Bill No. <u>CS for SB 2128</u>

Amendment No. ____

	CHAMBER ACTION								
ı	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>								
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11	Senator Silver moved the following amendment:								
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)								
14	On page 187, between lines 2 and 3,								
15									
16	insert:								
17	Section 242. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of								
18	section 20.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:								
19	20.43 Department of HealthThere is created a								
20	Department of Health.								
21	(3) The following divisions of the Department of								
22	Health are established:								
23	(g) Division of Medical Quality Assurance, which is								
24	responsible for the following boards and professions								
25	established within the division:								
26	1. Nursing assistants, as provided under s. 400.211.								
27	2. Health care services pools, as provided under s.								
28	402.48.								
29	3. The Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter								
30	457.								
31	4. The Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458.								
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Bill No. CS for SB 2128

Amendment No. ____

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	5.	The	Board	of	Osteopathic	Medicine,	created	under
chapter	459							

- 6. The Board of Chiropractic $\underline{\text{Medicine}}$, created under chapter 460.
- 7. The Board of Podiatric Medicine, created under chapter 461.
 - 8. Naturopathy, as provided under chapter 462.
 - 9. The Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463.
 - 10. The Board of Nursing, created under chapter 464.
 - 11. The Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465.
 - 12. The Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466.
 - 13. Midwifery, as provided under chapter 467.
- 14. The Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology, created under part I of chapter 468.
- 15. The Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created under part II of chapter 468.
- 16. Occupational therapy, as provided under part III of chapter 468.
- 17. Respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of chapter 468.
- 18. Dietetics and nutrition practice, as provided under part X of chapter 468.
- 19. Athletic trainers, as provided under part $\overline{\text{XIII}}$ $\overline{\text{XIV}}$ of chapter 468.
 - 20. Electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478.
- $\,$ 21. The Board of Massage Therapy, created under chapter 480.
- 22. The Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, created under part III of chapter 483.
- 23. Medical physicists, as provided under part IV of chapter 483.

The Board of Opticianry, created under part I of 24. chapter 484.

- 25. The Board of Hearing Aid Specialists, created under part II of chapter 484.
- The Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created under chapter 486.
- 27. The Board of Psychology, created under chapter 490.
- 28. The Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under chapter 491.

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- The department may contract with the Agency for Health Care Administration who shall provide consumer complaint, investigative, and prosecutorial services required by the Division of Medical Quality Assurance, councils, or boards, as appropriate.
- Section 243. Subsection (1) of section 322.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.125 Medical Advisory Board.--

(1) There shall be a Medical Advisory Board composed of not fewer than 12 or more than 25 members, at least one of whom must be 60 years of age or older and all but one of whose medical and other specialties must relate to driving abilities, which number must include a doctor of medicine who is employed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in Tallahassee, who shall serve as administrative officer for the board. The executive director of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall recommend persons to serve as board members. Every member but 31 two must be a doctor of medicine licensed to practice medicine

in this or any other state and must be a member in good standing of the Florida Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Association. One member must be an optometrist licensed to practice optometry in this state and must be a member in good standing of the Florida Optometric Association. One member must be a chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed to practice chiropractic medicine in this state.

Members shall be approved by the Cabinet and shall serve 4-year staggered terms. The board membership must, to the maximum extent possible, consist of equal representation of the disciplines of the medical community treating the mental or physical disabilities that could affect the safe operation of motor vehicles.

Section 244. Subsection (1) of section 381.0031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0031 Report of diseases of public health significance to department.--

(1) Any practitioner, licensed in Florida to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine, who diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health.

Section 245. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 381.0302, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

381.0302 Florida Health Services Corps.--

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Florida Health Services Corps" means a program
 authorized by this section which:
- 1. Offers scholarships to allopathic, osteopathic, chiropractic, podiatric, dental, physician assistant, and

nursing students, and loan repayment assistance and travel and relocation expenses to allopathic and osteopathic residents and physicians, chiropractic physicians chiropractors, podiatrists, nurse practitioners, dentists, and physician assistants, in return for service in a public health care program or in a medically underserved area.

- 2. Offers membership on a voluntary basis to physicians and other health care personnel who provide uncompensated care.
- (5) The department may award scholarships to students studying medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, podiatric, nursing, or dentistry.
- (a) The program shall require a student who receives a scholarship to accept an assignment in a public health care program or work in a specific community located in a medically underserved area upon completion of primary care training. The department shall determine assignments. If a practitioner is assigned to a medically underserved area, the practitioner must treat Medicaid patients and other patients with low incomes.
- (b) An eligible student must be pursuing a full-time course of study in:
- 1. Allopathic or osteopathic medicine, including physician assistants;
 - 2. Dentistry;
 - 3. Podiatric medicine;
- 4. Nursing, including registered nurses, nurse midwives, and other nurse practitioners; or
 - 5. Chiropractic medicine.
- 30 (c) In selecting students to participate in the 31 scholarship program, priority shall be given to students who

indicate a desire to practice a primary care specialty in a medically underserved area after their obligation is completed and who indicate an intent to practice medical specialties for which the department has a need.

- (d) Scholarship assistance shall consist of reimbursement for tuition and other educational costs such as books, supplies, equipment, transportation, and monthly living expense stipends. The department shall pay the same amount for living expense stipends as is paid by the National Health Services Corps. Each monthly living expense stipend shall be for a 12-month period beginning with the first month of each school year in which the student is a participant. The department may reimburse a participant for books, supplies, and equipment based on average costs incurred by participants for these items. The department shall prescribe, by rule, eligible expenses for reimbursement and allowable amounts.
- (e) For an allopathic or osteopathic medical student, enrollment in the corps may begin in the second year of medical school or in any year thereafter. For a nursing student or other student, enrollment may occur in any year.
- (f) For a student who receives scholarship assistance, participation in the corps after completion of training shall be 1 year for each school year of scholarship assistance, up to a maximum of 3 years. The period of obligated service shall begin when the participant is assigned by the department to a public health program or to a medically underserved area.

Section 246. Subsection (11) of section 382.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

(11) "Physician" means a person authorized to practice

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29 30 medicine, osteopathic medicine, or chiropractic medicine pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460.

Section 247. Section 395.0195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.0195 Access of chiropractic physicians chiropractors to diagnostic reports. -- Each hospital shall set standards and procedures which provide for reasonable access by licensed chiropractic physicians chiropractors to the reports of diagnostic X rays and laboratory tests of licensed facilities, subject to the same standards and procedures as other licensed physicians. However, this section does not require a licensed facility to grant staff privileges to a chiropractic physician chiropractor.

Section 248. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 415.1034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

415.1034 Mandatory reporting of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of disabled adults or elderly persons; mandatory reports of death .--

- (1) MANDATORY REPORTING. --
- (a) Any person, including, but not limited to, any:
- 1. Physician, osteopathic physician, medical examiner, chiropractic physician chiropractor, nurse, or hospital personnel engaged in the admission, examination, care, or treatment of disabled adults or elderly persons;
- Health professional or mental health professional other than one listed in subparagraph 1.;
- 3. Practitioner who relies solely on spiritual means for healing;
- 4. Nursing home staff; assisted living facility staff; adult day care center staff; adult family-care home staff; 31 | social worker; or other professional adult care, residential,

or institutional staff;

- 5. State, county, or municipal criminal justice employee or law enforcement officer;
- 6. Human rights advocacy committee or long-term care ombudsman council member; or
- 7. Bank, savings and loan, or credit union officer, trustee, or employee,

who knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that a disabled adult or an elderly person has been or is being abused, neglected, or exploited shall immediately report such knowledge or suspicion to the central abuse registry and tracking system on the single statewide toll-free telephone number.

Section 249. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 415.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

415.504 Mandatory reports of child abuse or neglect; mandatory reports of death; central abuse hotline.--

- (1) Any person, including, but not limited to, any:
- (a) Physician, osteopathic physician, medical examiner, chiropractic physician chiropractor, nurse, or hospital personnel engaged in the admission, examination, care, or treatment of persons;

who knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that a child is an abused, abandoned, or neglected child shall report such knowledge or suspicion to the department in the manner prescribed in subsection (2).

Section 250. Subsection (2) of section 440.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.106 Civil remedies; administrative penalties.--

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(2) Whenever a physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, podiatrist, or other practitioner is determined to have violated s. 440.105, the Board of Medicine as set forth in chapter 458, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as set forth in chapter 459, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine as set forth in chapter 460, the Board of Podiatric Medicine as set forth in chapter 461, or other appropriate licensing authority, shall hold an administrative hearing to consider the imposition of administrative sanctions as provided by law against said physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, or other practitioner.

Section 251. Paragraph (r) of subsection (1) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for violations; limitations.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- "Physician" or "doctor" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460, a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461, an optometrist licensed under chapter 463, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466, each of whom must be certified by the division as a health care provider.

Section 252. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 440.134, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.134 Workers' compensation managed care arrangement.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- "Primary care provider" means, except in the case 31 of emergency treatment, the initial treating physician and,

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29 30 when appropriate, continuing treating physician, who may be a family practitioner, general practitioner, or internist physician licensed under chapter 458; a family practitioner, general practitioner, or internist osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460; a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461; an optometrist licensed under chapter 463; or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

Section 253. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 440.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.15 Compensation for disability.--Compensation for disability shall be paid to the employee, subject to the limits provided in s. 440.12(2), as follows:

- (3) PERMANENT IMPAIRMENT AND WAGE-LOSS BENEFITS.--
- (a) Impairment benefits.--
- 1. Once the employee has reached the date of maximum medical improvement, impairment benefits are due and payable within 20 days after the carrier has knowledge of the impairment.
- The three-member panel, in cooperation with the 2. division, shall establish and use a uniform permanent impairment rating schedule. This schedule must be based on medically or scientifically demonstrable findings as well as the systems and criteria set forth in the American Medical Association's Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment; the Snellen Charts, published by American Medical Association Committee for Eye Injuries; and the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry Disability Schedules. The schedule should be based upon objective findings. The schedule shall be more comprehensive than the AMA Guides to the 31 | Evaluation of Permanent Impairment and shall expand the areas

already addressed and address additional areas not currently 2 contained in the guides. On August 1, 1979, and pending the 3 adoption, by rule, of a permanent schedule, Guides to the 4 Evaluation of Permanent Impairment, copyright 1977, 1971, 5 1988, by the American Medical Association, shall be the 6 temporary schedule and shall be used for the purposes hereof. 7 For injuries after July 1, 1990, pending the adoption by division rule of a uniform disability rating schedule, the 8 9 Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry Disability Schedule shall be used unless that schedule does not address an injury. 10 In such case, the Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent 11 12 Impairment by the American Medical Association shall be used. 13 Determination of permanent impairment under this schedule must be made by a physician licensed under chapter 458, a doctor of 14 15 osteopathic medicine licensed under chapters 458 and 459, a 16 chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 17 460, a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461, an optometrist licensed under chapter 463, or a dentist licensed under 18 chapter 466, as appropriate considering the nature of the 19 20 injury. No other persons are authorized to render opinions 21 regarding the existence of or the extent of permanent impairment. 22

3. All impairment income benefits shall be based on an impairment rating using the impairment schedule referred to in subparagraph 2. Impairment income benefits are paid weekly at the rate of 50 percent of the employee's average weekly temporary total disability benefit not to exceed the maximum weekly benefit under s. 440.12. An employee's entitlement to impairment income benefits begins the day after the employee reaches maximum medical improvement or the expiration of 31 temporary benefits, whichever occurs earlier, and continues

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- a. The expiration of a period computed at the rate of3 weeks for each percentage point of impairment; or
 - b. The death of the employee.
- After the employee has been certified by a doctor as having reached maximum medical improvement or 6 weeks before the expiration of temporary benefits, whichever occurs earlier, the certifying doctor shall evaluate the condition of the employee and assign an impairment rating, using the impairment schedule referred to in subparagraph 2. Compensation is not payable for the mental, psychological, or emotional injury arising out of depression from being out of work. If the certification and evaluation are performed by a doctor other than the employee's treating doctor, the certification and evaluation must be submitted to the treating doctor, and the treating doctor must indicate agreement or disagreement with the certification and evaluation. The certifying doctor shall issue a written report to the division, the employee, and the carrier certifying that maximum medical improvement has been reached, stating the impairment rating, and providing any other information required by the division. If the employee has not been certified as having reached maximum medical improvement before the expiration of 102 weeks after the date temporary total disability benefits begin to accrue, the carrier shall notify the treating doctor of the requirements of this section.
- 5. The carrier shall pay the employee impairment income benefits for a period based on the impairment rating.

Section 254. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 455.564, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

455.564 Department; general licensing provisions.--

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- (2) Before the issuance of any license, the department may charge an initial license fee as determined by rule of the applicable board or, if no such board exists, by rule of the department. Upon receipt of the appropriate license fee, the department shall issue a license to any person certified by the appropriate board, or its designee, as having met the licensure requirements imposed by law or rule. The licensee shall be issued a wallet-size identification card and a wall certificate suitable for conspicuous display, which shall be no smaller than 8 1/2 inches by 14 inches.
- (5) As a condition of renewal of a license, the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, and the Board of Podiatric Medicine shall each require licensees which they respectively regulate to periodically demonstrate their professional competency by completing at least 40 hours of continuing education every 2 years, which may include up to 1 hour of risk management or cost containment and up to 2 hours of other topics related to the applicable medical specialty, if required by board rule. Each of such boards shall determine whether any specific course requirements not otherwise mandated by law shall be mandated and shall approve criteria for, and the content of, any course mandated by such board.

Section 255. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 455.654, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.654 Financial arrangements between referring health care providers and providers of health care services .--

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--For the purpose of this section, the word, phrase, or term:
- "Board" means any of the following boards relating 31 to the respective professions: the Board of Medicine as

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created in s. 458.307; the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as created in s. 459.004; the Board of Chiropractic Medicine as created in s. 460.404; the Board of Podiatric Medicine as created in s. 461.004; the Board of Optometry as created in s. 463.003; the Board of Pharmacy as created in s. 465.004; and the Board of Dentistry as created in s. 466.004.

Section 256. Section 455.684, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.684 Chiropractic and podiatric health care; denial of payment; limitation. -- A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460 or a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461 shall not be denied payment for treatment rendered solely on the basis that the chiropractic physician chiropractor or podiatrist is not a member of a particular preferred provider organization or exclusive provider organization which is composed only of physicians licensed under the same chapter.

Section 257. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 455.691, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.691 Treatment of Medicare beneficiaries; refusal, emergencies, consulting physicians. --

- (1) Effective as of January 1, 1993, as used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Physician" means a physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460, a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461, or an optometrist licensed under chapter 463.

Section 258. Subsection (1) of section 455.694, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.694 Boards regulating certain health care 31 | practitioners.--

renewal, the Board of Acupuncture, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and the Board of Dentistry shall, by rule, require that all health care practitioners licensed under the respective board, and the Board of Nursing shall, by rule, require that advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012, maintain medical malpractice insurance or provide proof of financial responsibility in an amount and in a manner determined by the board to be sufficient to cover claims arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional care and services in this state.

Section 259. Subsection (2) of section 456.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.31 Legislative intent.--

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for certain practitioners of the healing arts, such as a trained and qualified dentist, to use hypnosis for hypnoanesthesia or for the allaying of anxiety in relation to dental work; however, under no circumstances shall it be legal or proper for the dentist or the individual to whom the dentist may refer the patient, to use hypnosis for the treatment of the neurotic difficulties of a patient. The same applies to the optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractic physician chiropractor, osteopathic physician, or physician of medicine.

Section 260. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 456.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.32 Definitions.--In construing this chapter, the words, phrases, or terms, unless the context otherwise indicates, shall have the following meanings:

(2) "Healing arts" shall mean the practice of

medicine, surgery, psychiatry, dentistry, osteopathic 2 medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, podiatry, 3 chiropody, psychology, clinical social work, marriage and 4 family therapy, mental health counseling, and optometry. 5 "Practitioner of the healing arts" shall mean a 6 person licensed under the laws of the state to practice 7 medicine, surgery, psychiatry, dentistry, osteopathic 8 medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, podiatry, chiropody, psychology, clinical social work, marriage and 9 10 family therapy, mental health counseling, or optometry within the scope of his or her professional training and competence 11 12 and within the purview of the statutes applicable to his or 13 her respective profession, and who may refer a patient for treatment by a qualified person, who shall employ hypnotic 14 15 techniques under the supervision, direction, prescription, and 16 responsibility of such referring practitioner. 17 Section 261. The catchline of section 459.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 459.002 Chapter not applicable to practice of 20 medicine, surgery, chiropractic medicine, etc. --21 Section 262. Chapter 460, Florida Statutes, entitled "Chiropractic," is retitled "Chir<u>opractic Medicine."</u> 22 Section 263. Subsections (2) and (4) and paragraphs 23 24 (a) and (e) of subsection (8) of section 460.403, Florida 25 Statutes, are amended to read: 26 460.403 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 27 term:

(8)(a) "Practice of chiropractic medicine" means a

to practice chiropractic medicine pursuant to this chapter.

"Board" means the Board of Chiropractic Medicine.

"Chiropractic physician" means any person licensed

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29 30 noncombative principle and practice consisting of the science, philosophy, and art of the adjustment, manipulation, and treatment of the human body in which vertebral subluxations and other malpositioned articulations and structures that are interfering with the normal generation, transmission, and expression of nerve impulse between the brain, organs, and tissue cells of the body, thereby causing disease, are adjusted, manipulated, or treated, thus restoring the normal flow of nerve impulse which produces normal function and consequent health by chiropractic physicians using specific chiropractic adjustment or manipulation techniques taught in chiropractic colleges accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education. No person other than a licensed chiropractic physician may render chiropractic services, chiropractic adjustments, or chiropractic manipulations.

(e) The term"chiropractic medicine, ""chiropractic, " "doctor of chiropractic," or "chiropractor" shall be synonymous with "chiropractic physician," and each term shall be construed to mean a practitioner of chiropractic medicine as the same has been defined herein. Chiropractic physicians may analyze and diagnose the physical conditions of the human body to determine the abnormal functions of the human organism and to determine such functions as are abnormally expressed and the cause of such abnormal expression.

Section 264. Section 460.404, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.404 Board of Chiropractic Medicine; membership; appointment; terms.--

(1) The Board of Chiropractic Medicine is created within the department and shall consist of seven members to be 31 appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

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- (2) Five members of the board must be licensed chiropractic physicians who are residents of the state and who have been licensed chiropractic physicians engaged in the practice of chiropractic medicine for at least 4 years. The remaining two members must be residents of the state who are not, and have never been, licensed as chiropractic physicians or members of any closely related profession. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.
- (3) As the terms of the members expire, the Governor shall appoint successors for terms of 4 years, and such members shall serve until their successors are appointed.
- (4) All provisions of part II of chapter 455 relating to the board shall apply.

Section 265. Section 460.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.405 Authority to make rules.--The Board of Chiropractic Medicine is authorized to make such rules not inconsistent with law as are necessary to carry out the duties and authority conferred upon the board by this chapter.

Section 266. Paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 460.406, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

460.406 Licensure by examination. --

(1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a chiropractic physician shall apply to the department to take the licensure examination. There shall be an application fee set by the board not to exceed \$100 which shall be nonrefundable. There shall also be an examination fee not to exceed \$500 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of portions of the examination from 31 | the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners or a similar

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29 30 national organization, which may be refundable if the applicant is found ineligible to take the examination. The department shall examine each applicant who the board certifies has:

- (c) Submitted proof satisfactory to the department that he or she is a graduate of a chiropractic college which is accredited by or has status with the Council on Chiropractic Education or its predecessor agency. However, any applicant who is a graduate of a chiropractic college that was initially accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education in 1995, who graduated from such college within the 4 years immediately preceding such accreditation, and who is otherwise qualified shall be eliqible to take the examination. application for a license to practice chiropractic medicine shall be denied solely because the applicant is a graduate of a chiropractic college that subscribes to one philosophy of chiropractic medicine as distinguished from another.
- (e) Completed not less than a 3-month training program in this state of not less than 300 hours with a chiropractic physician licensed in this state. The chiropractic physician candidate may perform all services offered by the licensed chiropractic physician, but must be under the supervision of the licensed chiropractic physician until the results of the first licensure examination for which the candidate has qualified have been received, at which time the candidate's training program shall be terminated. However, an applicant who has practiced chiropractic medicine in any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign national jurisdiction for at least 5 years as a licensed chiropractic physician need not be required to complete the 31 3-month training program as a requirement for licensure.

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(3) An applicant for the licensure examination may elect not to take the certification examination to use acupuncture. The department shall, in addition to the licensing exam, offer an examination for certification to use acupuncture. An applicant may elect to take the certification examination at the time of taking the licensure examination. Passage of the certification examination shall not grant any applicant the right to practice chiropractic medicine absent the passage of the licensing examination.

Section 267. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 460.408, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.408 Continuing chiropractic education .--

- (1) The board shall require licensees to periodically demonstrate their professional competence as a condition of renewal of a license by completing up to 40 hours of continuing education.
- (b) The board shall approve those courses that build upon the basic courses required for the practice of chiropractic medicine, and the board may also approve courses in adjunctive modalities.

Section 268. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 460.411, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

460.411 Violations and penalties .--

- (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a violation of this chapter and is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084:
- (a) Practicing or attempting to practice chiropractic medicine without an active license or with a license 31 | fraudulently obtained.

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- 1 (b) Using or attempting to use a license to practice 2 chiropractic <u>medicine</u> which has been suspended or revoked. 3 (2) Each of the following acts constitutes a violation
 - (2) Each of the following acts constitutes a violation of this chapter and is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
 - (c) Using the name or title "chiropractic physician," "doctor of chiropractic," "chiropractic medicine," or any other name or title which would lead the public to believe that such person is engaging in the practice of chiropractic medicine, unless such person is licensed as a chiropractic physician in this state.

Section 269. Section 460.412, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.412 Sexual misconduct in the practice of chiropractic medicine.—The chiropractic physician—patient relationship is founded on mutual trust. Sexual misconduct in the practice of chiropractic medicine means violation of the chiropractic physician—patient relationship through which the chiropractic physician uses said relationship to induce or attempt to induce the patient to engage, or to engage or attempt to engage the patient, in sexual activity outside the scope of practice or the scope of generally accepted examination or treatment of the patient. Sexual misconduct in the practice of chiropractic medicine is prohibited.

Section 270. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (h), (k), (m), (q), (r), and (s) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 460.413, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 $$460.413\$ Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board.--

30 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for 31 which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:

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- (a) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, or renewing a license to practice chiropractic medicine by bribery, by fraudulent misrepresentations, or through an error of the department or the board.
- (b) Having a license to practice chiropractic medicine revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty, regardless of adjudication, of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of chiropractic medicine or to the ability to practice chiropractic medicine. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this chapter.
- (h) Aiding, assisting, procuring, or advising any unlicensed person to practice chiropractic medicine contrary to this chapter or to a rule of the department or the board.
- (k) Making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the practice of chiropractic medicine or employing a trick or scheme in the practice of chiropractic medicine when such trick or scheme fails to conform to the generally prevailing standards of treatment in the chiropractic medical community.
- (m) Failing to keep legibly written chiropractic medical records that identify clearly by name and credentials the licensed chiropractic physician rendering, ordering, supervising, or billing for each examination or treatment procedure and that justify the course of treatment of the patient, including, but not limited to, patient histories, 31 | examination results, test results, X rays, and diagnosis of a

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29 30 disease, condition, or injury. X rays need not be retained for more than 4 years.

- (q) Being unable to practice chiropractic medicine with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition. In enforcing this paragraph, upon a finding by the secretary of the department, or his or her designee, or the probable cause panel of the board that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee is unable to practice the profession because of reasons stated in this paragraph, the department shall have the authority to compel a licensee to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician designated by the department. If the licensee refuses to comply with the department's order, the department may file a petition for enforcement in the circuit court of the circuit in which the licensee resides or does business. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011. The record of proceedings to obtain a compelled mental or physical examination shall not be used against a licensee in any other proceedings. A chiropractic physician affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that she or he can resume the competent practice of chiropractic medicine with reasonable skill and safety to patients.
- (r) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to practice chiropractic medicine at a level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized by a reasonably prudent chiropractic physician as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances. The board shall give great 31 weight to the standards for malpractice in s. 766.102 in

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interpreting this provision. A recommended order by an administrative law judge, or a final order of the board finding a violation under this section shall specify whether the licensee was found to have committed "gross malpractice," "repeated malpractice," or "failure to practice chiropractic medicine with that level of care, skill, and treatment which is recognized as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances" or any combination thereof, and any publication by the board shall so specify.

- (s) Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy which, by the prevailing standards of chiropractic medical practice in the community, would constitute experimentation on human subjects, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent.
- (3) The department shall not reinstate the license of a chiropractic physician, or cause a license to be issued to a person the board has deemed unqualified, until such time as the board is satisfied that she or he has complied with all the terms and conditions set forth in the final order and that such person is capable of safely engaging in the practice of chiropractic medicine.

Section 271. Subsection (1) of section 460.4166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

460.4166 Registered chiropractic assistants.--

(1) DEFINITION. -- As used in this section, "registered chiropractic assistant" means a professional, multiskilled person dedicated to assisting in all aspects of chiropractic medical practice under the direct supervision and responsibility of a chiropractic physician. A registered chiropractic assistant assists with patient care management, 31 | executes administrative and clinical procedures, and often

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performs managerial and supervisory functions. Competence in the field also requires that a registered chiropractic assistant adhere to ethical and legal standards of professional practice, recognize and respond to emergencies, and demonstrate professional characteristics.

Section 272. Subsection (1) of section 462.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

462.01 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter:

"Natureopathy" and "Naturopathy" shall be construed as synonymous terms and mean the use and practice of psychological, mechanical, and material health sciences to aid in purifying, cleansing, and normalizing human tissues for the preservation or restoration of health, according to the fundamental principles of anatomy, physiology, and applied psychology, as may be required. Naturopathic practice employs, among other agencies, phytotherapy, dietetics, psychotherapy, suggestotherapy, hydrotherapy, zone therapy, biochemistry, external applications, electrotherapy, mechanotherapy, mechanical and electrical appliances, hygiene, first aid, sanitation, and heliotherapy; provided, however, that nothing in this chapter shall be held or construed to authorize any naturopathic physician licensed hereunder to practice materia medica or surgery or chiropractic medicine, nor shall the provisions of this law in any manner apply to or affect the practice of osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, Christian Science, or any other treatment authorized and provided for by law for the cure or prevention of disease and ailments.

Section 273. Subsection (10) of section 468.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.301 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

(10) "Licensed practitioner" means a person who is licensed or otherwise authorized by law to practice medicine, podiatry, chiropody, osteopathic medicine, naturopathy, or chiropractic medicine in this state.

Section 274. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 468.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.302 Use of radiation; identification of certified persons; limitations; exceptions.--

- (6) Requirement for certification does not apply to:
- (a) A hospital resident who is not a licensed practitioner in this state or a student enrolled in and attending a school or college of medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropody, podiatry, or chiropractic medicine or a radiologic technology educational program and who applies radiation to a human being while under the direct supervision of a licensed practitioner.

Section 275. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section 468.314, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.314 Advisory Council on Radiation Protection; appointment; terms; powers; duties.--

- (2) The council shall be comprised of:
- (j) A board-certified chiropractic radiologist.

Section 276. Subsection (1) of section 476.044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

476.044 Exemptions.--This chapter does not apply to the following persons when practicing pursuant to their professional responsibilities and duties:

(1) Persons authorized under the laws of this state to practice medicine, surgery, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or podiatry;

Section 277. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of

section 477.0135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 477.0135 Exemptions.--

- (1) This chapter does not apply to the following persons when practicing pursuant to their professional or occupational responsibilities and duties:
- (a) Persons authorized under the laws of this state to practice medicine, surgery, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, massage, naturopathy, or podiatry.

Section 278. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and paragraph (j) of subsection (6) of section 483.901, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

483.901 Medical physicists; definitions; licensure.--

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (i) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine, osteopathic medicine, podiatry, dentistry, or chiropractic medicine who is licensed in this state and who prescribes a radiological procedure.
- (4) COUNCIL.--The Advisory Council of Medical Physicists is created in the Department of Health to advise the department in regulating the practice of medical physics in this state.
- (a) The council shall be composed of nine members appointed by the secretary of the department as follows:
- 1. A licensed medical physicist who specializes in diagnostic radiological physics.
- 2. A licensed medical physicist who specializes in therapeutic radiological physics.
- 3. A licensed medical physicist who specializes in medical nuclear radiological physics.
 - 4. A physician who is board certified by the American

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29 30 Board of Radiology or its equivalent.

- A physician who is board certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology or its equivalent.
- A chiropractic physician who practices radiology is board certified by the American Chiropractic Radiology Board or its equivalent.
- 7. Three consumer members who are not, and have never been, licensed as a medical physicist or licensed in any closely related profession.
- (6) LICENSE REQUIRED. -- An individual may not engage in the practice of medical physics, including the specialties of diagnostic radiological physics, therapeutic radiological physics, medical nuclear radiological physics, or medical health physics, without a license issued by the department for the appropriate specialty.
- (j) The department may issue a temporary license to an applicant pending completion of the application process for board certification.

Section 279. Subsection (11) of section 486.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.021 Definitions.--In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

(11) "Practice of physical therapy" means the performance of physical therapy assessments and the treatment of any disability, injury, disease, or other health condition of human beings, or the prevention of such disability, injury, disease, or other condition of health, and rehabilitation as related thereto by the use of the physical, chemical, and other properties of air; electricity; exercise; massage; the performance of acupuncture only upon compliance with the 31 | criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine, when no

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penetration of the skin occurs; the use of radiant energy, including ultraviolet, visible, and infrared rays; ultrasound; water; the use of apparatus and equipment in the application of the foregoing or related thereto; the performance of tests of neuromuscular functions as an aid to the diagnosis or treatment of any human condition; or the performance of electromyography as an aid to the diagnosis of any human condition only upon compliance with the criteria set forth by the Board of Medicine. A physical therapist may implement a plan of treatment for a patient. The physical therapist shall refer the patient to or consult with a health care practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466, if the patient's condition is found to be outside the scope of physical therapy. physical therapy treatment for a patient is required beyond 21 days for a condition not previously assessed by a practitioner of record, the physical therapist shall obtain a practitioner of record who will review and sign the plan. A health care 18 practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466 and engaged in active practice is eligible to serve as a practitioner of record. The use of roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes and the use of electricity for surgical purposes, including cauterization, are not authorized under the term 25 "physical therapy" as used in this chapter. The practice of physical therapy as defined in this chapter does not authorize 26 27 a physical therapy practitioner to practice chiropractic medicine as defined in chapter 460, including specific spinal 28 manipulation. For the performance of specific chiropractic 29 30 spinal manipulation, a physical therapist shall refer the 31 patient to a health care practitioner licensed under chapter

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Nothing in this subsection authorizes a physical therapist to implement a plan of treatment for a patient currently being treated in a facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395.

Section 280. Subsection (1) of section 486.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.161 Exemptions. --

(1) No provision of this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any person licensed in this state from using any physical agent as a part of, or incidental to, the lawful practice of her or his profession under the statutes applicable to the profession of chiropractic physician chiropractor, podiatrist, doctor of medicine, massage therapist, nurse, osteopathic physician or surgeon, occupational therapist, or naturopath.

Section 281. Subsection (1) of section 621.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

621.03 Definitions.--As used in this act the following words shall have the meaning indicated:

(1) The term "professional service" means any type of personal service to the public which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering of such service the obtaining of a license or other legal authorization. By way of example and without limiting the generality thereof, the personal services which come within the provisions of this act are the personal services rendered by certified public accountants, public accountants, chiropractic physicians chiropractors, dentists, osteopathic physicians, physicians and surgeons, doctors of medicine, doctors of dentistry, podiatrists, chiropodists, architects, veterinarians, attorneys at law, and life 31 insurance agents.

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Section 282. Paragraph (h) of subsection (4) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--

- (4) MEDICAL MALPRACTICE RISK APPORTIONMENT. --
- (h) As used in this subsection:
- "Health care provider" means hospitals licensed under chapter 395; physicians licensed under chapter 458; osteopathic physicians licensed under chapter 459; podiatrists licensed under chapter 461; dentists licensed under chapter 466; chiropractic physicians chiropractors licensed under chapter 460; naturopaths licensed under chapter 462; nurses licensed under chapter 464; midwives licensed under chapter 467; clinical laboratories registered under chapter 483; physician assistants certified under chapter 458; physical therapists and physical therapist assistants licensed under chapter 486; health maintenance organizations certificated under part I of chapter 641; ambulatory surgical centers licensed under chapter 395; other medical facilities as defined in subparagraph 2.; blood banks, plasma centers, industrial clinics, and renal dialysis facilities; or professional associations, partnerships, corporations, joint ventures, or other associations for professional activity by health care providers.
- "Other medical facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is to provide human medical diagnostic services or a facility providing nonsurgical human medical treatment, to which facility the patient is admitted and from which facility the patient is discharged within the same working day, and which facility is not part of a However, a facility existing for the primary 31 purpose of performing terminations of pregnancy or an office

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maintained by a physician or dentist for the practice of medicine shall not be construed to be an "other medical facility."

3. "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395, or other medical facility as defined in subparagraph 2.

Section 283. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.357 Medical malpractice self-insurance.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Health care provider" means any:
- 1. Hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 2. Physician licensed, or physician assistant certified, under chapter 458.
 - 3. Osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.
 - 4. Podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.
- 5. Health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
- 6. Ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
- 7. <u>Chiropractic physician</u> Chiropractor licensed under chapter 460.
 - 8. Psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
 - 9. Optometrist licensed under chapter 463.
 - 10. Dentist licensed under chapter 466.
 - 11. Pharmacist licensed under chapter 465.
- 29 12. Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or 30 advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed or registered 31 under chapter 464.

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- 13. Other medical facility. Professional association, partnership,
- corporation, joint venture, or other association established by the individuals set forth in subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., 7.,

8., 9., 10., 11., and 12. for professional activity.

Section 284. Subsection (10) of section 627.6482, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6482 Definitions.--As used in ss. 627.648-627.6498, the term:

(10) "Physician" means a physician licensed under chapter 458; an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459; a chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460; a podiatrist licensed under chapter 461; or, for purposes of oral surgery only, a dental surgeon licensed under chapter 466.

Section 285. Subsection (1) of section 641.316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.316 Fiscal intermediary services.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature, through the adoption of this section, to ensure the financial soundness of fiscal intermediary services organizations established to develop, manage, and administer the business affairs of health care professional providers such as medical doctors, doctors of osteopathy, doctors of chiropractic medicine, doctors of podiatric medicine, doctors of dentistry, or other health professionals regulated by the Department of Health.

Section 286. Section 725.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

725.01 Promise to pay another's debt, etc.--No action shall be brought whereby to charge any executor or 31 administrator upon any special promise to answer or pay any

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debt or damages out of her or his own estate, or whereby to 2 charge the defendant upon any special promise to answer for 3 the debt, default or miscarriage of another person or to 4 charge any person upon any agreement made upon consideration 5 of marriage, or upon any contract for the sale of lands, 6 tenements or hereditaments, or of any uncertain interest in or concerning them, or for any lease thereof for a period longer 8 than 1 year, or upon any agreement that is not to be performed within the space of 1 year from the making thereof, or whereby 10 to charge any health care provider upon any guarantee, 11 warranty, or assurance as to the results of any medical, 12 surgical, or diagnostic procedure performed by any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed 13 under chapter 459, chiropractic physician chiropractor 14 15 licensed under chapter 460, podiatrist licensed under chapter 16 461, or dentist licensed under chapter 466, unless the 17 agreement or promise upon which such action shall be brought, or some note or memorandum thereof shall be in writing and 18 signed by the party to be charged therewith or by some other 19 20 person by her or him thereunto lawfully authorized.

Section 287. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 766.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- The term "health care providers" means physicians licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physicians licensed under chapter 459, podiatrists licensed under chapter 461, optometrists licensed under chapter 463, dentists licensed under chapter 466, chiropractic physicians chiropractors 31 | licensed under chapter 460, pharmacists licensed under chapter

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465, or hospitals or ambulatory surgical centers licensed under chapter 395.

Section 288. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 766.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.102 Medical negligence; standards of recovery.--

(6)(a) In any action for damages involving a claim of negligence against a physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, podiatrist licensed under chapter 461, or chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460 providing emergency medical services in a hospital emergency department, the court shall admit expert medical testimony only from physicians, osteopathic physicians, podiatrists, and chiropractic physicians chiropractors who have had substantial professional experience within the preceding 5 years while assigned to provide emergency medical services in a hospital emergency department.

Section 289. Subsection (3) of section 766.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.103 Florida Medical Consent Law. --

- (3) No recovery shall be allowed in any court in this state against any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460, podiatrist licensed under chapter 461, or dentist licensed under chapter 466 in an action brought for treating, examining, or operating on a patient without his or her informed consent when:
- (a)1. The action of the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, podiatrist, or dentist in obtaining the consent of the patient or another 31 person authorized to give consent for the patient was in

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29 30 accordance with an accepted standard of medical practice among members of the medical profession with similar training and experience in the same or similar medical community; and

- 2. A reasonable individual, from the information provided by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, podiatrist, or dentist, under the circumstances, would have a general understanding of the procedure, the medically acceptable alternative procedures or treatments, and the substantial risks and hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, which are recognized among other physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians chiropractors, podiatrists, or dentists in the same or similar community who perform similar treatments or procedures; or
- (b) The patient would reasonably, under all the surrounding circumstances, have undergone such treatment or procedure had he or she been advised by the physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, podiatrist, or dentist in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a).

Section 290. Subsection (2) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.--

(2) Any physician licensed under chapter 458, osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, chiropractic physician chiropractor licensed under chapter 460, or other practitioner licensed under the laws of this state who knowingly and willfully assists, conspires with, or urges any insured party to fraudulently violate any of the provisions of this section or part XI of chapter 627, or any person who, due 31 to such assistance, conspiracy, or urging by said physician,

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29 30 osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, or practitioner, knowingly and willfully benefits from the proceeds derived from the use of such fraud, is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In the event that a physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, or practitioner is adjudicated guilty of a violation of this section, the Board of Medicine as set forth in chapter 458, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine as set forth in chapter 459, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine as set forth in chapter 460, or other appropriate licensing authority shall hold an administrative hearing to consider the imposition of administrative sanctions as provided by law against said physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician chiropractor, or practitioner.

Section 291. The catchline and subsection (1) of section 945.047, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

945.047 Licensing requirements for physicians, osteopathic physicians, and chiropractic physicians chiropractors employed by the department. --

(1) The Department of Corrections shall employ only physicians, osteopathic physicians, or chiropractic physicians holding licenses in good standing to practice medicine in this state, except that, by October 1, 1980, no more than 10 percent of the total number of such physicians employed by the department may be exempted from the provisions of this subsection. Each such exempted physician shall hold a valid license to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, or chiropractic medicine in another state and shall have been certified by the appropriate board as eligible for admission 31 | for examination in this state under chapter 458, chapter 459,

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or chapter 460, as applicable. The appropriate board shall not
   certify as eligible for admission for examination any person
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   who has been adjudged unqualified or guilty of any of the acts
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   enumerated in the disciplinary provisions contained in chapter
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    458, chapter 459, or chapter 460, as applicable.
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    (Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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    ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========
   And the title is amended as follows:
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           On page 4, line 21, after the semicolon
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    insert:
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           amending ss. 20.43, 322.125, 381.0031,
           381.0302, 382.002, 395.0195, 415.1034, 415.504,
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           440.106, 440.13, 440.134, 440.15, 455.564,
           455.654, 455.684, 455.691, 455.694, 456.31,
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           456.32, 459.002, 460.403, 460.404, 460.405,
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           460.406, 460.408, 460.411, 460.412, 460.413,
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           460.4166, 462.01, 468.301, 468.302, 468.314,
           476.044, 477.0135, 483.901, 486.021, 486.161,
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           621.03, 627.351, 627.357, 627.6482, 641.316,
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           725.01, 766.101, 766.102, 766.103, 817.234, and
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           945.047, F.S.; revising terminology relating to
           chiropractic medicine; retitling chapter 460,
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           F.S., to conform; providing form of
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