By Senator Grant

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to postsecondary education; amending s. 228.041, F.S.; revising definitions relating to postsecondary education fees; directing that changes in terminology be made in the Florida Statutes; amending s. 239.117, F.S.; authorizing certain fees; prohibiting community colleges and district school boards from charging fees not specifically authorized by statute; amending s. 240.209, F.S.; revising provisions relating to fees; amending s. 240.235, F.S.; revising provisions relating to fees and fee waivers; amending s. 240.35, F.S.; authorizing certain fees; prohibiting community colleges from charging fees not specifically authorized by statute; amending s. 240.551, F.S.; authorizing advance payment contracts to cover required local fees to a specified level; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsections (32) and (33) of section 228.041, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (43) is added to that section, to read: 228.041 Definitions.--Specific definitions shall be as follows, and wherever such defined words or terms are used in the Florida School Code, they shall be used as follows: TUITION MATRICULATION FEE. -- The basic fee charged to a student for instruction provided by a public

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postsecondary educational institution in this state. A charge for any other purpose shall not be included within this fee.

- instruction provided by a public postsecondary educational institution in this state, which fee is charged to a non-Florida student as defined in rules of the State Board of Education, the State Board of Community Colleges, or the Board of Regents. A charge for any other purpose shall not be included within this fee.
- (43) REGISTRATION FEES.--The fees that a student attending a public postsecondary institution may be charged to enroll in a course. For a student attending a state university, these fees include tuition, financial aid fee, building fee, capital improvement trust fund fee, activity and service fee, health fee, and athletic fee. For a student attending a public community college or a school district vocational-technical school, these fees include tuition, activity and service fee, financial aid fee, and capital improvement fee.

Section 2. Subsections (9) through (17) of section 239.117, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 239.117 <u>Workforce development</u> postsecondary student fees.--
- (9) A district school board or a community college board of trustees may charge other fees only as authorized by rule of the State Board of Education or the State Board of Community Colleges.
- (9)(10) The State Board of Education and the State Board of Community Colleges shall adopt rules to allow the deferral of registration and tuition fees for students receiving financial aid from a federal or state assistance

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 program when such aid is delayed in being transmitted to the student through circumstances beyond the control of the student. The failure to make timely application for such aid is an insufficient reason to receive a deferral of fees. The rules must provide for the enforcement and collection or other settlement of delinquent accounts.

(10)(11) Any veteran or other eligible student who receives benefits under chapter 30, chapter 31, chapter 32, chapter 34, or chapter 35 of Title 38, U.S.C., or chapter 106 of Title 10, U.S.C., is entitled to one deferment each academic year and an additional deferment each time there is a delay in the receipt of benefits.

(11)(12) Each school district and community college shall be responsible for collecting all deferred fees. If a school district or community college has not collected a deferred fee, the student may not earn state funding for any course for which the student subsequently registers until the fee has been paid.

(12)(13) Any school district or community college that reports students who have not paid fees in an approved manner in calculations of full-time equivalent enrollments for state funding purposes shall be penalized at a rate equal to 2 times the value of such enrollments. Such penalty shall be charged against the following year's allocation from the Florida Workforce Development Education Fund or the Community College Program Fund and shall revert to the General Revenue Fund. The State Board of Education shall specify, in rule, approved methods of student fee payment. Such methods must include, but need not be limited to, student fee payment; payment through federal, state, or institutional financial aid; and employer fee payments.

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(13) (14) Each school district and community college shall report only those students who have actually enrolled in instruction provided or supervised by instructional personnel under contract with the district or community college in calculations of actual full-time enrollments for state funding A student who has been exempted from taking a course or who has been granted academic or vocational credit through means other than actual coursework completed at the granting institution may not be calculated for enrollment in the course from which the student has been exempted or for which the student has been granted credit. School districts and community colleges that report enrollments in violation of this subsection shall be penalized at a rate equal to 2 times the value of such enrollments. Such penalty shall be charged against the following year's allocation from the Workforce Development Education Fund and shall revert to the General Revenue Fund.

(14)(15) School boards and community college boards of trustees may establish scholarship funds using donations. If such funds are established, school boards and community college boards of trustees shall adopt rules that provide for the criteria and methods for awarding scholarships from the fund.

(16) School boards and community college boards of trustees may establish, by rule, a consumable supply fee for postsecondary students enrolled in certificate career education or supplemental courses.

(15)(17) Each school board and community college board of trustees may establish a separate fee for capital improvements, technology enhancements, or equipping buildings which may not exceed 5 percent of the matriculation fee for

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resident students or 5 percent of the matriculation and tuition fee for nonresident students. Funds collected through these fees may not be bonded. The fee shall be collected as a component part of the registration and tuition fees, paid into a separate account, and expended only to maintain, improve, equip, or enhance the certificate career education or adult education facilities of the school district or community college. Projects funded through the use of the capital improvement fee must meet the survey and construction requirements of chapter 235. Pursuant to s. 216.0158, each school board and community college board of trustees shall identify each project, including maintenance projects, proposed to be funded in whole or in part by such fee. maximum of 15 cents per credit hour may be allocated from the capital improvement fee for child care centers conducted by the school board or community college board of trustees.

- (16) Community colleges and district school boards may not charge students enrolled in workforce development programs any fee that is not specifically authorized by statute. In addition to tuition, activity and service fees, financial aid fees, and capital improvement fees, as authorized in this section, community colleges and district school boards may charge students laboratory fees, transcript fees, application fees, graduation fees, and consumable supply fees. Only tuition and the fees specified in this subsection may be charged.
- (17) Boards of trustees and district school boards may establish specific fees for instruction not reported for state funding purposes or for instruction not reported as state funded full-time equivalent students. Boards of trustees and

 district school boards are not required to charge any other fees specified in this section for this type of instruction.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 240.209, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.209 Board of Regents; powers and duties .--

- (3) The board shall:
- (a) Develop a plan for the future expansion of the State University System and recommend the establishment of new universities consistent with the criteria adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 229.053. The plan must include a procedure for the periodic assessment of the need for a new state university and specific standards for the minimum acreage, building space, staffing, and programmatic mix of state universities.
- (b) Appoint or remove the president of each university in accordance with procedures and rules adopted by the Board of Regents. The board may appoint a search committee to assist in evaluating presidential candidates. Each appointment of a university president shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ss. 119.07 and 286.011. The board shall determine the compensation and other conditions of employment for each president. The board shall not provide a tenured faculty appointment to any president who is removed through termination by the board or resignation tendered at the request of the board.
- (c) Approve new degree programs for all state universities. In so doing, the board shall be mindful of the differentiated missions of the several universities. New colleges, schools, or functional equivalents of any program leading to a degree which is offered as a credential for a specific license granted under the Florida Statutes or the

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State Constitution shall not be established without the specific approval of the Legislature.

- (d) Prepare the legislative budget requests, including fixed capital outlay requests, in accordance with chapter 216 and s. 235.41. The board shall provide to the individual universities fiscal policy guidelines, formats, and instructions for the development of individual university budget requests.
- (e) Establish student fees  $\underline{\text{pursuant to the provisions}}$  of s. 240.235.
- By no later than December 1 of each year, the board shall raise the systemwide standard for resident undergraduate matriculation and financial aid fees for the subsequent fall term, up to but no more than 25 percent of the prior year's cost of undergraduate programs. In implementing this paragraph, fees charged for graduate, medical, veterinary, and dental programs may be increased by the Board of Regents in the same percentage as the increase in fees for resident undergraduates. However, in the absence of legislative action to the contrary in an appropriations act, the board may not approve annual fee increases for resident students in excess of 10 percent. The sum of nonresident student matriculation and tuition fees must be sufficient to defray the full cost of undergraduate education. Graduate, medical, veterinary, and dental fees charged to nonresidents may be increased by the board in the same percentage as the increase in fees for nonresident undergraduates. However, in implementing this policy and in the absence of legislative action to the contrary in an appropriations act, annual fee increases for nonresident students may not exceed 25 percent. In the absence of legislative action to the contrary in the General

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Appropriations Act, the fees shall go into effect for the following fall term.

- 2. When the appropriations act requires a new fee schedule, the board shall establish a systemwide standard fee schedule required to produce the total fee revenue established in the appropriations act based on the product of the assigned enrollment and the fee schedule. The board may approve the expenditure of any fee revenues resulting from the product of the fee schedule adopted pursuant to this section and the assigned enrollment.
- 3. Upon provision of authority in a General Appropriations Act to spend revenue raised pursuant to this section, the board shall approve a university request to implement a matriculation and out-of-state tuition fee schedule which is calculated to generate revenue which varies no more than 10 percent from the standard fee revenues authorized through an appropriations act. In implementing an alternative fee schedule, the increase in cost to a student taking 15 hours in one term shall be limited to 5 percent. Matriculation and out-of-state tuition fee revenues generated as a result of this provision are to be expended for implementing a plan for achieving accountability goals adopted pursuant to s. 240.214(2) and for implementing a Board of Regents-approved plan to contain student costs by reducing the time necessary for graduation without reducing the quality of instruction. The plans shall be recommended by a universitywide committee, at least one-half of whom are students appointed by the student body president. A chairperson, appointed jointly by the university president and the student body president, shall vote only in the case of a tie.

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1 4. The board is authorized to collect for financial aid purposes an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the student 2 3 tuition and matriculation fee per credit hour. The revenues from fees are to remain at each campus and replace existing 4 financial aid fees. Such funds shall be disbursed to students 5 6 as quickly as possible. The board shall specify specific 7 limits on the percent of the fees collected in a fiscal year 8 which may be carried forward unexpended to the following fiscal year. A minimum of 50 percent of funds from the student 9 10 financial aid fee shall be used to provide financial aid based 11 on absolute need. A student who has received an award prior to July 1, 1984, shall have his or her eligibility assessed on 12 13 the same criteria that was used at the time of his or her original award. 14

- 5. The board may recommend to the Legislature an appropriate systemwide standard matriculation and tuition fee schedule.
- Trust Fund is hereby created, to be administered by the Department of Education. Funds shall be credited to the trust fund from student fee collections and other miscellaneous fees and receipts. The purpose of the trust fund is to support the instruction and research missions of the State University System. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301, and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the trust fund.
- (f) Establish and maintain systemwide personnel programs for all State University System employees, including a systemwide personnel classification and pay plan,

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notwithstanding provisions of law that grant authority to the 2 Department of Management Services over such programs for state 3 employees. The board shall consult with the legislative 4 appropriations committees regarding any major policy changes 5 related to classification and pay which are in conflict with 6 those policies in effect for career service employees with 7 similar job classifications and responsibilities. The board 8 may adopt rules delegating its authority to the Chancellor or 9 the universities. The board shall submit, in a manner 10 prescribed by law, any reports concerning State University 11 System personnel programs as shall be required of the Department of Management Services for other state employees. 12 13 The Department of Management Services shall retain authority over State University System employees for programs 14 established in ss. 110.116, 110.123, 110.1232, 110.1234, 15 110.1235, and 110.1238 and in chapters 121, 122, and 238. 16 17 board shall adopt only those rules necessary to provide for a 18 coordinated, efficient systemwide program and shall delegate 19 to the universities all authority necessary for implementation 20 of the program consistent with these coordinating rules so 21 adopted and applicable collective bargaining agreements. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.181(7), the salary 22 rate controls for positions in budgets under the Board of 23 24 Regents shall separately delineate the general faculty and all 25 other categories.

(g) Develop a plan, to be mutually agreed upon by applicable bargaining units, for the transfer of employees from career service status provisions of chapter 110. Subject to the approval of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the plan shall become effective July 1, 1986.

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- (h) Recommend to the Legislature any proposed changes in the Capital Improvement Trust Fund and building fees. The Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee is established as \$2.44 per credit hour per semester. The building fee is established as \$2.32 per credit hour per semester.
- (i) Terminate programs at the state universities pursuant to findings of reviews and evaluations of instructional, research, and service programs at the universities.
- (j) After consultation with the university presidents, adopt a systemwide strategic plan which specifies goals and objectives for the State University System. In developing this plan, the board shall consider the role of individual public and independent institutions within the state. The plan shall provide for the roles of the universities to be coordinated to best meet state needs and reflect cost-effective use of state resources. The strategic plan shall clarify mission statements and identify degree programs to be offered at each university in accordance with the objectives provided herein. The systemwide strategic plan shall be for a period of 5 years with modification of the program lists after 2 years. Development of each 5-year plan shall be coordinated with and initiated subsequent to completion of the master plan specified in s. 240.147. The Board of Regents shall submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate upon modification of the system plan.
- (k) Seek the cooperation and advice of the officers and trustees of both public and private institutions of higher education in the state in performing its duties and making its plans, studies, and recommendations.

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in the State University System.

(m) Establish and maintain an effective information

(1) Coordinate and provide for educational television

- (m) Establish and maintain an effective information system which will provide composite data about the university system and assure that special analyses and studies of the universities are conducted, as necessary, for provision of accurate and cost-effective information about the universities and about the system as a whole.
- (n) Seek the cooperation and advice of superintendents and board members of local school districts in the state in performing its duties and making its plans, studies, and recommendations. The systemwide and university strategic plans shall specifically include programs and procedures for responding to the educational needs of teachers and students in the public schools of this state.
- (o) Submit to the State Board of Education, for approval, all new campuses and instructional centers approved by the board.
- (p) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 216.044, 255.248, 255.249, 255.25, 255.28, 255.29, and 287.055, adopt rules to administer a program for the maintenance and construction of facilities in the State University System and to secure, or otherwise provide as a self-insurer pursuant to s. 440.38(6), workers' compensation coverage for contractors and subcontractors, or each of them, employed by or on behalf of the Board of Regents when performing work on or adjacent to property owned or used by the Board of Regents or the State University System.
- (q) Adopt rules to ensure compliance with the provisions of s. 287.0945, for all State University System procurement, and additionally, ss. 255.101 and 255.102, for

 construction contracts, and rules adopted pursuant thereto, relating to the utilization of minority business enterprises, except that procurements costing less than the amount provided for in CATEGORY FIVE as provided in s. 287.017 shall not be subject to s. 287.0945(7)(a).

- (r) Adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities.
- (s) Monitor the extent of limited access programs within the state universities and report to the State Board of Education and the Legislature admissions and enrollment data for limited access programs. Such report shall be submitted by December 1, 1991, and annually thereafter, and shall assist in determining the potential need for academic program contracts with independent institutions pursuant to s. 229.053. The report shall include, for each limited access program within each institution, the following categories, by race and gender:
  - 1. The number of applicants.
  - 2. The number of applicants granted admission.
- 3. The number of applicants who are granted admission and enroll.
  - 4. The number of applicants denied admission.
- 5. The number of applicants neither granted admission nor denied admission.

Each category shall be reported for each term. Each category shall be reported by type of student, including the following subcategories: native student, community college associate in arts degree transfer student, and other student. Each category and subcategory shall further be reported according to the number of students who meet or exceed the minimum

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eligibility requirements for admission to the program and the number of students who do not meet or exceed the minimum eligibility requirements for admission to the program.

(t) Adopt rules providing that each state university shall advise students who meet the minimum requirements for admission to the upper division of a state university, but are denied admission to limited access programs, of the availability of similar programs at other State University System institutions and the admissions requirements of such programs.

Section 4. Section 240.235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.235 Fees.--

- (1) The board shall, as part of its legislative budget request, propose a fee schedule for tuition and financial aid fees sufficient to generate the revenues required in the budget request. The resident undergraduate tuition shall be set at no less than 25 percent of the full cost of undergraduate instruction. Except as otherwise provided by law, the resident graduate tuition shall be set at no less than 25 percent of the full cost of graduate instruction. The nonresident undergraduate tuition must be sufficient to defray the full cost of undergraduate education. The nonresident graduate tuition must be sufficient to defray the full cost of graduate education.
- (2) As necessary, the board shall revise the systemwide standard fee schedule to produce the total fee revenue established in the appropriations act, based on the product of the assigned enrollment and the fee schedule.

  However, the annual fee increases for resident tuition may not

exceed 10 percent unless otherwise provided in the appropriations act.

- (3) The board may approve a university request to implement a resident and nonresident tuition schedule that is calculated to generate revenue that varies no more than 10 percent from the standard fee revenues authorized through an appropriations act.
- (4) The board may collect for financial aid purposes an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the registration fees. These revenues are to remain at each campus and must be disbursed to students as quickly as possible. The board shall establish specific limits on the percent of the fees collected in a fiscal year which may be carried forward unexpended to the following fiscal year. A minimum of 70 percent of funds from the student financial aid fee must be used to provide financial aid based on absolute need.
- (5) The Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee is established as \$2.44 per credit hour per semester. The building fee is established as \$2.32 per credit hour per semester.
- (6) Unless otherwise provided, funds from student fee collections and other miscellaneous fees and receipts shall be credited to the Education and General Student Other Fees Trust Fund, administered by the Department of Education. The purpose of the trust fund is to support the instruction and research missions of the State University System. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301, and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the trust fund.

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(7)(1) Each university is authorized to establish separate activity and service, health, and athletic fees. When duly established, the fees shall be collected as component parts of the registration and tuition fees and shall be retained by the university and paid into the separate activity and service, health, and athletic funds.

- (a)1. Each university president shall establish a student activity and service fee on the main campus of the university. The university president may also establish a student activity and service fee on any branch campus or center. Any subsequent increase in the activity and service fee must be recommended by an activity and service fee committee, at least one-half of whom are students appointed by the student body president. The remainder of the committee shall be appointed by the university president. A chairperson, appointed jointly by the university president and the student body president, shall vote only in the case of a tie. The recommendations of the committee shall take effect only after approval by the university president, after consultation with the student body president, with final approval by the Board of Regents. An increase in the activity and service fee may occur only once each fiscal year and must be implemented beginning with the fall term. The Board of Regents is responsible for promulgating the rules and timetables necessary to implement this fee.
- 2. The student activity and service fees shall be expended for lawful purposes to benefit the student body in general. This shall include, but shall not be limited to, student publications and grants to duly recognized student organizations, the membership of which is open to all students at the university without regard to race, sex, or religion.

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The fund may not benefit activities for which an admission fee 2 is charged to students, except for 3 student-government-association-sponsored concerts. allocation and expenditure of the fund shall be determined by 4 5 the student government association of the university, except that the president of the university may veto any line item or portion thereof within the budget when submitted by the student government association legislative body. university president shall have 15 school days from the date 10 of presentation of the budget to act on the allocation and 11 expenditure recommendations, which shall be deemed approved if no action is taken within the 15 school days. If any line item 12 13 or portion thereof within the budget is vetoed, the student government association legislative body shall within 15 school 14 days make new budget recommendations for expenditure of the 15 vetoed portion of the fund. If the university president 16 17 vetoes any line item or portion thereof within the new budget 18 revisions, the university president may reallocate by line 19 item that vetoed portion to bond obligations guaranteed by 20 activity and service fees. Unexpended funds and undisbursed funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall be carried 21 over and remain in the student activity and service fund and 22 be available for allocation and expenditure during the next 23 24 fiscal year.

(b) Each university president shall establish a student health fee on the main campus of the university. university president may also establish a student health fee on any branch campus or center. Any subsequent increase in the health fee must be recommended by a health committee, at least one-half of whom are students appointed by the student body president. The remainder of the committee shall be appointed

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by the university president. A chairperson, appointed jointly by the university president and the student body president, shall vote only in the case of a tie. The recommendations of the committee shall take effect only after approval by the university president, after consultation with the student body president, with final approval by the Board of Regents. An increase in the health fee may occur only once each fiscal year and must be implemented beginning with the fall term. The Board of Regents is responsible for promulgating the rules and timetables necessary to implement this fee.

(c) Each university president shall establish a separate athletic fee on the main campus of the university. The university president may also establish a separate athletic fee on any branch campus or center. The initial aggregate athletic fee at each university shall be equal to, but may be no greater than, the 1982-1983 per-credit-hour activity and service fee contributed to intercollegiate athletics, including women's athletics, as provided by s. 240.533. Concurrently with the establishment of the athletic fee, the activity and service fee shall experience a one-time reduction equal to the initial aggregate athletic fee. Any subsequent increase in the athletic fee must be recommended by an athletic fee committee, at least one-half of whom are students appointed by the student body president. The remainder of the committee shall be appointed by the university president. A chairperson, appointed jointly by the university president and the student body president, shall vote only in the case of a tie. The recommendations of the committee shall take effect only after approval by the university president, after consultation with the student body president, with final approval by the Board of Regents.

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increase in the athletic fee may occur only once each fiscal year and must be implemented beginning with the fall term. The Board of Regents is responsible for promulgating the rules and timetables necessary to implement this fee.

(8)(2) The university may permit the deferral of registration and tuition fees for those students receiving financial aid from federal or state assistance programs when such aid is delayed in being transmitted to the student through circumstances beyond the control of the student. Failure to make timely application for such aid shall be insufficient reason to receive such deferral. Veterans and other eligible students receiving benefits under chapter 30, chapter 31, chapter 32, chapter 34, or chapter 35, 38 U.S.C., or chapter 106, 10 U.S.C., shall be entitled to one deferment each academic year and an additional deferment each time there is a delay in the receipt of their benefits.

(9)(3) The Board of Regents shall establish rules to waive any or all application, course registration, and related fees for persons 60 years of age or older who are residents of this state and who attend credit classes for credit. No academic credit shall be awarded for attendance in classes for which fees are waived under this subsection. This privilege may be granted only on a space-available basis, if such classes are not filled as of the close of registration. A university may limit or deny the privilege for courses which are in programs for which the Board of Regents has established selective admissions criteria. Persons paying full fees and state employees taking courses on a space-available basis shall have priority over those persons whose fees are waived in all cases where classroom spaces are limited.

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(10(4) Students enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 240.116 shall be exempt from the payment of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. Students enrolled in accordance with this subsection may be calculated as the proportional shares of full-time equivalent enrollments each such student generates for state funding purposes.

 $(11)\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ (a) Any student for whom the state is paying a foster care board payment pursuant to s. 409.145(3) or parts III and V of chapter 39, for whom the permanency planning goal pursuant to part V of chapter 39 is long-term foster care or independent living, or who is adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after December 31, 1997, shall be exempt from the payment of all undergraduate fees, including fees associated with enrollment in college-preparatory instruction or completion of college-level communication and computation skills testing programs. Before a fee exemption can be given, the student shall have applied for and been denied financial aid, pursuant to s. 240.404, which would have provided, at a minimum, payment of all undergraduate fees. Such exemption shall be available to any student adopted from the Department of Children and Family Services after December 31, 1997; however, the exemption shall be valid for no more than 4 years after the date of graduation from high school.

(b) Any student qualifying for a fee exemption under this subsection shall receive such an exemption for not more than 4 consecutive years or 8 semesters unless the student is participating in college-preparatory instruction or is requiring additional time to complete the college-level communication and computation skills testing programs. Such a

 student shall be eligible to receive a fee exemption for a maximum of 5 consecutive years or 10 semesters.

(c) As a condition for continued fee exemption, a student shall have earned a grade point average of at least 2.0 on a 4.0 scale for the previous term, maintain at least an overall 2.0 average for college work, or have an average below 2.0 for only the previous term and be eligible for continued enrollment in the institution.

(12)(6) Each university may assess a service charge for the payment of tuition and fees in installments. Such service charge must be approved by the Board of Regents. The revenues from such service charges shall be deposited into the Education and General Student Other Fees Trust Fund Incidental Trust Fund.

(13)(7) Any graduate student enrolled in a state-approved school psychology training program shall be entitled to a waiver of registration fees for internship credit hours applicable to an internship in the public school system under the supervision of a Department of Education certified school psychologist employed by the school system.

(14)(8) The Board of Regents shall exempt one-half of all tuition and course-related fees for certain members of the active Florida National Guard pursuant to the provisions of s. 250.10(8).

(15)(9) The Board of Regents may establish rules to allow for the waiver of out-of-state fees for nondegree-seeking students enrolled at State University System institutions if the earned student credit hours generated by such students are nonfundable and the direct cost for the program of study is recovered from the fees charged to all students.

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dormitory residence plan.

1 Section 5. Subsections (15), (16), and (17) are added to s. 240.35, Florida Statutes, to read: 2 3 240.35 Student fees.--Unless otherwise provided, the provisions of this section apply only to fees charged for 4 5 college credit instruction leading to an associate degree, 6 including college-preparatory courses defined in s. 239.105. 7 (15) For the discretionary fees authorized in 8 subsections (9), (10), and (13), each board of trustees may 9 very fee levels within the specified parameters of each fee in 10 those subsections. 11 (16) Community colleges may not charge any fee that is not specifically authorized by statute. Community colleges may 12 charge laboratory fees, transcript fees, application fees, and 13 14 graduation fees. Only tuition and the fees specified by this 15 subsection may be charged. (17) Boards of trustees may establish specific fees 16 17 for instruction not reported for state funding purposes or for 18 instruction not reported as state-funded full-time equivalent 19 students. Boards of trustees are not required to charge any other fees specified in this section for this type of 20 21 instruction. Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (7) of 22 section 240.551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 24 240.551 Florida Prepaid Postsecondary Education 25 Expense Program. --26 (7) At a minimum, the board shall make advance payment 27 contracts available for two independent plans to be known as 28 the community college plan and the university plan. The board 29 may also make advance payment contracts available for a

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- Through the community college plan, the advance payment contract shall provide prepaid registration fees for a specified number of undergraduate semester credit hours not to exceed the average number of hours required for the conference of an associate degree. The cost of participation in the community college plan shall be based primarily on the average current and projected registration fees within the State Community College System and the number of years expected to elapse between the purchase of the plan on behalf of a qualified beneficiary and the exercise of the benefits provided in the plan by such beneficiary. Effective July 1, 1998, the board may provide advance payment contracts for activity and service fees in conjunction with or in addition to advance payment contracts for registration fees. The cost of purchasing activity and service fees shall be based primarily on the average current and projected activity and service fees within the State Community College System and the number of years expected to elapse between the purchase of the plan on behalf of a qualified beneficiary and the exercise of the benefits provided in the plan by such beneficiary. Qualified beneficiaries shall bear the cost of any laboratory fees associated with enrollment in specific courses. Each qualified beneficiary shall be classified as a resident for tuition purposes pursuant to s. 240.1201 regardless of his or her actual legal residence.
- (b) Through the university plan, the advance payment contract shall provide prepaid registration fees for a specified number of undergraduate semester credit hours not to exceed the average number of hours required for the conference of a baccalaureate degree. The cost of participation in the university plan shall be based primarily on the current and

projected registration fees within the State University System and the number of years expected to elapse between the 3 purchase of the plan on behalf of a qualified beneficiary and the exercise of the benefits provided in the plan by such 4 5 beneficiary. Effective July 1, 1998, the board may provide 6 advance payment contracts for activity fees and service, 7 health, and athletic fees in conjunction with or in addition 8 to advance payment contracts for registration fees. The cost of purchasing activity and service, health, and athletic fees 9 10 shall be based primarily on the average current and projected 11 cost of these fees within the State University System and the number of years expected to elapse between the purchase of the 12 plan on behalf of a qualified beneficiary and the exercise of 13 14 the benefits provided in the plan by such beneficiary. However, the maximum coverage of these fees may not exceed 45 15 percent of tuition. Qualified beneficiaries shall bear the 16 17 cost of any laboratory fees associated with enrollment in specific courses. In the event that a qualified beneficiary 18 19 fails to be admitted to a state university or chooses to 20 attend a community college, the qualified beneficiary may convert the average number of semester credit hours required 21 for the conference of an associate degree from a university 22 plan to a community college plan and may retain the remaining 23 24 semester credit hours in the university plan or may request a refund for prepaid credit hours in excess of the average 25 number of semester credit hours required for the conference of 26 an associate degree pursuant to subparagraph (6)(a)7. Each 27 28 qualified beneficiary shall be classified as a resident for 29 tuition purposes pursuant to s. 240.1201 regardless of his or 30 her actual legal residence. 31 Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.

SENATE SUMMARY Revises provisions relating to postsecondary education. Provides definitions relating to postsecondary education fees and directs that changes in terminology be made in the Florida Statutes. Authorizes fees and prohibits community colleges and district school boards from charging fees not specifically authorized by statute. Authorizes the Board of Regents to set fees based on the full cost of instruction and authorizes specific fees. Authorizes advance payment contracts pertaining to the Florida Prepaid Postsecondary Education Expense Program. (See bill for details.)