1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to capital punishment; 3 abolishing the death penalty; providing for 4 resentencing of certain persons previously 5 sentenced to death; providing penalties for 6 such persons of life imprisonment without 7 eligibility for parole; amending s. 775.082, 8 F.S., relating to penalties; eliminating the 9 death penalty as an alternative to life 10 imprisonment without eligibility for parole in capital cases; providing penalties; amending s. 11 775.084, F.S., relating to violent career 12 13 criminals and habitual felony offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; conforming 14 15 language; removing provision relating to imposition of the death penalty; amending s. 16 17 775.15, F.S., relating to time limitations; 18 providing that crimes designated as capital 19 felonies shall be considered life felonies for 20 purposes of that section; conforming language; 21 amending s. 782.04, F.S., relating to murder; 22 conforming language; removing provision 23 relating to determination of death sentence; amending s. 790.161, F.S., relating to offenses 24 25 involving destructive devices; removing 26 provision relating to death penalty; providing 27 for resentencing of persons previously 28 sentenced to death; providing penalties; 29 amending s. 794.011, F.S., relating to sexual 30 battery; eliminating a cross reference to conform to changes made by the act; amending s.

1 893.135, F.S., relating to mandatory sentences 2 for trafficking offenses; eliminating cross 3 references to conform to changes made by the act; repealing s. 913.13, F.S., relating to 4 5 jurors in capital cases; repealing s. 921.141, 6 F.S., relating to proceedings to determine 7 whether death penalty is imposed for capital felonies; repealing s. 921.142, F.S., relating 8 9 to proceedings to determine whether death 10 penalty is imposed for capital drug trafficking felonies; repealing s. 922.07, F.S., relating 11 to proceedings when person under sentence of 12 13 death appears to be insane; amending s. 925.035, F.S., relating to appointment and 14 15 compensation of attorney in capital cases; conforming language; eliminating provisions 16 17 relating to appeals from judgments imposing the 18 death penalty; amending s. 948.01, F.S.; 19 prohibiting court placement of capital offender 20 on probation or into community control; 21 eliminating reference to offenses punishable by 22 death; repealing Rules 3.850, 3.851, and 3.852, 23 Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, relating to motion to vacate, set aside, or correct 24 sentence, collateral relief after death 25 26 sentence has been imposed, and capital 27 postconviction public records production, 28 respectively, to the extent of inconsistency with the act; providing a contingent effective 29 30 date.

WHEREAS, despite the restoration of capital punishment in this state, the death penalty has not been a cost-effective deterrent against the commission of capital offenses, and

WHEREAS, life imprisonment without eligibility for parole, to which courts already have sentenced numerous capital felons pursuant to s. 775.082(1), Florida Statutes, provides a more humane alternative to the death penalty for capital offenses, and

WHEREAS, execution of the sentence of life imprisonment without eligibility for parole also provides more opportunity to rectify miscarriages of justice in sentencing, in contrast to the death sentence which is irrevocable upon execution and cannot be undone even in cases of miscarriage of justice in execution, and

WHEREAS, making life imprisonment without eligibility for parole the exclusive punishment for capital offenses would effectively eliminate any potential for erroneous or arbitrary enforcement of the death penalty, and thereby foster uniform application of the law, even-handed administration of justice, and increased respect for the rule of law, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Death penalty abolished. --

- (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law or rule to the contrary, capital punishment by means of the death penalty is hereby abolished in this state. Under no circumstances shall a person be punished by death under the laws of this state or sentenced to death by a court of this state.
- (2) The court having jurisdiction over a person sentenced to death before the effective date of this act for

whom the death sentence has not yet been executed shall sentence such person to life imprisonment without eligibility for parole as provided in s. 775.082(1) and (2), Florida Statutes.

Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 775.082, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

775.082 Penalties; mandatory minimum sentences for certain reoffenders previously released from prison.--

- (1) A person who has been convicted of a capital felony shall be punished by death if the proceeding held to determine sentence according to the procedure set forth in s. 921.141 results in findings by the court that such person shall be punished by death, otherwise such person shall be punished by life imprisonment and shall be ineligible for parole.
- (2) In the event the death penalty in a capital felony is held to be unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court or the United States Supreme Court, The court having jurisdiction over a person previously sentenced to death for a capital felony shall cause such person to be brought before the court, and the court shall sentence such person to life imprisonment as provided in subsection (1).
- (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the operation of any statute of this state authorizing a trial court, in its discretion, to impose a sentence of imprisonment for an indeterminate period within minimum and maximum limits as provided by law, except as provided in subsection (1).
- (7) This section does not deprive the court of any authority conferred by law to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or cancel a license, remove a person from office, or

impose any other civil penalty. Such a judgment or order may be included in the sentence.

(9) The purpose of this section is to provide uniform punishment for those crimes made punishable under this section and, to this end, a reference to this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 3. Paragraph (h) of subsection (4) of section 775.084, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties.--

(4)

- (h) The provisions of this section do not apply to capital felonies, and a sentence authorized under this section does not preclude the imposition of the death penalty for a capital felony.
- (6) The purpose of this section is to provide uniform punishment for those crimes made punishable under this section, and to this end, a reference to this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 775.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.15 Time limitations.--

(1)(a) A prosecution for a capital felony, a life felony, or a felony that resulted in a death may be commenced at any time. A prosecution for a felony that resulted in injury to any person, when such felony arises from the use of a "destructive device," as defined in s. 790.001, may be commenced within 10 years. If the death penalty is held to be

```
unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court or the United
    States Supreme Court, All crimes designated as capital
 2
 3
    felonies shall be considered life felonies for the purposes of
 4
    this section, and prosecution for such crimes may be commenced
    at any time.
 5
 6
           Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 782.04, Florida
 7
    Statutes, is amended to read:
           782.04 Murder.--
 8
 9
            (1) (a) The unlawful killing of a human being:
          (a) When perpetrated from a premeditated design to
10
    effect the death of the person killed or any human being; or
11
12
           (b) When committed by a person engaged in the
13
    perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any:
            1.a. Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),
14
15
            2.b. Arson,
            3.<del>c.</del> Sexual battery,
16
17
           4.<del>d.</del> Robbery,
18
            5.<del>e.</del> Burglary,
           6.f. Kidnapping,
19
20
           7.<del>g.</del> Escape,
21
           8.h. Aggravated child abuse,
22
            9.i. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
23
    adult,
24
           10.<del>j.</del> Aircraft piracy,
           11.k. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
25
26
    destructive device or bomb,
27
           12.<del>1.</del> Carjacking,
28
           13.m. Home-invasion robbery,
           14.<del>n.</del> Aggravated stalking, or
29
30
          (c) 3. Which resulted from the unlawful distribution of
   any substance controlled under s. 893.03(1), cocaine as
```

described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or opium or any synthetic or natural salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium by a person 18 years of age or older, when such drug is proven to be the proximate cause of the death of the user,

is murder in the first degree and constitutes a capital felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082.

(b) In all cases under this section, the procedure set forth in s. 921.141 shall be followed in order to determine sentence of death or life imprisonment.

Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 790.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.161 Making, possessing, throwing, projecting, placing, or discharging any destructive device or attempt so to do, felony; penalties.—A person who willfully and unlawfully makes, possesses, throws, projects, places, discharges, or attempts to make, possess, throw, project, place, or discharge any destructive device:

(4) If the act results in the death of another person, commits a capital felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082. In the event the death penalty in a capital felony is held to be unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court or the United States Supreme Court, The court having jurisdiction over a person previously sentenced to death for a capital felony shall cause such person to be brought before the court, and the court shall sentence such person to life imprisonment if convicted of murder in the first degree or of a capital felony under this subsection, and such person shall be ineligible for parole.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 794.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

794.011 Sexual battery.--

(2)(a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age commits a capital felony, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}$ 775.082 and 921.141.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 893.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking.--

- (1) Except as authorized in this chapter or in chapter 499 and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 893.13:
- (a) Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, in excess of 50 pounds of cannabis commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cannabis." If the quantity of cannabis involved:
- 1. Is in excess of 50 pounds, but less than 2,000 pounds, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$25,000.
- 2. Is 2,000 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 pounds, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- 3. Is 10,000 pounds or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$200,000.
- (b)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27 28

29

30

more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or of any mixture containing cocaine, but less than 150 kilograms of cocaine or any such mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cocaine." If the quantity involved:

- Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- Is 400 grams or more, but less than 150 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 150 kilograms or more, but less than 300 kilograms, of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., commits the first degree felony of trafficking in cocaine. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in cocaine under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:
- The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the 31 result; or

b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in cocaine, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}$ 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- 3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 300 kilograms or more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person, commits capital importation of cocaine, a capital felony punishable as provided in s.ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (c)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 4 grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, but less than 30 kilograms of such substance or mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.

- b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000.
- Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 30 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 30 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any mixture containing any such substance, commits the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:
- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

29

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

2728

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in illegal drugs, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}$ 775.082 and $\underline{\text{921.142}}$. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- 3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 60 kilograms or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 60 kilograms or more of any mixture containing any such substance, and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person, commits capital importation of illegal drugs, a capital felony punishable as provided in s.ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (d)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in phencyclidine." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.

- c. Is 400 grams or more, but less than 800 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 800 grams or more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of phencyclidine, a capital felony punishable as provided in s. ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (e)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 200 grams or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in methaqualone." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 5 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 5 kilograms or more, but less than 25 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 25 kilograms or more, but less than 50 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 50 kilograms or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing

methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of methaqualone, a capital felony punishable as provided in <u>s.</u> <u>ss.</u>775.082 <u>and 921.142</u>. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- (f)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 14 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in amphetamine." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- Any person who knowingly brings into this state 400 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s.
 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s.
 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or

methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of amphetamine, a capital felony punishable as provided in <u>s.</u> <u>ss.</u>775.082 <u>and 921.142</u>. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- (g)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in flunitrazepam." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 4 grams or more but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 14 grams or more but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 30 kilograms or more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits the first degree felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam. A person

who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:

- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}775.082$ and $\underline{\text{921.142}}$. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

Section 9. Effective October 1, 1998, subsection (1) of section 893.135, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 97-194, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking.--

- (1) Except as authorized in this chapter or in chapter 499 and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 893.13:
- (a) Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, in excess of 50 pounds of cannabis commits a felony of the first degree,

which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cannabis." If the quantity of cannabis involved:

- 1. Is in excess of 50 pounds, but less than 2,000 pounds, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$25,000.
- 2. Is 2,000 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 pounds, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- 3. Is 10,000 pounds or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$200,000.
- (b)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or of any mixture containing cocaine, but less than 150 kilograms of cocaine or any such mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cocaine." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 400 grams or more, but less than 150 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 29 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases,
 30 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is
 31 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 150

kilograms or more, but less than 300 kilograms, of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., commits the first degree felony of trafficking in cocaine. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in cocaine under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:

- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in cocaine, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}775.082$ and $\underline{\text{921.142}}$. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph

shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 300 kilograms or more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person, commits capital importation of cocaine, a capital felony punishable as provided in $\underline{s.ss.}775.082$ and $\underline{921.142}$. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- (c)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 4 grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, but less than 30 kilograms of such substance or mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 30 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 30 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any mixture containing any such substance, commits the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking

in illegal drugs under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:

- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in illegal drugs, punishable as provided in $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}775.082$ and $\underline{921.142}$. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 60 kilograms or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 60 kilograms or more of any mixture containing any such substance, and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person, commits capital importation of illegal drugs, a capital felony punishable as provided in s.ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- (d)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in phencyclidine." If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 400 grams or more, but less than 800 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 800 grams or more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of phencyclidine, a capital felony punishable as provided in s. ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (e)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 200 grams or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), commits a

felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in methaqualone." If the quantity involved:

- a. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 5 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 5 kilograms or more, but less than 25 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 25 kilograms or more, but less than 50 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 50 kilograms or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of methaqualone, a capital felony punishable as provided in s. ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (f)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 14 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, commits a felony of the

first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in amphetamine." If the quantity involved:

- a. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 400 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of amphetamine, a capital felony punishable as provided in s. ss.775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.
- (g)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in flunitrazepam." If the quantity involved:

- a. Is 4 grams or more but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing quidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 14 grams or more but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000.
- 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 30 kilograms or more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits the first degree felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:
- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam, punishable as provided in <u>s.ss.</u>775.082 and

1 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine 2 3 provided under subparagraph 1. 4 Section 10. Section 913.13, Florida Statutes, is 5 hereby repealed. 6 Section 11. Section 921.141, Florida Statutes, is 7 hereby repealed. 8 Section 12. Section 921.142, Florida Statutes, is 9 hereby repealed. 10 Section 13. Section 922.07, Florida Statutes, is 11 hereby repealed. 12 Section 14. Section 925.035, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 14 925.035 Appointment and compensation of an attorney in 15 capital cases; appeals from judgments imposing the death penalty.--16 (1) If the court determines that the defendant in a 17 18 capital case is insolvent and desires counsel, it shall 19 appoint a public defender to represent the defendant. If the public defender appointed to represent two or more defendants 20 21 found to be insolvent determines that neither the public defender nor her or his staff can counsel all of the accused 23 without conflict of interest, it shall be the public defender's duty to move the court to appoint one or more 24 members of The Florida Bar, who are in no way affiliated with 25 the public defender in her or his capacity as such or in her 26 27 or his private practice, to represent those accused. 28 attorney shall be allowed compensation, as provided for in s. 29 925.036 for representing a defendant. 30 (2) If the defendant is convicted and the death

appeal to the Supreme Court. The attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036. If the attorney first appointed is unable to prosecute the appeal, the court shall appoint another attorney and the attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036.

(2)(3) If there is a second trial of the same case, the appointed attorney shall be compensated as provided for in s. 925.036.

on appeal to the Supreme Court, the appointed attorney shall be allowed compensation, not to exceed \$1,000, for attorney's fees and costs incurred in representing the defendant as to an application for executive clemency, such compensation to be paid out of general revenue from funds budgeted to the Department of Corrections. The public defender or an attorney appointed pursuant to this section may be appointed by the trial court that rendered the judgment imposing the death penalty, to represent an indigent defendant who has applied for executive clemency as relief from the execution of the judgment imposing the death penalty.

(3) (5) When the appointed attorney in a capital case has completed the duties imposed by this section, the attorney shall file a written report in the trial court stating the duties performed by her or him and apply for discharge.

(4)(6) All compensation and costs provided for in this section, except as provided in subsection (4), shall be paid by the county in which the trial is held unless the trial was moved to that county on the ground that a fair and impartial trial could not be held in another county, in which event the compensation and costs shall be paid by the original county from which the cause was removed.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 948.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or into community control.--

(1) Any court of the state having original jurisdiction of criminal actions may at a time to be determined by the court, either with or without an adjudication of the guilt of the defendant, hear and determine the question of the probation of a defendant in a criminal case, except for a capital an offense punishable by death, who has been found guilty by the verdict of a jury, has entered a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere, or has been found guilty by the court trying the case without a jury. If the court places the defendant on probation or into community control for a felony, the department shall provide immediate supervision by an officer employed in compliance with the minimum qualifications for officers as provided in s. 943.13. In no circumstances shall a private entity provide probationary or supervision services to felony or misdemeanor offenders sentenced or placed on probation or other supervision by the circuit court.

Section 16. Rules 3.850, 3.851, and 3.852, Florida
Rules of Criminal Procedure, are hereby repealed to the extent
that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Section 17. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, except that section 16 shall take effect only if this act is passed by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

29

1

2

3

4

6 7

8

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

30

********** HOUSE SUMMARY Abolishes the death penalty. Provides for resentencing of certain persons previously sentenced to death. Provides penalties for such persons of life imprisonment without eligibility for parole. Provides for crimes designated as capital felonies to be considered life felonies for purposes of specified provisions relating to time limitations. Revises or repeals numerous provisions, to conform to changes made by the act. Repeals Rules 3.850, 3.851, and 3.852, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, relating to motion to vacate, set aside, or correct sentence, collateral relief after death sentence has been imposed, and capital postconviction public records production, respectively, to the extent that the rules are inconsistent with the act. See bill for details.