Amendment No. \_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

	Senate CHAMBER ACTION House
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L1	Representative(s) Goode offered the following:
L2	
L3	Amendment (with title amendment)
L4	Remove from the bill: Everything after the enacting clause
L5	
L6	and insert in lieu thereof:
L7	Section 1. Section 409.910, Florida Statutes, is
L8	amended to read:
L9	409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of
20	Medicaid-eligible persons when other parties are liable
21	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that Medicaid
22	be the payor of last resort for medically necessary goods and
23	services furnished to Medicaid recipients. All other sources
24	of payment for medical care are primary to medical assistance
25	provided by Medicaid. If benefits of a liable third party are
26	discovered or become available after medical assistance has
27	been provided by Medicaid, it is the intent of the Legislature
28	that Medicaid be repaid in full and prior to any other person,
29	program, or entity. Medicaid is to be repaid in full from, and
30	to the extent of, any third-party benefits, regardless of
31	whether a recipient is made whole or other creditors paid.

Principles of common law and equity as to assignment, lien, and subrogation, comparative negligence, assumption of risk, and all other affirmative defenses normally available to a liable third party, are to be abrogated to the extent necessary to ensure full recovery by Medicaid from third-party resources. Further shall apply to a recipient's right to recovery against any third party, but shall not act to reduce the recovery of the agency pursuant to this section. The concept of joint and several liability applies to any recovery on the part of the agency. It is intended that if the resources of a liable third party become available at any time, the public treasury should not bear the burden of medical assistance to the extent of such resources. Common-law theories of recovery shall be liberally construed to accomplish this intent.

- (2) This section may be cited as the "Medicaid Third-Party Liability Act."
- (3) Third-party benefits for medical services shall be primary to medical assistance provided by Medicaid.
- (4) After the department has provided medical assistance under the Medicaid program, it shall seek recovery of reimbursement from third-party benefits to the limit of legal liability and for the full amount of third-party benefits, but not in excess of the amount of medical assistance paid by Medicaid, as to:
- (a) Claims for which the department has a waiver pursuant to federal law; or
- (b) Situations in which the department learns of the existence of a liable third party is liable and the liability or in which third-party benefits available are discovered either before or become available after medical assistance has

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been provided by Medicaid.

- shall inform the department of any rights the applicant or recipient has to third-party benefits and shall inform the department of the name and address of any person that is or may be liable to provide third-party benefits. When the department provides, pays for, or becomes liable for medical services provided by a hospital, the recipient receiving such medical services or his or her legal representative shall also provide the information as to third-party benefits, as defined in this section, to the hospital, which shall provide notice thereof to the department in a manner specified by the department.
- (6) When the department provides, pays for, or becomes liable for medical care under the Medicaid program, it has the following rights, as to which the department may assert independent principles of law, which shall nevertheless be construed together to provide the greatest recovery from third-party benefits:
- (a) The agency has a cause of action against a liable third party to recover the full amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid, and such cause of action is independent of any rights or causes of action of the recipient.
- (a)(b) The department is automatically subrogated to any rights that an applicant, recipient, or legal representative has to any third-party benefit for the full amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid. Recovery pursuant to the subrogation rights created hereby shall not be reduced, prorated, or applied to only a portion of a judgment, award, or settlement, but is to provide full recovery by the department from any and all third-party benefits. Equities of

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a recipient, his or her legal representative, a recipient's creditors, or health care providers shall not defeat, reduce, or prorate recovery by the department as to its subrogation rights granted under this paragraph.

(b) (c) By applying for or accepting medical assistance, an applicant, recipient, or legal representative automatically assigns to the department any right, title, and interest such person has to any third-party benefit, excluding any Medicare benefit to the extent required to be excluded by federal law.

- 1. The assignment granted under this paragraph is absolute, and vests legal and equitable title to any such right in the department, but not in excess of the amount of medical assistance provided by the department.
- The department is a bona fide assignee for value in the assigned right, title, or interest, and takes vested legal and equitable title free and clear of latent equities in a third person. Equities of a recipient, the recipient's legal representative, his or her creditors, or health care providers shall not defeat or reduce recovery by the department as to the assignment granted under this paragraph.
- By accepting medical assistance, the recipient grants to the department the limited power of attorney to act in his or her name, place, and stead to perform specific acts with regard to third-party benefits, the recipient's assent being deemed to have been given, including:
- Endorsing any draft, check, money order, or other negotiable instrument representing third-party benefits that are received on behalf of the recipient as a third-party benefit.
  - Compromising claims to the extent of the rights b.

assigned, provided that the recipient is not otherwise represented by an attorney as to the claim.

(c)(d) The department is entitled to, and has, an automatic lien for the full amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid to or on behalf of the recipient for medical care furnished as a result of any covered injury or illness for which a third party is or may be liable, upon the collateral, as defined in s. 409.901.

- 1. The lien attaches automatically when a recipient first receives treatment for which the department may be obligated to provide medical assistance under the Medicaid program. The lien is perfected automatically at the time of attachment.
- 2. The department is authorized to file a verified claim of lien. The claim of lien shall be signed by an authorized employee of the department, and shall be verified as to the employee's knowledge and belief. The claim of lien may be filed and recorded with the clerk of the circuit court in the recipient's last known county of residence or in any county deemed appropriate by the department. The claim of lien, to the extent known by the department, shall contain:
- a. The name and last known address of the person to whom medical care was furnished.
  - b. The date of injury.
- c. The period for which medical assistance was provided.
- d. The amount of medical assistance provided or paid, or for which Medicaid is otherwise liable.
- e. The names and addresses of all persons claimed by the recipient to be liable for the covered injuries or illness.

- 3. The filing of the claim of lien pursuant to this section shall be notice thereof to all persons.
- 4. If the claim of lien is filed within 1 year after the later of the date when the last item of medical care relative to a specific covered injury or illness was paid, or the date of discovery by the department of the liability of any third party, or the date of discovery of a cause of action against a third party brought by a recipient or his or her legal representative, record notice shall relate back to the time of attachment of the lien.
- 5. If the claim of lien is filed after 1 year after the later of the events specified in subparagraph 4., notice shall be effective as of the date of filing.
- 6. Only one claim of lien need be filed to provide notice as set forth in this paragraph and shall provide sufficient notice as to any additional or after-paid amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid for any specific covered injury or illness. The department may, in its discretion, file additional, amended, or substitute claims of lien at any time after the initial filing, until the department has been repaid the full amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid or otherwise has released the liable parties and recipient.
- 7. No release or satisfaction of any cause of action, suit, claim, counterclaim, demand, judgment, settlement, or settlement agreement shall be valid or effectual as against a lien created under this paragraph, unless the department joins in the release or satisfaction or executes a release of the lien. An acceptance of a release or satisfaction of any cause of action, suit, claim, counterclaim, demand, or judgment and any settlement of any of the foregoing in the absence of a

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release or satisfaction of a lien created under this paragraph shall prima facie constitute an impairment of the lien, and the department is entitled to recover damages on account of such impairment. In an action on account of impairment of a lien, the department may recover from the person accepting the release or satisfaction or making the settlement the full amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid. Nothing in this section shall be construed as creating a lien or other obligation on the part of an insurer which in good faith has paid a claim pursuant to its contract without knowledge or actual notice that the department has provided medical assistance for the recipient related to a particular covered injury or illness. However, notice or knowledge that an insured is, or has been a Medicaid recipient within 1 year from the date of service for which a claim is being paid creates a duty to inquire on the part of the insurer as to any injury or illness for which the insurer intends or is otherwise required to pay benefits.

- 8. The lack of a properly filed claim of lien shall not affect the department's assignment or subrogation rights provided in this subsection, nor shall it affect the existence of the lien, but only the effective date of notice as provided in subparagraph 5.
- 9. The lien created by this paragraph is a first lien and superior to the liens and charges of any provider, and shall exist for a period of 7 years, if recorded, after the date of recording; and shall exist for a period of 7 years after the date of attachment, if not recorded. If recorded, the lien may be extended for one additional period of 7 years by rerecording the claim of lien within the 90-day period preceding the expiration of the lien.

- 10. The clerk of the circuit court for each county in the state shall endorse on a claim of lien filed under this paragraph the date and hour of filing and shall record the claim of lien in the official records of the county as for other records received for filing. The clerk shall receive as his or her fee for filing and recording any claim of lien or release of lien under this paragraph the total sum of \$2. Any fee required to be paid by the department shall not be required to be paid in advance of filing and recording, but may be billed to the department after filing and recording of the claim of lien or release of lien.
- 11. After satisfaction of any lien recorded under this paragraph, the department shall, within 60 days after satisfaction, either file with the appropriate clerk of the circuit court or mail to any appropriate party, or counsel representing such party, if represented, a satisfaction of lien in a form acceptable for filing in Florida.
- (7) The department shall recover the full amount of all medical assistance provided by Medicaid on behalf of the recipient to the full extent of third-party benefits.
- (a) Recovery of such benefits shall be collected directly from:
  - 1. Any third party;
- 2. The recipient or legal representative, if he or she has received third-party benefits;
- 3. The provider of a recipient's medical services if third-party benefits have been recovered by the provider; notwithstanding any provision of this section, to the contrary, however, no provider shall be required to refund or pay to the department any amount in excess of the actual

third-party payor for medical services provided to the recipient; or

- 4. Any person who has received the third-party benefits.
- (b) Upon receipt of any recovery or other collection pursuant to this section, the department shall distribute the amount collected as follows:
- 1. To itself, an amount equal to the state Medicaid expenditures for the recipient plus any incentive payment made in accordance with paragraph (14)(a).
- 2. To the Federal Government, the federal share of the state Medicaid expenditures minus any incentive payment made in accordance with paragraph (14)(a) and federal law, and minus any other amount permitted by federal law to be deducted.
- 3. To the recipient, after deducting any known amounts owed to the department for any related medical assistance or to health care providers, any remaining amount. This amount shall be treated as income or resources in determining eligibility for Medicaid.
- (8) The department shall require an applicant or recipient, or the legal representative thereof, to cooperate in the recovery by the department of third-party benefits of a recipient and in establishing paternity and support of a recipient child born out of wedlock. As a minimal standard of cooperation, the recipient or person able to legally assign a recipient's rights shall:
- (a) Appear at an office designated by the department to provide relevant information or evidence.
- (b) Appear as a witness at a court or other proceeding.

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information, under penalty of perjury. Pay to the department any third-party benefit

(c) Provide information, or attest to lack of

- received. Take any additional steps to assist in
- establishing paternity or securing third-party benefits, or both.
- (f) Paragraphs (a)-(e) notwithstanding, the department shall have the discretion to waive, in writing, the requirement of cooperation for good cause shown and as required by federal law.
- (9) In the event that medical assistance has been provided by Medicaid to more than one recipient, and the agency elects to seek recovery from liable third parties due to actions by the third parties or circumstances which involve common issues of fact or law, the agency may bring an action to recover sums paid to all such recipients in one proceeding. In any action brought under this subsection, the evidence code shall be liberally construed regarding the issues of causation and of aggregate damages. The issue of causation and damages in any such action may be proven by use of statistical analysis.
- (a) In any action under this subsection wherein the number of recipients for which medical assistance has been provided by Medicaid is so large as to cause it to be impracticable to join or identify each claim, the agency shall not be required to so identify the individual recipients for which payment has been made, but rather can proceed to seek recovery based upon payments made on behalf of an entire class of recipients.

wherein a third party is liable due to its manufacture, sale, or distribution of a product, the agency shall be allowed to proceed under a market share theory, provided that the products involved are substantially interchangeable among brands, and that substantially similar factual or legal issues would be involved in seeking recovery against each liable third party individually.

(9)(10) The department shall deny or terminate eligibility for any applicant or recipient who refuses to cooperate as required in subsection (8), unless cooperation has been waived in writing by the department as provided in paragraph (8)(f). However, any denial or termination of eligibility shall not reduce medical assistance otherwise payable by the department to a provider for medical care provided to a recipient prior to denial or termination of eligibility.

(10)(11) An applicant or recipient shall be deemed to have provided to the department the authority to obtain and release medical information and other records with respect to such medical care, for the sole purpose of obtaining reimbursement for medical assistance provided by Medicaid.

(11)(12) The department may, as a matter of right, in order to enforce its rights under this section, institute, intervene in, or join any legal or administrative proceeding in its own name in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the recipient, or as lienholder of the collateral.

(a) If either the recipient, or his or her legal representative, or the department brings an action against a third party, the recipient, or the recipient's legal representative, or the department, or their attorneys, shall,

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within 30 days after filing the action, provide to the other written notice, by personal delivery or registered mail, of the action, the name of the court in which the case is brought, the case number of such action, and a copy of the pleadings. If an action is brought by either the department, or the recipient or the recipient's legal representative, the other may, at any time before trial on the merits, become a party to, or shall consolidate his or her action with the other if brought independently. Unless waived by the other, the recipient, or his or her legal representative, or the department shall provide notice to the other of the intent to dismiss at least 21 days prior to voluntary dismissal of an action against a third party. Notice to the department shall be sent to an address set forth by rule. Notice to the recipient or his or her legal representative, if represented by an attorney, shall be sent to the attorney, and, if not represented, then to the last known address of the recipient or his or her legal representative. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any actions brought pursuant to subsection (9), and in any such action, no notice to recipients is required, and the recipients shall have no right to become a party to any action brought under such subsection.

- (b) An action by the department to recover damages in tort under this subsection, which action is derivative of the rights of the recipient or his or her legal representative, shall not constitute a waiver of sovereign immunity pursuant to s. 768.14.
- (c) In the event of judgment, award, or settlement in a claim or action against a third party, the court shall order the segregation of an amount sufficient to repay the department's expenditures for medical assistance, plus any

other amounts permitted under this section, and shall order such amounts paid directly to the department.

- (d) No judgment, award, or settlement in any action by a recipient or his or her legal representative to recover damages for injuries or other third-party benefits, when the department has an interest, shall be satisfied without first giving the department notice and a reasonable opportunity to file and satisfy its lien, and satisfy its assignment and subrogation rights or proceed with any action as permitted in this section.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this section, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the entire amount of any settlement of the recipient's action or claim involving third-party benefits, with or without suit, is subject to the department's claims for reimbursement of the amount of medical assistance provided and any lien pursuant thereto.
- (f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, in the event of an action in tort against a third party in which the recipient or his or her legal representative is a party and in which the amount of any judgment, award, or settlement from third-party benefits, excluding medical coverage as defined in subparagraph 4., after reasonable costs and expenses of litigation, is an amount equal to or less than 200 percent of the amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid less any medical coverage paid or payable to the department, then distribution of the amount recovered shall be as follows:
- 1. Any fee for services of an attorney retained by the recipient or his or her legal representative shall not exceed an amount equal to 25 percent of the recovery, after reasonable costs and expenses of litigation, from the

judgment, award, or settlement.

- 2. After attorney's fees, two-thirds of the remaining recovery shall be designated for past medical care and paid to the department for medical assistance provided by Medicaid.
- 3. The remaining amount from the recovery shall be paid to the recipient.
- 4. For purposes of this paragraph, "medical coverage" means any benefits under health insurance, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider arrangement, or a prepaid health clinic, and the portion of benefits designated for medical payments under coverage for workers' compensation, personal injury protection, and casualty.
- representative, or the recipient's estate brings an action against a third party, notice of institution of legal proceedings, notice of settlement, and all other notices required by this section or by rule shall be given to the department, in Tallahassee, in a manner set forth by rule. All such notices shall be given by the attorney retained to assert the recipient's or legal representative's claim, or, if no attorney is retained, by the recipient, the recipient's legal representative, or his or her estate.
- (h) Except as otherwise provided in this section, actions to enforce the rights of the department under this section shall be commenced within 5 years after the date a cause of action accrues, with the period running from the later of the date of discovery by the department of a case filed by a recipient or his or her legal representative, or of discovery of any judgment, award, or settlement contemplated in this section, or of discovery of facts giving rise to a cause of action under this section the provision of medical

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assistance to a recipient. Each item of expense provided by the agency shall be considered to constitute a separate cause of action for purposes of this subsection. The defense of statute of repose shall not apply to any action brought under this section by the agency. Nothing in this paragraph affects or prevents a proceeding to enforce a lien during the existence of the lien as set forth in subparagraph (6)(c)9.

(i) Upon the death of a recipient, and within the time prescribed by ss. 733.702 and 733.710, the department, in addition to any other available remedy, may file a claim against the estate of the recipient for the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid for the benefit of the recipient. Claims so filed shall take priority as class 3 claims as provided by s. 733.707(1)(c). The filing of a claim pursuant to this paragraph shall neither reduce nor diminish the general claims of the department under s. 414.28, except that the department may not receive double recovery for the same expenditure. Claims under this paragraph shall be superior to those under s. 414.28. The death of the recipient shall neither extinguish nor diminish any right of the department to recover third-party benefits from a third party or provider. Nothing in this paragraph affects or prevents a proceeding to enforce a lien created pursuant to this section or a proceeding to set aside a fraudulent conveyance as defined in subsection (16).

(12)(13) No action taken by the department shall operate to deny the recipient's recovery of that portion of benefits not assigned or subrogated to the department, or not secured by the department's lien. The department's rights of recovery created by this section, however, shall not be limited to some portion of recovery from a judgment, award, or

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settlement. Only the following benefits are not subject to the rights of the department: benefits not related in any way to a covered injury or illness; proceeds of life insurance coverage on the recipient; proceeds of insurance coverage, such as coverage for property damage, which by its terms and provisions cannot be construed to cover personal injury, death, or a covered injury or illness; proceeds of disability coverage for lost income; and recovery in excess of the amount of medical benefits provided by Medicaid after repayment in full to the department.

(13)(14) No action of the recipient shall prejudice the rights of the department under this section. No settlement, agreement, consent decree, trust agreement, annuity contract, pledge, security arrangement, or any other device, hereafter collectively referred to in this subsection as a "settlement agreement," entered into or consented to by the recipient or his or her legal representative shall impair the department's rights. However, in a structured settlement, no settlement agreement by the parties shall be effective or binding against the department for benefits accrued without the express written consent of the department or an appropriate order of a court having personal jurisdiction over the department.

(14) (15) The department is authorized to enter into agreements to enforce or collect medical support and other third-party benefits.

(a) If a cooperative agreement is entered into with any agency, program, or subdivision of the state, or any agency, program, or legal entity of or operated by a subdivision of the state, or with any other state, the department is authorized to make an incentive payment of up to

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15 percent of the amount actually collected and reimbursed to the department, to the extent of medical assistance paid by Medicaid. Such incentive payment is to be deducted from the federal share of that amount, to the extent authorized by federal law. The department may pay such person an additional percentage of the amount actually collected and reimbursed to the department as a result of the efforts of the person, but no more than a maximum percentage established by the department. In no case shall the percentage exceed the lesser of a percentage determined to be commercially reasonable or 15 percent, in addition to the 15-percent incentive payment, of the amount actually collected and reimbursed to the department as a result of the efforts of the person under contract.

(b) If an agreement to enforce or collect third-party benefits is entered into by the department with any person other than those described in paragraph (a), including any attorney retained by the department who is not an employee or agent of any person named in paragraph (a), then the department may pay such person a percentage of the amount actually collected and reimbursed to the department as a result of the efforts of the person, to the extent of medical assistance paid by Medicaid. In no case shall the percentage exceed a maximum established by the department, which shall not exceed the lesser of a percentage determined to be commercially reasonable or 30 percent of the amount actually collected and reimbursed to the department as a result of the efforts of the person under contract. For the purposes of this paragraph, an attorney's fee paid, payable, or negotiated, may not exceed an amount calculated in accordance with the lodestar process approved by the Florida Supreme Court, which attorney's fee shall be set by the determination of the number

of hours reasonably expended on the matter and the reasonable

hourly rate for the services provided by the private attorney.

In contingent fee matters, the lodestar figure calculated may

(c) An agreement pursuant to this subsection may permit reasonable litigation costs or expenses to be paid from

the department's recovery to a person under contract with the

purposes of determining state and federal share, be deemed to

permitted by federal law, such administrative expenses shall

not contain any term or provision which purports to limit or

the individual is eligible for, or a recipient of, medical

title, or interest to which the department has a right pursuant to this section, with the intent, likelihood, or

exclude payment or provisions of benefits for an individual if

assistance from Medicaid, and any such term or provision shall

(16)<del>(17)</del> Any transfer or encumbrance of any right,

practical effect of defeating, hindering, or reducing recovery

conveyance, and such transfer or encumbrance shall be void and of no effect against the claim of the department, unless the

the transfer are reimbursed in full to the department, but not

transfer was for adequate consideration and the proceeds of

by the department for reimbursement of medical assistance provided by Medicaid, shall be deemed to be a fraudulent

be shared with, or fully paid by, the Federal Government.

(d) Contingency fees and costs incurred in recovery

(15)<del>(16)</del> Insurance and other third-party benefits may

include a contingency risk multiplier not greater than 2.

pursuant to an agreement under this subsection may, for

be administrative expenses of the state. To the extent

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department.

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be void as against public policy.

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in excess of the amount of medical assistance provided by

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(17)<del>(18)</del> A recipient or his or her legal representative or any person representing, or acting as agent for, a recipient or the recipient's legal representative, who has notice, excluding notice charged solely by reason of the recording of the lien pursuant to paragraph (6)(d), or who has actual knowledge of the department's rights to third-party benefits under this section, who receives any third-party benefit or proceeds therefrom for a covered illness or injury, is required either to pay the department the full amount of the third-party benefits, but not in excess of the total medical assistance provided by Medicaid, or to place the full amount of the third-party benefits in a trust account for the benefit of the department pending judicial or administrative determination of the department's right thereto. Proof that any such person had notice or knowledge that the recipient had received medical assistance from Medicaid, and that third-party benefits or proceeds therefrom were in any way related to a covered illness or injury for which Medicaid had provided medical assistance, and that any such person knowingly obtained possession or control of, or used, third-party benefits or proceeds and failed either to pay the department the full amount required by this section or to hold the full amount of third-party benefits or proceeds in trust pending judicial or administrative determination, unless adequately explained, gives rise to an inference that such person knowingly failed to credit the state or its agent for payments received from social security, insurance, or other sources, pursuant to s. 414.39(4)(b), and acted with the intent set forth in s. 812.014(1).

fraudulent activity, the department may take any civil action permitted at law or equity to recover the greatest possible amount, including, without limitation, treble damages under ss. 772.11 and 812.035(7).

(b)(a) The department is authorized to investigate and to request appropriate officers or agencies of the state to investigate suspected criminal violations or fraudulent activity related to third-party benefits, including, without limitation, ss. 414.39 409.325 and 812.014. Such requests may be directed, without limitation, to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Office of the Attorney General, or to any state attorney. Pursuant to s. 409.913, the Attorney General has primary responsibility to investigate and control Medicaid fraud.

(c)(b) In carrying out duties and responsibilities related to Medicaid fraud control, the department may subpoena witnesses or materials within or outside the state and, through any duly designated employee, administer oaths and affirmations and collect evidence for possible use in either civil or criminal judicial proceedings.

 $\underline{(d)(c)}$  All information obtained and documents prepared pursuant to an investigation of a Medicaid recipient, the recipient's legal representative, or any other person relating to an allegation of recipient fraud or theft is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1):

- 1. Until such time as the department takes final agency action;
- 2. Until such time as the <u>Department of Legal Affairs</u>

  Attorney General refers the case for criminal prosecution;
- 3. Until such time as an indictment or criminal information is filed by a state attorney in a criminal case;

or

4. At all times if otherwise protected by law.

(19) In cases of suspected criminal violations or

fraudulent activity, on the part of any person including a liable third party, the department is authorized to take any civil action permitted at law or equity to recover the greatest possible amount, including without limitation, treble damages under s. 772.73. In any action in which the recipient has no right to intervene, or does not exercise his or her right to intervene, any amounts recovered under this subsection shall be the property of the agency, and the recipient shall have no right or interest in such recovery.

 $\underline{(18)(20)}$  In recovering any payments in accordance with this section, the department is authorized to make appropriate settlements.

(19)(21) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, the department shall not be required to seek reimbursement from a liable third party on claims for which the department determines that the amount it reasonably expects to recover will be less than the cost of recovery, or that recovery efforts will otherwise not be cost-effective.

(20)(22) Entities providing health insurance as defined in s. 624.603, and health maintenance organizations and prepaid health clinics as defined in chapter 641, shall provide such records and information as are necessary to accomplish the purpose of this section, unless such requirement results in an unreasonable burden.

(a) The secretary of the department and the Insurance Commissioner shall enter into a cooperative agreement for requesting and obtaining information necessary to effect the purpose and objective of this section.

- 1. The department shall request only that information necessary to determine whether health insurance as defined pursuant to s. 624.603, or those health services provided pursuant to chapter 641, could be, should be, or have been claimed and paid with respect to items of medical care and services furnished to any person eligible for services under this section.
- All information obtained pursuant to subparagraph
   is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1).
- 3. The cooperative agreement or rules adopted under this subsection may include financial arrangements to reimburse the reporting entities for reasonable costs or a portion thereof incurred in furnishing the requested information. Neither the cooperative agreement nor the rules shall require the automation of manual processes to provide the requested information.
- (b) The department and the Department of Insurance jointly shall adopt rules for the development and administration of the cooperative agreement. The rules shall include the following:
- 1. A method for identifying those entities subject to furnishing information under the cooperative agreement.
  - 2. A method for furnishing requested information.
- 3. Procedures for requesting exemption from the cooperative agreement based on an unreasonable burden to the reporting entity.
- $\underline{(21)}\overline{(23)}$  The department is authorized to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and federal requirements.
- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 624.424, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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624.424 Annual statement and other information.-(9)(a) Each authorized insurer shall, pursuant to <u>s.</u>
409.910(20)<del>s.</del> 409.910(22), provide records and information to the Department of Health <del>and Rehabilitative Services</del> to identify potential insurance coverage for claims filed with that department and its fiscal agents for payment of medical services under the Medicaid program.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall operate retroactively to July 1, 1994, except that any action filed prior to March 1, 1998, any appeal of such action, any matter related to such action, any enforcement of the terms of a settlement agreement entered in such action, or any action filed prior to March 1, 1998, in which the parties have agreed to settle and the trial court has approved the settlement agreement, whether or not the time to appeal the approval of such settlement has expired, may proceed under the law as it existed on the date of the filing of such action, except that the amendments to Section 409.910(15), Florida Statutes, renumbered as Section 409.910(14), Florida Statutes, shall be applicable to such action. If any settlement agreement entered in an action filed prior to March 1, 1998, is overturned, canceled, or terminated, or is altered in any material manner by subsequent court order, such action may proceed under the law as it existed on the date of the filing of such action, except that the amendments to Section 409.910(15), Florida Statutes, renumbered as Section 409.910(14), Florida Statutes, shall be applicable to such action.

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======= T I T L E
                                 A M E N D M E N T =========
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    And the title is amended as follows:
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    remove from the title of the bill: everything before the
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    enacting clause
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    and insert in lieu thereof:
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                        A bill to be entitled
           An act relating to Medicaid provider fraud;
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           amending s. 409.910, F.S.; limiting the scope
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           of liability for which Medicaid benefits must
           be repaid; limiting certain fees; amending s.
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           624.424, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
           barring certain civil actions; providing for
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           retroactive application; providing an effective
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           date.
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