1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to offenders under correctional
3	supervision; amending s. 947.1405, F.S.,
4	relating to conditional release; providing that
5	a conditional releasee must submit to searches
б	of his or her person, property, or residence as
7	requested by a correctional probation officer;
8	reenacting s. 775.084(4)(i), F.S., relating to
9	habitual felony offenders and habitual violent
10	felony offenders, to incorporate said amendment
11	in a reference; amending s. 947.18, F.S.,
12	relating to conditions of parole; providing
13	that a parolee must submit to searches of his
14	or her person, property, or residence as
15	requested by a correctional probation officer;
16	amending s. 947.22, F.S.; providing for
17	issuance of arrest warrant for a parole
18	violator by a correctional probation officer,
19	under specified circumstances; authorizing a
20	correctional probation officer to arrest
21	without warrant a parolee, control releasee, or
22	conditional releasee, or to search or request
23	search by a law enforcement officer of the
24	parolee or releasee's person, property, or
25	residence, under specified circumstances if
26	there are reasonable grounds to believe a
27	violation has occurred or if there are
28	reasonable grounds to believe the parolee or
29	releasee possesses prohibited items; providing
30	that evidence is admissible at a hearing for
31	violation of supervision even if no reasonable

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1	ground for seizure exists; amending s. 948.03,
2	F.S., relating to probation and community
3	control; requiring a probationer or community
4	controllee on supervision to submit to certain
5	searches of his or her person, property, or
б	residence; requiring notice to offender to be
7	provided; prohibiting a probationer or
8	community controllee from having "contact," as
9	defined, with the victim unless authorized by
10	the court; reenacting s. 947.23(6), F.S.,
11	relating to action of Parole Commission upon
12	arrest of parolee, s. 948.001(5), F.S.,
13	relating to definition of "probation" with
14	respect to chapter 948, F.S., and s. 958.03(4),
15	F.S., relating to definition of "probation"
16	with respect to specified provisions in chapter
17	958, F.S., to incorporate said amendment in
18	references; amending s. 948.06, F.S., relating
19	to violations of probation or community
20	control; authorizing law enforcement officers
21	and probation or community control officers to
22	search without a warrant the person, property,
23	or residence of any of specified offenders
24	under certain circumstances; limiting authority
25	for searches of residences; requiring report
26	when residence is searched; defining reasonable
27	grounds; prohibiting the exclusion or
28	suppression of evidence from trials for
29	subsequent offenses by offenders on probation,
30	parole, conditional release, or community
31	control under certain circumstances when there
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1	were "reasonable grounds," to believe that at	
2	the time of the search the offender violated	
3	the law or the terms of supervision; providing	
4	that evidence is admissible at a hearing for	
5	violation of supervision even if no reasonable	
6	ground for seizure exists; prohibiting the	
7	exclusion or suppression of evidence from	
8	hearings for violation of supervision of	
9	offenders on probation, parole, conditional	
10	release, or community control; reenacting s.	
11	948.01(9), (11)(b), and (13)(b), F.S., relating	
12	to circumstances when a court may place a	
13	defendant on probation or into community	
14	control, and s. 958.14, F.S., relating to	
15	violation of probation or community control	
16	program, to incorporate said amendment in	
17	references; providing an effective date.	
18		
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	
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21	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 947.1405, Florida	
22	Statutes, is amended to read:	
23	947.1405 Conditional release program	
24	(1) This section and s. 947.141 may be cited as the	
25	"Conditional Release Program Act."	
26	(2) Any inmate who:	
27	(a) Is convicted of a crime committed on or after	
28	October 1, 1988, and before January 1, 1994, and any inmate	
29	who is convicted of a crime committed on or after January 1,	
30	1994, which crime is or was contained in category 1, category	
31	2, category 3, or category 4 of Rule 3.701 and Rule 3.988,	
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		

Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure (1993), and who has served 1 at least one prior felony commitment at a state or federal 2 3 correctional institution; 4 (b) Is sentenced as a habitual or violent habitual 5 offender or a violent career criminal pursuant to s. 775.084; 6 or 7 (c) Is found to be a sexual predator under s. 775.21 8 or former s. 775.23, 9 shall, upon reaching the tentative release date or provisional 10 release date, whichever is earlier, as established by the 11 12 Department of Corrections, be released under supervision subject to specified terms and conditions, including payment 13 14 of the cost of supervision pursuant to s. 948.09. Such 15 supervision shall be applicable to all sentences within the overall term of sentences if an inmate's overall term of 16 17 sentences includes one or more sentences that are eligible for conditional release supervision as provided herein. Effective 18 19 July 1, 1994, and applicable for offenses committed on or 20 after that date, the commission may require, as a condition of conditional release, that the releasee make payment of the 21 22 debt due and owing to a county or municipal detention facility 23 under s. 951.032 for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation received by the releasee while in that 24 detention facility. The commission, in determining whether to 25 26 order such repayment and the amount of such repayment, shall consider the amount of the debt, whether there was any fault 27 of the institution for the medical expenses incurred, the 28 29 financial resources of the releasee, the present and potential future financial needs and earning ability of the releasee, 30 and dependents, and other appropriate factors. If an inmate 31

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has received a term of probation or community control 1 2 supervision to be served after release from incarceration, the 3 period of probation or community control must be substituted 4 for the conditional release supervision. A panel of no fewer 5 than two commissioners shall establish the terms and б conditions of any such release. If the offense was a 7 controlled substance violation, the conditions shall include a requirement that the offender submit to random substance abuse 8 9 testing intermittently throughout the term of conditional release supervision, upon the direction of the correctional 10 probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(3). Regardless of 11 12 the offense, the offender must consent to a search of his or her person, property, or residence as requested by the 13 14 correctional probation officer. The commission shall also determine whether the terms and conditions of such release 15 have been violated and whether such violation warrants 16 revocation of the conditional release. 17 Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the 18 19 amendment to s. 947.1405, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (i) of subsection (4) of section 775.084, 20 21 Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony 22 23 offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties.--24 25 (4) 26 (i) The provisions of s. 947.1405 shall apply to persons sentenced as habitual felony offenders and persons 27 sentenced as habitual violent felony offenders. 28 29 Section 3. Section 947.18, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 5

947.18 Conditions of parole.--No person shall be 1 2 placed on parole merely as a reward for good conduct or 3 efficient performance of duties assigned in prison. No person 4 shall be placed on parole until and unless the commission finds that there is reasonable probability that, if the person 5 6 is placed on parole, he or she will live and conduct himself 7 or herself as a respectable and law-abiding person and that 8 the person's release will be compatible with his or her own 9 welfare and the welfare of society. No person shall be placed on parole unless and until the commission is satisfied that he 10 or she will be suitably employed in self-sustaining employment 11 12 or that he or she will not become a public charge. The commission shall determine the terms upon which such person 13 14 shall be granted parole. If the person's conviction was for a controlled substance violation, one of the conditions must be 15 that the person submit to random substance abuse testing 16 17 intermittently throughout the term of supervision, upon the direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in 18 19 s. 943.10(3). Regardless of the offense, the offender must 20 consent to a search of his or her person, property, or 21 residence as requested by the correctional probation officer. 22 In addition to any other lawful condition of parole, the 23 commission may make the payment of the debt due and owing to the state under s. 960.17 or the payment of the attorney's 24 fees and costs due and owing to a county under s. 938.29 a 25 26 condition of parole subject to modification based on change of circumstances. 27 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 947.22, 28 29 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 947.22 Authority to arrest and search parole violators 30 with or without warrant .--31 6

(1) If a member of the commission or a duly authorized 1 2 representative of the commission has reasonable grounds to 3 believe that a parolee has violated the terms and conditions 4 of her or his parole in a material respect, such member or 5 representative may issue a warrant for the arrest of such 6 The warrant shall be returnable before a member of parolee. 7 the commission or a duly authorized representative of the 8 commission. The commission, a commissioner, or a parole 9 examiner with approval of the parole examiner supervisor, may release the parolee on bail or her or his own recognizance, 10 conditioned upon her or his appearance at any hearings noticed 11 12 by the commission. If not released on bail or her or his own recognizance, the parolee shall be committed to jail pending 13 14 hearings pursuant to s. 947.23. The commission, at its 15 election, may have the hearing conducted by one or more commissioners or by a duly authorized representative of the 16 17 commission. Any correctional probation officer parole and 18 probation officer, any officer authorized to serve criminal 19 process, or any peace officer of this state is authorized to execute the warrant. 20 21 (2) Any correctional probation officer parole and probation officer, when she or he has reasonable ground to 22 23 believe that a parolee, control releasee, or conditional releasee has violated the terms and conditions of her or his 24 25 parole, control release, or conditional release in a material 26 respect, has the right to arrest the release or parolee without warrant and bring her or him forthwith before one or 27 28 more commissioners or a duly authorized representative of the 29 Parole Commission or Control Release Authority; and proceedings shall thereupon be had as provided herein when a 30 warrant has been issued by a member of the commission or 31

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authority or a duly authorized representative of the 1 2 commission or authority. When any correctional probation 3 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a parolee, 4 control releasee, or conditional releasee has violated the 5 terms and conditions of her or his parole, control release, or 6 conditional release in a material respect or is in possession 7 of contraband or other items that the person is prohibited 8 from possessing, the correctional probation officer may search 9 the person, property, or residence of the parolee or releasee or request a law enforcement officer to do the same. However, 10 if a correctional probation officer conducts a search without 11 12 reasonable grounds, the evidence seized may only be admitted at a hearing for a violation of supervision. 13 14 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 948.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 948.03 Terms and conditions of probation or community 17 control.--(1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions 18 19 of probation or community control. Conditions specified in paragraphs (a) through and including(o) (m) do not require 20 oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and may be 21 considered standard conditions of probation. Conditions 22 23 specified in paragraphs (a) through and including(o)(m) and 24 (2)(a) do not require oral pronouncement at sentencing and may be considered standard conditions of community control. These 25 26 conditions may include among them the following, that the 27 probationer or offender in community control shall: (a) Report to the probation and parole supervisors as 28 29 directed. (b) Permit such supervisors to visit him or her at his 30 or her home or elsewhere. 31 8 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. (c) Work faithfully at suitable employment insofar as
 may be possible.

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(d) Remain within a specified place.

4 (e) Make reparation or restitution to the aggrieved 5 party for the damage or loss caused by his or her offense in 6 an amount to be determined by the court. The court shall make 7 such reparation or restitution a condition of probation, 8 unless it determines that clear and compelling reasons exist 9 to the contrary. If the court does not order restitution, or orders restitution of only a portion of the damages, as 10 provided in s. 775.089, it shall state on the record in detail 11 12 the reasons therefor.

(f) Effective July 1, 1994, and applicable for 13 14 offenses committed on or after that date, make payment of the 15 debt due and owing to a county or municipal detention facility under s. 951.032 for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, 16 17 or transportation received by the felony probationer while in that detention facility. The court, in determining whether to 18 19 order such repayment and the amount of such repayment, shall consider the amount of the debt, whether there was any fault 20 of the institution for the medical expenses incurred, the 21 financial resources of the felony probationer, the present and 22 23 potential future financial needs and earning ability of the 24 probationer, and dependents, and other appropriate factors. (g) Support his or her legal dependents to the best of 25

26 his or her ability.

27 (h) Make payment of the debt due and owing to the
28 state under s. 960.17, subject to modification based on change
29 of circumstances.

30 (i) Pay any application fee assessed under s.
31 27.52(1)(c) and attorney's fees and costs assessed under s.

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938.29, subject to modification based on change of 1 2 circumstances. 3 (j) Not associate with persons engaged in criminal 4 activities. 5 (k)1. Submit to random testing as directed by the 6 correctional probation officer or the professional staff of 7 the treatment center where he or she is receiving treatment to 8 determine the presence or use of alcohol or controlled 9 substances. 2. If the offense was a controlled substance violation 10 and the period of probation immediately follows a period of 11 12 incarceration in the state correction system, the conditions shall include a requirement that the offender submit to random 13 14 substance abuse testing intermittently throughout the term of 15 supervision, upon the direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(3). 16 17 (1) Be prohibited from possessing, carrying, or owning any firearm unless authorized by the court and consented to by 18 19 the probation officer. 20 (m) Be prohibited from using intoxicants to excess or possessing any drugs or narcotics unless prescribed by a 21 22 physician. The probationer or community controllee shall not 23 knowingly visit places where intoxicants, drugs, or other dangerous substances are unlawfully sold, dispensed, or used. 24 (n) For offenses involving victims, not have contact 25 26 with the victim unless otherwise authorized by the court. If 27 the court authorizes the defendant to have contact with the victim, over the objection of the victim or state attorney, 28 29 the court shall state on the record in detail the reasons therefor. For purposes of this paragraph, "contact" means 30 willful and knowing intent to be physically in the presence of 31 10

the victim in any manner, or oral or written communication to 1 the victim by any means. Contact is established by the conduct 2 of the defendant, or by anyone acting at the direction of the 3 4 defendant. It shall be the duty of the defendant to leave 5 immediately the presence of the victim under any circumstance 6 when incidental or unintended contact takes place. 7 (o) Consent to search of his or her person, property, 8 or residence as requested by the supervising probation or 9 community control officer. The offender must be given actual 10 notice that he or she must consent to a search and that evidence seized may be used against the offender in a trial of 11 12 a new substantive offense. Such notice must be given orally 13 and in writing by the court and by a probation or community 14 control officer in order for the offender to be subject to 15 this paragraph. 16 (p)(n) Attend an HIV/AIDS awareness program consisting 17 of a class of not less than 2 hours or more than 4 hours in 18 length, the cost for which shall be paid by the offender, if 19 such a program is available in the county of the offender's 20 residence. 21 (q)(o) Pay not more than \$1 per month during the term 22 of probation or community control to a nonprofit organization 23 established for the sole purpose of supplementing the rehabilitative efforts of the Department of Corrections. 24 Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the 25 26 amendment to section 948.03, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the following sections or subdivisions of Florida 27 28 Statutes are reenacted to read: 29 947.23 Action of commission upon arrest of parolee.--(6) Within a reasonable time after the hearing, the 30 commissioner, commissioners, or duly authorized representative 31 11

of the commission who conducted the hearing shall make 1 findings of fact in regard to the alleged parole violation. 2 3 (a) If the hearing was conducted by three or more 4 commissioners, a majority of them shall enter an order 5 determining whether the charges of parole violation have been sustained, based on the findings of fact made by them. 6 By 7 such order they shall revoke the parole and return the parolee 8 to prison to serve the sentence theretofore imposed upon her 9 or him, reinstate the original order of parole, order the placement of the parolee into a community control program as 10 set forth in s. 948.03, or enter such other order as is 11 12 proper. (b) If the hearing was conducted by one or two 13 14 commissioners or a duly authorized representative of the 15 commission, at least two commissioners shall enter an order determining whether or not the charges of parole violation 16 17 have been sustained, based on the findings of fact made by the commissioner, commissioners, or duly authorized representative 18 19 of the commission. The commissioners, by such order, shall revoke the parole and return the parolee to prison to serve 20 the sentence theretofore imposed upon her or him, reinstate 21 the original order of parole, order the placement of the 22 23 parolee into a community control program as set forth in s. 948.03, or enter such other order as is proper. 24 (c) If the disposition after the revocation hearing is 25 26 to place the parolee into a community control program, the 27 commission shall be guided by the procedures and requirements provided in chapter 948 which apply to the courts regarding 28 29 the development and implementation of community control. 30 31 12 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

However, any decision to revoke parole shall be based on a 1 violation of a term or condition specifically enumerated in 2 3 the parole release order. In a case in which parole is 4 revoked, the majority of the commission or the two 5 commissioners shall make a written statement of the evidence б relied on and the reasons for revoking parole. 7 948.001 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 8 term: 9 (5) "Probation" means a form of community supervision requiring specified contacts with parole and probation 10 officers and other terms and conditions as provided in s. 11 12 948.03. 958.03 Definitions.--As used in this act: 13 14 (4) "Probation" means a form of community supervision 15 requiring specified contacts with parole and probation 16 officers and other terms and conditions as provided in s. 17 948.03. Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 948.06, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8), (9), (10), (11) and (12) are added to said section, to read: 20 21 948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay 22 23 restitution or cost of supervision. --(1) Whenever within the period of probation or 24 25 community control there are reasonable grounds to believe that 26 a violation of probation or community control occurred, or 27 there are reasonable grounds to believe that the person under supervision is in possession of contraband or other items that 28 29 the person is prohibited from possessing, the person on 30 probation or community control may be arrested without a 31 13

warrant or have his or her person, property, or residence 1 searched without a warrant by any of the following people: 2 3 (a) A probation officer who is aware that the person 4 is on probation; 5 (b) A community control officer who is aware that the 6 person is on community control; or 7 (c) A law enforcement officer who is requested by a 8 probation or community control officer who has knowledge that 9 the person is on probation or community control. 10 However, if a supervising officer conducts a search without 11 12 reasonable grounds, the evidence seized may only be admitted at a hearing for violation of supervision. Whenever within the 13 14 period of probation or community control there are reasonable grounds to believe that a probationer or offender in community 15 control has violated his or her probation or community control 16 17 in a material respect, any law enforcement officer who is aware of the probationary or community control status of the 18 19 probationer or offender in community control or any parole or 20 probation supervisor may arrest or request any county or municipal law enforcement officer to arrest such probationer 21 or offender without warrant wherever found and forthwith 22 23 return him or her to the court granting such probation or community control. Any committing magistrate may issue a 24 warrant, upon the facts being made known to him or her by 25 26 affidavit of one having knowledge of such facts, for the arrest of the probationer or offender, returnable forthwith 27 before the court granting such probation or community control. 28 29 Any parole or probation supervisor, any officer authorized to serve criminal process, or any peace officer of this state is 30 authorized to serve and execute such warrant. The court, upon 31

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the probationer or offender being brought before it, shall 1 advise him or her of such charge of violation and, if such 2 3 charge is admitted to be true, may forthwith revoke, modify, 4 or continue the probation or community control or place the 5 probationer into a community control program. If probation or 6 community control is revoked, the court shall adjudge the 7 probationer or offender guilty of the offense charged and 8 proven or admitted, unless he or she has previously been 9 adjudged guilty, and impose any sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the probationer on probation 10 or the offender into community control. If such violation of 11 12 probation or community control is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or 13 14 release him or her with or without bail to await further 15 hearing, or it may dismiss the charge of probation or community control violation. If such charge is not at that 16 17 time admitted by the probationer or offender and if it is not 18 dismissed, the court, as soon as may be practicable, shall 19 give the probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully heard on his or her behalf in person or by counsel. After such 20 hearing, the court may revoke, modify, or continue the 21 probation or community control or place the probationer into 22 23 community control. If such probation or community control is revoked, the court shall adjudge the probationer or offender 24 guilty of the offense charged and proven or admitted, unless 25 26 he or she has previously been adjudged guilty, and impose any 27 sentence which it might have originally imposed before placing the probationer or offender on probation or into community 28 29 control.

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1 (6) Any parolee in a community control program who has 2 allegedly violated the terms and conditions of such placement is subject to the provisions of ss. 947.22 and 947.23. 3 4 (8) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a probation or 5 community control officer may not search, or authorize the 6 search of, a residence without consent of the offender or a 7 warrant issued by a judge, unless there are reasonable grounds 8 to believe the offender violated a condition of community 9 control or probation, or committed a new violation of law, and at least one of the following applies: 10 (a) The approval of the supervisor of the probation or 11 12 community control officer is obtained; 13 (b) There are exigent circumstances, such as, but not 14 limited to, suspicion the offender will destroy contraband or 15 use a weapon, which require that the search be conducted 16 without approval; or 17 (C) The search was conducted with the assistance of a 18 certified law enforcement officer. 19 (d) This subsection is not intended to expand the 20 definition of the term "constructive possession" as provided 21 by law. 22 (9) A written record of all searches of a residence 23 conducted pursuant to subsection (8) shall be prepared by the probation or community control officer who conducted the 24 25 search, or who requested a certified law enforcement officer 26 to conduct the search of a residence. The report shall state: 27 (a) The identity of the offender living at the 28 residence searched; 29 (b) The identity of the probation or community control 30 officer who conducted or requested the search; (c) The date, time, and place of the search; 31 16

(d) The reason for the search; 1 2 (e) Any items seized pursuant to the search; and 3 (f) Whether any damage was done to the residence or property during the search. 4 5 (10) For the purposes of a search of the person 6 property, or residence of a person on probation, parole, 7 conditional release, or community control, the term 'reasonable grounds" means that the reasonable suspicion 8 9 standard applies. In determining whether reasonable grounds exist, the correctional probation officer shall consider any 10 of the following factors, including but not limited to: 11 12 (a) The observations of alleged suspicious behavior by correctional probation officers or law enforcement officers. 13 14 (b) Information provided by informants. 15 (c) The reliability of the information provided by an informant. In evaluating the reliability of the information, 16 17 the correctional probation officers shall give attention to the detail, consistency and corroboration of the information 18 19 provided by the informant. 20 (d) The reliability of the informant. In evaluating 21 the informant's reliability, attention shall be given to whether the informant has supplied reliable information in the 22 23 past and whether the informant has reason to supply inaccurate 24 information. (e) The activity of the offender that relates to 25 26 whether the offender might possess contraband or might have 27 used or be under the influence of an intoxicating substance. 28 (f) Information provided by the offender that is 29 relevant to whether the offender has used, possesses or is 30 under the influence of an intoxicating substance or possesses any other contraband. 31 17

(g) The experience of a correctional probation officer 1 2 with that offender. 3 (h) Prior seizures of contraband from the offender. 4 (i) The need to verify compliance with rules of 5 supervision and state and federal law. 6 (11) Evidence may not be excluded or suppressed from 7 the trial of a new substantive offense if: (a) The defendant was on probation, parole, 8 9 conditional release, or community control at the time of the offense; and 10 (b) The search was conducted when there were 11 12 reasonable grounds to believe that the offender was in 13 violation of the law or in violation of the terms of 14 probation, parole, conditional release, or community control. 15 (12) Evidence may not be excluded or suppressed from a hearing for a violation of probation, parole, conditional 16 17 release, or community control. Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the 18 19 amendments to section 948.06, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the following sections or subdivisions of Florida 20 21 Statutes are reenacted to read: 22 948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or 23 into community control. --(9) Procedures governing violations of community 24 25 control shall be the same as those described in s. 948.06 with 26 respect to probation. (11) The court may also impose a split sentence 27 whereby the defendant is sentenced to a term of probation 28 29 which may be followed by a period of incarceration or, with respect to a felony, into community control, as follows: 30 31 18 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(b) If the offender does not meet the terms and 1 2 conditions of probation or community control, the court may 3 revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control 4 as provided in s. 948.06. If the probation or community 5 control is revoked, the court may impose any sentence that it 6 could have imposed at the time the offender was placed on 7 probation or community control. The court may not provide 8 credit for time served for any portion of a probation or 9 community control term toward a subsequent term of probation 10 or community control. However, the court may not impose a subsequent term of probation or community control which, when 11 12 combined with any amount of time served on preceding terms of 13 probation or community control for offenses pending before the 14 court for sentencing, would exceed the maximum penalty allowable as provided in s. 775.082. Such term of 15 incarceration shall be served under applicable law or county 16 17 ordinance governing service of sentences in state or county 18 jurisdiction. This paragraph does not prohibit any other 19 sanction provided by law. (13) If it appears to the court upon a hearing that 20 21 the defendant is a chronic substance abuser whose criminal conduct is a violation of chapter 893, the court may either 22 23 adjudge the defendant guilty or stay and withhold the adjudication of guilt; and, in either case, it may stay and 24 withhold the imposition of sentence and place the defendant on 25 26 drug offender probation. (b) Offenders placed on drug offender probation are 27 subject to revocation of probation as provided in s. 948.06. 28 29 958.14 Violation of probation or community control program. -- A violation or alleged violation of probation or the 30 terms of a community control program shall subject the 31

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1	youthful offender to the provisions of s. 948.06(1). However,
2	no youthful offender shall be committed to the custody of the
3	department for a substantive violation for a period longer
4	than the maximum sentence for the offense for which he or she
5	was found guilty, with credit for time served while
6	incarcerated, or for a technical or nonsubstantive violation
7	for a period longer than 6 years or for a period longer than
8	the maximum sentence for the offense for which he or she was
9	found guilty, whichever is less, with credit for time served
10	while incarcerated.
11	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1 of the
12	year in which enacted.
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