A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.041, F.S., relating to qualifications to register or vote; providing that holders of a homestead exemption may only be registered in the county and precinct in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted is located; providing an exception; amending s. 97.052, F.S.; requiring certain information relating to homestead exemptions and an applicant's social security number to be included in and elicited by the uniform statewide voter registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring the last four digits of an applicant's social security number to be included on a voter registration application for the application to be complete; amending s. 101.64, F.S.; revising absentee ballot requirements relating to the voter's certificate and witnesses; requiring notice of the penalty for fraud in connection with voting to be included on the voter's certificate; providing a space for inclusion of the last four digits of the voter's social security number; revising the requirements to be a witness for an absentee ballot; limiting the number of absentee ballots a person can witness per election; providing exceptions; requiring notice to witnesses of the penalty for false swearing; requiring the printed name of each witness; revising the witness oath, to conform;

1 amending s. 101.65, F.S., relating to the 2 instructions to absent electors enclosed with each absentee ballot; expanding notice 3 requirements relating to what must be included 4 in order for an absentee ballot to be counted, 5 to include the requirement for the printed name 6 7 and, when applicable, Florida voter registration number of each witness and for the 8 9 last four digits of a voter's social security 10 number and to include notice of the restriction on the number of ballots that may be witnessed 11 per election; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; 12 13 requiring county canvassing boards to declare an absentee ballot illegal if it does not 14 15 include the last four digits of the elector's social security number and the printed name 16 17 and, when applicable, voter registration number 18 of the attesting witness; providing that an 19 absentee ballot will not be declared illegal if the attesting witness witnesses more than two 20 absentee ballots per election; creating s. 21 104.125, F.S.; providing a penalty for 22 23 witnessing more than two absentee ballots per election; providing exceptions; amending s. 24 25 196.111, F.S.; requiring property appraisers to 26 notify persons entitled to homestead exemptions 27 of the requirements relating to voter 28 registration and the potential loss of 29 homestead exemption; creating s. 196.115, F.S.; 30 providing for termination of homestead exemption upon registration as an elector in

another precinct and providing for assessment of back taxes as a result thereof; providing an exception; amending s. 196.121, F.S.; requiring homestead exemption forms to include notice of the requirements for factual determination of permanent residency by the property appraiser and notice of the requirements relating to voter registration and the potential loss of homestead exemption; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 97.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 97.041 Qualifications to register or vote.--
- (1)(a) A person may become a registered voter only if that person:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age;
 - 2. Is a citizen of the United States;
 - 3. Is a legal resident of the State of Florida;
- 4. Is a legal resident of the county in which that person seeks to be registered; and
 - 5. Registers pursuant to the Florida Election Code.
- (b) For purposes of the residency requirements of paragraph (a), a person granted a homestead exemption in this state may register to vote only in the county and precinct in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted is located. This paragraph does not apply if the homestead granted the exemption is being maintained as the

permanent residence of a legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere. 2 3 (c) (b) A person who is otherwise qualified may preregister on or after that person's 17th birthday and may 4 5 vote in any election occurring on or after that person's 18th 6 birthday. 7 Section 2. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 97.052, 8 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration 10 application. --(2) The uniform statewide voter registration 11 application must be designed to elicit the following 12 13 information from the applicant: (a) Full name. 14 15 (b) Date of birth. (c) Address of legal residence. 16 (d) Mailing address, if different. 17 18 (e) County of legal residence. 19 (f) Address of property for which the applicant has 20 been granted a homestead exemption, if any. 21 (g) (f) Race or ethnicity that best describes the 22 applicant: 23 1. American Indian or Alaskan Native. 2. Asian or Pacific Islander. 24 3. Black, not Hispanic. 25 26 4. White, not Hispanic. 27 5. Hispanic. 28 (h)(g) Sex. 29 (i) (h) Party affiliation. 30 (j)(i) Whether the applicant needs assistance in

31 voting.

1 (k) (j) Name and address where last registered. 2 (1)(k) Last four digits of the applicant's social 3 security number (optional). 4 (m)(l) Telephone number (optional). 5 (n)(m) Signature of applicant under penalty for false 6 swearing pursuant to s. 104.011, by which the person 7 subscribes to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051, and swears or affirms that the 8 9 information contained in the registration application is true. 10 (o) (n) Whether the application is being used for initial registration, to update a voter registration record, 11 12 or to request a replacement registration identification card. 13 (p)(o) Whether the applicant is a citizen of the 14 United States. 15 (q)(p) That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights 16 17 restored. 18 (r) (q) That the applicant has not been adjudicated 19 mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored. 20 21 22 The registration form shall be in plain language and designed 23 so that convicted felons whose civil rights have been restored and persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated 24 25 and have had their voting rights restored are not required to 26 reveal their prior conviction or adjudication. 27 (3) The uniform statewide voter registration 28 application must also contain:

(a) The oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State

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Constitution and s. 97.051.

- (b) A statement specifying each eligibility requirement under s. 97.041, including the requirement with respect to registration and homestead exemption under s. 97.041(1)(b).
- (c) The penalties provided in s. 104.011 for false swearing in connection with voter registration.
- (d) A statement that the disclosure of a social security number is voluntary, a citation of the statutory authority under which the social security number is being solicited, a delineation of the uses that will be made of the social security number, and a notice that the social security number will be open to public inspection.
- $\underline{(d)}$ (e) A statement that, if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}(f)}$ A statement that informs the applicant who chooses to register to vote or update a voter registration record that the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application or updates a voter registration record will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.
- (f) A statement that informs the applicant that any person who has been granted a homestead exemption in this state and who registers to vote in any precinct other than the one in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted is located, in violation of s. 97.041(1)(b), shall have the person's homestead exemption terminated and may be subject to assessment of back taxes under s. 196.115, unless the homestead granted the exemption is being maintained

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as the permanent residence of a legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.--

- (5)(a) A voter registration application is complete if it contains:
 - 1. The applicant's name.
 - 2. The applicant's legal residence address.
 - 3. The applicant's date of birth.
- 4. An indication that the applicant is a citizen of the United States.
- 5. The last four digits of the applicant's social security number.
- $\underline{6.5}$. An indication that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or that, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights restored.
- 7.6. An indication that the applicant has not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or that, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored.
- 8.7. Signature of the applicant swearing or affirming under the penalty for false swearing pursuant to s. 104.011 that the information contained in the registration application is true and subscribing to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 101.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 30 101.64 Delivery of absentee ballots; envelopes; 31 form.--

(1) The supervisor shall enclose with each absentee ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the following form:

Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.

VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, ...(print name)..., do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a qualified elector in this election and that I am unable to attend the polls on election day, and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election.

I understand that if I commit or attempt to commit any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate and have my signature witnessed will invalidate my ballot.

...(Voter's signature) (Last four digits of voter's social security number)...

Note: Your signature must be witnessed by one witness $\frac{18}{18}$ Years of Age or Older who is a registered voter in the State of Florida, a notary public, a commissioned officer of the

United States military, or a foreign service officer of either the United States Department of State or the United States

Information Agency, as provided in item 7. of the instruction sheet. Except for notaries public, commissioned officers of the United States military, or foreign service officers of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency, no person may serve as an attesting witness on more than two absentee ballots per election.

I swear or affirm that the elector signed this Voter's Certificate in my presence and that I have not witnessed more than two absentee ballots per election, if applicable. I understand that a person who willfully swears or affirms information that is false in connection with or arising out of voting or elections commits a felony of the third degree, which is punishable by a fine of up to \$5,000 and/or imprisonment for up to 5 years. I understand further that any person, other than a notary public, a commissioned officer of the United States military, or a foreign service officer of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency, who witnesses more than two absentee ballots per election commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, which is punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000 and/or imprisonment for up to 1 year.

... (Print name of witness) (Signature of witness) (For witnesses other than notaries public, commissioned officers of the United States military, or foreign service officers of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency, please include your Florida voter registration number)...

...(Address)... ...(City/State)...

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Section 5. Section 101.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.65 Instructions to absent electors.--The supervisor shall enclose with each absentee ballot separate printed instructions in substantially the following form:

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING BALLOT.

- 1. VERY IMPORTANT. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.
- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot.
- 3. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope.
- 4. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed mailing envelope which is addressed to the supervisor.
- 5. Seal the mailing envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the mailing envelope.
- 6. VERY IMPORTANT. Sign your name on the line above "(Voter's Signature)."
- 7. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your absentee ballot to be counted, it must include the <u>printed name</u>, signature, and address of a witness <u>who is a registered voter in the</u>

 State of Florida, a notary public, a commissioned officer of the United States military, or a foreign service officer of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency 18 years of age or older affixed to

the Voter's Certificate. Witnesses other than notaries public, commissioned officers of the United States military, 2 3 or foreign service officers of either the United States 4 Department of State or the United States Information Agency 5 must also include their Florida voter registration number. 6 Except for notaries public, commissioned officers of the 7 United States military, and foreign service officers of either 8 the United States Department of State or the United States 9 Information Agency, no person may serve as an attesting witness on more than two ballots per election. No candidate 10 may serve as an attesting witness. 11 12 8. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your absentee ballot 13 to be counted, it must include the last four digits of your 14 social security number.

 $\underline{9.8}$. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.

Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot.--

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(c)1. The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that absentee ballot. An absentee ballot shall be considered illegal if it does not include the signature and the last four digits of the social security number of the elector, as shown by the registration records, and the printed name, signature, and address of an attesting witness. An absentee ballot shall

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be considered illegal if the attesting witness does not include his or her Florida voter registration number, unless the attesting witness is either a notary public, a commissioned officer of the United States military, or a foreign service officer of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency. However, an absentee ballot shall not be considered illegal if the signature of the elector or attesting witness does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope or if the attesting witness has witnessed more than two absentee ballots in the election. If the canvassing board determines that any ballot is illegal, a member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The envelope and the ballot contained therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved.

2. If any elector or candidate present believes that an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the voter's certificate, he or she may, at any time before the ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in the voter's certificate may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope.

Section 7. Section 104.125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

104.125 Witnessing ballots.--A person who knowingly witnesses more than two absentee ballots per election commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This section does not apply to

attesting witnesses who are notaries public, commissioned officers of the United States military, or foreign service officers of either the United States Department of State or the United States Information Agency.

Section 8. Section 196.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.111 Property appraisers may notify persons entitled to homestead exemption; publication of notice; costs.--

(1) As soon as practicable after February 5 of each current year, the property appraisers of the several counties may mail to each person to whom homestead exemption was granted for the year immediately preceding and whose application for exemption for the current year has not been filed as of February 1 thereof, a form for application for homestead exemption, together with a notice reading substantially as follows:

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS ENTITLED TO HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION

Records in this office indicate that you have not filed an application for homestead exemption for the current year.

If you wish to claim such exemption, please fill out the enclosed form and file it with your property appraiser on or before March 1, 19.....

Failure to do so may constitute a waiver of said exemption for the year 19.....

...(Property Appraiser)...
.... County, Florida

(2) With the notice provided under subsection (1), the property appraisers of the several counties shall include notice of the provisions of s. 196.115, which may result in termination of homestead exemption.

(3)(2) The expenditure of funds for any of the requirements of this section is hereby declared to be for a county purpose; and the board of county commissioners of each county shall, if notices are mailed under this section subsection (1), appropriate and provide the necessary funds for such purposes.

Section 9. Section 196.115, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

196.115 Termination of homestead exemption; registration of elector in other precinct.—Any person who has been granted a homestead exemption in this state and who registers to vote in any precinct other than the one in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted is located, in violation of the requirements of s. 97.041(1)(b), shall have that homestead exemption terminated and shall be subject to assessment of back taxes as a result thereof. This section does not apply if the homestead granted the exemption is being maintained as the permanent residence of a legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere.

Section 10. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.--

(2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as

defined in s. 196.012(17). Such information shall may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.

- (3) The forms shall also contain the following:
- (a) Notice of the tax lien which can be imposed pursuant to s. 196.161.
- (b) Notice that information contained in the application will be provided to the Department of Revenue and may also be provided to any state in which the applicant has previously resided.
- (c) Notice of the provisions of s. 196.115, which may result in termination of homestead exemption.

 $\underline{(d)}(c)$ A requirement that the applicant read or have read to him or her the contents of the form.

Section 11. This act shall take effect January 1 of the year after the year in which enacted.

HOUSE SUMMARY

Provides that holders of a homestead exemption may only be registered in the county and precinct in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted is located, and provides for termination of homestead exemption upon registration as an elector in another precinct and for assessment of back taxes as a result thereof. Provides exemption where the homestead is being maintained as the permanent residence of a legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere. Requires property appraisers to notify persons entitled to homestead exemptions of the requirements relating to voter registration and the potential loss of homestead exemption. Requires homestead exemption forms to include such notice and notice of the requirements for factual determination of permanent residency by the property appraiser. Requires the last four digits of an applicant's social security number to be included on a voter registration application for the application to be complete. Revises the uniform statewide voter registration application to provide notice of and elicit this required information relating to homestead exemption and social security numbers.

Amends various provisions relating to absentee ballots. With respect to the voter's certificate, requires notice of the penalty for fraud in connection with voting, provides a space for inclusion of the last four digits of the voter's social security number, revises the requirements to be a witness to a signature on an absentee ballot, and limits the number of absentee ballots a person can witness per election to two, unless the witness is a notary public, a commissioned officer of the United States military, or a foreign service officer of either the United States Department of State of the United States Information Agency. With respect to the witness oath, includes notice to witnesses of the penalties for false swearing and witnessing more than two ballots, requires and provides a space for the printed name of each witness, and provides for inclusion of the Florida voter registration number, where required. Amends provisions relating to the instructions to absent electors enclosed with each absentee ballot, to include notice of such requirements to conform. Requires county canvassing boards to declare an absentee ballot illegal if it does not include the last four digits of the elector's social security number and the printed name and, when applicable, voter registration number of the attesting witness. Provides that an absentee ballot will not be declared illegal if the attesting witness witnesses more than two absentee ballots per election. Provides that witnessing more than two absentee ballots per election, unless exempt from such prohibition, is a misdemeanor of the first degree.