Florida Senate - 1998

By Senator Dudley

25-1372A-98 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to enforcement of orders establishing child support; amending s. 3 4 61.1301, F.S.; revising a date to provide for 5 enforcing certain additional support orders 6 through an income deduction without requiring 7 an amendment to the order or further action by the court; amending s. 409.2567, F.S.; 8 9 redesignating a trust fund to correct a reference; amending s. 409.2579, F.S.; 10 authorizing the disclosure of certain 11 12 information for purposes of administering the Title VI-D program for child support 13 enforcement; providing an effective date. 14 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 Section 1. Section 61.1301, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 61.1301 Income deduction.--(1) REQUIREMENT FOR INCOME DEDUCTION AS PART OF AN 21 22 ORDER ESTABLISHING, ENFORCING, OR MODIFYING AN OBLIGATION FOR 23 ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT. --(a) Upon the entry of an order establishing, 24 25 enforcing, or modifying an obligation for alimony, for child 26 support, or for alimony and child support, the court shall 27 include provisions for income deduction of the alimony and/or 28 child support in the order. Copies of the orders shall be served on the obligee and obligor. The order establishing, 29 30 enforcing, or modifying the obligation shall direct that 31 payments be made through the depository. The court shall 1

1 provide to the depository a copy of the order establishing, 2 enforcing, or modifying the obligation. If the obligee is a 3 IV-D applicant, the court shall furnish to the IV-D agency a 4 copy of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the 5 obligation.

6 1. The income deduction shall be implemented by7 serving an income deduction notice upon the payor.

8 If a support order entered before January 1, 1994 2. 9 October 1, 1996, in a non-Title IV-D case does not specify 10 income deduction, income deduction may be initiated upon a 11 delinquency without the need for any amendment to the support order or any further action by the court. In such case the 12 13 obligee may implement income deduction by serving a notice of delinquency on the obligor as provided for under paragraph 14 (f). 15

16 (b) Provisions for income deduction. The order entered 17 pursuant to paragraph (a) shall:

Direct a payor to deduct from all income due and
 payable to an obligor the amount required by the court to meet
 the obligor's support obligation including any attorney's fees
 or costs owed and forward the deducted amount pursuant to the
 order.

State the amount of arrearage owed, if any, and 23 2. 24 direct a payor to withhold an additional 20 percent or more of 25 the periodic amount specified in the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, until full payment is 26 made of any arrearage, attorney's fees and costs owed, 27 28 provided no deduction shall be applied to attorney's fees and 29 costs until the full amount of any arrearage is paid; 30 31

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Florida Senate - 1998 25-1372A-98

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1	3. Direct a payor not to deduct in excess of the	
2	amounts allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit	
3	Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended;	
4	4. Direct whether a payor shall deduct all, a	
5	specified portion, or no income which is paid in the form of a	
6	bonus or other similar one-time payment, up to the amount of	
7	arrearage reported in the income deduction notice or the	
8	remaining balance thereof, and forward the payment to the	
9	governmental depository. For purposes of this subparagraph,	
10	"bonus" means a payment in addition to an obligor's usual	
11	compensation and which is in addition to any amounts	
12	contracted for or otherwise legally due and shall not include	
13	any commission payments due an obligor; and	
14	5. In Title IV-D cases, direct a payor to provide to	
15	the court depository the date on which each deduction is made.	
16	(c) The income deduction is effective immediately	
17	unless the court upon good cause shown finds that income	
18	deduction shall be effective upon a delinquency in an amount	
19	specified by the court but not to exceed 1 month's payment. In	
20	order to find good cause, the court must at a minimum make	
21	written findings that:	
22	1. Explain why implementing immediate income deduction	
23	would not be in the child's best interest;	
24	2. There is proof of timely payment of the previously	
25	ordered obligation without an income deduction order in cases	
26	of modification; and	
27	3.a. There is an agreement by the obligor to advise	
28	the IV-D agency and court depository of any change in payor	
29	and health insurance; or	
30	b. There is a signed written agreement providing an	
31	alternative arrangement between the obligor and the obligee	
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SB 2244

1 and, at the option of the IV-D agency, by the IV-D agency in 2 IV-D cases in which there is an assignment of support rights 3 to the state, reviewed and entered in the record by the court. 4 (d) The income deduction shall be effective until 5 further order of the court. б (e) Statement of obligor's rights. When the court 7 orders the income deduction to be effective immediately, the court shall furnish to the obligor a statement of his or her 8 9 rights, remedies, and duties in regard to the income 10 deduction. The statement shall state: 11 1. All fees or interest which shall be imposed. The total amount of income to be deducted for each 12 2. pay period until the arrearage, if any, is paid in full and 13 14 shall state the total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period thereafter. The amounts deducted may not be in 15 excess of that allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit 16 17 Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended. That the income deduction notice applies to current 18 3. 19 and subsequent payors and periods of employment. 20 That a copy of the income deduction notice will be 4. 21 served on the obligor's payor or payors. That enforcement of the income deduction notice may 22 5. only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding 23 24 the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, 25 or modifying the obligation, the arrearages, or the identity of the obligor. 26 27 That the obligor is required to notify the obligee б. 28 and, when the obligee is receiving IV-D services, the IV-D 29 agency within 7 days of changes in the obligor's address, payors, and the addresses of his or her payors. 30 31

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1 (f) Notice of delinquency. When the court orders the 2 income deduction to be effective upon a delinquency as 3 provided in subparagraph (a)2. or paragraph (c), the obligee may enforce the income deduction by serving a notice of 4 5 delinquency on the obligor. б 1. The notice of delinquency shall state: 7 The terms of the order establishing, enforcing, or a. 8 modifying the obligation. 9 b. The period of delinquency and the total amount of 10 the delinquency as of the date the notice is mailed. 11 All fees or interest which may be imposed. с. The total amount of income to be deducted for each 12 d. pay period until the arrearage, and all applicable fees and 13 interest, is paid in full and shall state the total amount of 14 income to be deducted for each pay period thereafter. 15 The amounts deducted may not be in excess of that allowed under s. 16 17 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 18 1673(b), as amended. 19 e. That the income deduction notice applies to current 20 and subsequent payors and periods of employment. 21 That a copy of the notice of delinquency will be f. served on the obligor's payor or payors, together with a copy 22 of the income deduction notice, unless the obligor applies to 23 24 the court to contest enforcement of the income deduction. The application shall be filed within 15 days after the date the 25 notice of delinquency was served. 26 27 That enforcement of the income deduction notice may q. 28 only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding 29 the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, the amount of arrearages, or the 30 31 identity of the obligor.

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1	h. That the obligor is required to notify the obligee	
2	of the obligor's current address and current payors and of the	
3	address of current payors. All changes shall be reported by	
4	the obligor within 7 days. If the IV-D agency is enforcing	
5	the order, the obligor shall make these notifications to the	
6	agency instead of to the obligee.	
7	2. The failure of the obligor to receive the notice of	
8	delinquency does not preclude subsequent service of the income	
9	deduction on the obligor's payor. A notice of delinquency	
10	which fails to state an arrearage does not mean that an	
11	arrearage is not owed.	
12	(g) At any time, any party, including the IV-D agency,	
13	may apply to the court to:	
14	1. Modify, suspend, or terminate the income deduction	
15	notice in accordance with a modification, suspension, or	
16	termination of the support provisions in the underlying order;	
17	or	
18	2. Modify the amount of income deducted when the	
19	arrearage has been paid.	
20	(2) ENFORCEMENT OF INCOME DEDUCTION	
21	(a) The obligee or his or her agent shall serve an	
22	income deduction notice, and in the case of a delinquency a	
23	notice of delinquency, on the obligor's payor unless the	
24	obligor has applied for a hearing to contest the enforcement	
25	of the income deduction pursuant to paragraph (c).	
26	(b)1. Service by or upon any person who is a party to	
27	a proceeding under this section shall be made in the manner	
28	prescribed in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for service	
29	upon parties.	
30	2. Service upon an obligor's payor or successor payor	
31	under this section shall be made by prepaid certified mail,	
	б	
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return receipt requested, or in the manner prescribed in
 chapter 48.

3 (c)1. The obligor, within 15 days after service of a 4 notice of delinquency, may apply for a hearing to contest the 5 enforcement of the income deduction on the ground of mistake б of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to an order 7 establishing, enforcing, or modifying an obligation for alimony, for child support, or for alimony and child support, 8 9 the amount of the arrearage, or the identity of the obligor. 10 The obligor shall send a copy of the pleading to the obligee 11 and, if the obligee is receiving IV-D services, to the IV-D agency. The timely filing of the pleading shall stay the 12 13 service of an income deduction notice on all payors of the obligor until a hearing is held and a determination is made as 14 to whether enforcement of the income deduction order is 15 proper. The payment of a delinquent obligation by an obligor 16 17 upon issuance of an income deduction notice shall not preclude 18 service of the income deduction notice on the obligor's payor. 19 2. When an obligor timely requests a hearing to contest enforcement of income deduction, the court, after due 20 21 notice to all parties and the IV-D agency if the obligee is receiving IV-D services, shall hear the matter within 20 days 22 after the application is filed. The court shall enter an 23 24 order resolving the matter within 10 days after the hearing. 25 A copy of this order shall be served on the parties and the IV-D agency if the obligee is receiving IV-D services. 26 If the court determines that service of an income deduction notice is 27 28 proper, it shall specify the date the income deduction notice

30 (d) When a court determines that an income deduction31 notice is proper pursuant to paragraph (c), the obligee or his

must be served on the obligor's payor.

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2 to be served on the obligor's payors. A copy of the income 3 deduction notice, and in the case of a delinquency a notice of 4 delinquency, shall also be furnished to the obligor.

5 (e) Income deduction notice. The income deduction 6 notice shall contain only information necessary for the payor 7 to comply with the order providing for income deduction. The 8 notice shall:

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1. Provide the obligor's social security number.

10 2. Require the payor to deduct from the obligor's 11 income the amount specified in the order providing for income deduction, and in the case of a delinquency the amount 12 13 specified in the notice of delinquency, and to pay that amount 14 to the obligee or to the depository, as appropriate. The amount actually deducted plus all administrative charges shall 15 not be in excess of the amount allowed under s. 303(b) of the 16 17 Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b);

Instruct the payor to implement income deduction no
 later than the first payment date which occurs more than 14
 days after the date the income deduction notice was served on
 the payor, and the payor shall conform the amount specified in
 the income deduction order to the obligor's pay cycle;

Instruct the payor to forward, within 2 days after 23 4. 24 each date the obligor is entitled to payment from the payor, 25 to the obligee or to the depository the amount deducted from the obligor's income, a statement as to whether the amount 26 totally or partially satisfies the periodic amount specified 27 28 in the income deduction notice, and the specific date each 29 deduction is made. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these notifications to the agency instead 30 31 of the obligee;

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5. Specify that if a payor fails to deduct the proper amount from the obligor's income, the payor is liable for the amount the payor should have deducted, plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees;

6. Provide that the payor may collect up to \$5 against
the obligor's income to reimburse the payor for administrative
costs for the first income deduction and up to \$2 for each
deduction thereafter;

9 7. State that the income deduction notice, and in the 10 case of a delinquency the notice of delinquency, are binding 11 on the payor until further notice by the obligee, IV-D agency, 12 or the court or until the payor no longer provides income to 13 the obligor;

14 8. Instruct the payor that, when he or she no longer provides income to the obligor, he or she shall notify the 15 obligee and shall also provide the obligor's last known 16 17 address and the name and address of the obligor's new payor, if known; and that, if the payor violates this provision, the 18 19 payor is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the 20 first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these 21 notifications to the agency instead of to the obligee. 22 Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, 23 24 whichever is enforcing the income deduction order;

9. State that the payor shall not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an obligor because of an income deduction notice and shall state that a violation of this provision subjects the payor to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction notice, if

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any alimony or child support obligation is owing. If no
 alimony or child support obligation is owing, the penalty
 shall be paid to the obligor;

10. State that an obligor may bring a civil action in
the courts of this state against a payor who refuses to
employ, discharges, or otherwise disciplines an obligor
because of an income deduction notice. The obligor is entitled
to reinstatement and all wages and benefits lost, plus
reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred;

10 11. Inform the payor that the income deduction notice 11 has priority over all other legal processes under state law 12 pertaining to the same income and that payment, as required by 13 the income deduction notice, is a complete defense by the 14 payor against any claims of the obligor or his or her 15 creditors as to the sum paid;

16 12. Inform the payor that, when the payor receives 17 income deduction notices requiring that the income of two or 18 more obligors be deducted and sent to the same depository, the 19 payor may combine the amounts that are to be paid to the 20 depository in a single payment as long as the payments 21 attributable to each obligor are clearly identified; and

13. Inform the payor that if the payor receives more than one income deduction notice against the same obligor, the payor shall contact the court for further instructions. Upon being so contacted, the court shall allocate amounts available for income deduction as provided in subsection (4).

(f) At any time income deduction is being enforced, the obligor may apply to the court for a hearing to contest the continued enforcement of the income deduction on the same grounds set out in paragraph (c), with a copy to the obligee and, in IV-D cases, to the IV-D agency. The application does

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1 not affect the continued enforcement of the income deduction 2 until the court enters an order granting relief to the 3 obligor. The obligee or the IV-D agency is released from 4 liability for improper receipt of moneys pursuant to income 5 deduction upon return to the appropriate party of any moneys 6 received.

7 (g) An obligee or his or her agent shall enforce 8 income deduction against an obligor's successor payor who is 9 located in this state in the same manner prescribed in this 10 section for the enforcement of an income deduction order 11 against a payor.

(h)1. When income deduction is to be enforced against 12 a payor located outside the state, the obligee who is 13 receiving IV-D services or his or her agent shall promptly 14 request the agency responsible for income deduction in the 15 other state to enforce the income deduction. The request shall 16 17 contain all information necessary to enforce the income 18 deduction, including the amount to be periodically deducted, a 19 copy of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the 20 obligation, and a statement of arrearages, if applicable.

2. When the IV-D agency is requested by the agency
 responsible for income deduction in another state to enforce
 income deduction against a payor located in this state for the
 benefit of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by
 the agency in the other state, the IV-D agency shall act
 promptly pursuant to the applicable provisions of this
 section.

3. When an obligor who is subject to income deduction
enforced against a payor located in this state for the benefit
of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by the
agency responsible for income deduction in another state

11

1 terminates his or her relationship with his or her payor, the 2 IV-D agency shall notify the agency in the other state and 3 provide it with the name and address of the obligor and the 4 address of any new payor of the obligor, if known.

4.a. The procedural rules and laws of this state
govern the procedural aspects of income deduction whenever the
agency responsible for income deduction in another state
requests the enforcement of an income deduction order in this
state.

b. Except with respect to when withholding must be implemented, which is controlled by the state where the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation was entered, the substantive law of this state shall apply whenever the agency responsible for income deduction in another state requests the enforcement of an income deduction in this state.

17 c. When the IV-D agency is requested by an agency responsible for income deduction in another state to implement 18 19 income deduction against a payor located in this state for the 20 benefit of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by 21 the agency in the other state or when the IV-D agency in this state initiates an income deduction request on behalf of an 22 obligee receiving IV-D services in this state against a payor 23 24 in another state, the IV-D agency shall file the interstate income deduction documents, or an affidavit of such request 25 when the income deduction documents are not available, with 26 27 the depository and if the IV-D agency in this state is 28 responding to a request from another state, provide copies to 29 the payor and obligor in accordance with subsection (1). The 30 depository created pursuant to s. 61.181 shall accept the interstate income deduction documents or affidavit and shall 31

12

establish an account for the receipt and disbursement of child
 support or child support and alimony payments and advise the
 IV-D agency of the account number in writing within 2 days
 after receipt of the documents or affidavit.

5 (i) Certified copies of payment records maintained by 6 a depository shall, without further proof, be admitted into 7 evidence in any legal proceeding in this state.

8 (j)1. A person may not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an employee because of the 9 10 enforcement of income deduction. An employer who violates 11 this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent 12 violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D 13 agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction order, if 14 any alimony or child support is owing. If no alimony or child 15 support is owing, the penalty shall be paid to the obligor. 16

An employee may bring a civil action in the courts
 of this state against an employer who refuses to employ,
 discharges, or otherwise disciplines an employee because of
 income deduction. The employee is entitled to reinstatement
 and all wages and benefits lost plus reasonable attorney's
 fees and costs incurred.

(k) When a payor no longer provides income to an 23 24 obligor, he or she shall notify the obligee and, if the 25 obligee is a IV-D applicant, the IV-D agency and shall also provide the obligor's last known address and the name and 26 address of the obligor's new payor, if known. A payor who 27 28 violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to 29 exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for a subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D 30 31 agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction.

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1 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that this 2 section may be used to collect arrearages in child support 3 payments or in alimony payments which have been accrued 4 against an obligor. 5 (4) When there is more than one income deduction б notice against the same obligor, the court shall allocate 7 amounts available for income deduction among all obligee 8 families as follows: (a) For computation purposes, the court shall convert 9 10 all obligations to a common payroll frequency and determine 11 the percentage of deduction allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as 12 amended. The court shall determine the amount of income 13 available for deduction by multiplying that percentage figure 14 by the obligor's net income and determine the sum of all of 15 16 the support obligations. 17 (b) If the sum of the support obligations is less than the amount of income available for deduction, the court shall 18 19 order that the full amount of each obligation shall be deducted. 20 21 (c) If the sum of the support obligations is greater than the amount of income available for deduction, the court 22 shall determine a prorated percentage for each support 23 24 obligation by dividing each obligation by the sum total of all the support obligations. The court shall then determine the 25 prorated deduction amount for each support obligation by 26 multiplying the prorated percentage for each support 27 28 obligation by the amount of income available for deduction. 29 The court shall then order that the resultant amount for each

30 support obligation shall be deducted from the obligor's 31 income.

1 Section 2. Section 409.2567, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 409.2567 Services to individuals not otherwise eligible.--All child support services provided by the 4 5 department shall be made available on behalf of all dependent б children. Services shall be provided upon acceptance of public 7 assistance or upon proper application filed with the 8 department. The department shall adopt rules to provide for 9 the payment of a \$25 application fee from each applicant who 10 is not a public assistance recipient. The application fee 11 shall be deposited in the Child Support Enforcement Application and Program Revenue User Fee Trust Fund within the 12 Department of Revenue to be used for the Child Support 13 Enforcement Program. The obligor is responsible for all 14 administrative costs, as defined in s. 409.2554. The court 15 shall order payment of administrative costs without requiring 16 17 the department to have a member of the bar testify or submit an affidavit as to the reasonableness of the costs. An 18 19 attorney-client relationship exists only between the 20 department and the legal services providers in Title IV-D 21 cases. The attorney shall advise the obligee in Title IV-D 22 cases that the attorney represents the agency and not the obligee. In Title IV-D cases, any costs, including filing 23 24 fees, recording fees, mediation costs, service of process 25 fees, and other expenses incurred by the clerk of the circuit court, shall be assessed only against the nonprevailing 26 27 obligor after the court makes a determination of the 28 nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay such costs and fees. In 29 any case where the court does not award all costs, the court 30 shall state in the record its reasons for not awarding the 31 costs. The Department of Revenue shall not be considered a

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party for purposes of this section; however, fees may be assessed against the department pursuant to s. 57.105(1). The

3 department shall submit a monthly report to the Governor and the chairs of the Appropriations Committee of the House of 4 5 Representatives and the Ways and Means Committee of the Senate б specifying the funds identified for collection from the 7 noncustodial parents of children receiving temporary 8 assistance and the amounts actually collected. 9 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 409.2579, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 409.2579 Safeguarding Title IV-D case file information.--12 13 (1) Information concerning applicants for or recipients of Title IV-D child support services is 14 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 15 The use or disclosure of such information by the IV-D program 16 17 is limited to purposes directly connected with: (a) The administration of the plan or program approved 18 19 under part A, part B, part D, part E, or part F of Title IV; under Title II, Title X, Title XIV, Title XVI, Title XIX, or 20 Title XX; or under the supplemental security income program 21

22 established under Title XVI of the Social Security Act; 23 (b) Any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or 24 civil proceeding connected with the administration of any such 25 plan or program;

(c) The administration of any other federal or federally assisted program which provides service or assistance, in cash or in kind, directly to individuals on the basis of need; and

30 (d) Reporting to an appropriate agency or official,31 information on known or suspected instances of physical or

16

mental injury, child abuse, sexual abuse or exploitation, or negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child who is the subject of a child support enforcement activity under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is threatened thereby; and. б (e) Identification or location information as required under s. 61.13(9) or s. 742.032 and for the purposes of administering the Title VI-D program for child support enforcement. Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. SENATE SUMMARY Provides that a support order entered before January 1, 1994, rather than before October 1, 1996, may be enforced through an income deduction without the need for an amendment to the order or further action by the court. Corrects a reference to the Child Support Enforcement Application and Program Revenue Trust Fund. Authorizes the disclosure of information that is otherwise confidential for purposes of administering the Title VI-D program for child support enforcement.