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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AS FURTHER REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS BILL RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

BILL #: CS/CS/HB 3229

RELATING TO: Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions

SPONSOR(S): Committees on Finance and Taxation and Environmental Protection; and

Representatives Thrasher and others

COMPANION BILL(S): CS/SB 434 (s)

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

(1) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION YEAS 11 NAYS 0

(2) FINANCE AND TAXATION YEAS 15 NAYS 0

(3) GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

(4)

(5)

I. SUMMARY:

This bill provides a sales and use tax exemption for any facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery used primarily for the control or abatement of pollution or contaminants in manufacturing, processing, compounding, or producing for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location, or any structure, machinery, or equipment installed in the reconstruction or replacement of such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery. To qualify, such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery is required to meet the permitted conditions of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). A sales and use tax exemption is provided for equipment, machinery, or materials required by permit or law that are purchased for the monitoring, prevention, abatement, or control of pollution or contaminants at solid waste management facilities.

The total estimated fiscal impact upon General Revenue is (\$13.5) million for FY 1998-99 and (\$15.2) million for FY 1999-2000. There will be an insignificant impact on the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund. The estimated fiscal impact upon local governments is (\$2.2) million for FY 1998-99 and (\$2.4) million for FY 1999-2000. The total estimated fiscal impact for this bill is (\$15.7) million for FY 1998-99 and (\$17.6) million for FY 1999-2000.

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II. SUBSTANTIVE RESEARCH:

A. PRESENT SITUATION:

Presently, pollution control equipment is subject to sales tax, and tax exemptions do not exist for machinery and equipment used for controlling or abating pollution or contaminants. Equipment, machinery, or materials required by permit or law that are purchased for the monitoring, prevention, abatement, or control of pollution or contaminants at solid waste management facilities is subject to sales and use tax.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

A sales and use tax exemption is provided for any facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery used primarily for the control or abatement of pollution or contaminants in manufacturing, processing, compounding, or producing for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location, or any structure, machinery, or equipment installed in the reconstruction or replacement of such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery. To qualify, such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery is required to meet the permitted conditions of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

A sales and use tax exemption is provided for equipment, machinery, or materials required by permit or law that are purchased for the monitoring, prevention, abatement, or control of pollution or contaminants at solid waste management facilities.

C. APPLICATION OF PRINCIPLES:

- 1. Less Government:
 - a. Does the bill create, increase or reduce, either directly or indirectly:
 - (1) any authority to make rules or adjudicate disputes?

No.

(2) any new responsibilities, obligations or work for other governmental or private organizations or individuals?

No.

(3) any entitlement to a government service or benefit?

No.

b. If an agency or program is eliminated or reduced:

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(1) what responsibilities, costs and powers are passed on to another program, agency, level of government, or private entity?

N/A

(2) what is the cost of such responsibility at the new level/agency?

N/A

(3) how is the new agency accountable to the people governed?

N/A

2. Lower Taxes:

a. Does the bill increase anyone's taxes?

No.

b. Does the bill require or authorize an increase in any fees?

No.

c. Does the bill reduce total taxes, both rates and revenues?

Yes. The bill creates an exemption from sales, use and privilege taxes.

d. Does the bill reduce total fees, both rates and revenues?

No.

e. Does the bill authorize any fee or tax increase by any local government?

No.

3. Personal Responsibility:

a. Does the bill reduce or eliminate an entitlement to government services or subsidy?

No.

b. Do the beneficiaries of the legislation directly pay any portion of the cost of implementation and operation?

No.

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4. Individual Freedom:

a. Does the bill increase the allowable options of individuals or private organizations/associations to conduct their own affairs?

No.

b. Does the bill prohibit, or create new government interference with, any presently lawful activity?

No.

5. Family Empowerment:

- a. If the bill purports to provide services to families or children:
 - (1) Who evaluates the family's needs?

N/A

(2) Who makes the decisions?

N/A

(3) Are private alternatives permitted?

N/A

(4) Are families required to participate in a program?

N/A

(5) Are families penalized for not participating in a program?

N/A

b. Does the bill directly affect the legal rights and obligations between family members?

N/A

c. If the bill creates or changes a program providing services to families or children, in which of the following does the bill vest control of the program, either through direct participation or appointment authority:

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(1) parents and guardians?

N/A

(2) service providers?

N/A

(3) government employees/agencies?

N/A

D. STATUTE(S) AFFECTED:

Section 212.051 F.S.

E. SECTION-BY-SECTION RESEARCH:

<u>Section 1:</u> Amends section 212.051, F.S., to exempt from sales, use, or privilege taxes any facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery used primarily for the control or abatement of pollution or contaminants in manufacturing, processing, compounding, or producing for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location, or any structure or equipment installed in the reconstruction or replacement of such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery. To qualify for the exemption, such facility, device, fixture, equipment, or machinery is required to meet the permitted conditions of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Equipment, machinery, or material required by permit or law that are purchased for the monitoring, prevention, abatement, or control of pollution or contaminants at solid waste management facilities shall be also be exempt.

<u>Section 2:</u> Provides that the act shall take effect on July 1 of the year in which it is enacted.

III. FISCAL RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AGENCIES/STATE FUNDS:
 - 1. Non-recurring Effects:

None.

2. Recurring Effects:

Revenues

	<u>FY 98-99</u>	FY 99-2000
General Revenue Fund	(\$13.5M)	(\$15.2M)
Solid Waste Management Trust Fund	(*)	(*)

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Expenditures

None.

3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

None.

4. Total Revenues and Expenditures:

Revenues

	FY 98-99	FY 99-2000
General Revenue Fund	(\$13.5M)	(\$15.2M)
Solid Waste Management Trust Fund	(*)	(*)

^{*} Insignificant fiscal impact.

Expenditures

None.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AS A WHOLE:

1. Non-recurring Effects:

None.

2. Recurring Effects:

Revenues

	<u>FY 98-99</u> <u>F</u>	Y 99-2000
Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Sales Tax	(\$1.3M) (\$0.9M)	(\$1.4M) (\$1.0M)
Total	(\$2.2M)	(\$2.4M)

Expenditures

None.

^{*} Insignificant fiscal impact.

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3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

1. Direct Private Sector Costs:

None.

2. <u>Direct Private Sector Benefits</u>:

The private sector will benefit by paying less sales or use tax due to the exemption. If the exemption induces facilities to improve or modify their processes or install new pollution control equipment, Department of Environmental Protection emission and discharge fees may be reduced, and industry regulatory liability due to the reduction in generation of regulated pollutants may be reduced.

3. Effects on Competition, Private Enterprise and Employment Markets:

This bill may increase a company's ability to compete with foreign and domestic companies due to increased efficiency and lower costs.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

This bill does not require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditures of funds.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

Although the bill will reduce the authority of municipalities and counties to raise revenues due to the reduction in the amount of the Local Option Sales Tax, the impact is expected to be insignificant and the bill is therefore exempt from the provisions of Article VII, Section 18(b), Florida Constitution.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

While the bill will reduce the amount of the Local Government Half Cent Sales Tax shared with municipalities and counties, it does not reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with municipalities and counties. Therefore, Article VII, Section 18(b), Florida Constitution does not apply.

V.	COMMENTS:	
	None.	
VI.	AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	E CHANGES:
	On February 4, 1998, the Committee on Enviror substitute to HB 3229. One amendment, with an adopted which removed the language that include equipment as eligible for the sales tax exemption requirement that the DEP certify all processes, to Department of Revenue in order to be exempt, qualify all equipment, devices, machinery, and for the DEP. This amendment was anticipated to refiscal impact.	n amendment to the amendment, was ded processes and pollution prevention n. The amendment also removed the facilities, equipment, and machinery to the The amendment does require that in order to acilities must meet permitted conditions of
	On March 5, 1998, the Committee on Finance a to CS/HB 3229. An amendment was adopted the equipment, machinery, or materials required by monitoring, prevention, abatement, or control of management facilities.	eat added a sales and use tax exemption for permit or law that are purchased for the
VII.	SIGNATURES:	
	COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECT Prepared by:	TION: _egislative Research Director:
	Chris Flack	Wayne S. Kiger
	AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINAN Prepared by:	CE AND TAXATION: Legislative Research Director:
	Lynne Overton	Keith G. Baker, Ph.D.

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AS FURTHER REVISED BY THE CO	MMITTEE ON GENERAL GOVERNMENT
Prepared by:	Legislative Research Director:
Jenny Underwood Dietzel	Cynthia P. Kelly

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