1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to nursing home facilities; amending s. 400.022, F.S.; revising language 3 4 with respect to residents' rights; providing 5 additional rights; amending s. 400.0255, F.S.; redefining the terms "transfer" and 6 7 "discharge"; amending s. 400.141, F.S.; 8 requiring licensed facilities to perform 9 additional duties; creating s. 400.147, F.S.; 10 requiring facilities to assist residents in contacting physicians; amending s. 400.19, 11 12 F.S.; providing additional responsibilities of 13 the Agency for Health Care Administration; 14 amending s. 400.23, F.S.; providing a minimum 15 personnel requirement; amending s. 400.0075, F.S.; correcting a cross reference; providing 16 17 an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (f), (p), and (u) of subsection (1) of section 400.022, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, are amended and paragraph (w) is added to said subsection, to read:

400.022 Residents' rights.--

(1) All licensees of nursing home facilities shall adopt and make public a statement of the rights and responsibilities of the residents of such facilities and shall treat such residents in accordance with the provisions of that statement. The statement shall assure each resident the following:

- (f) The right to participate in social, religious, and community activities that do not interfere with the rights of other residents, both inside and outside of the nursing facility.
- (p) The right to be transferred or discharged only for medical reasons or for the welfare of other residents. The resident and his or her representative shall have, and the right to be given reasonable advance notice of no less than 30 days of any involuntary transfer or discharge, except:
- $\underline{1.}$ In the case of an emergency as determined by a licensed professional on the staff of the nursing home, or \underline{by} the resident's personal physician.
- $\underline{2.}$ In the case of conflicting rules and regulations which govern Title XVIII or Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- 3. When the health or safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered by the 30-day delay.
- 4. When the resident's health improves sufficiently to allow a more immediate transfer or discharge.
- 5. When an immediate transfer or discharge is necessary because of the resident's urgent medical needs.
- $\underline{6}$. When the resident has not resided in the facility for 30 days.

In these circumstances, a facility must provide written notice as required by s. 400.0255, which shall include a statement that the resident has the right to appeal the facility's decision pursuant to s. 400.0255. For nonpayment of a bill for care received, the resident shall be given 30 days' advance notice. A licensee certified to provide services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act may not transfer or discharge a

resident solely because the source of payment for care changes. Admission to a nursing home facility operated by a licensee certified to provide services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act may not be conditioned upon a waiver of such right, and any document or provision in a document which purports to waive or preclude such right is void and unenforceable. Any licensee certified to provide services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act that obtains or attempts to obtain such a waiver from a resident or potential resident shall be construed to have violated the resident's rights as established herein and is subject to disciplinary action as provided in subsection (3). The resident and the family or representative of the resident shall be consulted in choosing another facility.

- (u) The right to be informed <u>orally or in writing</u> of the bed reservation policy for a hospitalization <u>or</u> therapeutic leave, including a home visit.
- 1. The nursing <u>facility</u> home shall inform a private-pay resident and his or her responsible party that his or her bed will be reserved for any single hospitalization for a period up to 30 days provided the nursing home receives reimbursement.
- 2. Any resident who is a recipient of assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, or the resident's designee or legal representative, shall be informed by the licensee that his or her bed will be reserved for any single hospitalization for the length of time for which Title XIX reimbursement is available, up to 15 days for a single hospitalization and up to 30 days for therapeutic leave.
- $\underline{\text{3. The licensee shall inform each resident who is}}\\ \text{eligible for assistance under Title XIX}; \text{ but} \text{ that the bed will}$

not be reserved if it is medically determined by the agency that the resident will not need it or will not be able to return to the nursing home, or if the agency determines that the nursing <u>facility home's</u> occupancy rate ensures the availability of a bed for the resident. Notice shall be provided within 24 hours of the hospitalization.

- 4. Each nursing facility shall ensure that a Medicaid-eligible resident whose hospitalization or therapeutic leave exceeds the bed-hold period, but who continues to need the facility's services, is readmitted immediately at the first availability of a bed in a semiprivate room.
- (w) For a resident who is eligible for Medicaid nursing home services, or Medicare-reimbursed nursing home services after admission to a facility, the right to be charged only for allowable charges under Medicaid or Medicare, except for applicable deductible and coinsurance amounts.

 However, when permitted by federal law or regulation, the facility may charge the resident for requested services that are more expensive or in excess of Medicaid or Medicare covered services.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 400.0255, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

400.0255 Resident hearings of facility decisions to transfer or discharge.--

(1) As used in this section, the term "discharge" or "transfer" means the movement of a resident to a bed outside the certified facility, where the certified facility ceases to be responsible for the resident's care. "Discharge" or "transfer" does not refer to the movement of a resident to a bed within the same certified facility. "Discharge" includes

1 the movement of a resident to a bed outside the certified 2 facility but within the same physical plant, or to a noninstitutional setting. "Transfer" includes the movement of 3 a resident to another institution which is legally responsible 4 5 for the resident's care. Section 3. Subsections (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), 6 7 (16), and (17) are added to section 400.141, Florida Statutes, 8 to read: 400.141 Administration and management of nursing home 9 facilities. -- Every licensed facility shall comply with all 10 applicable standards and rules of the agency and shall: 11 (11) Protect and promote the rights of each resident. 12 13 The facility must care for its residents in a manner and in an environment that promotes maintenance of each resident's 14 15 quality of life. Each resident has the right to make choices 16 about the aspects of his or her life that are significant to 17 the resident. 18 (12) Provide to each resident the care and services 19 necessary to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being in accordance 20 21 with the resident assessment and plan of care. The resident 22 must receive sufficient appropriate services to prevent the 23 diminution of the ability to perform activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living. Clinical 24 decline which is unavoidable is excepted. However, the 25 26 individual clinical record must document that the clinical 27 decline was unavoidable. 28 (13) Provide the resident with an environment that 29 remains as free of accident hazards as is possible, and ensure 30 that the resident receives adequate supervision and assistance devices to prevent accidents.

1 (14) Maintain a quality assurance process which 2 utilizes a quality assurance committee. The committee shall 3 include, at a minimum, the medical director, the director of 4 nursing, and three other employees. 5 (15) If the facility has more than 120 beds, employ a 6 qualified social worker on a full-time basis. For purposes of 7 this subsection, a qualified social worker is an individual 8 who has a bachelor's degree in social work or in a human services field, including, but not limited to, sociology, 9 special education, rehabilitation counseling, and psychology, 10 and has 1 year of supervised social work experience in a 11 12 health care setting working directly with individuals. 13 (16) Ensure that, during the first 90 days in the facility, the resident will be seen by a physician no less 14 15 than once every 30 days. After the first 90 days, the resident shall be seen by a physician, nurse practitioner, or 16 17 physician assistant no less than once every 60 days. 18 (17) Provide reasonable accommodations of individual 19 needs and preferences, except when to do so would endanger the health or safety of other residents or infringe on the rights 20 21 of another resident. 22 Section 4. Section 400.147, Florida Statutes, is 23 created to read: 400.147 Physician access. -- The facility shall assist 24 25 the resident in contacting his or her personal physician. 26 Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 400.19, Florida 27 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5), and new subsections 28 (4) and (6) are added to said section to read: 29 400.19 Right of entry and inspection. --30 (4) The agency shall evaluate the environment of the facility; conduct closed record reviews; review dietary

services; evaluate medication usage and storage; review the protection of residents' rights; assess the use of involuntary commitment for mental health treatment under s. 394.463 or s. 394.467, using criteria established by the agency, and coordinate facility licensing activities and responsibilities pursuant to subsection (2).

(6) The agency shall notify the State Long-Term Care
Ombudsman Council of findings of noncompliance and of
enforcement actions within 5 days after the agency finalizes
the statement of deficiencies for a facility.

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 400.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.23 Rules; criteria; Nursing Home Advisory Committee; evaluation and rating system; fee for review of plans.--

- (2) Pursuant to the intention of the Legislature, the agency, in consultation with the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services and the Department of Elderly Affairs, shall adopt and enforce rules to implement this part, which shall include reasonable and fair criteria in relation to:
- (b) The number and qualifications of all personnel, including management, medical, nursing, and other professional personnel, and nursing assistants, orderlies, and support personnel, having responsibility for any part of the care given residents. At minimum, the rules must require each facility to employ a registered nurse for at least 8 consecutive hours a day, 7 days a week.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 400.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0075 Complaint resolution procedures.--

(2) Upon referral from the district ombudsman council
the state ombudsman council shall assume the responsibility
for the disposition of the complaint. If a long-term care
facility fails to take action on a complaint found valid by
the state ombudsman council, the state council may:

(b) Recommend to the agency a series of facility reviews pursuant to s. 400.19(5)(4) to assure correction and nonrecurrence of conditions that give rise to complaints against a long-term care facility.

If the health, safety, welfare, or rights of the resident are in imminent danger, the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council shall seek immediate legal or administrative remedies to protect the resident.

Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 1997.

HOUSE SUMMARY

Revises certain rights of residents in nursing home facilities. Clarifies the definition of "discharge" and "transfer" with respect to such residents. Provides additional standards for administration and management of facilities. Requires facilities to assist residents in contacting their personal physicians. Expands oversight duties of the Agency for Health Care Administration. Requires the agency to notify the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council of facilities' noncompliance and agency enforcement actions. Requires nursing home facilities to employ a registered nurse for at least 8 consecutive hours a day. See bill for details.