2 An act relating to regulation of professions;	
3 amending s. 177.031, F.S.; revising and	
4 providing definitions relating to platting;	
5 amending s. 177.041, F.S.; requiring plats and	
6 replats of subdivisions submitted for approval	
7 to be accompanied by a boundary survey of the	
8 platted lands; amending s. 177.051, F.S.;	
9 revising provisions relating to naming and	
10 replatting subdivisions; amending s. 177.061,	
11 F.S.; providing requirements for the recording	
12 of a plat; amending s. 177.071, F.S.; revising	
13 provisions relating to approval of plats by	
14 governing bodies; amending s. 177.081, F.S.;	
15 requiring plats to be reviewed by a	
16 professional surveyor and mapper prior to	
17 approval by a governing body; amending s.	
18 177.091, F.S.; providing requirements for	
19 monuments and revising other requirements of	
20 plats made for recording; amending s. 177.141,	
21 F.S.; revising provisions relating to	
22 affidavits confirming errors on recorded plats;	
23 amending s. 177.151, F.S.; revising provisions	
24 relating to state plane coordinates; amending	
25 ss. 177.021, 177.121, 177.131, 177.132, 177.27,	
26 177.38, and 287.055, F.S.; conforming	
27 references; amending s. 455.213, F.S., relating	
28 to general licensing provisions; providing for	
29 direct payment of organization-related or	
30 vendor-related fees associated with the	
31 examination to the organization or vendor;	

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1	providing that passing a required examination
2	does not entitle a person to licensure if the
3	person is not otherwise qualified; amending s.
4	455.217, F.S., relating to examinations;
5	authorizing the contracting for examinations
6	and services related to examinations; providing
7	requirements with respect to examinations
8	developed by the department or a contracted
9	vendor and to national examinations; amending
10	s. 455.225, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
11	Business and Professional Regulation to issue a
12	notice of noncompliance for an initial offense
13	of a minor violation when the board has failed
14	to designate such minor violation by rule;
15	amending s. 458.347, F.S.; providing
16	qualifications for certain applicants for
17	specified physician assistants; amending s.
18	468.385, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
19	the written examination required to be licensed
20	as an auctioneer; amending s. 468.386, F.S.,
21	relating to fees applicable to regulation of
22	auctioneers; eliminating reference to the
23	examination fee; amending s. 468.388, F.S.;
24	eliminating exemptions from the requirement
25	that a written agreement be executed prior to
26	conducting an auction; amending s. 468.389,
27	F.S.; revising a ground for disciplinary action
28	to include reference to property belonging to
29	another; providing penalties; reenacting s.
30	468.391, F.S., relating to a criminal penalty,
31	to incorporate the amendment to s. 468.389,

1	F.S., in a reference thereto; amending s.
2	468.393, F.S.; reducing the level at which the
3	Auctioneer Recovery Fund must be maintained and
4	for which surcharges are levied; reenacting s.
5	468.392(5), F.S., relating to moneys in the
б	Auctioneer Recovery Fund, to incorporate the
7	amendment to s. 468.393, F.S., in a reference
8	thereto; amending s. 468.395, F.S.; revising
9	circumstances under which recovery from the
10	Auctioneer Recovery Fund may be obtained;
11	reducing the amount per claim or claims arising
12	out of the same transaction or auction and the
13	aggregate lifetime limit with respect to any
14	one licensee that may be paid from the fund;
15	amending s. 468.396, F.S., relating to claims
16	against a single licensee in excess of the
17	dollar limitation, to conform; amending s.
18	468.432, F.S.; authorizing the department to
19	adopt rules relating to licensure and
20	disciplinary requirements applicable to
21	community association management; amending s.
22	468.542, F.S.; providing definitions for
23	classes of water and wastewater operators;
24	amending s. 468.453, F.S.; requiring each
25	applicant for licensure as an athlete agent to
26	submit a full set of fingerprints for purposes
27	of the required criminal records check;
28	exempting members of The Florida Bar from
29	regulations imposed on athlete agents; amending
30	ss. 468.547 and 468.548, F.S., relating to fees
31	and requirements for licensure; eliminating or

1	revising references to examination and
2	reexamination; amending s. 468.607, F.S.;
3	providing that the Department of Business and
4	Professional Regulation shall be the issuing
5	body for a certificate to practice as a
б	building code administrator, plans examiner, or
7	building code inspector; amending s. 468.609,
8	F.S.; revising requirements for certification
9	as a building code administrator, plans
10	examiner, or building code inspector; amending
11	s. 468.617, F.S.; providing that local
12	governments may employ or authorize persons
13	certified or exempt from such regulation to
14	perform inspections on a contract basis;
15	amending s. 468.621, F.S.; revising
16	prohibitions; providing disciplinary actions;
17	amending s. 468.629, F.S.; revising
18	disciplinary grounds; providing penalties;
19	amending s. 469.001, F.S.; revising and
20	providing definitions relating to asbestos
21	abatement; amending s. 469.002, F.S.; revising
22	an exemption relating to asbestos-related
23	activities by governmental employees; amending
24	s. 469.004, F.S.; exempting asbestos
25	consultants from licensure under certain
26	circumstances relating to the moving, removal,
27	or disposal of asbestos-containing roofing
28	materials; amending s. 469.005, F.S.; revising
29	requirements for licensure as an asbestos
30	consultant or asbestos contractor; amending s.
31	469.006, F.S.; eliminating reference to
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<pre>2 signature instead; amending s. 469.013, F.S.; 3 adding course requirements for management 4 planners; repealing s. 469.015, F.S., relating 5 to seals; amending s. 470.002, F.S.; revising</pre>	
4 planners; repealing s. 469.015, F.S., relating	
5 to seals; amending s 470 002 F S; revising	
6 the definition of "legally authorized person";	
7 amending s. 470.0085, F.S., relating to the	
8 embalmer apprentice program; authorizing an	
9 extension of apprenticeship for certain	
10 students working in funeral establishments;	
amending s. 470.009, F.S.; reorganizing	
12 provisions relating to licensure as a funeral	
13 director by examination, to clarify	
14 applicability of the internship requirement;	
15 amending ss. 470.015 and 470.018, F.S.;	
16 revising continuing education requirements for	
17 renewal of a funeral director or embalmer	
18 license or registration of a direct disposer;	
19 amending s. 470.024, F.S.; authorizing	
20 operation of visitation chapels and	
21 establishing criteria therefor; providing	
22 licensing limitations with respect to colocated	
23 facilities; requiring the relicensure of	
24 funeral establishments whose ownership has	
25 changed; amending s. 470.029, F.S.; providing a	
26 filing date for monthly reports on final	
27 dispositions; amending s. 470.0301, F.S.;	
28 providing requirements for registration of	
29 centralized embalming facilities; providing for	
30 biennial renewal; providing fees; creating s.	
31 470.0315, F.S.; providing for the storage,	

1	preservation, and transportation of human
2	remains; creating s. 470.0355, F.S.; providing
3	for the identification of human remains;
4	amending s. 470.036, F.S; extending
5	disciplinary actions to certain registrants and
6	licensees; creating s. 471.024, F.S.;
7	authorizing engineers to perform duties of
8	building code inspectors; amending s. 473.306,
9	F.S.; providing conditions under which the
10	Board of Accountancy may adopt an alternative
11	licensure examination for persons licensed to
12	practice public accountancy or its equivalent
13	in a foreign country; providing for appointment
14	of an Educational Advisory Council for purposes
15	of maintaining proper educational
16	qualifications for licensure of certified
17	public accountants; creating s. 473.3065, F.S.;
18	establishing the Certified Public Accountant
19	Education Minority Assistance Program;
20	providing for scholarships to eligible
21	students; providing for the funding of
22	scholarships; requiring Board of Accountancy
23	rules; providing a penalty for certain
24	violations; creating an advisory council to
25	assist in program administration; amending s.
26	473.308, F.S.; revising licensure requirements
27	relating to public accountancy experience
28	outside this state; amending s. 473.309, F.S.;
29	providing additional requirements for a
30	partnership to practice public accountancy in
31	this state; amending s. 473.312, F.S.;

1providing for appointment of a Continuing2professional Education Advisory Council for3purposes of maintaining proper continuing4education requirements for renewal of licensure5of certified public accountants; amending s.6474.203, F.S.; revising and providing7exemptions from regulation under chapter 474,8F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice;9amending s. 474.2065, F.S., relating to fees10applicable to regulation of veterinary medical11practice; eliminating reference to examination12and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207,13F.S., relating to licensure by examination;14eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s.15474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers16of continuing education to be approved by the17board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting18veterinarians licensed in another state from
purposes of maintaining proper continuing education requirements for renewal of licensure of certified public accountants; amending s. 474.203, F.S.; revising and providing exemptions from regulation under chapter 474, F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice; amending s. 474.2065, F.S., relating to fees applicable to regulation of veterinary medical practice; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
 education requirements for renewal of licensure of certified public accountants; amending s. 474.203, F.S.; revising and providing exemptions from regulation under chapter 474, F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice; amending s. 474.2065, F.S., relating to fees applicable to regulation of veterinary medical practice; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
 of certified public accountants; amending s. 474.203, F.S.; revising and providing exemptions from regulation under chapter 474, F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice; amending s. 474.2065, F.S., relating to fees applicable to regulation of veterinary medical practice; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
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 F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice; amending s. 474.2065, F.S., relating to fees applicable to regulation of veterinary medical practice; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
10applicable to regulation of veterinary medical11practice; eliminating reference to examination12and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207,13F.S., relating to licensure by examination;14eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s.15474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers16of continuing education to be approved by the17board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
11 practice; eliminating reference to examination 12 and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, 13 F.S., relating to licensure by examination; 14 eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 15 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers 16 of continuing education to be approved by the 17 board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
12 and reexamination fees; amending s. 474.207, 13 F.S., relating to licensure by examination; 14 eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 15 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers 16 of continuing education to be approved by the 17 board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
<pre>14 eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 15 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers 16 of continuing education to be approved by the 17 board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting</pre>
 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
16 of continuing education to be approved by the 17 board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting
18 veterinarians licensed in another state from
19 certain requirements for temporary licensure in
20 this state; correcting a cross reference;
21 amending s. 474.214, F.S.; increasing the
22 administrative fine; amending s. 474.215, F.S.;
23 requiring limited service permittees to
24 register each location and providing a
25 registration fee; providing requirements for
26 certain temporary rabies vaccination efforts;
27 providing permit and other requirements for
28 persons who are not licensed veterinarians but
29 who desire to own and operate a veterinary
30 medical establishment; providing disciplinary
31 actions applicable to holders of premises

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licensure by endorsement; revising a reference to an examination; amending s. 475.125, F.S., relating to fees applicable to regulation of real estate brokers, salespersons, and schools; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 475.15, F.S.; providing registration and licensing requirements for additional business entities; eliminating a provision that requires the automatic cancellation of the registration of a real estate broker partnership upon the lapse in licensure or registration of any of its partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing additional requirements for licensure as a real estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; revising provisions relating to examinations; amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period after which involuntarily inactive licenses expire; revising the time for the required notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2), def 402(d) 405.402(d) ard 405.402(d) F.S.	1	permits; amending s. 474.217, F.S., relating to
relating to fees applicable to regulation of real estate brokers, salespersons, and schools; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 475.15, F.S.; providing registration and licensing requirements for additional business entities; eliminating a provision that requires the automatic cancellation of the registration of a real estate broker partnership upon the lapse in licensure or registration of any of its partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing additional requirements for licensure as a real estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; revising provisions relating to examinations; amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period after which involuntarily inactive licenses expire; revising the time for the required notice to the license; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	2	licensure by endorsement; revising a reference
real estate brokers, salespersons, and schools; eliminating reference to examination and reexamination fees; amending s. 475.15, F.S.; providing registration and licensing requirements for additional business entities; eliminating a provision that requires the automatic cancellation of the registration of a real estate broker partnership upon the lapse in licensure or registration of any of its partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing additional requirements for licensure as a real estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; revising provisions relating to examinations; amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period after which involuntarily inactive licenses expire; revising the time for the required notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations are grounds for the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	3	to an examination; amending s. 475.125, F.S.,
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8 providing registration and licensing 9 requirements for additional business entities; 10 eliminating a provision that requires the 11 automatic cancellation of the registration of a 12 real estate broker partnership upon the lapse 13 in licensure or registration of any of its 14 partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing 15 additional requirements for licensure as a real 16 estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; 17 revising provisions relating to examinations; 18 amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period 19 after which involuntarily inactive licenses 20 expire; revising the time for the required 21 notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, 22 F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; 23 revising a ground for disciplinary action to 24 exempt licensees from the reporting of certain 25 violators; providing that violations are 26 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	6	eliminating reference to examination and
9 requirements for additional business entities; eliminating a provision that requires the automatic cancellation of the registration of a real estate broker partnership upon the lapse in licensure or registration of any of its partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing additional requirements for licensure as a real estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; revising provisions relating to examinations; amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period after which involuntarily inactive licenses expire; revising the time for the required notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	7	reexamination fees; amending s. 475.15, F.S.;
10eliminating a provision that requires the11automatic cancellation of the registration of a12real estate broker partnership upon the lapse13in licensure or registration of any of its14partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing15additional requirements for licensure as a real16estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.;17revising provisions relating to examinations;18amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	8	providing registration and licensing
11automatic cancellation of the registration of a12real estate broker partnership upon the lapse13in licensure or registration of any of its14partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing15additional requirements for licensure as a real16estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.;17revising provisions relating to examinations;18amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	9	requirements for additional business entities;
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14partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing15additional requirements for licensure as a real16estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.;17revising provisions relating to examinations;18amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	12	real estate broker partnership upon the lapse
15additional requirements for licensure as a real16estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.;17revising provisions relating to examinations;18amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	13	in licensure or registration of any of its
<pre>16 estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.; 17 revising provisions relating to examinations; 18 amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period 19 after which involuntarily inactive licenses 20 expire; revising the time for the required 21 notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, 22 F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; 23 revising a ground for disciplinary action to 24 exempt licensees from the reporting of certain 25 violators; providing that violations of certain 26 standards of the Appraisal Foundation are 27 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),</pre>	14	partners; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; providing
17 revising provisions relating to examinations; 18 amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period 19 after which involuntarily inactive licenses 20 expire; revising the time for the required 21 notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, 22 F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; 23 revising a ground for disciplinary action to 24 exempt licensees from the reporting of certain 25 violators; providing that violations of certain 26 standards of the Appraisal Foundation are 27 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	15	additional requirements for licensure as a real
18amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	16	estate broker; amending s. 475.175, F.S.;
19after which involuntarily inactive licenses20expire; revising the time for the required21notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,22F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;23revising a ground for disciplinary action to24exempt licensees from the reporting of certain25violators; providing that violations of certain26standards of the Appraisal Foundation are27grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission28to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or29to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;30reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	17	revising provisions relating to examinations;
<pre>20 expire; revising the time for the required 21 notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, 22 F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; 23 revising a ground for disciplinary action to 24 exempt licensees from the reporting of certain 25 violators; providing that violations of certain 26 standards of the Appraisal Foundation are 27 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),</pre>	18	amending s. 475.183, F.S.; revising the period
notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	19	after which involuntarily inactive licenses
F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	20	expire; revising the time for the required
revising a ground for disciplinary action to exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	21	notice to the licensee; amending s. 475.25,
exempt licensees from the reporting of certain violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	22	F.S.; increasing the administrative fine;
violators; providing that violations of certain standards of the Appraisal Foundation are grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	23	revising a ground for disciplinary action to
26 standards of the Appraisal Foundation are 27 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	24	exempt licensees from the reporting of certain
27 grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission 28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	25	violators; providing that violations of certain
28 to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or 29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	26	standards of the Appraisal Foundation are
29 to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons; 30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	27	grounds for the Florida Real Estate Commission
30 reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),	28	to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of, or
	29	to fine, real estate brokers or salespersons;
	30	reenacting ss. 475.180(2)(b), 475.181(2),
4/5.22(2), 4/5.422(2), and 4/5.482(1), F.S.,	31	475.22(2), 475.422(2), and 475.482(1), F.S.,

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1	relating to nonresident licenses, licensure,
2	refusal of a broker to comply with certain
3	requests or notices, furnishing of copies of
4	termite and roof inspection reports, and
5	recovery from the Real Estate Recovery Fund, to
б	incorporate the amendment to s. 475.25, F.S.,
7	in references thereto; amending s. 475.278,
8	F.S.; providing for disclosure of authorized
9	brokerage relationships and the corresponding
10	duties of real estate licensees; amending s.
11	475.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
12	the permitting of instructors for proprietary
13	real estate schools or state institutions;
14	providing permit renewal requirements; revising
15	references relating to examinations; amending
16	s. 475.452, F.S.; providing requirements
17	applicable to advance expenses, commissions, or
18	fees for brokers auctioning real property;
19	amending s. 475.484, F.S.; providing
20	applicability with respect to a conflict with
21	federal law in the disciplining of certain
22	licensees against whom a judgment has been paid
23	from the Real Estate Recovery Fund; creating s.
24	475.5016, F.S.; granting the department
25	authority to inspect and audit brokers and
26	brokerage offices; creating s. 475.6145, F.S.;
27	providing for a seal for the Florida Real
28	Estate Appraisal Board to authenticate its
29	proceedings, records, and acts; creating s.
30	475.6147, F.S.; providing a separate section
31	relating to establishment of fees applicable to

1	the regulation of real estate appraisers;
2	amending s. 475.615, F.S.; providing
3	registration requirements for appraisers;
4	amending s. 475.617, F.S.; clarifying
5	continuing education and experience
б	requirements for real estate appraisers;
7	amending s. 475.624, F.S.; revising a ground
8	for disciplinary action to exempt licensees
9	from the reporting of certain violators;
10	creating s. 475.6295, F.S.; granting the
11	department authority to inspect appraisers and
12	appraisal offices; amending ss. 476.114 and
13	476.124, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
14	examination for licensure as a barber;
15	repealing s. 476.134, F.S., relating to time,
16	place, and subjects of examination; amending s.
17	476.144, F.S.; revising requirements for a
18	restricted license to practice barbering;
19	amending s. 477.013, F.S.; defining the terms
20	"hair wrapping" and "photography studio salon";
21	amending s. 477.0132, F.S.; providing
22	registration requirements for hair wrappers;
23	providing requirements for hair braiding and
24	hair wrapping outside a cosmetology salon or
25	specialty shop; amending s. 477.0135, F.S.;
26	exempting photography studio salons from
27	licensure as a cosmetology salon or specialty
28	salon and providing requirements with respect
29	thereto; amending s. 477.019, F.S.; revising
30	provisions relating to applicants for licensure
31	by examination; providing continuing education
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1	requirements for cosmetologists and cosmetology
2	specialists; providing for privatization of
3	such continuing education; exempting hair
4	braiders and hair wrappers from such continuing
5	education requirements; repealing s. 477.022,
6	F.S., relating to examinations; amending s.
7	477.026, F.S.; providing registration fees for
8	hair wrappers; amending s. 477.0263, F.S.;
9	authorizing the performance of cosmetology
10	services in a photography studio salon;
11	creating s. 481.2051, F.S.; authorizing
12	architects to perform duties of building code
13	inspectors; amending ss. 481.207, 481.209, and
14	481.213, F.S., relating to licensure as an
15	architect or interior designer; revising
16	provisions relating to fees and examinations;
17	amending s. 489.103, F.S.; limiting the
18	ordinances, rules, or regulations that a
19	municipality or county may adopt with respect
20	to the installation or maintenance of water
21	conditioning units; providing an exemption from
22	regulation for the sale, delivery, assembly, or
23	tie-down of prefabricated portable sheds under
24	specified circumstances; amending s. 489.105,
25	F.S.; revising and providing definitions
26	applicable to contractors; amending s. 489.107,
27	F.S.; eliminating reference to board
28	jurisdiction over examinations; requiring the
29	Construction Industry Licensing Board and the
30	Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board to each
31	appoint a committee to meet jointly at least

1	twice a year; amending s. 489.109, F.S.;
2	revising provisions relating to examination
3	fees; amending s. 489.111, F.S.; revising
4	provisions relating to licensure by
5	examination; amending s. 489.113, F.S.;
б	revising a provision relating to the
7	certification examination; revising provisions
8	that authorize persons who are not certified or
9	registered to perform construction work under
10	the supervision of a person who is certified or
11	registered; providing that expansion of the
12	scope of practice of any type of contractor
13	does not limit the scope of practice of any
14	existing type of contractor unless the
15	Legislature expressly provides such limitation;
16	creating s. 489.1136, F.S.; providing for
17	medical gas certification for plumbing
18	contractors who install, improve, repair, or
19	maintain conduits used to transport gaseous or
20	partly gaseous substances for medical purposes;
21	amending s. 553.06, F.S.; providing that
22	plumbing contractors who install, improve,
23	repair, or maintain such conduits shall be
24	governed by the National Fire Prevention
25	Standard 99C; amending s. 489.115, F.S.;
26	authorizing certificateholders and registrants
27	to apply continuing education courses earned
28	under other regulatory provisions under certain
29	circumstances; amending s. 489.119, F.S.;
30	detailing what constitutes an incomplete
31	contract for purposes of temporary
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1	certification or registration of a business
2	organization; amending s. 489.127, F.S.;
3	revising and providing penalties applicable to
4	violations of construction contracting
5	provisions; amending s. 489.140, F.S.;
б	eliminating a provision that requires the
7	transfer of surplus moneys from fines into the
8	Construction Industries Recovery Fund; amending
9	s. 489.141, F.S.; clarifying provisions
10	relating to conditions for recovery from the
11	fund; eliminating a notice requirement;
12	revising a limitation on the making of a claim;
13	amending s. 489.142, F.S.; revising a provision
14	relating to powers of the Construction Industry
15	Licensing Board with respect to actions for
16	recovery from the fund, to conform; amending s.
17	489.143, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
18	payment from the fund; amending s. 489.1455,
19	F.S.; providing for journeyman reciprocity;
20	amending s. 489.503, F.S., relating to
21	exemptions from part II of chapter 489, F.S.,
22	relating to electrical and alarm system
23	contracting; revising an exemption relating to
24	public utilities; revising an exemption that
25	applies to telecommunications, community
26	antenna television, and radio distribution
27	systems, to include cable television systems;
28	providing exemptions relating to the monitoring
29	of alarm systems by law enforcement employees
30	or officers or fire department employees or
31	officials, by employees of state or federally
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1	chartered financial institutions, or by
2	employees of a business; amending s. 489.505,
3	F.S., and repealing subsection (24), relating
4	to the definition of "limited burglar alarm
5	system contractor"; redefining terms applicable
6	to electrical and alarm system contracting;
7	defining the term "monitoring"; amending s.
8	489.507, F.S.; requiring the Electrical
9	Contractors' Licensing Board and the
10	Construction Industry Licensing Board to each
11	appoint a committee to meet jointly at least
12	twice a year; amending s. 489.509, F.S.;
13	eliminating reference to the payment date of
14	the biennial renewal fee for certificateholders
15	and registrants; providing for transfer of a
16	portion of certain fees applicable to
17	regulation of electrical and alarm system
18	contracting to fund certain projects relating
19	to the building construction industry and
20	continuing education programs related thereto;
21	amending s. 489.511, F.S.; revising eligibility
22	requirements for certification as an electrical
23	or alarm system contractor; amending s.
24	489.513, F.S.; revising registration
25	requirements for electrical contractors;
26	amending s. 489.517, F.S.; authorizing
27	certificateholders and registrants to apply
28	continuing education courses earned under other
29	regulatory provisions under certain
30	circumstances; amending s. 489.519, F.S.;
31	authorizing certificateholders and registrants

1	to apply for voluntary inactive status at any
2	time during the period of certification or
3	registration; amending s. 489.521, F.S.;
4	providing conditions on qualifying agents
5	qualifying more than one business organization;
6	providing for revocation or suspension of such
7	qualification for improper supervision;
8	amending s. 489.525, F.S.; changing the date
9	for the Department of Business and Professional
10	Regulation to inform local boards and building
11	officials of the names of all
12	certificateholders and the status of the
13	certificates; amending s. 489.529, F.S.;
14	providing an exception to an alarm verification
15	requirement; amending s. 489.531, F.S.;
16	revising and providing penalties applicable to
17	violations of electrical and alarm system
18	contracting provisions; reenacting s.
19	489.533(1)(a) and (2), F.S., relating to
20	disciplinary proceedings, to incorporate the
21	amendment to s. 489.531, F.S., in a reference
22	thereto; amending s. 489.537, F.S.; revising
23	requirements relating to subcontracting alarm
24	system contracting; amending ss. 489.539 and
25	553.19, F.S.; adding a national code relating
26	to fire alarms to the minimum electrical and
27	alarm standards required in this state;
28	amending s. 489.553, F.S.; revising
29	qualifications for registration as a septic
30	tank contractor or master septic tank
31	contractor; creating s. 501.935, F.S.;
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1	providing requirements relating to
2	home-inspection reports; providing legislative
3	intent; providing definitions; providing
4	exemptions; requiring, prior to inspection,
5	provision of inspector credentials, a caveat, a
6	disclosure of conflicts of interest and certain
7	relationships, and a statement or agreement of
8	scope, limitations, terms, and conditions;
9	requiring a report on the results of the
10	inspection; providing prohibited acts, for
11	which there are civil penalties; providing that
12	failure to comply is a deceptive and unfair
13	trade practice; creating s. 501.937, F.S.;
14	providing requirements for use of professional
15	titles by industrial hygienists and safety
16	professionals; providing that violation of such
17	requirements is a deceptive and unfair trade
18	practice; amending s. 553.06, F.S.; requiring
19	the Board of Building Codes and Standards to
20	adopt alternative standards for testing water
21	treatment units under certain circumstances;
22	amending s. 553.63, F.S., relating to trench
23	excavations in excess of a specified depth;
24	deleting a provision requiring contract bids to
25	include certain items; repealing s. 553.64,
26	F.S., relating to certain requirements for
27	contract bids; amending s. 553.991, F.S.;
28	limiting the purpose of the "Florida Building
29	Energy-Efficiency Rating Act" to providing for
30	a statewide uniform system for rating the
31	energy efficiency of buildings; amending s.

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1	553.994, F.S.; deleting the schedule for
2	phasing in the rating system; amending s.
3	553.996, F.S.; requiring provision of an
4	information brochure to prospective purchasers
5	of certain real property; deleting a provision
6	authorizing such prospective purchasers to
7	receive a rating on the property upon request;
8	requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis
9	and Government Accountability to conduct a
10	review of studies and records of the Department
11	of Business and Professional Regulation to
12	determine if mandatory continuing education is
13	the most effective method of ensuring
14	professional competence and to identify and
15	analyze alternate methods of ensuring such
16	competence; requiring a report; providing
17	effective dates.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
20	
21	Section 1. Section 177.021, Florida Statutes, is
22	amended to read:
23	177.021 Legal status of recorded platsThe recording
24	of any plats made in compliance with the provisions of this
25	part chapter shall serve to establish the identity of all
26	lands shown on and being a part of such plats, and lands may
27	thenceforth be conveyed by reference to such plat.
28	Section 2. Section 177.031, Florida Statutes, is
29	amended to read:
30	177.031 DefinitionsAs used in this <u>part</u> chapter :
31	

"Alley" means a right-of-way providing a secondary 1 (1) 2 means of access and service to abutting property. "Block" includes "tier" or "group" and means a 3 (2)4 group of lots existing within well-defined and fixed 5 boundaries, usually being an area surrounded by streets or other physical barriers and having an assigned number, letter, 6 7 or other name through which it may be identified. 8 (3) "Board" means any board appointed by a 9 municipality, county commission, or state agency, such as the 10 planning and zoning board, area planning board, or the governing board of a drainage district. 11 12 (4) "Governing body" means the board of county commissioners or the legal governing body of a county, 13 14 municipality, town, or village of this state. 15 (5) "Cul-de-sac" means a street terminated at the end 16 by a vehicular turnaround. 17 (6) "Developer" means the owners of record executing 18 the dedication required by s. 177.081 and applying person or 19 legal entity that applies for approval of a plat of a 20 subdivision pursuant to this part chapter. 21 (7)(a) "Easement" means any strip of land created by a subdivider for public or private utilities, drainage, 22 23 sanitation, or other specified uses having limitations, the title to which shall remain in the name of the property owner, 24 subject to the right of use designated in the reservation of 25 26 the servitude. (b) "Public utility" includes any public or private 27 utility, such as, but not limited to, storm drainage, sanitary 28 29 sewers, electric power, water service, gas service, or 30 telephone line, whether underground or overhead. 31

1 "Survey data" means all information shown on the (8) 2 face of a plat that would delineate the physical boundaries of 3 the subdivision and any parts thereof. 4 (9) "Improvements" may include, but are not limited 5 to, street pavements, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, alley 6 pavements, walkway pavements, water mains, sanitary sewers, 7 storm sewers or drains, street names, signs, landscaping, 8 permanent reference monuments (P.R.M.s), permanent control 9 points (P.C.P.s), monuments, or any other improvement required 10 by a governing body. "Professional surveyor and mapper" means a 11 (10)12 surveyor and mapper registered under chapter 472 who is in good standing with the Board of Professional Surveyors and 13 14 Mappers. "Lot" includes tract or parcel and means the 15 (11)least fractional part of subdivided lands having limited fixed 16 boundaries, and an assigned number, letter, or other name 17 18 through which it may be identified. 19 (12)"Municipality" means any incorporated city, town, 20 or village. 21 "P.C.P." means permanent control point and shall (13) 22 be considered a reference monument, which shall be a secondary 23 horizontal control monument and shall be a metal marker with 24 the point of reference marked thereon or a 4-inch by 4-inch 25 concrete monument a minimum of 24 inches long with the point 26 of reference marked thereon. A "P.C.P." must bear the 27 registration number of the surveyor and mapper filing the plat of record; however, when the surveyor and mapper of record is 28 29 no longer in practice or is not available due to relocation of his or her practice, or when the contractual relationship 30 between the subdivider and surveyor and mapper has been 31

terminated, any registered surveyor and mapper in good 1 2 standing shall be allowed to place permanent control points (P.C.P.s) within the time allotted in s. 177.091(8). 3 4 (a) "P.C.P.s" set in impervious surfaces must: 5 Be composed of a metal marker with a point of 1. 6 reference. 7 2. Have a metal cap or disk bearing either the Florida 8 registration number of the professional surveyor and mapper in 9 responsible charge or the certificate of authorization number of the legal entity, which number shall be preceded by LS or 10 LB as applicable and the letters "P.C.P." 11 12 (b) "P.C.P.s" set in pervious surfaces must: Consist of a metal rod having a minimum length of 13 1. 14 18 inches and a minimum cross-section area of material of 0.2 square inches encased in concrete. The concrete shall have a 15 minimum cross-section area of 12.25 square inches and be a 16 17 minimum of 24 inches long. 2. Be identified with a durable marker or cap with the 18 19 point of reference marked thereon bearing either the Florida 20 registration number of the professional surveyor and mapper in 21 responsible charge or the certificate of authorization number of the legal entity, which number shall be preceded by LS or 22 23 LB as applicable and the letter "P.C.P." "P.C.P.s" must be detectable with conventional 24 (C) 25 instruments for locating ferrous or magnetic objects. 26 (14) "Plat or replat" means a map or delineated representation of the subdivision of lands, being a complete 27 28 exact representation of the subdivision and other information 29 in compliance with the requirement of all applicable sections of this part chapter and of any local ordinances, and may 30 include the terms "replat," "amended plat," or "revised plat." 31

1	(15) "P.R.M." means a permanent reference monument
2	which must:
3	(a) Consist of a metal rod having a minimum length of
4	18 inches and a minimum cross-section area of material of 0.2
5	square inches encased in concrete. The concrete shall have a
6	minimum cross-section area of 12.25 square inches and be a
7	minimum of 24 inches long.
8	(b) Be identified with a durable marker or cap with
9	the point of reference marked thereon bearing either the
10	Florida registration number of the professional surveyor and
11	mapper in responsible charge or the certificate of
12	authorization number of the legal entity, which number shall
13	be preceded by LS or LB as applicable and the letters "P.R.M."
14	(c) Be detectable with conventional instruments for
15	locating ferrous or magnetic objects.
16	
17	If the location of the "P.R.M." falls in a hard surface such
18	as asphalt or concrete, alternate monumentation may be used
19	that is durable and identifiable, which consists of a metal
20	rod a minimum of 24 inches long or a 1 1/2 -inch minimum
21	diameter metal pipe a minimum of 20 inches long, either of
22	which shall be encased in a solid block of concrete or set in
23	natural bedrock, a minimum of 6 inches in diameter, and
24	extending a minimum of 18 inches below the top of the
25	monument, or a concrete monument 4 by 4 inches, a minimum of
26	24 inches long, with the point of reference marked thereon. A
27	metal cap marker, with the point of reference marked thereon,
28	shall bear the registration number of the surveyor and mapper
29	certifying the plat of record, and the letters "PRM" shall be
30	placed in the top of the monument.
31	

(16) "Right-of-way" means land dedicated, deeded, 1 2 used, or to be used for a street, alley, walkway, boulevard, 3 drainage facility, access for ingress and egress, or other 4 purpose by the public, certain designated individuals, or 5 governing bodies. 6 (17) "Street" includes any access way such as a 7 street, road, lane, highway, avenue, boulevard, alley, 8 parkway, viaduct, circle, court, terrace, place, or 9 cul-de-sac, and also includes all of the land lying between the right-of-way lines as delineated on a plat showing such 10 streets, whether improved or unimproved, but shall not include 11 12 those access ways such as easements and rights-of-way intended solely for limited utility purposes, such as for electric 13 14 power lines, gas lines, telephone lines, water lines, drainage and sanitary sewers, and easements of ingress and egress. 15 16 "Subdivision" means the division platting of land (18)17 real property into three or more lots, parcels, tracts, tiers, blocks, sites, units, or any other division of land; and 18 19 includes establishment of new streets and alleys, additions, and resubdivisions; and, when appropriate to the context, 20 relates to the process of subdividing or to the lands or area 21 22 subdivided. 23 "State plane coordinates" means the system of (19) plane coordinates which has been established by the National 24 Ocean Service Survey for defining and stating the positions or 25 26 locations of points on the surface of the earth within the state and shall hereinafter be known and designated as the 27 "Florida State Plane Coordinate System." For the purpose of 28 29 the use of this system, the zones divisions established by the National Ocean Service Survey in NOAA Manual NOS NGS 5, State 30

31 Plane Coordinate System of 1983, Special Publication Number

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255 shall be used, and the appropriate projection and zone 1 designation shall be indicated and included in any description 2 3 using the Florida State Plane Coordinate System. 4 (20) Surveying data: 5 (a) "Point of curvature," written "P.C.," means the 6 point where a tangent circular curve begins. 7 (b) "Point of tangency," written "P.T.," means the 8 point where a tangent circular curve ends and becomes tangent. 9 (C) "Point of compound curvature," written "P.C.C.," means the point where two circular curves have a common point 10 of tangency, the curves lying on the same side of the common 11 12 tangent. "Point of reverse curvature," written "P.R.C.," 13 (d) 14 means the point where two circular curves have a common point 15 of tangency, the curves lying on opposite sides of the common 16 tangent. 17 (21) "Legal entity" means an entity which holds a certificate of authorization issued under chapter 472, whether 18 19 the entity is a corporation, partnership, association, or 20 person practicing under a fictitious name. 21 (22) "Monument" means a survey marker which must: (a) Be composed of a durable material. 22 23 (b) Have a minimum length of 18 inches. (c) Have minimum cross-section area of material of 0.2 24 25 square inches. 26 (d) Be identified with a durable marker or cap bearing 27 either the Florida registration number of the professional 28 surveyor and mapper in responsible charge or the certificate 29 of authorization number of the legal entity, which number 30 shall be preceded by LS or LB as applicable. 31

(e) Be detectable with conventional instruments for 1 2 locating ferrous or magnetic objects. 3 4 If the location of the monument falls in a hard surface such a asphalt or concrete, alternate monumentation may be used that 5 6 is durable and identifiable. 7 Section 3. Section 177.041, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 177.041 Boundary survey and title certification required. -- Every plat or replat of a subdivision submitted to 10 the approving agency of the local governing body must be 11 12 accompanied by: 13 (1) A boundary survey of the platted lands. However, a 14 new boundary survey for a replat is required only when the replat affects any boundary of the platted property. The 15 boundary survey must be performed and prepared under the 16 17 responsible direction and supervision of a professional 18 surveyor and mapper preceding the initial submittal of the 19 plat to the local governing body. This subsection does not 20 restrict a legal entity from employing one professional 21 surveyor and mapper to perform and prepare the boundary survey and another professional surveyor and mapper to prepare the 22 23 plat, except that both the boundary survey and the plat must be under the same professional surveyor and mapper or legal 24 25 entity, whichever applies. (2) A title opinion of an attorney at law licensed in 26 27 Florida or a certification by an abstractor or a title company showing that record title to the land as described and shown 28 29 on the plat is in the name of the person, persons, corporation, or entity executing the dedication, if any, as it 30 is shown on the plat and, if the plat does not contain a 31

dedication, that the developer has record title to the land. 1 The title opinion or certification shall also show all 2 3 mortgages not satisfied or released of record nor otherwise 4 terminated by law. Section 4. Section 177.051, Florida Statutes, is 5 6 amended to read: 7 177.051 Name and replat of subdivision .--8 (1) Every subdivision shall be given a name by which 9 it shall be legally known. For the purpose of this section, that name is the "primary name." The primary Such name shall 10 not be the same or in any way so similar to any name appearing 11 12 on any recorded plat in the same county as to confuse the records or to mislead the public as to the identity of the 13 14 subdivision, except when the subdivision is further divided subdivided as an additional unit or section by the same 15 developer or the developer's successors in title. In that 16 17 case, the additional unit, section, or phase shall be given the primary name followed by the unit, section, or phase 18 19 number. Words such as "the," "replat," or "a" may not be used 20 as the first word of the primary name. Every subdivision's 21 name shall have legible lettering of the same size and type, including the words "section," "unit," and "phase." If the 22 word "replat" is not part of the primary name, then it may be 23 of a different style and type. "replat, " "amended, " etc. The 24 primary name of the subdivision shall be shown in the 25 26 dedication and shall coincide exactly with the subdivision 27 name. 28 (2) Any change in a plat shall be labeled a "replat," 29 and a replat must conform with this part. After the effective date of this act, the terms "amended plat," "revised plat," 30 31

"corrected plat," and "resubdivision" may not be used to 1 describe the process by which a plat is changed. 2 3 Section 5. Section 177.061, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 177.061 Qualification and statement required of person 6 making survey and plat certification. -- Every plat offered for 7 recording pursuant to the provisions of this part must be prepared by a professional surveyor and mapper. The plat must 8 9 be signed and sealed by that professional surveyor and mapper, who must state on the plat that the plat was prepared under 10 his or her direction and supervision and that the plat 11 12 complies with all of the survey requirements of this part. Every plat must also contain the printed name and registration 13 14 number of the professional surveyor and mapper directly below the statement required by this section, along with the printed 15 name, address, and certificate of authorization number of the 16 17 legal entity, if any. A professional surveyor and mapper practicing independently of a legal entity must include his or 18 19 her address. Every subdivision of lands made within the 20 provisions of this chapter shall be made under the responsible direction and supervision of a surveyor and mapper who shall 21 certify on the plat that the plat is a true and correct 22 23 representation of the lands surveyed, that the survey was made under his or her responsible direction and supervision, and 24 that the survey data complies with all of the requirements of 25 26 this chapter. The certification shall bear the signature, 27 registration number, and the official seal of the surveyor and 28 mapper. 29 Section 6. Section 177.071, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 177.071 Approval of plat by governing bodies.--31

(1) Before a plat is offered for recording, it must be 1 2 approved by the appropriate governing body, and evidence of 3 such approval must shall be placed on the plat. If not 4 approved, the governing body must return the plat to the 5 professional surveyor and mapper or the legal entity offering 6 the plat for recordation. However, such examination and 7 approval for conformity to this chapter by the appropriate 8 governing body shall not include the verification of the 9 survey data, except by a surveyor and mapper either employed 10 by or under contract to the local governing body for the purpose of such examination. For the purposes of this part 11 12 chapter: When the plat to be submitted for approval is 13 (a) 14 located wholly within the boundaries of a municipality, the 15 governing body of the municipality has exclusive jurisdiction 16 to approve the plat. 17 (b) When a plat lies wholly within the unincorporated 18 areas of a county, the governing body of the county has 19 exclusive jurisdiction to approve the plat. 20 (c) When a plat lies within the boundaries of more 21 than one governing body, two plats must be prepared and each governing body has exclusive jurisdiction to approve the plat 22 23 within its boundaries, unless the governing bodies having said jurisdiction agree that one plat is mutually acceptable. 24 25 (2) Any provision in a county charter, or in an 26 ordinance of any charter county or consolidated government chartered under s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, 27 28 which provision is inconsistent with anything contained in 29 this section shall prevail in such charter county or 30 consolidated government to the extent of any such inconsistency. 31

Section 7. Section 177.081, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 177.081 Dedication and approval.--4 (1) Prior to approval by the appropriate governing 5 body, the plat shall be reviewed for conformity to this 6 chapter by a professional surveyor and mapper either employed 7 by or under contract to the local governing body, the costs of 8 which shall be borne by the legal entity offering the plat for 9 recordation, and evidence of such review must be placed on 10 such plat. (2) Every plat of a subdivision filed for record must 11 12 contain a dedication by the owners of record developer. The dedication must shall be executed by all persons, 13 14 corporations, or entities developers having a record interest in the lands subdivided, in the same manner in which deeds are 15 required to be executed. All mortgagees having a record 16 interest in the lands subdivided shall execute, in the same 17 manner in which deeds are required to be executed, either the 18 19 dedication contained on the plat or a separate instrument 20 joining in and ratifying the plat and all dedications and 21 reservations thereon. (3) (3) (2) When a tract or parcel of land has been 22 23 subdivided and a plat thereof bearing the dedication executed by the owners of record developers and mortgagees having a 24 record interest in the lands subdivided, and when the approval 25 26 of the governing body has been secured and recorded in 27 compliance with this part chapter, all streets, alleys, easements, rights-of-way, and public areas shown on such plat, 28 29 unless otherwise stated, shall be deemed to have been 30 dedicated to the public for the uses and purposes thereon stated. However, nothing herein shall be construed as 31

creating an obligation upon any governing body to perform any 1 act of construction or maintenance within such dedicated areas 2 3 except when the obligation is voluntarily assumed by the 4 governing body. 5 Section 8. Section 177.091, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 177.091 Plats made for recording.--Every plat of a 8 subdivision offered for recording shall conform to the 9 following: (1) It shall be: 10 An original drawing made with black permanent 11 (a) 12 drawing ink or varitype process on a good grade linen tracing cloth or with a suitable permanent black drawing ink on a 13 14 stable base film, a minimum of 0.003 inches thick, coated upon 15 completion with a suitable plastic material to prevent flaking 16 and to assure permanent legibility; or (b) A nonadhered scaled print on a stable base film 17 18 made by photographic processes from a film scribing tested for 19 residual hypo testing solution to assure permanency. 20 21 Marginal lines, standard certificates and approval forms shall 22 be printed on the plat with a permanent black drawing ink. A 23 print or photographic copy of the original drawing shall be submitted with the original drawing. 24 (2) The size of each sheet shall be determined by the 25 26 local governing body and shall be drawn with a marginal line, 27 or printed when permitted by local ordinance, completely around each sheet and placed so as to leave at least a 1/228 29 -inch margin on each of three sides and a 3-inch margin on the 30 left side of the plat for binding purposes. 31

(3) When more than one sheet must be used to 1 2 accurately portray the lands subdivided, an index or key map 3 must be included and each sheet must show the particular number of that sheet and the total number of sheets included, 4 5 as well as clearly labeled matchlines to show where other 6 sheets match or adjoin. 7 (4) In all cases, the letter size and scale used shall 8 be of sufficient size to show all detail. The scale and shall 9 be both stated and graphically illustrated by a graphic scale drawn on every sheet showing any portion of the lands 10 11 subdivided. 12 (5) The name of the plat shall be shown in bold legible letters, as stated in s. 177.051. The name of the 13 14 subdivision shall be shown on each sheet included. The name of 15 the professional surveyor and mapper or legal entity, along with the street and mailing address, must be shown on each 16 17 sheet included. (6) A prominent "north arrow" shall be drawn on every 18 19 sheet included showing any portion of the lands subdivided. The bearing or azimuth reference shall be clearly stated on 20 the face of the plat in the notes or legend and, in all cases, 21 the bearings used shall be referenced to some well-established 22 23 and monumented line. (7) Permanent reference monuments must be placed at 24 each corner or change in direction on the boundary of the 25 26 lands being platted and; however, "P.R.M.s" need not be set 27 closer than 310 feet, but may not be more than 1,400 1400 feet apart. In all cases there must be a minimum of four "P.R.M.s" 28 29 placed on the boundary of the lands being platted. Where such corners are in an inaccessible place, "P.R.M.s" shall be set 30 on a nearby offset within the boundary of the plat and such 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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offset shall be so noted on the plat. Where corners are found 1 to coincide with a previously set "P.R.M.," the Florida 2 3 registration number of the professional surveyor and mapper in 4 responsible charge or the certificate of authorization number 5 of the legal entity on the previously set "P.R.M." shall be 6 shown on the new plat or, if unnumbered, shall so state. 7 Permanent reference monuments shall be set before the recording of the plat, and this will be so stated in the 8 9 surveyor and mapper's certificate on the plat. The "P.R.M.s" 'P.R.M."shall be shown on the plat by an appropriate symbol 10 or designation. 11 12 (8) Permanent control points"P.C.P.s" shall be set on at the intersection of the centerline of the right-of-way at 13 14 the intersection and terminus of all streets, at each change 15 of direction, "P.C.s," "P.T.s," "P.R.C.s," and "P.C.C.s," and no more than 1,000 feet apart, on tangent, between changes of 16 17 direction, or along the street right-of-way or block lines at each change in direction and no more than 1,000 feet apart. 18 19 Such "P.C.P.s" shall be shown on the plat by an appropriate symbol or designation. In those counties or municipalities 20 21 that do not require subdivision improvements and do not accept bonds or escrow accounts to construct improvements, "P.C.P.s" 22 23 may be set prior to the recording of the plat and must be set within 1 year of the date the plat was recorded and shall be 24 referred to in the surveyor and mapper's certificate. In the 25 26 counties or municipalities that require subdivision improvements and have the means of insuring the construction 27 of said improvements, such as bonding requirements, "P.C.P.s" 28 29 must be set prior to the expiration of the bond or other surety. If the professional surveyor and mapper or legal 30 entity of record is no longer in practice or is not available 31

due to relocation, or when the contractual relationship 1 between the subdivider and professional surveyor and mapper or 2 3 legal entity has been terminated, the subdivider shall 4 contract with a professional surveyor and mapper or legal 5 entity in good standing to place the "P.C.P.s" within the time 6 allotted. It is the surveyor and mapper's responsibility to 7 furnish the clerk or recording officer of the county or municipality his or her certificate that the "P.C.P.s" have 8 9 been set and the dates the "P.C.P.s" were set. (9) Monuments shall be set at all lot corners, points 10 of intersection, and changes of direction of lines within the 11 12 subdivision which do not require a "P.R.M." or a "P.C.P."; however, a monument need not be set if a monument already 13 14 exists at such corner, point, or change of direction or when a 15 monument cannot be set due to a physical obstruction. In those counties or municipalities that do not require subdivision 16 17 improvements and do not accept bonds or escrow accounts to construct improvements, monuments may be set prior to the 18 19 recording of the plat and shall be set before the transfer of 20 any lot. In those counties or municipalities that require 21 subdivision improvements and have the means of ensuring the construction of those improvements, such as bonding 22 requirements, monuments shall be set prior to the expiration 23 of the bond or other surety. If the professional surveyor and 24 25 mapper or legal entity of record is no longer in practice or is not available due to relocation, or when the contractual 26 relationship between the subdivider and professional surveyor 27 28 and mapper or legal entity has been terminated, the subdivider 29 shall contract with a professional surveyor and mapper or legal entity in good standing who shall be allowed to place 30 the monuments within the time allotted. 31

1 (10)(9) Each plat shall show The section, township, 2 and range shall appear immediately under the name of the plat 3 on each sheet included, along with as applicable, or, if in a 4 land grant, the plat will so state. 5 (10) the name of the city, town, village, county, and 6 state in which the land being platted is situated shall appear 7 under the name of the plat as applicable. 8 (11) Each plat shall show a description of the lands 9 subdivided, and the description shall be the same in the title certification. The description must be so complete that from 10 it, without reference to the plat, the starting point and 11 12 boundary can be determined. (12) The dedications and approvals required by ss. 13 14 177.071 and 177.081 shall be shown. 15 (13) The circuit court clerk's certificate and the 16 professional surveyor and mapper's seal and statement required 17 by s. 177.061 shall be shown certificate and seal. (14) All section lines and quarter section lines 18 19 occurring within the subdivision in the map or plat shall be 20 indicated by lines drawn upon the map or plat, with 21 appropriate words and figures. If the description is by metes 22 and bounds, all information called for, such as the point of 23 commencement, course bearings and distances, and the point of beginning, shall be indicated, together with all bearings and 24 distances of the boundary lines. If the platted lands are in 25 a land grant or are not included in the subdivision of 26 27 government surveys, then the boundaries are to be defined by 28 metes and bounds and courses. The initial point in the 29 description shall be tied to the nearest government corner or 30 other recorded and well established corner. 31

1 (15) Location, width, and names of all streets, 2 waterways, or other rights-of-way shall be shown, as applicable. 3 4 (16) Location and width of proposed easements and 5 existing easements identified in the title opinion or 6 certification required by s. 177.041(2)shall be shown on the 7 plat or in the notes or legend, and their intended use shall 8 be clearly stated. Where easements are not coincident with 9 property lines, they must be labeled with bearings and distances and tied to the principal lot, tract, or 10 right-of-way. 11 12 (17) All contiguous properties shall be identified by 13 subdivision title, plat book, and page, or, if unplatted, land 14 shall be so designated. If the subdivision platted is $\frac{1}{2}$ resubdivision of a part or the whole of a previously recorded 15 subdivision, sufficient ties shall be shown to controlling 16 17 lines appearing on the earlier plat to permit an overlay to be 18 made; the fact of its being a replat resubdivision shall be 19 stated as a subtitle under the name of the plat on each sheet 20 included. The subtitle must state the name of the subdivision being replatted and the appropriate recording reference 21 22 following the name of the subdivision wherever it appears on 23 the plat. (18) All lots shall be numbered either by progressive 24 numbers or, if in blocks, progressively numbered in each 25 26 block, and the blocks progressively numbered or lettered, 27 except that blocks in numbered additions bearing the same name 28 may be numbered consecutively throughout the several 29 additions. 30 (19) Block corner radii dimensions shall be shown. 31

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1	(19) (20) Sufficient survey data shall be shown to
2	positively describe the bounds of every lot, block, street
3	easement, and all other areas shown on the plat. When any lot
4	or portion of the subdivision is bounded by an irregular line,
5	the major portion of that lot or subdivision shall be enclosed
б	by a witness line showing complete data, with distances along
7	all lines extended beyond the enclosure to the irregular
8	boundary shown with as much certainty as can be determined or
9	as "more or less," if variable. Lot, block, street, and all
10	other dimensions except to irregular boundaries, shall be
11	shown to a minimum of hundredths of feet. All measurements
12	shall refer to horizontal plane and in accordance with the
13	definition of the U.S. Survey foot or meter adopted by the
14	National Institute of Standards and Technology. All
15	measurements shall use the 39.37/12=3.280833333333 equation for
16	conversion from a U.S. foot to <u>meters</u> a metric foot .
17	(20) (21) Curvilinear <u>lot lines</u> lots shall show the
18	radii, arc distances, and central angles or radii, chord, and
19	chord bearing, or both . Radial lines will be so designated.
20	Direction of nonradial lines shall be indicated.
21	(21) (22) Sufficient angles, bearings, or azimuth to
22	show direction of all lines shall be shown, and all bearings,
23	angles, or azimuth shall be shown to the nearest second of
24	arc.
25	(22) (23) The centerlines of all streets shall be shown
26	as follows: noncurved lines:with distances together with
27	<u>either</u> ,angles, bearings <u>,</u> or <u>azimuths;azimuth, "P.C.s,"</u>
28	"P.T.s," "P.R.C.s," "P.C.C.s," curved lines:arc <u>distances</u>
29	distance , central angles, <u>and</u> tangents, radii, <u>together with</u>
30	chord , and chord bearing or <u>azimuths</u> azimuth, or both.
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(23)(24) Park and recreation parcels as applicable 1 2 shall be so designated. (24) (25) All interior excepted parcels as described in 3 4 the description of the lands being subdivided shall be clearly 5 indicated and labeled "Not a part of this plat." (25)(26) The purpose of all areas dedicated must be б 7 clearly indicated or stated on the plat. 8 (26)(27) When it is not possible to show line or curve 9 data detail information on the map, a tabular form may be used. The tabular data must appear on the sheet to which it 10 applies. 11 12 (27)(28) The plat shall include in a prominent place 13 the following statements statement: "NOTICE: This plat, as 14 recorded in its graphic form, is the official depiction of the 15 subdivided lands described herein and will in no circumstances be supplanted in authority by any other graphic or digital 16 17 form of the plat, whether graphic or digital. There may be additional restrictions that are not recorded on this plat 18 19 that may be found in the public records of this county." 20 (28)(29) All platted utility easements shall provide 21 that such easements shall also be easements for the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation of 22 cable television services; provided, however, no such 23 construction, installation, maintenance, and operation of 24 cable television services shall interfere with the facilities 25 26 and services of an electric, telephone, gas, or other public utility. In the event a cable television company damages the 27 facilities of a public utility, it shall be solely responsible 28 29 for the damages. This section shall not apply to those private easements granted to or obtained by a particular electric, 30 telephone, gas, or other public utility. Such construction, 31
installation, maintenance, and operation shall comply with the 1 National Electrical Safety Code as adopted by the Florida 2 3 Public Service Commission. (29) A legend of all symbols and abbreviations shall 4 5 be shown. 6 Section 9. Section 177.121, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 177.121 Misdemeanor to molest monument or deface or 8 9 destroy map or plat.--It is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, 10 for any person to molest any monuments established according 11 12 to this part chapter or to deface or destroy any map or plat placed on public record. 13 14 Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 177.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 177.131 Recordation of the Department of 17 Transportation official right-of-way maps and other 18 governmental right-of-way maps .--(2) Sections 177.011-177.121 of this part chapter are 19 20 not applicable to this section. Upon request of the clerk, 21 the Department of Transportation shall furnish without charge a reproducible copy of its right-of-way maps. 22 23 Section 11. Section 177.132, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 177.132 Preservation of unrecorded maps.--26 (1) The clerk of the circuit court of a county may 27 receive and copy, as unrecorded maps, otherwise unrecorded 28 plats and maps, including sales maps, which describe or 29 illustrate the boundaries and subdivision of parcels of land, 30 but which do not necessarily indicate proper metes and bounds or otherwise comply with the recording requirements of this 31

part chapter. The receipt and copying of such documents shall 1 not affect or impair the title to the property in any manner, 2 nor shall it be construed as actual or constructive notice, 3 4 but shall be for informational purposes only and shall not be 5 referred to for the purpose of conveying property or for circumventing the lawful regulation and control of subdividing 6 7 lands by local governing bodies. The clerk may maintain a 8 separate book or other filing process provided by the county 9 for this purpose. The clerk shall make reproductions of these copies available to the public at a reasonable fee. 10

11 (2) Sections 177.021-177.121 of this <u>part</u> chapter 12 shall not apply to this section.

13 Section 12. Section 177.141, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read:

15 177.141 Affidavit confirming error on a recorded plat.--In the event an appreciable error or omission in the 16 17 data shown on any plat duly recorded under the provisions of 18 this part chapter is detected by subsequent examination or 19 revealed by a retracement of the lines run during the original 20 survey of the lands shown on such recorded plat, the 21 professional surveyor and mapper or legal entity who was responsible for the survey and the preparation of the plat as 22 recorded may file an affidavit confirming that such error or 23 omission was made. If applicable However, the affidavit must 24 state that the professional surveyor and mapper or legal 25 26 entity has made a resurvey of the subject property in the recorded subdivision within the last 10 days and that no 27 evidence existed on the ground that would conflict with the 28 29 corrections as stated in the affidavit. The affidavit shall 30 describe the nature and extent of such error or omission and the appropriate correction that in the affiant's professional 31

surveyor and mapper's opinion should be substituted for the 1 erroneous data shown on the plat or added to the data on the 2 plat. When such an affidavit is filed, it is the duty of the 3 4 circuit court clerk to record the affidavit, and he or she 5 must shall place in the margin of the recorded plat a notation 6 that the affidavit has been filed, the date of filing, and the 7 official book and page where it is recorded. The notation must 8 also be placed on all copies of the plat used for reproduction 9 purposes. The affidavit shall have no effect upon the validity of the plat or on the information shown thereon. 10 Section 13. Section 177.151, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 177.151 State plane coordinate.--13 14 (1) Coordinates may be used to define or designate the position of points on the surface of the earth within the 15 state for land descriptions and subdivision purposes, provided 16 17 the initial point in the description shall be tied to the nearest government corner or other recorded and well 18 19 established corner. The state plane coordinates of a point on the earth's surface, to be used in expressing the position or 20 location of such point in the appropriate projection and zone 21 system, shall consist of two distances, expressed in meters or 22 23 feet and decimals of the same a foot. One position distance, to be known as the "Northing," shall give the position in a 24 north and south direction; the other, to be known as the 25 26 "Easting x-coordinate," shall give the position in an east and 27 west direction; the other, to be known as the "y-coordinate," shall give the position in a north and south direction. These 28 29 coordinates shall be made to depend upon and conform to the origins and projections on the Florida State Plane Coordinate 30 System and the geodetic control triangulation and traverse 31

stations of the National Ocean Service Survey within the 1 state, as those origins and projections have been determined 2 3 by such service the said survey. When any tract of land to be 4 defined by a single description extends from one into the 5 other of the above projections or zones, the positions of all points on its boundary may be referred to either of the zones 6 7 or projections, with the zone and projection being used 8 specifically named in the description.

9 (2) The position of points on the Florida State Plane Coordinate System shall be as marked on the ground by geodetic 10 control triangulation or traverse stations established in 11 conformity with standards adopted by the National Ocean 12 Service Survey for first-order and second-order work, the 13 14 geodetic positions of which have been rigidly adjusted on the North American Datum of 1983, as readjusted in 1990, and the 15 16 coordinates of which have been computed on the Florida State Plane Coordinate System herein defined. Any such station may 17 be used for establishing a survey connection with the Florida 18 19 State Plane Coordinate System.

20 (3) No coordinates based on the Florida Coordinate System purporting to define the position of a point on a land 21 boundary may be presented to be recorded in any public land 22 records or deed records unless the point is within one-half 23 mile of a triangulation or traverse station established in 24 25 conformity with the standards described in s. 177.031(19). 26 However, the said one-half mile limitation may be waived when 27 coordinates shown are certified as having been established in 28 accordance with National Ocean Survey requirements and 29 procedures for first-order or second-order work by a surveyor 30 and mapper licensed in the state. This certification of 31

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order-of-accuracy must be included in the description of the 1 land involved. 2 3 (4) The use of the term "Florida Coordinate System" on 4 any map, report of survey, or other document shall be limited 5 to coordinates based on the Florida Coordinate System as 6 defined in this chapter. 7 (5) Whenever coordinates based on the Florida 8 Coordinate System are used to describe a tract of land which 9 in the same document is also described by reference to any subdivision, line, or corner of the United States Public Land 10 Survey, the description by coordinates shall be construed as 11 12 supplemental to the basic description of such subdivision, line, or corner contained in the official plats and field 13 14 notes of record, and, in the event of any conflict, the 15 description by reference to the subdivision, line, or corner of the United States Public Land Survey shall prevail over the 16 17 description by coordinates. 18 (6) Nothing contained in this chapter shall require 19 any purchaser or mortgagee to rely on a description any part 20 of which depends exclusively upon the Florida Coordinate 21 System. 22 Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 177.27, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 177.27 Definitions.--The following words, phrases, or 24 25 terms used herein, unless the context otherwise indicates, 26 shall have the following meanings: "Control tide station" means a place so designated 27 (3) by the department or the National Ocean Service Survey at 28 29 which continuous tidal observations have been taken or are to be taken over a minimum of 19 years to obtain basic tidal data 30 for the locality. 31

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Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 177.38, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 177.38 Standards for establishment of local tidal 4 datums.--5 (1) Unless otherwise allowed by this part or 6 regulations promulgated hereunder, a local tidal datum shall 7 be established from a series of tide observations taken at a tide station established in accordance with procedures 8 9 approved by the department. In establishing such procedures, full consideration will be given to the national standards and 10 procedures established by the National Ocean Service Survey. 11 12 Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 287.055, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to 13 14 read: 15 287.055 Acquisition of professional architectural, 16 engineering, landscape architectural, or surveying and mapping 17 services; definitions; procedures; contingent fees prohibited; 18 penalties.--19 (6) PROHIBITION AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES. --20 (b) Any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, or 21 company, other than a bona fide employee working solely for an architect, professional engineer, or professional registered 22 23 land surveyor and mapper, who offers, agrees, or contracts to solicit or secure agency contracts for professional services 24 for any other individual, company, corporation, partnership, 25 26 or firm and to be paid, or is paid, any fee, commission, 27 percentage, gift, or other consideration contingent upon, or 28 resulting from, the award or the making of a contract for 29 professional services shall, upon conviction in a competent 30 court of this state, be found guilty of a first degree 31

misdemeanor, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1 2 775.083. 3 Section 17. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 4 455.213, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to 5 read: 6 455.213 General licensing provisions.--7 (1) Any person desiring to be licensed shall apply to 8 the department in writing to take the appropriate examination. 9 The application for licensure shall be made on a form prepared and furnished by the department and shall be supplemented as 10 needed to reflect any material change in any circumstance or 11 12 condition stated in the application which takes place between the initial filing of the application and the final grant or 13 14 denial of the license and which might affect the decision of 15 the agency. In cases where a person applies or schedules directly with a national examination organization or 16 17 examination vendor to take an examination required for 18 licensure, any organization-related or vendor-related fees 19 associated with the examination may be paid directly to the 20 organization or vendor. 21 (2) Before the issuance of any license, the department may charge an initial license fee as determined by rule of the 22 23 applicable board or, if no such board exists, by rule of the department. Upon receipt of the appropriate license fee, 24 except as provided in subsection (3), the department shall 25 26 issue a license to any person certified by the appropriate 27 board, or its designee, or the department when there is no board, as having met the applicable requirements imposed by 28 29 law or rule. However, an applicant who is not otherwise qualified for licensure is not entitled to licensure solely 30 based on a passing score on a required examination. 31

Section 18. Section 455.217, Florida Statutes, 1996 1 2 Supplement, is amended to read: 455.217 Examinations.--This section shall be read in 3 4 conjunction with the appropriate practice act associated with 5 each regulated profession under this chapter. 6 The Division of Technology, Licensure, and Testing (1)7 of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall provide, contract for, or approve services for the 8 9 development, preparation, and administration, scoring, score reporting, and evaluation of all examinations. The division 10 shall seek the advice of the appropriate board in providing 11 12 such services. (a) The department, acting in conjunction with the 13 14 Division of Technology, Licensure, and Testing and the Division of Real Estate, as appropriate, shall ensure that the 15 examinations adequately and reliably measure an applicant's 16 ability to practice the profession regulated by the department 17 18 and shall seek the advice of the appropriate board in the 19 preparation and administration of the examinations. After an 20 examination developed or approved by the department has been administered, the board or department may reject any question 21 which does not reliably measure the general areas of 22 competency specified in the rules of the board, or the 23 department when there is no board. The department shall use 24 25 professional testing services for the development, 26 preparation, and evaluation of to prepare, administer, grade, 27 and evaluate the examinations, when such services are 28 available and approved by the board. 29 (b) For each examination developed by the department 30 or a contracted vendor, to the extent not otherwise specified by statute, the board, or, when there is no board, the 31

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department when there is no board, shall by rule specify the 1 general areas of competency to be covered by the each 2 3 examination, the relative weight to be assigned in grading 4 each area tested, and the score necessary to achieve a passing 5 grade, and the fees, where applicable, to cover the actual 6 cost for any purchase, development, and administration of the 7 required examination. However, statutory fee caps in each 8 practice act shall apply. This subsection does not apply to 9 national examinations approved and administered pursuant to 10 paragraph (d). (c) If a practical examination is deemed to be 11 12 necessary, the rules shall specify the criteria by which examiners are to be selected, the grading criteria to be used 13 14 by the examiner, the relative weight to be assigned in grading each criterion, and the score necessary to achieve a passing 15 grade. When a mandatory standardization exercise for a 16 17 practical examination is required by law, the board may 18 conduct such exercise. Therefore, board members may serve as 19 examiners at a practical examination with the consent of the 20 board. 21 (d) (d) (c) A board, or the department when there is no board, may approve by rule the use of any national examination 22 23 which the department has certified as meeting requirements of national examinations and generally accepted testing standards 24 pursuant to department rules. Providers of examinations, which 25 26 may be either profit or nonprofit entities, seeking 27 certification by the department shall pay the actual costs incurred by the department in making a determination regarding 28 29 the certification. The department shall use any national examination which is available, certified by the department 30 and which is approved by the board. The name and number of a 31

candidate may be provided to a national contractor for the 1 limited purpose of preparing the grade tape and information to 2 be returned to the board or department or, to the extent 3 4 otherwise specified by rule, the candidate may apply directly 5 to the vendor of the national examination. The department may 6 delegate to the board the duty to provide and administer the 7 examination. Any national examination approved by a board, or 8 the department when there is no board, prior to October 1, 9 1997, is deemed certified under this paragraph. Any licensing or certification examination that is not developed or 10 administered by the department in house or provided as a 11 12 national examination shall be competitively bid. (e)(d) The department shall adopt rules regarding the 13 14 security and monitoring of examinations. In order to maintain the security of examinations, the department may employ the 15 procedures set forth in s. 455.228 to seek fines and 16 17 injunctive relief against an examinee who violates the provisions of s. 455.2175 or the rules adopted pursuant to 18 19 this paragraph. The department, or any agent thereof, may, for the purposes of investigation, confiscate any written, 20 photographic, or recording material or device in the 21 possession of the examinee at the examination site which the 22 23 department deems necessary to enforce such provisions or 24 rules. (f) (f) (e) If the professional board with jurisdiction 25 26 over an examination concurs, the department may, for a fee, share with any other state's licensing authority an 27 28 examination developed by or for the department unless 29 prohibited by a contract entered into by the department for development or purchase of the examination. The department, 30 with the concurrence of the appropriate board, shall establish 31

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guidelines that ensure security of a shared exam and shall 1 require that any other state's licensing authority comply with 2 3 those guidelines. Those guidelines shall be approved by the 4 appropriate professional board. All fees paid by the user 5 shall be applied to the department's examination and 6 development program for professions regulated by this chapter. 7 All fees paid by the user for professions not regulated by 8 this chapter shall be applied to offset the fees for the 9 development and administration of that profession's examination. 10

(2) For each examination developed by the department 11 12 or a contracted vendor, the board, or the department, when there is no board, the department shall make rules providing 13 for reexamination of any applicants who fail an have failed 14 the examination developed by the department or a contracted 15 16 vendor. If both a written and a practical examination are 17 given, an applicant shall be required to retake only the portion of the examination for on which he failed to achieve a 18 19 passing grade, if he successfully passes that portion within a reasonable time, as determined by rule of the board, or the 20 department when there is no board, of his passing the other 21 22 portion.

23 (3) Except for national examinations approved and

24 administered pursuant to paragraph (1)(d), the department

25 shall provide procedures for applicants who have taken and

26 failed an examination developed by the department or a

27 contracted vendor to review their examination questions,

28 answers, papers, grades, and grading key for the questions the

29 candidate answered incorrectly or, if that is not feasible,

30 the parts of the examination failed. Applicants shall bear the

31 actual cost for the department to provide examination review

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pursuant to this subsection. The board or, when there is no 1 board, the department shall make available an examination 2 3 review procedure for applicants and charge an examination 4 review fee not to exceed \$75 per review. Unless prohibited or 5 limited by rules implementing security or access guidelines of national examinations, the applicant is entitled to review his 6 7 examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading 8 key. An applicant may waive in writing the confidentiality of 9 his examination grades.

(4)(3) For each examination developed or administered 10 by the department or a contracted vendor, The department shall 11 12 make an accurate record of each applicant's examination questions, answers, papers, grades, and grading key. The 13 14 department shall be kept keep such record for a period of not less than 2 years immediately following the examination, and 15 such record shall thereafter be maintained or destroyed as 16 provided in chapters 119 and 257. This subsection does not 17 apply to national examinations approved and administered 18 19 pursuant to paragraph (1)(d).

20 (5) (4) Meetings and records of meetings of any member 21 of the department or of any board or commission within the 22 department held for the exclusive purpose of creating or reviewing licensure examination questions or proposed 23 examination questions are confidential and exempt from ss. 24 25 119.07(1) and 286.011. However, this exemption shall not 26 affect the right of any person to review an examination as provided in subsection(3)(2). 27

28 (6)(5) For examinations developed by the department or 29 <u>a contracted vendor</u>, each board, or the department when there 30 is no board, may provide licensure examinations in an 31 applicant's native language. Applicants for examination or

reexamination pursuant to this subsection shall bear the full 1 cost for the department's development, preparation, 2 administration, grading, and evaluation of any examination in 3 4 a language other than English. Requests for translated 5 examinations must be on file in the board office, or with the 6 department when there is no board, at least 6 months prior to 7 the scheduled examination. When determining whether it is in 8 the public interest to allow the examination to be translated 9 into a language other than English, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall consider the 10 percentage of the population who speak the applicant's native 11 12 language. 13 (7) (7) (6) In addition to meeting any other requirements 14 for licensure by examination or by endorsement, an applicant 15 may be required by a board, or by the department when if there is no board, to pass an examination pertaining to state laws 16 17 and rules applicable to the practice of the profession regulated by that board or by the department. 18 19 Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 455.225, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 20 21 455.225 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary 22 proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of 23 the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, 24 as appropriate. (3)(a) As an alternative to the provisions of 25 26 subsections (1) and (2), when a complaint is received, the 27 department or the agency may provide a licensee with a notice of noncompliance for an initial offense of a minor violation. 28 29 A violation is a minor violation if it does not demonstrate a serious inability to practice the profession, result in 30 economic or physical harm to a person, or adversely affect the 31

public health, safety, or welfare or create a significant 1 2 threat of such harm. Each board, or the department or the 3 agency if there is no board, shall establish by rule those 4 minor violations which are minor violations under this 5 provision which do not endanger the public health, safety, and 6 welfare and which do not demonstrate a serious inability to 7 practice the profession. Failure of a licensee to take action 8 in correcting the violation within 15 days after notice may 9 result in the institution of regular disciplinary proceedings. (b) The department may issue a notice of noncompliance 10 for an initial offense of a minor violation, notwithstanding a 11 12 board's failure to designate a particular minor violation by rule as provided in paragraph (a). 13 14 Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 15 458.347, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to 16 read: 17 458.347 Physician assistants.--(7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT CERTIFICATION.--18 19 (b)1. Notwithstanding subparagraph (a)2. and 20 sub-subparagraph (a)3.a., the agency shall examine each 21 applicant who the Board of Medicine certifies: 22 a. Has completed the application form and remitted a 23 nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$500 and an examination fee not to exceed \$300, plus the actual cost to 24 25 the agency to provide the examination. The examination fee is 26 refundable if the applicant is found to be ineligible to take 27 the examination. The agency shall not require the applicant to 28 pass a practical component of the examination, provided that 29 the National Commission on Certification of Physician 30 Assistants has eliminated the practical component of its examination. Competencies required for practicing physician 31

1	assistants shall be incorporated into the written examination
2	through a multiple-choice format.The agency shall translate
3	the examination into the native language of any applicant who
4	requests and agrees to pay all costs of such translation,
5	provided that the translation request is filed with the board
6	office no later than 9 months before the scheduled examination
7	and the applicant remits translation fees as specified by the
8	department no later than 6 months before the scheduled
9	examination, and provided that the applicant demonstrates to
10	the agency the ability to communicate orally in basic English.
11	If the applicant is unable to pay translation costs, the
12	applicant may take the next available examination in English
13	if the applicant submits a request in writing by the
14	application deadline and if the applicant is otherwise
15	eligible under this section. To demonstrate the ability to
16	communicate in basic English, a passing score or grade is
17	required, as determined by the department or organization that
18	developed it, on one of the following English examinations:
19	(I) The test for spoken English (TSE) by the
20	Educational Testing Service (ETS);
21	(II) The test of English as a foreign language
22	(TOEFL), by ETS;
23	(III) A high school or college level English Course;
24	or
25	(IV) The English examination for citizenship,
26	Immigration and Naturalization Service.
27	
28	A notarized copy of an Educational Commission for Foreign
29 20	Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certificate may also be used to
30 21	demonstrate the ability to communicate in basic English.
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Is an unlicensed physician who graduated from a 1 b. 2 foreign medical school listed with the World Health 3 Organization who has not previously taken and failed the 4 examination of the National Commission on Certification of 5 Physician Assistants and who has been certified by the Board 6 of Medicine as having met the requirements for licensure as a 7 medical doctor by examination as set forth in s. 458.311(1), 8 (3), (4), and (5), with the exception that the applicant is 9 not required to have completed an approved residency of at least 1 year and the applicant is not required to have passed 10 the licensing examination specified under s. 458.311 or hold a 11 12 valid, active certificate issued by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates. 13 14 c. Was eligible and made initial application for 15 certification as a physician assistant in this state between 16 July 1, 1990, and June 30, 1991. Was a resident of this state on July 1, 1990, or 17 d. 18 was licensed or certified in any state in the United States as 19 a physician assistant on July 1, 1990. 20 The agency may grant temporary certification to an 2. 21 applicant who meets the requirements of subparagraph 1. Between meetings of the council, the agency may grant 22 23 temporary certification to practice based on the completion of all temporary certification requirements. All such 24 25 administratively issued certifications shall be reviewed and 26 acted on at the next regular meeting of the council. A temporary certificate expires upon receipt and notice of 27 scores to the certificateholder from the first available 28 29 examination specified in subparagraph 1. following certification by the agency. An applicant who fails the 30 proficiency examination is no longer temporarily certified, 31

but may apply for a one-time extension of temporary certification after reapplying for the next available examination. Extended certification shall expire upon failure of the certificateholder to sit for the next available examination or upon receipt and notice of scores to the certificateholder from such examination.

7 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 8 examination specified pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall be 9 administered by the agency only five times. Applicants certified by the board for examination shall receive at least 10 6 months' notice of eligibility prior to the administration of 11 12 the initial examination. Subsequent examinations shall be 13 administered at 1-year intervals following determined by the 14 agency after the reporting of the scores of the first and 15 subsequent examinations examination. For the purposes of this paragraph, the agency may develop, contract for the 16 17 development of, purchase, or approve an examination, including a practical component, that adequately measures an applicant's 18 19 ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety. The minimum passing score on the examination shall be established 20 by the agency, with the advice of the board. Those applicants 21 failing to pass that examination or any subsequent examination 22 shall receive notice of the administration of the next 23 examination with the notice of scores following such 24 examination. Any applicant who passes the examination and 25 26 meets the requirements of this section shall be certified as a 27 physician assistant with all rights defined thereby. 28 Section 21. Subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of 29 subsection (6) of section 468.385, Florida Statutes, are 30 amended to read: 31

1 468.385 Licenses required; qualifications; 2 examination; bond. --3 (4) Any person seeking a license as an auctioneer 4 shall pass a written examination approved by the board and 5 certified prepared and administered by the department which 6 tests his general knowledge of the laws of this state relating 7 to the Uniform Commercial Code bulk sales, auctions, laws of 8 agency brokerage, and the provisions of this act. 9 (6) No person shall be licensed as an auctioneer unless he: 10 (b) Has passed the required an examination conducted 11 12 by the department; and Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 468.386, Florida 13 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 468.386 Fees; local licensing requirements.--15 (1) The board by rule may establish application, 16 17 examination, licensure, renewal, and other reasonable and 18 necessary fees, based upon the department's estimate of the 19 costs to the board in administering this act. 20 Section 23. Section 468.388, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 468.388 Conduct of an auction.--22 23 (1) Prior to conducting an auction in this state, an auctioneer or auction business shall execute a written 24 25 agreement with the owner, or the agent of the owner, of any 26 property to be offered for sale, stating: (a) The name and address of the owner of the property; 27 28 The name and address of the person employing the (b) 29 auctioneer or auction business, if different from the owner; 30 and 31

1 (c) The terms or conditions upon which the auctioneer 2 or auction business will receive the property for sale and 3 remit the sales proceeds to the owner. 4 (2) The auctioneer or auction business shall give the 5 owner one copy of the agreement and shall keep one copy for 2 6 years after the date of the auction. 7 (3) A written agreement shall not be required if: (a) The auction is to be conducted at an auction house 8 9 or similar place where the public regularly offers property for sale; 10 (b) There has been no prior negotiation between the 11 12 owner or his agent and the auctioneer or auction business involving terms or conditions pertaining to the property being 13 14 offered for sale; and 15 (c) The total estimated value of the property is \$500 or less. If the actual sale price of the property exceeds 16 17 \$550, the written agreement required by subsection (1) shall be executed after the sale. 18 19 (3) (4) Each auctioneer or auction business shall maintain a record book of all sales for which a written 20 agreement is required. The record book shall be open to 21 inspection by the board at reasonable times. 22 23 (4) (4) (5) Each auctioneer or auction business shall prominently display his license, or make it otherwise 24 25 available for inspection, at each auction in which he 26 participates. 27 (5) (5) (6) All advertising by an auctioneer or auction 28 business shall include the name and Florida license number of such auctioneer and auction business. The term "advertising" 29 30 shall not include articles of clothing, directional signs, or other promotional novelty items. 31

Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1 2 468.389, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 468.389 Prohibited acts; penalties.--3 4 (1) The following acts shall be grounds for the 5 disciplinary activities provided in subsections (2) and (3): 6 (c) Failure to account for or to pay, within a 7 reasonable time not to exceed 30 days, money or property 8 belonging to another which has come into the control of an 9 auctioneer or auction business through an auction. Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the 10 amendment to section 468.389, Florida Statutes, in a reference 11 12 thereto, section 468.391, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to 13 read: 14 468.391 Penalty.--Any auctioneer, apprentice, or 15 auction business or any owner or manager thereof, or, in the 16 case of corporate ownership, any substantial stockholder of 17 the corporation owning the auction business, who operates 18 without an active license or violates any provision of the 19 prohibited acts listed under s. 468.389 commits a felony of 20 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 21 775.083. 22 Section 26. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 468.393, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 468.393 Surcharge to license fee; assessments.--24 25 (2) If the total amount in the Auctioneer Recovery Fund, including principal and interest, exceeds\$250,000 26 27 $\frac{500,000}{500,000}$ at the end of the state fiscal year after the payment of all claims and expenses, the amount in excess of \$250,000 28 29 \$500,000 shall remain in the fund for benefit of the licensees in tolling the surcharge until such time as the surcharge 30 shall need replenishing. 31

(3) After October 1, 1995, if the total amount in the 1 2 Auctioneer Recovery Fund, including principal and interest, is 3 less than \$200,000 at the end of the fiscal year after the 4 payment of all claims and expenses, the board shall assess, in 5 addition to any other fees under s. 468.3852, a surcharge 6 against a licensee at the time of initial licensure or at the 7 time of license renewal, according to the following formula in 8 order to maintain the fund at\$250,000 \$500,000: 9 (a) Determine the amount remaining in the fund at the end of the state fiscal year after all expenses and claims 10 have been paid. 11 12 (b) Subtract the amount determined under paragraph (a) 13 from\$250,000\$500,000. 14 (c) Determine the number of initial licenses and 15 license renewals in the fiscal year that precedes the current 16 fiscal year. 17 (d) Divide the amount determined under paragraph (b) 18 by the number determined under paragraph (c). 19 Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the 20 amendment to section 468.393, Florida Statutes, in a reference 21 thereto, subsection (5) of section 468.392, Florida Statutes, 22 is reenacted to read: 23 468.392 Auctioneer Recovery Fund.--There is created the Auctioneer Recovery Fund as a separate account in the 24 25 Professional Regulation Trust Fund. The fund shall be 26 administered by the Florida Board of Auctioneers. 27 (5) Moneys in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall be retained in the fund and shall accrue for the benefit 28 29 of auctioneers and auction businesses. When the fund exceeds the amount as set forth in s. 468.393(2), all surcharges shall 30 31

be suspended until such time as the fund is reduced below the 1 amount as set forth in s. 468.393(3). 2 3 Section 28. Section 468.395, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 468.395 Conditions of recovery; eligibility .--6 (1) Recovery from the Auctioneer Recovery Fund may be 7 obtained under either of the following circumstances: 8 (a) Any aggrieved person is eligible to receive 9 recovery from the Auctioneer Recovery Fund if the Florida Board of Auctioneers has issued a final order directing an 10 offending licensee to pay restitution to the claimant as the 11 12 result of the licensee violating, within the State of Florida, any provision of s. 468.389 or any rule adopted by the board 13 14 and the board determines that the order of restitution cannot 15 be enforced; or (b) Any aggrieved person who obtains a final judgment 16 17 in any court against any licensee to recover damages for an 18 actual cash loss resulting from the violation, within the 19 State of Florida, by failure to meet the obligations of a 20 licensee, of any provision of s. 468.389 or any rule under this part and the rules adopted by the board, with or without 21 22 findings by the board, that results in an actual cash loss to 23 the aggrieved person may, upon termination of all proceedings, including appeals and proceedings supplemental to judgment for 24 collection purposes, file a verified application to the board 25 26 in the court in which the judgment was entered for an order directing payment out of the Auctioneer Recovery Fund of the 27 amount of actual and direct loss in the transaction that 28 29 remains unpaid upon the judgment. Notwithstanding subsection (3), any application received by the court in which the 30 judgment was entered within 6 months of termination of all 31

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proceedings, including appeals and proceedings supplemental to judgment for collection purposes, shall be considered timely filed. The amount of actual and direct loss may include court costs, but shall not include attorney's fees or punitive damages awarded.

6 (2) The amount paid from the Auctioneer Recovery Fund
7 may not exceed\$25,000\$50,000 per claim judgment or claims
8 judgments arising out of the same transaction or auction nor
9 and an aggregate lifetime limit of\$50,000\$100,000 with
10 respect to any one licensee.

11 (2) At the time the action is commenced, such person 12 shall give notice thereof to the board by certified mail, 13 except that, if no notice is given to the board, the claim may 14 still be honored if, in the opinion of the board, the claim is 15 otherwise valid.

16 (3) A claim for recovery from the Auctioneer Recovery 17 Fund shall be made within 2 years from the time of the act 18 giving rise to the claim or within 2 years from the time the 19 act is discovered or should have been discovered with the 20 exercise of due diligence; however, in no event may a claim 21 for recovery be made more than 4 years after the date of the 22 act giving rise to the claim.

23 (4) The board court shall not issue an order for payment of a claim from the Auctioneer Recovery Fund unless 24 25 the claimant has reasonably established for the board court 26 that he has taken proper and reasonable action to collect the 27 amount of his claim from the licensee licensed auctioneer 28 responsible for the loss and that any recovery made has been 29 applied to reduce the amount of the claim on the Auctioneer 30 Recovery Fund.

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(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, 1 2 no claim based on any act or omission occurring outside the 3 State of Florida or occurring prior to October 1, 1995, shall 4 be payable submitted for payment to or payment from the 5 Auctioneer Recovery Fund until after October 1, 1995. 6 (6) In case of payment of loss from the Auctioneer 7 Recovery Fund, the fund shall be subrogated, to the extent of 8 the amount of the payment, to all the rights of the claimant 9 against any licensee with respect to the loss. Section 29. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 10 468.396, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 12 468.396 Claims against a single licensee in excess of dollar limitation; joinder of claims, payment; insufficient 13 14 funds.--If the payment in full of two or more pending 15 (1) 16 valid claims that have been filed by aggrieved persons against a single licensee would exceed the\$25,000\$50,000 limit as 17 set forth in s. 468.395, the\$25,000\$50,000 shall be 18 19 distributed among the aggrieved persons in the ratio that their respective claims bear to the aggregate of all valid 20 claims or in any other manner that a court of record may 21 determine to be equitable. Such money shall be distributed 22 23 among the persons entitled to share in it without regard to the order of priority in which their respective judgments have 24 25 been obtained or their claims have been filed. 26 (3) On June 30 and December 31 of each year, the board shall identify each claim that the court orders to be paid 27 during the 6-month period that ended on that day. The board 28 29 shall pay the part of each claim that is so identified within 30 15 days after the end of the 6-month period in which the claim is ordered paid. However, if the balance in the fund is 31

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insufficient to pay the full payable amount of each claim that 1 is ordered to be paid during a 6-month period, the board shall 2 3 pay a prorated portion of each claim that is ordered to be 4 paid during the period. Any part of the payable amount of a 5 claim left unpaid due to the prorating of payments under this subsection shall be paid, subject to the\$25,000\$50,000 limit 6 7 described in s. 468.395, before the payment of claims ordered 8 to be paid during the following 6 months. 9 Section 30. Subsection (3) is added to section 468.432, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, to read: 10 468.432 Licensure of community association managers; 11 12 exceptions; rules .--13 (3) The department is authorized to adopt rules 14 pursuant to chapter 120 to implement the licensure and disciplinary requirements of this part and chapter 455. 15 Section 31. Subsection (4) of section 468.542, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 468.542 Definitions.--As used in ss. 468.540-468.552, 18 19 the term: 20 "Operator" means any person, including the owner, (4) who is in onsite charge of the actual operation, supervision, 21 and maintenance of a water treatment plant or domestic 22 23 wastewater treatment plant and includes the person in onsite charge of a shift or period of operation during any part of 24 25 the day. 26 "Class A operator" means a person who is (a) 27 authorized by certification, training, and experience to 28 operate any water or wastewater treatment facility, as defined 29 by department rule. 30 (b) "Class B operator" means a person who is authorized by certification, training, and experience to 31

operate a Class B or lesser water or wastewater treatment 1 2 facility, as defined by department rule, and who also may be 3 authorized as a shift operator on Class A facilities, as 4 permitted by department rule. 5 (C) "Class C operator" means a person who is 6 authorized by certification, training, and experience to 7 operate a Class C or lesser water or wastewater treatment 8 facility, as defined by department rule, and who also may be authorized as a shift operator on Class A or Class B 9 facilities, as permitted by department rule. 10 (d) "Class D operator" means a person who is 11 12 authorized by certification, training, and experience to 13 operate a Class D water or wastewater treatment facility, as 14 defined by department rule. Section 32. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and 15 16 subsection (3) of section 468.453, Florida Statutes, are 17 amended to read: 18 468.453 Licensure required; qualifications; 19 examination; bond. --20 (2) A person shall be licensed as an athlete agent if 21 the applicant: 22 (e) Has provided sufficient information, and a full set of the applicant's fingerprints which has been taken by an 23 authorized law enforcement officer, which must be submitted by 24 25 the department for a criminal records check through the 26 Federal Bureau of Investigation. (3) Members of The Florida Bar are exempt from the 27 requirements of this part state laws and rules component, and 28 29 the fee for such, of the examination required by this section. 30 Section 33. Section 468.547, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

1 468.547 Fees.--The department shall, by rule, 2 establish fees to be paid for applications and examination, 3 reexamination, licensing and renewal, renewal of inactive 4 license, reactivation of inactive license, recordmaking, and 5 recordkeeping. The department shall establish fees adequate to 6 administer and implement ss. 468.540-468.552. 7 (1) The application fee may not exceed \$100 and is not 8 refundable. 9 (2) The renewal fee may not exceed \$100 and is not refundable. 10 (3) All fees collected pursuant to ss. 468.540-468.552 11 12 must be deposited into the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. Section 34. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 13 14 468.548, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 468.548 Requirements for licensure.--15 16 (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a water 17 treatment plant operator or a domestic wastewater treatment 18 plant operator must apply to the department to take the 19 licensure examination. 20 (2) The department shall license examine any applicant who meets the criteria established by the department for 21 22 licensure, submits a completed application, and remits the 23 required fee. (3) The department shall license as an operator any 24 25 applicant who has passed the examination approved and 26 certified by the department under this section. Section 35. Section 468.607, Florida Statutes, is 27 28 amended to read: 29 468.607 Certification of building code administration 30 and inspection personnel.--The department board shall issue a certificate to any individual whom the board certifies 31

determines to be qualified, within such class and level as 1 provided in this part and with such limitations as the board 2 3 may place upon it. No person may be employed by a state 4 agency or local governmental authority to perform the duties 5 of a building code administrator, plans examiner, or inspector 6 after October 1, 1993, without possessing the proper valid 7 certificate issued in accordance with the provisions of this 8 part. 9 Section 36. Section 468.609, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 11 468.609 Administration of this part; standards for 12 certification; additional categories of certification .--(1) Except as provided in this part, any person who 13 14 desires to be certified shall apply to the board, in writing 15 upon forms approved and furnished by the board, to take the 16 certification examination. 17 (2) A person shall be entitled to take the examination 18 for certification as an inspector or plans examiner pursuant 19 to this part if the person: 20 (a) Is at least 18 years of age; 21 (b) Is of good moral character; and 22 (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of 23 the following criteria: 24 Demonstrates 5 years' combined experience in the 1. 25 field of construction, or plans review 26 corresponding to the certification category sought; or Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary 27 2. 28 education in a related field and experience which totals 4 29 years, with at least 1 year of such total being experience in 30 construction, or building inspection, or plans review. ; or 31

(3) A person shall be entitled to take the examination 1 2 for certification as a building code administrator pursuant to 3 this part if the person: 4 (a) Is at least 18 years of age; 5 (b) Is of good moral character; and 6 (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of 7 the following criteria: 8 1.3. For certification as a building code 9 administrator or building official, Demonstrates 10 years' combined experience as an architect, engineer, building 10 inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction 11 12 superintendent, with at least 5 years of such experience in supervisory positions; or-13 14 2. Demonstrates a combination of postsecondary 15 education in a related field, no more than 5 years of which may be applied, and experience as an architect, engineer, 16 17 building inspector, registered or certified contractor, or construction superintendent which totals 10 years, with at 18 19 least 5 years of such total being experience in supervisory 20 positions. 21 (4) (4) (3) No person may engage in the duties of a building code administrator, plans examiner, or inspector 22 pursuant to this part after October 1, 1993, unless such 23 person possesses one of the following types of certificates, 24 25 currently valid, issued by the department board attesting to 26 the person's qualifications to hold such position: (a) A standard certificate. 27 (b) A limited certificate. 28 29 (c) A provisional certificate. 30 (5)(4)(a) To obtain a standard certificate, an individual must pass an examination approved by the board 31

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which demonstrates that the applicant has fundamental 1 knowledge of the state laws and codes relating to the 2 3 construction of buildings for which the applicant has code 4 administration or inspection responsibilities. It is the 5 intent of the Legislature that the examination approved for 6 certification pursuant to this part be substantially 7 equivalent to the examinations administered by the Southern 8 Building Code Congress International, the Building Officials 9 Association of Florida, the South Florida Building Code (Dade and Broward), and the Council of American Building Officials. 10 (b) A standard certificate shall be issued to each 11 12 applicant who successfully completes the examination, which certificate authorizes the individual named thereon to 13 14 practice throughout the state as a building code administrator, plans examiner, or inspector within such class 15 and level as is specified by the board. 16 17 (c) The board may accept proof that the applicant has passed an examination which is substantially equivalent to the 18 19 board-approved examination set forth in this section. 20 (6)(5)(a) A building code administrator, plans 21 examiner, or inspector holding office on July 1, 1993, shall not be required to possess a standard certificate as a 22 23 condition of tenure or continued employment, but shall be required to obtain a limited certificate as described in this 24 25 subsection. 26 (b) By October 1, 1993, individuals who were employed 27 on July 1, 1993, as building code administrators, plans examiners, or inspectors, who are not eligible for a standard 28 29 certificate, but who wish to continue in such employment, shall submit to the board the appropriate application and 30 certification fees and shall receive a limited certificate 31

qualifying them to engage in building code administration,
 plans examination, or inspection in the class, at the
 performance level, and within the governmental jurisdiction in
 which such person is employed.

5 (c) The limited certificate shall be valid only as an 6 authorization for the building code administrator, plans 7 examiner, or inspector to continue in the position held, and 8 to continue performing all functions assigned to that 9 position, on July 1, 1993.

10 (d) A building code administrator, plans examiner, or 11 inspector holding a limited certificate can be promoted to a 12 position requiring a higher level certificate only upon 13 issuance of a standard certificate or provisional certificate 14 appropriate for such new position.

15 <u>(7)(6)(a)</u> The board may provide for the issuance of 16 provisional or temporary certificates valid for such period, 17 not less than 1 year nor more than 3 years, as specified by 18 board rule, to any building code administrator, plans 19 examiner, or inspector newly employed or newly promoted who 1acks the qualifications prescribed by the board or by statute 21 as prerequisite to issuance of a standard certificate.

(b) No building code administrator, plans examiner, or
inspector may have a provisional or temporary certificate
extended beyond the specified period by renewal or otherwise.
(c) The board may provide for appropriate levels of

26 provisional or temporary certificates and may issue these 27 certificates with such special conditions or requirements 28 relating to the place of employment of the person holding the 29 certificate, the supervision of such person on a consulting or 30 advisory basis, or other matters as the board may deem 31 necessary to protect the public safety and health.

1	(8) (7) (a) Any individual who holds a valid certificate
2	under the provisions of s. 553.795, or who has successfully
3	completed all requirements for certification pursuant to such
4	section, shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements
5	for receiving a standard certificate prescribed by this part.
б	(b) Any individual who holds a valid certificate
7	issued by the Southern Building Code Congress International,
8	the Building Officials Association of Florida, the South
9	Florida Building Code (Dade and Broward), or the Council of
10	American Building Officials certification programs, or who has
11	been approved for certification under one of those programs
12	not later than October 1, 1995, shall be deemed to have
13	satisfied the requirements for receiving a standard
14	certificate in the corresponding category prescribed by this
15	part. Employees of counties with a population of less than
16	50,000, or employees of municipalities with a population of
17	less than 3,500, shall be deemed to have satisfied the
18	requirements for standard certification where such employee is
19	approved for certification under one of the programs set forth
20	in this paragraph not later than October 1, 1998.
21	(9) (8) Any individual applying to the board may be
22	issued a certificate valid for multiple inspection classes, as
23	deemed appropriate by the board.
24	(10)(9) Certification and training classes may be
25	developed in coordination with degree career education
26	centers, community colleges, the State University System, or
27	other entities offering certification and training classes.
28	(11) (10) The board may by rule create categories of
29	certification in addition to those defined in s. 468.603(6)
30	and (7). Such certification categories shall not be mandatory
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and shall not act to diminish the scope of any certificate 1 2 created by statute. 3 Section 37. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 4 subsection (2) of section 468.617, Florida Statutes, 1996 5 Supplement, is amended to read: 6 468.617 Joint inspection department; other 7 arrangements.--8 (2) Nothing in this part shall prohibit local 9 governments from employing or authorizing persons certified pursuant to or exempt from this part to perform inspections on 10 a contract basis. 11 12 Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 468.621, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 14 468.621 Prohibited acts; disciplinary proceedings.--15 (1) The following acts are prohibited by this part and 16 constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in 17 subsection (2) may be taken: (a) Violating or failing to comply with any provision 18 19 of this part, or a valid rule or lawful order of the board or department pursuant thereto. 20 21 (b) Obtaining certification through fraud, deceit, or 22 perjury. 23 (c) Knowingly assisting any person practicing contrary to the provisions of: 24 25 1. This part; or The building code adopted by any the enforcement 26 2. 27 authority of that person within the state; or 28 3. Chapter 455 or chapter 489. 29 (d) Having been convicted of a felony against this 30 state or the United States, or of a felony in another state 31

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that would have been a felony had it been committed in this 1 2 state. 3 (e) Having been convicted of a crime in any 4 jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of 5 building code administration or inspection. 6 (f) Making or filing a report or record which the 7 certificateholder knows to be false, or knowingly inducing 8 another to file a false report or record, or knowingly failing 9 to file a report or record required by state or local law, or knowingly impeding or obstructing such filing, or knowingly 10 inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. 11 12 (g) Committing willful misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting 13 14 in a significant danger to life or property by failure to 15 properly enforce applicable building codes. Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 468.629, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 468.629 Prohibitions; penalties.--18 19 (1) No person may: 20 (a) Falsely hold himself or herself out as a 21 certificateholder. Falsely impersonate a certificateholder. 22 (b) 23 (c) Present as his or her own the certificate of 24 another. 25 (d) Give false or forged evidence to the board or the 26 department, or a member, an employee, or an officer thereof, 27 for the purpose of obtaining a certificate. 28 (e) Use or attempt to use a certificate which has been 29 suspended or revoked. 30 (f) Threaten, coerce, trick, persuade, or otherwise influence, or attempt to threaten, coerce, trick, persuade, or 31 70

otherwise influence, any certificateholder, through the 1 2 certificateholder's action or inaction, to commit, allow, or assist in the commission of the violation of to violate any 3 4 provision of this part, chapter 455, or chapter 489, a local 5 building code or ordinance, or any other law of this state. 6 (g) Offer any compensation to a certificateholder in 7 order to induce a violation of this part, a local building code or ordinance, or another law of this state. 8 9 (h) Engage in the duties or act in the capacity of a building code administrator, plans examiner, or inspector 10 without possessing valid, active certificate issued under this 11 12 part. Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 469.001, Florida 13 14 Statutes, is amended, present subsections (20) and (22) are 15 renumbered as subsections (21) and (23), respectively, present subsection (21) is renumbered as subsection (22) and amended, 16 17 and a new subsection (20) is added to said section, to read: 469.001 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 18 19 (1) "Abatement" means the removal, encapsulation, enclosure, repair, maintenance, or disposal of asbestos. 20 21 (20) "Project designer" means a person who works under the direction of a licensed asbestos consultant and engages in 22 23 the design of project specifications for asbestos abatement 24 projects. (22)(21) "Survey" means the process of inspecting a 25 26 facility for the presence of asbestos-containing materials and to determine the location and condition of asbestos-containing 27 materials prior to transfer of property, renovation, 28 29 demolition, or maintenance projects which may disturb asbestos-containing materials. 30 31

Section 41. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1 2 469.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 469.002 Exemptions.--3 4 (1) This chapter does not apply to: 5 (e) An authorized employee of the United States, this б state, or any municipality, county, or other political 7 subdivision who has completed all training required by NESHAP 8 and OSHA or by AHERA for the activities described in this 9 paragraph, while engaged in asbestos-related activities set forth in s. 255.5535 and asbestos-related activities involving 10 the demolition of a residential building owned by that 11 12 governmental unit, where such activities are within the scope 13 of that employment and the employee does not hold out for hire 14 or otherwise engage in asbestos abatement, contracting, or 15 consulting. Section 42. Subsection (3) of section 469.004, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 469.004 License; asbestos consultant; asbestos 18 19 contractor; exceptions.--20 (3) Licensure as an asbestos contractor or asbestos consultant is not required for the moving, removal, or 21 22 disposal of asbestos-containing roofing material by a roofing 23 contractor certified or registered under part I of chapter 489, if all such activities are performed under the direction 24 of an onsite roofing supervisor trained as provided in s. 25 26 469.012. Section 43. Section 469.005, Florida Statutes, is 27 28 amended to read: 29 469.005 License requirements. -- All applicants for 30 licensure as either asbestos consultants or asbestos contractors shall: 31
1 (1) Pay the initial licensing fee. 2 When applying for licensure as an asbestos (2) 3 consultant, successfully complete the following department-approved courses, as approved by the department: 4 5 (a) An asbestos contractor/supervisor abatement 6 project management and supervision course. Such course shall 7 consist of not less than 5 4 days of instruction and shall cover the nature of the health risks, the medical effects of 8 9 exposure, federal and state asbestos laws and regulations, legal and insurance considerations, contract specifications, 10 11 sampling and analytical methodology, worker protection, and 12 work area protection. (b) A course in building asbestos surveys and 13 14 mechanical systems course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction. 15 16 (c) An A course in asbestos management planning course. Such course shall consist of not less than 2 days of 17 18 instruction. 19 (d) A course in respiratory protection course. Such 20 course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction. 21 (e) A project designer course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction. 22 23 (3) When applying for licensure as an asbestos contractor, successfully complete the following 24 25 department-approved courses: 26 (a) An asbestos contractor/supervisor course. Such 27 course shall consist of not less than 5 days of instruction. 28 (b) A respiratory protection course. Such course 29 shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction. 30 (4)(3) Provide evidence of satisfactory work on 10 asbestos projects within the last 5 years. 31

1 (5) (4) Provide evidence of financial stability. 2 (6) (6) (5) Pass a department-approved examination of 3 qualifications and knowledge relating to asbestos. 4 Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 5 469.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 469.006 Licensure of business organizations; 7 qualifying agents .--8 (5)(a) Each asbestos consultant or contractor shall 9 affix the consultant's or contractor's signature seal, if any, and license number to each construction document, plan, or any 10 other document prepared or approved for use by the licensee 11 12 which is related to any asbestos abatement project and filed for public record with any governmental agency, and to any 13 14 offer, bid, or contract submitted to a client. Section 45. Subsection (1) of section 469.013, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 469.013 Course requirements for asbestos surveyors, management planners, and project monitors .--18 19 (1) All asbestos surveyors, management planners, and 20 project monitors must comply with the requirements set forth in this section prior to commencing such activities and must 21 22 also complete a 1-day course of continuing education each year 23 thereafter. 24 (a) Management planners must complete all requirements 25 of s. 469.005(2)(c) and (e). 26 (b) Asbestos surveyors must complete all requirements of s. 469.005(2)(b). 27 28 (c) Project monitors must complete all requirements of 29 s. 469.005(2)(a) and must also complete an asbestos sampling 30 course which is equivalent to NIOSH Course 582. 31

Section 46. Section 469.015, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 repealed. 3 Section 47. Subsection (18) of section 470.002, 4 Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 470.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 6 (18) "Legally authorized person" means, in the 7 priority listed, the decedent, when written inter vivos 8 authorizations and directions are provided by the decedent, 9 the surviving spouse, son or daughter who is 18 years of age or older, parent, brother or sister 18 years of age or over, 10 grandchild who is 18 years of age or older, or grandparent; or 11 12 any person in the next degree of kinship. In addition, the term may include, if no family exists or is available, the 13 14 following: the guardian of the dead person at the time of 15 death; the personal representative of the deceased; the attorney-in-fact of the dead person at the time of death; the 16 17 health surrogate of the dead person at the time of death; a public health officer; the medical examiner, county commission 18 19 or administrator acting under chapter 245, or other public administrator; a representative of a nursing home or other 20 health care institution in charge of final disposition; or a 21 friend or other person not listed in this subsection who is 22 23 willing to assume the responsibility as authorized person. Section 470.0085, Florida Statutes, is 24 Section 48. 25 amended to read: 26 470.0085 Establishment of embalmer apprentice 27 program. -- The board may adopt rules establishing an embalmer apprentice program. An embalmer apprentice may perform only 28 29 those tasks, functions, and duties relating to embalming which are performed under the direct supervision of a licensed 30 embalmer. An embalmer apprentice shall be eligible to serve in 31

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an apprentice capacity for a period not to exceed 1 year as 1 may be determined by board rule or for a period not to exceed 2 3 3 years if the apprentice is attending and enrolled in a 4 course in mortuary science or funeral service education at any 5 mortuary college or funeral service education college or 6 school. An embalmer apprentice shall be registered with the 7 board upon payment of a registration fee not to exceed \$50. Section 470.009, Florida Statutes, is 8 Section 49. 9 amended to read: 470.009 Licensure as a funeral director by 10 11 examination; provisional license. --12 (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a funeral director shall apply to the department to take the licensure 13 14 examination. The department shall examine each applicant who has remitted an examination fee set by the board not to exceed 15 \$200 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for 16 17 portions of the examination and who the board certifies has: 18 (a) Completed the application form and remitted a 19 nonrefundable application fee set by the board not to exceed 20 \$50. 21 Submitted proof satisfactory to the board that the (b) applicant is at least 18 years of age and is a recipient of a 22 23 high school degree or equivalent. (c) Had no conviction or finding of guilt, regardless 24 25 of adjudication, for a crime which directly relates to the 26 ability to practice funeral directing or the practice of funeral directing. 27 (d)1. Received an associate in arts degree, associate 28 29 in science degree, or an associate in applied science degree 30 in mortuary science approved by the board; or 31

2. Holds an associate degree or higher from a college 1 2 or university accredited by a regional association of colleges 3 and schools recognized by the United States Department of 4 Education and is a graduate of at least a 1-year course in mortuary science approved by the board. 5 (e) Submitted proof of completion of a board-approved б 7 course on communicable diseases. 8 (f) Has completed a 1-year internship under a licensed 9 funeral director. (2) The department shall license the applicant as a 10 11 funeral director if he the applicant: (a) Passes an examination on the subjects of the 12 theory and practice of funeral directing, public health and 13 14 sanitation, and local, state, and federal laws and rules relating to the disposition of dead human bodies; however, the 15 board by rule may adopt the use of a national examination, 16 such as the funeral service arts examination prepared by the 17 Conference of Funeral Service Examining Boards, in lieu of 18 19 part of this examination requirement. 20 (b) Completes a 1-year internship under a licensed 21 funeral director. 22 (3) Any applicant who has completed the required 23 1-year internship and has been approved for examination as a funeral director may qualify for a provisional license to work 24 25 in a licensed funeral establishment, under the direct 26 supervision of a licensed funeral director for a limited period of 6 months as provided by rule of the board. The fee 27 for provisional licensure shall be set by the board but may 28 29 not exceed \$125. The fee required in this subsection shall be 30 nonrefundable and in addition to the fee required by subsection (1). This provisional license may be renewed no 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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more than one time. An applicant may not be granted a license 1 2 until that applicant has completed a 1-year internship as 3 prescribed by rule of the board. 4 Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 470.015, Florida 5 Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 6 470.015 Renewal of funeral director and embalmer 7 licenses.--8 (1) The department shall renew a funeral director or 9 embalmer license upon receipt of the renewal application and fee set by the board not to exceed \$250. The board may 10 prescribe by rule continuing education requirements of up to 11 12 12 classroom hours, in addition to a board-approved course on 13 communicable diseases that includes the course on human 14 immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome 15 required by s. 455.2226, for the renewal of a funeral director or embalmer license. The board may provide for the waiver of 16 continuing education requirements in circumstances that would 17 justify the waiver, such as hardship, disability, or illness. 18 19 The continuing education requirement is not required after July 1, 1996, for a licensee who is over the age of 75 years 20 if the licensee does not qualify as the sole person in charge 21 of an establishment or facility. 22 23 Section 51. Subsection (2) of section 470.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 470.018 Renewal of registration of direct disposer .--25 26 (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal of registrations. 27 The 28 board shall prescribe by rule continuing education 29 requirements of up to 3 classroom hours, in addition to a board-approved course on communicable diseases that includes 30 the course on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune 31

deficiency syndrome required by s. 455.2226, for the renewal 1 2 of a registration. 3 Section 52. Section 470.024, Florida Statutes, 1996 4 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 470.024 Funeral establishment; licensure.--6 (1) A funeral establishment shall be a place at a 7 specific street address or location consisting of at least 1,250 contiguous interior square feet and must maintain or 8 9 make arrangements for either suitable capacity for the refrigeration and storage of dead human bodies handled and 10 stored by the establishment or a preparation room equipped 11 12 with necessary ventilation and drainage and containing necessary instruments for embalming dead human bodies. 13 14 (2) Each licensed funeral establishment may operate a 15 visitation chapel at a location within the county in which the funeral establishment is located. A visitation chapel must be 16 17 a facility of not less than 500 square feet and not more than 700 square feet, which may be operated only when a licensed 18 19 funeral director is present at the facility. A visitation 20 chapel may be used only for visitation of a deceased human 21 body and may not be used for any other activity permitted by 22 this chapter. 23 (3)(2) No person may conduct, maintain, manage, or operate a funeral establishment unless an establishment 24 25 operating license has been issued by the department for that 26 funeral establishment. (4) (4) (3) Application for a funeral establishment license 27 28 shall be made on forms furnished by the department, shall be 29 accompanied by a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set 30 by board rule, and shall include the name of the licensed funeral director who is in charge of that establishment. 31

1 (5)(4) A funeral establishment license shall be
2 renewable biennially pursuant to procedures, and upon payment
3 of a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300, as set by board
4 rule. The board may also establish by rule a delinquency fee
5 not to exceed \$50.

6 <u>(6)(5)</u> The practice of embalming done at a funeral 7 establishment shall only be practiced by an embalmer licensed 8 under this chapter.

9 (7) (6) Each licensed funeral establishment shall have one full-time funeral director in charge and shall have a 10 licensed funeral director reasonably available to the public 11 during normal business hours for that establishment. The 12 full-time funeral director in charge must have an active 13 14 license and may not be the full-time funeral director in 15 charge of any other funeral establishment or of any other 16 direct disposal establishment.

17 (8)(7) The issuance of a license to operate a funeral establishment to a person or entity who is not individually licensed as a funeral director does not entitle the person to practice funeral directing.

21 (9) (9) (8) Each funeral establishment located at a 22 specific address shall be deemed to be a separate entity and 23 shall require separate licensing and compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A No funeral establishment may 24 not shall be operated at the same location as any other 25 26 funeral establishment or direct disposal establishment unless 27 such establishments were licensed as colocated establishments on July 1, 1997 colocated on January 1, 1993. Each 28 29 establishment that was licensed as a colocated establishment on July 1, 1997, may continue to renew its license in the same 30 manner as other licenses are renewed, but such license renewal 31

is restricted to the facilities of the establishment as they 1 2 existed on July 1, 1997. No other licensing of colocated 3 establishments is permitted. (10)(9) Every funeral establishment licensed under 4 5 this chapter shall at all times be subject to the inspection 6 of all its buildings, grounds, and vehicles used in the 7 conduct of its business, by the department or any of its designated representatives or agents, or local or Department 8 9 of Health and Rehabilitative Services inspectors. The board shall by rule establish requirements for inspection of funeral 10 11 establishments. 12 (11) (10) The board shall set by rule an annual inspection fee not to exceed \$100, payable upon application 13 14 for licensure and upon each renewal of such license. 15 (12)(11) A change in ownership of a funeral 16 establishment shall be promptly reported to the department and 17 <U>shall may require the relicensure of the funeral establishment, including reinspection and payment of 18 19 applicable fees. 20 (13) (12) Each application for a funeral establishment license shall identify every person with the ability to direct 21 the management or policies of the establishment and must 22 23 identify every person having more than a 10-percent ownership interest in the establishment or the business or corporation 24 which owns the establishment. The board may deny, suspend, or 25 26 revoke the license if any person identified in the application 27 has ever been disciplined by a regulatory agency in any jurisdiction for any offense that would constitute a violation 28 29 of this chapter. The board may deny, suspend, or revoke the license if any person identified in the application has ever 30

31 been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo

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contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any 1 2 jurisdiction that directly relates to the ability to operate a 3 funeral establishment. 4 (14)(13) Each funeral establishment must display at 5 the public entrance the name of the establishment and the name 6 of the full-time funeral director in charge. A funeral 7 establishment must transact its business under the name by which it is licensed. 8 Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 470.029, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 10 470.029 Reports of cases embalmed and bodies 11 12 handled.--(1) Each funeral establishment, direct disposal 13 14 establishment, cinerator facility, and centralized embalming facility shall report on a form prescribed and furnished by 15 the department the name of the deceased and such other 16 17 information as may be required with respect to each dead human body embalmed or otherwise handled by the establishment or 18 19 facility. Such forms shall be signed by the embalmer who performs the embalming, if the body is embalmed, and the 20 funeral director in charge of the establishment or facility or 21 by the direct disposer who disposes of the body. The board 22 23 shall prescribe by rule the procedures in submitting such documentation. Reports required by this subsection shall be 24 25 filed by the 10th day of each month for final dispositions 26 handled the preceding month. Section 54. Paragraphs (f) and (g) are added to 27 subsection (2) of section 470.0301, Florida Statutes, 1996 28 29 Supplement, to read: 30 470.0301 Removal services; refrigeration facilities; centralized embalming facilities .-- In order to ensure that the 31

removal, refrigeration, and embalming of all dead human bodies 1 is conducted in a manner that properly protects the public's 2 3 health and safety, the board shall adopt rules to provide for 4 the registration of removal services, refrigeration 5 facilities, and centralized embalming facilities operated 6 independently of funeral establishments, direct disposal 7 establishments, and cinerator facilities. 8 (2) CENTRALIZED EMBALMING FACILITIES.--In order to 9 ensure that all funeral establishments have access to embalming facilities that comply with all applicable health 10 and safety requirements, the board shall adopt rules to 11 12 provide for the registration of centralized embalming facilities and shall require, at a minimum, the following: 13 14 (f) Application for registration of a centralized 15 embalming facility shall be made on forms furnished by the department and shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee not 16 17 to exceed \$300 as set by board rule, and registration shall be renewed biennially pursuant to procedures and upon payment of 18 19 a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$300 as set by board rule. 20 The board may also establish by rule a late fee not to exceed \$50. Any registration not renewed within 30 days after the 21 22 renewal date shall expire without further action by the 23 department. 24 (g) The board shall set by rule an annual inspection fee not to exceed \$100, payable upon application for 25 26 registration and upon renewal of such registration. 27 Section 55. Section 470.0315, Florida Statutes, is 28 created to read: 29 470.0315 Storage, preservation, and transportation of 30 human remains .--31

1	(1) No person may store or maintain human remains at
2	any establishment or facility, except an establishment or
3	facility licensed or registered under this chapter or a health
4	care facility, medical examiner's facility, morgue, or
5	cemetery holding facility.
6	(2) No dead human body may be held in any place or in
7	transit over 24 hours after death or pending final disposition
8	unless the body is maintained under refrigeration at a
9	temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit or below or is embalmed
10	or otherwise preserved in a manner approved by the board in
11	accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
12	(3) A dead human body transported by common carrier or
13	any agency or individual authorized to carry human bodies must
14	be placed in a carrying container adequate to prevent the
15	seepage of fluids and escape of offensive odors. A dead human
16	body shall be transported only when accompanied by a properly
17	completed burial-transit permit issued in accordance with the
18	provisions of chapter 382.
19	(4) The board shall establish by rule the minimal
20	standards of acceptable and prevailing practices for the
21	handling of dead human bodies, provided that all human remains
22	transported or stored must be completely covered and at all
23	times treated with dignity and respect.
24	(5) A person who violates any provision of this
25	section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
26	<u>as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.</u>
27	Section 56. Section 470.0355, Florida Statutes, is
28	created to read:
29	470.0355 Identification of human remains
30	(1) The licensee or registrant in charge of the final
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disposition of such dead human remains, affix on the ankle or 1 wrist of the deceased, or in the casket or alternative 2 3 container or cremation container, proper identification of the dead human remains. The identification or tag shall be 4 5 encased in or consist of durable and long-lasting material 6 containing the name, date of birth, date of death, and social 7 security number of the deceased, if available. If the dead human remains are cremated, proper identification shall be 8 9 placed in the container or urn containing the remains. (2) Any licensee or registrant responsible for removal 10 of dead human remains to any establishment, facility, or 11 12 location shall ensure that the remains are identified by a tag or other means of identification that is affixed to the ankle 13 14 or wrist of the deceased at the time the remains are removed from the place of death or other location. 15 16 (3) Any licensee or registrant may rely on the 17 representation of a legally authorized person to establish the 18 identity of dead human remains. 19 Section 57. Section 471.024, Florida Statutes, is 20 created to read: 21 471.024 Engineers performing building code inspector 22 duties. -- A person currently licensed to practice as an 23 engineer under this chapter may provide building inspection services described in s. 468.603(6) and (7) to a local 24 25 government or state agency upon its request, without being 26 certified by the Board of Building Code Administrators and Inspectors under part XIII of chapter 468. When performing 27 28 these building inspection services, the engineer is subject to 29 the disciplinary guidelines of this chapter and s. 468.621(1)(c)-(g). The complaint processing, investigation, 30 and discipline shall be conducted by the board rather than the 31

Board of Building Code Administrators and Inspectors. An 1 2 engineer may not perform plans review, as set forth in s. 3 468.603(2), as an employee of a local government on any job 4 that the engineer or the engineer's company designed. 5 Section 58. Paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (g), and (m) of 6 subsection (1) of section 470.036, Florida Statutes, and 7 subsection (2) of said section are amended to read: 470.036 Disciplinary proceedings.--8 9 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken: 10 (c) Having a license or registration to practice 11 12 funeral directing or embalming, apprentice embalming, or to operate a cinerator facility, funeral establishment, removal 13 14 service, centralized embalming facility, or refrigeration service, revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, 15 including the denial of licensure or registration, by the 16 licensing or registering authority of another jurisdiction. 17 (d) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a 18 19 plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a 20 crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the 21 practice of embalming or funeral directing, apprentice embalming, or operation of a cinerator facility, funeral 22 23 establishment, removal service, centralized embalming facility, or refrigeration service, or the ability to practice 24 25 embalming or funeral directing, apprentice embalming, or 26 operate a cinerator facility, funeral establishment, removal service, centralized embalming facility, or refrigeration 27 28 service. 29 (e) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently 30

31 failing to file a report or record required by state, local,

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or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, 1 or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. 2 3 Such reports or records shall include only those which are 4 signed in the capacity of a licensed funeral director, 5 embalmer, centralized embalming facility operator, or 6 cinerator facility operator. 7 (g) Fraud, deceit, negligence, incompetency, or 8 misconduct, in the practice of funeral directing or embalming, 9 apprentice embalming, funeral establishment operation, centralized embalming facility operation, cinerator facility 10 operation, removal service operation, or refrigeration service 11 12 operation. (m) Making any false or misleading statement, oral or 13 14 written, directly or indirectly, regarding the sale of 15 services or merchandise in connection with funeral directing, embalming, funeral establishment operation, cinerator facility 16 17 operation, removal service operation, centralized embalming 18 service, or refrigeration operation on a preneed or at-need 19 basis. 20 When the board finds any licensed embalmer, (2) apprentice embalmer, embalmer intern, funeral director, 21 22 funeral director intern, funeral establishment, centralized 23 embalming facility, removal service, refrigeration service, cinerator facility, or cinerator facility operator guilty of 24 any of the grounds set forth in subsection (1), it may enter 25 26 an order imposing one or more of the following penalties: (a) Denial of an application for licensure. 27 28 (b) Permanent revocation or suspension of a license. 29 Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed (C) 30 \$5,000 for each count or separate offense. Issuance of a reprimand. 31 (d)

(e) Placement of the licensee on probation for a 1 2 period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may 3 specify, including requiring the licensee to attend continuing 4 education courses or to work under the supervision of another 5 licensee. 6 (f) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice. 7 (g) Assessment of costs associated with investigation 8 and prosecution. Section 59. Subsection (5) of section 473.306, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to said 10 section, to read: 11 473.306 Examinations.--12 (5) The board may adopt an alternative licensure 13 14 examination for persons who have been licensed to practice 15 public accountancy or its equivalent in a foreign country so 16 long as the International Qualifications Appraisal Board of 17 the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy has ratified an agreement with that country for reciprocal 18 19 licensure Canadian chartered accountants who have completed 20 the Canadian chartered accountant licensure examination and hold a chartered accountant license from a Canadian province. 21 (6) For the purposes of maintaining the proper 22 23 educational qualifications for licensure under this chapter, the board may appoint an Educational Advisory Council, which 24 25 shall be composed of one member of the board, two persons in 26 public practice who are licensed under this chapter, and four 27 academicians on faculties of universities in this state. 28 Section 60. Section 473.3065, Florida Statutes, is 29 created to read: 30 473.3065 Certified Public Accountant Education Minority Assistance Program; advisory council. --31

Assistance Program for Florida residents is hereby established in the division for the purpose of providing scholarships to minority persons, as defined in s. 288.703(3), who are students enrolled in their fifth year of an accounting education program at institutions in this state approved by	<u>n</u>
<pre>4 minority persons, as defined in s. 288.703(3), who are 5 students enrolled in their fifth year of an accounting</pre>	
5 students enrolled in their fifth year of an accounting	
6 education program at institutions in this state approved by	
7 the board by rule. A Certified Public Accountant Education	
8 Minority Assistance Advisory Council shall assist the board i	
9 administering the program.	
10 (2) All moneys used to provide scholarships under the	
11 program shall be funded by a portion of existing license fees	,
12 as set by the board, not to exceed \$10 per license. Such	
13 moneys shall be deposited into the Professional Regulation	
14 Trust Fund in a separate account maintained for that purpose.	-
15 The department is authorized to spend up to \$100,000 per year	-
16 for the program from this program account, but may not	
17 allocate overhead charges to it. Moneys for scholarships	
18 shall be disbursed annually upon recommendation of the	
19 advisory council and approval by the board, based on the	
20 adopted eligibility criteria and comparative evaluation of al	1
21 applicants. Funds in the program account may be invested by	
22 the Treasurer under the same limitations as apply to	
23 investment of other state funds, and all interest earned	
24 thereon shall be credited to the program account.	
25 (3) The board shall adopt rules as necessary for	
26 administration of the program, including rules relating to the	.e
27 <u>following:</u>	
28 (a) Eligibility criteria for receipt of a scholarship,	-
29 which, at a minimum, shall include the following factors:	
30 <u>1. Financial need.</u>	
31	

2. Ethnic, gender, or racial minority status pursuant 1 2 to s. 288.703(3). 3 3. Scholastic ability and performance. 4 (b) Scholarship application procedures. (c) Amounts in which scholarships may be provided, the 5 6 total amount that may be provided, the timeframe for payments 7 or partial payments, and criteria for how scholarship funds 8 may be expended. 9 (d) The total amount of scholarships that can be made 10 each year. (e) The minimum balance that must be maintained in the 11 12 program account. 13 (4) Determinations made by the board regarding 14 recipients of scholarship moneys shall not be considered agency action for purposes of chapter 120. 15 It is unlawful for any person or agent of such 16 (5) 17 person to knowingly file with the board any notice, statement, 18 or other document which is false or which contains any 19 material misstatement of fact. A person who violates any 20 provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the 21 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 22 775.083. 23 (6) There is hereby created the Certified Public Accountant Education Minority Assistance Advisory Council to 24 25 assist the board in administering the program. The council 26 shall be diverse and representative of the gender, ethnic, and racial categories set forth in s. 288.703(3). 27 28 The council shall consist of five licensed (a) 29 Florida-certified public accountants selected by the board, of 30 whom one shall be a board member who serves as chair of the council, one shall be a representative of the National 31

Association of Black Accountants, one shall be a 1 2 representative of the Cuban American CPA Association, and two 3 shall be selected at large. At least one member of the 4 council must be a woman. 5 The board shall determine the terms for initial (b) 6 appointments and appointments thereafter. 7 (c) Any vacancy on the council shall be filled in the 8 manner provided for the selection of the initial member. Any 9 member appointed to fill a vacancy of an unexpired term shall be appointed for the remainder of that term. 10 (d) Three consecutive absences or absences 11 12 constituting 50 percent or more of the council's meetings within any 12-month period shall cause the council membership 13 14 of the member in question to become void, and the position 15 shall be considered vacant. (e) The members of the council shall serve without 16 17 compensation, and any necessary and actual expenses incurred by a member while engaged in the business of the council shall 18 19 be borne by such member or by the organization or agency such 20 member represents. However, the council member who is a 21 member of the board shall be compensated in accordance with 22 the provisions of ss. 455.207(4) and 112.061. 23 Section 61. Subsection (4) of section 473.308, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 473.308 Licensure.--25 26 (4) If application for licensure is made prior to 27 August 1, 2000, and the applicant has 5 years of experience in 28 the practice of public accountancy, either in the United 29 States or in the practice of public accountancy or its equivalent in a foreign country that the International 30 Qualifications Appraisal Board of the National Association of 31

State Boards of Accountancy has determined has licensure 1 2 standards that are substantially equivalent to those in the 3 United States as a licensed chartered accountant in Canada, 4 the board shall waive the requirements of s. 473.306(2)(b)2. 5 that are in excess of a baccalaureate degree. All experience 6 that is used as a basis for waiving said requirements of s. 7 473.306(2)(b)2. must be experience outside this state. 8 Furthermore, said experience must be after licensure as a 9 certified public accountant by another state or territory of the United States or after licensure in the practice of public 10 accountancy or its equivalent in a foreign country that the 11 12 International Qualifications Appraisal Board of the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy has determined has 13 14 licensure standards that are substantially equivalent to those 15 in the United States. The board shall have the authority to establish the standards for experience that meet this 16 17 requirement. 18 Section 62. Subsection (1) of section 473.309, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 473.309 Practice requirements for partnerships, 21 professional service corporations, and limited liability 22 companies.--23 (1) A partnership shall not engage in the practice of public accounting in this state unless: 24 (a) At least one general partner and each partner 25 26 domiciled in this state is a certified public accountant of this state and holds an active license; 27 28 (b) Each partner is a certified public accountant in 29 some state; and 30 (c) The partnership is currently licensed as required by s. 473.3101. 31

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1	(d) It is a form of partnership recognized by Florida
2	law.
3	(e) It is in compliance with rules adopted by the
4	board pertaining to minimum capitalization and adequate public
5	liability insurance.
6	Section 63. Subsection (4) is added to section
7	473.312, Florida Statutes, to read:
8	473.312 Continuing educationAs part of the license
9	renewal procedure, the board shall by rule require licensees
10	to submit proof satisfactory to the board that during the 2
11	years prior to application for renewal, they have successfully
12	completed not less than 48 or more than 80 classroom hours of
13	continuing professional education programs in public
14	accounting subjects approved by the board. The board may
15	prescribe by rule additional continuing professional education
16	hours, not to exceed 25 percent of the total hours required,
17	for failure to complete the hours required for renewal by the
18	end of the reestablishment period.
19	(4) For the purposes of maintaining proper continuing
20	education requirements for renewal of licensure under this
21	chapter, the board may appoint a Continuing Professional
22	Education Advisory Council, which shall be composed of one
23	member of the board, one academician on the faculty of a
24	university in this state, and six certified public
25	accountants.
26	Section 64. Section 474.203, Florida Statutes, is
27	amended to read:
28	474.203 ExemptionsThis chapter shall not apply to:
29	(1) Any faculty member practicing only in conjunction
30	with teaching duties at a school or college of veterinary
31	medicine . Such school or college shall be located in this
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state and be accredited by the American Veterinary Medical 1 Association Council on Education. However, this exemption 2 3 shall only apply to such a faculty member who does not hold a valid license issued under this chapter but who is a graduate 4 5 of a school or college of veterinary medicine accredited by 6 the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on 7 Education or a school or college recognized by the American 8 Veterinary Medical Association Commission for Foreign 9 Veterinary Graduates. The faculty member exemption shall automatically expire when such school or college terminates 10 the faculty member from such teaching duties. On July 1 11 12 December 31 of each year, such school or college shall provide the board with a written list of all faculty who are exempt 13 14 from this chapter. Such school or college shall also notify 15 the board in writing of any additions or deletions to such 16 list. 17 (2) A person practicing as an intern or resident veterinarian and who does not hold a valid license issued 18 19 under this chapter but who is a graduate in training at a 20 school or college of veterinary medicine located in this state and accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association 21 Council on Education. Such intern or resident must be a 22 graduate of a school or college of veterinary medicine 23 accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association 24 Council on Education or a school or college recognized by the 25 26 American Veterinary Medical Association Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates. This exemption shall expire when such 27 intern or resident completes or is terminated from such 28 29 training. Each school or college at which such intern or resident is in training shall, on July 1 of each year, provide 30 the board with a written list of all such interns or residents 31

designated for this exemption, and the school or college shall 1 2 also notify the board of any additions to or deletions from 3 the list. 4 (3) (3) (2) A student in a school or college of veterinary 5 medicine while in the performance of duties assigned by his 6 instructor or when working as a preceptor under the immediate 7 supervision of a licensee, provided that such preceptorship is 8 required for graduation from an accredited school or college 9 of veterinary medicine. The licensed veterinarian shall be responsible for all acts performed by a preceptor under his 10 supervision. 11 12 (4) (3) Any doctor of veterinary medicine in the employ of a state agency or the United States Government while 13 14 actually engaged in the performance of his official duties; 15 however, this exemption shall not apply to such person when he is not engaged in carrying out his official duties or is not 16 working at the installations for which his services were 17 18 engaged. 19 (5) (4) Any person, or his regular employee, 20 administering to the ills or injuries of his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and 21 dehorning of herd animals, unless title has been transferred 22 23 or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law. This exemption shall not apply to out-of-state 24 veterinarians practicing temporarily in the state. However, 25 26 only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases which are communicable to humans and which are of 27 public health significance. 28 29 (6)(5) State agencies, accredited schools, 30 institutions, foundations, business corporations or associations, physicians licensed to practice medicine and 31

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surgery in all its branches, graduate doctors of veterinary 1 medicine, or persons under the direct supervision thereof, 2 3 which or who conduct experiments and scientific research on 4 animals in the development of pharmaceuticals, biologicals, 5 serums, or methods of treatment, or techniques for the 6 diagnosis or treatment of human ailments, or when engaged in 7 the study and development of methods and techniques directly 8 or indirectly applicable to the problems of the practice of 9 veterinary medicine.

(7)(6) Any veterinary aide, nurse, laboratory 10 technician, preceptor, or other employee of a licensed 11 veterinarian who administers medication or who renders 12 auxiliary or supporting assistance under the responsible 13 14 supervision of a such licensed veterinarian practitioner, 15 including those tasks identified by rule of the board requiring immediate supervision. However, the licensed 16 veterinarian shall be responsible for all such acts performed 17 18 under this subsection by persons under his supervision. 19 (8) A veterinarian, licensed by and actively 20 practicing veterinary medicine in another state, who is board 21 certified in a specialty recognized by the board and who responds to a request of a veterinarian licensed in this state 22 23 to assist with the treatment on a specific case of a specific animal or with the treatment on a specific case of the animals 24 of a single owner, as long as the veterinarian licensed in 25 26 this state requests the other veterinarian's presence. A 27 veterinarian who practices under this subsection is not 28 eligible to apply for a premises permit under s. 474.215. 29 (9) For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons 30 exempt under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4)

31 shall be deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized

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by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal 1 2 supplies. 3 Section 65. Section 474.2065, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 474.2065 Fees.--The board, by rule, shall establish б fees for application and examination, reexamination, license 7 renewal, inactive status, renewal of inactive status, license 8 reactivation, periodic inspection of veterinary 9 establishments, and duplicate copies of licenses, certificates, and permits. The fee for the initial application 10 and examination may not exceed\$150, and if an examination 11 cost is included in the application fee, the combined amount 12 may not exceed \$650 plus the actual per applicant cost to the 13 14 department for purchase of portions of the examination from the Professional Examination Service for the American 15 Veterinary Medical Association or a similar national 16 17 organization, if the examination is purchased by the department. The fee for licensure by endorsement may not 18 19 exceed \$500. The fee for temporary licensure may not exceed \$200. The board shall establish fees that are adequate to 20 21 ensure its continued operation and to fund the proportionate 22 expenses incurred by the department which are allocated to the regulation of veterinarians. Fees shall be based on 23 departmental estimates of the revenue required to administer 24 25 this chapter and the provisions relating to the regulation of 26 veterinarians. Section 66. Section 474.207, Florida Statutes, is 27 28 amended to read: 29 474.207 Licensure by examination. --30 (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a veterinarian shall apply to the department to take a licensure 31 97

examination. The board may by rule adopt use of a national 1 examination in lieu of part or all of the examination required 2 by this section, with a reasonable passing score to be set by 3 4 rule of the board. 5 (2) The department shall license each applicant who 6 the board certifies has: 7 (a) Completed the application form and remitted an 8 application examination fee set by the board. 9 (b)1. Graduated from a college of veterinary medicine accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association 10 Council on Education; or 11 12 2. Graduated from a college of veterinary medicine listed in the American Veterinary Medical Association Roster 13 14 of Veterinary Colleges of the World and obtained a certificate 15 from the Education Commission for Foreign Veterinary 16 Graduates. 17 (c) Successfully completed the examination approved by the board and certified provided by the department for this 18 19 purpose, or an examination determined by the board to be 20 equivalent. 21 (d) Demonstrated knowledge of the laws and rules 22 governing the practice of veterinary medicine in Florida in a 23 manner designated by rules of the board. 24 25 The department shall not issue a license to any applicant who 26 is under investigation in any state or territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia for an act which would 27 constitute a violation of this chapter until the investigation 28 29 is complete and disciplinary proceedings have been terminated, at which time the provisions of s. 474.214 shall apply. 30 31

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 2 (2)(b), an applicant shall be deemed to have met the education 3 requirements for licensure upon submission of evidence that 4 the applicant meets one of the following: 5 (a) The applicant was certified for examination by the 6 board prior to October 1, 1989; or 7 (b) The applicant immigrated to the United States 8 after leaving his home country because of political reasons, 9 provided such country is located in the Western Hemisphere and lacks diplomatic relations with the United States, + and: 10 (a)1. Was a Florida resident immediately preceding his 11 12 application for licensure; (b)2. Demonstrates to the board, through submission of 13 14 documentation verified by his respective professional 15 association in exile, that he received a professional degree in veterinary medicine from a college or university located in 16 17 the country from which he emigrated. However, the board may not require receipt transcripts from the Republic of Cuba as a 18 19 condition of eligibility under this section; and 20 (c) Lawfully practiced his profession for at least 3 21 years. 22 (4) Applicants certified for examination or 23 reexamination under subsection (3) who fail or have failed the examination three times subsequent to October 1, 1989, shall 24 25 be required to demonstrate to the board that they meet the 26 requirements of paragraph (2)(b) prior to any further reexamination or certification for licensure. 27 (5) An unlicensed doctor of veterinary medicine who 28 29 has graduated from an approved college or school of veterinary medicine and has completed all parts of the examination for 30 licensure is permitted, while awaiting the results of such 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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examination for licensure or while awaiting issuance of the 1 license, to practice under the immediate supervision of a 2 3 licensed veterinarian. A person who fails any part of the 4 examination may not continue to practice, except in the same 5 capacity as other nonlicensed veterinary employees, until he 6 passes the examination and is eligible for licensure. 7 Section 67. Subsection (3) of section 474.211, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 474.211 Renewal of license.--9 (3) The board may by rule prescribe continuing 10 education, not to exceed 30 hours biennially, as a condition 11 12 for renewal of a license or certificate. The criteria for such 13 programs, providers, or courses shall be approved by the 14 board. 15 Section 68. Subsection (1) of section 474.2125, 16 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 17 474.2125 Temporary license.--18 (1) The board shall adopt rules providing for the 19 issuance of a temporary license to a licensed veterinarian of another state for the purpose of enabling him to provide 20 veterinary medical services in this state for the animals of a 21 22 specific owner or, as may be needed in an emergency as defined 23 in s. $252.34(3)\frac{2}{2}$, for the animals of multiple owners, provided the applicant would qualify for licensure by 24 endorsement under s. 474.217, except that the applicant is not 25 26 required to have demonstrated compliance with the requirements of s. 474.217(1)(a) prior to issuance of the license. No 27 temporary license shall be valid for more than 30 days after 28 29 its issuance, and no license shall cover more than the 30 treatment of the animals of one owner except in an emergency 31

as defined in s. $252.34(3)\frac{2}{2}$. After the expiration of 30 1 days, a new license is required. 2 Section 69. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 3 4 474.214, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 474.214 Disciplinary proceedings. --6 (2) When the board finds any applicant or veterinarian 7 guilty of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (1), 8 regardless of whether the violation occurred prior to 9 licensure, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties: 10 (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed 11 12 <U>\$5,000\$1,000 for each count or separate offense. 13 14 In determining appropriate action, the board must first consider those sanctions necessary to protect the public. Only 15 after those sanctions have been imposed may the disciplining 16 17 authority consider and include in its order requirements 18 designed to rehabilitate the veterinarian. All costs 19 associated with compliance with any order issued under this subsection are the obligation of the veterinarian. 20 21 Section 70. Subsection (7) of section 474.215, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to 22 23 said section, to read: 474.215 Premises permits; disciplinary actions.--24 (7) The board by rule shall establish minimum 25 26 standards for the operation of limited service veterinary medical practices. Such rules shall not restrict limited 27 service veterinary medical practices and shall be consistent 28 29 with the type of limited veterinary medical service provided. 30 (a) Any person that offers or provides limited service veterinary medical practice shall obtain a biennial permit 31

from the board the cost of which shall not exceed \$250. The 1 2 limited service permittee shall register each location where limited service clinics are held and shall pay a fee set by 3 4 rule not to exceed \$25 to register each such location. 5 (b) All permits issued under this subsection are 6 subject to the provisions of ss. 474.213 and 474.214. 7 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection 8 to the contrary, any temporary rabies vaccination effort 9 operated by a county health department in response to a public health threat, as declared by the State Health Officer in 10 consultation with the State Veterinarian, shall not be subject 11 12 to any preregistration, time limitation, or fee requirements, but shall adhere to all other requirements for limited service 13 14 veterinary medical practice as prescribed by rule. The fee charged to the public for a rabies vaccination administered 15 during such temporary rabies vaccination effort shall not 16 17 exceed the actual cost of administering the rabies vaccine. Such rabies vaccination efforts may not be used for any 18 19 purpose other than to address the public health consequences 20 of the rabies outbreak. The board shall be immediately 21 notified in writing of any temporary rabies vaccination effort 22 operated under this paragraph. (8) Any person who is not a veterinarian licensed 23 under this chapter but who desires to own and operate a 24 25 veterinary medical establishment shall apply to the board for 26 a premises permit. If the board certifies that the applicant complies with the applicable laws and rules of the board, the 27 28 department shall issue a premises permit. No permit shall be 29 issued unless a licensed veterinarian is designated to undertake the professional supervision of the veterinary 30 medical practice and the minimum standards set by rule of the 31

board for premises where veterinary medicine is practiced. 1 Upon application, the department shall submit for a statewide 2 3 criminal records correspondence check through the Department of Law Enforcement. The permittee shall notify the board 4 5 within 10 days after any change of the licensed veterinarian 6 responsible for such duties. Any permittee under this 7 subsection is subject to the provisions of subsection (9) and 8 s. 474.214. 9 (9)(a) The department or the board may deny, revoke, or suspend the permit of any permittee under this section and 10 may fine, place on probation, or otherwise discipline any 11 12 permittee under this section who has: 13 1. Obtained a permit by misrepresentation or fraud or 14 through an error of the department or board; 15 2. Attempted to procure, or has procured, a permit for any other person by making, or causing to be made, any false 16 17 representation; 18 3. Violated any of the requirements of this chapter or 19 any rule of the board; or 20 4. Been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, a felony in any court of this 21 state, of any other state, or of the United States. 22 23 (b) If the permit is revoked or suspended, the owner, manager, or proprietor shall cease to operate the premises as 24 a veterinary medical practice as of the effective date of the 25 26 suspension or revocation. In the event of such revocation or suspension, the owner, manager, or proprietor shall remove 27 from the premises all signs and symbols identifying the 28 29 premises as a veterinary medical practice. The period of any such suspension shall be prescribed by rule of the board, but 30 in no case shall it exceed 1 year. If the permit is revoked, 31

the person owning or operating the establishment shall not be 1 2 entitled to make application for a permit to operate a 3 premises for a period of 1 year from the date of such 4 revocation. Upon the effective date of such revocation, the 5 permittee shall advise the board of the disposition of any and 6 all medicinal drugs and shall make the provision for ensuring 7 the security, confidentiality, and availability to clients of 8 all patient medical records. 9 Section 71. Section 474.217, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 474.217 Licensure by endorsement.--11 12 (1) The department shall issue a license by 13 endorsement to any applicant who, upon applying to the 14 department and remitting a fee set by the board, demonstrates 15 to the board that he: (a) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule 16 17 of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of veterinary medicine in this state; and 18 19 (b)1. Either holds, and has held for the 3 years 20 immediately preceding the application for licensure, a valid, active license to practice veterinary medicine in another 21 state of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a 22 territory of the United States, provided that the requirements 23 for licensure in the issuing state, district, or territory are 24 equivalent to or more stringent than the requirements of this 25 26 chapter; or 2. Meets the qualifications of s. 474.207(2)(b) and 27 has successfully completed a state, regional, national, or 28 29 other examination which is equivalent to or more stringent than the examination approved by the board and certified given 30 by the department and has passed the board's clinical 31

competency examination or another clinical competency 1 examination specified by rule of the board. 2 3 (2) The department shall not issue a license by 4 endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in any 5 state, territory, or the District of Columbia for an act which 6 would constitute a violation of this chapter until the 7 investigation is complete and disciplinary proceedings have 8 been terminated, at which time the provisions of s. 474.214 9 shall apply. Section 72. Subsection (1) of section 475.125, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 475.125 Fees.--12 (1) The commission by rule may establish fees to be 13 14 paid for application, examination, reexamination, licensing and renewal, certification and recertification, reinstatement, 15 and recordmaking and recordkeeping. The fee for initial 16 17 application and examination may not exceed and if an examination cost is included in the application fee, the 18 19 combined amount may not exceed \$100. The initial license fee and the license renewal fee may not exceed \$50 for each year 20 of the duration of the license. The commission may also 21 establish by rule a late renewal penalty. The commission 22 23 shall establish fees which are adequate to ensure its continued operation. Fees shall be based on estimates made by 24 the department of the revenue required to implement this 25 26 chapter and other provisions of law relating to the regulation 27 of real estate practitioners. 28 Section 73. Section 475.15, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 475.15 Registration and licensing of general partners, members, officers, and directors of a firm.--Each partnership, 31 105

limited liability partnership, limited liability company, or 1 2 corporation which acts as a broker shall register with the commission and shall renew the licenses or registrations of 3 its members, officers, and directors for each license period. 4 5 The registration of a partnership is canceled automatically 6 during any period of time that the license or registration of 7 any one or more of its partners is not in force. However, if the partnership is a limited partnership, only the general 8 9 partners must be licensed brokers or brokerage corporations registered pursuant to this part. If the license or 10 registration of any at least one active broker member is not 11 in force, the registration of a corporation, limited liability 12 company, limited liability partnership, or partnership is 13 14 canceled automatically during that period of time. 15 Section 74. Paragraphs (c) and (d) are added to 16 subsection (2) of section 475.17, Florida Statutes, to read: 475.17 Qualifications for practice.--17 18 (2) 19 (c) A person who has been licensed as a real estate 20 salesperson in Florida during the preceding 5 years may not be 21 licensed as a real estate broker unless, in addition to the 22 other requirements of law, he or she has completed the 23 salesperson postlicensure educational requirements, if these requirements have been prescribed by the commission pursuant 24 25 to paragraph (3)(a). 26 (d) The provisions of subsection (2)(b) do not apply 27 to a person employed as a real estate investigator by the 28 Division of Real Estate provided the person has been employed 29 as a real estate investigator for at least 24 months. The person must be currently employed as a real estate 30 investigator to sit for the real estate broker's examination 31

and have held a valid and current salesperson's license for at 1 2 least 12 months. 3 Section 75. Subsection (1) of section 475.175, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 475.175 Examinations.--6 (1) A person applying to the department for licensure 7 by examination will receive an examination admissions card 8 issued by the commission upon the submission of shall be 9 entitled to take the license examination to practice in this state if he: 10 (a) Submits to the department The appropriate 11 12 notarized application and fee, two photographs of himself taken within the preceding year, and fingerprints for 13 14 processing through appropriate law enforcement agencies; and (b) Submits at the time of examination The certificate 15 specified in subsection (2), the examination admissions card 16 17 issued by the commission, and proof of identification. Section 76. Subsection (2) of section 475.183, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 475.183 Inactive status.--20 21 (2) Any license which has been involuntarily inactive for more than 2 4 years shall automatically expire. Once a 22 23 license expires, it becomes null and void without any further action by the commission or department. Ninety days Two years 24 25 prior to expiration of the license, the department shall give 26 notice to the licensee. The commission shall prescribe by rule a fee not to exceed \$100 for the late renewal of an 27 involuntarily inactive license. The department shall collect 28 29 the current renewal fee for each renewal period in which the 30 license was involuntarily inactive in addition to any applicable late renewal fee. 31

Section 77. Subsection (1) of section 475.25, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 475.25 Discipline.--4 (1) The commission may deny an application for 5 licensure, registration, or permit, or renewal thereof; may 6 place a licensee, registrant, or permittee on probation; may 7 suspend a license, registration, or permit for a period not 8 exceeding 10 years; may revoke a license, registration, or 9 permit; may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 \$1,000 for each count or separate offense; and may issue a 10 reprimand, and any or all of the foregoing, if it finds that 11 12 the licensee, registrant, permittee, or applicant: (a) Has violated any provision of s. 455.227(1) or of 13 14 s. 475.42. However, licensees under this part are exempt from the provisions of s. 455.227(1)(i). 15 (b) Has been guilty of fraud, misrepresentation, 16 17 concealment, false promises, false pretenses, dishonest dealing by trick, scheme, or device, culpable negligence, or 18 19 breach of trust in any business transaction in this state or any other state, nation, or territory; has violated a duty 20 imposed upon him by law or by the terms of a listing contract, 21 written, oral, express, or implied, in a real estate 22 23 transaction; has aided, assisted, or conspired with any other person engaged in any such misconduct and in furtherance 24 thereof; or has formed an intent, design, or scheme to engage 25 26 in any such misconduct and committed an overt act in furtherance of such intent, design, or scheme. It is 27 immaterial to the guilt of the licensee that the victim or 28 29 intended victim of the misconduct has sustained no damage or 30 loss; that the damage or loss has been settled and paid after discovery of the misconduct; or that such victim or intended 31
victim was a customer or a person in confidential relation
 with the licensee or was an identified member of the general
 public.

4 (c) Has advertised property or services in a manner
5 which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form
6 or content.

7 (d)1. Has failed to account or deliver to any person, 8 including a licensee under this chapter, at the time which has 9 been agreed upon or is required by law or, in the absence of a fixed time, upon demand of the person entitled to such 10 accounting and delivery, any personal property such as money, 11 12 fund, deposit, check, draft, abstract of title, mortgage, conveyance, lease, or other document or thing of value, 13 14 including a share of a real estate commission if a civil judgment relating to the practice of the licensee's profession 15 has been obtained against the licensee and said judgment has 16 not been satisfied in accordance with the terms of the 17 judgment within a reasonable time, or any secret or illegal 18 19 profit, or any divisible share or portion thereof, which has come into his hands and which is not his property or which he 20 is not in law or equity entitled to retain under the 21 circumstances. However, if the licensee, in good faith, 22 23 entertains doubt as to what person is entitled to the accounting and delivery of the escrowed property, or if 24 conflicting demands have been made upon him for the escrowed 25 26 property, which property he still maintains in his escrow or 27 trust account, the licensee shall promptly notify the 28 commission of such doubts or conflicting demands and shall 29 promptly: 30

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1 Request that the commission issue an escrow a. 2 disbursement order determining who is entitled to the escrowed 3 property; 4 b. With the consent of all parties, submit the matter 5 to arbitration; 6 c. By interpleader or otherwise, seek adjudication of 7 the matter by a court; or 8 d. With the written consent of all parties, submit the 9 matter to mediation. The department may conduct mediation or may contract with public or private entities for mediation 10 11 services. However, the mediation process must be successfully 12 completed within 90 days following the last demand or the licensee shall promptly employ one of the other escape 13 14 procedures contained in this section. Payment for mediation 15 will be as agreed to in writing by the parties. The 16 department may adopt rules to implement this section. 17 18 If the licensee promptly employs one of the escape procedures 19 contained herein, and if he abides by the order or judgment 20 resulting therefrom, no administrative complaint may be filed 21 against the licensee for failure to account for, deliver, or 22 maintain the escrowed property. 23 2. Has failed to deposit money in an escrow account when the licensee is the purchaser of real estate under a 24 25 contract where the contract requires the purchaser to place 26 deposit money in an escrow account to be applied to the 27 purchase price if the sale is consummated. 28 (e) Has violated any of the provisions of this chapter 29 or any lawful order or rule made or issued under the 30 provisions of this chapter or chapter 455. 31

(f) Has been convicted or found guilty of, or entered 1 2 a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the 3 4 activities of a licensed broker or salesperson, or involves 5 moral turpitude or fraudulent or dishonest dealing. The record 6 of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to 7 be admissible in evidence under the laws of the state shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such guilt. 8

9 (g) Has had a broker's or salesperson's license
10 revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, or has had an
11 application for such licensure denied, by the real estate
12 licensing agency of another state, territory, or country.

(h) Has shared a commission with, or paid a fee or 13 14 other compensation to, a person not properly licensed as a broker, broker-salesperson, or salesperson under the laws of 15 16 this state, for the referral of real estate business, clients, 17 prospects, or customers, or for any one or more of the services set forth in s. 475.01(1)(c). For the purposes of 18 19 this section, it is immaterial that the person to whom such 20 payment or compensation is given made the referral or performed the service from within this state or elsewhere; 21 however, a licensed broker of this state may pay a referral 22 23 fee or share a real estate brokerage commission with a broker licensed or registered under the laws of a foreign state so 24 long as the foreign broker does not violate any law of this 25 26 state.

(i) Has become temporarily incapacitated from acting as a broker or salesperson with safety to investors or those in a fiduciary relation with him because of drunkenness, use of drugs, or temporary mental derangement; but suspension of a 31

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license in such a case shall be only for the period of such
 incapacity.

(j) Has rendered an opinion that the title to any property sold is good or merchantable, except when correctly based upon a current opinion of a licensed attorney at law, or has failed to advise a prospective purchaser to consult his attorney on the merchantability of the title or to obtain title insurance.

9 (k) Has failed, if a broker, to immediately place, upon receipt, any money, fund, deposit, check, or draft 10 entrusted to him by any person dealing with him as a broker in 11 12 escrow with a title company, banking institution, credit union, or savings and loan association located and doing 13 14 business in this state, or to deposit such funds in a trust or escrow account maintained by him with some bank, credit union, 15 or savings and loan association located and doing business in 16 17 this state, wherein the funds shall be kept until disbursement 18 thereof is properly authorized; or has failed, if a 19 salesperson, to immediately place with his registered employer any money, fund, deposit, check, or draft entrusted to him by 20 any person dealing with him as agent of his registered 21 employer. The commission shall establish rules to provide for 22 records to be maintained by the broker and the manner in which 23 such deposits shall be made. 24

(1) Has made or filed a report or record which the
licensee knows to be false, has willfully failed to file a
report or record required by state or federal law, has
willfully impeded or obstructed such filing, or has induced
another person to impede or obstruct such filing; but such
reports or records shall include only those which are signed
in the capacity of a licensed broker or salesperson.

(m) Has obtained a license by means of fraud,
 misrepresentation, or concealment.

3 (n) Is confined in any county jail, postadjudication; 4 is confined in any state or federal prison or mental 5 institution; is under home confinement ordered in lieu of 6 institutional confinement; or, through mental disease or 7 deterioration, can no longer safely be entrusted to 8 competently deal with the public.

9 (o) Has been found guilty, for a second time, of any 10 misconduct that warrants his suspension or has been found 11 guilty of a course of conduct or practices which show that he 12 is so incompetent, negligent, dishonest, or untruthful that 13 the money, property, transactions, and rights of investors, or 14 those with whom he may sustain a confidential relation, may 15 not safely be entrusted to him.

16 (p) Has failed to inform the commission in writing 17 within 30 days after pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, or 18 being convicted or found guilty of, any felony.

(q)1. Has failed in a single agency to give written notice to all parties to a sale, exchange, purchase, or lease of real property or any interest in real property, revealing the party or parties for whom the licensee is an agent.

Disclosure to the party for whom the licensee is an agent must be made at or before the time an agreement for representation is entered into. Disclosure to the party for whom the licensee is not an agent must be made at the time of the first substantive contact.

28 2. Has failed in a dual agency to obtain the informed
29 written consent of all parties to a sale, exchange, purchase,
30 or lease of real property or any interest in real property
31 that the licensee intends to operate as a disclosed dual

agent. Unless all parties to the transaction grant their 1 written informed consent prior to or at the time of 2 3 formalization of the dual agency by the licensee, the licensee 4 shall be deemed to be an undisclosed dual agent. The licensee 5 must inform all parties that the licensee is acting as agent for all parties and of the effect of dual agency, including, 6 7 but not limited to, the fact that, by consenting to the dual agency relationship, the parties are giving up their rights to 8 9 the undivided loyalty of the licensee, as required by the rules of the commission. When single agency exists, the 10 licensee may change to a disclosed dual agent by making full 11 12 written disclosure to and obtaining the informed written consent of all the parties. A disclosed dual agent may not 13 14 disclose among other items: To the buyer that the seller will accept a price 15 a. less than the asking or listed price, unless otherwise 16 17 instructed in writing by the seller; 18 To the seller that the buyer will pay a price b. 19 greater than the price submitted in a written offer to the seller, unless otherwise instructed in writing by the buyer; 20 21 The motivation of any party for selling, buying, or c. leasing a property, unless otherwise instructed in writing by 22 23 the respective party; or That a seller or buyer will agree to financing 24 d. terms other than those offered. 25 26 3. Has failed in a transaction brokerage capacity to give written notice to all parties to a sale, exchange, 27 28 purchase, or lease of real property or an interest in real 29 property prior to or at the time of the licensee becoming a transaction broker or first substantive contact, whichever 30 occurs first, of the licensee's role as a transaction broker. 31

Unless the buyer and seller are given written notice prior to the licensee's acting in a transaction brokerage capacity, the licensee is deemed to be an agent of either the buyer or seller, or both. The licensee shall treat the buyer and seller honestly and fairly and shall disclose all known facts materially affecting the value of the property in residential transactions to both the buyer and seller.

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9 For the purposes of this paragraph, the payment or promise of payment of compensation to a licensee does not determine 10 whether an agency or transactional brokerage relationship has 11 12 been created between any licensee and a seller, landlord, buyer, or tenant. The commission shall implement this 13 14 paragraph by rule. For purposes of this paragraph, the 15 commission shall also define by rule forms for agency disclosure. The forms provided for in this rule shall be 16 written in plain language and shall provide to the buyer or 17 seller or both, as appropriate, an explanation of the agency 18 19 relationships and shall offer the buyer or seller or both the 20 explicit right to choose or refuse among these agency 21 relationships.

(r) Has failed in any written listing agreement to 22 23 include a definite expiration date, description of the property, price and terms, fee or commission, and a proper 24 signature of the principal(s); and has failed to give the 25 26 principal(s) a legible, signed, true and correct copy of the 27 listing agreement within 24 hours of obtaining the written listing agreement. The written listing agreement shall 28 29 contain no provision requiring the person signing the listing to notify the broker of the intention to cancel the listing 30 after such definite expiration date. 31

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(s) Has had a registration suspended, revoked, or 1 2 otherwise acted against in any jurisdiction. The record of the 3 disciplinary action certified or authenticated in such form as 4 to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the state shall 5 be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary 6 action. 7 (t) Has violated any standard for the development or 8 communication of a real estate appraisal or other provision of 9 the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, as defined in s. 475.611, as approved and adopted by the 10 Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation, as 11 12 defined in s. 475.611. This paragraph does not apply to a real estate broker or salesperson who, in the ordinary course of 13 14 business, performs a comparative market analysis. 15 Section 78. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 475.25, Florida Statutes, in references 16 thereto, the sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes set 17 18 forth below are reenacted to read: 19 475.180 Nonresident licenses.--20 (2) 21 (b) Any resident licensee who becomes a nonresident shall, within 60 days, notify the commission of the change in 22 23 residency and comply with nonresident requirements. Failure to notify and comply is a violation of the license law, subject 24 to the penalties in s. 475.25. 25 26 475.181 Licensure.--(2) The commission shall certify for licensure any 27 28 applicant who satisfies the requirements of ss. 475.17, 29 475.175, and 475.180. The commission may refuse to certify any applicant who has violated any of the provisions of s. 475.42 30 or who is subject to discipline under s. 475.25. The 31 116

application shall expire 1 year from the date received if the
 applicant fails to take the appropriate examination.

475.22 Broker to maintain office and sign at entrance
of office; registered office outside state; broker required to
cooperate in investigation.--

6 (2) If a broker's registered office is located outside 7 the State of Florida, prior to registering such office or 8 branch office, the broker shall agree in writing to cooperate 9 and shall cooperate with any investigation initiated in accordance with this chapter or commission rules including, 10 but not limited to, the broker promptly supplying any 11 12 documents requested by any authorized representative of the department and by personally appearing at any designated 13 14 office of the department or other location in the state or 15 elsewhere as reasonably requested by the department. If the department sends, by certified mail to the broker at his last 16 17 known business address as registered with the department, a notice or request to produce any documents or to appear for an 18 19 interview with an authorized representative of the department and the broker fails to substantially comply with that request 20 or notice, then such failure by the broker is a violation of 21 the license law, subject to the penalties of s. 475.25. 22

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475.422 Disclosure.--

24 (2) Failure to comply with this section may subject25 the licensee to disciplinary action pursuant to s. 475.25.

475.482 Real Estate Recovery Fund.--There is created
the Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund as a separate account in
the Professional Regulation Trust Fund.

(1) The Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund shall be
disbursed as provided in s. 475.484, on order of the
commission, as reimbursement to any person, partnership, or

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corporation adjudged by a court of competent civil 1 jurisdiction in this state to have suffered monetary damages 2 by reason of any act committed, as a part of any real estate 3 4 brokerage transaction involving real property in this state, 5 by any broker or salesperson who: 6 (a) Was, at the time the alleged act was committed, 7 the holder of a current, valid, active real estate license 8 issued under this part; 9 (b) Was neither the seller, buyer, landlord, or tenant in the transaction nor an officer or a director of a 10 corporation or a member of a partnership which was the seller, 11 12 buyer, landlord, or tenant in the transaction; and 13 (c) Was acting solely in the capacity of a real estate 14 licensee in the transaction; 15 provided the act was a violation proscribed in s. 475.25 or s. 16 17 475.42. 18 Section 79. Subsection (2) of section 475.278, Florida 19 Statutes, as created in Section 3 of CS/1stENG/SB 82, during the 1997 Regulation Session, is amended to read: 20 21 475.278 Authorized brokerage relationships; required 22 disclosures.--23 (2) TRANSACTION BROKER RELATIONSHIP. --(a) Transaction broker - duties of limited 24 representation.--A transaction broker provides a limited form 25 26 of representation to a buyer, a seller, or both in a real 27 estate transaction but does not represent either in a fiduciary capacity or as a single agent. The duties of the 28 29 real estate licensee in this limited form of representation include the following: 30 1. Dealing honestly and fairly; 31

1 2. Accounting for all funds; 2 3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the 3 transaction; 4 4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect 5 the value of residential real property and are not readily 6 observable to the buyer; 7 5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 8 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 9 otherwise in writing; 6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing 10 by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent 11 12 disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price 13 14 greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the 15 motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those 16 17 offered, or of any other information requested by a party to 18 remain confidential; and 19 7. Any additional duties that are mutually agreed to 20 with a party. 21 (b) Disclosure requirements.--Duties of a transaction broker must be fully described and disclosed in writing to a 22 23 buyer or seller either as a separate and distinct disclosure document or included as part of another document such as a 24 25 listing agreement or agreement for representation. The 26 disclosure must be made before, or at the time of, entering into a listing agreement or an agreement for representation. 27 28 When incorporated into other documents the required notice 29 must be of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions 30 of the document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as to advise customers of the duties of limited representation, 31

1	except that the first sentence of the information identified
2	in paragraph (c) must be printed in uppercase and bold type.
3	(c) Contents of disclosure The required notice given
4	under paragraph (b) must include the following information in
5	the following form:
б	
7	FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES OPERATING AS
8	TRANSACTION BROKERS DISCLOSE TO BUYERS AND SELLERS THEIR ROLE
9	AND DUTIES IN PROVIDING A LIMITED FORM OF REPRESENTATION.
10	
11	As a transaction broker, (insert name of Real
12	Estate Firm and its Associates), provides to you a limited
13	form of representation that includes the following duties:
14	1. Dealing honestly and fairly;
15	2. Accounting for all funds;
16	3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the
17	transaction;
18	4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect
19	the value of residential real property and are not readily
20	observable to the buyer;
21	5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely
22	manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee
23	otherwise in writing;
24	6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing
25	by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent
26	disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the
27	asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price
28	greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the
29	motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a
30	seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those
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offered, or of any other information requested by a party to 1 2 remain confidential; and 3 7. Any additional duties that are entered into by this 4 or by separate written agreement. 5 6 Limited representation means that a buyer or seller is not 7 responsible for the acts of the licensee. Additionally, 8 parties are giving up their rights to the undivided loyalty of 9 the licensee. This aspect of limited representation allows a licensee to facilitate a real estate transaction by assisting 10 both the buyer and the seller, but a licensee will not work to 11 represent one party to the detriment of the other party. 12 13 14 15 Date Signature 16 17 18 Signature 19 Section 80. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (6), and (7) of 20 section 475.451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 21 475.451 Schools teaching real estate practice .--(1) Each person, school, or institution, except 22 approved and accredited colleges, universities, community 23 colleges, and area technical centers in this state, which 24 25 offers or conducts any course of study in real estate 26 practice, teaches any course prescribed by the commission as a condition precedent to licensure or renewal of licensure as a 27 broker or salesperson, or teaches any course designed or 28 29 represented to enable or assist applicants for licensure as brokers or salespersons to pass examinations for such 30 licensure conducted by the department shall, before commencing 31

or continuing further to offer or conduct such course or 1 courses, obtain a permit from the department and abide by the 2 3 regulations imposed upon such person, school, or institution 4 by this chapter and rules of the commission adopted pursuant 5 to this chapter. The exemption for colleges, universities, community colleges, and area technical centers is limited to 6 7 transferable college credit courses offered by such 8 institutions.

9 (2) An applicant for a permit to operate a proprietary 10 real estate school, to be a chief administrator of a 11 proprietary real estate school or a state institution, or to 12 be an instructor for a proprietary real estate school or a 13 state institution must meet the qualifications for practice 14 set forth in s. 475.17(1) and the following minimal 15 requirements:

(a) "School permitholder" means the is defined as that 16 individual who is responsible for directing the overall 17 18 operation of a proprietary real estate school. A school 19 permitholder He must be the holder of a license as a broker, either active or voluntarily inactive, or must have passed an 20 instructor's examination approved by the commission 21 22 administered by the department. A school permitholder must 23 also meet the requirements of a school instructor if he is 24 actively engaged in teaching.

(b) "Chief administrative person" <u>means the</u> is defined as that individual who is responsible for the administration of the overall policies and practices of the institution or proprietary real estate school. <u>A chief administrative person</u> He must also meet the requirements of a school instructor if he is actively engaged in teaching.

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(c) "School instructor" means an is defined as that 1 2 individual who actively instructs persons in the classroom in noncredit college courses in a college, university, or 3 4 community college or courses in an area technical center or 5 proprietary real estate school. 6 1. Before commencing to provide such instruction, the 7 applicant instruct noncredit college courses in a college, 8 university, or community college, or courses in an area 9 technical center or proprietary real estate school, he must certify the applicant's his competency and obtain an 10 instructor permit by meeting one of the following 11 12 requirements: a. Hold a bachelor's degree in a business-related 13 14 subject, such as real estate, finance, accounting, business administration, or its equivalent and hold a valid broker's 15 16 license in this state. b. Hold a bachelor's degree, have extensive real 17 estate experience, as defined by rule, and hold a valid 18 19 broker's license in this state. 20 c. Pass an instructor's examination approved by the 21 commission administered by the Division of Real Estate. 22 2. Any requirement by the commission for a teaching 23 demonstration or practical examination must apply to all school instructor applicants. 24 25 The department shall renew an instructor permit 3. upon receipt of a renewal application and fee. The renewal 26 27 application shall include proof that the permitholder has, 28 since the issuance or renewal of the current permit, Every 29 second year, each instructor must recertify his competency by presenting to the commission evidence of his having 30 successfully completed a minimum of 15 classroom hours of 31

1 instruction in real estate subjects or instructional 2 techniques, as prescribed by the commission. The commission 3 shall adopt rules providing for the renewal of instructor 4 permits at least every 2 years. Any permit which is not 5 renewed at the end of the permit period established by the 6 department shall automatically revert to involuntarily 7 inactive status.

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9 The department may require an applicant to submit names of persons having knowledge concerning the applicant and the 10 enterprise; may propound interrogatories to such persons and 11 12 to the applicant concerning the character of the applicant, including the taking of fingerprints for processing through 13 14 the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and shall make such investigation of the applicant him or the school or 15 institution as it may deem necessary to the granting of the 16 permit. If an objection is filed, it shall be considered in 17 the same manner as objections or administrative complaints 18 19 against other applicants for licensure by the department. 20 (3) It is unlawful for any person, school, or

institution to offer the courses described in subsection (1) 21 or to conduct classes in such courses, regardless of the 22 23 number of pupils, whether by correspondence or otherwise, without first procuring a permit, or to guarantee that its 24 pupils will pass any examinations required for licensure given 25 26 by the department, or to represent that the issuance of a permit is any recommendation or endorsement of the person, 27 school, or institution to which it is issued or of any course 28 29 of instruction given thereunder.

30 (6) Any course prescribed by the commission as a31 condition precedent to any person's becoming initially

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licensed as a salesperson may be taught in any real estate 1 school through the use of a video tape of instruction by a 2 3 currently permitted licensed instructor from any such school. The commission may require that any such video tape course 4 5 have a single session of live instruction by a currently 6 permitted licensed instructor from any such school; however, 7 this requirement shall not exceed 3 classroom hours. All other prescribed courses, except the continuing education 8 9 course required by s. 475.182, shall be taught by a currently permitted licensed school instructor personally in attendance 10 at such course. The continuing education course required by 11 12 s. 475.182 may be taught by an equivalent correspondence course; however, any such course of correspondence shall be 13 14 required to have a final examination, prepared and 15 administered by the school issuing the correspondence course. The continuing education requirements provided in this section 16 17 or provided in any other section in this chapter do not apply 18 with respect to any attorney who is otherwise qualified under 19 the provisions of this chapter. 20 (7) Any person holding a school instructor permit on 21 October 1, 1983, is exempt from the instructor examination 22 requirements of paragraph (2)(c) as long as the person he 23 continuously holds such a permit and complies with all other requirements of this chapter. 24 25 Section 81. Subsection (6) is added to section 26 475.452, Florida Statutes, to read: 27 475.452 Advance fees; deposit; accounting; penalty; 28 damages. --(6) This section does not apply to a real estate 29 30 broker auctioning real property if in advance of the auction the broker and seller have entered into a written agreement 31

specifically providing for anticipated expenses to be incurred 1 2 and paid. However, any trust funds received by the broker in 3 advance of the auction may not be disbursed or otherwise used 4 as an advance commission or fee for services without first 5 having complied with the provisions of this subsection. 6 Section 82. Subsection (7) of section 475.484, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 475.484 Payment from the fund.--9 (7) Upon the payment of any amount from the Real Estate Recovery Fund in settlement of a claim in satisfaction 10 of a judgment against a broker or salesperson as described in 11 12 s. 475.482(1), the license of such broker or salesperson shall be automatically suspended upon the date of payment from the 13 14 fund. The license of such broker or salesperson may not be 15 reinstated until the licensee has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid from the fund. No further 16 17 administrative action is necessary. A discharge of bankruptcy does not relieve a licensee from the penalties and 18 19 disabilities provided in this section, except to the extent 20 that this subsection conflicts with 11 U.S.C. s. 525, in which 21 case the commission may order the license not to be suspended or otherwise discriminated against. 22 23 Section 83. Section 475.5016, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 24 25 475.5016 Authority to inspect and audit.--Duly 26 authorized agents and employees of the department shall have 27 the power to inspect and audit in a lawful manner at all 28 reasonable hours any broker or brokerage office licensed 29 pursuant to this chapter, for the purpose of determining if 30 any of the provisions of this chapter, chapter 455, or any 31

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rule promulgated under authority of either chapter is being 1 2 violated. 3 Section 84. Section 475.6145, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 475.6145 Seal.--The board shall adopt a seal by which 6 it shall authenticate its proceedings, records, and acts. 7 Copies of the proceedings, records, and acts of the board, and 8 certificates purporting to relate the facts concerning such 9 proceedings, records, and acts, which are signed by the board chair, the custodian of such records, or any other person 10 authorized to make such certification and which are 11 12 authenticated by such seal, shall be prima facie evidence of such proceedings, records, and acts in all courts of this 13 14 state. 15 Section 85. Section 475.6147, Florida Statutes, is 16 created to read: 17 475.6147 Fees.--18 (1) The board by rule may establish fees to be paid 19 for application, licensing and renewal, certification and 20 recertification, reinstatement, and recordmaking and recordkeeping. The fee for initial application may not exceed 21 \$150, and, if an examination cost is included in the 22 23 application fee, the combined amount may not exceed \$300. The initial license fee and the license renewal fee may not exceed 24 \$150 for each year of the duration of the license. The board 25 26 may also establish by rule a late renewal penalty. The board shall establish fees which are adequate to ensure its 27 continued operation. Fees shall be based on estimates made by 28 29 the department of the revenue required to implement this part and other provisions of law relating to the regulation of real 30 estate appraisers. 31

(2) Application and license fees shall be refunded 1 2 upon a determination by the board that the state is not 3 entitled to the fees or that only a portion of the resources 4 have been expended in the processing of the application or 5 shall be refunded if for any other reason the application is 6 not completely processed. The board shall implement this 7 subsection by rule. 8 Section 86. Section 475.615, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 475.615 Qualifications for registration, licensure, or 10 11 certification.--12 (1) Any person desiring to act as a registered, licensed, or certified appraiser must make application in 13 14 writing to the department in such form and detail as the board 15 shall prescribe. Each applicant must be at least 18 years of age and hold a high school diploma or its equivalent. At the 16 17 time of application, a person must furnish evidence of successful completion of required education and evidence of 18 19 required experience, if any. 20 (2) The board is authorized to waive or modify any 21 education, experience, or examination requirements established 22 in this section in order to conform with any such requirements 23 established by the Appraisal Qualifications Board of the Appraisal Foundation and recognized by the Appraisal 24 Subcommittee or any successor body recognized by federal law. 25 26 (3) Appropriate fees, as set forth in the rules of the board pursuant to s. 475.6147, must accompany all applications 27 28 for registration, licensure, and certification. 29 (4) In the event that the applicant is currently a 30 registered, licensed, or certified appraiser and is making application to obtain a different status of appraisal 31

1 licensure, should such application be received by the 2 department within 180 days prior to through 180 days after the 3 applicant's scheduled renewal, the charge for the application 4 shall be established by the rules of the board pursuant to s. 5 475.6147.

6 (5) (4) At the time of filing a notarized application 7 for registration, licensure, or certification, the applicant 8 must sign a pledge to comply with the Uniform Standards of 9 Professional Appraisal Practice upon registration, licensure, or certification, and must indicate in writing that he 10 understands the types of misconduct for which disciplinary 11 12 proceedings may be initiated. The application shall expire 1 year from the date received, if the applicant for 13 14 registration, licensure, or certification fails to take the 15 appropriate examination.

(6)(5) All applicants must be competent and qualified 16 17 to make real estate appraisals with safety to those with whom 18 they may undertake a relationship of trust and confidence and 19 the general public. If any applicant has been denied registration, licensure, or certification, or has been 20 disbarred, or his registration, license, or certificate to 21 practice or conduct any regulated profession, business, or 22 23 vocation has been revoked or suspended by this or any other state, any nation, or any possession or district of the United 24 States, or any court or lawful agency thereof, because of any 25 26 conduct or practices which would have warranted a like result under this section, or if the applicant has been guilty of 27 conduct or practices in this state or elsewhere which would 28 29 have been grounds for disciplining his registration, license, or certification under this section had the applicant then 30 been registered, licensed, or certified, the applicant shall 31

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be deemed not to be qualified unless, because of lapse of time 1 and subsequent good conduct and reputation, or other reason 2 3 deemed sufficient, it appears to the board that the interest 4 of the public is not likely to be endangered by the granting 5 of registration, licensure, or certification. 6 (7)(6) No applicant seeking to become registered, 7 licensed, or certified under this section may be rejected 8 solely by virtue of membership or lack of membership in any 9 particular appraisal organization. Section 87. Section 475.617, Florida Statutes, is 10 11 amended to read: 12 475.617 Education and experience requirements.--(1) To be registered as an appraiser, an applicant 13 14 must present evidence satisfactory to the board that he has 15 successfully completed at least up to 75 hours of approved academic courses in subjects related to real estate appraisal, 16 17 which shall include coverage of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice from a nationally recognized 18 19 or state-recognized appraisal organization, area technical center, accredited community college, college, or university, 20 state or federal agency or commission, or proprietary real 21 estate school that holds a permit pursuant to s. 475.451. A 22 classroom hour is defined as 50 minutes out of each 60-minute 23 24 segment. Past courses may be approved on an hour-for-hour 25 basis. 26 (2) To be licensed as an appraiser, an applicant must present evidence satisfactory to the board that he: 27 28 Has at least 2 years of experience in real (a) 29 property appraisal as defined by rule. 30 (b) Has successfully completed at least 75 classroom hours, inclusive of examination, of approved academic courses 31 130

in subjects related to real estate appraisal, which shall 1 2 include coverage of the Uniform Standards of Professional 3 Appraisal Practice from a nationally recognized or 4 state-recognized appraisal organization, area technical 5 center, accredited community college, college, or university, б state or federal agency or commission, or proprietary real 7 estate school that holds a permit pursuant to s. 475.451. A 8 classroom hour is defined as 50 minutes out of each 60-minute 9 segment. Past courses may be approved by the board and substituted on an hour-for-hour basis. 10

11 (3) To be certified as a residential appraiser, an 12 applicant must present satisfactory evidence to the board that 13 he:

14 (a) Has <u>at least</u> 2 years of experience in real15 property appraisal as defined by rule.

16 (b) Has successfully completed at least 120 up to 165 classroom hours, inclusive of examination, of approved 17 18 academic courses in subjects related to real estate appraisal, 19 which shall include coverage of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice from a nationally recognized 20 or state-recognized appraisal organization, area technical 21 center, accredited community college, college, or university, 22 23 state or federal agency or commission, or proprietary real estate school that holds a permit pursuant to s. 475.451. A 24 25 classroom hour is defined as 50 minutes out of each 60-minute 26 segment. Past courses may be approved by the board and substituted on an hour-for-hour basis. 27

28 (4) To be certified as a general appraiser, an 29 applicant must present evidence satisfactory to the board that 30 he:

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(a) Has at least 2 years of experience in real 1 2 property appraisal as defined by rule. 3 (b) Has successfully completed at least 165 classroom 4 hours, inclusive of examination, of approved academic courses 5 in subjects related to real estate appraisal, which shall 6 include coverage of the Uniform Standards of Professional 7 Appraisal Practice from a nationally recognized or 8 state-recognized appraisal organization, area technical 9 center, accredited community college, college, or university, state or federal agency or commission, or proprietary real 10 estate school that holds a permit pursuant to s. 475.451. A 11 classroom hour is defined as 50 minutes out of each 60-minute 12 segment. Past courses may be approved by the board and 13 14 substituted on an hour-for-hour basis. (5) Each applicant must furnish, under oath, a 15 detailed statement of the experience for each year of 16 17 experience he claims. Upon request, the applicant shall 18 furnish to the board, for its examination, copies of appraisal 19 reports or file memoranda to support the claim for experience. 20 Section 88. Subsection (1) of section 475.624, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 475.624 Discipline.--The board may deny an application 23 for registration, licensure, or certification; investigate the actions of any appraiser registered, licensed, or certified 24 25 under this section; and may reprimand, fine, revoke, or 26 suspend, for a period not to exceed 10 years, the 27 registration, license, or certification of any such appraiser, or place any such appraiser on probation if it finds that the 28 29 registrant, licensee, or certificateholder: 30 31

(1) Has violated any provisions of this part or of s. 1 2 455.227(1); however, licensees under this part are exempt from 3 the provisions of s. 455.227(1)(i). 4 Section 89. Section 475.6295, Florida Statutes, is 5 created to read: 6 475.6295 Authority to inspect.--Duly authorized agents 7 and employees of the department shall have the power to inspect in a lawful manner at all <u>reasonable hours any</u> 8 9 appraiser or appraisal office licensed pursuant to this chapter, for the purpose of determining if any of the 10 provisions of this chapter, chapter 455, or any rule 11 12 promulgated under authority of either chapter is being 13 violated. 14 Section 90. Section 476.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 476.114 Examination; prerequisites.--17 (1) A person desiring to be licensed as a barber shall 18 apply to the department for licensure. 19 (2) An applicant shall be eligible for entitled to 20 take the licensure by examination to practice barbering if the 21 applicant: 22 (a) Is at least 16 years of age; 23 (b) Pays the required application fee; and (c)1. Holds an active valid license to practice 24 25 barbering in another state, has held the license for at least 26 1 year, and does not qualify for licensure by endorsement as provided for in s. 476.144(5); or 27 2. Has received a minimum of 1,200 hours of training 28 29 as established by the board, which shall include, but shall 30 not be limited to, the equivalent of completion of services 31

directly related to the practice of barbering at one of the 1 2 following: 3 A school of barbering licensed pursuant to chapter a. 4 246; 5 A barbering program within the public school b. 6 system; or 7 A government-operated barbering program in this c. 8 state. 9 The board shall establish by rule procedures whereby the 10 school or program may certify that a person is qualified to 11 12 take the required examination after the completion of a minimum of 1,000 actual school hours. If the person passes the 13 14 examination, he shall have satisfied this requirement; but if he fails the examination, he shall not be qualified to take 15 the examination again until the completion of the full 16 17 requirements provided by this section. 18 (3) An applicant who meets the requirements set forth 19 in subparagraphs (2)(c)1. and 2. who fails to pass the examination may take subsequent examinations as many times as 20 21 necessary to pass, except that the board may shall specify by rule reasonable timeframes for rescheduling the examination 22 23 and shall adopt rules specifying additional training requirements for applicants who, after the third attempt, fail 24 to pass the examination. Prior to reexamination, the applicant 25 26 must file any the appropriate form and pay the reexamination 27 fee as required by rule. 28 Section 91. Section 476.124, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 31

1 476.124 Application for licensure by 2 examination.--Each applicant for licensure by an examination 3 shall: 4 (1) Make application to the department at least 30 5 days prior to the examination date on forms prepared and 6 furnished by the department; 7 (2) Furnish to the department two signed photographs 8 of the applicant, of sufficient size to identify the 9 applicant, one photograph to accompany the application and one photograph to be provided to the Bureau of Testing returned to 10 the applicant for presentation to the examiners when the 11 12 applicant appears for examination; and 13 (3) Pay any the required fee to the department. 14 Section 92. Section 476.134, Florida Statutes, is 15 repealed. Section 93. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 16 17 476.144, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 476.144 Licensure.--18 19 (2) The board shall certify for licensure any 20 applicant who satisfies the requirements of s. 476.114, and 21 who passes the examination approved by the board and certified administered by the department, achieving a passing grade as 22 23 established by board rule. (6) A person may apply for a restricted license to 24 25 practice barbering. The board shall adopt rules specifying 26 procedures for an applicant to obtain a restricted license if the applicant: 27 28 (a)1. Has successfully completed a restricted barber 29 course, as established by rule of the board, at a school of 30 barbering licensed pursuant to chapter 246, a barbering 31

program within the public school system, or a 1 2 government-operated barbering program in this state; or Holds or has within the previous 5 years held 3 2.a. 4 an active valid license to practice barbering in another state 5 or country or has held a Florida barbering license which has 6 been declared null and void for failure to renew the license 7 and the applicant fulfilled the requirements of s. 8 476.114(2)(c)2. for initial licensure; and 9 b.(b) Has not been disciplined relating to the practice of barbering in the previous 5 15 years; and 10 (b)(c) Passes a written examination on the laws and 11 12 rules governing the practice of barbering in Florida, as established by the board, and a practical examination approved 13 14 by the board and certified administered by the department. 15 The restricted license shall limit the licensee's practice to 16 17 those specific areas in which the applicant has demonstrated 18 competence pursuant to rules adopted by the board. 19 Section 94. Subsections (10) and (11) are added to 20 section 477.013, Florida Statutes, to read: 21 477.013 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: (10) "Hair wrapping" means the wrapping of 22 23 manufactured materials around a strand of human hair, for compensation, without cutting, coloring, permanent waving, 24 25 relaxing, removing, weaving, chemically treating, braiding, 26 using hair extensions, or performing any other function 27 defined as cosmetology services. 28 "Photography studio salon" means an establishment (11)29 where the hair-arranging services and the application of cosmetic products are performed solely for the purpose of 30 preparing the model or client for the photographic session 31

without shampooing, cutting, coloring, permanent waving, 1 2 relaxing, or removing of hair or performing any other service 3 defined as cosmetology. 4 Section 95. Section 477.0132, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: б 477.0132 Hair braiding and hair wrapping 7 registration.--Persons whose occupation or practice is 8 confined solely to hair braiding or hair wrapping must 9 register with the department, pay the applicable registration fee, and take a two-day 16 hour course. The course shall be 10 board approved and consist of 5 hours of HIV/AIDS and other 11 12 communicable diseases, 5 hours of sanitation and sterilization, 4 hours of disorders and diseases of the scalp, 13 14 and 2 hours of studies regarding laws affecting hair braiding and hair wrapping cosmetology. Hair braiding and hair 15 wrapping are not required to be practiced in a cosmetology 16 17 salon or specialty salon. When hair braiding or hair wrapping is practiced outside a cosmetology salon or specialty salon, 18 19 disposable implements must be used or all implements must be 20 sanitized in a disinfectant approved for hospital use or 21 approved by the federal Environmental Protection Agency. 22 Section 96. Subsection (4) is added to section 23 477.0135, Florida Statutes, to read: 477.0135 Exemptions.--24 25 (4) A photography studio salon is exempt from the 26 licensure provisions of this chapter. However, the 27 hair-arranging services of such salon must be performed under 28 the supervision of a licensed cosmetologist employed by the 29 salon. The salon must use disposable hair-arranging implements 30 or use a wet or dry sanitizing system approved by the federal Environmental Protection Agency. 31

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1 Section 97. Section 477.019, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 477.019 Cosmetologists; qualifications; licensure; 3 4 license renewal; endorsement; continuing education .--5 (1) A person desiring to be licensed as a 6 cosmetologist shall apply to the department for licensure. 7 (2) The board may, by rule, require a written clinical 8 examination or a performance examination, or both, in addition to a written theory examination. 9 (3) (3) (2) An applicant shall be eligible for entitled 10 to take the licensure by examination to practice cosmetology 11 12 if the applicant: 13 (a) Is at least 16 years of age or has received a high 14 school diploma; 15 (b) Pays the required application fee; and 16 (c)1. Holds an active valid license to practice 17 cosmetology in another state or country, has held the license 18 for at least 1 year, and does not qualify for licensure by 19 endorsement as provided for in subsection (5); or 20 2. Has received a minimum of 1,200 hours of training 21 as established by the board, which shall include, but shall not be limited to, the equivalent of completion of services 22 23 directly related to the practice of cosmetology at one of the following: 24 25 a. A school of cosmetology licensed pursuant to 26 chapter 246. 27 b. A cosmetology program within the public school 28 system. 29 The Cosmetology Division of the Florida School for с. 30 the Deaf and the Blind, provided the division meets the standards of this chapter. 31

d. A government-operated cosmetology program in this 1 2 state. 3 4 The board shall establish by rule procedures whereby the 5 school or program may certify that a person is qualified to 6 take the required examination after the completion of a 7 minimum of 1,000 actual school hours. If the person then passes the examination, he shall have satisfied this 8 9 requirement; but if he fails the examination, he shall not be qualified to take the examination again until the completion 10 of the full requirements provided by this section. 11 12 (4) (4) (3) Upon an applicant receiving a passing grade, 13 as established by board rule, on the examination and paying 14 the initial licensing fee, the department shall issue a 15 license to practice cosmetology. (5) (4) Renewal of license registration shall be 16 17 accomplished pursuant to rules adopted by the board. 18 (6) (5) The board shall adopt rules specifying 19 procedures for the licensure by endorsement of practitioners desiring to be licensed in this state who hold a current 20 active license in another state and who have met 21 22 qualifications substantially similar to, equivalent to, or 23 greater than the qualifications required of applicants from this state. 24 25 (7)(a) The board shall prescribe by rule continuing 26 education requirements intended to ensure protection of the 27 public through updated training of licensees and registered 28 specialists, not to exceed 16 hours biennially, as a condition 29 for renewal of a license or registration as a specialist under this chapter. Continuing education courses shall include, but 30 not be limited to, the following subjects as they relate to 31

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the practice of cosmetology: human immunodeficiency virus and 1 acquired immune deficiency syndrome; Occupational Safety and 2 3 Health Administration regulations; workers' compensation 4 issues; state and federal laws and rules as they pertain to 5 cosmetologists, cosmetology, salons, specialists, specialty 6 salons, and booth renters; chemical makeup as it pertains to 7 hair, skin, and nails; and environmental issues. Courses given 8 at cosmetology conferences may be counted toward the number of 9 continuing education hours required if approved by the board. (b) The department may privatize provider and course 10 approval and the monitoring of continuing education 11 12 requirements under a contract which ensures that the services 13 will be without cost to the department or board, including the 14 cost of appropriate oversight by the department. The 15 department may contract with one or more private entities for the provision of such services, including the collection of 16 17 fees for the services rendered. The department and board shall retain final authority for licensure decisions, 18 19 rulemaking related to continuing education system 20 requirements, noncompliance noticing, and overall 21 implementation of any privatization project under this 22 subsection. 23 (c) Any person whose occupation or practice is confined solely to hair braiding or hair wrapping is exempt 24 25 from the continuing education requirements of this subsection. 26 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, enforcement of mandatory continuing education 27 28 requirements pursuant to this chapter shall be accomplished 29 only as a secondary action when a person is investigated for another violation. However, the board may, by rule, require 30 any licensee in violation of a continuing education 31

requirement to take a refresher course or refresher course and 1 2 examination in addition to any other penalty. The number of 3 hours for the refresher course may not exceed 48 hours. 4 Section 98. Section 477.022, Florida Statutes, is 5 repealed. 6 Section 99. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 7 477.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 477.026 Fees; disposition.--9 (1) The board shall set fees according to the following schedule: 10 (f) For hair braiders and hair wrappers, fees for 11 12 registration shall not exceed \$25. Section 100. Subsection (3) of section 477.0263, 13 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 477.0263 Cosmetology services to be performed in 16 licensed salon; exception. --17 (3) Any person who holds a valid cosmetology license 18 in any state or who is authorized to practice cosmetology in 19 any country, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States may perform cosmetology services in a location other than a 20 licensed salon when such services are performed in connection 21 with the motion picture, fashion photography, theatrical, or 22 23 television industry; a photography studio salon; a manufacturer trade show demonstration; or an educational 24 25 seminar. 26 Section 101. Section 481.207, Florida Statutes, is 27 amended to read: 28 481.207 Fees.--The board, by rule, may establish 29 separate fees for architects and interior designers, to be paid for applications, examination, reexamination, licensing 30 and renewal, delinquency, reinstatement, and recordmaking and 31

recordkeeping. The examination fee shall be in an amount that 1 2 covers the cost of obtaining and administering the examination 3 and shall be refunded if the applicant is found ineligible to 4 sit for the examination. The application fee is nonrefundable. 5 The fee for initial application and examination for architects 6 and interior designers may not exceed\$225, and if an 7 examination cost is included in the application fee, the 8 combined amount may not exceed \$775 plus the actual per 9 applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the National Council of Architectural 10 Registration Boards or the National Council of Interior Design 11 Qualifications, respectively, or similar national 12 organizations, if the examination is purchased by the 13 14 department. The biennial renewal fee for architects may not exceed \$200. The biennial renewal fee for interior designers 15 may not exceed \$500. The delinquency fee may not exceed the 16 biennial renewal fee established by the board for an active 17 license. The board shall establish fees that are adequate to 18 19 ensure the continued operation of the board and to fund the proportionate expenses incurred by the department which are 20 21 allocated to the regulation of architects and interior designers. Fees shall be based on department estimates of the 22 23 revenue required to implement this part and the provisions of law with respect to the regulation of architects and interior 24 25 designers. 26 Section 102. Section 481.209, Florida Statutes, 1996 27 Supplement, is amended to read: 28 481.209 Eligibility for licensure; examinations.--29 (1) A person desiring to be licensed as a registered 30 architect shall be certified by the board as eligible for licensure and shall pass apply to the department to take the 31 142

required licensure examination which has been approved by the 1 board and certified by the department. The board shall certify 2 3 as eligible for licensure by examination each applicant who 4 submits a complete application for licensure as a registered 5 architect demonstrating that the applicant The department 6 shall administer the licensure examination for architects to 7 each applicant who the board certifies: 8 (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a 9 nonrefundable application fee and an examination fee which is refundable if the applicant is found to be ineligible to take 10 11 the examination; 12 (b)1. Has successfully completed all architectural curriculum courses required by and is a graduate of a school 13 14 or college of architecture accredited by the National Architectural Accreditation Board; or 15 Is a graduate of an approved architectural 16 2. 17 curriculum, evidenced by a degree from an unaccredited school 18 or college of architecture approved by the board. The board 19 shall adopt rules providing for the review and approval of unaccredited schools and colleges of architecture and courses 20 of architectural study based on a review and inspection by the 21 board of the curriculum of accredited schools and colleges of 22 architecture in the United States, including those schools and 23 colleges accredited by the National Architectural 24 25 Accreditation Board; and (c) Has completed, prior to examination, 1 year of the 26 27 internship experience required by s. 481.211(1). 28 (2) A person desiring to be licensed as a registered 29 interior designer shall be certified by the board as eligible 30 for licensure and shall pass the required licensure examination which has been approved by the board and certified 31

by the department. The board shall certify as eligible for 1 licensure by examination each applicant who has remitted the 2 3 application fee specified in s. 481.207 and has submitted a 4 complete application for licensure as a registered interior 5 designer demonstrating that the applicant apply to the 6 department for licensure. The department shall administer the 7 licensure examination for interior designers to each applicant 8 who has completed the application form and remitted the 9 application and examination fees specified in s. 481.207 and who the board certifies: 10 (a) Is a graduate from an interior design program of 5 11 12 years or more and has completed 1 year of diversified interior 13 design experience; 14 (b) Is a graduate from an interior design program of 4 15 years or more and has completed 2 years of diversified interior design experience; 16 17 (c) Has completed at least 3 years in an interior design curriculum and has completed 3 years of diversified 18 19 interior design experience; (d) Is a graduate from an interior design program of 20 at least 2 years and has completed 4 years of diversified 21 22 interior design experience; or 23 (e) Has completed 6 years of diversified interior design experience, provided that at least 4 years were 24 accumulated prior to October 1, 1994. A person applying under 25 26 this paragraph must make application prior to April 30, 1998, 27 and may, in lieu of passage of the examination required by this subsection, substitute passage of any of the following 28 29 examinations: a National Council of Interior Design Qualifications examination, an American Institute of Design 30 examination, the building and barrier-free codes section of 31
the national examination as prepared by the National Council
 of Interior Design Qualifications, or any other examination
 approved by the board.

5 Subsequent to October 1, 2000, for the purpose of having the 6 educational qualification required under this subsection 7 accepted by the board, the applicant must complete his or her 8 education at a program, school, or college of interior design 9 whose curriculum has been approved by the board as of the time of completion. Subsequent to October 1, 2003, all of the 10 required amount of educational credits shall have been 11 12 obtained in a program, school, or college of interior design whose curriculum has been approved by the board, as of the 13 14 time each educational credit is gained. The board shall adopt 15 rules providing for the review and approval of programs, schools, and colleges of interior design and courses of 16 17 interior design study based on a review and inspection by the board of the curriculum of programs, schools, and colleges of 18 19 interior design in the United States, including those programs, schools, and colleges accredited by the Foundation 20 for Interior Design Education Research. The board shall adopt 21 22 rules providing for the review and approval of diversified 23 interior design experience required by this subsection. Section 103. Subsection (1) of section 481.213, 24 25 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 481.213 Licensure.--(1) The department shall license any applicant who the 27 28 board certifies is qualified for licensure, who has passed the 29 prescribed licensure examination, and who has paid the initial 30 licensure fee. Licensure as an architect under this section

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shall be deemed to include all the rights and privileges of 1 licensure as an interior designer under this section. 2 3 Section 104. Section 481.2051, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 481.2051 Architects performing building code inspector 6 duties.--A person currently licensed to practice as an 7 architect under this part may provide building inspection services described in s. 468.603(6) and (7) to a local 8 9 government or state agency upon its request, without being certified by the Board of Building Code Administrators and 10 Inspectors under part XIII of chapter 468. When performing 11 12 these building inspection services, the architect is subject to the disciplinary guidelines of this chapter and s. 13 14 468.621(1)(c)-(g). The complaint processing, investigation, 15 and discipline shall be conducted by the board rather than the Board of Building Code Administrators and Inspectors. An 16 17 architect may not perform plans review, as set forth in s. 468.603(2), as an employee of a local government on any job 18 19 that the architect or the architect's company designed. 20 Section 105. Subsection (15) of section 489.103, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended, and subsection 21 22 (17) is added to said section, to read: 489.103 Exemptions.--This part does not apply to: 23 (15) The installation and maintenance of water 24 25 conditioning units for domestic, commercial, or industrial 26 purposes by operators of water conditioning services. No 27 municipality or county may adopt an ordinance, rule, or regulation which requires such an operator to become licensed, 28 29 certified, or registered as a plumber to perform any activity associated with installation or maintenance of a water 30 conditioning unit or which otherwise prevents the installation 31

and maintenance of such water conditioning units by an
 operator.

3 (17) The sale, delivery, assembly, or tie-down of 4 prefabricated portable sheds which are not more than 250 5 square feet in interior size and are not intended for use as a 6 residence or as living quarters. This exemption shall not be 7 construed to interfere with local building codes, local 8 licensure requirements, or other local ordinance provisions. 9 Section 106. Paragraphs (a), (d), (f), (g), (i), and (1) of subsection (3) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, 10 1996 Supplement, are amended, and subsection (19) is added to 11 12 said section, to read:

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489.105 Definitions.--As used in this part:

14 (3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified 15 for, and shall only be responsible for, the project contracted 16 for and means, except as exempted in this part, the person 17 who, for compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, 18 19 add to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or structure, including related improvements to real estate, for 20 others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is 21 22 substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the 23 subsequent paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation under this part, "demolish" applies only to 24 demolition of steel tanks over 50 feet in height; towers over 25 26 50 feet in height; other structures over 50 feet in height, other than buildings or residences over three stories tall; 27 and buildings or residences over three stories tall. 28 29 Contractors are subdivided into two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), 30 31

1 and Division II, consisting of those contractors defined in 2 paragraphs (d)-(q):

3 (a) "General contractor" means a contractor whose
4 services are unlimited as to the type of work which he may do,
5 who may contract for any activity requiring licensure under
6 this part, and who may perform any work requiring licensure
7 under this part, except as otherwise expressly provided in s.
8 489.113 this part.

9 (d) "Sheet metal contractor" means a contractor whose services are unlimited in the sheet metal trade and who has 10 the experience, knowledge, and skill necessary for the 11 12 manufacture, fabrication, assembling, handling, erection, installation, dismantling, conditioning, adjustment, 13 14 insulation, alteration, repair, servicing, or design, when not 15 prohibited by law, of ferrous or nonferrous metal work of U.S. No. 10 gauge or its equivalent or lighter gauge and of other 16 17 materials, including, but not limited to, fiberglass, used in lieu thereof and of air-handling systems, including the 18 19 setting of air-handling equipment and reinforcement of same, and including the balancing of air-handling systems, and any 20 duct cleaning and equipment sanitizing which requires at least 21 partial disassembling of the system. 22

"Class A air-conditioning contractor" means a 23 (f) contractor whose services are unlimited in the execution of 24 contracts requiring the experience, knowledge, and skill to 25 26 install, maintain, repair, fabricate, alter, extend, or 27 design, when not prohibited by law, central air-conditioning, refrigeration, heating, and ventilating systems, including 28 29 duct work in connection with a complete system only to the extent such duct work is performed by the contractor as is 30 necessary to make complete an air-distribution system, boiler 31

and unfired pressure vessel systems, and all appurtenances, 1 apparatus, or equipment used in connection therewith, and any 2 3 duct cleaning and equipment sanitizing which requires at least 4 partial disassembling of the system; to install, maintain, 5 repair, fabricate, alter, extend, or design, when not prohibited by law, piping, insulation of pipes, vessels and 6 7 ducts, pressure and process piping, and pneumatic control piping; to replace, disconnect, or reconnect power wiring on 8 9 the load side of the dedicated existing electrical disconnect switch; to install, disconnect, and reconnect low voltage 10 heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning control wiring; and 11 12 to install a condensate drain from an air-conditioning unit to an existing safe waste or other approved disposal other than a 13 14 direct connection to a sanitary system. The scope of work for 15 such contractor shall also include any excavation work incidental thereto, but shall not include any work such as 16 17 liquefied petroleum or natural gas fuel lines within buildings, potable water lines or connections thereto, 18 19 sanitary sewer lines, swimming pool piping and filters, or 20 electrical power wiring. 21 "Class B air-conditioning contractor" means a (q) contractor whose services are limited to 25 tons of cooling 22 23 and 500,000 Btu of heating in any one system in the execution of contracts requiring the experience, knowledge, and skill to 24 install, maintain, repair, fabricate, alter, extend, or 25 26 design, when not prohibited by law, central air-conditioning, 27 refrigeration, heating, and ventilating systems, including duct work in connection with a complete system only to the 28 29 extent such duct work is performed by the contractor as is necessary to make complete an air-distribution system being 30

31 installed under this classification, and any duct cleaning and

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equipment sanitizing which requires at least a partial 1 disassembling of the system; to install, maintain, repair, 2 3 fabricate, alter, extend, or design, when not prohibited by 4 law, piping and insulation of pipes, vessels, and ducts; to 5 replace, disconnect, or reconnect power wiring on the load 6 side of the dedicated existing electrical disconnect switch; 7 to install, disconnect, and reconnect low voltage heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning control wiring; and to 8 9 install a condensate drain from an air-conditioning unit to an existing safe waste or other approved disposal other than a 10 direct connection to a sanitary system. The scope of work for 11 12 such contractor shall also include any excavation work incidental thereto, but shall not include any work such as 13 14 liquefied petroleum or natural gas fuel lines within 15 buildings, potable water lines or connections thereto, 16 sanitary sewer lines, swimming pool piping and filters, or 17 electrical power wiring.

"Mechanical contractor" means a contractor whose 18 (i) 19 services are unlimited in the execution of contracts requiring the experience, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, 20 repair, fabricate, alter, extend, or design, when not 21 prohibited by law, central air-conditioning, refrigeration, 22 23 heating, and ventilating systems, including duct work in connection with a complete system only to the extent such duct 24 work is performed by the contractor as is necessary to make 25 complete an air-distribution system, boiler and unfired 26 27 pressure vessel systems, lift station equipment and piping, and all appurtenances, apparatus, or equipment used in 28 connection therewith, and any duct cleaning and equipment 29 sanitizing which requires at least a partial disassembling of 30 the system; to install, maintain, repair, fabricate, alter, 31

extend, or design, when not prohibited by law, piping, 1 insulation of pipes, vessels and ducts, pressure and process 2 3 piping, pneumatic control piping, gasoline tanks and pump installations and piping for same, standpipes, air piping, 4 5 vacuum line piping, oxygen lines, nitrous oxide piping, ink 6 and chemical lines, fuel transmission lines, and natural gas 7 fuel lines within buildings; to replace, disconnect, or 8 reconnect power wiring on the load side of the dedicated 9 existing electrical disconnect switch; to install, disconnect, and reconnect low voltage heating, ventilating, and 10 air-conditioning control wiring; and to install a condensate 11 12 drain from an air-conditioning unit to an existing safe waste or other approved disposal other than a direct connection to a 13 14 sanitary system. The scope of work for such contractor shall also include any excavation work incidental thereto, but shall 15 not include any work such as liquefied petroleum gas fuel 16 17 lines within buildings, potable water lines or connections thereto, sanitary sewer lines, swimming pool piping and 18 19 filters, or electrical power wiring. 20 "Swimming pool/spa servicing contractor" means a (1) contractor whose scope of work involves the servicing and 21 22 repair of any swimming pool or hot tub or spa, whether public or private. The scope of such work may include any necessary 23 piping and repairs, replacement and repair of existing 24 equipment, or installation of new additional equipment as 25

26 necessary. The scope of such work includes the reinstallation

27 of tile and coping, repair and replacement of all piping,

28 filter equipment, and chemical feeders of any type,

29 replastering, reconstruction of decks, and reinstallation or

30 addition of pool heaters. The installation, construction,

31 modification, substantial or complete disassembly, or

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replacement of equipment permanently attached to and 1 2 associated with the pool or spa for the purpose of water 3 treatment or cleaning of the pool or spa requires licensure; 4 however, the usage of such equipment for the purposes of water 5 treatment or cleaning shall not require licensure unless the 6 usage involves construction, modification, substantial or 7 complete disassembly, or replacement of such equipment. Water 8 treatment that does not require such equipment does not 9 require a license. In addition, a license shall not be required for the cleaning of the pool or spa in any way that 10 does not affect the structural integrity of the pool or spa or 11 12 its associated equipment. 13 (19) "Initial issuance" means the first time a 14 certificate or registration is granted to an individual or business organization, including the first time an individual 15 becomes a qualifying agent for that business organization and 16 17 the first time a business organization is qualified by that 18 individual. 19 Section 107. Subsections (4) and (6) of section 20 489.107, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 21 489.107 Construction Industry Licensing Board.--(4) The board shall be divided into two divisions, 22 23 Division I and Division II. (a) Division I is comprised of the general contractor, 24 25 building contractor, and residential contractor members of the 26 board; one of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(j); and one of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph 27 (2)(k). Division I has jurisdiction over the examination and 28 29 regulation of general contractors, building contractors, and 30 residential contractors. 31

(b) Division II is comprised of the roofing 1 2 contractor, sheet metal contractor, air-conditioning 3 contractor, mechanical contractor, pool contractor, plumbing 4 contractor, and underground utility and excavation contractor 5 members of the board; one of the members appointed pursuant to 6 paragraph (2)(j); and one of the members appointed pursuant to 7 paragraph (2)(k). Division II has jurisdiction over the 8 examination and regulation of contractors defined in s. 9 489.105(3)(d) - (p). (c) Jurisdiction for the examination and regulation of 10 specialty contractors defined in s. 489.105(3)(q) shall lie 11 12 with the division having jurisdiction over the scope of work of the specialty contractor as defined by board rule. 13 14 (6) The Construction Industry Licensing Board and the 15 Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board shall each appoint a committee to meet jointly in joint session at least twice a 16 17 year. 18 Section 108. Subsection (1) of section 489.109, 19 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 489.109 Fees.--21 (1) The board, by rule, shall establish reasonable fees to be paid for applications, examination, certification 22 23 and renewal, registration and renewal, and recordmaking and recordkeeping. The fees shall be established as follows: 24 (a) With respect to an applicant for a certificate, 25 26 the initial application and examination fee may not exceed \$150, and, if an examination cost is included in the 27 application fee, the combined amount may not exceed \$350., and 28 29 The initial certification fee and the renewal fee may not exceed \$200. However, any applicant who seeks certification 30 under this part by taking a practical examination must pay as 31

an examination fee the actual cost incurred by the department 1 2 in developing, preparing, administering, scoring, score 3 reporting, and evaluating in conducting the examination, if 4 the examination is conducted by the department. 5 (b) With respect to an applicant for registration, the 6 initial application fee may not exceed \$100, and the initial 7 registration fee and the renewal fee may not exceed \$200. 8 (c) The board, by rule, may establish delinquency 9 fees, not to exceed the applicable renewal fee for renewal applications made after the expiration date of the certificate 10 11 or registration. 12 (d) The board, by rule, may establish a fee for transfer of a certificate or registration from one business 13 14 organization to another, not to exceed the applicable renewal 15 fee. 16 (e) The board, by rule, shall impose a renewal fee for an inactive status certificate or registration, not to exceed 17 the renewal fee for an active status certificate or 18 19 registration. Neither the inactive certification fee nor the 20 inactive registration fee may exceed \$50. The board, by rule, may provide for a different fee for inactive status where such 21 status is sought by a building code administrator, plans 22 23 examiner, or inspector certified pursuant to part XIII of chapter 468 who is employed by a local government and is not 24 25 allowed by the terms of such employment to maintain a 26 certificate on active status issued pursuant to this part. 27 (f) The board, by rule, shall impose an additional late fee on a delinquent status certificateholder or 28 29 registrant when such certificateholder or registrant applies 30 for active or inactive status. 31

(g) The board, by rule, shall impose an additional 1 2 fee, not to exceed the applicable renewal fee, which 3 reasonably reflects the costs of processing a 4 certificateholder's or registrant's request to change 5 licensure status at any time other than at the beginning of a 6 licensure cycle. 7 Section 109. Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 489.111 Licensure by examination Examinations.--10 (1) Any person who desires to be certified shall apply 11 to the department in writing to take the certification 12 examination. 13 (2) A person shall be eligible for licensure by 14 entitled to take the examination for the purpose of determining whether he is qualified to engage in contracting 15 16 throughout this state if the person: 17 (a) Is 18 years of age; 18 (b) Is of good moral character; and 19 (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of 20 the following criteria: 21 1. Has received a baccalaureate degree from an accredited 4-year college in the appropriate field of 22 23 engineering, architecture, or building construction and has 1 year of proven experience in the category in which the person 24 seeks to qualify. For the purpose of this part, a minimum of 25 26 2,000 man-hours shall be used in determining full-time 27 equivalency. 28 2. Has a total of at least 4 years of active 29 experience as a workman who has learned his trade by serving an apprenticeship as a skilled workman who is able to command 30 the rate of a mechanic in his particular trade or as a foreman 31

who is in charge of a group of workmen and usually is
 responsible to a superintendent or a contractor or his
 equivalent, provided, however, that at least 1 year of active
 experience shall be as a foreman.

5 3. Has a combination of not less than 1 year of 6 experience as a foreman and not less than 3 years of credits 7 for any accredited college-level courses; has a combination of 8 not less than 1 year of experience as a skilled workman, 1 9 year of experience as a foreman, and not less than 2 years of credits for any accredited college-level courses; or has a 10 combination of not less than 2 years of experience as a 11 12 skilled workman, 1 year of experience as a foreman, and not less than 1 year of credits for any accredited college-level 13 14 courses. For the number of years of credits for any accredited 15 college-level courses, the applicant shall show completion of an equal number of courses in the appropriate field of 16 17 engineering, architecture, or building construction. All junior college or community college-level courses shall be 18 19 considered accredited college-level courses.

4.a. An active certified residential contractor is eligible to take the building contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 3 years of proven experience in the classification in which he is certified.

b. An active certified residential contractor is
eligible to take the general contractors' examination if he
possesses a minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the
classification in which he is certified.

28 c. An active certified building contractor is eligible 29 to take the general contractors' examination if he possesses a 30 minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the classification 31 in which he is certified.

5.a. An active certified air-conditioning Class C 1 2 contractor is eligible to take the air-conditioning Class B contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 3 years 3 4 of proven experience in the classification in which he is 5 certified. b. An active certified air-conditioning Class C б 7 contractor is eligible to take the air-conditioning Class A 8 contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 4 years 9 of proven experience in the classification in which he is certified. 10 c. An active certified air-conditioning Class B 11 12 contractor is eligible to take the air-conditioning Class A 13 contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 1 year 14 of proven experience in the classification in which he is certified. 15 6.a. An active certified swimming pool servicing 16 17 contractor is eligible to take the residential swimming pool contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 3 years 18 19 of proven experience in the classification in which he is certified. 20 21 b. An active certified swimming pool servicing 22 contractor is eligible to take the swimming pool commercial 23 contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 4 years 24 of proven experience in the classification in which he is certified. 25 26 c. An active certified residential swimming pool 27 contractor is eligible to take the commercial swimming pool contractors' examination if he possesses a minimum of 1 year 28 29 of proven experience in the classification in which he is 30 certified. 31

(3)(a) The board may refuse to certify an applicant 1 2 for failure to satisfy the requirement of good moral character 3 only if: There is a substantial connection between the lack 4 1. 5 of good moral character of the applicant and the professional 6 responsibilities of a certified contractor; and 7 The finding by the board of lack of good moral 2. character is supported by clear and convincing evidence. 8 9 (b) When an applicant is found to be unqualified for a certificate because of a lack of good moral character, the 10 board shall furnish the applicant a statement containing the 11 12 findings of the board, a complete record of the evidence upon which the determination was based, and a notice of the rights 13 14 of the applicant to a rehearing and appeal. 15 (4) The department shall ensure that a sensitivity 16 review committee has been established including representatives of various ethnic/minority groups. No question 17 18 found by this committee to be discriminatory against any 19 ethnic/minority group shall be included in the examination. 20 Section 110. Subsections (1), (2), and (10) of section 21 489.113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 489.113 Qualifications for practice; restrictions.--23 (1) Any person who desires to engage in contracting on a statewide basis shall, as a prerequisite thereto, establish 24 his competency and qualifications to be certified pursuant to 25 26 this part. To establish his competency, a person shall pass the appropriate examination approved by the board and 27 certified administered by the department. Any person who 28 29 desires to engage in contracting on other than a statewide basis shall, as a prerequisite thereto, be registered pursuant 30 to this part, unless exempted by this part. 31

(2) A No person who is not certified or registered may 1 2 not shall engage in the business of contracting in this state. 3 However, for purposes of complying with the provisions of this 4 chapter, a person who is not certified or registered may 5 perform construction work under the supervision of a person 6 who is certified or registered, provided that the work is 7 within the scope of the supervisor's license and provided that 8 the person being supervised is not engaged in construction 9 work which would require a license as a contractor under any of the categories listed in s. 489.105(3)(d)-(o). However, if 10 the person being supervised is engaged in construction work 11 12 that would require a license as an underground utility and excavation contractor, such person may be engaged on a 13 14 contract basis by the licensed underground utility and 15 excavation contractor to perform such work, provided the person so employed is in compliance with the provisions of 16 17 this subsection and provided the activities of such person are 18 limited to a narrow specialty which does not have a separate 19 corresponding state or local licensure category and the narrow 20 scope of experience of which does not qualify the person to 21 take the examination for any available state or local license which would allow the person to perform that activity. This 22 23 subsection does not affect the application of any local construction licensing ordinances. To enforce this subsection: 24 (a) The department shall issue a cease and desist 25 26 order to prohibit any person from engaging in the business of 27 contracting who does not hold the required certification or 28 registration for the work being performed under this part. For 29 the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order, the 30 department may file a proceeding in the name of the state 31

seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus 1 2 against any person who violates any provision of such order. 3 (b) A county, municipality, or local licensing board 4 created by special act may issue a cease and desist order to prohibit any person from engaging in the business of 5 6 contracting who does not hold the required certification or 7 registration for the work being performed under this part. 8 (10) The addition of a new type of contractor or the 9 expansion of the scope of practice of any type of contractor under this part shall not limit the scope of practice of any 10 existing type of contractor under this part unless the 11 12 Legislature expressly provides such a limitation. 13 Section 111. Section 489.1136, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 489.1136 Medical gas certification.--(1)(a) In addition to the certification or 16 17 registration required to engage in business as a plumbing 18 contractor, any plumbing contractor who wishes to engage in 19 the business of installation, improvement, repair, or 20 maintenance of any tubing, pipe, or similar conduit used to 21 transport gaseous or partly gaseous substances for medical purposes shall take, as part of the contractor's continuing 22 23 education requirement, at least once during the holding of such license, a course of at least of 6 hours. Such course 24 25 shall be given by an instructional facility or teaching entity 26 that has been approved by the board. In order for a course to be approved, the board must find that the course is designed 27 28 to teach familiarity with the National Fire Prevention 29 Association Standard 99C (Standard on Gas and Vacuum Systems, latest edition) and also designed to teach familiarity and 30 practical ability in performing and inspecting brazing duties 31

required of medical gas installation, improvement, repair, or 1 maintenance work. Such course shall issue a certificate of 2 completion to the taker of the course, which certificate shall 3 4 be available for inspection by any entity or person seeking to 5 have such contractor engage in the business of installation, 6 improvement, repair, or maintenance of a medical gas system. 7 (b) Any other natural person who is employed by a 8 licensed plumbing contractor to provide work on the 9 installation, improvement, repair, or maintenance of a medical gas system, except as noted in paragraph (c), shall as a 10 prerequisite to his or her ability to provide such service 11 12 take a course approved by the board. Such course shall be at least 8 hours and consist of both classroom and practical work 13 14 designed to teach familiarity with the National Fire Prevention Association Standard 99C (Standard on Gas and 15 16 Vacuum Systems, latest edition) and also designed to teach 17 familiarity and practical ability in performing and inspecting brazing duties required of medical gas installation, 18 19 improvement, repair, or maintenance work. Such course shall 20 also include the administration of a practical examination in 21 the skills required to perform work as outlined above, including brazing, and each examination shall be reasonably 22 constructed to test for knowledge of the subject matter. The 23 person taking such course and examination must, upon 24 25 successful completion of both, be issued a certificate of 26 completion by the giver of such course, which certificate 27 shall be made available by the holder for inspection by any 28 person or entity seeking to have such person perform work on 29 the installation, improvement, repair, or maintenance of a 30 medical gas system. 31

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1	(c) Any other natural person who wishes to perform
2	only brazing duties incidental to the installation,
3	improvement, repair, or maintenance of a medical gas system
4	shall pass an examination designed to show that person's
5	familiarity with and practical ability in performing brazing
6	duties required of medical gas installation, improvement,
7	repair, or maintenance. Such examination shall be from a test
8	approved by the board. Such examination must test for
9	knowledge of National Fire Prevention Association Standard 99C
10	(Standard on Gas and Vacuum Systems, latest edition). The
11	person taking such examination must, upon passing such
12	examination, be issued a certificate of completion by the
13	giver of such examination, and such certificate shall be made
14	available by the holder for inspection by any person or entity
15	seeking to have or employ such person to perform brazing
16	duties on a medical gas system.
17	(d) It is the responsibility of the licensed plumbing
18	contractor to ascertain whether members of his or her
19	workforce are in compliance with this subsection, and such
20	contractor is subject to discipline pursuant to s. 489.129 for
21	violation of this subsection.
22	(e) Training programs in medical gas piping
23	installation, improvement, repair, or maintenance shall be
24	reviewed annually by the board to ensure that programs have
25	been provided equitably across the state.
26	(f) Periodically, the board shall review training
27	programs in medical gas piping installation for quality in
28	content and instruction in accordance with the National Fire
29	Prevention Association Standard 99C (Standard on Gas and
30	Vacuum Systems, latest edition). The board shall also respond
31	to complaints regarding approved programs.

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(g) Training required under this section for current 1 2 licensees must be met by October 1, 1999. 3 (2)(a) On any job site where a medical gas system is 4 being installed, improved, repaired, or maintained, it is 5 required that a person qualified under paragraph (1)(a) or 6 paragraph (1)(b) must be present. When any brazing work is 7 performed by a person qualified under paragraph (1)(c), a 8 person qualified under paragraph (1)(a) or paragraph (1)(b) 9 must be present. (b) It is the responsibility of the licensed 10 contractor to ascertain whether members of his or her 11 12 workforce are in compliance with paragraph (a), and such contractor is subject to discipline pursuant to s. 489.129 for 13 14 violation of this subsection. 15 (3) The term "medical" as used in this section means any medicinal, life-supporting, or health-related purpose. Any 16 17 and all gaseous or partly gaseous substance used in medical patient care and treatment shall be presumed for the purpose 18 19 of this section to be used for medical purposes. 20 Section 112. Subsection (4) is added to section 21 553.06, Florida Statutes, to read: 22 553.06 State Plumbing Code. --(4) All installations, improvements, maintenance, or 23 repair relating to tubing, pipe, or similar conduit used to 24 25 transport gaseous or partly gaseous substances for medical 26 purposes shall be governed and regulated under National Fire Prevention Association Standard 99C (Standard on Gas and 27 28 Vacuum Systems, latest edition). Notwithstanding the 29 prohibition of s. 553.11, no county or municipality is exempt 30 or excepted from the requirements of this subsection. 31

1 Section 113. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of 2 section 489.115, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection 3 (7) is added to said section, to read: 489.115 Certification and registration; endorsement; 4 5 renewals; continuing education .--6 (4) 7 (b)1. Each certificateholder or registrant shall 8 provide proof, in a form established by rule of the board, 9 that the certificateholder or registrant has completed at least 14 classroom hours of at least 50 minutes each of 10 continuing education courses during each biennium since the 11 12 issuance or renewal of the certificate or registration. The board shall establish by rule that a portion of the required 13 14 14 hours must deal with the subject of workers' compensation, business practices, and workplace safety. The board shall by 15 rule establish criteria for the approval of continuing 16 17 education courses and providers and may by rule establish criteria for accepting alternative nonclassroom continuing 18 19 education on an hour-for-hour basis. 20 In addition, the board may approve specialized 2. 21 continuing education courses on compliance with the wind resistance provisions for one and two family dwellings 22 23 contained in the State Minimum Building Codes and any alternate methodologies for providing such wind resistance 24 which have been approved for use by the Board of Building 25 26 Codes and Standards. Division I certificateholders or registrants who demonstrate proficiency upon completion of 27 such specialized courses may certify plans and specifications 28 29 for one and two family dwellings to be in compliance with the code or alternate methodologies, as appropriate, except for 30 dwellings located in floodways or coastal hazard areas as 31

1	defined in ss. 60.3D and E of the National Flood Insurance
2	Program.
3	(7) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a
4	license under both this part and part II and is required to
5	have continuing education courses under s. 489.517(3), the
6	certificateholder or registrant may apply those course hours
7	for workers' compensation, workplace safety, and business
8	practices obtained under part II to the requirements under
9	this part.
10	Section 114. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of
11	section 489.119, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended
12	to read:
13	489.119 Business organizations; qualifying agents
14	(3)(a) The qualifying agent shall be certified or
15	registered under this part in order for the business
16	organization to be certified or registered in the category of
17	the business conducted for which the qualifying agent is
18	certified or registered. If any qualifying agent ceases to be
19	affiliated with such business organization, he shall so inform
20	the department. In addition, if such qualifying agent is the
21	only certified or registered contractor affiliated with the
22	business organization, the business organization shall notify
23	the department of the termination of the qualifying agent and
24	shall have 60 days from the termination of the qualifying
25	agent's affiliation with the business organization in which to
26	employ another qualifying agent. The business organization
27	may not engage in contracting until a qualifying agent is
28	employed, unless the executive director or chair of the board
29	has granted a temporary nonrenewable certificate or
30	registration to the financially responsible officer, the
31	president, a partner, or, in the case of a limited

partnership, the general partner, who assumes all 1 responsibilities of a primary qualifying agent for the entity. 2 3 This temporary certificate or registration shall only allow 4 the entity to proceed with incomplete contracts as defined in 5 s. 489.121. For the purposes of this paragraph, an incomplete 6 contract is one which has been awarded to, or entered into by, 7 the business organization prior to the cessation of 8 affiliation of the qualifying agent with the business 9 organization or one on which the business organization was the low bidder and the contract is subsequently awarded, 10 regardless of whether any actual work has commenced under the 11 12 contract prior to the qualifying agent ceasing to be 13 affiliated with the business organization. 14 Section 115. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 15 489.127, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to 16 read: 17 489.127 Prohibitions; penalties.--18 (1) No person shall: 19 (a) Falsely hold himself or a business organization out as a licensee, certificateholder, or registrant; 20 21 (b) Falsely impersonate a certificateholder or 22 registrant; 23 (c) Present as his own the certificate or registration of another; 24 25 (d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the 26 board or a member thereof; (e) Use or attempt to use a certificate or 27 registration which has been suspended or revoked; 28 29 (f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a 30 contractor or advertise himself or a business organization as 31

available to engage in the business or act in the capacity of 1 a contractor without being duly registered or certified; 2 3 (g) Operate a business organization engaged in 4 contracting after 60 days following the termination of its 5 only qualifying agent without designating another primary 6 qualifying agent, except as provided in ss. 489.119 and 7 489.1195; 8 (h) Commence or perform work for which a building 9 permit is required pursuant to an adopted state minimum building code without such building permit being in effect; or 10 (i) Willfully or deliberately disregard or violate any 11 12 municipal or county ordinance relating to uncertified or unregistered contractors. 13 14 15 For purposes of this subsection, a person or business 16 organization operating on an inactive or suspended certificate 17 or registration, or operating beyond the scope of work or geographical scope of the registration, is not duly certified 18 19 or registered and is considered to be unlicensed. 20 (2)(a) Any unlicensed person who violates any of the provisions of subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor of the 21 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 22 775.083. 23 (b) Any unlicensed person who performs, offers to 24 perform, or contracts to perform work which requires licensure 25 26 under this part, the value of which exceeds \$1,000, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 27 28 775.082 or s. 775.083. 29 (c) (b) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation 30 of paragraphs (a) through (f) of subsection (1) after having been previously found guilty of such a violation, regardless 31

of adjudication thereof, commits a felony of the third degree, 1 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2 3 (d)(c) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation 4 of paragraphs (a) through (f) of subsection (1) during the 5 existence of a state of emergency declared by executive order of the Governor commits a felony of the third degree, 6 7 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 8 (e) (d) Any person who operates as a pollutant storage 9 systems contractor, precision tank tester, or internal pollutant storage tank lining applicator in violation of 10 subsection (1) commits a felony of the third degree, 11 12 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 13 (f) Any licensed contractor who willfully operates 14 outside the geographical scope of the contractor's registration, or who operates outside the scope of the 15 contractor's certificate or registration, commits a 16 17 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 18 19 20 The remedies set forth in this subsection are not exclusive and may be imposed in addition to the remedies set forth in s. 21 489.129(2). Moreover, prosecution under this part does not 22 23 preclude prosecution under other applicable criminal statutes. Section 116. Section 489.140, Florida Statutes, is 24 25 amended to read: 26 489.140 Construction Industries Recovery Fund.--There 27 is created the Florida Construction Industries Recovery Fund as a separate account in the Professional Regulation Trust 28 29 Fund. 30 The Florida Construction Industries Recovery Fund (1) shall be disbursed as provided in s. 489.143, on order of the 31 168

board, as reimbursement to any natural person adjudged by a 1 court of competent jurisdiction to have suffered monetary 2 damages, or to whom the licensee has been ordered to pay 3 4 restitution by the board, where the judgment or restitution 5 order is based on a violation of s. 489.129(1)(d), (h), (k), or (1), committed by any contractor, financially responsible 6 7 officer, or business organization licensed under the provisions of this part at the time the violation was 8 9 committed, and providing that the violation occurs after July 1, 1993. 10 (2) The Construction Industries Recovery Fund shall be 11 12 funded out of the receipts deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund from the one-half cent per square foot 13 14 surcharge on building permits collected and disbursed pursuant to s. 468.631. 15 16 (3) In addition, any surplus of moneys collected from 17 the fines imposed by the board and collected by the department 18 shall be transferred into the Construction Industries Recovery 19 Fund. 20 Section 117. Section 489.141, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 489.141 Conditions for recovery; eligibility.--23 (1) Any person is eligible to seek recovery from the 24 Construction Industries Recovery Fund after having made a claim and exhausting the limits of any available bond, cash 25 26 bond, surety, guarantee, warranty, letter of credit, or policy of insurance, if: 27 (a) Such person has received final judgment in a court 28 29 of competent jurisdiction in this state in any action wherein the cause of action was based on a construction contract or 30 the Construction Industry Licensing Board has issued a final 31 169

order directing the licensee to pay restitution to the 1 claimant based upon a violation of s. 489.129(1)(d), (h), (k), 2 3 or (1), where the contract was executed and the violation occurred on or after July 1, 1993, and provided that: 4 5 1. At the time the action was commenced, such person 6 gave notice thereof to the board by certified mail; except 7 that, if no notice has been given to the board, the claim may 8 still be honored if the board finds good cause to waive the 9 notice requirement; 1.a.2. Such person has caused to be issued a writ of 10 execution upon such judgment, and the officer executing the 11 12 writ has made a return showing that no personal or real property of the judgment debtor or licensee liable to be 13 14 levied upon in satisfaction of the judgment can be found or 15 that the amount realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's or licensee's property pursuant to such execution was 16 17 insufficient to satisfy the judgment; or 18 b.3. If such person is unable to comply with 19 sub-subparagraph a. subparagraph 2. for a valid reason to be determined by the board, such person has made all reasonable 20 searches and inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment 21 22 debtor or licensee is possessed of real or personal property 23 or other assets subject to being sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and by his search he has 24 discovered no property or assets or he has discovered property 25 26 and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings for the application thereof to the judgment but the amount 27 thereby realized was insufficient to satisfy the judgment; or 28 29 2.(b) The claimant has made a diligent attempt, as 30 defined by board rule, to collect the restitution awarded by the board; and 31

1	(b) (c) A claim for recovery is made within 2 years
2	from the time of the act giving rise to the claim or within 2
3	years from the time the act is discovered or should have been
4	discovered with the exercise of due diligence; however, in no
5	event may a claim for recovery be made more than 4 years after
б	the date of the act giving rise to the claim or more than 1
7	year after the conclusion of any civil or administrative
8	action based on the act, whichever is later; and
9	<u>(c)</u> Any amounts recovered by such person from the
10	judgment debtor <u>or licensee</u> , or from any other source, have
11	been applied to the damages awarded by the court or the amount
12	of restitution ordered by the board; and
13	(d) (e) Such person is not a person who is precluded by
14	this act from making a claim for recovery.
15	(2) A person is not qualified to make a claim for
16	recovery from the Construction Industries Recovery Fund, if:
17	(a) The claimant is the spouse of the judgment debtor
18	or licensee or a personal representative of such spouse;
19	(b) The claimant is a <u>licensee</u> certificateholder or
20	registrant who acted as the contractor in the transaction
21	which is the subject of the claim;
22	(c) Such person's claim is based upon a construction
23	contract in which the <u>licensee</u> certificateholder or registrant
24	was acting with respect to the property owned or controlled by
25	the licensee certificateholder or registrant;
26	(d) Such person's claim is based upon a construction
27	contract in which the contractor did not hold a valid and
28	current license at the time of the construction contract; or
29	(e) Such person was associated in a business
30	relationship with the <u>licensee</u> certificateholder or registrant
31	other than the contract at issue.
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(f) Such person has suffered damages as the result of 1 2 making improper payments to a contractor as defined in chapter 3 713, part I. 4 Section 118. Section 489.142, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 6 489.142 Board powers relating to recovery upon 7 notification of commencement of action .-- With respect to 8 actions for recovery from the Construction Industries Recovery 9 Fund When the board receives certified notice of any action, 10 as required by s. 489.141(1)(a), the board may intervene, enter an appearance, file an answer, defend the action, or 11 12 take any action it deems appropriate and may take recourse through any appropriate method of review on behalf of the 13 14 State of Florida. 15 Section 119. Section 489.143, Florida Statutes, 1996 16 Supplement, is amended to read: 17 489.143 Payment from the fund.--(1) Any person who meets all of the conditions 18 19 prescribed in s. 489.141(1) may apply to the board to cause 20 payment to be made to such person from the Construction 21 Industries Recovery Fund in an amount equal to the judgment or restitution order, exclusive of postjudgment interest, against 22 23 the licensee certificateholder or \$25,000, whichever is less, or an amount equal to the unsatisfied portion of such person's 24 25 judgment or restitution order, exclusive of postjudgment 26 interest, or \$25,000, whichever is less, but only to the 27 extent and amount reflected in the judgment or restitution 28 order as being actual or compensatory damages. The fund is not 29 obligated to pay any portion of any judgment, or any judgment 30 or restitution order, or any portion thereof, which is not 31

expressly based on one of the grounds for recovery set forth 1 2 in s. 489.140(1). (2) Upon receipt by a claimant under subsection (1) of 3 4 payment from the Construction Industries Recovery Fund, the 5 claimant shall assign his additional right, title, and 6 interest in the judgment or restitution order, to the extent 7 of such payment, to the board, and thereupon the board shall 8 be subrogated to the right, title, and interest of the 9 claimant; and any amount subsequently recovered on the judgment or restitution order by the board, to the extent of 10 the right, title, and interest of the board therein, shall be 11 12 for the purpose of reimbursing the Construction Industries Recovery Fund. 13 14 (3) Payments for claims arising out of the same 15 transaction shall be limited, in the aggregate, to \$25,000, 16 regardless of the number of claimants involved in the 17 transaction. 18 (4) Payments for claims against any one licensee 19 certificateholder or registrant shall not exceed, in the 20 aggregate, \$100,000. 21 (5) Claims shall be paid in the order filed, up to the aggregate limits for each transaction and licensee and to the 22 23 limits of the amount appropriated to pay claims against the fund for the fiscal year in which the claims were filed. 24 25 (6) If the annual appropriation is exhausted with 26 claims pending, such claims shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year. Any moneys in excess of pending claims 27 28 remaining in the Construction Industries Recovery Fund at the 29 end of the fiscal year shall be paid as provided in s. 30 468.631. 31

1	(5) If at any time the claims pending against the fund
2	exceed 80 percent of the fund balance plus anticipated revenue
3	for the next two quarters, the board shall accept no further
4	claims until such time as the board is given express
5	authorization and funding from the Legislature.
б	(7) (6) Upon the payment of any amount from the
7	Construction Industries Recovery Fund in settlement of a claim
8	in satisfaction of a judgment or restitution order against a
9	<u>licensee</u> $\frac{1}{2}$ certificateholder as described in s. 489.141(1), the
10	license of such <u>licensee</u> certificateholder shall be
11	automatically suspended, without further administrative
12	action, upon the date of payment from the fund. The license
13	of such <u>licensee</u> certificateholder shall not be reinstated
14	until he has repaid in full, plus interest, the amount paid
15	from the fund. A discharge of bankruptcy does not relieve a
16	person from the penalties and disabilities provided in this
17	section.
18	Section 120. Section 489.1455, Florida Statutes, is
19	created to read:
20	489.1455 Journeyman; reciprocity; standards
21	(1) An individual who holds a valid, active journeyman
22	license in the plumbing/pipe fitting, mechanical, or HVAC
23	trades issued by any county or municipality in this state may
24	work as a journeyman in any other county or municipality of
25	this state without taking an additional examination or paying
26	an additional license fee, if he or she:
27	(a) Has scored at least 70 percent, or after October
28	1, 1997, at least 75 percent, on a proctored journeyman Block
29	and Associates examination or other proctored examination
30	approved by the board for the trade in which he is licensed;
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(b) Has completed an apprenticeship program registered 1 2 with the Department of Labor and Employment Security and 3 demonstrates 4 years' verifiable practical experience in the 4 electrical trade, or demonstrates 6 years' verifiable 5 practical experience in the trade for which he is licensed; 6 and 7 (c) Has not had a license suspended or revoked within 8 the last 5 years. 9 (2) A local government may charge a registration fee for reciprocity, not to exceed \$25. 10 Section 118. Section 489.5335, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 created to read: 13 489.5335 Journeyman; reciprocity; standards.--14 (1) An individual who holds a valid, active journeyman 15 license in the electrical trade issued by any county or 16 municipality in this state may work as a journeyman in any 17 other county or municipality of this state without taking an additional examination or paying an additional license fee, if 18 19 he or she: 20 (a) Has scored at least 70 percent, or after October 1, 1997, at least 75 percent, on a proctored journeyman Block 21 22 and Associates examination or other proctored examination 23 approved by the board for the electrical trade; (b) Has completed an apprenticeship program registered 24 with the Department of Labor and Employment Security and 25 26 demonstrates 4 years' verifiable practical experience in the electrical trade, or demonstrates 6 years' verifiable 27 28 practical experience in the electrical trade; and 29 (c) Has not had a license suspended or revoked within 30 the last 5 years. 31

(2) A local government may charge a registration fee 1 2 for reciprocity, not to exceed \$25. 3 Section 121. Subsections (4) and (14) of section 4 489.503, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended, and 5 subsections (17), (18), and (19) are added to said section, to 6 read: 7 489.503 Exemptions.--This part does not apply to: (4) Public utilities, on construction, maintenance, 8 9 and development work performed by their forces and incidental to their facilities or incidental to the business of a 10 telecommunications company licensed under chapter 364. 11 12 (14) The installation of, repair of, alteration of, addition to, or design of electrical wiring, fixtures, 13 14 appliances, thermostats, apparatus, raceways, and conduit, or 15 any part thereof, when those items are for the purpose of 16 transmitting data, voice communications, or commands as part 17 of: 18 (a) A system of telecommunications, including 19 computers, telephone customer premises equipment, or premises 20 wiring; or 21 (b) A cable television, community antenna television, 22 or radio distribution system. 23 The scope of this exemption is limited to electrical circuits 24 and equipment governed by the applicable provisions of 25 26 Articles 725 (Classes 2 and 3 circuits only), 770, 800, 810, and 820 of the National Electrical Code, current edition, or 27 47 C.F.R. part 68. Additionally, a company certified under 28 29 chapter 364 is not subject to any local ordinance that requires a permit for work performed by its employees related 30 to low voltage electrical work, including related technical 31

codes and regulations. This exemption shall apply only if such 1 2 work is requested by the company's customer, is required in order to complete phone service, is incidental to provision of 3 4 telecommunication service as required by chapter 364, and is 5 not actively competitive in nature or the subject of a 6 competitive bid. The definition of "employee" established in 7 subsection (1) applies to this exemption and does not include 8 subcontractors. 9 (17) The monitoring of an alarm system without fee by a direct employee of a law enforcement agency or of a county, 10 municipal, or special-district fire department or by a law 11 12 enforcement officer or fire official acting in an official 13 capacity. 14 (18) The monitoring of an alarm system by a direct 15 employee of any state or federally chartered financial 16 institution, as defined in s. 655.005(1)(h), or any parent, 17 affiliate, or subsidiary thereof, so long as: 18 (a) The institution is subject to, and in compliance 19 with, s. 3 of the Federal Bank Protection Act of 1968, 12 20 U.S.C. s. 1882; 21 (b) The alarm system is in compliance with all applicable firesafety standards as set forth in chapter 633; 22 23 and 24 (c) The monitoring is limited to an alarm system 25 associated with: 26 1. The commercial property where banking operations are housed or where other operations are conducted by a state 27 28 or federally chartered financial institution, as defined in s. 29 655.005(1)(h), or any parent, affiliate, or subsidiary thereof; or 30 31

2. The private property occupied by the institution's 1 2 executive officers, as defined in s. 655.005(1)(f), 3 4 and does not otherwise extend to the monitoring of residential 5 systems. 6 (19) The monitoring of an alarm system of a business 7 by the direct employees of that business, so long as: 8 The alarm system is the exclusive property of, or (a) 9 is leased by, the business; (b) The alarm system complies with all applicable 10 firesafety standards as set forth in chapter 633; and 11 12 (c) The alarm system is designed to protect only the commercial premises leased by the business endeavor or 13 14 commercial premises owned by the business endeavor and not 15 leased to another. 16 17 This exemption is intended to allow businesses to monitor their own alarm systems and is not limited to monitoring a 18 19 single location of that business. However, it is not intended 20 to enable the owner of any apartment complex, aggregate housing, or commercial property to monitor alarm systems on 21 22 property leased or rented to the residents, clients, or 23 customers thereof. Section 122. Subsection (24) of section 489.505, 24 Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is repealed, subsections 25 26 (1) and (7) are amended, subsection (26) is renumbered as 27 subsection (25) and amended, present subsections (25) and (27) are renumbered as subsections (24) and (26), respectively, and 28 29 a new subsection (27) is added to said section, to read: 30 489.505 Definitions.--As used in this part: 31

2 signaling device, or combination of electrical devices used to 3 signal or detect a situation which causes an alarm in the 4 event of a burglary, fire, robbery, or medical emergency, or 5 equipment failure. 6 (7) "Certified alarm system contractor" means an alarm 7 system contractor who possesses a certificate of competency 8 issued by the department. The scope of certification is 9 limited to alarm circuits originating in the alarm control panel and equipment governed by the applicable provisions of 10 Articles 725, 760, 770, 800, and 810 of the National 11 Electrical Code, Current Edition, and National Fire Protection 12 Association Standard 72, Current Edition. The scope of 13 14 certification for alarm system contractors also includes the installation, repair, fabrication, erection, alteration, 15 addition, or design of electrical wiring, fixtures, 16 17 appliances, thermostats, apparatus, raceways, and conduit, or any part thereof not to exceed 77 volts, when those items are 18 19 for the purpose of transmitting data or proprietary video (satellite systems that are not part of a community antenna 20 television or radio distribution system) or providing central 21 vacuum capability or electric locks; however, this provision 22 governing the scope of certification does not create any 23 mandatory licensure requirement. 24 25 (24) "Limited burglar alarm system contractor" means 26 an alarm system contractor whose business is limited to the installation of burglar alarms in single-family homes and 27 28 two-family homes, mobile homes, and small commercial buildings 29 having a square footage of not more than 5,000 square feet and who is registered with the department pursuant to s. 489.513 30 or s. 489.537(8). 31

(1) "Alarm system" means any electrical device,

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1 (24)(25) "Licensure" means any type of certification 2 or registration provided for in this part. 3 (25)(26) "Alarm system agent" means a person: 4 (a) Who is employed by a licensed alarm system 5 contractor or licensed electrical contractor; 6 (b) Who is performing duties which are an element of 7 an activity which constitutes alarm system contracting 8 requiring licensure under this part; and 9 (c) Whose specific duties include any of the following: altering, installing, maintaining, moving, 10 repairing, replacing, servicing, selling onsite, or monitoring 11 12 an alarm system for compensation. (26)(27) "Personal emergency response system" means 13 14 any device which is simply plugged into a telephone jack or electrical receptacle and which is designed to initiate a 15 telephone call to a person who responds to, or has a 16 17 responsibility to determine the proper response to, personal 18 emergencies. 19 (27) "Monitoring" means to receive electrical or 20 electronic signals, originating from any building within the 21 state, produced by any security, medical, fire, or burglar 22 alarm, closed circuit television camera, or related or similar 23 protective system and to initiate a response thereto. A person shall not have committed the act of monitoring if: 24 25 (a) The person is an occupant of, or an employee working within, protected premises; 26 27 (b) The person initiates emergency action in response 28 to hearing or observing an alarm signal; 29 (c) The person's action is incidental to his or her primary responsibilities; and 30 31
(d) The person is not employed in a proprietary 1 2 monitoring facility, as defined by the National Fire 3 Protection Association pursuant to rule adopted under chapter 4 633. 5 Section 123. Subsection (5) of section 489.507, 6 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 489.507 Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board .--8 (5) The Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board and 9 the Construction Industry Licensing Board shall each appoint a 10 committee to meet jointly in joint session at least twice a 11 year. 12 Section 124. Section 489.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 14 489.509 Fees.--(1) The board, by rule, shall establish fees to be 15 16 paid for applications, examination, reexamination, transfers, 17 licensing and renewal, reinstatement, and recordmaking and 18 recordkeeping. The examination fee shall be in an amount that 19 covers the cost of obtaining and administering the examination and shall be refunded if the applicant is found ineligible to 20 sit for the examination. The application fee is 21 nonrefundable. The fee for initial application and 22 examination for certification of electrical contractors may 23 not exceed \$400. The initial application fee for registration 24 may not exceed \$150. The biennial renewal fee may not exceed 25 26 \$400 for certificateholders and \$200 for registrants, and 27 shall be paid by June 30 of each biennial period. The fee for initial application and examination for certification of alarm 28 29 system contractors may not exceed \$400. The biennial renewal fee for certified alarm system contractors may not exceed 30 \$450. The board may establish a fee for a temporary 31

certificate as an alarm system contractor not to exceed \$75. 1 The board may also establish by rule a delinquency fee not to 2 3 exceed \$50. Failure to renew an active or inactive 4 certificate or registration within 90 days after the date of 5 renewal will result in the certificate or registration becoming delinquent. The fee to transfer a certificate or 6 7 registration from one business organization to another may not exceed \$200. The fee for reactivation of an inactive license 8 may not exceed \$50. The board shall establish fees that are 9 adequate to ensure the continued operation of the board. Fees 10 shall be based on department estimates of the revenue required 11 12 to implement this part and the provisions of law with respect to the regulation of electrical contractors and alarm system 13 14 contractors.

15 (2) A person who is registered or holds a valid 16 certificate from the board may go on inactive status during 17 which time he shall not engage in contracting, but may retain 18 his certificate or registration on an inactive basis, on 19 payment of a renewal fee during the inactive period, not to 20 exceed \$50 per renewal period.

21 (3) Four dollars of each fee under subsection (1) paid to the department at the time of application or renewal shall 22 23 be transferred at the end of each licensing period to the Department of Education to fund projects relating to the 24 25 building construction industry or continuing education 26 programs offered to persons engaged in the building construction industry in Florida. The board shall, at the time 27 the funds are transferred, advise the Department of Education 28 29 on the most needed areas of research or continuing education 30 based on significant changes in the industry's practices or on the most common types of consumer complaints or on problems 31

costing the state or local governmental entities substantial 1 2 waste. The board's advice is not binding on the Department of 3 Education. The Department of Education must allocate 50 4 percent of the funds to a graduate program in building 5 construction in a Florida university and 50 percent of the 6 funds to all accredited private and state universities and 7 community colleges within the state offering approved courses 8 in building construction, with each university or college 9 receiving a pro rata share of such funds based upon the number of full-time building construction students enrolled at the 10 institution. The Department of Education shall ensure the 11 12 distribution of research reports and the availability of continuing education programs to all segments of the building 13 14 construction industry to which they relate. The Department of 15 Education shall report to the board in October of each year, summarizing the allocation of the funds by institution and 16 17 summarizing the new projects funded and the status of previously funded projects. The Commissioner of Education is 18 19 directed to appoint one electrical contractor and one 20 certified alarm system contractor to the Building Construction 21 Industry Advisory Committee. 22 Section 125. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 23 paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 489.511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 24 25 489.511 Certification; application; examinations; 26 endorsement. --(2)(a) A person shall be entitled to take the 27 28 certification examination for the purpose of determining 29 whether he is qualified to engage in contracting throughout the state as a contractor if the person: 30 1. Is at least 18 years of age; 31

1 2. Is of good moral character; and 2 3. Meets eligibility requirements according to one of 3 the following criteria: 4 a. Has, within the 6 years immediately preceding the 5 filing of the application, at least 3 years' proven management 6 experience in the trade or education equivalent thereto, or a 7 combination thereof, but not more than one-half of such experience may be educational equivalent; 8 9 b. Has, within the 8 years immediately preceding the filing of the application, at least 4 years' experience as a 10 foreman, supervisor, or contractor in the trade for which he 11 12 is making application; Has, within the 12 years immediately preceding the 13 c. 14 filing of the application, at least 6 years of comprehensive training, technical education, or supervisory broad experience 15 16 associated with an electrical or alarm system contracting 17 business, or at least 6 years of technical experience in 18 electrical or alarm system work with the Armed Forces or a 19 governmental entity installation or servicing endeavor; or 20 d. Has, within the 12 years immediately preceding the 21 filing of the application, been licensed for 3 years as a 22 professional an engineer who is qualified by education, 23 training, or experience to practice electrical engineering; or e. Has any combination of qualifications under 24 25 sub-subparagraphs a.-c. totaling 6 years of experience. 26 (5) (b) For those specialty electrical or alarm system 27 contractors applying for certification under this part who 28 29 work in jurisdictions that do not require local licensure for 30 those activities for which the applicant desires to be certified, the experience requirement may be met by 31

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demonstrating at least 6 years of comprehensive training, 1 technical education, or supervisory broad experience, within 2 3 the 12 years immediately preceding the filing of the 4 application, in the type of specialty electrical or alarm 5 system work for which certification is desired. An affidavit signed by the applicant's employer stating that the applicant 6 7 performed the work required under this paragraph shall be 8 sufficient to demonstrate to the board that the applicant has 9 met the experience requirement. Section 126. Subsection (3) of section 489.513, 10 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 489.513 Registration; application; requirements.--(3)(a) To be registered as an electrical contractor, 13 14 the applicant shall file evidence of holding a current 15 occupational license or a current license issued by any municipality or county of the state for the type of work for 16 17 which registration is desired, on a form provided by the department, together with evidence of successful compliance 18 19 with the local examination and licensing requirements, if any, 20 in the area for which registration is desired, accompanied by the registration fee fixed pursuant to this part. No 21 22 examination may be required for registration as an electrical 23 contractor except for any examination required by a local government to obtain the local licensure. 24 (b) To be registered as an electrical contractor, an 25 26 alarm system contractor I, an alarm system contractor II, or a 27 residential alarm system contractor, the applicant shall file evidence of holding a current occupational license or a 28 29 current license issued by any municipality or county of the state for the type of work for which registration is desired, 30 on a form provided by the department, if such a license is 31

required by that municipality or county, together with 1 2 evidence of having passed an appropriate local examination, 3 written or oral, designed to test skills and knowledge 4 relevant to the technical performance of the profession, 5 accompanied by the registration fee fixed pursuant to this 6 part. For any person working or wishing to work in any local 7 jurisdiction which does not issue a local license as an 8 electrical or alarm system contractor or does not require an 9 examination for its license, the applicant may apply and shall be considered qualified to be issued a registration in the 10 appropriate electrical or alarm system category, provided that 11 12 he shows that he has scored at least 75 percent on an examination which is substantially equivalent to the 13 14 examination approved by the board for certification in the 15 category and that he has had at least 3 years' technical experience in the trade. The requirement to take and pass an 16 17 examination in order to obtain a registration shall not apply to persons making application prior to the effective date of 18 19 this act. 20 Section 127. Subsection (4) is added to section 21 489.517, Florida Statutes, to read: 22 489.517 Renewal of certificate or registration; 23 continuing education .--(4)(a) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a 24 25 license under both this part and part I and is required to have continuing education courses under s. 489.115(4)(b)1., 26 27 the certificateholder or registrant may apply those course hours for workers' compensation, workplace safety, and 28 29 business practices obtained under part I to the requirements 30 under this part. 31

1 (b) Of the 14 classroom hours of continuing education 2 required, at least 7 hours must be on technical subjects, 1 hour on workers' compensation, 1 hour on workplace safety, and 3 4 1 hour on business practices. 5 Section 128. Subsection (2) of section 489.519, 6 Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (3) and a new 7 subsection (2) is added to said section to read: 489.519 Inactive status.--8 9 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of s. 455.271 to the contrary, a certificateholder or registrant may apply to the 10 department for voluntary inactive status at any time during 11 12 the period of certification or registration. Section 129. Subsection (8) of section 489.521, 13 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 489.521 Business organizations; gualifying agents .--15 (8) Each qualifying agent shall pay the department an 16 amount equal to the original fee for certification or 17 registration to qualify any additional business organizations. 18 19 If the qualifying agent for a business organization desires to qualify additional business organizations, the board shall 20 21 require him to present evidence of supervisory ability and financial responsibility of each such organization. Allowing 22 23 a licensee to qualify more than one business organization shall be conditioned upon the licensee showing that the 24 25 licensee has both the capacity and intent to adequately supervise each business organization. The board shall not 26 limit the number of business organizations which the licensee 27 28 may qualify except upon the licensee's failing to provide such 29 information as is required under this subsection or upon a 30 finding that such information or evidence as is supplied is incomplete or unpersuasive in showing the licensee's ability 31

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or intent to comply with the requirements of this subsection. 1 2 A qualification for an additional business organization may be 3 revoked or suspended upon a finding by the board that the 4 licensee has failed in the licensee's responsibility to adequately supervise the operations of that business 5 6 organization. Failure of the responsibility to adequately 7 supervise the operations of a business organization shall be 8 grounds for denial to qualify additional business 9 organizations. The issuance of such certification or registration is discretionary with the board. 10 Section 130. Subsection (1) of section 489.525, 11 12 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 489.525 Reports of certified contractors to local 13 14 building officials. --(1) The department shall inform all local boards or 15 building officials prior to December 31 October of each year 16 of the names of all certificateholders and the status of the 17 18 certificates. 19 Section 131. Section 489.529, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 20 21 489.529 Alarm verification calls required.--All 22 residential or commercial intrusion/burglary alarms that have 23 central monitoring must have a central monitoring verification call made to the premises generating the alarm signal, prior 24 to alarm monitor personnel contacting a law enforcement agency 25 26 for alarm dispatch. However, if the alarms have properly operating visual or auditory sensors that enable the 27 monitoring personnel to verify the alarm signal, verification 28 29 calling is not required. 30 Section 132. Subsection (2) of section 489.531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

1 489.531 Prohibitions; penalties.--2 (2)(a) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation 3 violates any provision of subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor 4 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or 5 s. 775.083. 6 (b) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation of 7 subsection (1) and the value of the contracting exceeds \$1,000 8 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided 9 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (c) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation of 10 subsection (1) after having been previously found guilty of 11 12 such a violation, regardless of adjudication thereof, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 13 14 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (d) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation of 15 subsection (1) during the existence of a state of emergency 16 17 declared by executive order of the Governor commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 18 19 775.083, or s. 775.084. 20 21 The remedies set forth in this subsection are not exclusive 22 and may be imposed in addition to the remedies set forth in s. 23 489.533(2). Section 133. For the purpose of incorporating the 24 amendment to section 489.531, Florida Statutes, in a reference 25 26 thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of 27 section 489.533, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are 28 reenacted to read: 29 489.533 Disciplinary proceedings.--(1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for 30 disciplinary actions as provided in subsection (2): 31 189

1 (a) Violating any provision of s. 489.531 or chapter 2 455. 3 4 For the purposes of this subsection, construction is 5 considered to be commenced when the contract is executed and 6 the contractor has accepted funds from the customer or lender. 7 (2) When the board finds any applicant, contractor, or 8 business organization for which the contractor is a primary 9 qualifying agent or secondary qualifying agent responsible under s. 489.522 guilty of any of the grounds set forth in 10 subsection (1), it may enter an order imposing one or more of 11 12 the following penalties: (a) Denial of an application for certification or 13 14 registration. 15 (b) Revocation or suspension of a certificate or 16 registration. 17 (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed 18 \$5,000 for each count or separate offense. 19 (d) Issuance of a reprimand. 20 (e) Placement of the contractor on probation for a 21 period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may 22 specify, including requiring the contractor to attend 23 continuing education courses or to work under the supervision of another contractor. 24 25 (f) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice by 26 the contractor. 27 Section 134. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of 28 section 489.537, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 489.537 Application of this part.--30 (2) 31

(b) A registered electrical contractor may bid on 1 2 electrical contracts which include alarm systems contracting 3 as a part of the contract, provided that the individual shall 4 subcontract such alarm systems contracting, except raceway 5 systems, to a properly certified or registered alarm system 6 contractor. However, if the registered electrical contractor 7 is properly certified or registered as an alarm system contractor, the individual is not required to subcontract out 8 9 the alarm system contracting. Section 135. Section 489.539, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 12 489.539 Adoption of electrical and alarm 13 standards. -- For the purpose of establishing minimum electrical 14 and alarm standards in this state, the following standards are 15 adopted: (1) "National Electrical Code 1990," NFPA No. 70-1990. 16 17 (2) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., "Standards for Safety, Electrical Lighting Fixtures, and Portable Lamps," UL 18 19 57-1982, and UL 153-1983. 20 (3) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., "Standard for Electric Signs," UL 48-1982. 21 22 (4) The provisions of the following which prescribe 23 minimum electrical and alarm standards: (a) NFPA No. 56A-1978, "Inhalation Anesthetics 1978." 24 (b) NFPA No. 56B-1982, "Respiratory Therapy 1982." 25 26 (c) NFPA No. 56C-1980, "Laboratories in Health-related Institutions 1980." 27 28 (d) NFPA No. 56D-1982, "Hyperbaric Facilities." 29 (e) NFPA No. 56F-1983, "Nonflammable Medical Gas 30 Systems 1983." NFPA No. 72-1993, "National Fire Alarm Code." 31 (f)

(g)(f) NFPA No. 76A-1984, "Essential Electrical 1 2 Systems for Health Care Facilities 1984." 3 (5) Chapter 10D-29 of the rules of the Department of 4 Health and Rehabilitative Services, entitled "Nursing Homes 5 and Related Facilities Licensure." б (6) The minimum standards for grounding of portable 7 electric equipment, chapter 8C-27, as recommended by the 8 Industrial Standards Section of the Division of Workers' 9 Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment 10 Security. Section 136. Subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of 11 12 subsection (5) of section 489.553, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended to read: 13 14 489.553 Administration of part; registration 15 qualifications; examination .--16 (4) To be eligible for registration by the department 17 as a septic tank contractor, the applicant must: 18 (a) Be of good moral character. In considering good 19 moral character, the department may consider any matter that 20 has a substantial connection between the good moral character 21 of the applicant and the professional responsibilities of the 22 registered contractor, including, but not limited to, the 23 applicant being found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any 24 25 jurisdiction that directly relates to the practice of 26 contracting or the ability to practice contracting, and any 27 previous disciplinary action involving septic tank contracting 28 where all judicial reviews are complete. 29 (b) Pass an examination approved by the department 30 which demonstrates that the applicant has a fundamental 31

knowledge of the state laws relating to the installation and 1 2 maintenance of onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems. 3 (c) Be at least 18 years of age. 4 (d) Have a total of at least 3 years of active 5 experience as a worker who has learned a trade by serving an 6 apprenticeship as a skilled worker under the supervision and 7 control of a registered septic tank contractor or a person licensed under s. 489.105(3)(m) who has provided septic tank 8 9 contracting services. Related work experience or educational experience may be substituted for no more than 2 years of such 10 active contracting experience. For purposes of this paragraph, 11 12 each 30 hours of coursework approved by the department is equal to 6 months of work experience. 13 14 (e) Have not had a registration revoked in the last 5 15 years, as determined from the effective date of the 16 revocation. 17 (5) To be eligible for registration by the department as a master septic tank contractor, the applicant must: 18 19 (a) Have been a registered septic tank contractor in 20 Florida for at least 3 years or a certified plumber licensed 21 under s. 489.105(3)(m) who has provided septic tank 22 contracting services for at least 3 years. 23 Section 137. Section 501.935, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 24 25 501.935 Home-inspection reports; required disclosures 26 prior to inspection; report on inspection results; prohibited 27 acts; failure to comply .--28 INTENT.--The Legislature recognizes that the (1) 29 performance of a home inspection requires certain skills and that a home inspection should not be confused with an 30 engineering analysis. Therefore, it is necessary in the 31

interest of the public health, safety, and welfare to require 1 the disclosure of information useful to assist consumers in 2 3 choosing a qualified home inspector, to inform them of the limitations of a home inspection, and to prohibit actions that 4 5 conflict with the best interests of a home inspector's client. 6 (2) DEFINITIONS.--For the purposes of this section: 7 "Home inspector" means any person who provides or (a) 8 offers to provide a home inspection on residential real 9 property for a fee. (b) "Home inspection" means an examination of the 10 mechanical and physical components of residential real 11 12 property through visual means and operation of normal user controls, without necessarily the use of any mathematical or 13 14 engineering science. The inspection may include, but is not limited to, examination of the electrical, heating, and 15 central air-conditioning systems; the interior plumbing; the 16 17 roof and visible insulation therefor; walls, ceilings, floors, windows, and doors; the foundation; and the basement or crawl 18 19 space. 20 (3) EXEMPTIONS.--A person licensed as a construction contractor under chapter 489, an architect under chapter 481, 21 22 or an engineer under chapter 471 shall not be required to 23 comply with this section with regard to any report, survey, evaluation, or estimate rendered within the scope of practice 24 25 authorized by such license. 26 (4) DISCLOSURE.--Prior to performing any home inspection, a home inspector shall provide the following to 27 28 any person who has entered into a contract to have a home 29 inspection and who, as a client of the inspector, has requested the inspection: 30 31

1	(a) A written list of the home inspector's
2	credentials.
3	(b) A caveat in 10-point or larger boldfaced type that
4	states: AN INSPECTION IS INTENDED TO ASSIST IN EVALUATION OF
5	THE OVERALL CONDITION OF A BUILDING. THE INSPECTION IS BASED
6	ON OBSERVATION OF THE VISIBLE AND APPARENT CONDITION OF THE
7	BUILDING AND ITS COMPONENTS ON THE DATE OF THE INSPECTION.
8	THE RESULTS OF THIS HOME INSPECTION ARE NOT INTENDED TO MAKE
9	ANY REPRESENTATION REGARDING LATENT OR CONCEALED DEFECTS THAT
10	MAY EXIST, AND NO WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE IS EXPRESSED OR
11	IMPLIED. IF YOUR HOME INSPECTOR IS NOT A LICENSED STRUCTURAL
12	ENGINEER OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL WHOSE LICENSE AUTHORIZES THE
13	RENDERING OF AN OPINION AS TO THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF A
14	BUILDING OR ITS OTHER COMPONENT PARTS, YOU MAY BE ADVISED TO
15	SEEK A PROFESSIONAL OPINION AS TO ANY DEFECTS OR CONCERNS
16	MENTIONED IN THIS REPORT.
17	(c) A written disclosure to the client of any conflict
18	of interest or relationship of the home inspector which may
19	affect the client.
20	(d) A written statement or agreement declaring the
21	home inspector's scope, limitations, terms, and conditions
22	regarding the home inspection.
23	(5) REPORTA home inspector shall provide to the
24	client, within 3 working days after the date of the home
25	inspection or at any other time agreed upon by both parties, a
26	written report of the results of the home inspection.
27	(6) PROHIBITIONSA home inspector is prohibited
28	<u>from:</u>
29	(a) Accepting commissions or allowances from another
30	party dealing with a client of the inspector which relate to
31	the inspection.

1	(b) Offering commissions or allowances to another
2	party dealing with a client of the inspector which relate to
3	the inspection.
4	(c) Performing, or offering to perform, remedial work
5	on a property which the inspector has inspected in the
6	preceding 12 months.
7	(d) Disclosing, without the client's consent, a home
8	inspection report to any person other than the client.
9	(7) FAILURE TO COMPLY Failure to comply with this
10	section constitutes a deceptive and unfair trade practice.
11	Section 138. Section 501.937, Florida Statutes, is
12	created to read:
13	501.937 Industrial hygienists and safety
14	professionals; use of professional titles; failure to
15	comply
16	(1) Any person representing himself or herself as a
17	"safety professional" or "industrial hygienist" shall
18	accurately disclose his or her credentials.
19	(2) No person shall represent himself or herself as a
20	"certified safety professional," "associate safety
21	professional," "certified occupational health and safety
22	technologist," "industrial hygienist in training," or
23	"certified industrial hygienist" unless he or she holds a
24	current valid certificate in the field of safety or industrial
25	hygiene from either the American Board of Industrial Hygiene
26	or the Board of Certified Safety Professionals, or unless the
27	Department of Business and Professional Regulation has, upon
28	request, examined another certification program and has
29	formally concluded that the certification standards of that
30	certification program are substantially equivalent to the
31	standards for certificates issued by those organizations; nor

shall the person mislead or deceive anyone by the unauthorized 1 2 use of any certification mark that has been awarded by the 3 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. 4 (3)(a) A "safety professional" is a person having a 5 baccalaureate degree in safety, engineering, chemistry, 6 physics, or a closely related physical or biological science 7 who has acquired competency in the field of safety. The 8 studies and training necessary to acquire such competency 9 should have been sufficient in all of the above cognate sciences to provide the abilities for anticipating, 10 identifying, and evaluating hazardous conditions and 11 12 practices; developing hazard control designs, methods, procedures, and programs; implementing, administering, and 13 14 advising others on hazard controls and hazard control programs; and measuring, auditing, and evaluating the 15 effectiveness of hazard controls and hazard control programs. 16 17 (b) An "industrial hygienist" is a person having a baccalaureate degree in engineering, chemistry, physics, or a 18 19 closely related physical or biological science who has 20 acquired competency in the field of industrial hygiene. The 21 studies and training necessary to acquire such competency should have been sufficient in all of the above cognate 22 23 sciences to provide the abilities to anticipate and recognize the environmental factors and stresses associated with work 24 25 and work operations and to understand their effects on people 26 and their well-being; to evaluate, on the basis of training and experience and with the aid of quantitative measurement 27 28 techniques, the magnitude of these factors and stresses in 29 terms of ability to impair human health and well-being; and to prescribe methods to eliminate, control, or reduce such 30 31

factors and stresses when necessary to alleviate their 1 2 effects. 3 (4) Failure to comply with this section constitutes a 4 deceptive and unfair trade practice. 5 Section 139. Subsection (1) of section 553.06, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 553.06 State Plumbing Code.--8 (1) The Board of Building Codes and Standards shall, 9 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120 and ss. 553.70-553.895, adopt all or part of the Standard Plumbing 10 Code 1997 edition or the International Plumbing Code, 1997 11 12 edition, 1994 edition, as adopted at the October 1993 annual meeting of the Southern Building Code Congress International, 13 14 as the State Plumbing Code which shall be the minimum requirements statewide for all installations, repairs, and 15 alterations to plumbing. The board may, in accordance with 16 the requirements of chapter 120, adopt all or part of updated 17 or revised editions of the State Plumbing Code to keep abreast 18 19 of latest technological advances in plumbing and installation 20 techniques. Where testing of water treatment units is 21 required by the Standard Plumbing Code, the board shall 22 approve alternative testing standards, upon receipt of a 23 request for adoption of alternative testing standards, if the board receives competent evidence that such standards 24 adequately measure the efficacy of such units for their 25 intended use. Local governments which have adopted the South 26 Florida, One and Two Family Dwelling or EPCOT Plumbing Codes 27 may continue their use provided the requirements contained 28 29 therein meet or exceed the requirements of the State Plumbing Code. Provided, however, Nothing in this section shall alter 30 or diminish the authority of the Department of Business and 31

Professional Regulation to conduct plan reviews, issue 1 variances, and adopt rules regarding sanitary facilities in 2 3 public lodging and public food service establishments pursuant 4 to chapter 509, providing that such actions do not conflict 5 with the requirements for public restrooms in s. 553.141. 6 Section 140. Section 553.19, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 553.19 Adoption of electrical and alarm 8 9 standards. -- For the purpose of establishing minimum electrical 10 and alarm standards in this state, the following standards are adopted: 11 "National Electrical Code 1990," NFPA No. 70-1990. 12 (1)(2) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., "Standards for 13 14 Safety, Electrical Lighting Fixtures, and Portable Lamps," UL 15 57-1982 and UL 153-1983. (3) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., "Standard for 16 17 Electric Signs," UL 48-1982. (4) The provisions of the following which prescribe 18 19 minimum electrical and alarm standards: (a) NFPA No. 56A-1978, "Inhalation Anesthetics 1978." 20 21 (b) NFPA No. 56B-1982, "Respiratory Therapy 1982." (c) NFPA No. 56C-1980, "Laboratories in Health-related 22 23 Institutions 1980." (d) NFPA No. 56D-1982, "Hyperbaric Facilities." 24 25 (e) NFPA No. 56F-1983, "Nonflammable Medical Gas 26 Systems 1983." (f) NFPA No. 72-1993, "National Fire Alarm Code." 27 28 (g)(f) NFPA No. 76A-1984, "Essential Electrical 29 Systems for Health Care Facilities 1984." 30 31

1 (5) Chapter 10D-29 of the rules and regulations of the 2 Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, entitled "Nursing Homes and Related Facilities Licensure." 3 4 (6) The minimum standards for grounding of portable 5 electric equipment, chapter 8C-27 as recommended by the 6 Industrial Standards Section, Division of Workers' 7 Compensation, Department of Labor and Employment Security. 8 Section 141. Section 553.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 553.63 Trench excavations in excess of 5 feet deep; 10 required information.--On all specific contracts for trench 11 12 excavation in which such excavation will exceed a depth of 5 13 feet,÷ 14 (1) The contract bid submitted by the contractor who will perform such excavation shall include: 15 (a) A reference to the trench safety standards that 16 17 will be in effect during the period of construction of the 18 project. 19 (b) Written assurance by the contractor performing the 20 trench excavation that such contractor will comply with the 21 applicable trench safety standards. 22 (c) A separate item identifying the cost of compliance 23 with the applicable trench safety standards. (2) a contractor performing trench excavation shall: 24 25 (1) (1) (a) At As a minimum, comply with the excavation 26 safety standards which are applicable to such a project. 27 (2)(b) Adhere to any special shoring requirements, if any, of the state or other political subdivisions which may be 28 29 applicable to such a project. 30 (3)(c) If any geotechnical information is available from the owner, the contractor, or otherwise, the contractor 31

performing trench excavation shall Consider geotechnical this 1 information, if available, in the contractor's design of the 2 trench safety system which the contractor it will employ on 3 4 the project. This subsection paragraph shall not require the 5 owner to obtain geotechnical information. 6 Section 142. Section 553.64, Florida Statutes, is 7 repealed. 8 Section 143. Section 553.991, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 553.991 Purpose.--The purpose of this part is to 10 provide for a statewide uniform system for rating the energy 11 efficiency of buildings and to ensure that those ratings are 12 disclosed to prospective purchasers at their request. 13 It is 14 in the interest of the state to encourage the consideration of 15 the energy-efficiency rating system in the market so as to provide market rewards for energy-efficient buildings and to 16 those persons or companies designing, building, or selling 17 18 energy-efficient buildings. 19 Section 144. Section 553.994, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read: 21 553.994 Applicability.--The rating system shall apply to all public, commercial, and existing residential buildings 22 23 in the state. and may be applied to new residential buildings, except as identified by the department by rule in accordance 24 25 with the procedures of chapter 120, according to the following 26 schedule: 27 (1) For new residential buildings, by January 1, 1994. 28 (2) For existing residential buildings, by January 1, 29 1995. 30 (3) For new public buildings, by January 1, 1994. (4) For existing public buildings, by July 1, 1994. 31

1 For new commercial buildings, by January 1, 1995. (5)2 For existing commercial buildings, by January 1, (6)3 1996.4 Section 145. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 5 section 553.996, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 553.996 Energy-efficiency rating disclosure; 7 information brochure. --8 (1)(a) In accordance with the schedules in s. 553.994, 9 the prospective purchaser of real property with a building for occupancy located thereon shall be provided written 10 notification that the purchaser may have the building's 11 energy-efficiency rating determined. Such notice shall be 12 provided at the time of, or prior to, the purchaser's 13 14 execution of the contract for sale and purchase. 15 (b) The energy-efficiency rating of a residential or 16 commercial building shall be provided upon request of the 17 prospective purchaser, in writing, at the time of, or prior 18 to, the purchaser's execution of the contract for sale and 19 purchase. 20 (2) A prospective purchaser of real property with a building for occupancy located thereon Concurrent with the 21 22 provisions of subsection (1), the prospective purchaser shall 23 be provided with a copy of an information brochure, at the time of or prior to the purchaser's execution of the contract 24 25 for sale and purchase, notifying the purchaser of the option 26 for an energy-efficiency rating on the building. Such brochure shall be prepared, made available for distribution, 27 and provided at no cost by the department. Such brochure 28 29 shall contain information relevant to that class of building, including, but not limited to: 30 31

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1 (1) (1) (a) How to analyze the building's energy-efficiency 2 rating. 3 (2)(b) Comparisons to statewide averages for new and 4 existing construction of that class. (3)(c) Information concerning methods to improve the 5 6 building's energy-efficiency rating. 7 (4) (4) (d) A notice to residential purchasers that the 8 energy-efficiency rating may qualify the purchaser for an 9 energy-efficient mortgage from lending institutions. Section 146. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 10 Government Accountability shall review existing studies, and 11 12 perform any necessary reviews of records, of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and its boards to 13 14 determine whether there is evidence that mandatory continuing 15 education is the most effective method of ensuring professional competence and to identify and analyze alternate 16 17 methods of ensuring professional competence. The department shall prepare a report documenting such review and analysis 18 19 which report may focus on a subset of the professions 20 regulated by the department but should attempt to choose a 21 representative selection of professions. The report must be provided to the Legislature by January 31, 1998. 22 23 Section 147. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect July 1, 1997. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 203