HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION REFORM BILL RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

BILL #: CS/HB 3269

RELATING TO: Special Districts

SPONSOR(S): Committee on Community Affairs and Representative Gay

COMPANION BILL(S): SB 1032(i)

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) COMMUNITY AFFAIRS YEAS 6 NAYS 0
- (2) ELECTION REFORM YEAS 6 NAYS 0
- (3)
- (4)
- (5)

I. <u>SUMMARY</u>:

The bill requires that for independent districts, created by counties or municipalities, with ad valorem taxing powers, the same procedure required to grant such independent districts taxing power (approval by electorate) must also be used to dissolve or merge the district.

The bill provides candidates for governing boards of *single and multi-county* special districts must qualify by either paying a fee (minimum of \$25 or 3% of the salary or honorarium paid for the office) or by the alternative petition method requiring 3% of the district's registered electors or any lesser amount of signatures as provided by other chapters or special acts.

The bill amends the provision relating to the date and circumstance of legislative codification of independent special districts' charters. This bill provides that the Legislature may adopt a schedule for the codification process. This bill also removes the requirement that no substantive changes be made to a district's charter, as it exists on October 1, 1997, in the codification.

The bill authorizes special districts to offer extra compensation programs including lump sum bonus payments to reward outstanding employees, as long as the bonus is not included in the employees' regular base rate of pay and is not carried forward in subsequent years.

This bill has no fiscal impact on the state budget.

II. SUBSTANTIVE RESEARCH:

PRESENT SITUATION:

Chapter 189, Florida Statutes, defines a "special district" as a local unit of special purpose, as opposed to general-purpose, government within a limited boundary. Special districts are created by general law, special act, local ordinance, or by rule of the Governor and Cabinet. Special districts' services range from providing for roads, drainage and water systems to fire control, housing and urban development, health facilities, juvenile welfare, libraries, jails, ports and airports, mosquito control, and beach preservation. Section 189.403, Florida Statutes, provides the criteria for designating a special district as either dependent or independent.

Merger and Dissolution Procedures

Currently, section 189.4042, Florida Statutes, provides that if an independent district was created by a county or municipality, the county or municipality that created it may merge or dissolve the district.

Candidate Qualification

Section 189.405, Florida Statutes, provides the requirements for governing board elections and candidate qualification. Currently, candidates may pay a \$25 filing fee or submit a petition containing signatures of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors. This provision applies to single county and multi-county independent special districts (not including districts conducting elections on a one-acre, one-vote basis). Elections are non-partisan except where a district's charter provides otherwise. Also, no election or party assessment is levied if the election is non-partisan.

Currently, section 99.092, Florida Statutes, provides that candidates qualifying for nomination or election to any office on a partisan basis (does not provide for non-partisan qualifying), except a write-in candidate and a candidate utilizing the petition process, pay a qualifying fee, election assessment and any party assessment levied. These funds are paid to the officer with whom the person qualifies. The filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office. The election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The party assessment, if applicable in cases of special districts, is 2 percent of the annual salary. (Some special district governing board positions are non-compensable positions).

Section 99.095, Florida Statutes, provides that a multi-county candidate desiring to qualify by petition for a **partisan** governing board position, must garner signatures of at least 3 percent of the total number of registered electors *of the district represented by the office* sought who are registered in the party by which the candidate seeks nomination. Also, section 582.18, Florida Statutes, currently provides that candidates for soil and water conservation districts may be nominated by petition of 25 or more qualified electors of the district. This applies to single and multi-county districts.

Individual districts' charters may provide individualized qualifying and may provide for partisan elections.

Codification of Special Districts' Charters

The 1997 Legislature amended chapter 189, Florida Statutes, to provide for codification of special districts' charters (including fire control districts), either by December 1, 2001, or when any act relating to such district is introduced to the Legislature, whichever occurs first. In addition, section 189.429, Florida Statutes, requires that no changes be made to a district's charter as it exists on October 1, 1997, in the codifying legislation. However, in the 1997 interim, some districts expressed the need to request substantive changes to their charters but because of the number of amendments (special acts) to their charters, they do not have time to codify.

As a result, the Chair of the Committee on Community Affairs issued a Memorandum on October 3, 1997, explaining the policy of the Committee for charter codifications for the 1998 Legislative Session. In part the Memorandum states:

- 1. Although two bills are preferable (one to codify and one to accomplish the substantive change), the House Committee on Community Affairs will accept one bill (containing the codification and substantive change).
- 2. The substantive change, if included in the codifying local bill, **must be advertised** clearly and concisely, i.e.," a substantive change to the charter is being sought affecting membership of the Board," or whatever change(s) is applicable.
- 3. If a substantive change is needed to a District's charter this Session, but codification is too large a task to accomplish at the same time, the Committee will hear bills for any substantive changes that a legislative delegation deems necessary.
- 4. The Committee will accept voluntary charter codifications from any district for the 1998 Legislative Session. A schedule for submitting the codifying charter is attached and is based on the number of special acts a district currently enjoys. The attached proposed schedule of submittals is based on an extended deadline of 2004, which must be accomplished legislatively. The Committee will have a bill to address this issue during the 1998 Legislative Session. Keep in mind, if they choose to do so, a district may submit its codification earlier than the proposed schedule indicates.

PROPOSED SCHEDULE OF SUBMITTALS OF SPECIAL DISTRICTS' CODIFIED CHARTERS

ENTITY

Any special district

PROPOSED DEADLINE

Voluntary for the 1998 Legislative Session

Special Districts with 2

special acts (45 districts)	1999 Legislative Session
Special Districts with 3 or 4 special acts (63 districts)	2000 Legislative Session
Special Fire Control Districts (47 districts)	2001 Legislative Session
Special Districts with 5, 6 or 7 special acts (53 districts)	2002 Legislative Session
Special Districts with 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 special acts (56 districts)	2003 Legislative Session
Special Districts with 13 or more (54 districts)	2004 Legislative Session

Extra Compensation

The 1992 Legislature authorized cities and counties to offer extra compensation to outstanding employees, including lump-sum bonuses. The bonuses must not be included in an employee's regular base rate of pay and may not be carried forward in subsequent years. The law already allowed the Department of Management Services (DMS) to offer extra compensation to state employees in the senior management group. Section 15, of chapter 97-256, Laws of Florida, authorized fire control district boards to offer similar extra compensation programs to outstanding employees with the same restrictions.

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill also requires that for independent districts, created by counties or municipalities, with ad valorem taxing powers, the same procedure required to grant such independent districts taxing power (approval by electorate) must also be used to dissolve or merge the district.

This bill provides that candidates for governing boards of single-county and multicounty special districts (not including districts conducting elections on a one-acre, one-vote basis) must qualify by either paying a fee (minimum of \$25 or 3% of the salary or honorarium paid for the office) or by the alternative petition method requiring 3% of the district's registered electors or any lesser amount of signatures as provided by other chapters or special acts.

The bill also amends the provision relating to the date and circumstance of the process of legislative codification of independent special districts' charters. The bill provides that the Legislature may adopt a schedule for the codification process. The bill also removes the requirement that no substantive changes be made to a district's charter as it exists on October 1, 1997, in the codification.

The effects of these changes are: (1) to allow the Legislature to manage the workload of special district charter codifications in a more efficient manner by scheduling the submission of the codifications; and (2) to allow those districts needing substantive changes to charters to apply to the 1998 Legislature for those changes even if time constraints prohibit codification.

The bill authorizes special districts to offer extra compensation programs including lump sum bonus payments to reward outstanding employees, as long as the bonus is not included in the employees' regular base rate of pay and is not carried forward in subsequent years. Counties and municipalities may adopt ordinances providing a similar program for their employees. The Department of Management Services is authorized to adopt rules to provide extra compensation to senior management employees. Chapter 191.006, Florida Statutes, currently authorizes fire control district boards to provide for extra compensation programs, including lump-sum bonus payments.

B. APPLICATION OF PRINCIPLES:

- 1. Less Government:
 - a. Does the bill create, increase or reduce, either directly or indirectly:
 - (1) any authority to make rules or adjudicate disputes?

N/A

(2) any new responsibilities, obligations or work for other governmental or private organizations or individuals?

N/A

(3) any entitlement to a government service or benefit?

N/A

- b. If an agency or program is eliminated or reduced:
 - (1) what responsibilities, costs and powers are passed on to another program, agency, level of government, or private entity?

N/A

(2) what is the cost of such responsibility at the new level/agency?

(3) how is the new agency accountable to the people governed?N/A

2. Lower Taxes:

a. Does the bill increase anyone's taxes?

N/A

b. Does the bill require or authorize an increase in any fees?

N/A

c. Does the bill reduce total taxes, both rates and revenues?

N/A

d. Does the bill reduce total fees, both rates and revenues?

N/A

- Does the bill authorize any fee or tax increase by any local government?
 N/A
- 3. Personal Responsibility:
 - a. Does the bill reduce or eliminate an entitlement to government services or subsidy?

N/A

b. Do the beneficiaries of the legislation directly pay any portion of the cost of implementation and operation?

N/A

- 4. Individual Freedom:
 - a. Does the bill increase the allowable options of individuals or private organizations/associations to conduct their own affairs?

b. Does the bill prohibit, or create new government interference with, any presently lawful activity?

N/A

- 5. Family Empowerment:
 - a. If the bill purports to provide services to families or children:
 - (1) Who evaluates the family's needs?

N/A

(2) Who makes the decisions?

N/A

(3) Are private alternatives permitted?

N/A

(4) Are families required to participate in a program?

N/A

(5) Are families penalized for not participating in a program?

N/A

b. Does the bill directly affect the legal rights and obligations between family members?

N/A

- c. If the bill creates or changes a program providing services to families or children, in which of the following does the bill vest control of the program, either through direct participation or appointment authority:
 - (1) parents and guardians?

(2) service providers?

N/A

(3) government employees/agencies?

N/A

C. STATUTE(S) AFFECTED:

Sections 189.4042, 189.405, 189.429, 191.006, 215.425, Florida Statutes, and Section 15 of chapter 97-256, Laws of Florida.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION RESEARCH:

Section 1 -- Amends subsection (2) of section 189.4042, Florida Statutes, providing that independent special districts created by counties or municipalities, that have ad valorem taxation powers, be merged or dissolved pursuant to the same procedure used to create the district (referendum).

Section 2 -- Amends paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 189.405, Florida Statutes, to provide that candidates qualifying by filing fee must pay either \$25 or 3 percent of the salary or honorarium paid for the office, whichever is more. In the alternative, candidates may qualify by submitting a petition containing the signatures of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors or any lesser amount as directed by either chapter 99, 582 or other general or special law.

Section 3 -- Amends section 189.429, Florida Statutes, altering the date and circumstance of legislative codification of independent special districts' charters; provides that the Legislature may adopt a schedule for the codification process; removes the requirement that no substantive changes be made to a district's charter as it exists on October 1, 1997, in the codification.

Section 4 -- Amends section 15 of chapter 97-256, Laws of Florida, altering the date and circumstance of the completion of legislative codification of independent fire control districts' charters; provides that the Legislature may adopt a schedule for the codification process.

Section 5 -- Amends section 215.425, Florida Statutes, to provide that special districts may offer extra compensation programs including lump sum bonus payments to reward outstanding employees, as long as the bonus is not included in the employees' regular base rate of pay and is not carried forward in subsequent years.

Section 6 -- Amends subsection (2) of section 191.006, Florida Statutes, to conform this section with the changes initiated by adopting amendment # 2.

Section 7 -- Provides for an effective date of upon becoming a law.

III. FISCAL RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AGENCIES/STATE FUNDS:

1. Non-recurring Effects:

N/A

2. <u>Recurring Effects</u>:

N/A

- Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth: N/A
- 4. Total Revenues and Expenditures:

N/A

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AS A WHOLE:
 - 1. <u>Non-recurring Effects</u>:

N/A

2. <u>Recurring Effects</u>:

N/A

3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

N/A

- C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
 - 1. Direct Private Sector Costs:

N/A

2. Direct Private Sector Benefits:

3. Effects on Competition, Private Enterprise and Employment Markets:

N/A

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

N/A

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

This bill does not require cities or counties to spend money of take action that requires expenditure of money.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

This bill does not reduce the revenue raising authority of counties or municipalities.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

This bill does not reduce the total aggregate city or county percentage share of a state tax below February 1, 1989 levels.

V. COMMENTS:

None.

VI. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:

The Committee on Community Affairs met on January 7, 1998 and considered the bill with four amendments. The Committee subsequently adopted a committee substitute. The committee substitute differs from the introduced bill as follows:

Amendment #1 requires that for independent districts, created by counties or municipalities, with ad valorem taxing powers, the same procedure required to grant such independent districts taxing power (approval by electorate) must also be used to dissolve or merge the district.

Amendment #2 amends section 215.425, Florida Statutes, by authorizing special districts to offer extra compensation programs including lump sum bonus payments to reward outstanding employees, as long as the bonus is not included in the employees' regular base rate of pay and is not carried forward in subsequent years. Counties and municipalities may adopt ordinances providing a similar program for their employees. The Department of Management Services is authorized to adopt rules to provide extra compensation to senior management employees.

Amendment # 3 amends section 1 of the bill to provide candidates for governing boards of *single county* special districts qualify by either paying a fee (minimum of \$25 or 3% of the salary or honorarium paid for the office) or by the alternative petition method requiring 3% of the district's registered electors or any lesser amount of signatures as provided by other chapters or special acts.

Amendment # 4 amends section 1 of the bill with the same language applying to *multi-county* special districts.

VII. SIGNATURES:

COMMITTEE ON COMMUNITY AFFAIRS: Prepared by:

Legislative Research Director:

Joan E. Highsmith-Smith

Joan E. Highsmith-Smith

AS REVISED BY THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION REFORM: Prepared by: Legislative Research Director:

Clay Roberts

Clay Roberts