By the Committee on General Government Appropriations and Representative K. Pruitt

1 A bill to be entitled An act relating to state moneys; amending s. 2 3 216.167, F.S.; requiring the Governor's recommended budget and revenues to include 4 estimates of the Budget Stabilization Fund; 5 6 amending s. 215.32, F.S.; revising the funds 7 into which all moneys received by the state 8 must be deposited and within which they must be 9 accounted for; specifying the manner of dividing such moneys into such funds; 10 specifying the use and investment of moneys in 11 such funds; repealing ss. 212.081(3) and 12 13 420.5094, F.S., relating to legislative intent on certain moneys available in excess of 14 15 general revenue needs that accrue to the Working Capital Fund and relating to the 16 17 single-family mortgage revenue bond program, 18 and amending ss. 216.221 and 252.37, F.S., relating to the financing of deficits and 19 20 emergencies, to conform; amending ss. 265.51 and 265.55, F.S.; restricting authority of the 21 Department of State to make agreements to 22 indemnify for certain losses relating to items 23 of artistic or historical value, and of the 24 Comptroller to pay such claims, to specific 25 26 appropriations for that purpose, to conform; 27 providing an effective date. 28 29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31

Section 1. Section 216.167, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.167 Governor's recommendations.--The Governor's recommendations shall include a financial schedule which shall provide:

- (1) The Governor's estimate of the recommended recurring revenues available in the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Working Capital Fund, and the General Revenue Fund.
- (2) The Governor's estimate of the recommended nonrecurring revenues available in the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Working Capital Fund, and the General Revenue Fund.
- (3) The Governor's recommended recurring and nonrecurring appropriations from the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Working Capital Fund, and the General Revenue Fund.
- (4) The Governor's estimates of any interfund loans or temporary obligations of the Budget Stabilization Fund, the Working Capital Fund, or trust funds, which loans or obligations are needed to implement his or her recommended budget.
- (5)(a) For any recommendation to be funded by a proposed state debt or obligation as defined in s. 216.0442, the documents set forth in s. 216.0442(2) and a 5-year estimate of the program operational costs associated with any proposed fixed capital outlay project to be funded by the proposed state debt or obligation.
- (b) The Governor's estimates of the debt service and reserve requirements for any recommended new bond issues or reissues and his or her recommended debt service appropriations for all outstanding fixed capital outlay bond issues.

Section 2. Section 215.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.32 State funds; segregation.--

- (1) All moneys received by the state shall be deposited in the State Treasury unless specifically provided otherwise by law and shall be deposited in and accounted for by the Treasurer and the Department of Banking and Finance within the following funds, which funds are hereby created and established:
 - (a) General Revenue Fund.
 - (b) Trust funds.

- (c) Budget Stabilization Fund.
- (d)(c) Working Capital Fund.
- (2) The source and use of each of these funds shall be as follows:
- (a) The General Revenue Fund shall consist of all moneys received by the state from every source whatsoever, except as provided in paragraphs (b), and (c), and (d). Such moneys shall be expended pursuant to General Revenue Fund appropriations acts or transferred as provided in paragraph (c) or paragraph (d). Annually, at least 5 percent of the estimated increase in General Revenue Fund receipts for the upcoming fiscal year over the current year General Revenue Fund effective appropriations shall be appropriated for state-level capital outlay, including infrastructure improvement and general renovation, maintenance, and repairs.
- (b)1. The trust funds shall consist of moneys received by the state which under law or under trust agreement are segregated for a purpose authorized by law. The state agency or branch of state government receiving or collecting such moneys shall be responsible for their proper expenditure as

provided by law. Upon the request of the state agency or branch of state government responsible for the administration of the trust fund, the Comptroller may establish accounts within the trust fund at a level considered deemed necessary for proper accountability. Once an account is established within a trust fund, the Comptroller may shall authorize payment from that account only upon determining that there is sufficient cash and releases at the level of the account.

- 2. In order to maintain a minimum number of trust funds in the State Treasury, each state agency or the judicial branch may consolidate, if permitted under the terms and conditions of their receipt, the trust funds administered by it; provided, however, the agency or judicial branch effectively employs effectively a uniform system of accounts sufficient to preserve the integrity of such trust funds; and provided, further, that consolidation of trust funds is approved by the Administration Commission or the Chief Justice.
- 3. All such moneys are hereby appropriated to be expended in accordance with the law or trust agreement under which they were received, subject always to the provisions of chapter 216 relating to the appropriation of funds and to the applicable laws relating to the deposit or expenditure of moneys in the State Treasury.
- 4.a. Notwithstanding any provision of law restricting the use of trust funds to specific purposes, unappropriated cash balances from selected trust funds may be authorized by the Legislature for transfer to the Budget Stabilization
 Working Capital Fund in the General Appropriations Act.
- b. The provisions of This subparagraph does shall not apply to trust funds required by federal programs or mandates;

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trust funds established for bond covenants, indentures, or resolutions whose revenues are legally pledged by the state or public body to meet debt service or other financial requirements of any debt obligations of the state or any public body; the State Transportation Trust Fund; the trust fund containing the net annual proceeds from the Florida Education Lotteries; the Florida Retirement Trust Fund; trust funds under the management of the Board of Regents, if where such trust funds are for auxiliary enterprises, self-insurance, and contracts, grants, and donations, as those terms are defined by general law; trust funds that serve as clearing funds or accounts for the Comptroller or state agencies; trust funds that account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity as an agent or fiduciary for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units; and other trust funds authorized by the State Constitution.

otherwise provided in this paragraph, shall consist of amounts equal to the following percentages of net revenue collections for the General Revenue Fund during the last completed fiscal year: 1 percent in 1994-1995, 2 percent in 1995-1996, 3 percent in 1996-1997, 4 percent in 1997-1998, and 5 percent in 1998-1999. Thereafter, the Budget Stabilization Fund shall consist of amounts equal to 5 percent of net revenue collections for the General Revenue Fund during the last completed fiscal year. The term "last completed fiscal year" means the most recently completed fiscal year prior to the regular legislative session at which the Legislature considers the General Appropriations Act for the year in which the

transfer to the Budget Stabilization Fund must be made under this paragraph.

- 2. By September 1 of each year, the Governor shall authorize the Comptroller to transfer, and the Comptroller shall transfer, from the General Revenue Fund to the Budget Stabilization Fund the amount of money needed for the balance of that fund to equal the amount specified in subparagraph 1., less any amounts expended and not restored. The moneys needed for this transfer may be appropriated by the Legislature from any funds.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in this subparagraph, an expenditure from the Budget Stabilization Fund must be restored pursuant to a restoration schedule that provides for making five equal annual transfers from the General Revenue Fund, beginning in the fiscal year following that in which the expenditure was made. For any particular Budget Stabilization Fund expenditure, the Legislature by law may establish a different restoration schedule; and such change may be made at any time during the restoration period. Moneys are hereby appropriated for transfers pursuant to this subparagraph.
- 4. The Budget Stabilization Fund and the Working
 Capital Fund may be used as revolving funds for transfers as
 provided by s. 215.18. If the Comptroller determines that such
 moneys are not needed for such transfers, the moneys may be
 temporarily invested as provided in s. 18.125; however, any
 interest earned must be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.
- (d) The Working Capital Fund shall consist of moneys in the General Revenue Fund which are in excess of the amount needed to meet appropriations from the General Revenue Fund and transfers to the Budget Stabilization Fund for the current fiscal year. Each year, no later than the publishing date of

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the annual financial statements for the State of Florida by the Comptroller under s. 216.102, funds shall be transferred between the Working Capital Fund and the General Revenue Fund to establish the balance of the Working Capital Fund for that fiscal year at the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph. The amount of moneys in the General Revenue Fund shall be determined at the beginning of the fiscal year based on the Revenue Estimating Conference's estimate of funds available. This amount shall be adjusted upon determination of the previous year's appropriations which remain unspent after certifications are completed pursuant to s. 216.301.

2. The Working Capital Fund shall consist of an amount, not more than 10 percent of the amount of net revenue of the General Revenue Fund for the preceding fiscal year, which accrues from moneys in the General Revenue Fund which are in excess of the amount needed to meet the General Revenue Fund appropriations acts. The Legislature shall have as a goal that the Working Capital Fund for fiscal year 1994-1995 have not less than 2 percent of the amount of net revenue of the General Revenue Fund for the preceding fiscal year, that the Working Capital Fund for fiscal year 1995-1996 have not less than 3 percent of the amount of net revenue of the General Revenue Fund for the preceding fiscal year, that the Working Capital Fund for fiscal year 1996-1997 have not less than 4 percent of the amount of net revenue of the General Revenue Fund for the preceding fiscal year, and that the Working Capital Fund for fiscal year 1997-1998 and each fiscal year thereafter have not less than 5 percent of the amount of net revenue of the General Revenue Fund for the preceding fiscal year. By September 15 of each year, the Executive Office of the Governor shall transfer the excess funds that are in the

General Revenue Fund to the Working Capital Fund. Whenever the Governor determines that revenue collections in the General Revenue Fund will be insufficient to meet General Revenue Fund appropriations, he or she shall certify the amount of the deficit and transfer up to the amount specified in the General Appropriations Act from the Working Capital Fund to the General Revenue Fund pursuant to s. 216.221. When not required to meet General Revenue Fund appropriations, such moneys shall be used as a revolving fund for transfers as provided by s. 215.18; and when the Comptroller determines that such moneys are not needed for either type of transfer, they may be temporarily invested as provided in s. 18.125.

- 3. The provisions of subparagraph 1. notwithstanding, the Comptroller shall pay from the Working Capital Fund such claims as are authorized pursuant to s. 265.55.
- Section 3. <u>Subsection (3) of section 212.081, Florida</u>

 Statutes, as amended by section 27 of chapter 96-397, Laws of Florida, and section 420.5094, Florida Statutes, are hereby repealed.
- Section 4. Subsections (2), (5), and (7) of section 216.221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 216.221 Appropriations as maximum appropriations; adjustment of budgets to avoid or eliminate deficits.--
- (2) The Legislature shall annually provide direction in the General Appropriations Act regarding use of the <u>Budget Stabilization</u> Working Capital Fund to offset General Revenue Fund deficits.
- (5)(a) If, in the opinion of the Governor, after consultation with the Revenue Estimating Conference, a deficit will occur in the General Revenue Fund, he or she shall so certify to the commission and to the Chief Justice of the

Supreme Court. No more than 30 days after certifying that a deficit will occur in the General Revenue Fund, the Governor shall develop for the executive branch, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall develop for the judicial branch, and provide to the commission and to the Legislature plans of action to eliminate the deficit.

- (b) In developing a plan of action to prevent deficits in accordance with subsection (7), the Governor and Chief Justice shall, to the extent possible, preserve legislative policy and intent, and, absent any specific direction to the contrary in the General Appropriations Act, the Governor and Chief Justice shall comply with the following guidelines for reductions in the approved operating budgets of the executive branch and the judicial branch:
- 1. Entire statewide programs previously established by the Legislature should not be eliminated.
- 2. Education budgets should not be reduced more than provided for in s. 215.16(2).
- 3. The use of nonrecurring funds to solve recurring deficits should be minimized.
- 4. Newly created programs that are not fully implemented and programs with critical audits should receive first consideration for reductions.
- 5. No agencies or branches of government receiving appropriations should be exempt from reductions.
- 6. When reductions in positions are required, the focus should be initially on vacant positions.
- 7. Any reductions applied to all agencies and branches should be uniformly applied.
- 8. Reductions that would cause substantial losses of federal funds should be minimized.

- 9. To the greatest extent possible, across-the-board, prorated reductions should be considered.
- 10. Reductions to statewide programs should occur only after review of programs that provide only local benefits.
- 11. Reductions in administrative and support functions should be considered before reductions in direct-support services.
- 12. Maximum reductions should be considered in budgets for expenses including travel and in budgets for equipment replacement, outside consultants, and contracts.
- 13. Reductions in salaries for elected state officials should be considered.
- 14. Reductions that adversely affect the public health, safety, and welfare should be minimized.
- 15. The <u>Budget Stabilization</u> Working Capital Fund should not be reduced to a level that would impair the financial stability of this state.
- 16. Reductions in programs that are traditionally funded by the private sector and that may be assumed by private enterprise should be considered.
- 17. Reductions in programs that are duplicated among state agencies or branches of government should be considered.
- (7) Deficits in the General Revenue Fund that do not meet the amounts specified by subsection (6) shall be resolved by the commission for the executive branch and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the judicial branch. The commission and Chief Justice shall implement any directions provided in the General Appropriations Act related to eliminating deficits and to reducing reduce agency and judicial branch budgets, including the use of those legislative appropriations voluntarily placed in reserve. In

addition, the commission shall implement any directions in the General Appropriations Act relating to the <u>resolution of use</u> of the Working Capital Fund in deficit situations. When reducing state agency or judicial branch budgets, the commission or the Chief Justice, respectively, shall use the guidelines prescribed in subsection (5). The Executive Office of the Governor for the commission, and the Chief Justice for the judicial branch, shall implement the deficit reduction plans through amendments to the approved operating budgets in accordance with s. 216.181.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 252.37, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.37 Financing.--

- (1) It is the intent of The Legislature intends and declares it declared to be the policy of the state that funds to be prepared for and meet emergencies shall always be available.
- (2) It is the legislative intent that the first recourse shall be made to funds regularly appropriated to state and local agencies. If the Governor finds that the demands placed upon these funds in coping with a particular disaster are unreasonably great, she or he may make funds available by transferring and expending moneys appropriated for other purposes or by transferring and expending moneys out of any unappropriated surplus funds or from the Budget Stabilization Fund.

Section 6. Section 265.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

265.51 Authority of Department of State to indemnify.—The Department of State may, within the limits of specific appropriations made for the purpose, is authorized to

make agreements to indemnify against loss or damage such items as may be eligible in accordance with the provisions of ss. 265.51-265.56, and on such terms and conditions as the department may prescribe, by rule, in order to achieve the purposes of ss. 265.51-265.56 and, consistent with such purposes, in order to protect the financial interest of this state.

Section 7. Section 265.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

265.55 Claims.--

- (1) The Division of Risk Management of the Department of Insurance may prescribe rules providing for prompt adjustment of valid claims for losses which are covered by an indemnity agreement made pursuant to the provisions of ss. 265.51-265.56, including rules providing for the employment of consultants and for the arbitration of issues relating to the dollar value of damages involving less than total loss or destruction of such covered objects.
- (2) In the case of a claim of loss with respect to an item which is covered by an agreement made pursuant to the provisions of ss. 265.51-265.56, the division shall certify the validity of the claim and authorize payment of the amount of the loss, less any deductible portion, to the indemnitee.
- (3) The authorization for payment delineated in subsection (2) shall be forwarded to the Comptroller. The Comptroller shall take appropriate action to execute authorized payment of the claim from a specific appropriation for that purpose the Working Capital Fund, as defined in s. 215.32.
- Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Requires the Governor's recommended budget and revenues to include estimates of the Budget Stabilization Fund. Revises the funds into which all moneys received by the state must be deposited and within which they must be accounted for, specifies the manner of dividing such moneys into such funds, and specifies the use and investment of moneys in such funds. Repeals and amends various provisions of law to conform. See bill for details.