By the Committee on Civil Justice & Claims and Representatives Warner, Clemons, Burroughs, Bradley, Flanagan, Byrd, Thrasher and Cosgrove

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to waiver of sovereign immunity 2 3 in tort actions; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; 4 providing certain governmental subdivisions with the authority to settle certain claims 5 6 exceeding statutory limits; providing that 7 settlements which exceed the statutory limits 8 shall not waive any defense or immunity; 9 reenacting s. 111.071(1)(a) and (b), F.S., relating to payment of judgments or settlements 10 against certain public officers or employees, 11 12 s. 190.043, F.S., relating to suits against 13 community development district, s. 234.03(1), F.S., relating to tort liability of district 14 15 school board, s. 234.211(2)(b), F.S., relating to use of school buses for public purposes, s. 16 760.11(5), F.S., relating to administrative and 17 18 civil remedies with respect to complaints filed with the Florida Commission on Human Relations, 19 20 s. 766.203(1)(b), F.S., relating to presuit investigation of medical negligence claims, s. 21 766.207(1), F.S., relating to voluntary binding 22 arbitration of medical negligence claims, and 23 24 s. 944.713(2), F.S., relating to insurance against liability of private vendor, to 25 26 incorporate said amendment in references; 27 providing an effective date. 28 29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.--

(5) The state and its agencies and subdivisions shall be liable for tort claims in the same manner and to the same extent as a private individual under like circumstances, but liability shall not include punitive damages or interest for the period before judgment. Neither the state nor its agencies or subdivisions shall be liable to pay a claim or a judgment by any one person which exceeds the sum of \$100,000 or any claim or judgment, or portions thereof, which, when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the state or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence, exceeds the sum of \$200,000. However, a judgment or judgments may be claimed and rendered in excess of these amounts and may be settled and paid pursuant to this act up to \$100,000 or \$200,000, as the case may be; and that portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, but may be paid in part or in whole only by further act of the Legislature. Notwithstanding the limited waiver of sovereign immunity provided herein, the state or an agency or subdivision thereof may agree, within the limits of insurance coverage provided, to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it without further action by the Legislature, but the state or agency or subdivision thereof shall not be deemed to have waived any defense of sovereign immunity or to have increased the limits of its liability as a result of its obtaining insurance coverage for

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tortious acts in excess of the \$100,000 or \$200,000 waiver provided above. Notwithstanding the limited waiver of sovereign immunity provided herein, and irrespective of any limits in insurance coverage, a subdivision, excluding the state, state agencies, the Spaceport Florida Authority, and other corporations primarily acting as instrumentalities or agencies of the state, may agree to settle a judgment or jury verdict rendered against it, in an amount not to exceed the judgment or jury verdict, without further action by the Legislature. By agreeing to such a settlement, the subdivision shall not be deemed to have established any binding precedent, nor shall it be deemed to have increased the limits of its liability, nor shall it be deemed to have waived any defense or immunity. The limitations of liability set forth in this subsection shall apply to the state and its agencies and subdivisions whether or not the state or its agencies or subdivisions possessed sovereign immunity before July 1, 1974.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 768.28, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes set forth below are reenacted to read:

- 111.071 Payment of judgments or settlements against certain public officers or employees.--
- (1) Any county, municipality, political subdivision, or agency of the state which has been excluded from participation in the Insurance Risk Management Trust Fund is authorized to expend available funds to pay:
- (a) Any final judgment, including damages, costs, and attorney's fees, arising from a complaint for damages or injury suffered as a result of any act or omission of action of any officer, employee, or agent in a civil or civil rights

lawsuit described in s. 111.07. If the civil action arises under s. 768.28 as a tort claim, the limitations and provisions of s. 768.28 governing payment shall apply. If the action is a civil rights action arising under 42 U.S.C. s. 1983, or similar federal statutes, payments for the full amount of the judgment may be made unless the officer, employee, or agent has been determined in the final judgment to have caused the harm intentionally.

(b) Any compromise or settlement of any claim or litigation as described in paragraph (a), subject to the limitations set forth in that paragraph.

190.043 Suits against the district.—Any suit or action brought or maintained against the district for damages arising out of tort, including, without limitation, any claim arising upon account of an act causing an injury or loss of property, personal injury, or death, shall be subject to the limitations provided in s. 768.28.

234.03 Tort liability; liability insurance.--

(1) Each district school board shall be liable for tort claims arising out of any incident or occurrence involving a school bus or other motor vehicle owned, maintained, operated, or used by such school board to transport persons, to the same extent and in the same manner as the state or any of its agencies or subdivisions is liable for tort claims under s. 768.28, except that the total liability to persons being transported for all claims or judgments of such persons arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall not exceed an amount equal to \$5,000 multiplied by the rated seating capacity of the bus or other vehicle, as determined by rules of the State Board of Education, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The provisions

of s. 768.28 shall apply to all claims or actions brought against school boards, as authorized in this subsection.

234.211 Use of school buses for public purposes.--

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(b) For purposes of liability for negligence, state agencies or subdivisions as defined in s. 768.28(2) shall be covered by s. 768.28. Every other corporation or organization shall provide liability insurance coverage in the minimum amounts of \$100,000 on any claim or judgment and \$200,000 on all claims and judgments arising from the same incident or occurrence.

760.11 Administrative and civil remedies; construction.--

(5) In any civil action brought under this section, the court may issue an order prohibiting the discriminatory practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including back pay. The court may also award compensatory damages, including, but not limited to, damages for mental anguish, loss of dignity, and any other intangible injuries, and punitive damages. The provisions of ss. 768.72 and 768.73 do not apply to this section. The judgment for the total amount of punitive damages awarded under this section to an aggrieved person shall not exceed \$100,000. In any action or proceeding under this subsection, the court, in its discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable attorney's fee as part of the costs. It is the intent of the Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees be interpreted in a manner consistent with federal case law involving a Title VII action. The right to trial by jury is preserved in any such private right of action in which the aggrieved person is seeking compensatory or punitive damages,

and any party may demand a trial by jury. The commission's determination of reasonable cause is not admissible into evidence in any civil proceeding, including any hearing or trial, except to establish for the court the right to maintain the private right of action. A civil action brought under this section shall be commenced no later than 1 year after the date of determination of reasonable cause by the commission. The commencement of such action shall divest the commission of jurisdiction of the complaint, except that the commission may intervene in the civil action as a matter of right.

Notwithstanding the above, the state and its agencies and subdivisions shall not be liable for punitive damages. The total amount of recovery against the state and its agencies and subdivisions shall not exceed the limitation as set forth in s. 768.28(5).

766.203 Presuit investigation of medical negligence claims and defenses by prospective parties.--

- (1) Presuit investigation of medical negligence claims and defenses pursuant to this section and ss. 766.204-766.206 shall apply to all medical negligence, including dental negligence, claims and defenses. This shall include:
- (b) Rights of action involving the state or its agencies or subdivisions, or the officers, employees, or agents thereof, pursuant to s. 768.28 and defenses thereto.

766.207 Voluntary binding arbitration of medical negligence claims.--

(1) Voluntary binding arbitration pursuant to this section and ss. 766.208-766.212 shall not apply to rights of action involving the state or its agencies or subdivisions, or the officers, employees, or agents thereof, pursuant to s. 768.28.

944.713 Insurance against liability.--

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(2) The contract shall provide for indemnification of 2 3 the state by the private vendor for any liabilities incurred 4 up to the limits provided under s. 768.28(5). The contract shall provide that the private vendor, or the insurer of the 5 6 private vendor, is liable to pay any claim or judgment for any 7 one person which does not exceed the sum of \$100,000 or any 8 claim or judgment, or portions thereof, which, when totaled 9 with all other claims or judgments arising out of the same incident or occurrence, does not exceed the sum of \$200,000. 10 In addition, the contractor must agree to defend, hold 11 12 harmless, and indemnify the department against any and all 13 actions, claims, damages and losses, including costs and attorney's fees. 14 15 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 16 law. 17 18 19 HOUSE SUMMARY 20 Revises provisions relating to waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions. Provides certain governmental subdivisions with the authority to settle certain claims exceeding statutory limits. Provides that settlements which exceed the statutory limits shall not waive any defense or immunity. 21 22 23 24 25