By the Committee on Judiciary and Senator Crist

308-2138-98

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to civil liability arising from criminal conduct; amending s. 776.085, F.S.; 3 4 barring recovery of damages for personal injury 5 or injury to property in cases in which the claimant has incurred damages while engaged in 6 7 certain criminal conduct; providing for the court to award attorney's costs and travel 8 9 expenses to the prevailing party in any such case; providing an effective date. 10

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 776.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

776.085 Defense to civil action for damages; party committed convicted of forcible or attempted to commit a forcible felony or misdemeanor involving violence.--

(1) It shall be a defense to any action for damages for personal injury or wrongful death, or for injury to property, that such action arose from injury sustained by a participant during the commission or attempted commission of a forcible felony or misdemeanor involving violence, including, but not limited to, battery and domestic violence. The defense authorized by this section shall be established by evidence that the participant has committed a been convicted of such forcible felony or misdemeanor involving violence, including, but not limited to, battery and domestic violence, or attempted to commit a forcible felony or misdemeanor involving violence, including, but not limited to, battery and domestic

<u>violence</u>, or by proof of the commission of such crime or attempted crime by a preponderance of the evidence.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, the term "forcible felony" shall have the same meaning as in s. 776.08.
- (2)(3) Any civil action in which the defense recognized by this section is raised shall be stayed by the court on the motion of the civil defendant during the pendency of any criminal action which forms the basis for the defense, unless the court finds that a conviction in the criminal action would not form a valid defense under this section.
- (3) (4) In any civil action where a party prevails based on the defense created by this section:
- (a) The losing party, if convicted of and incarcerated for the crime or attempted crime, shall, as determined by the court, lose any privileges provided by the correctional facility, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. Canteen purchases;
  - 2. Telephone access;
  - 3. Outdoor exercise;
  - 4. Use of the library; and
- 21 5. Visitation.
  - (b) The court shall award a reasonable attorney's fees and costs, including reasonable travel expenses, fee to be paid to the prevailing party in equal amounts by the losing party and the losing party's attorney; however, the losing party's attorney is not personally responsible if he or she has acted in good faith, based on the representations of his or her client. If the losing party is incarcerated for the crime or attempted crime and has insufficient assets to cover payment of the costs of the action and the award of fees pursuant to this paragraph, the party shall, as determined by

the court, be required to pay by deduction from any payments the prisoner receives while incarcerated. (c) If the losing party is incarcerated for the crime or attempted crime, the court shall issue a written order containing its findings and ruling pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) and shall direct that a certified copy be forwarded to the appropriate correctional institution or facility. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 206 The Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 206 amends s. 776.085, F.S., in the following ways: It provides a defense to civil actions arising out of the commission of any felony or violent misdemeanor; and It provides costs and fees and reasonable travel expenses to prevailing parties.