition, under that said chapter, of the medical records that or records of a psychological nature of practitioners which are in existence at the time the practitioner dies, terminates practice, or relocates and is no longer available to patients and which records pertain to the practitioner's patients. The rules shall provide that the records be retained for at least 2 years after the practitioner's death, termination of practice, or relocation. In the case of the death of the practitioner, the rules shall provide for the disposition of such records by the estate of the practitioner.

Section 31. Section 455.243, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(1) Any pharmacy; or

(2)—any establishment at which the services of a licensee authorized to prescribe controlled substances specified in chapter 893 are offered, for the purpose of determining if any of the provisions of this part chapter or any practice act of a profession or any rule adopted promulgated thereunder is being violated; or for the purpose of securing such other evidence as may be needed for prosecution.

Section 32. Section 455.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.245 Certain health care practitioners; immediate suspension of license.--

(1) The department or the Agency for Health Care

Administration shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 474, or chapter 484 who pleads guilty to, is convicted or found guilty of, or who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under chapter 409 or chapter 893 or under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970 or under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396.

(2) If the board has previously found any physician or osteopathic physician in violation of the provisions of s. 458.331(1)(t) or s. 459.015(1)(x), in regard to his treatment of three or more patients, and the probable cause panel of the

board finds probable cause of an additional violation of that section, then the Director of Health Care Administration shall review the matter to determine if an emergency suspension or restriction order is warranted. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to limit the authority of the secretary of the department or the Director of Health Care Administration to issue an emergency order.

Section 33. Section 455.501, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.501 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

- (1) "Board" means any board or commission, or other statutorily created entity to the extent such entity is authorized to exercise regulatory or rulemaking functions, within the department, except that, for ss. 455.517-455.707, board" means only a board, or other statutorily created entity to the extent such entity is authorized to exercise regulatory or rulemaking functions, within the Division of Medical Quality Assurance.
- (2) "Consumer member" means a person appointed to serve on a specific board or who has served on a specific board, who is not, and never has been, a member or practitioner of the profession, or of any closely related profession, regulated by such board.
 - (3) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (4) "Health care practitioner" means any person licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465; chapter 466; part I, part III, part V, or part X of chapter 468; chapter 480; chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 491.

1	(5) "License" means any permit, registration,
2	certificate, or license issued by the department.
3	(6) "Licensee" means any person issued a permit,
4	registration, certificate, or license by the department.
5	(7) "Profession" means any activity, occupation,
6	profession, or vocation regulated by the department in the
7	Division of Medical Quality Assurance.
8	Section 34. Section 455.504, Florida Statutes, is
9	created to read:
10	455.504 Applicability of partThis part applies only
11	to the regulation by the department of professions.
12	Section 35. Section 455.507, Florida Statutes, is
13	created to read:
14	455.507 Members of Armed Forces in good standing with
15	administrative boards
16	(1) Any member of the Armed Forces of the United
17	States now or hereafter on active duty who, at the time of his
18	becoming such a member, was in good standing with any
19	administrative board of the state and was entitled to practice
20	or engage in his profession or vocation in the state shall be
21	kept in good standing by such administrative board, without
22	registering, paying dues or fees, or performing any other act
23	on his part to be performed, as long as he is a member of the
24	Armed Forces of the United States on active duty and for a
25	period of 6 months after his discharge from active duty as a
26	member of the Armed Forces of the United States, provided he
27	is not engaged in his licensed profession or vocation in the
28	private sector for profit.
29	(2) The boards listed in ss. 20.165 and 20.43 shall
30	adopt rules exempting the spouses of members of the Armed
31	Forces of the United States from licensure renewal provisions,

but only in cases of absence from the state because of their 2 spouses' duties with the Armed Forces. 3 Section 36. Section 455.511, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 455.511 Restriction on requirement of citizenship. -- A 6 person is not disqualified from practicing an occupation or 7 profession regulated by the state solely because he is not a United States citizen. 8 9 Section 37. Section 455.514, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 10 455.514 Qualification of immigrants for examination to 11 12 practice a licensed profession or occupation .--13 (1) It is the declared purpose of this section to 14 encourage the use of foreign-speaking Florida residents duly qualified to become actively qualified in their professions so 15 that all people of this state may receive better services. 16 17 (2) Any person who has successfully completed, or is currently enrolled in, an approved course of study created 18 19 pursuant to chapters 74-105 and 75-177, Laws of Florida, shall 20 be deemed qualified for examination and reexaminations for a professional or occupational license which shall be 21 administered in the English language unless 15 or more such 22 applicants request that the reexamination be administered in 23 their native language. In the event that such reexamination 24 is administered in a foreign language, the full cost to the 25 26 board of preparing and administering it shall be borne by the 27 applicants. 28 (3) Each board within the department shall adopt and 29 implement programs designed to qualify for examination all persons who were resident nationals of the Republic of Cuba 30 and who, on July 1, 1977, were residents of this state.

Section 38. Section 455.517, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 created to read: 3 455.517 Professions and occupations regulated by 4 department; legislative intent; requirements. --5 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that persons 6 desiring to engage in any lawful profession regulated by the 7 department shall be entitled to do so as a matter of right if 8 otherwise qualified. 9 (2) The Legislature further believes that such professions shall be regulated only for the preservation of 10 the health, safety, and welfare of the public under the police 11 12 powers of the state. Such professions shall be regulated when: 13 (a) Their unregulated practice can harm or endanger 14 the health, safety, and welfare of the public, and when the potential for such harm is recognizable and clearly outweighs 15 any anticompetitive impact which may result from regulation. 16 17 The public is not effectively protected by other means, including, but not limited to, other state statutes, 18 19 local ordinances, or federal legislation. 20 (c) Less restrictive means of regulation are not 21 available. (3) It is further legislative intent that the use of 22 23 the term "profession" with respect to those activities licensed and regulated by the department shall not be deemed 24 25 to mean that such activities are not occupations for other 26 purposes in state or federal law. (4) No board, nor the department, shall create 27 unreasonably restrictive and extraordinary standards that 28 29 deter qualified persons from entering the various professions. No board, nor the department, shall take any action which 30 tends to create or maintain an economic condition that

unreasonably restricts competition, except as specifically 1 2 provided by law. 3 (5) Policies adopted by the department shall ensure 4 that all expenditures are made in the most cost-effective 5 manner to maximize competition, minimize licensure costs, and 6 maximize public access to meetings conducted for the purpose 7 of professional regulation. The long-range planning function 8 of the department shall be implemented to facilitate effective 9 operations and to eliminate inefficiencies. Section 39. Section 455.521, Florida Statutes, is 10 created to read: 11 12 455.521 Department; powers and duties.--The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall: 13 14 (1) Adopt rules establishing a procedure for the 15 biennial renewal of licenses; however, the department may issue up to a 4-year license to selected licensees 16 17 notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary. Fees for such renewal shall not exceed the fee caps for 18 19 individual professions on an annualized basis as authorized by 20 law. 21 (2) Appoint the executive director of each board, subject to the approval of the board. 22 23 (3) Submit an annual budget to the Legislature at a time and in the manner provided by law. 24 (4) Develop a training program for persons newly 25 26 appointed to membership on any board. The program shall 27 familiarize such persons with the substantive and procedural laws and rules and fiscal information relating to the 28 29 regulation of the appropriate profession and with the structure of the department. 30

(5) Adopt all rules necessary to administer this part.

- (6) Establish by rules procedures by which the department shall use the expert or technical advice of the appropriate board for the purposes of investigation, inspection, evaluation of applications, other duties of the department, or any other areas the department may deem appropriate.
- (7) Require all proceedings of any board or panel thereof and all formal or informal proceedings conducted by the department, an administrative law judge, or a hearing officer with respect to licensing or discipline to be electronically recorded in a manner sufficient to assure the accurate transcription of all matters so recorded.
- (8) Select only those investigators, or consultants who undertake investigations, who meet criteria established with the advice of the respective boards.
- (9) Allow applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the Title IV-D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation. The department shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection.

Section 40. Section 455.524, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1	455.524 Long-range policy planning; plans, reports,
2	and recommendations To facilitate efficient and
3	cost-effective regulation, the department and the board, where
4	appropriate, shall develop and implement a long-range policy
5	planning and monitoring process to include recommendations
6	specific to each profession. Such process shall include
7	estimates of revenues, expenditures, cash balances, and
8	performance statistics for each profession. The period
9	covered shall not be less than 5 years. The department, with
10	input from the boards, shall develop the long-range plan and
11	must obtain the approval of the secretary. The department
12	shall monitor compliance with the approved long-range plan
13	and, with input from the boards, shall annually update the
14	plans for approval by the secretary. The department shall
15	provide concise management reports to the boards quarterly.
16	As part of the review process, the department shall evaluate:
17	(1) Whether the department, including the boards and
18	the various functions performed by the department, is
19	operating efficiently and effectively and if there is a need
20	for a board or council to assist in cost-effective regulation.
21	(2) How and why the various professions are regulated.
22	(3) Whether there is a need to continue regulation,
23	and to what degree.
24	(4) Whether or not consumer protection is adequate,
25	and how it can be improved.
26	(5) Whether there is consistency between the various
27	<pre>practice acts.</pre>
28	(6) Whether unlicensed activity is adequately
29	enforced.
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Such plans should include conclusions and recommendations on these and other issues as appropriate. Such plans shall be 2 3 provided to the Governor and the Legislature by November 1 of 4 each year. 5 Section 41. Section 455.527, Florida Statutes, is 6 created to read: 7 455.527 Contacting boards through department.--Each 8 board under the jurisdiction of the department may be 9 contacted through the headquarters of the department in the City of Tallahassee. 10 Section 42. Section 455.206, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 transferred and renumbered as section 455.531, Florida 13 Statutes. 14 Section 43. Section 455.534, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 15 16 455.534 Boards; organization; meetings; compensation 17 and travel expenses. --18 (1) Each board within the department shall comply with 19 the provisions of this section. 20 (2) The board shall annually elect from among its 21 number a chairperson and vice chairperson. (3) The board shall meet at least once annually and 22 23 may meet as often as is necessary. The chairperson or a quorum of the board shall have the authority to call other meetings. 24 A quorum shall be necessary for the conduct of official 25 26 business by the board or any committee thereof. Unless otherwise provided by law, 51 percent or more of the appointed 27 members of the board or any committee, when applicable, shall 28 29 constitute a quorum. The membership of committees of the board, except as otherwise authorized pursuant to this part or 30 the applicable practice act, shall be composed of currently

appointed members of the board. The vote of a majority of the members of the quorum shall be necessary for any official action by the board or committee. Three consecutive unexcused absences or absences constituting 50 percent or more of the board's meetings within any 12-month period shall cause the board membership of the member in question to become void, and the position shall be considered vacant. The board, or the department when there is no board, shall, by rule, define unexcused absences.

- or former board member serving on a probable cause panel shall be compensated \$50 for each day in attendance at an official meeting of the board and for each day of participation in any other business involving the board. Each board shall adopt rules defining the phrase "other business involving the board," but the phrase may not routinely be defined to include telephone conference calls. A board member also shall be entitled to reimbursement for expenses pursuant to s. 112.061. Travel out of state shall require the prior approval of the secretary.
- them, the boards may elect to, or the secretary may request that the boards, establish a special committee to settle those differences. The special committee shall consist of three members designated by each board, who may be members of the designating board or other experts designated by the board, and of one additional person designated and agreed to by the members of the special committee. In the event the special committee cannot agree on the additional designee, upon request of the special committee, the secretary may select the designee. The committee shall recommend rules necessary to

resolve the differences. If a rule adopted pursuant to this 1 provision is challenged, the participating boards shall share 2 3 the costs associated with defending the rule or rules. The 4 department shall provide legal representation for any special 5 committee established pursuant to this section. 6 Section 44. Section 455.537, Florida Statutes, is 7 created to read: 8 455.537 Publication of information. -- The department 9 and the boards shall have the authority to advise licensees periodically, through the publication of a newsletter, about 10 information that the department or the board determines is of 11 12 interest to the industry. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the department and the boards shall publish a summary of final 13 14 orders resulting in fines, suspensions, or revocations, and any other information the department or the board determines 15 is of interest to the public. 16 17 Section 45. Section 455.541, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 18 19 455.541 Accountability and liability of board 20 members.--21 (1) Each board member shall be accountable to the Governor for the proper performance of duties as a member of 22 23 the board. The Governor shall investigate any legally sufficient complaint or unfavorable written report received by 24 the Governor or by the department or a board concerning the 25 26 actions of the board or its individual members. The Governor 27 may suspend from office any board member for malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty, drunkenness, incompetence, 28 29 permanent inability to perform his official duties, or commission of a felony. 30 31

1	(2) Each board member and each former board member
2	serving on a probable cause panel shall be exempt from civil
3	liability for any act or omission when acting in the member's
4	official capacity, and the department or the Department of
5	Legal Affairs shall defend any such member in any action
6	against any board or member of a board arising from any such
7	act or omission. In addition, the department or the Department
8	of Legal Affairs may defend the member's company or business
9	in any action against the company or business if the
10	department or the Department of Legal Affairs determines that
11	the actions from which the suit arises are actions taken by
12	the member in the member's official capacity and were not
13	beyond the member's statutory authority. In providing such
14	defense, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may
15	employ or utilize the legal services of outside counsel.
16	Section 46. Section 455.544, Florida Statutes, is
17	created to read:
18	455.544 Board rules; final agency action;
19	challenges
20	(1) The secretary of the department shall have
21	standing to challenge any rule or proposed rule of a board
22	under its jurisdiction pursuant to s. 120.56. In addition to
23	challenges for any invalid exercise of delegated legislative
24	authority, the administrative law judge, upon such a challenge
25	by the secretary, may declare all or part of a rule or
26	<pre>proposed rule invalid if it:</pre>
27	(a) Does not protect the public from any significant
28	and discernible harm or damages;
29	(b) Unreasonably restricts competition or the
30	availability of professional services in the state or in a
31	significant part of the state; or

(c) Unnecessarily increases the cost of professional 1 2 services without a corresponding or equivalent public benefit. 3 4 However, there shall not be created a presumption of the existence of any of the conditions cited in this subsection in 5 6 the event that the rule or proposed rule is challenged. 7 (2) In addition, either the secretary or the board 8 shall be a substantially interested party for purposes of s. 9 120.54(7). The board may, as an adversely affected party, initiate and maintain an action pursuant to s. 120.68 10 challenging the final agency action. 11 (3) No board created within the department shall have 12 standing to challenge a rule or proposed rule of another 13 14 board. However, if there is a dispute between boards concerning a rule or proposed rule, the boards may avail 15 themselves of the provisions of s. 455.534(5). 16 17 Section 47. Section 455.547, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 19 455.547 Education; substituting demonstration of 20 competency for clock-hour requirements. -- Any board, or the 21 department when there is no board, that requires student completion of a specific number of clock hours of classroom 22 instruction for initial licensure purposes shall establish the 23 minimal competencies that such students must demonstrate in 24 25 order to be licensed. The demonstration of such competencies 26 may be substituted for specific classroom clock-hour requirements established in statute or rule which are related 27 28 to instructional programs for licensure purposes. Student 29 demonstration of the established minimum competencies shall be certified by the educational institution. The provisions of 30 this section shall not apply to boards for which federal

licensure standards are more restrictive or stringent than the 2 standards prescribed in statute. 3 Section 48. Section 455.551, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 455.551 Education; accreditation. -- Notwithstanding any 6 other provision of law, educational programs and institutions 7 which are required by statute to be accredited, but which were 8 accredited by an agency that has since ceased to perform an 9 accrediting function, shall be recognized until such programs and institutions are accredited by a qualified successor to 10 the original accrediting agency, an accrediting agency 11 recognized by the United States Department of Education, or an 12 13 accrediting agency recognized by the board, or the department 14 when there is no board. Section 49. Section 455.554, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 16 17 455.554 Consultation with postsecondary education boards prior to adoption of changes to training 18 19 requirements. -- Any state agency or board that has jurisdiction 20 over the regulation of a profession or occupation shall consult with the State Board of Independent Colleges and 21 Universities; the State Board of Independent Postsecondary 22 23 Vocational, Technical, Trade, and Business Schools; the Board of Regents; and the State Board of Community Colleges prior to 24 adopting any changes to training requirements relating to 25 26 entry into the profession or occupation. This consultation must allow the educational board to provide advice regarding 27 the impact of the proposed changes in terms of the length of 28 29 time necessary to complete the training program and the fiscal impact of the changes. The educational board must be consulted 30 31

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only when an institution offering the training program falls under its jurisdiction.

Section 50. Section 455.561, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.561 Limited licenses.--

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, absent a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the public, the use of retired professionals in good standing to serve the indigent, underserved, or critical need populations of this state should be encouraged. To that end, the board, or the department when there is no board, may adopt rules to permit practice by retired professionals as limited licensees under this section.
- (2) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license, when permitted by rule, shall submit to the board, or the department when there is no board, an application and fee, not to exceed \$300, and an affidavit stating that the applicant has been licensed to practice in any jurisdiction in the United States for at least 10 years in the profession for which the applicant seeks a limited license. The affidavit shall also state that the applicant has retired or intends to retire from the practice of that profession and intends to practice only pursuant to the restrictions of the limited license granted pursuant to this section. If the applicant for a limited license submits a notarized statement from the employer stating that the applicant will not receive monetary compensation for any service involving the practice of his profession, the application and all licensure fees shall be waived.
- (3) The board, or the department when there is no board, may deny limited licensure to an applicant who has

 committed, or is under investigation or prosecution for, any act which would constitute the basis for discipline pursuant to the provisions of this part or the applicable practice act.

(4) The recipient of a limited license may practice

- only in the employ of public agencies or institutions or nonprofit agencies or institutions which meet the requirements of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and which provide professional liability coverage for acts or omissions of the limited licensee. A limited licensee may provide services only to the indigent, underserved, or critical need populations within the state. The standard for determining indigency shall be that recognized by the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines produced by the United States Department of Health and Human Services. The board, or the department when there is no board, may adopt rules to define underserved and critical need areas and to ensure implementation of this section.
- (5) A board, or the department when there is no board, may provide by rule for supervision of limited licensees to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
- (6) Each applicant granted a limited license is subject to all the provisions of this part and the respective practice act under which the limited license is issued which are not in conflict with this section.
- (7) This section does not apply to chapter 458 or chapter 459.
- Section 51. Section 455.2141, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.564, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 30 <u>455.564</u> <u>455.2141</u> <u>Department</u> Agency for Health Care 31 Administration; general licensing provisions.--

- within the jurisdiction of the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration shall apply to the <u>department</u> agency in writing to take the licensure examination. The application shall be made on a form prepared and furnished by the <u>department</u> agency and shall be supplemented as needed to reflect any material change in any circumstance or condition stated in the application which takes place between the initial filing of the application and the final grant or denial of the license and which might affect the decision of the department agency.
- (2) Before the issuance of any license, the <u>department</u> O>Agency for Health Care Administration may charge an initial license fee as determined by rule of the applicable board or, if no such board exists, by rule of the <u>department</u> agency.

 Upon receipt of the appropriate license fee, the <u>department</u> agency shall issue a license to any person certified by the appropriate board, or its designee, as having met the licensure requirements imposed by law or rule.
- (3) When any administrative law judge conducts a hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 with respect to the issuance of a license by the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration, the administrative law judge shall submit his recommended order to the appropriate board, which shall thereupon issue a final order. The applicant for licensure may appeal the final order of the board in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120.
- (4) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any witness for any information furnished by the witness in any proceeding pursuant to this section, unless the

witness acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.

- of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, the Board of Chiropractic, and the Board of Podiatric Medicine shall each require licensees which they respectively regulate to periodically demonstrate their professional competency by completing at least 40 hours of continuing education every 2 years, which may include up to 1 hour of risk management or cost containment and up to 2 hours of other topics related to the applicable medical specialty, if required by board rule. Each of such boards shall determine whether any specific course requirements not otherwise mandated by law shall be mandated and shall approve criteria for, and the content of, any course mandated by such board.
- (6) The respective boards within the jurisdiction of the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration may adopt rules to provide for the use of approved videocassette courses, not to exceed 5 hours per subject, to fulfill the continuing education requirements of the professions they regulate. Such rules shall provide for prior board approval of the criteria for and content of such courses and shall provide for a videocassette course validation form to be signed by the vendor and the licensee and submitted to the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration, along with the license renewal application, for continuing education credit.
- (7) Any board that currently requires continuing education for renewal of a license shall adopt rules to establish the criteria for continuing education courses. The rules may provide that up to a maximum of 25 percent of the

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required continuing education hours can be fulfilled by the 2 performance of pro bono services to the indigent or to 3 underserved populations or in areas of critical need within the state where the licensee practices. The board, or the 4 5 department if there is no board, must require that any pro-6 bono services be approved in advance in order to receive 7 credit for continuing education under this subsection. The 8 standard for determining indigency shall be that recognized by 9 the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines produced by the United States Department of Health and Human Services. The rules may 10 provide for approval by the board, or the department if there 11 12 is no board, that a part of the continuing education hours can 13 be fulfilled by performing research in critical-need areas or 14 for training leading to advanced professional certification. The board, or the department if there is no board, may make 15 rules to define underserved and critical-need areas. The 16 17 department shall adopt rules for administering continuing education requirements adopted by the boards or the department 18 19 if there is no board. 20

- (8) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an elected official who is licensed under a practice act administered by the Division of Health Quality Assurance may hold employment for compensation with any public agency concurrent with such public service. Such dual service must be disclosed according to any disclosure required by applicable law.
- (9) In any instance in which a licensee or applicant to the department is required to be in compliance with a particular provision by, on, or before a certain date, and if that date occurs on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, then the licensee or applicant is deemed to be in compliance

with the specific date requirement if the required action occurs on the first succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

Section 52. Section 455.2142, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.567, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

455.567 455.2142 Sexual misconduct; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration.—Each board within the jurisdiction of the department Agency for Health Care Administration, or the department agency if there is no board, shall refuse to admit a candidate to any examination and refuse to issue a license, certificate, or registration to any applicant if the candidate or applicant has:

- (1) Had any license, certificate, or registration to practice any profession or occupation revoked or surrendered based on a violation of sexual misconduct in the practice of that profession under the laws of any other state or any territory or possession of the United States and has not had that license, certificate, or registration reinstated by the licensing authority of the jurisdiction that revoked the license, certificate, or registration; or
- (2) Committed any act in any other state or any territory or possession of the United States which if committed in this state would constitute sexual misconduct.

A licensing authority's acceptance of a candidate's relinquishment of a license which is offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of administrative charges against the candidate's license constitutes the surrender of the license.

Section 53. Section 455.571, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 created to read: 455.571 Use of professional testing 3 4 services .-- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 5 contrary, the department may use a professional testing 6 service to prepare, administer, grade, and evaluate any 7 computerized examination, when that service is available and approved by the board, or the department if there is no board. 8 9 Section 54. Section 455.2173, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.574, 10 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 11 12 455.574 455.2173 Department of Health Agency for Health Care Administration; examinations.--13 14 (1)(a) The department Agency for Health Care 15 Administration shall provide, contract, or approve services 16 for the development, preparation, and administration, scoring, 17 score reporting, and evaluation of all examinations, in 18 consultation with the appropriate board. The department 19 agency shall certify ensure that the examinations developed 20 and approved by the department adequately and reliably measure 21 an applicant's ability to practice the profession regulated by 22 the department agency and shall seek the advice of the 23 appropriate board in the preparation and administration of the examinations. After an examination developed or approved by 24 25 the department has been administered, the board, or the 26 department when there is no board, may reject any question which does not reliably measure the general areas of 27 28 competency specified in the rules of the board. The 29 department may contract for the preparation, administration, scoring, score reporting, and evaluation of agency shall use 30 professional testing services to prepare, administer, grade,

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and evaluate the examinations, when such services are available and approved by the board.

- (b) For each examination developed by the department or contracted vendor, to the extent not otherwise specified by statute, the board, or the department, when there is no board, the Agency for Health Care Administration, shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be covered by each examination, the relative weight to be assigned in grading each area tested, and the score necessary to achieve a passing grade, and fees, where applicable, to cover the actual cost for any purchase, development, and administration of required examinations. This subsection does not apply to national examinations approved and administered pursuant to paragraph (c). If a practical examination is deemed to be necessary, the rules shall specify the criteria by which examiners are to be selected, the grading criteria to be used by the examiner, the relative weight to be assigned in grading each criterion, and the score necessary to achieve a passing grade. When a mandatory standardization exercise for a practical examination is required by law, the board, or the department when there is no board, may conduct such exercise. Therefore, board members, or employees of the department when there is no board, may serve as examiners at a practical examination with the consent of the board or department, as appropriate.
- board, may approve by rule the use of any national examination which the department has certified as meeting requirements of national examinations and generally accepted testing standards pursuant to department rules. Providers of examinations seeking certification by the department shall pay the actual costs incurred by the department in making a determination

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regarding the certification Agency for Health Care Administration shall use any national examination which is available and which is approved by the board. The name and number of a candidate may be provided to a national contractor for the limited purpose of preparing the grade tape and information to be returned to the board or department; or, to the extent otherwise specified by rule, the candidate may apply directly to the vendor of the national examination and supply test score information to the department agency. department agency may delegate to the board the duty to provide and administer the examination. Any national examination approved by a board, or the department when there is no board, prior to October 1, 1997, is deemed certified under this paragraph. (d) Each board, or the department, when there is no board, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt rules regarding the security and monitoring of examinations.

- board, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt rules regarding the security and monitoring of examinations. The department agency shall implement those rules adopted by the respective boards. In order to maintain the security of examinations, the department may employ the procedures set forth in s. 455.637 to seek fines and injunctive relief against an examinee who violates the provisions of s. 455.577 or the rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph. The department, or any agent thereof, may, for the purposes of investigation, confiscate any written, photographic, or recording material or device in the possession of the examinee at the examination site which the department deems necessary to enforce such provisions or rules.
- (e) If the professional board with jurisdiction over an examination concurs, the department may, for a fee, share with any other state's licensing authority an examination

developed by or for the department unless prohibited by a 2 contract entered into by the department for development or purchase of the examination. The department, with the 3 concurrence of the appropriate board, shall establish 4 5 guidelines that ensure security of a shared exam and shall 6 require that any other state's licensing authority comply with 7 those guidelines. Those guidelines shall be approved by the appropriate professional board. All fees paid by the user 8 9 shall be applied to the department's examination and development program for professions regulated by this part. 10 For each examination developed by the department 11 12 or a contracted vendor, the board, or the department, when there is no board, the Agency for Health Care Administration 13 14 shall adopt rules providing for reexamination of any 15 applicants who have failed an the examination developed by the department or a contracted vendor. If both a written and a 16 practical examination are given, an applicant shall be 17 required to retake only the portion of the examination on 18 19 which the applicant he failed to achieve a passing grade, if 20 the applicant he successfully passes that portion within a 21 reasonable time, as determined by rule of the board, or the department when there is no board, of his passing the other 22 23 portion. Except for national examinations approved and administered pursuant to this section, the department shall 24 25 provide procedures for applicants who fail an examination 26 developed by the department or a contracted vendor to review their examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and 27 28 grading key. Applicants shall bear the actual cost for the 29 department to provide examination review pursuant to this subsection. The board or, when there is no board, the agency 30

shall make available an examination review procedure for

applicants and charge an examination review fee not to exceed \$75 per review. Unless prohibited or limited by rules implementing security or access guidelines of national examinations, the applicant is entitled to review his examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading key. An applicant may waive in writing the confidentiality of <U>the applicant's his examination grades.

- the department or a contracted vendor, The Agency for Health Care Administration shall make an accurate record of each applicant's examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading key. The agency shall be kept keep such record for a period of not less than 2 years immediately following the examination, and such record shall thereafter be maintained or destroyed as provided in chapters 119 and 257 267. This subsection does not apply to national examinations approved and administered pursuant to this section.
- for Health Care Administration or of any board within the department agency held for the exclusive purpose of creating or reviewing licensure examination questions or proposed examination questions are exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution. Any public records, such as tape recordings, minutes, or notes, generated during or as a result of such meetings are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, these exemptions shall not affect the right of any person to review an examination as provided in subsection (2).
- (5) For examinations developed by the department or a contracted vendor, each board, or the department when there is

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no board, may provide licensure examinations in an applicant's
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   native language. Applicants for examination or reexamination
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   pursuant to this subsection shall bear the full cost for the
    department's development, preparation, administration,
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    grading, and evaluation of any examination in a language other
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    than English. Requests for translated examinations must be on
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    file in the board office at least 6 months prior to the
    scheduled examination. When determining whether it is in the
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    public interest to allow the examination to be translated into
    a language other than English, the board shall consider the
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    percentage of the population who speak the applicant's native
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    language. Applicants must apply for translation to the
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    applicable board at least 6 months prior to the scheduled
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    examination.
          (6) In addition to meeting any other requirements for
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    licensure by examination or by endorsement, an applicant may
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   be required by a board, or the department when there is no
   board, to certify competency in state laws and rules relating
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    to the applicable practice act.
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           Section 55. Section 455.577, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
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           455.577 Penalty for theft or reproduction of an
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    examination. -- In addition to, or in lieu of, any other
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    discipline imposed pursuant to s. 455.624, the theft of an
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    examination in whole or in part or the act of reproducing or
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    copying any examination administered by the department,
    whether such examination is reproduced or copied in part or in
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    whole and by any means, constitutes a felony of the third
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    degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or
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    s. 775.084.
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1	Section 56. Section 455.581, Florida Statutes, is
2	created to read:
3	455.581 Foreign-trained professionals; special
4	examination and license provisions
5	(1) When not otherwise provided by law, within its
6	jurisdiction, the department shall by rule provide procedures
7	under which exiled professionals may be examined within each
8	practice act. A person shall be eligible for such examination
9	if the person:
10	(a) Immigrated to the United States after leaving the
11	person's home country because of political reasons, provided
12	such country is located in the Western Hemisphere and lacks
13	diplomatic relations with the United States;
14	(b) Applies to the department and submits a fee;
15	(c) Was a Florida resident immediately preceding the
16	<pre>person's application;</pre>
17	(d) Demonstrates to the department, through submission
18	of documentation verified by the applicant's respective
19	professional association in exile, that the applicant was
20	graduated with an appropriate professional or occupational
21	degree from a college or university; however, the department
22	may not require receipt of any documentation from the Republic
23	of Cuba as a condition of eligibility under this section;
24	(e) Lawfully practiced the profession for at least 3
25	years;
26	(f) Prior to 1980, successfully completed an approved
27	course of study pursuant to chapters 74-105 and 75-177, Laws
28	of Florida; and
29	(g) Presents a certificate demonstrating the
30	successful completion of a continuing education program which
31	offers a course of study that will prepare the applicant for

the examination offered under subsection (2). The department shall develop rules for the approval of such programs for its boards.

- requirements of subsection (1) and submits an examination fee, the department, for its boards, shall provide a written practical examination which tests the person's current ability to practice the profession competently in accordance with the actual practice of the profession. Evidence of meeting the requirements of subsection (1) shall be treated by the department as evidence of the applicant's preparation in the academic and preprofessional fundamentals necessary for successful professional practice, and the applicant shall not be examined by the department on such fundamentals.
- (3) The fees charged for the examinations offered under subsection (2) shall be established by the department, for its boards, by rule and shall be sufficient to develop or to contract for the development of the examination and its administration, grading, and grade reviews.
- (4) The department shall examine any applicant who meets the requirements of subsections (1) and (2). Upon passing the examination and the issuance of the license, a licensee is subject to the administrative requirements of this part and the respective practice act under which the license is issued. Each applicant so licensed is subject to all provisions of this part and the respective practice act under which the license was issued.
- (5) Upon a request by an applicant otherwise qualified under this section, the examinations offered under subsection (2) may be given in the applicant's native language, provided that any translation costs are borne by the applicant.

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1	(6) The department, for its boards, shall not issue an
2	initial license to, or renew a license of, any applicant or
3	licensee who is under investigation or prosecution in any
4	jurisdiction for an action which would constitute a violation
5	of this part or the professional practice acts administered by
6	the department and the boards until such time as the
7	investigation or prosecution is complete, at which time the
8	provisions of the professional practice acts shall apply.
9	Section 57. Section 455.584, Florida Statutes, is
10	created to read:
11	455.584 Exemption for certain out-of-state or foreign
12	<pre>professionals; limited practice permitted</pre>
13	(1) A professional of any other state or of any
14	territory or other jurisdiction of the United States or of any
15	other nation or foreign jurisdiction is exempt from the
16	requirements of licensure under this part and the applicable
17	professional practice act under the agency with regulatory
18	jurisdiction over the profession if that profession is
19	regulated in this state under the agency with regulatory
20	jurisdiction over the profession and if that person:
21	(a) Holds, if so required in the jurisdiction in which
22	that person practices, an active license to practice that
23	profession.
24	(b) Engages in the active practice of that profession
25	outside the state.
26	(c) Is employed or designated in that professional
27	capacity by a sports entity visiting the state for a specific
28	sporting event.
29	(2) A professional's practice under this section is

30 <u>limited to the members, coaches, and staff of the team for</u>
31 <u>which that professional is employed or designated and to any</u>

animals used if the sporting event for which that professional 2 is employed or designated involves animals. A professional 3 practicing under authority of this section shall not have 4 practice privileges in any licensed health care facility or 5 veterinary facility without the approval of that facility. 6 Section 58. Section 455.220, Florida Statutes, is 7 transferred, renumbered as section 455.587, Florida Statutes, 8 and amended to read: 9 455.587 455.220 Fees; receipts; disposition for boards within the department Agency for Health Care Administration .--10 (1) Each board within the jurisdiction of the 11 12 department Agency for Health Care Administration shall determine by rule the amount of license licensing fees for its 13 14 profession, based upon long-range estimates prepared by the 15 department agency of the revenue required to implement laws relating this part and the provisions of law with respect to 16 17 the regulation of professions by the department agency and the any board within the agency. Each board, or the department if 18 19 there is no board, shall ensure that license fees are adequate 20 to cover all anticipated costs and to maintain a reasonable cash balance, as determined by rule of the agency, with advice 21 of the applicable board. If sufficient action is not taken by 22 23 a board within 1 year after notification by the department that license fees are projected to be inadequate, the 24 department shall set license fees on behalf of the applicable 25 26 board to cover anticipated costs and to maintain the required cash balance. The department shall include recommended fee cap 27 increases in its annual report to the Legislature. Further, 28 29 it is the legislative intent that no regulated profession operate with a negative cash balance. The department may 30

provide by rule for advancing sufficient funds to any

profession operating with a negative cash balance. The advancement may be for a period not to exceed 2 consecutive years, and the regulated profession must pay interest.

Interest shall be calculated at the current rate earned on investments of a trust fund used by the department to implement this part. Interest earned shall be allocated to the various funds in accordance with the allocation of investment earnings during the period of the advance.

- (2) Each board, or the department if there is no board, may, by rule, assess and collect a one-time fee from each active and each voluntary inactive licensee in an amount necessary to eliminate a cash deficit or, if there is not a cash deficit, in an amount sufficient to maintain the financial integrity of the professions as required in this section. Not more than one such assessment may be made in any 4-year period without specific legislative authorization.
- (3) Each board authorized to approve continuing education providers, or the department if there is no board, may establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$250 for anyone seeking approval to provide continuing education courses and may establish by rule a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$250 for the renewal of providership of such courses. This subsection does not apply to continuing education courses or providers approved by the board under chapter 465.

 $\underline{(4)(2)}$ All moneys collected by the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration from fees or fines or from costs awarded to the agency by a court shall be paid into \underline{a} trust fund used by the department to implement this part the Health Care Trust Fund. The Legislature shall appropriate funds from this trust fund sufficient to carry out the provisions of this part and the provisions of law with respect

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to professions regulated by the Division of Medical Quality
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   Assurance within the department Agency for Health Care
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   Administration and the boards any board within the agency.
   The department may contract with public and private entities
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   to receive and deposit revenue pursuant to this section.
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   department shall maintain separate accounts in the trust fund
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   used by the department to implement this part for every
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   profession within the department. To the maximum extent
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   possible, the department shall directly charge all expenses to
   the account of each regulated profession. For the purpose of
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   this subsection, direct charge expenses include, but are not
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   limited to, costs for investigations, examinations, and legal
   services. For expenses that cannot be charged directly, the
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   department shall provide for the proportionate allocation
   among the accounts of expenses incurred by the department in
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   the performance of its duties with respect to each regulated
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   profession. The department may not expend funds from the
   account of a profession to pay for the expenses incurred on
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   behalf of another profession. The department shall maintain
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   adequate records to support its allocation of agency expenses.
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   The department shall provide any board with reasonable access
   to these records upon request. The department shall provide
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   each board an annual report of revenue and direct and
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   allocated expenses related to the operation of that
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   profession. The board shall use these reports and the
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   department's adopted long-range plan to determine the amount
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   of license fees. A condensed version of this information,
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   with the department's recommendations, shall be included in
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   the annual report to the Legislature prepared under s.
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    455.644.
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- (5) The department shall provide a condensed management report of budgets, finances, performance statistics, and recommendations to each board at least once a quarter. The department shall identify and include in such presentations any changes, or projected changes, made to the board's budget since the last presentation.
- (6) If a duplicate license is required or requested by the licensee, the board or, if there is no board, the department may charge a fee as determined by rule not to exceed \$25 before issuance of the duplicate license.
- (7) The department or the appropriate board shall charge a fee not to exceed \$25 for the certification of a public record. The fee shall be determined by rule of the department. The department or the appropriate board shall assess a fee for duplicating a public record as provided in s. 119.07(1)(a) and (b).

Section 59. Section 455.2205, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred and renumbered as section 408.16, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

 $\underline{408.16}$ $\underline{455.2205}$ Health Care Trust Fund; moneys to be deposited therein.--

- (1) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special fund to be designated as the Health Care Trust Fund, which shall be used in the operation of the Agency for Health Care Administration in the performance of the various functions and duties required of it by law.
- (2) All fees, license fees, and other charges collected by the agency shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Health Care Trust Fund, to be used in the operation of the agency as authorized by the Legislature. However, penalties and interest assessed and

collected by the agency shall not be deposited in the trust fund but shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. The Health Care Trust Fund shall be subject to the service charge imposed pursuant to chapter 215.

- (3) The agency shall maintain separate revenue and expenditure accounts in the Health Care Trust Fund for every profession regulated and provider licensed by the agency.
- (4) The agency shall, to the extent practicable, provide for the proportionate allocation among the accounts of expenses incurred by the agency in the performance of its duties with respect to each regulated profession. The agency shall provide each board with an annual report of revenue expenditures and allocated expenses related to the regulation of that profession, and these reports shall be used by the board to determine the amount of licensing fees for each profession regulated by the agency.
- $\underline{(4)(5)}$ All other moneys in the Health Care Trust Fund shall be for the use of the agency in the performance of its functions and duties as provided by law, subject to the fiscal and budgetary provisions of general law and the General Appropriations Act.

Section 60. Section 455.594, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.594 Legal and investigative services.--

(1) A board shall retain, through the department's contract procedures, board counsel from the Department of Legal Affairs. The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide legal services to each board within the Department of Health, but the primary responsibility of the Department of Legal Affairs shall be to represent the interests of the citizens of the state by vigorously counseling the boards with respect to

their obligations under the laws of the state. A board shall provide for the periodic review and evaluation of the services provided by its board counsel. Subject to the prior approval of the Attorney General, any board may retain, through the department's contract procedures, independent legal counsel to provide legal advice to the board on a specific matter. Fees and costs of such counsel by the Department of Legal Affairs or independent legal counsel approved by the Attorney General shall be paid from a trust fund used by the department to implement this part. All contracts for independent counsel shall provide for periodic review and evaluation by the board and the department of services provided.

- (2) The department may employ or use the legal services of outside counsel and the investigative services of outside personnel. However, no attorney employed or utilized by the department shall prosecute a matter and provide legal services to the board with respect to the same matter.
- (3) Any person retained by the department under contract to review materials, make site visits, or provide expert testimony regarding any complaint or application filed with the department relating to a profession under the jurisdiction of the department shall be considered an agent of the department in determining the state insurance coverage and sovereign immunity protection applicability of ss. 284.31 and 768.28.

Section 61. Section 455.222, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.597, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

 $\underline{455.597}$ $\underline{455.222}$ Requirement for instruction on domestic violence.--

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- (1)(a) As of July 1, 1995, The appropriate board shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 490, or chapter 491 to complete a 1-hour continuing education course, approved by the board, on domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28 s. 741.30, as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The course shall consist of information on the number of patients in that professional's practice who are likely to be victims of domestic violence and the number who are likely to be perpetrators of domestic violence, screening procedures for determining whether a patient has any history of being either a victim or a perpetrator of domestic violence, and instruction on how to provide such patients with information on, or how to refer such patients to, resources in the local community, such as domestic violence centers and other advocacy groups, that provide legal aid, shelter, victim counseling, batterer counseling, or child protection services.
- (b) Each such licensee or certificateholder shall submit confirmation of having completed such course, on a form provided by the board, when submitting fees for each biennial renewal.
- (c) The board may approve additional equivalent courses that may be used to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a). Each licensing board that requires a licensee to complete an educational course pursuant to this subsection may include the hour required for completion of the course in the total hours of continuing education required by law for such profession unless the continuing education requirements for such profession consist of fewer than 30 hours biennially.

- (d) Any person holding two or more licenses subject to the provisions of this subsection shall be permitted to show proof of having taken one board-approved course on domestic violence, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for additional licenses.

 (e) Failure to comply with the requirements of this
 - (e) Failure to comply with the requirements of this subsection shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action under each respective practice act and under $\underline{s.\ 455.624(1)(k)}$ $\underline{s.\ 455.227(1)(g)}$. In addition to discipline by the board, the licensee shall be required to complete such course.
 - (2) The board shall also require, as a condition of granting a license under any chapter specified in paragraph (1)(a), that each applicant for initial licensure under the appropriate chapter complete an educational course acceptable to the board on domestic violence which is substantially equivalent to the course required in subsection (1). An applicant who has not taken such course at the time of licensure shall, upon submission of an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete such requirement.
 - (3) Each board may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.
 - (4) Each board shall report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the appropriate substantive committees of the Legislature by March 1 of each year as to the implementation of and compliance with the requirements of this section.

Section 62. Section 455.2224, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.601, Florida Statutes.

Section 63. Section 455.604, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.604 Requirement for instruction on human 1 2 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. --3 (1) The appropriate board shall require each person 4 5 licensed or certified under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 6 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 463; chapter 464; 7 chapter 465; chapter 466; part II, part III, or part V of 8 chapter 468; or chapter 486 to complete a continuing educational course, approved by the board, on human 9 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome 10 as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The 11 12 course shall consist of education on the modes of transmission, infection control procedures, clinical 13 14 management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Such course shall include 15 information on current Florida law on acquired immune 16 17 deficiency syndrome and its impact on testing, confidentiality of test results, and treatment of patients. 18 19 (2) Each such licensee or certificateholder shall 20 submit confirmation of having completed said course, on a form 21 as provided by the board, when submitting fees for each 22 biennial renewal. (3) The board shall have the authority to approve 23 additional equivalent courses that may be used to satisfy the 24 25 requirements in subsection (1). Each licensing board that 26 requires a licensee to complete an educational course pursuant to this section may count the hours required for completion of 27 28 the course included in the total continuing educational 29 requirements as required by law. 30 (4) Any person holding two or more licenses subject to the provisions of this section shall be permitted to show

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proof of having taken one board-approved course on human 2 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency 3 syndrome, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for additional licenses. 4 5 (5) Failure to comply with the above requirements 6 shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action under each 7

- respective licensing chapter and s. 455.624(1)(e). In addition to discipline by the board, the licensee shall be required to complete the course.
- (6) The board shall require as a condition of granting a license under the chapters specified in subsection (1) that an applicant making initial application for licensure complete an educational course acceptable to the board on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. An applicant who has not taken a course at the time of licensure shall, upon an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.
- (7) The board shall have the authority to adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (8) The board shall report to the Legislature by March 1 of each year as to the implementation and compliance with the requirements of this section.

Section 64. Section 455.607, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.607 Requirement for instruction on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. --

(1) The board, or the department where there is no board, shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 480 or part XIV of chapter 468 to complete a continuing educational course approved by the board, or the

department where there is no board, on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The course shall consist of education on modes of transmission, infection control procedures, clinical management, and prevention of human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome, with an emphasis on appropriate behavior and attitude change.

- (2) When filing fees for each biennial renewal, each licensee shall submit confirmation of having completed the course, on a form provided by the board or by the department if there is no board. At the time of the subsequent biennial renewal when coursework is to be completed, if the licensee has not submitted confirmation which has been received and recorded by the board, or department if there is no board, the department shall not renew the license.
- (3) The board, or the department where there is no board, shall have the authority to approve additional equivalent courses that may be used to satisfy the requirements in subsection (1).
- (4) The board, or the department where there is no board, shall require, as a condition of granting a license under any of the chapters or parts thereof specified in subsection (1), that an applicant making initial application for licensure complete an educational course acceptable to the board, or the department where there is no board, on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome. An applicant who has not taken a course at the time of licensure shall, upon an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.

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The board, or the department where there is no
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    board, shall have the authority to adopt rules to carry out
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    the provisions of this section.
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          (6) The board, or the department where there is no
    board, shall report to the Legislature by March 1 of each year
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    of this section.
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          (7) Any professional holding two or more licenses
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    subject to the provisions of this section shall be permitted
    to show proof of having taken one board-approved course, or
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    one department-approved course where there is no board, on
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    human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency
    syndrome, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for
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    additional licenses.
           Section 65. Section 455.611, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
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           455.611 Power to administer oaths, take depositions,
    and issue subpoenas. -- For the purpose of any investigation or
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    proceeding conducted by the department, the department shall
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    have the power to administer oaths, take depositions, make
    inspections when authorized by statute, issue subpoenas which
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    shall be supported by affidavit, serve subpoenas and other
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    process, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the
    production of books, papers, documents, and other evidence.
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    The department shall exercise this power on its own initiative
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    or whenever requested by a board or the probable cause panel
    of any board. Challenges to, and enforcement of, the subpoenas
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    and orders shall be handled as provided in s. 120.569.
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           Section 66. Section 455.614, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
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455.614 Mediation.--

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(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 455.621, the
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    board, or the department when there is no board, shall adopt
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    rules to designate which violations of the applicable
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    professional practice act are appropriate for mediation. The
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    board, or the department when there is no board, may designate
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    as mediation offenses those complaints where harm caused by
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    the licensee is economic in nature or can be remedied by the
 8
    licensee.
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          (2) After the department determines a complaint is
    legally sufficient and the alleged violations are defined as
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    mediation offenses, the department or any agent of the
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    department may conduct informal mediation to resolve the
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    complaint. If the complainant and the subject of the complaint
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    agree to a resolution of a complaint within 14 days after
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    contact by the mediator, the mediator shall notify the
    department of the terms of the resolution. The department or
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    board shall take no further action unless the complainant and
    the subject each fail to record with the department an
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    acknowledgment of satisfaction of the terms of mediation
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    within 60 days of the mediator's notification to the
    department. In the event the complainant and subject fail to
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    reach settlement terms or to record the required
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    acknowledgment, the department shall process the complaint
    according to the provisions of s. 455.621.
24
          (3) Conduct or statements made during mediation are
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    inadmissible in any proceeding pursuant to s. 455.621.
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    Further, any information relating to the mediation of a case
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    shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of s.
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    455.621.
          (4) No licensee shall go through the mediation process
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more than three times without approval of the department. The

department may consider the subject and dates of the earlier complaints in rendering its decision. Such decision shall not be considered a final agency action for purposes of chapter 120.

(5) Any board created on or after January 1, 1995, shall have 6 months to adopt rules designating which violations are appropriate for mediation, after which time the department shall have exclusive authority to adopt rules pursuant to this section. A board shall have continuing authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 67. Section 455.617, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.617 Authority to issue citations.--

- department if there is no board, shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and address, the subject's license number if applicable, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the procedure under s. 455.621. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 455.621 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation becomes a final order and constitutes discipline. The penalty shall be a fine or other conditions as established by rule.
- (2) The board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation

violations those violations for which there is no substantial threat to the public health, safety, and welfare.

- (3) The department shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided according to board or department rule, as part of the penalty levied pursuant to the citation.
- (4) A citation must be issued within 6 months after the filing of the complaint that is the basis for the citation.
- (5) Service of a citation may be made by personal service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject at the subject's last known address.
- (6) A board created on or after January 1, 1992, has 6 months in which to enact rules designating violations and penalties appropriate for citation offenses. Failure to enact such rules gives the department exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for implementing this section. A board has continuous authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.
- Section 68. Section 455.621, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 455.621 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.
- (1) The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall cause to be investigated any complaint that is filed before it if the complaint is in writing, signed by the complainant, and legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this part, of any of the practice acts relating to the professions regulated by the department, or of

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any rule adopted by the department or a regulatory board in
    the department has occurred. In order to determine legal
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    sufficiency, the department may require supporting information
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    or documentation. The department may investigate, and the
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    department or the appropriate board may take appropriate final
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    action on, a complaint even though the original complainant
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    withdraws it or otherwise indicates a desire not to cause the
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    complaint to be investigated or prosecuted to completion. The
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    department may investigate an anonymous complaint if the
    complaint is in writing and is legally sufficient, if the
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    alleged violation of law or rules is substantial, and if the
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    department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry,
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    that the violations alleged in the complaint are true. The
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    department may investigate a complaint made by a confidential
    informant if the complaint is legally sufficient, if the
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    alleged violation of law or rule is substantial, and if the
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    department has reason to believe, after preliminary inquiry,
    that the allegations of the complainant are true. The
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    department may initiate an investigation if it has reasonable
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    cause to believe that a licensee or a group of licensees has
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    violated a Florida statute, a rule of the department, or a
    rule of a board. Except as provided in ss. 458.331(9),
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    459.015(9), 460.413(5), and 461.013(6), when an investigation
    of any subject is undertaken, the department shall promptly
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    furnish to the subject or the subject's attorney a copy of the
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    complaint or document that resulted in the initiation of the
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    investigation. The subject may submit a written response to
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    the information contained in such complaint or document within
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    20 days after service to the subject of the complaint or
    document. The subject's written response shall be considered
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    by the probable cause panel. The right to respond does not
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prohibit the issuance of a summary emergency order if
   necessary to protect the public. However, if the secretary, or
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   the secretary's designee, and the chairman of the respective
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   board or the chairman of its probable cause panel agree in
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   writing that such notification would be detrimental to the
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   investigation, the department may withhold notification. The
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   department may conduct an investigation without notification
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   to any subject if the act under investigation is a criminal
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   offense.
          (2) The department shall allocate sufficient and
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   adequately trained staff to expeditiously and thoroughly
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   determine legal sufficiency and investigate all legally
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   sufficient complaints. For purposes of this section, it is the
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   intent of the Legislature that the term "expeditiously" means
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   that the department complete the report of its initial
   investigative findings and recommendations concerning the
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   existence of probable cause within 6 months after its receipt
   of the complaint. The failure of the department, for
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   disciplinary cases under its jurisdiction, to comply with the
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   time limits of this section while investigating a complaint
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   against a licensee constitutes harmless error in any
   subsequent disciplinary action unless a court finds that
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   either the fairness of the proceeding or the correctness of
   the action may have been impaired by a material error in
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   procedure or a failure to follow prescribed procedure. When
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   its investigation is complete and legally sufficient, the
   department shall prepare and submit to the probable cause
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   panel of the appropriate regulatory board the investigative
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   report of the department. The report shall contain the
   investigative findings and the recommendations of the
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   department concerning the existence of probable cause. At any
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time after legal sufficiency is found, the department may dismiss any case, or any part thereof, if the department 2 3 determines that there is insufficient evidence to support the 4 prosecution of allegations contained therein. The department 5 shall provide a detailed report to the appropriate probable 6 cause panel prior to dismissal of any case or part thereof, 7 and to the subject of the complaint after dismissal of any 8 case or part thereof, under this section. For cases dismissed 9 prior to a finding of probable cause, such report is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1). The probable cause 10 panel shall have access, upon request, to the investigative 11 12 files pertaining to a case prior to dismissal of such case. If the department dismisses a case, the probable cause panel may 13 14 retain independent legal counsel, employ investigators, and continue the investigation and prosecution of the case as it 15 deems necessary. 16 17 (3) As an alternative to the provisions of subsections (1) and (2), when a complaint is received, the department may 18 19 provide a licensee with a notice of noncompliance for an 20 initial offense of a minor violation. Each board, or the 21 department if there is no board, shall establish by rule those minor violations under this provision which do not endanger 22 the public health, safety, and welfare and which do not 23 demonstrate a serious inability to practice the profession. 24 25 Failure of a licensee to take action in correcting the 26 violation within 15 days after notice may result in the institution of regular disciplinary proceedings. 27 28 The determination as to whether probable cause 29 exists shall be made by majority vote of a probable cause panel of the board, or by the department, as appropriate. Each 30 regulatory board shall provide by rule that the determination

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of probable cause shall be made by a panel of its members or
    by the department. Each board may provide by rule for multiple
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   probable cause panels composed of at least two members. Each
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    board may provide by rule that one or more members of the
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    panel or panels may be a former board member. The length of
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    term or repetition of service of any such former board member
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    on a probable cause panel may vary according to the direction
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    of the board when authorized by board rule. Any probable cause
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    panel must include one of the board's former or present
    consumer members, if one is available, is willing to serve,
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    and is authorized to do so by the board chairman. Any probable
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    cause panel must include a present board member. Any probable
    cause panel must include a former or present professional
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   board member. However, any former professional board member
    serving on the probable cause panel must hold an active valid
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    license for that profession. All proceedings of the panel are
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    exempt from s. 286.011 until 10 days after probable cause has
    been found to exist by the panel or until the subject of the
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    investigation waives his privilege of confidentiality. The
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   probable cause panel may make a reasonable request, and upon
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    such request the department shall provide such additional
    investigative information as is necessary to the determination
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    of probable cause. A request for additional investigative
    information shall be made within 15 days from the date of
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    receipt by the probable cause panel of the investigative
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    report of the department or the agency. The probable cause
    panel or the department, as may be appropriate, shall make its
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    determination of probable cause within 30 days after receipt
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    by it of the final investigative report of the department. The
    secretary may grant extensions of the 15-day and the 30-day
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    time limits. In lieu of a finding of probable cause, the
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probable cause panel, or the department if there is no board,
   may issue a letter of guidance to the subject. If, within the
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    30-day time limit, as may be extended, the probable cause
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    panel does not make a determination regarding the existence of
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    probable cause or does not issue a letter of guidance in lieu
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    of a finding of probable cause, the department must make a
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    determination regarding the existence of probable cause within
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    10 days after the expiration of the time limit. If the
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    probable cause panel finds that probable cause exists, it
    shall direct the department to file a formal complaint against
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    the licensee. The department shall follow the directions of
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    the probable cause panel regarding the filing of a formal
    complaint. If directed to do so, the department shall file a
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    formal complaint against the subject of the investigation and
    prosecute that complaint pursuant to chapter 120. However, the
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    department may decide not to prosecute the complaint if it
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    finds that probable cause has been improvidently found by the
    panel. In such cases, the department shall refer the matter to
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    the board. The board may then file a formal complaint and
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    prosecute the complaint pursuant to chapter 120. The
    department shall also refer to the board any investigation or
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    disciplinary proceeding not before the Division of
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    Administrative Hearings pursuant to chapter 120 or otherwise
    completed by the department within 1 year after the filing of
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    a complaint. The department, for disciplinary cases under its
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    jurisdiction, must establish a uniform reporting system to
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    quarterly refer to each board the status of any investigation
    or disciplinary proceeding that is not before the Division of
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    Administrative Hearings or otherwise completed by the
    department within 1 year after the filing of the complaint.
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    Annually, the department if there is no board, or each board
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must establish a plan to reduce or otherwise close any 1 investigation or disciplinary proceeding that is not before 2 3 the Division of Administrative Hearings or otherwise completed by the department within 1 year after the filing of the 4 5 complaint. A probable cause panel or a board may retain 6 independent legal counsel, employ investigators, and continue 7 the investigation as it deems necessary; all costs thereof 8 shall be paid from a trust fund used by the department to implement this part. All proceedings of the probable cause 9 panel are exempt from s. 120.525. 10

- (5) A formal hearing before an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings shall be held pursuant to chapter 120 if there are any disputed issues of material fact. The administrative law judge shall issue a recommended order pursuant to chapter 120. If any party raises an issue of disputed fact during an informal hearing, the hearing shall be terminated and a formal hearing pursuant to chapter 120 shall be held.
- (6) The appropriate board, with those members of the panel, if any, who reviewed the investigation pursuant to subsection (5) being excused, or the department when there is no board, shall determine and issue the final order in each disciplinary case. Such order shall constitute final agency action. Any consent order or agreed-upon settlement shall be subject to the approval of the department.
- (7) The department shall have standing to seek judicial review of any final order of the board, pursuant to s. 120.68.
- 29 (8) Any proceeding for the purpose of summary
 30 suspension of a license, or for the restriction of the
 31 license, of a licensee pursuant to s. 120.60(6) shall be

conducted by the Secretary of the Department of Health or his or her designee, as appropriate, who shall issue the final summary order.

- (9)(a) The department shall periodically notify the person who filed the complaint of the status of the investigation, indicating whether probable cause has been found and the status of any civil action or administrative proceeding or appeal.
- (b) In any disciplinary case for which probable cause has been found, the department shall provide to the person who filed the complaint a copy of the administrative complaint and:
- 1. A written explanation of how an administrative complaint is resolved by the disciplinary process.
- 2. A written explanation of how and when the person may participate in the disciplinary process.
- 3. A written notice of any hearing before the Division of Administrative Hearings or the regulatory board at which final agency action may be taken.
- is not found, the department shall so inform the person who filed the complaint and notify that person that he or she may, within 60 days, provide any additional information to the probable cause panel which may be relevant to the decision. In any administrative proceeding under s. 120.57, the person who filed the disciplinary complaint shall have the right to present oral or written communication relating to the alleged disciplinary violations or to the appropriate penalty.
- (10) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to the investigation by the department are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) until 10 days after

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probable cause has been found to exist by the probable cause
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   panel or by the department, or until the regulated
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   professional or subject of the investigation waives his
   privilege of confidentiality, whichever occurs first. Upon
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   completion of the investigation and pursuant to a written
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   request by the subject, the department shall provide the
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   subject an opportunity to inspect the investigative file or,
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   at the subject's expense, forward to the subject a copy of the
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   investigative file. Notwithstanding s. 455.667, the subject
   may inspect or receive a copy of any expert witness report or
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   patient record connected with the investigation if the subject
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   agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of any
   information received under this subsection until 10 days after
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   probable cause is found and to maintain the confidentiality of
   patient records pursuant to s. 455.667. The subject may file a
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   written response to the information contained in the
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   investigative file. Such response must be filed within 20
   days, unless an extension of time has been granted by the
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   department. This subsection does not prohibit the department
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   from providing such information to any law enforcement agency
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   or to any other regulatory agency.
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          (11) A privilege against civil liability is hereby
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   granted to any complainant or any witness with regard to
   information furnished with respect to any investigation or
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   proceeding pursuant to this section, unless the complainant or
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   witness acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such
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   information.
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          (12)(a) No person who reports in any capacity, whether
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   or not required by law, information to the department with
   regard to the incompetence, impairment, or unprofessional
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   conduct of any health care provider licensed under chapter
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458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 shall be 2 3 held liable in any civil action for reporting against such 4 health care provider if such person acts without intentional fraud or malice. 5 6 (b) No facility licensed under chapter 395, health 7 maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 8 641, physician licensed under chapter 458, or osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459 shall discharge, threaten 9 to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any employee or staff 10 member by reason of such employee's or staff member's report 11 12 to the department about a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 who 13 14 may be guilty of incompetence, impairment, or unprofessional conduct so long as such report is given without intentional 15 16 fraud or malice. 17 (c) In any civil suit brought outside the protections of paragraphs (a) and (b) in which intentional fraud or malice 18 19 is alleged, the person alleging intentional fraud or malice 20 shall be liable for all court costs and for the other party's reasonable attorney's fees if intentional fraud or malice is 21 not proved. 22 23 Section 69. Section 455.624, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 24 455.624 Grounds for discipline; penalties; 25 26 enforcement. --The following acts shall constitute grounds for 27 (1)28 which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may 29 be taken: 30 31

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- (a) Making misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent 1 2 representations in or related to the practice of the 3 licensee's profession. 4 (b) Intentionally violating any rule adopted by the board or the department, as appropriate. (c) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a
 - plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, a licensee's profession. (d) Using a Class III or a Class IV laser device or
 - product, as defined by federal regulations, without having complied with the rules adopted pursuant to s. 501.122(2) governing the registration of such devices.
 - (e) Failing to comply with the educational course requirements for human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
 - (f) Having a license or the authority to practice the regulated profession revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction, including its agencies or subdivisions, for a violation that would constitute a violation under Florida law. The licensing authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license, shall be construed as action against the license.
 - (g) Having been found liable in a civil proceeding for knowingly filing a false report or complaint with the department against another licensee.
- 30 (h) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, or renewing a license to practice a profession by bribery, by fraudulent

misrepresentation, or through an error of the department or the board.

- (i) Except as provided in s. 465.016, failing to report to the department any person who the licensee knows is in violation of this part, the chapter regulating the alleged violator, or the rules of the department or the board.
- (j) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or advising any unlicensed person or entity to practice a profession contrary to this part, the chapter regulating the profession, or the rules of the department or the board.
- (k) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensee.
- (1) Making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, or willfully impeding or obstructing another person to do so.

 Such reports or records shall include only those that are signed in the capacity of a licensee.
- (m) Making deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in or related to the practice of a profession or employing a trick or scheme in or related to the practice of a profession.
- (n) Exercising influence on the patient or client for the purpose of financial gain of the licensee or a third party.
- (o) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities the licensee knows, or has reason to know, the licensee is not competent to perform.
- (p) Delegating or contracting for the performance of professional responsibilities by a person when the licensee

delegating or contracting for performance of such responsibilities knows, or has reason to know, such person is 2 3 not qualified by training, experience, and authorization when 4 required to perform them. (q) Violating any provision of this part, the 5 6 applicable professional practice act, a rule of the department 7 or the board, or a lawful order of the department or the 8 board, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of 9 the department. (r) Improperly interfering with an investigation or 10 inspection authorized by statute, or with any disciplinary 11 12 proceeding. 13 (s) Failing to comply with the educational course 14 requirements for domestic violence. 15 (2) When the board, or the department when there is no board, finds any person guilty of the grounds set forth in 16 17 subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable practice act, including conduct constituting a substantial 18 19 violation of subsection (1) or a violation of the applicable 20 practice act which occurred prior to obtaining a license, it 21 may enter an order imposing one or more of the following 22 penalties: 23 (a) Refusal to certify, or to certify with restrictions, an application for a license. 24 25 (b) Suspension or permanent revocation of a license. 26 (c) Restriction of practice. 27 (d) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed 28 \$5,000 for each count or separate offense. 29 (e) Issuance of a reprimand. (f) Placement of the licensee on probation for a 30

period of time and subject to such conditions as the board, or

the department when there is no board, may specify. Those conditions may include, but are not limited to, requiring the licensee to undergo treatment, attend continuing education courses, submit to be reexamined, work under the supervision of another licensee, or satisfy any terms which are reasonably tailored to the violations found.

- (g) Corrective action.
- pursuant to this section or discipline imposed for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is no board, may assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case excluding costs associated with an attorney's time. In any case where the board or the department imposes a fine or assessment and the fine or assessment is not paid within a reasonable time, such reasonable time to be prescribed in the rules of the board, or the department when there is no board, or in the order assessing such fines or costs, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may contract for the collection of, or bring a civil action to recover, the fine or assessment.
- (4) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other remedy or criminal prosecution, the department may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who violates any of the provisions of this part, or any provision of law with respect to professions regulated by the department, or any board therein, or the rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- (5) In the event the board, or the department when there is no board, determines that revocation of a license is the appropriate penalty, the revocation shall be permanent.

 However, the board may establish by rule requirements for

reapplication by applicants whose licenses have been permanently revoked. Such requirements may include, but shall not be limited to, satisfying current requirements for an initial license.

Section 70. Section 455.627, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.627 Disciplinary guidelines.--

- (1) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt by rule and periodically review the disciplinary guidelines applicable to each ground for disciplinary action which may be imposed by the board, or the department if there is no board, pursuant to this part, the respective practice acts, and any rule of the board or department.
- meaningful range of designated penalties based upon the severity and repetition of specific offenses, it being the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the public health, safety, or welfare; that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties which may be imposed for proscribed conduct; and that such penalties be consistently applied by the board.
- (3) A specific finding of mitigating or aggravating circumstances shall allow the board to impose a penalty other than that provided for in such guidelines. If applicable, the board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt by rule disciplinary guidelines to designate possible mitigating and aggravating circumstances and the variation and range of penalties permitted for such circumstances.

The department must review such disciplinary 1 guidelines for compliance with the legislative intent as set 2 3 forth herein to determine whether the guidelines establish a 4 meaningful range of penalties and may also challenge such 5 rules pursuant to s. 120.56. 6 The administrative law judge, in recommending (5) 7 penalties in any recommended order, must follow the penalty 8 guidelines established by the board or department and must 9 state in writing the mitigating or aggravating circumstances upon which the recommended penalty is based. 10 Section 71. Section 455.631, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 created to read: 13 455.631 Penalty for giving false information.--In 14 addition to, or in lieu of, any other discipline imposed 15 pursuant to s. 455.624, the act of knowingly giving false information in the course of applying for or obtaining a 16 17 license from the department, or any board thereunder, with intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his 18 19 official duties, or the act of attempting to obtain or 20 obtaining a license from the department, or any board 21 thereunder, to practice a profession by knowingly misleading statements or knowing misrepresentations constitutes a felony 22 23 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 24 25 Section 72. Section 455.634, Florida Statutes, is 26 created to read: 455.634 Prosecution of criminal violations.--The 27 28 department or the appropriate board shall report any criminal 29 violation of any statute relating to the practice of a profession regulated by the department or appropriate board to 30 the proper prosecuting authority for prompt prosecution.

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Section 73. Section 455.637, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
           455.637 Unlicensed practice of a profession; cease and
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    desist notice; civil penalty; enforcement; citations;
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    allocation of moneys collected .--
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          (1) When the department has probable cause to believe
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    that any person not licensed by the department, or the
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    appropriate regulatory board within the department, has
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    violated any provision of this part or any statute that
    relates to the practice of a profession regulated by the
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    department, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, the
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    department may issue and deliver to such person a notice to
    cease and desist from such violation. In addition, the
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    department may issue and deliver a notice to cease and desist
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    to any person who aids and abets the unlicensed practice of a
    profession by employing such unlicensed person. The issuance
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    of a notice to cease and desist shall not constitute agency
    action for which a hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 may be
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    sought. For the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order,
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    the department may file a proceeding in the name of the state
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    seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus
    against any person who violates any provisions of such order.
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    In addition to the foregoing remedies, the department may
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    impose an administrative penalty not to exceed $5,000 per
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    incident pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120 or may
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    issue a citation pursuant to the provisions of subsection (3).
    If the department is required to seek enforcement of the
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    agency order for a penalty pursuant to s. 120.569, it shall be
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    entitled to collect its attorney's fees and costs, together
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    with any cost of collection.
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(2) In addition to or in lieu of any remedy provided in subsection (1), the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the department may issue a notice to cease and desist under subsection (1). The civil penalty shall be no less than \$500 and no more than \$5,000 for each offense. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, in the event the department prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation. (3)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 455.621, the department shall adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations for unlicensed practice of a profession. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and any other information the department determines to be necessary to identify the subject, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the subject may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to follow the procedure under s. 455.621. If the subject disputes the matter in the citation, the procedures set forth in s. 455.621 must be followed. However, if the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation shall become a final order of the department. The penalty shall be a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$5,000 or other conditions as established by rule. (b) Each day that the unlicensed practice continues

after issuance of a citation constitutes a separate violation.

(c) The department shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation, in addition to any penalty provided

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according to department rule as part of the penalty levied 2 pursuant to the citation. 3 (d) Service of a citation may be made by personal service or certified mail, restricted delivery, to the subject 4 5 at the subject's last known address. 6 (4) All fines, fees, and costs collected through the 7 procedures set forth in this section shall be allocated to the professions in the manner provided for in s. 455.641 for the 8 9 allocation of the fees assessed and collected to combat unlicensed practice of a profession. 10 (5) The provisions of this section apply only to the 11 12 professional practice acts administered by the department. Section 74. Section 455.641, Florida Statutes, is 13 14 created to read: 15 455.641 Unlicensed activities; fees; disposition.--In order to protect the public and to ensure a consumer-oriented 16 17 department, it is the intent of the Legislature that vigorous enforcement of regulation for all professional activities is a 18 19 state priority. All enforcement costs should be covered by 20 professions regulated by the department. Therefore, the 21 department shall impose, upon initial licensure and each renewal thereof, a special fee of \$5 per licensee. Such fee 22 shall be in addition to all other fees collected from each 23 licensee and shall fund efforts to combat unlicensed activity. 24 25 The board with concurrence of the department, or the 26 department when there is no board, may earmark \$5 of the current licensure fee for this purpose, if such board, or 27

allocate indirect overhead. The department shall seek board

profession regulated by the department, is not in a deficit

direct charges to this fund by profession and shall not

and has a reasonable cash balance. The department shall make

advice regarding enforcement methods and strategies prior to expenditure of funds. The department shall directly credit, by 2 3 profession, revenues received from the department's efforts to 4 enforce licensure provisions. The department shall include all 5 financial and statistical data resulting from unlicensed 6 activity enforcement as a separate category in the quarterly 7 management report provided for in s. 455.219. The department 8 shall not charge the account of any profession for the costs 9 incurred on behalf of any other profession. For an unlicensed activity account, a balance which remains at the end of a 10 renewal cycle may, with concurrence of the applicable board 11 12 and the department, be transferred to the operating fund 13 account of that profession. 14 Section 75. Section 455.644, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 455.644 Annual report concerning finances, 16 17 administrative complaints, disciplinary actions, and recommendations .-- The department is directed to prepare and 18 19 submit a report to the President of the Senate and Speaker of 20 the House of Representatives by November 1 of each year. In addition to finances and any other information the Legislature 21 may require, the report shall include statistics and relevant 22 23 information, profession by profession, detailing: The revenues, expenditures, and cash balances for 24 the prior year, and a review of the adequacy of existing fees. 25 26 (2) The number of complaints received and 27 investigated. 28 The number of findings of probable cause made. (3) 29 The number of findings of no probable cause made. (4)The number of administrative complaints filed. 30 (5) The disposition of all administrative complaints. 31 (6)

2 (8) A description of any effort by the department to 3 reduce or otherwise close any investigation or disciplinary 4 proceeding not before the Division of Administrative Hearings 5 under chapter 120 or otherwise not completed within 1 year 6 after the initial filing of a complaint under this part. 7 The status of the development and implementation 8 of rules providing for disciplinary guidelines pursuant to s. 9 455.627. (10) Such recommendations for administrative and 10 statutory changes necessary to facilitate efficient and 11 12 cost-effective operation of the department and the various 13 boards. 14 Section 76. Section 455.647, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 15 16 455.647 Public inspection of information required from 17 applicants; exceptions; examination hearing .--18 (1) All information required by the department of any 19 applicant shall be a public record and shall be open to public 20 inspection pursuant to s. 119.07, except financial 21 information, medical information, school transcripts, examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading 22 keys, which are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and 23 shall not be discussed with or made accessible to anyone 24 25 except members of the board, the department, and staff 26 thereof, who have a bona fide need to know such information. 27 Any information supplied to the department by any other agency which is exempt from the provisions of chapter 119 or is 28 29 confidential shall remain exempt or confidential pursuant to applicable law while in the custody of the department or the 30 31 agency.

(7) A description of disciplinary actions taken.

(2) The department shall establish by rule the 1 procedure by which an applicant, and the applicant's attorney, 2 3 may review examination questions and answers. Examination 4 questions and answers are not subject to discovery but may be 5 introduced into evidence and considered only in camera in any 6 administrative proceeding under chapter 120. If an 7 administrative hearing is held, the department shall provide 8 challenged examination questions and answers to the 9 administrative law judge. The examination questions and answers provided at the hearing are confidential and exempt 10 from s. 119.07(1), unless invalidated by the administrative 11 12 law judge. 13 (3) Unless an applicant notifies the department at 14 least 5 days prior to an examination hearing of the applicant's inability to attend, or unless an applicant can 15 demonstrate an extreme emergency for failing to attend, the 16 17 department may require an applicant who fails to attend to pay reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and court costs of the 18 19 department for the examination hearing. 20 Section 77. Section 455.651, Florida Statutes, is 21 created to read: 455.651 Disclosure of confidential information. --22 (1) No officer, employee, or person under contract 23 with the department, or any board therein, or any subject of 24 25 an investigation shall convey knowledge or information to any 26 person who is not lawfully entitled to such knowledge or information about any public meeting or public record, which 27 at the time such knowledge or information is conveyed is 28 29 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.01, s. 119.07(1), or s. 30 286.011.

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(2) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and may be subject to discipline pursuant to s. 455.227, and, if applicable, shall be removed from office, employment, or the contractual relationship.

Section 78. Section 455.236, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.654, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

- 455.654 455.236 Financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services.--
- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Patient Self-Referral Act of 1992."
- (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. -- It is recognized by the Legislature that the referral of a patient by a health care provider to a provider of health care services in which the referring health care provider has an investment interest represents a potential conflict of interest. The Legislature finds these referral practices may limit or eliminate competitive alternatives in the health care services market, may result in overutilization of health care services, may increase costs to the health care system, and may adversely affect the quality of health care. The Legislature also recognizes, however, that it may be appropriate for providers to own entities providing health care services, and to refer patients to such entities, as long as certain safeguards are present in the arrangement. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide guidance to health care providers regarding prohibited patient referrals between health care providers and entities providing health care services and to

protect the <u>people</u> citizens of Florida from unnecessary and costly health care expenditures.

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--For the purpose of this section, the word, phrase, or term:
- (a) "Board" means any of the following boards relating to the respective professions: the Board of Medicine as created in s. 458.307; the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as created in s. 459.004; the Board of Chiropractic as created in s. 460.404; the Board of Podiatric Medicine as created in s. 461.004; the Board of Optometry as created in s. 463.003; the Board of Pharmacy as created in s. 465.004; and the Board of Dentistry as created in s. 466.004.
- (b) "Comprehensive rehabilitation services" means services that are provided by health care professionals licensed under part I or part III of chapter 468 or chapter 486 to provide speech, occupational, or physical therapy services on an outpatient or ambulatory basis.
- (c) "Designated health services" means, for purposes of this section, clinical laboratory services, physical therapy services, comprehensive rehabilitative services, diagnostic-imaging services, and radiation therapy services.
- (d) "Entity" means any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, or other business entity.
- (e) "Fair market value" means value in arms length transactions, consistent with the general market value, and, with respect to rentals or leases, the value of rental property for general commercial purposes, not taking into account its intended use, and, in the case of a lease of space, not adjusted to reflect the additional value the prospective lessee or lessor would attribute to the proximity

or convenience to the lessor where the lessor is a potential source of patient referrals to the lessee.

- (f) "Group practice" means a group of two or more health care providers legally organized as a partnership, professional corporation, or similar association:
- 1. In which each health care provider who is a member of the group provides substantially the full range of services which the health care provider routinely provides, including medical care, consultation, diagnosis, or treatment, through the joint use of shared office space, facilities, equipment, and personnel;
- 2. For which substantially all of the services of the health care providers who are members of the group are provided through the group and are billed in the name of the group and amounts so received are treated as receipts of the group; and
- 3. In which the overhead expenses of and the income from the practice are distributed in accordance with methods previously determined by members of the group.
- (g) "Health care provider" means any physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, or any health care provider licensed under chapter 463 or chapter 466.
- (h) "Immediate family member" means a health care provider's spouse, child, child's spouse, grandchild, grandchild's spouse, parent, parent-in-law, or sibling.
- (i) "Investment interest" means an equity or debt security issued by an entity, including, without limitation, shares of stock in a corporation, units or other interests in a partnership, bonds, debentures, notes, or other equity interests or debt instruments. Except for purposes of \underline{s} .

1 | 455.661 s. 455

 $\underline{455.661}$ s. $\underline{455.239}$, the following investment interests shall be excepted from this definition:

- 1. An investment interest in an entity that is the sole provider of designated health services in a rural area;
- 2. An investment interest in notes, bonds, debentures, or other debt instruments issued by an entity which provides designated health services, as an integral part of a plan by such entity to acquire such investor's equity investment interest in the entity, provided that the interest rate is consistent with fair market value, and that the maturity date of the notes, bonds, debentures, or other debt instruments issued by the entity to the investor is not later than October 1, 1996.
- 3. An investment interest in real property resulting in a landlord-tenant relationship between the health care provider and the entity in which the equity interest is held, unless the rent is determined, in whole or in part, by the business volume or profitability of the tenant or exceeds fair market value; or
- 4. An investment interest in an entity which owns or leases and operates a hospital licensed under chapter 395 or a nursing home facility licensed under chapter 400.
- (j) "Investor" means a person or entity owning a legal or beneficial ownership or investment interest, directly or indirectly, including, without limitation, through an immediate family member, trust, or another entity related to the investor within the meaning of 42 C.F.R. s. 413.17, in an entity.
- (k) "Referral" means any referral of a patient by a
 health care provider for health care services, including,
 without limitation:

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- The forwarding of a patient by a health care provider to another health care provider or to an entity which provides or supplies designated health services or any other health care item or service; or
- The request or establishment of a plan of care by a health care provider, which includes the provision of designated health services or other health care item or service.
- 3. Except for the purposes of s. $455.661 ext{ s. } 455.239$, the following orders, recommendations, or plans of care shall not constitute a referral by a health care provider:
 - a. By a radiologist for diagnostic-imaging services.
- b. By a physician specializing in the provision of radiation therapy services for such services.
- By a medical oncologist for drugs and solutions to be prepared and administered intravenously to such oncologist's patient, as well as for the supplies and equipment used in connection therewith to treat such patient for cancer and the complications thereof.
- d. By a cardiologist for cardiac catheterization services.
- By a pathologist for diagnostic clinical laboratory tests and pathological examination services, if furnished by or under the supervision of such pathologist pursuant to a consultation requested by another physician.
- f. By a health care provider who is the sole provider or member of a group practice for designated health services or other health care items or services that are prescribed or provided solely for such referring health care provider's or group practice's own patients, and that are provided or

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performed by or under the direct supervision of such referring
health care provider or group practice.

- g. By a health care provider for services provided by an ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
- h. By a health care provider for diagnostic clinical laboratory services where such services are directly related to renal dialysis.
 - i. By a urologist for lithotripsy services.
- j. By a dentist for dental services performed by an employee of or health care provider who is an independent contractor with the dentist or group practice of which the dentist is a member.
- k. By a physician for infusion therapy services to a patient of that physician or a member of that physician's group practice.
- 1. By a nephrologist for renal dialysis services and supplies.
- (1) "Rural area" means a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile, as defined by the United States Census.
- (4) PROHIBITED REFERRALS AND CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT.--Except as provided in this section:
- (a) A health care provider may not refer a patient for the provision of designated health services to an entity in which the health care provider is an investor or has an investment interest.
- (b) A health care provider may not refer a patient for the provision of any other health care item or service to an entity in which the health care provider is an investor unless:

- 1. The provider's investment interest is in registered securities purchased on a national exchange or over-the-counter market and issued by a publicly held corporation:
- a. Whose shares are traded on a national exchange or on the over-the-counter market; and
- b. Whose total assets at the end of the corporation's most recent fiscal quarter exceeded \$50 million; or
- 2. With respect to an entity other than a publicly held corporation described in subparagraph 1., and a referring provider's investment interest in such entity, each of the following requirements are met:
- a. No more than 50 percent of the value of the investment interests are held by investors who are in a position to make referrals to the entity.
- b. The terms under which an investment interest is offered to an investor who is in a position to make referrals to the entity are no different from the terms offered to investors who are not in a position to make such referrals.
- c. The terms under which an investment interest is offered to an investor who is in a position to make referrals to the entity are not related to the previous or expected volume of referrals from that investor to the entity.
- d. There is no requirement that an investor make referrals or be in a position to make referrals to the entity as a condition for becoming or remaining an investor.
- 3. With respect to either such entity or publicly held corporation:
- a. The entity or corporation does not loan funds to or guarantee a loan for an investor who is in a position to make $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \left(\frac{1}{2$

referrals to the entity or corporation if the investor uses any part of such loan to obtain the investment interest.

- b. The amount distributed to an investor representing a return on the investment interest is directly proportional to the amount of the capital investment, including the fair market value of any preoperational services rendered, invested in the entity or corporation by that investor.
- 4. Each board and, in the case of hospitals, the Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, shall encourage the use by licensees of the declaratory statement procedure to determine the applicability of this section or any rule adopted pursuant to this section as it applies solely to the licensee. Boards shall submit to the Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services the name of any entity in which a provider investment interest has been approved pursuant to this section, and the Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services shall adopt rules providing for periodic quality assurance and utilization review of such entities.
- (c) No claim for payment may be presented by an entity to any individual, third-party payor, or other entity for a service furnished pursuant to a referral prohibited under this section.
- (d) If an entity collects any amount that was billed in violation of this section, the entity shall refund such amount on a timely basis to the payor or individual, whichever is applicable.
- (e) Any person that presents or causes to be presented a bill or a claim for service that such person knows or should know is for a service for which payment may not be made under

paragraph (c), or for which a refund has not been made under paragraph (d), shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$15,000 for each such service to be imposed and collected by the appropriate board.

- (f) Any health care provider or other entity that enters into an arrangement or scheme, such as a cross-referral arrangement, which the physician or entity knows or should know has a principal purpose of assuring referrals by the physician to a particular entity which, if the physician directly made referrals to such entity, would be in violation of this section, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for each such circumvention arrangement or scheme to be imposed and collected by the appropriate board.
- (g) A violation of this section by a health care provider shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action to be taken by the applicable board pursuant to s. 458.331(2), s. 459.015(2), s. 460.413(2), s. 461.013(2), s. 463.016(2), or s. 466.028(2). Any hospital licensed under chapter 395 found in violation of this section shall be subject to the rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration

 Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services pursuant to s. 395.0185(2).
- (h) Any hospital licensed under chapter 395 that discriminates against or otherwise penalizes a health care provider for compliance with this act.
- (i) The provision of paragraph (a) shall not apply to referrals to the offices of radiation therapy centers managed by an entity or subsidiary or general partner thereof, which performed radiation therapy services at those same offices prior to April 1, 1991, and shall not apply also to referrals for radiation therapy to be performed at no more than one

additional office of any entity qualifying for the foregoing exception which, prior to February 1, 1992, had a binding purchase contract on and a nonrefundable deposit paid for a linear accelerator to be used at the additional office. The physical site of the radiation treatment centers affected by this provision may be relocated as a result of the following factors: acts of God; fire; strike; accident; war; eminent domain actions by any governmental body; or refusal by the lessor to renew a lease. A relocation for the foregoing reasons is limited to relocation of an existing facility to a replacement location within the county of the existing facility upon written notification to the Office of Licensure and Certification.

(j) A health care provider who meets the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (i) must disclose his investment interest to his patients as provided in s. 455.701 s. 455.25.

Section 79. Section 455.237, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.657, Florida Statutes.

Section 80. Section 455.239, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.661, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

 $\underline{455.661}$ $\underline{455.239}$ Designated health care services; licensure required.--

(1) An entity, as defined in $\underline{s.\ 455.654}\ s.\ 455.236$, which furnishes designated health care services may not operate in this state unless licensed by the $\underline{Agency}\ for\ Health$ $\underline{Care\ Administration}\ Department\ of\ Health\ and\ Rehabilitative$ $\underline{Services}\ pursuant\ to\ subsection\ (2).$

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- The agency department shall adopt rules for 1 2 licensing requirements for designated health care services 3 including, but not limited to, rules providing for: 4 (a) A licensure fee of not less than \$400 and not more 5 than \$1,500 to be assessed annually; 6 (b) Parameters of quality with respect to the 7 provision of ancillary services by respective entities; 8 (c) Periodic inspection of the facilities of an entity 9 for the purpose of evaluating the premises, operation, supervision, and procedures of the entity to ensure compliance 10 with quality parameters as established in department rules; 11 12 and
 - (d) The submission by an entity of information on its ownership, including identification of the owners who are health care providers, as defined in $\underline{s.\ 455.654}\ \underline{s.\ 455.251}$, and each investor's percentage of ownership.

455.664 Advertisement by a health care provider of

Section 81. Section 455.664, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

free or discounted services; required statement.--In any advertisement for a free, discounted fee, or reduced fee service, examination, or treatment by a health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 466, or chapter 486, the following statement shall appear in capital letters clearly distinguishable from the rest of the text:

THE PATIENT AND ANY OTHER PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT HAS A RIGHT TO REFUSE TO PAY, CANCEL PAYMENT, OR BE REIMBURSED FOR PAYMENT FOR ANY OTHER SERVICE, EXAMINATION, OR TREATMENT THAT IS PERFORMED AS A RESULT OF AND WITHIN 72 HOURS OF RESPONDING TO THE ADVERTISEMENT FOR THE FREE, DISCOUNTED FEE, OR REDUCED

FEE SERVICE, EXAMINATION, OR TREATMENT. However, the required statement shall not be necessary as an accompaniment to an advertisement of a licensed health care provider defined by this section if the advertisement appears in a classified directory the primary purpose of which is to provide products and services at free, reduced, or discounted prices to consumers and in which the statement prominently appears in at least one place.

Section 82. Section 455.241, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.667, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

455.667 455.241 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term "records owner" means any health care practitioner who generates a medical record after making a physical or mental examination of, or administering treatment or dispensing legend drugs to, any person; any health care practitioner to whom records are transferred by a previous records owner; or any health care practitioner's employer, including, but not limited to, group practices and staff-model health maintenance organizations, provided the employment contract or agreement between the employer and the health care practitioner designates the employer as the records owner.
- (2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner," "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's employer" do not include any of the following persons or entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized to maintain those documents required by the part or chapter under which they are licensed or regulated:

1	(a) Certified nursing assistants regulated under s.
2	400.211.
3	(b) Pharmacists and pharmacies licensed under chapter
4	<u>465.</u>
5	(c) Dental hygienists licensed under s. 466.023.
6	(d) Nursing home administrators licensed under part II
7	of chapter 468.
8	(e) Respiratory therapists regulated under part V of
9	chapter 468.
10	(f) Athletic trainers licensed under part XIV of
11	chapter 468.
12	(g) Electrolysists licensed under chapter 478.
13	(h) Clinical laboratory personnel licensed under part
14	III of chapter 483.
15	(i) Medical physicists licensed under part IV of
16	chapter 483.
17	(j) Opticians and optical establishments licensed or
18	permitted under part I of chapter 484.
19	(k) Persons or entities practicing under s.
20	<u>627.736(7).</u>
21	(3) This section does not apply to facilities licensed
22	under chapter 395.
23	(4) (1) Any health care practitioner licensed by the
24	department or a board within the department who makes a
25	physical or mental examination of, or administers treatment or
26	dispenses legend drugs to, any person shall, upon request of
27	such person or the person's legal representative, furnish, in
28	a timely manner, without delays for legal review, copies of
29	all reports and records relating to such examination or
30	treatment, including X rays and insurance information.
31	However when a patient's psychiatric chapter 490

psychological, or chapter 491 psychotherapeutic records are requested by the patient or the patient's legal representative, the health care practitioner may provide a report of examination and treatment in lieu of copies of records. Upon a patient's written request, complete copies of the patient's psychiatric records shall be provided directly to a subsequent treating psychiatrist. The furnishing of such report or copies shall not be conditioned upon payment of a fee for services rendered.

- (5)(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section and in s. 440.13(4)(c)(2), such records may not be furnished to, and the medical condition of a patient may not be discussed with, any person other than the patient or the patient's legal representative or other health care practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient, except upon written authorization of the patient. However, such records may be furnished without written authorization under the following circumstances:
- (a) To any person, firm, or corporation that has procured or furnished such examination or treatment with the patient's consent.
- (b) or When compulsory physical examination is made pursuant to Rule 1.360, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, in which case copies of the medical records shall be furnished to both the defendant and the plaintiff.
- (c) Such records may be furnished In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice to the patient or the patient's legal representative by the party seeking such records.

- (d) For statistical and scientific research, provided the information is abstracted in such a way as to protect the identity of the patient or provided written permission is received from the patient or the patient's legal representative.
- <u>administrative proceeding</u> when a health care <u>practitioner or</u> provider is or reasonably expects to be named as a defendant, information disclosed to a health care practitioner by a patient in the course of the care and treatment of such patient is confidential and may be disclosed only to other health care <u>practitioners and</u> providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient, or if permitted by written authorization from the patient or compelled by subpoena at a deposition, evidentiary hearing, or trial for which proper notice has been given.
- Administration, as appropriate, may obtain patient records and insurance information, if the complaint being investigated alleges inadequate medical care based on termination of insurance. The department may access these records pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration and the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has excessively or inappropriately prescribed any controlled substance specified in chapter 893 in violation of this part chapter or any professional practice act or that a health care practitioner has practiced his profession below that level of care, skill, and treatment required as defined by this part chapter or any professional practice act;

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provided, however, the patient record obtained by the 2 department or the agency pursuant to this subsection shall be 3 used solely for the purpose of the department or the agency 4 and the appropriate regulatory board in disciplinary 5 proceedings. The records record shall otherwise be 6 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1). This section does 7 not limit the assertion of the psychotherapist-patient privilege under s. 90.503 in regard to records of treatment 9 for mental or nervous disorders by a medical practitioner licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has 10 primarily diagnosed and treated mental and nervous disorders 11 12 for a period of not less than 3 years, inclusive of psychiatric residency. However, the health care practitioner 13 14 shall release records of treatment for medical conditions even if the health care practitioner has also treated the patient 15 for mental or nervous disorders. If the department or the 16 17 agency has found reasonable cause under this section and the psychotherapist-patient privilege is asserted, the department 18 19 or the agency may petition the circuit court for an in camera review of the records by expert medical practitioners 20 appointed by the court to determine if the records or any part 21 thereof are protected under the psychotherapist-patient 22 23 privilege. 24

(8)(3) All patient records obtained by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration and any other documents maintained by the department or the agency which identify the patient by name are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and shall be used solely for the purpose of the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration and the appropriate regulatory board in its investigation, prosecution, and appeal of disciplinary proceedings. The

records shall not be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration or the appropriate board.

- (9) All records owners shall develop and implement policies, standards, and procedures to protect the confidentiality and security of the medical record. Employees of records owners shall be trained in these policies, standards, and procedures.
- (10) Records owners are responsible for maintaining a record of all disclosures of information contained in the medical record to a third party, including the purpose of the disclosure request. The record of disclosure may be maintained in the medical record. The third party to whom information is disclosed is prohibited from further disclosing any information in the medical record without the expressed written consent of the patient or the patient's legal representative.
- (11) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 455.677, records owners shall place an advertisement in the local newspaper or notify patients, in writing, when they are terminating practice, retiring, or relocating, and no longer available to patients, and offer patients the opportunity to obtain a copy of their medical record.
- (12) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 455.677, records owners shall notify the appropriate board office when they are terminating practice, retiring, or relocating, and no longer available to patients, specifying who the new records owner is and where medical records can be found.

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(13) Whenever a records owner has turned records over 1 to a new records owner, the new records owner shall be 2 3 responsible for providing a copy of the complete medical record, upon written request, of the patient or the patient's 4 5 legal representative. 6 (14) Licensees in violation of the provisions of this 7 section shall be disciplined by the appropriate licensing 8 authority. 9 (15) The Attorney General is authorized to enforce the provisions of this section for records owners not otherwise 10 licensed by the state, through injunctive relief and fines not 11 12 to exceed \$5,000 per violation. (16) (4) A health care practitioner or records owner 13 14 furnishing copies of reports or records pursuant to this 15 section shall charge no more than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff time, or the amount specified in 16 17 administrative rule by the appropriate board, or the department when there is no board. 18 19 (17) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 20 limit health care practitioner consultations, as necessary. 21 (18) A records owner shall release to a health care 22 practitioner who, as an employee of the records owner, 23 previously provided treatment to a patient, those records that the health care practitioner actually created or generated 24 25 when the health care practitioner treated the patient. 26 Records released pursuant to this subsection shall be released only upon written request of the health care practitioner and 27 28 shall be limited to the notes, plans of care, and orders and

summaries that were actually generated by the health care

practitioner requesting the record.

Section 83. Section 455.2415, Florida Statutes, 1996
Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.671,
Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

455.671 455.2415 Communications confidential;
exceptions.--Communications between a patient and a

psychiatrist, as defined in <u>s. 394.455</u> s. 394.455(23), shall be held confidential and shall not be disclosed except upon the request of the patient or the patient's legal representative. Provision of psychiatric records and reports shall be governed by <u>s. 455.667</u> s. 455.241. Notwithstanding any other <u>provision</u> provisions of this section or s. 90.503, where:

- (1) A patient is engaged in a treatment relationship with a psychiatrist;
- (2) Such patient has made an actual threat to physically harm an identifiable victim or victims; and
- (3) The treating psychiatrist makes a clinical judgment that the patient has the apparent capability to commit such an act and that it is more likely than not that in the near future the patient will carry out that threat,

the psychiatrist may disclose patient communications to the extent necessary to warn any potential victim or to communicate the threat to a law enforcement agency. No civil or criminal action shall be instituted, and there shall be no liability on account of disclosure of otherwise confidential communications by a psychiatrist in disclosing a threat pursuant to this section.

Section 84. Section 455.2416, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.674, Florida Statutes.

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Section 85. Section 455.677, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
           455.677 Disposition of records of deceased
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   practitioners or practitioners relocating or terminating
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    practice. -- Each board created under the provisions of chapter
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    457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461,
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    chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, part I of
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    chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or chapter 491, and the
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    department under the provisions of chapter 462, shall provide
   by rule for the disposition, under that chapter, of the
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    medical records or records of a psychological nature of
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    practitioners which are in existence at the time the
    practitioner dies, terminates practice, or relocates and is no
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    longer available to patients and which records pertain to the
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   practitioner's patients. The rules shall provide that the
    records be retained for at least 2 years after the
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   practitioner's death, termination of practice, or relocation.
    In the case of the death of the practitioner, the rules shall
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   provide for the disposition of such records by the estate of
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    the practitioner.
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           Section 86. Section 455.681, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
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           455.681 Authority to inspect. -- In addition to the
    authority specified in s. 465.017, duly authorized agents and
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    employees of the department shall have the power to inspect in
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    a lawful manner at all reasonable hours:
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          (1) Any pharmacy; or
          (2) Any establishment at which the services of a
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    licensee authorized to prescribe controlled substances
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    specified in chapter 893 are offered,
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for the purpose of determining if any of the provisions of this part or any practice act of a profession or any rule 2 3 adopted thereunder is being violated; or for the purpose of 4 securing such other evidence as may be needed for prosecution. 5 Section 87. Section 455.244, Florida Statutes, is 6 transferred and renumbered as section 455.684, Florida 7 Statutes. 8 Section 88. Section 455.687, Florida Statutes, is 9 created to read: 455.687 Certain health care practitioners; immediate 10 suspension of license.--11 (1) The department shall issue an emergency order 12 suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter 13 14 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, or chapter 15 484 who pleads guilty to, is convicted or found guilty of, or 16 17 who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under chapter 409 or chapter 893 or 18 19 under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970 or under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396. 20 (2) If the board has previously found any physician or osteopathic physician in violation of the provisions of s. 21 458.331(1)(t) or s. 459.015(1)(x), in regard to his treatment 22 of three or more patients, and the probable cause panel of the 23 board finds probable cause of an additional violation of that 24 section, then the Secretary of Health shall review the matter 25 26 to determine if an emergency suspension or restriction order is warranted. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as 27 to limit the authority of the secretary of the department to 28 29 issue an emergency order. 30 31

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Section 89. Section 455.2455, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.691, Florida Statutes.

Section 90. Section 455.2456, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.694, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

455.694 455.2456 Boards regulating certain health care practitioners. --

- (1) As a prerequisite for licensure or license renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the board to be sufficient to cover claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.
- (2) The board may grant exemptions upon application by practitioners meeting any of the following criteria:
- (a) Any person licensed under chapter 457, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, or chapter 466 who practices exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the provisions of s.

 $\frac{768.28(15)}{\text{s.}} \frac{768.28(14)}{\text{or}}$ who is a volunteer under s. 110.501(1).

- (b) Any person whose license or certification has become inactive under chapter 457, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 464, or chapter 466 and who is not practicing in this state. Any person applying for reactivation of a license must show either that such licensee maintained tail insurance coverage which provided liability coverage for incidents that occurred on or after October 1, 1993, or the initial date of licensure in this state, whichever is later, and incidents that occurred before the date on which the license became inactive; or such licensee must submit an affidavit stating that such licensee has no unsatisfied medical malpractice judgments or settlements at the time of application for reactivation.
- (c) Any person holding a limited license pursuant to $\underline{s.455.561}$ $\underline{s.455.214}$, and practicing under the scope of such limited license.
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under chapter 457, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, or chapter 466 who practices only in conjunction with his teaching duties at an accredited school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license or certification under chapter 457, chapter 460, chapter 461, s. 464.012, or chapter 466 who is not practicing in this state. If such person initiates or resumes practice in this state, he must notify the department of such activity.

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(f) Any person who can demonstrate to the board that he has no malpractice exposure in the state.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the financial responsibility requirements of ss. 458.320 and 459.0085 shall continue to apply to practitioners licensed under those chapters.

Section 91. Section 455.247, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.697, Florida Statutes.

Section 92. Section 455.25, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 455.701, Florida Statutes, and is amended to read:

455.701 455.25 Disclosure of financial interest by production. --

- (1) A health care provider shall not refer a patient to an entity in which such provider is an investor unless, prior to the referral, the provider furnishes the patient with a written disclosure form, informing the patient of:
 - The existence of the investment interest.
- The name and address of each applicable entity in (b) which the referring health care provider is an investor.
- (c) The patient's right to obtain the items or services for which the patient has been referred at the location or from the provider or supplier of the patient's choice, including the entity in which the referring provider is an investor.
- (d) The names and addresses of at least two alternative sources of such items or services available to the patient.
- (2) An entity may not provide items or services to a patient unless, before providing the item or service, the

duties.--

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entity obtains the signature of the patient on a written disclosure form informing the patient of: 2 3 (a) The existence or nonexistence of any financial 4 relationship with the health care provider who referred the 5 patient; 6 (b) A schedule of typical fees for items or services 7 usually provided by the entity or, if impracticable because of 8 the nature of the treatment, a written estimate specific to 9 the patient; (c) The patient's right to obtain the items or 10 services for which the patient has been referred at a location 11 12 or from a supplier of the patient's choice, including an entity with which the referring health care provider may have 13 14 a financial relationship; and 15 (d) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of at least two reasonable alternative sources of such items or 16 17 services available to the patient. 18 (2) The physician or health care provider and the 19 entity shall post a copy of the their respective disclosure 20 forms in a conspicuous public place places in his or her 21 office the offices. 22 (3) (4) A violation of this section shall constitute a 23 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. In addition to any other penalties or 24 25 remedies provided, a violation of this section shall be 26 grounds for disciplinary action by the respective board. Section 93. Section 455.26, Florida Statutes, is 27 transferred, renumbered as section 455.704, Florida Statutes, 28 29 and amended to read: 30 455.704 455.26 Impaired Practitioners Committee;

1 There is created the Impaired Practitioners 2 Committee to be composed of one representative appointed by each board under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical 3 4 Quality Assurance, of one addictionologist, and one lay member 5 having an appropriate background in the area of impairment, 6 each to be appointed by the agency head of the agency having 7 jurisdiction over the professions, ; one representative of the 8 Agency for Health Care Administration, to be appointed by the 9 Director of Health Care Administration; and of one representative of the department appointed by the secretary of 10 the department. Section 455.534 455.207 applies to the 11 activities of the committee. 12 (2) The committee shall: 13 14 (a) Establish policies and guidelines to be used in approving treatment providers for preventive and 15 16 rehabilitative programs directed to impaired practitioners; 17 (b) Act as liaison between approved treatment 18 providers and the department and the Agency for Health Care 19 Administration; 20 (c) Advise the department and the agency on the 21 continuation and expansion of treatment programs for impaired 22 practitioners; and 23 (d) Disseminate information concerning the impairment 24 program. 25 Section 94. Section 455.261, Florida Statutes, 1996 26 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 455.707, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 27 28 455.707 455.261 Treatment programs for impaired 29 practitioners. --

practitioner programs provided for in their practice acts, the

(1) For professions that which do not have impaired

department shall, by rule, designate approved treatment programs under this section. The department may adopt rules setting forth appropriate criteria for approval of treatment providers based on the policies and guidelines established by the Impaired Practitioners Committee. The department shall not compel any impaired practitioner program in existence on October 1, 1992, to serve additional professions.

- (2) The department shall retain one or more impaired practitioner consultants as recommended by the committee. A consultant shall be a licensee or recovered licensee under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance within the department, and at least one consultant must be a practitioner or recovered practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464. The consultant shall assist the probable cause panel and department in carrying out the responsibilities of this section. This shall include working with department investigators to determine whether a practitioner is, in fact, impaired.
- (3)(a) Whenever the department receives a written or oral legally sufficient complaint alleging that a licensee under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance within the department is impaired as a result of the misuse or abuse of alcohol or drugs, or both, or due to a mental or physical condition which could affect the licensee's ability to practice with skill and safety, and no complaint against the licensee other than impairment exists, the reporting of such information shall not constitute a complaint within the meaning of \underline{s} . $\underline{455.621}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{455.225}$ if the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, or the department when there is no board, finds:

- 1. The licensee has acknowledged the impairment problem.
- 2. The licensee has voluntarily enrolled in an appropriate, approved treatment program.
- 3. The licensee has voluntarily withdrawn from practice or limited the scope of practice as determined by the panel, or the department when there is no board, in each case, until such time as the panel, or the department when there is no board, is satisfied the licensee has successfully completed an approved treatment program.
- 4. The licensee has executed releases for medical records, authorizing the release of all records of evaluations, diagnoses, and treatment of the licensee, including records of treatment for emotional or mental conditions, to the consultant. The consultant shall make no copies or reports of records that do not regard the issue of the licensee's impairment and his participation in a treatment program.
- (b) If, however, the licensee agrees to withdraw from practice until such time as the consultant determines the licensee has satisfactorily completed an approved treatment program or evaluation, the probable cause panel, or the department when there is no board, shall not become involved in the licensee's case.
- (c) Inquiries related to impairment treatment programs designed to provide information to the licensee and others and which do not indicate that the licensee presents a danger to the public shall not constitute a complaint within the meaning of $\underline{s.\ 455.621}$ $\underline{s.\ 455.225}$ and shall be exempt from the provisions of this subsection.

- (d) Whenever the department receives a legally sufficient complaint alleging that a licensee is impaired as described in paragraph (a) and no complaint against the licensee other than impairment exists, the department shall forward all information in its possession regarding the impaired licensee to the consultant. For the purposes of this section, a suspension from hospital staff privileges due to the impairment does not constitute a complaint.
- (e) The probable cause panel, or the department when there is no board, shall work directly with the consultant, and all information concerning a practitioner obtained from the consultant by the panel, or the department when there is no board, shall remain confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), subject to the provisions of subsections (5) and (6).
- (f) A finding of probable cause shall not be made as long as the panel, or the department when there is no board, is satisfied, based upon information it receives from the consultant and the department, that the licensee is progressing satisfactorily in an approved treatment program.
- (4) In any disciplinary action for a violation other than impairment in which a licensee establishes the violation for which the licensee is being prosecuted was due to or connected with impairment and further establishes the licensee is satisfactorily progressing through or has successfully completed an approved treatment program pursuant to this section, such information may be considered by the board, or the department when there is no board, as a mitigating factor in determining the appropriate penalty. This subsection does not limit mitigating factors the board may consider.

- (5)(a) An approved treatment provider shall, upon request, disclose to the consultant all information in its possession regarding the issue of a licensee's impairment and participation in the treatment program. All information obtained by the consultant and department pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), subject to the provisions of this subsection and subsection (6). Failure to provide such information to the consultant is grounds for withdrawal of approval of such program or provider.
- (b) If in the opinion of the consultant, after consultation with the treatment provider, an impaired licensee has not progressed satisfactorily in a treatment program, all information regarding the issue of a licensee's impairment and participation in a treatment program in the consultant's possession shall be disclosed to the department. Such disclosure shall constitute a complaint pursuant to the general provisions of $\underline{s.\ 455.621}\ \underline{s.\ 455.225}$. Whenever the consultant concludes that impairment affects a licensee's practice and constitutes an immediate, serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare, that conclusion shall be communicated to the secretary of the department.
- (6) A consultant, licensee, or approved treatment provider who makes a disclosure pursuant to this section is not subject to civil liability for such disclosure or its consequences. The provisions of s. 766.101 apply to any officer, employee, or agent of the department or the board and to any officer, employee, or agent of any entity with which the department has contracted pursuant to this section.

Section 95. Section 455.711, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.711 Inactive and delinquent status.--

- (1) A licensee may practice a profession only if the licensee has an active-status license. A licensee who practices a profession without an active-status license is in violation of this section and s. 455.624, and the board, or the department if there is no board, may impose discipline on the licensee.
- (2) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall permit a licensee to choose, at the time of licensure renewal, an active or inactive status. However, a licensee who changes from inactive to active status is not eligible to return to inactive status until the licensee thereafter completes a licensure cycle on active status.
- (3) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose a fee for an inactive-status license which is no greater than the fee for an active-status license.
- (4) An inactive-status licensee may change to active status at any time, if the licensee meets all requirements for active status, pays any additional licensure fees necessary to equal those imposed on an active-status licensee, pays any applicable reactivation fees as set by the board, or the department if there is no board, and meets all continuing education requirements as specified in this section.
- (5) A licensee must apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the board, or the department if there is no board, to renew an active-status or inactive-status license before the license expires. If a licensee fails to renew before the license expires, the license becomes delinquent in the license cycle following expiration.

- (6) A delinquent-status licensee must affirmatively apply with a complete application, as defined by rule of the board, or the department if there is no board, for active or inactive status during the licensure cycle in which a licensee becomes delinquent. Failure by a delinquent-status licensee to become active or inactive before the expiration of the current licensure cycle renders the license null without any further action by the board or the department. Any subsequent licensure shall be as a result of applying for and meeting all requirements imposed on an applicant for new licensure.

 (7) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose an additional delinquency fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal fee for an active-status licensee, on a delinquent-status licensee when such licensee
- (8) Each board, or the department if there is no board, shall by rule impose an additional fee, not to exceed the biennial renewal fee for an active-status license, for processing a licensee's request to change licensure status at any time other than at the beginning of a licensure cycle.

applies for active or inactive status.

board, may by rule impose reasonable conditions, excluding full reexamination but including part of a national examination or a special purpose examination to assess current competency, necessary to ensure that a licensee who has been on inactive status for more than two consecutive biennial licensure cycles and who applies for active status can practice with the care and skill sufficient to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Reactivation requirements may differ depending on the length of time licensees are inactive. The costs to meet reactivation

1	requirements shall be borne by licensees requesting
2	reactivation.
3	(10) Before reactivation, an inactive or delinquent
4	licensee must meet the same continuing education requirements,
5	if any, imposed on an active-status licensee for all biennial
6	licensure periods in which the licensee was inactive or
7	delinquent.
8	(11) The status or a change in status of a licensee
9	does not alter in any way the right of the board, or of the
.0	department if there is no board, to impose discipline or to
L1	enforce discipline previously imposed on a licensee for acts
.2	or omissions committed by the licensee while holding a
L3	license, whether active, inactive, or delinquent.
.4	(12) This section does not apply to a business
L5	establishment registered, permitted, or licensed by the
L6	department to do business.
L7	Section 96. Section 455.714, Florida Statutes, is
L8	created to read:
L9	455.714 Renewal and cancellation notices
20	(1) At least 90 days before the end of a licensure
21	cycle, the department shall:
22	(a) Forward a licensure renewal notification to an
23	active or inactive licensee at the licensee's last known
24	address of record with the department.
25	(b) Forward a notice of pending cancellation of
26	licensure to a delinquent-status licensee at the licensee's
27	last known address of record with the department.
28	(2) Each licensure renewal notification and each
29	notice of pending cancellation of licensure must state
30	conspicuously that a licensee who remains on inactive status
₹1	for more than two consecutive biennial licensure cycles and

who wishes to reactivate the license may be required to demonstrate the competency to resume active practice by sitting for a special purpose examination or by completing other reactivation requirements, as defined by rule of the board or the department if there is no board.

Section 97. Section 455.717, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

455.717 Address of record.--

- (1) Each licensee of the department is solely responsible for notifying the department in writing of the licensee's current mailing address and place of practice, as defined by rule of the board or the department if there is no board. A licensee's failure to notify the department of a change of address constitutes a violation of this section, and the licensee may be disciplined by the board or the department if there is no board.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, service by regular mail to a licensee's last known address of record with the department constitutes adequate and sufficient notice to the licensee for any official communication to the licensee by the board or the department except when other service is required under s. 455.261.

Section 98. Section 455.277, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 408.18, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

- 408.18 455.277 Health Care Community Antitrust Guidance Act; antitrust no-action letter; market-information collection and education.--
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Florida Health Care Community Antitrust Guidance Act."

- (2) This section is created to provide instruction to the health care community in a time of tremendous change, and to resolve, as completely as possible, the problem of antitrust uncertainty that may deter mergers, joint ventures, or other business activities that can improve the delivery of health care, without creating costly, time-consuming regulations that can lead to more litigation and delay.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Health care community" means all licensed health care providers, insurers, networks, purchasers, and other participants in the health care system.
- (b) "Antitrust no-action letter" means a letter that states the intention of the Attorney General's office not to take antitrust enforcement actions with respect to the requesting party, based on the specific facts then presented, as of the date the letter is issued.
- (4)(a) Members of the health care community who seek antitrust guidance may request a review of their proposed business activity by the Attorney General's office. In conducting its review, the Attorney General's office may seek whatever documentation, data, or other material it deems necessary from the Agency for Health Care Administration, the State Center for Health Statistics, and the Department of Insurance.
- (b) In order to receive an antitrust no-action letter, a member of the health care community must submit in writing to the Attorney General's office a request for an antitrust no-action letter.
- (c) The requesting parties are under an affirmative obligation to make full, true, and accurate disclosure with respect to the activities for which the antitrust no-action

letter is requested. Requests relating to unnamed persons or companies may not be answered. Each request must be accompanied by all relevant material information; relevant data, including background information; complete copies of all operative documents; the provisions of law under which the request arises; and detailed statements of all collateral oral understandings, if any.

- (d) All parties requesting the antitrust no-action letter must provide the Attorney General's office with whatever additional information or documents the Attorney General's office requests for its review of the matter.
- (5) The Attorney General's office shall act on the no-action letter request within 90 days after it receives all information necessary to complete its review.
- (6) At the completion of its review of a request for an antitrust no-action letter, the Attorney General's office shall do one of the following:
 - (a) Issue the antitrust no-action letter;
 - (b) Decline to issue any type of letter; or
- (c) Take such other position or action as it considers appropriate.
- (7) The recipient of a no-action letter must annually file with the Attorney General's office an affidavit stating that there has been no change in the facts the recipient has presented, at which time the Attorney General may renew the no-action letter. As long as there is no change in any material fact, the Attorney General's office is estopped from bringing any action pursuant to the antitrust laws concerning any specific conduct that is the subject of the no-action letter. Further, the no-action letter, if it meets the requirements of the Florida Evidence Code, is admissible in

any court proceeding in this state. The Attorney General's office remains free to bring an action or proceeding based on a different set of facts presented.

- (8) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall coordinate all existing data received, such as the hospital patient discharge database, ambulatory patient database, ambulatory facilities' financial data, health facility licensure and certification tracking system, health facility plans and construction data, local health council data, Medicaid data, provider claims data, psychiatric hospital discharge data, pharmaceutical data, licensure data of health maintenance organizations, licensure data of health insurers, health care practitioner licensure data, hospital financial database, health facility utilization and projected need data, nursing home financial database, nursing home patient database, and joint venture database. This information shall be made available to the Attorney General's office, as needed.
- (9) When the member of the health care community seeking the no-action letter is regulated by the Department of Insurance, the Department of Insurance shall make available to the Attorney General's office, as needed, any information it maintains in its regulatory capacity.
- (10) The Agency for Health Care Administration is appropriated \$142,487 in nonoperating transfer authority from the Health Care Trust Fund to be transferred to the Department of Legal Affairs to implement the provisions of this act.

 Transferred funds shall be taken from the unappropriated cash balance available from licensure and renewal fees assessed on physicians regulated by the Division of Medical Quality Assurance.

1	(11) There is appropriated to the Department of Legal
2	Affairs, Office of the Attorney General, \$142,487 from the
3	Legal Services Trust Fund and two full-time equivalent
4	positions to implement the provisions of this act.
5	Section 99. Section 455.2775, Florida Statutes, 1996
6	Supplement, is transferred and renumbered as section 408.185,
7	Florida Statutes.
8	Section 100. Section 455.2055, Florida Statutes, as
9	created by section 13 of chapter 96-403, Laws of Florida, is
10	repealed.
11	Section 101. Sections 455.01-455.275, Florida
12	Statutes, are designated as part I of that chapter, and the
13	Division of Statutory Revision is requested to title that
14	part: "Department of Business and Professional Regulation."
15	Sections 455.501-455.724, Florida Statutes, are designated as
16	part II of that chapter, and the Division of Statutory
17	Revision is requested to title that part: "Department of
18	<pre>Health."</pre>
19	Section 102. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (5)
20	of section 459.0085, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are
21	amended to read:
22	459.0085 Financial responsibility
23	(5) The requirements of subsections (1) , (2) , and (3)
24	shall not apply to:
25	(f) Any person holding an active license under this
26	chapter who meets all of the following criteria:
27	1. The licensee has held an active license to practice
28	in this state or another state or some combination thereof for
29	more than 15 years.
30	2. The licensee has either retired from the practice
31	of osteopathic medicine or maintains a part-time practice of

osteopathic medicine of no more than 1,000 patient contact hours per year.

- 3. The licensee has had no more than two claims for medical malpractice resulting in an indemnity exceeding \$25,000\$10,000 within the previous 5-year period.
- 4. The licensee has not been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, any criminal violation specified in this chapter or the practice act of any other state.
- 5. The licensee has not been subject within the last 10 years of practice to license revocation or suspension for any period of time, probation for a period of 3 years or longer, or a fine of \$500 or more for a violation of this chapter or the medical practice act of another jurisdiction. The regulatory agency's acceptance of an osteopathic physician's relinquishment of a license, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of administrative charges against the osteopathic physician's license, shall be construed as action against the physician's license for the purposes of this paragraph.
- 6. The licensee has submitted a form supplying necessary information as required by the department and an affidavit affirming compliance with the provisions of this paragraph.
- 7. The licensee shall submit biennially to the department a certification stating compliance with the provisions of this paragraph. The licensee shall, upon request, demonstrate to the department information verifying compliance with this paragraph.

A licensee who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall be required either to post notice in the form of a sign prominently displayed in the reception area and clearly noticeable by all patients or to provide a written statement to any person to whom medical services are being provided. Such sign or statement shall state that: Under Florida law, osteopathic physicians are generally required to carry medical malpractice insurance or otherwise demonstrate financial responsibility to cover potential claims for medical malpractice. However, certain part-time osteopathic physicians who meet state requirements are exempt from the financial responsibility law. YOUR OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN MEETS THESE REQUIREMENTS AND HAS DECIDED NOT TO CARRY MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE. This notice is provided pursuant to Florida law.

- (g) Any person holding an active license under this chapter who agrees to meet all of the following criteria:
- 1. Upon the entry of an adverse final judgment arising from a medical malpractice arbitration award, from a claim of medical malpractice either in contract or tort, or from noncompliance with the terms of a settlement agreement arising from a claim of medical malpractice either in contract or tort, the licensee shall pay the judgment creditor the lesser of the entire amount of the judgment with all accrued interest or either \$100,000, if the osteopathic physician is licensed pursuant to this chapter but does not maintain hospital staff privileges, or \$250,000, if the osteopathic physician is licensed pursuant to this chapter and maintains hospital staff privileges, within 60 days after the date such judgment became final and subject to execution, unless otherwise mutually agreed to in writing by the parties. Such adverse final

judgment shall include any cross-claim, counterclaim, or claim for indemnity or contribution arising from the claim of medical malpractice. Upon notification of the existence of an unsatisfied judgment or payment pursuant to this subparagraph, the department shall notify the licensee by certified mail that he shall be subject to disciplinary action unless, within 30 days from the date of mailing, he either:

- a. Shows proof that the unsatisfied judgment has been paid in the amount specified in this subparagraph; or
- b. Furnishes the department with a copy of a timely filed notice of appeal and either:
- (I) A copy of a supersedeas bond properly posted in the amount required by law; or
- (II) An order from a court of competent jurisdiction staying execution on the final judgment, pending disposition of the appeal.
- 2. Upon the next meeting of the probable cause panel of the board following 30 days after the date of mailing the notice of disciplinary action to the licensee, the panel shall make a determination of whether probable cause exists to take disciplinary action against the licensee pursuant to subparagraph 1.
- 3. If the board determines that the factual requirements of subparagraph 1. are met, it shall take disciplinary action as it deems appropriate against the licensee. Such disciplinary action shall include, at a minimum, probation of the license with the restriction that the licensee must make payments to the judgment creditor on a schedule determined by the board to be reasonable and within the financial capability of the osteopathic physician.

 Notwithstanding any other disciplinary penalty imposed, the

disciplinary penalty may include suspension of the license for a period not to exceed 5 years. In the event that an agreement to satisfy a judgment has been met, the board shall remove any restriction on the license.

4. The licensee has completed a form supplying necessary information as required by the department.

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A licensee who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall be required to either post notice in the form of a sign prominently displayed in the reception area and clearly noticeable by all patients or provide a written statement to any person to whom medical services are being provided. sign or statement shall state that: Under Florida law, osteopathic physicians are generally required to carry medical malpractice insurance or otherwise demonstrate financial responsibility to cover potential claims for medical malpractice. YOUR OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN HAS DECIDED NOT TO CARRY MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE. This is permitted under Florida law subject to certain conditions. Florida law imposes strict penalties against noninsured osteopathic physicians who fail to satisfy adverse judgments arising from claims of medical malpractice. This notice is provided pursuant to Florida law.

5. The Department of Health shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any licensee who fails after 30 days after receipt of notice from the department to satisfy a medical malpractice claim against him or her; furnish the department a copy of a timely filed notice of appeal; furnish the department a copy of a supercedeas bond properly posted in the amount required by law; or furnish the department an order

from a court of competent jurisdiction staying execution on 1 2 the final judgment pending disposition of the appeal. 3 Section 103. The Secretary of Health shall appoint a 4 task force to develop uniform procedures to standardize the 5 validation of health care practitioner credentials in order to 6 ensure that once credentials are validated they can be 7 accepted by licensed health care providers and facilities 8 throughout the state. The task force shall include, but not be 9 limited to, representatives from the Florida Hospital Association, the Florida League of Hospitals, the Florida 10 Medical Association, the Florida Osteopathic Medical 11 12 Association, the Florida Dental Association, the Florida Health Care Association, the Florida Association for the Homes 13 14 for the Aging, the Florida Association of Health Maintenance Organizations, and the Florida Association of Managed Care 15 16 Organizations. 17 Section 104. Subsection (5) of section 458.320, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 458.320 Financial responsibility.--20 (5) The requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) 21 shall not apply to: 22 (a) Any person licensed under this chapter who 23 practices medicine exclusively as an officer, employee, or agent of the Federal Government or of the state or its 24 agencies or its subdivisions. For the purposes of this 25 26 subsection, an agent of the state, its agencies, or its 27 subdivisions is a person who is eligible for coverage under any self-insurance or insurance program authorized by the 28 29 provisions of s. 768.28(14). (b) Any person whose license has become inactive under 30 this chapter and who is not practicing medicine in this state.

Any person applying for reactivation of a license must show either that such licensee maintained tail insurance coverage which provided liability coverage for incidents that occurred on or after January 1, 1987, or the initial date of licensure in this state, whichever is later, and incidents that occurred before the date on which the license became inactive; or such licensee must submit an affidavit stating that such licensee has no unsatisfied medical malpractice judgments or settlements at the time of application for reactivation.

- (c) Any person holding a limited license pursuant to s. 458.317 and practicing under the scope of such limited license.
- (d) Any person licensed or certified under this chapter who practices only in conjunction with his teaching duties at an accredited medical school or in its main teaching hospitals. Such person may engage in the practice of medicine to the extent that such practice is incidental to and a necessary part of duties in connection with the teaching position in the medical school.
- (e) Any person holding an active license under this chapter who is not practicing medicine in this state. If such person initiates or resumes any practice of medicine in this state, he must notify the department of such activity.
- (f) Any person holding an active license under this chapter who meets all of the following criteria:
- 1. The licensee has held an active license to practice in this state or another state or some combination thereof for more than 15 years.
- 2. The licensee has either retired from the practice of medicine or maintains a part-time practice of no more than 1,000 patient contact hours per year.

- 3. The licensee has had no more than two claims for medical malpractice resulting in an indemnity exceeding \$25,000\\$10,000 within the previous 5-year period.
 - 4. The licensee has not been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, any criminal violation specified in this chapter or the medical practice act of any other state.
 - 5. The licensee has not been subject within the last 10 years of practice to license revocation or suspension for any period of time; probation for a period of 3 years or longer; or a fine of \$500 or more for a violation of this chapter or the medical practice act of another jurisdiction. The regulatory agency's acceptance of a physician's relinquishment of a license, stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of administrative charges against the physician's license, shall be construed as action against the physician's license for the purposes of this paragraph.
 - 6. The licensee has submitted a form supplying necessary information as required by the department and an affidavit affirming compliance with the provisions of this paragraph.
- 7. The licensee shall submit biennially to the department certification stating compliance with the provisions of this paragraph. The licensee shall, upon request, demonstrate to the department information verifying compliance with this paragraph.

A licensee who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall be required either to post notice in the form of a sign prominently displayed in the reception area and clearly

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noticeable by all patients or provide a written statement to any person to whom medical services are being provided. Such sign or statement shall state that: Under Florida law, physicians are generally required to carry medical malpractice insurance or otherwise demonstrate financial responsibility to cover potential claims for medical malpractice. However, certain part-time physicians who meet state requirements are exempt from the financial responsibility law. YOUR DOCTOR MEETS THESE REQUIREMENTS AND HAS DECIDED NOT TO CARRY MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE. This notice is provided pursuant to Florida law.

- (g) Any person holding an active license under this chapter who agrees to meet all of the following criteria:
- 1. Upon the entry of an adverse final judgment arising from a medical malpractice arbitration award, from a claim of medical malpractice either in contract or tort, or from noncompliance with the terms of a settlement agreement arising from a claim of medical malpractice either in contract or tort, the licensee shall pay the judgment creditor the lesser of the entire amount of the judgment with all accrued interest or either \$100,000, if the physician is licensed pursuant to this chapter but does not maintain hospital staff privileges, or \$250,000, if the physician is licensed pursuant to this chapter and maintains hospital staff privileges, within 60 days after the date such judgment became final and subject to execution, unless otherwise mutually agreed to in writing by the parties. Such adverse final judgment shall include any cross-claim, counterclaim, or claim for indemnity or contribution arising from the claim of medical malpractice. Upon notification of the existence of an unsatisfied judgment or payment pursuant to this subparagraph, the department shall

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notify the licensee by certified mail that he shall be subject to disciplinary action unless, within 30 days from the date of mailing, he either:

- Shows proof that the unsatisfied judgment has been paid in the amount specified in this subparagraph; or
- b. Furnishes the department with a copy of a timely filed notice of appeal and either:
- (I) A copy of a supersedeas bond properly posted in the amount required by law; or
- (II) An order from a court of competent jurisdiction staying execution on the final judgment pending disposition of the appeal.
- 2. Upon the next meeting of the probable cause panel of the board following 30 days after the date of mailing the notice of disciplinary action to the licensee, the panel shall make a determination of whether probable cause exists to take disciplinary action against the licensee pursuant to subparagraph 1.
- If the board determines that the factual requirements of subparagraph 1. are met, it shall take disciplinary action as it deems appropriate against the licensee. Such disciplinary action shall include, at a minimum, probation of the license with the restriction that the licensee must make payments to the judgment creditor on a schedule determined by the board to be reasonable and within the financial capability of the physician. Notwithstanding any other disciplinary penalty imposed, the disciplinary penalty may include suspension of the license for a period not to exceed 5 years. In the event that an agreement to satisfy a judgment has been met, the board shall remove any restriction on the license.

4. The licensee has completed a form supplying necessary information as required by the department.

5. The Department of Health shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any licensee who fails, after 30 days after receipt of notice from the department, to: satisfy a medical malpractice claim against him or her; furnish the department a copy of a timely filed notice of appeal; furnish the department a copy of a supersedeas bond properly posted in the amount required by law; or furnish the department an order from a court of competent jurisdiction staying execution on the final judgment pending disposition of the appeal.

A licensee who meets the requirements of this paragraph shall be required to either post notice in the form of a sign prominently displayed in the reception area and clearly noticeable by all patients or provide a written statement to any person to whom medical services are being provided. Such sign or statement shall state that: Under Florida law, physicians are generally required to carry medical malpractice insurance or otherwise demonstrate financial responsibility to cover potential claims for medical malpractice. YOUR DOCTOR HAS DECIDED NOT TO CARRY MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE. This is permitted under Florida law subject to certain conditions. Florida law imposes penalties against noninsured physicians who fail to satisfy adverse judgments arising from claims of medical malpractice. This notice is provided pursuant to Florida law.

Section 105. Section 627.912, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

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627.912 Professional liability claims and actions; reports by insurers.--

- (1) Each self-insurer authorized under s. 627.357 and each insurer or joint underwriting association providing professional liability insurance to a practitioner of medicine licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 458, to a practitioner of osteopathic medicine licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 459, to a podiatrist licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 461, to a dentist licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 466, to a hospital licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 395, to a crisis stabilization unit licensed under part IV of chapter 394, to a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, to clinics included in chapter 390, to an ambulatory surgical center as defined in s. 395.002, or to a member of The Florida Bar shall report in duplicate to the Department of Insurance any claim or action for damages for personal injuries claimed to have been caused by error, omission, or negligence in the performance of such insured's professional services or based on a claimed performance of professional services without consent, if the claim resulted in:
 - (a) A final judgment in any amount.
 - (b) A settlement in any amount.
- (c) A final disposition not resulting in payment on behalf of the insured.

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Reports shall be filed with the department and, if the insured party is licensed <u>under pursuant to</u> chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, with the <u>Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Business and Professional</u>

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Regulation, no later than 30 60 days following the occurrence of any event listed in paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or 2 3 paragraph (c). The Agency for Health Care Administration 4 Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall 5 review each report and determine whether any of the incidents that resulted in the claim potentially involved conduct by the 6 7 licensee that is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 455.225 shall apply. The Agency for 8 9 Health Care Administration Department of Business and Professional Regulation, as part of the annual report required 10 by s. 455.2285, shall publish annual statistics, without 11 12 identifying licensees, on the reports it receives, including final action taken on such reports by the agency Department of 13 14 Business and Professional Regulation or the appropriate 15 regulatory board.

- (2) The reports required by subsection (1) shall contain:
- (a) The name, address, and specialty coverage of the insured.
 - (b) The insured's policy number.
- (c) The date of the occurrence which created the claim.
- (d) The date the claim was reported to the insurer or self-insurer.
- (e) The name and address of the injured person. This information is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), and must not be disclosed by the department without the injured person's consent, except for disclosure by the department to the Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Business and Professional Regulation. This information may be used by the department for purposes of

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identifying multiple or duplicate claims arising out of the same occurrence.

- (f) The date of suit, if filed.
- (g) The injured person's age and sex.
- (h) The total number and names of all defendants involved in the claim.
- (i) The date and amount of judgment or settlement, if any, including the itemization of the verdict as required under s. 768.48, together with a copy of the settlement or judgment.
- (j) In the case of a settlement, such information as the department may require with regard to the injured person's incurred and anticipated medical expense, wage loss, and other expenses.
- (k) The loss adjustment expense paid to defense counsel, and all other allocated loss adjustment expense paid.
- (1) The date and reason for final disposition, if no judgment or settlement.
- (m) A summary of the occurrence which created the claim, which shall include:
- 1. The name of the institution, if any, and the location within the institution at which the injury occurred.
- 2. The final diagnosis for which treatment was sought or rendered, including the patient's actual condition.
- 3. A description of the misdiagnosis made, if any, of the patient's actual condition.
- 4. The operation, diagnostic, or treatment procedure causing the injury.
- 5. A description of the principal injury giving rise to the claim.

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- The safety management steps that have been taken by the insured to make similar occurrences or injuries less likely in the future.
- (n) Any other information required by the department to analyze and evaluate the nature, causes, location, cost, and damages involved in professional liability cases.
- (3) Upon request by the Agency for Health Care Administration Department of Business and Professional Regulation, the department shall provide the that agency department with any information received under pursuant to this section related to persons licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466. For purposes of safety management, the department shall annually provide the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with copies of the reports in cases resulting in an indemnity being paid to the claimants.
- (4) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any insurer reporting hereunder or its agents or employees or the department or its employees for any action taken by them under pursuant to this section. The department may impose a fine of \$250 per day per case, not to exceed \$1,000 per case, against an insurer that violates the requirements of this section. This subsection applies to claims accruing on or after October 1, 1997.

Section 106. Paragraph (t) of subsection (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

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- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (t) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances. The board shall give great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph. used in this paragraph, "repeated malpractice" includes, but is not limited to, three or more claims for medical malpractice within the previous 5-year period resulting in indemnities being paid in excess of \$25,000 \$10,000 each to the claimant in a judgment or settlement and which incidents involved negligent conduct by the physician. As used in this paragraph, "gross malpractice" or "the failure to practice medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances," shall not be construed so as to require more than one instance, event, or act. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require that a physician be incompetent to practice medicine in order to be disciplined pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 107. Paragraph (x) of subsection (1) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

 $$459.015\$ Grounds for disciplinary action by the board.--

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- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- 4 (x) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to 5 practice osteopathic medicine with that level of care, skill, 6 and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent 7 similar osteopathic physician as being acceptable under 8 similar conditions and circumstances. The board shall give 9 great weight to the provisions of s. 766.102 when enforcing this paragraph. As used in this paragraph, "repeated 10 malpractice" includes, but is not limited to, three or more 11 12 claims for medical malpractice within the previous 5-year period resulting in indemnities being paid in excess of 13 14 \$25,000\$10,000 each to the claimant in a judgment or 15 settlement and which incidents involved negligent conduct by the osteopathic physician. As used in this paragraph, "gross 16 malpractice" or "the failure to practice osteopathic medicine 17 with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is 18 19 recognized by a reasonably prudent similar osteopathic physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and 20 circumstances" shall not be construed so as to require more 21 than one instance, event, or act. Nothing in this paragraph 22 23 shall be construed to require that an osteopathic physician be incompetent to practice osteopathic medicine in order to be 24 disciplined pursuant to this paragraph. A recommended order 25 26 by an administrative law judge or a final order of the board 27 finding a violation under this paragraph shall specify whether the licensee was found to have committed "gross malpractice," 28 29 "repeated malpractice," or "failure to practice osteopathic medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which 30 is recognized as being acceptable under similar conditions and

circumstances," or any combination thereof, and any publication by the board shall so specify.

Section 108. Subsection (2) of section 468.1645, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.1645 Administrator license required.--

(2) Nothing in this part or in the rules adopted hereunder shall require an administrator of any facility or institution operated by and a recognized church or religious denomination for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through prayer, in accordance with the creed or tenets of any organized church or religious denomination, to be licensed as a nursing home administrator if the administrator who is employed only to administer in such facilities or institutions accredited by such church or denomination for the care and treatment of the sick in accordance with its teachings, to be licensed as a nursing home administrator.

Section 109. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 458.3115, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to read:

458.3115 Restricted license; certain foreign-licensed physicians; United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) or agency-developed examination; restrictions on practice; full licensure.--

(1)

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the agency shall provide procedures under which certain physicians who are or were foreign-licensed and have practiced medicine no less than 2 years may take the USMLE or an agency-developed examination to qualify for a restricted license to practice medicine in this state. The agency and board-developed

examination shall test the same areas of medical knowledge as the Federation of State Medical Boards of the United States, Inc. (FLEX) previously administered by the Florida Board of Medicine to grant medical licensure in Florida. Said examination shall be in the same form and content and shall be administered in the same manner as the FLEX. The agency-developed examination must be made available no later than September 1, 1998, to a physician who qualifies for licensure. A person who is eligible to take and elects to take the agency and board-developed examination, who has previously passed part 1 or part 2 of the previously administered FLEX shall not be required to retake or pass the equivalent parts of the agency-developed examination, and may sit for the agency and board-developed examination five times within 5 years.

- (c) A person shall be eligible to take such examination for restricted licensure if the person:
- 1. Has taken, upon approval by the board, and completed, in November 1990 or November 1992, one of the special preparatory medical update courses authorized by the board and the University of Miami Medical School and subsequently passed the final course examination; or upon approval by the board to take the course completed in 1990 or in 1992, has a certificate of successful completion of that course from the University of Miami or the Stanley H. Kaplan course; or can document to the department that he or she was one of the persons who took and successfully completed the Stanley H. Kaplan course that was approved by the Board of Medicine and supervised by the University of Miami. At a minimum, the documentation must include class attendance records and the test score on the final course examination;

- 2. Applies to the agency and submits an application fee that is nonrefundable and equivalent to the fee required for full licensure;
 - 3. Documents no less than 2 years of the active practice of medicine in another jurisdiction;
 - 4. Submits an examination fee that is nonrefundable and equivalent to the fee required for full licensure plus the actual per-applicant cost to the agency to provide either examination described in this section;
 - 5. Has not committed any act or offense in this or any other jurisdiction that would constitute a substantial basis for disciplining a physician under this chapter or chapter 455; and
 - 6. Is not under discipline, investigation, or prosecution in this or any other jurisdiction for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter or chapter 455 and that substantially threatened or threatens the public health, safety, or welfare.

Section 110. Section 458.3124, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 458.3124 Restricted license; certain experienced foreign-trained physicians.--
- (1) A person who was trained in a medical school that is listed in the World Directory of Medical Schools published by the World Health Organization and is located in a country other than the United States, Canada, or Puerto Rico may apply to take Step III of the United States Medical Licensing Examination, if the person:
- (a) Legally practiced medicine for at least 5 years in the country in which the school is located;

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approved by the board.

(b) Has passed Steps I and II of the United States 1 2 Medical Licensing Examination; 3 (c) Is certified by the Education Commission for 4 Foreign Medical Graduates as qualified for a restricted 5 license to practice medicine; 6 (d) Is not subject to discipline, investigation, or 7 prosecution in any jurisdiction for acts that threaten the 8 public health, safety, or welfare or violate chapters 455 or 9 458; and 10 (e) Has been a resident of this state since July 1, 1996. 11 12 (2) A person applying for licensure under this section 13 must submit to the Department of Health on or before December 14 31, 1998: (a) A completed application and documentation required 15 16 by the Board of Medicine to prove compliance with subsection 17 (1); and 18 (b) A nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$500 19 and a nonrefundable examination fee not to exceed \$300 plus 20 the actual cost to purchase and administer the examination. 21 (3) A person applying under this section may take the 22 examination a maximum of 5 times within 5 years. 23 (4) A restricted licensee under this section must practice under the supervision of a licensee approved by the 24 25 board, with the first year of licensure under direct 26 supervision and the second year in community service under 27 indirect supervision, including practicing with organizations that serve indigent populations, such as section 501(c)(3) 28 29 agencies, public health units, prisons, or other organizations

1	(5) Notwithstanding s. 458.311(1)(f), a person who
2	successfully meets the requirements of this section and who
3	successfully passes Step III of the United States Medical
4	Licensing Examination is eligible for full licensure as a
5	physician.
6	(6) The board shall adopt rules to implement this
7	section.
8	Section 111. Except as otherwise provided in this act,
9	this act shall take effect July 1, 1997.
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