1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s.
3	97.012, F.S.; providing an additional duty of
4	the Secretary of State; amending s. 98.015,
5	F.S.; requiring supervisors of elections to
6	notify property appraisers of voters who are
7	registered at an address other than the voters
8	homestead address; amending s. 97.021, F.S.;
9	revising the definition of absent elector;
10	amending s. 97.052, F.S.; modifying uniform
11	statewide voter registration application;
12	amending s. 97.053, F.S.; amending the
13	standards for accepting the uniform statewide
14	voter registration application; creating s.
15	97.056, F.S.; providing that persons who
16	register to vote by mail must vote in person at
17	first elector after registration; providing
18	exceptions; amending s. 97.071, F.S.; providing
19	that voter registration cards be mailed to
20	voter registration address; providing
21	exceptions; amending s. 98.0975, F.S.;
22	providing periodic list maintenance to the
23	central voter file; amending s. 98.461, F.S.;
24	providing forms of picture identification
25	included on precinct register; amending s.
26	98.471, F.S.; requiring photo identification to
27	vote at the polls; providing an exception;
28	amending s. 100.041, F.S.; providing for the
29	terms of charter county commissioners; amending
30	s. 101.5611, F.S.; requiring a notice of
31	penalties for voting fraud be posted at each
	1

1	polling place; amending s. 101.62, F.S.;
2	restricting telephone requests for absentee
3	ballots; revising methods of delivery of
	absentee ballots; amending s. 101.64, F.S.;
4 5	
	revising the voter's certificate; providing
6	reasons for voting absentee; requiring
7	additional information from the voter and the
8	witness; creating s. 101.647, F.S.; providing
9	for the return of absentee ballots; amending s.
10	101.65, F.S.; revising instructions to absentee
11	electors to conform; creating s. 101.657, F.S.;
12	providing for in-person absentee voting;
13	creating s. 101.66, F.S.; requiring absentee
14	voters to personally mark their ballot;
15	providing exceptions; amending s. 101.665,
16	F.S.; providing that supervisors of elections
17	and other specified persons may administer
18	oaths; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; relating to
19	canvassing of absentee ballots; revising the
20	requirements for legal ballots; requiring the
21	supervisor of elections to notify certain
22	absent electors whose ballots are rejected;
23	creating s. 101.685, F.S.; providing for
24	designation of absentee ballot coordinators to
25	witness absentee ballots; amending s. 102.012,
26	F.S.; provides that persons who are
27	preregistered to vote may serve on election
28	boards; amending s. 104.012, F.S.; increasing
29	the penalty for paying someone to register,
30	interfering with registration, paying someone
31	to solicit registrations on a contingent fee
	2

1	basis, or altering a voter registration;
2	amending s. 104.013, F.S.; increasing the
3	penality to unauthorized use, possession, or
4	destruction of a voter registration
5	identification card; amending s. 104.045, F.S.;
6	increasing the penalty for vote selling;
7	creating s. 104.47, F.S.; providing penalties
8	for offenses relating to absentee ballots and
9	voting; amending s. 104.051, F.S.; increasing
10	the penalty for an election official
11	interfering with voting; amending s. 104.0515,
12	F.S.; increasing the penalty for deprivation of
13	voting rights; amending s. 104.061; increasing
14	the penalty for corruptly influencing voting;
15	amending s. 104.081, F.S.; increasing the
16	penalty for employers who threaten employees
17	regarding voting; amending s. 104.24, F.S.;
18	increasing the penalty for using a false name
19	in connection with voting; amending s. 104.42,
20	F.S.; authorizing supervisors of elections to
21	investigate fraud in registration and voting;
22	amending s. 117.054, F.S.; providing that a
23	notary may not charge a fee for witnessing an
24	absentee ballot and may not refuse to witness
25	an absentee ballot; amending ss. 106.25,
26	106.26, 106.265, 106.27, F.S.; authorizing the
27	Florida Elections Commission to investigate
28	violations of chapter 104, F.S.; providing
29	procedures; providing a time period for filing
30	complaints with the commission; providing for
31	civil penalties; amending s. 196.141, F.S.;

3

1 requiring property appraiser examine the 2 homestead exemption of persons referred by the 3 supervisor of elections to determine lawfulness and to initiate procedures to terminate the 4 5 exemption and assess back taxes if appropriate; 6 providing an effective date. 7 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 Section 1. Subsection (12) is added to section 97.012, 10 11 Florida Statutes, to read: 12 97.012 Secretary of State as chief election officer.--The Secretary of State is the chief election officer 13 14 of the state, and it is his or her responsibility to: 15 (12) Maintain a voter fraud hotline and provide election-fraud education to the public. 16 17 Section 2. Subsection (11) is added to section 98.015, 18 Florida Statutes, to read: 19 98.015 Supervisor of elections; election, tenure of 20 office, compensation, custody of books, office hours, 21 successor, seal; appointment of deputy supervisors; duties .--(11) Each supervisor of elections shall forward, to 22 23 the property appraiser for the county in which the homestead is claimed, the name of the person and the address of the 24 25 homestead of each person who registers to vote at an address 26 other than that at which the person claims a homestead 27 exemption, as disclosed on the uniform statewide voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052. 28 29 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 97.021, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 4

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1
           97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code,
2
   except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
3
   term:
           (1) "Absent elector" means any registered and
4
5
   qualified voter who: is unable to attend the polls on election
б
   day.
7
          (a) Is unable without another's assistance to attend
8
   the polls.
9
          (b) Is an inspector, a poll worker, a deputy voting
   machine custodian, a deputy sheriff, a supervisor of
10
   elections, or a deputy supervisor who is assigned to a
11
12
   different precinct than that in which he or she is registered
13
   to vote.
14
          (c) On account of the tenets of his or her religion,
15
   cannot attend the polls on the day of the general, special, or
16
   primary election.
17
          (d) May not be in the precinct of his or her residence
18
   during the hours the polls are open for voting on the day of
19
   the election.
20
         (e) Has changed his or her residency to another county
21
   in this state within the time period during which the
22
   registration books are closed for the election for which the
23
   ballot is requested.
          (f) Has changed his or her residency to another state
24
25
   and is ineligible under the laws of that state to vote in the
26
   general election; however, this pertains only to presidential
27
   ballots.
28
           Section 4. Effective July 1, 1999, subsections (2) and
29
   (3) of section 97.052, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
30
           97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration
31
   application.--
                                  5
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1 (2) The uniform statewide voter registration 2 application must be designed to elicit the following information from the applicant: 3 4 (a) Full name. 5 (b) Date of birth. 6 (c) Address of legal residence. 7 (d) Mailing address, if different. (e) County of legal residence. 8 9 (f) Address of property for which the applicant has been granted a homestead exemption, if any. 10 (g) (f) Race or ethnicity that best describes the 11 12 applicant: 1. American Indian or Alaskan Native. 13 14 2. Asian or Pacific Islander. 3. Black, not Hispanic. 15 4. White, not Hispanic. 16 17 5. Hispanic. 18 (h)(g) Sex. 19 (i)(h) Party affiliation. 20 (j)(i) Whether the applicant needs assistance in 21 voting. 22 (k) (j) Name and address where last registered. 23 (1)(k) Last four digits of the applicant's social security number(optional). 24 25 (m) Florida Driver's license number or the 26 identification number from a Florida identification card 27 issued under s. 322.051. 28 (n)(1) Telephone number (optional). 29 (o) (m) Signature of applicant under penalty for false 30 swearing pursuant to s. 104.011, by which the person subscribes to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State 31 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Constitution and s. 97.051, and swears or affirms that the 1 information contained in the registration application is true. 2 (p) (n) Whether the application is being used for 3 4 initial registration, to update a voter registration record, 5 or to request a replacement registration identification card. (q) (q) (o) Whether the applicant is a citizen of the б 7 United States. (r) (p) That the applicant has not been convicted of a 8 9 felony or, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights restored. 10 (s) (g) That the applicant has not been adjudicated 11 12 mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, if so 13 adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored. 14 The registration form must shall be in plain language and 15 designed so that convicted felons whose civil rights have been 16 17 restored and persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated and have had their voting rights restored are 18 19 not required to reveal their prior conviction or adjudication. (3) The uniform statewide voter registration 20 application must also contain: 21 (a) The oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State 22 23 Constitution and s. 97.051. 24 (b) A statement specifying each eligibility requirement under s. 97.041. 25 26 (c) The penalties provided in s. 104.011 for false 27 swearing in connection with voter registration. 28 (d) A statement that the disclosure of a social 29 security number is voluntary, a citation of the statutory authority under which the social security number is being 30 solicited, a delineation of the uses that will be made of the 31 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

social security number, and a notice that the social security 1 number will be open to public inspection. 2 3 (d) (d) (e) A statement that, if an applicant declines to 4 register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to 5 register will remain confidential and may be used only for 6 voter registration purposes. 7 (e) (f) A statement that informs the applicant who 8 chooses to register to vote or update a voter registration 9 record that the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application or updates a voter registration 10 record will remain confidential and may be used only for voter 11 12 registration purposes. 13 (f) A statement that informs the applicant that any 14 person who has been granted a homestead exemption in this 15 state, and who registers to vote in any precinct other than 16 the one in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted, shall have that information 17 18 forwarded to the property appraiser where such property is 19 located, which may result in the person's homestead exemption 20 being terminated and the person being subject to assessment of 21 back taxes under s. 193.092, unless the homestead granted the 22 exemption is being maintained as the permanent residence of a 23 legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides 24 elsewhere. 25 Section 5. Effective July 1, 1999, subsection (5) of 26 section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 97.053 Acceptance of voter registration 28 applications.--29 (5)(a) A voter registration application is complete if 30 it contains: 1. The applicant's name. 31 8 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2. The applicant's legal residence address. 1 2 3. The applicant's date of birth. 3 4. An indication that the applicant is a citizen of 4 the United States. 5 5. The last four digits of the applicant's social 6 security number. 7 6.5. An indication that the applicant has not been 8 convicted of a felony or that, if convicted, has had his or 9 her civil rights restored. 7.6. An indication that the applicant has not been 10 adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or 11 12 that, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote 13 restored. 14 8.7. Signature of the applicant swearing or affirming 15 under the penalty for false swearing pursuant to s. 104.011 that the information contained in the registration application 16 17 is true and subscribing to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051. 18 19 (b) An applicant who fails to designate party 20 affiliation must be registered without party affiliation. The supervisor must notify the voter by mail that the voter has 21 been registered without party affiliation and that the voter 22 23 may change party affiliation as provided in s. 97.1031. Section 6. Effective July 1, 1999, section 97.056, 24 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 25 26 97.056 Registration by mail; persons required to vote 27 in person.--28 (1) Any registered voter who has registered by mail 29 and has not previously voted in the county in which he or she 30 is registered must vote: 31 9

(a) In person at the precinct in which he or she is 1 2 registered to vote; or (b) In person at the office of the supervisor of 3 4 elections, as provided in s. 101.657. 5 The provisions of this section do not apply to a (2) 6 person who is entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the 7 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, the Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped Act, or 8 9 any other federal law, or an elector who is absent from the county and does not plan to return before the day of the 10 11 election. 12 Section 7. Present subsections (2) and (3) of section 97.071, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) 13 14 and (4), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to 15 that section to read: 97.071 Registration identification card.--16 17 (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the supervisor of elections shall mail a registration 18 19 identification card to the voter at the address listed as the 20 legal residence on the voter's registration application. The card must be sent by nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable 21 mail. If the identification card is returned as undeliverable 22 23 and the voter has indicated a different mailing address on the registration application, the supervisor must mail a notice to 24 the mailing address, notifying the voter that his or her 25 26 registration identification card was returned and that the 27 voter may appear in person at the supervisor's office to pick up the identification card. The supervisor must surrender the 28 29 identification card to the elector upon presentation of a Florida driver's license, a Florida identification card issued 30 under s. 322.051, or another form of picture identification 31 10

approved by the Department of State. If the elector fails to 1 furnish the required identification, or if the supervisor has 2 3 doubts as to the identity of the elector, the supervisor must 4 require the elector to swear an oath substantially similar to the one prescribed in s. 101.49 prior to surrendering the 5 6 identification card. The supervisor must keep the 7 identification card on file for 45 days following return of 8 the card as undeliverable. 9 (b) The supervisor shall mail the voter identification card by forwardable mail to voters who are covered by the 10 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. 11 12 Section 8. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 13 section 98.0975, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 14 98.0975 Central voter file; periodic list 15 maintenance.--(1) By August 15, 1998, the division shall provide to 16 17 each county supervisor of elections a list containing the name, address, date of birth, race, gender, and any other 18 19 available information identifying the voter of each person 20 included in the central voter file as a registered voter in 21 the supervisor's county who: 22 (a) Is deceased; 23 (b) Has been convicted of a felony and has not had his 24 or her civil rights restored; or 25 (c) Has been adjudicated mentally incompetent and 26 whose mental capacity with respect to voting has not been 27 restored. 28 (2) The division shall annually update the information 29 required in subsection (1), and forward a like list to each 30 supervisor by June 1 of each year. 31 11

(3)(a) In order to meet its obligations under this 1 2 section, the division shall annually contract with a private 3 entity to compare information in the central voter file with 4 available information in other computer databases, including, 5 without limitation, databases containing reliable criminal 6 records and records of deceased persons. 7 (b) The entity contracted by the division is 8 designated as an agent of the division for purposes of 9 administering the contract, and must be limited to seeking only that information which is necessary for the division to 10 meet its obligations under this section. Information obtained 11 12 under this section may not be used for any purpose other than 13 determining voter eligibility. 14 (4) Upon receiving the list from the division, the 15 supervisor must remove from the registration books by the next subsequent election the name of any person who is deceased, 16 17 convicted of a felony, or adjudicated mentally incapacitated 18 with respect to voting. 19 Section 9. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 98.461, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 98.461 Registration form, precinct register; contents. -- A registration form, approved by the Department of 22 23 State, containing the information required in s. 97.052 shall be filed alphabetically in the office of the supervisor as the 24 25 master list of electors of the county. However, the 26 registration forms may be microfilmed and such microfilms substituted for the original registration forms; or, when 27 voter registration information, including the voter's 28 29 signature, is maintained digitally or on electronic, magnetic, or optic media, such stored information may be substituted for 30 the original registration form. Such microfilms or stored 31 12

information shall be retained in the custody of the supervisor 1 of elections. In the event the original registration forms are 2 3 microfilmed or maintained digitally or on electronic or other 4 media, such originals may be destroyed in accordance with the 5 schedule approved by the Bureau of Archives and Records 6 Management of the Division of Library and Information Services 7 of the Department of State. As an alternative, the information from the registration form, including the signature, may be 8 9 electronically reproduced and stored as provided in s. 98.451. A computer printout may be used at the polls as a precinct 10 register in lieu of the registration books. The precinct 11 12 register shall contain the date of the election, the precinct number, and the following information concerning each 13 14 registered elector: last name, first name, and middle name or initial; party affiliation; residence address; registration 15 number; date of birth; sex, if provided; race, if provided; 16 17 whether the voter needs assistance in voting; and such other 18 additional information as to readily identify the elector. The 19 precinct register may also contain a list of the forms of identification approved by the Department of State, which must 20 21 shall include, but is not be limited to, a the voter 22 registration identification card and Florida driver's license, 23 a Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051, or another form of picture identification approved by the 24 Department of State. The precinct register may also contain a 25 26 space for the elector's signature, a space for the initials of 27 the witnessing clerk or inspector, and a space for the signature slip or ballot number. 28 29 Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 30 section 98.471, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 13

98.471 Use of precinct register at polls.--The 1 2 precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, may be used at 3 the polls in lieu of the registration books for the purpose of 4 identifying the elector at the polls prior to allowing him or 5 her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present a Florida б 7 driver's license, a Florida identification card issued under 8 s. 322.051, or another form of picture identification one of 9 the forms of identification which are on the list of forms approved by the Department of State pursuant to s. 98.461. 10 The elector shall sign his or her name in the space provided, 11 12 and the clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter 13 14 his or her initials in the space provided and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to 15 the identity of the elector. If the elector fails to furnish 16 17 the required identification, or if the clerk or inspector is in doubt as to the identity of the elector, such clerk or 18 19 inspector shall follow the procedure prescribed in s. 101.49. The precinct register may also contain the information set 20 forth in s. 101.47(8) and, if so, the inspector shall follow 21 the procedure required in s. 101.47, except that the 22 23 identification provided by the elector shall be used for the 24 signature comparison. Section 11. Effective upon becoming law, subsection 25 26 (2) of section 100.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 100.041 Officers chosen at general election .--27 (2)(a) Each county commissioner from an odd-numbered 28 29 district shall be elected at the general election in each year the number of which is a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term 30 commencing on the second Tuesday following such election, and 31 14 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

each county commissioner from an even-numbered district shall 1 be elected at the general election in each even-numbered year 2 3 the number of which is not a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term 4 commencing on the second Tuesday following such election. 5 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the governing board 6 of a charter county may provide by ordinance that the terms of 7 its members shall commence on a date later than the second 8 Tuesday following general elections, but in any case the date 9 of commencement shall be uniform for all members and shall be no later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in 10 January following each member's election. 11 12 Section 12. Subsection (3) is added to section 101.5611, Florida Statutes, to read: 13 14 101.5611 Instructions to electors.--15 (3) The supervisor of elections shall have posted at each polling place a notice that reads: "A person who commits 16 17 or attempts to commit any fraud in connection with voting, votes a fraudulent ballot, or votes more than once in an 18 19 election can be convicted of a felony of the third degree and 20 fined up to \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years." 21 Section 13. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsections (1) and (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, 22 are amended to read: 23 101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--24 (1)(a) The supervisor may accept a request for an 25 26 absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing.or 27 for an elector from any person designated by such elector. Such request may be made in person, by mail, or by telephone. 28 29 One request shall be deemed sufficient to receive an absentee ballot for all elections which are held within a calendar 30 year, unless the elector or the elector's designee indicates 31 15 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

at the time the request is made the elections for which the 1 elector desires to receive an absentee ballot. Such request 2 3 may be considered canceled when any first-class mail sent by 4 the supervisor to the elector is returned as undeliverable. 5 (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic 6 request for an absentee ballot from the elector, or, if 7 directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's 8 immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian. For 9 purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(b). The person 10 making the request must disclose: 11 12 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is 13 requested; 14 2. The elector's address; 15 The last four digits of the elector's social 3. 16 security number; 17 4. The registration number on the elector's 18 registration identification card; 5. The requester's name; 19 20 6. The requester's address; 21 7. The requester's social security number and, if 22 available, driver's license number; 23 8. The requester's relationship to the elector; and The requester's signature (written requests only). 24 9. (4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who 25 26 has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall, not fewer than 35 days before the first primary 27 election, mail an absentee ballot. Not fewer than 45 days 28 29 before the second primary and general election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an advance absentee ballot to those 30 persons requesting ballots for such elections. The advance 31 16

absentee ballot for the second primary shall be the same as 1 the first primary absentee ballot as to the names of 2 candidates, except that for any offices where there are only 3 4 two candidates, those offices and all political party 5 executive committee offices shall be omitted. The advance absentee ballot for the general election shall be as specified 6 7 in s. 101.151, except that in the case of candidates of 8 political parties where nominations were not made in the first 9 primary, the names of the candidates placing first and second in the first primary election shall be printed on the advance 10 absentee ballot. The advance absentee ballot or advance 11 absentee ballot information booklet shall be of a different 12 color for each election and also a different color from the 13 14 absentee ballots for the first primary, second primary, and 15 general election. The supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot for the second primary and general election to 16 17 each qualified absent elector for whom a request is received until the absentee ballots are printed. The supervisor shall 18 19 enclose with the advance second primary absentee ballot and advance general election absentee ballot an explanation 20 stating that the absentee ballot for the election will be 21 22 mailed as soon as it is printed; and, if both the advance 23 absentee ballot and the absentee ballot for the election are returned in time to be counted, only the absentee ballot will 24 be counted. 25 26 (b) As soon as the remainder of the absentee ballots

are printed, the supervisor shall <u>provide</u> deliver or mail an absentee ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made <u>by one of the following means</u>: $\overline{\cdot}$

30 31

1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to 1 2 the elector's current mailing address on file with the 3 supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that: 4 a. The elector is absent from the county and does not 5 plan to return before the day of the election; 6 b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the 7 residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other 8 emergency or natural disaster; or 9 c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation 10 facility, or correctional facility, 11 12 13 in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot 14 nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other 15 address the elector specifies in the request. 16 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to 17 vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas 18 Citizens Voting Act. 19 3. By personal delivery to the elector, upon 20 presentation of the identification required in s. 101.657. 21 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 22 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may 23 designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more 24 25 than two absentee ballots per election, other than the 26 designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For 27 purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the 28 29 designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. 30 The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written 31 18

authorization by the elector and a picture identification of 1 the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee 2 3 shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized 4 by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if 5 the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe 6 the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that 7 8 the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the 9 signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall 10 give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector. 11 12 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 101.64, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 101.64 Delivery of absentee ballots; envelopes; 15 form.--The supervisor shall enclose with each absentee 16 (1)17 ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a 18 19 mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then 20 place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in 21 22 substantially the following form: 23 Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before 24 Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate. 25 26 VOTER'S CERTIFICATE 27 I,, am a qualified and registered voter of 28 County, Florida. I understand that if I commit or attempt to 29 commit any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I can be 30 convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to 31 19

1 \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate and have my signature 2 3 witnessed will invalidate my ballot. I am entitled to vote an 4 absentee ballot for one of the following reasons: 5 6 1. I am unable without another's assistance to attend 7 the polls. 8 2. I may not be in the precinct of my residence during 9 the hours the polls are open for voting on election day. 3. I am an inspector, a poll worker, a deputy voting 10 machine custodian, a deputy sheriff, a supervisor of 11 12 elections, or a deputy supervisor who is assigned to a different precinct than that in which I am registered. 13 14 4. On account of the tenets of my religion, I cannot attend the polls on the day of the general, special, or 15 16 primary election. 17 5. I have changed my permanent residency to another county in Florida within the time period during which the 18 19 registration books are closed for the election. I understand 20 that I am allowed to vote only for national and statewide 21 offices and on statewide issues. 6. I have changed my permanent residency to another 22 state and am unable under the laws of such state to vote in 23 the general election. I understand that I am allowed to vote 24 25 only for President and Vice President. 26 7. I am unable to attend the polls on election day and am voting this ballot in person at the office of, and under 27 28 the supervision of, the county supervisor of elections. 29 ... (Voter's Signature)... 30 31 ... (Last four digits of voter's social security number)... 20 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Note: Your Signature Must Be Witnessed By Either: 1 2 a. A Notary or Officer Defined in Item 6.b. of the 3 Instruction Sheet. 4 5 6 ...(Signature of Applicant)... 7 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this 8 day of, ...(year)..., by ...(name of person 9 making statement).... My commission expires this day of 10, ...(year).... 11 12 ...(Signature of Official)... 13 ...(Print, Type, or Stamp Name)... 14 ... (State or Country of Commission)... Personally Known OR Produced Identification 15 16 Type of Identification Produced..... 17 18 19 OR 20 21 b. One Witness, who is a registered voter in the 22 State. 23 24 25 I swear or affirm that the voter signed this Voter's 26 Certificate in my presence and that I have not witnessed more than 5 ballots for this election. 27 28 29 WITNESS: 30 31 ... (Signature of Witness)... 21 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

```
1
                                   ... (Printed Name of Witness)...
 2
 3
           ... (Voter I.D. Number of Witness and County of
 4
                           Registration)...
 5
 6
   ...(Address)...
 7
                                                ...(City/State)...
 8
9
           Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before
          Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.
10
                         VOTER'S CERTIFICATE
11
12
           I, ... (print name)..., do solemnly swear or affirm that
    I am a qualified elector in this election, that I am unable to
13
14
   attend the polls on election day, and that I have not and will
    not vote more than one ballot in this election. I understand
15
    that failure to sign this certificate and have my signature
16
    witnessed will invalidate my ballot.
17
18
                                          ... (Voter's Signature)...
19
    Note: Your Signature Must Be Witnessed By One Witness 18
20
    Years of Age or Older as provided in Item 7. of the
21
22
    Instruction Sheet.
23
24
           I swear or affirm that the elector signed this Voter's
25
    Certificate in my presence.
26
                     ... (Signature of Witness) ...
27
    ...(Address)...
                                                  ... (City/State)...
28
           Section 15. Section 101.647, Florida Statutes, is
29
    created to read:
30
           101.647 Return of absentee ballots.--
31
                                   2.2
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1	(1) Absentee ballots must be returned to the
2	supervisor of elections by the elector, either in person or by
3	mail, or by an absentee ballot coordinator as provided by s.
4	101.685.
5	(2) If the elector is unable to mail or personally
6	deliver the ballot, the elector may designate in writing a
7	person who may return the ballot for the elector; however, the
8	person designated may not return more than two absentee
9	ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot,
10	except that additional ballots may be returned for members of
11	the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this
12	section, the term "immediate family" means the designee's
13	spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the
14	designee or of the designee's spouse. The designee must
15	provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the
16	elector and a picture identification of the designee.
17	Section 16. Section 101.65, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	101.65 Instructions to absent electorsThe
20	supervisor shall enclose with each absentee ballot separate
21	printed instructions in substantially the following form:
22	
23	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING BALLOT.
24	1. VERY IMPORTANT. In order to ensure that your
25	absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and
26	returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the
27	supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct
28	is located no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.
29	2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the
30	ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to
31	
	23
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do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read 1 2 or write. 3 3. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy 4 envelope. 5 4. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed 6 mailing envelope which is addressed to the supervisor. 7 5. Seal the mailing envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the mailing envelope. 8 6. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your absentee ballot 9 to be counted, you must sign your name on the line above 10 "(Voter's Signature), and your ballot must be witnessed in 11 12 either of the following manners: ----One witness, who is a registered voter in the 13 a. 14 state, must affix his or her signature, printed name, address, voter identification number, and county of registration on the 15 voter's certificate. Each witness is limited to witnessing 5 16 17 ballots per election. A candidate may not serve as an 18 attesting witness. 19 b. Any notary or other officer entitled to administer 20 oaths or any Florida supervisor of elections or deputy 21 supervisor of elections, other than a candidate, may serve as 22 an attesting witness. 23 7. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your absentee ballot to be counted, it must include the signature and address of a 24 witness 18 years of age or older affixed to the Voter's 25 26 Certificate. No candidate may serve as an attesting witness. 7.8. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed 27 mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if 28 29 mailed. 30 8. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your 31 24

vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to 1 2 vote in an election using a false identity or false address, 3 or under any other circumstances making your ballot false of 4 fraudulent. 5 Section 17. Section 101.657, Florida Statutes, is 6 created to read: 7 101.657 Voting absentee ballots in 8 person. -- Notwithstanding s. 97.021(1), any qualified and 9 registered elector who is unable to attend the polls on election day may pick up and vote an absentee ballot in person 10 at the office of, and under the supervision of, the supervisor 11 12 of elections. Before receiving the ballot, the elector must 13 present a Florida driver's license, a Florida identification 14 card issued under s. 322.051, or another form of picture 15 identification approved by the Department of State. If the elector fails to furnish the required identification, or if 16 17 the supervisor is in doubt as to the identity of the elector, the supervisor must follow the procedure prescribed in s. 18 19 101.49. 20 Section 18. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 101.66, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 21 101.66 Voting absentee ballots.--All electors must 22 23 personally mark or designate their choices on the absentee 24 ballot, except: (1) Electors who require assistance to vote because of 25 26 blindness, disability, or inability to read or write, who may 27 have some person of the elector's choice, other than the elector's employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or 28 29 agent of the elector's union, mark the elector's choices or assist the elector in marking his or her choices on the 30 31 ballot. 25

1 (2) As otherwise provided in s. 101.051 or s. 101.655. 2 Section 101.665, Florida Statutes, is Section 19. 3 amended to read: 4 101.665 Administration of oaths; military personnel, 5 federal employees, and other absentee registrants.--For the 6 purposes of this code, oaths may be administered and attested 7 by any commissioned officer in the active service of the Armed 8 Forces, any member of the Merchant Marine of the United States 9 designated for this purpose by the Secretary of Commerce, any civilian official empowered by state or federal law to 10 administer oaths, any supervisor of elections, deputy 11 12 supervisor of elections, or employee of the supervisor of elections when designated by the supervisor of elections, or 13 14 any civilian employee designated by the head of any department 15 or agency of the United States, except when this code requires 16 an oath to be administered and attested by another official 17 specifically named. Section 20. Section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot .--21 (1) The supervisor of the county where the absent 22 elector resides shall receive the voted ballot, at which time 23 the supervisor may compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the 24 25 registration books to determine whether the elector is duly 26 registered in the county and may record on the elector's registration certificate that the elector has voted. The 27 supervisor shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her 28 29 office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. (2)(a) The county canvassing board may begin the 30 canvassing of absentee ballots at 7 a.m. on the fourth day 31 26

before the election, but not later than noon on the day 1 following the election. In addition, for any county using 2 electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of absentee 3 4 ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin upon the 5 opening of the polls on election day. However, notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or 6 7 otherwise processing absentee ballots early, no result or 8 tabulation of absentee ballots shall be made until after the 9 close of the polls on election day.

10 (b) To ensure that all absentee ballots to be counted 11 by the canvassing board are accounted for, the canvassing 12 board shall compare the number of ballots in its possession 13 with the number of requests for ballots received to be counted 14 according to the supervisor's file or list.

(c)1. The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor 15 has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector 16 17 on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector 18 in the registration books to see that the elector is duly 19 registered in the county and to determine the legality of that absentee ballot. An absentee ballot shall be considered 20 illegal if it does not include the signature and the last four 21 digits of the social security number of the elector, as shown 22 23 by the registration records, and either: a. The subscription of a notary or officer defined in 24 25 Item 6.b. of the instruction sheet, or 26 b. The signature, printed name, address, voter identification number, and county of registration of one 27 28 attesting witness, who is a registered voter in the state.the 29 signature and address of an attesting witness.

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However, an absentee ballot shall not be considered illegal if 1 the signature of the elector or attesting witness does not 2 3 cross the seal of the mailing envelope or if the person 4 witnessing the ballot is in violation of s. 104.047(3). If the canvassing board determines that any ballot is illegal, a 5 6 member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark 7 across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The 8 envelope and the ballot contained therein shall be preserved 9 in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved.

If any elector or candidate present believes that 10 2. an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the 11 12 voter's certificate, he or she may, at any time before the ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing 13 14 board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes 15 the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in 16 17 the voter's certificate may not be accepted after the ballot 18 has been removed from the mailing envelope.

19 (d) The canvassing board shall record the ballot upon 20 the proper record, unless the ballot has been previously recorded by the supervisor. The mailing envelopes shall be 21 22 opened and the secrecy envelopes shall be mixed so as to make 23 it impossible to determine which secrecy envelope came out of which signed mailing envelope; however, in any county in which 24 an electronic or electromechanical voting system is used, the 25 26 ballots may be sorted by ballot styles and the mailing envelopes may be opened and the secrecy envelopes mixed 27 separately for each ballot style. The votes on absentee 28 29 ballots shall be included in the total vote of the county. (3) The supervisor or the chair of the county 30 canvassing board shall, after the board convenes, have custody 31

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of the absentee ballots until a final proclamation is made as 1 2 to the total vote received by each candidate. 3 (4) The supervisor of elections shall, on behalf of 4 the county canvassing board, notify each elector whose ballot 5 was rejected as illegal because of a difference between the 6 elector's signature on the ballot and that on the elector's 7 voter registration record. The supervisor shall mail a voter 8 registration application to the elector to be completed 9 indicating the elector's current signature. This section does not prohibit the supervisor from providing additional methods 10 for updating an elector's signature. 11 12 Section 21. Section 101.685, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 13 14 101.685 Absentee ballot coordinators.--15 (1) At least 28 days before a general or special election, each political party may designate in writing with 16 17 the county supervisor of elections the names of persons to serve as absentee ballot coordinators. Each political party 18 19 may designate a number of absentee ballot coordinators for 20 each county equal to two times the number of Florida House of 21 Representatives districts, all or part of which lie within the 22 county. (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 23 chapter, an absentee ballot coordinator may: 24 25 (a) witness an unlimited number of absentee ballots; (b) request absentee ballots on behalf of registered 26 voters, either in writing or by telephone; and, 27 28 (c) return an unlimited number of voted absentee 29 ballots to the supervisor of elections. 30 Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 102.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 29 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

102.012 Inspectors and clerks to conduct elections.--1 2 (2) Each member of the election board shall be able to 3 read and write the English language and shall be a registered qualified elector of the county in which the member is 4 5 appointed or a person who has preregistered to vote, pursuant 6 to s. 97.041(1)(b), in the county in which the member is 7 appointed. No election board shall be composed solely of 8 members of one political party; however, in any primary in 9 which only one party has candidates appearing on the ballot, all clerks and inspectors may be of that party. Any person 10 whose name appears as an opposed candidate for any office 11 12 shall not be eligible to serve on an election board. Section 23. Section 104.012, Florida Statutes, is 13 14 amended to read: 15 104.012 Consideration for registration; interference with registration; soliciting registrations for compensation; 16 17 alteration of registration application .--18 (1) Any person who gives anything of value that is 19 redeemable in cash to any person in consideration for his or her becoming a registered voter commits a felony misdemeanor 20 21 of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082,or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. This section shall not 22 23 be interpreted, however, to exclude such services as transportation to the place of registration or baby-sitting in 24 25 connection with the absence of an elector from home for 26 registering. (2) A person who by bribery, menace, threat, or other 27 corruption, directly or indirectly, influences, deceives, or 28 29 deters or attempts to influence, deceive, or deter any person in the free exercise of that person's right to register to 30 vote at any time, upon the first conviction, commits a felony 31 30

misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as provided 1 in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and, upon any 2 3 subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 4 5 s. 775.084. 6 (3) A person may not solicit or pay another person to 7 solicit voter registrations for compensation that is based upon the number of registrations obtained. A person who 8 9 violates the provisions of this subsection commits a felony 10 misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082,or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 11 12 (4) A person who alters the voter registration application of any other person, without the other person's 13 14 knowledge and consent, commits a felony misdemeanor of the 15 third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 16 17 Section 24. Section 104.013, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 19 104.013 Unauthorized use, possession, or destruction 20 of voter registration identification card.--21 (1) It is unlawful for any person knowingly to have in his or her possession any blank, forged, stolen, fictitious, 22 counterfeit, or unlawfully issued voter registration 23 identification card unless possession by such person has been 24 25 duly authorized by the supervisor. 26 (2) It is unlawful for any person to barter, trade, 27 sell, or give away a voter registration identification card 28 unless said person has been duly authorized to issue a 29 registration identification card. 30

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1 (3) It is unlawful for any person willfully to destroy 2 or deface the registration identification card of a duly 3 registered voter. 4 (4) Any person who violates any of the provisions of 5 this section commits a felony misdemeanor of the third first 6 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, 7 or s. 775.084. Section 25. Section 104.045, Florida Statutes, is 8 9 amended to read: 104.045 Vote selling. -- Any person who: 10 (1) Corruptly offers to vote for or against, or to 11 12 refrain from voting for or against, any candidate in any election in return for pecuniary or other benefit; or 13 14 (2) Accepts a pecuniary or other benefit in exchange 15 for a promise to vote for or against, or to refrain from 16 voting for or against, any candidate in any election, 17 18 is guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the third first degree, 19 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 20 775.084. 21 Section 26. Section 104.047, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 104.047 Absentee voting .--(1) Any person who provides or offers to provide, and 24 any person who accepts, a pecuniary or other benefit in 25 26 exchange for distributing, ordering, requesting, collecting, 27 delivering, or otherwise physically possessing absentee ballots, except as provided in ss. 101.6105-101.694, is guilty 28 29 of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 30 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 31 32

(2) Except as provided in s. 101.62, s. 101.655, or s. 1 2 101.685, any person who requests an absentee ballot on behalf 3 of an elector is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 4 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 5 775.084. 6 (3) Any person, other than a notary or other officer 7 entitled to administer oaths or an absentee ballot coordinator 8 as provided by s. 101.685, who witnesses more than 5 ballots in any single election, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 9 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 10 775.083. 11 12 (4) Any person who marks or designates a choice on the ballot of another person, except as provided in s. 101.051, s. 13 14 101.655, or s. 101.66, is guilty of a felony of the third 15 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 16 17 (5) Any person, other than an absentee ballot coordinator under s. 101.685, who returns more than 2 absentee 18 19 ballots to the supervisors of elections in violation of s. 20 101.647 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, 21 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 22 Section 27. Subsection (4) of section 104.051, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 104.051 Violations; neglect of duty; corrupt 24 25 practices.--26 (4) Any supervisor, deputy supervisor, or election employee who attempts to influence or interfere with any 27 28 elector voting a ballot commits is guilty of a felony 29 misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082,or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 30 31 33 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 28. Section 104.0515, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 104.0515 Voting rights; deprivation of, or 4 interference with, prohibited; penalty.--5 (1) All citizens of this state who are otherwise 6 qualified by law to vote at any election by the people in this 7 state or in any district, county, city, town, municipality, 8 school district, or other subdivision of this state shall be 9 entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction according to race, color, or previous condition of 10 servitude, notwithstanding any law, ordinance, regulation, 11 12 custom, or usage to the contrary. No person acting under color of law shall: 13 (2) 14 In determining whether any individual is qualified (a) 15 under law to vote in any election, apply any standard, practice, or procedure different from the standards, 16 17 practices, or procedures applied under law to other 18 individuals within the same political subdivision who have 19 been found to be qualified to vote; or 20 (b) Deny the right of any individual to vote in any 21 election because of an error or omission on any record or paper relating to any application, registration, or other act 22 23 requisite to voting, if such error or omission is not material in determining whether such individual is qualified under law 24 to vote in such election. This paragraph shall apply to 25 26 absentee ballots only if there is a pattern or history of discrimination on the basis of race, color, or previous 27 condition of servitude in regard to absentee ballots. 28 29 (3) No person, whether acting under color of law or otherwise, shall intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt 30 to intimidate, threaten, or coerce, any other person for the 31 34

purpose of interfering with the right of such other person to 1 vote or not to vote as that person may choose, or for the 2 purpose of causing such other person to vote for, or not vote 3 4 for, any candidate for any office at any general, special, or 5 primary election held solely or in part for the purpose of 6 selecting or electing any such candidate. 7 (4) No voting qualification or prerequisite to voting, 8 and no standard, practice, or procedure, shall be imposed or 9 applied by any political subdivision of this state to deny or abridge the right of any citizen to vote on account of race or 10 11 color. 12 (5) Any person who violates the provisions of this 13 section is guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the third first 14 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, 15 or s. 775.084. Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 104.061, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 104.061 Corruptly influencing voting .--18 19 (1) Whoever by bribery, menace, threat, or other corruption whatsoever, either directly or indirectly, attempts 20 21 to influence, deceive, or deter any elector in voting or interferes with him or her in the free exercise of the 22 23 elector's right to vote at any election commits is guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as 24 provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 for the 25 26 first conviction, and a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 27 775.084, for any subsequent conviction. 28 29 Section 30. Section 104.081, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 35

104.081 Threats of employers to control votes of 1 2 employees.--It is shall be unlawful for any person having one 3 or more persons in his or her service as employees to 4 discharge or threaten to discharge any employee in his or her 5 service for voting or not voting in any election, state, county, or municipal, for any candidate or measure submitted б 7 to a vote of the people. Any person who violates the 8 provisions of this section is guilty of a felony misdemeanor 9 of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082,or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 10 Section 31. Section 104.24, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 13 104.24 Penalty for assuming name.--A person may not No 14 registered elector shall, in connection with any part of the election process, fraudulently call himself or herself, or 15 fraudulently pass by, any other name than the name by which 16 17 the person elector is registered or fraudulently use the name 18 of another in voting. Any person who violates this section is 19 guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 20 21 775.084. 22 Section 32. Section 104.42, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 104.42 Fraudulent registration and illegal voting; 24 25 investigation. --26 (1) The supervisor of elections is authorized to 27 investigate fraudulent registrations and illegal voting and to 28 report his or her findings to the local state attorney and the 29 Florida Elections Commission. 30 (2) The board of county commissioners in any county may appropriate funds to the supervisor of elections for the 31 36 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

purpose of investigating fraudulent registrations and illegal 1 2 voting. 3 Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 117.05, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 117.05 Use of notary commission; unlawful use; notary 6 fee; seal; duties; employer liability; name change; 7 advertising; photocopies; penalties.--8 (2)(a) The fee of a notary public may not exceed \$10 9 for any one notarial act, except as provided in s. 117.04. 10 (b) A notary public may not charge a fee for witnessing an absentee ballot in an election, and must witness 11 12 such a ballot upon the request of an elector, provided the notarial act is in accordance with the provisions of this 13 14 chapter. 15 Section 34. Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, is 16 amended to read: 17 106.25 Reports of alleged violations to Florida Elections Commission; disposition of findings .--18 19 (1) Jurisdiction to investigate and determine 20 violations of this chapter and chapter 104 is vested in the Florida Elections Commission; however, nothing in this section 21 limits the jurisdiction of any other officers or agencies of 22 23 government empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged violations of this code. 24 (2) The commission shall investigate all violations of 25 26 this chapter and chapter 104, but only after having received either a sworn complaint or information reported to it by the 27 Division of Elections. Any person, other than the division, 28 29 having information of any violation of this chapter or chapter 104 shall file a sworn complaint with the commission. 30 Such sworn complaint shall state whether a complaint of the same 31 37

violation has been made to any state attorney. Within 5 days 1 after receipt of a sworn complaint, the commission shall 2 3 transmit a copy of the complaint to the alleged violator. All 4 sworn complaints alleging violations of the Florida Elections 5 Code over which the commission has jurisdiction shall be filed 6 with the commission within 2 years of the alleged violations. 7 The period of limitations is tolled on the day a sworn 8 complaint is filed with the commission.

9 (3) For the purposes of commission jurisdiction, a 10 violation shall mean the willful performance of an act 11 prohibited by this chapter <u>or chapter 104</u> or the willful 12 failure to perform an act required by this chapter <u>or chapter</u> 13 <u>104</u>.

14 (4) The commission shall undertake a preliminary 15 investigation to determine if the facts alleged in a sworn 16 complaint or a matter initiated by the division constitute 17 probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. Upon completion of the preliminary investigation, the commission 18 19 shall, by written report, find probable cause or no probable 20 cause to believe that this chapter or chapter 104 s. 104.271 21 has been violated.

(a) If no probable cause is found, the commission shall dismiss the case and the case shall become a matter of public record, except as otherwise provided in this section, together with a written statement of the findings of the preliminary investigation and a summary of the facts which the commission shall send to the complainant and the alleged violator.

(b) If probable cause is found, the commission shall
so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in writing.
All documents made or received in the disposition of the

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complaint shall become public records upon a finding by the
 commission.

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4 In a case where probable cause is found, the commission shall 5 make a preliminary determination to consider the matter or to 6 refer the matter to the state attorney for the judicial 7 circuit in which the alleged violation occurred.

8 (5) When there are disputed issues of material fact in 9 a proceeding conducted under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, a person alleged by the Elections Commission to have committed a 10 violation of this chapter or chapter 104 the Florida Election 11 12 Code may elect, within 30 days after the date of the filing of 13 the commission's allegations, to have a hearing conducted by 14 an administrative law judge in the Division of Administrative 15 Hearings.

(6) It is the duty of a state attorney receiving a 16 17 complaint referred by the commission to investigate the 18 complaint promptly and thoroughly; to undertake such criminal 19 or civil actions as are justified by law; and to report to the commission the results of such investigation, the action 20 taken, and the disposition thereof. The failure or refusal of 21 22 a state attorney to prosecute or to initiate action upon a 23 complaint or a referral by the commission shall not bar further action by the commission under this chapter. 24

(7) Every sworn complaint filed pursuant to this chapter with the commission, every investigation and investigative report or other paper of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter <u>or chapter 104</u>, and every proceeding of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter <u>or chapter 104</u> is confidential, is exempt from the provisions of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011, and is exempt

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from publication in the Florida Administrative Weekly of any 1 notice or agenda with respect to any proceeding relating to 2 3 such violation, except under the following circumstances: 4 (a) As provided in subsection (6); (b) Upon a determination of probable cause or no 5 6 probable cause by the commission; or 7 (c) For proceedings conducted with respect to appeals 8 of fines levied by filing officers for the late filing of 9 reports required by this chapter. 10 However, a complainant is not bound by the confidentiality 11 12 provisions of this section. In addition, confidentiality may 13 be waived in writing by the person against whom the complaint 14 has been filed or the investigation has been initiated. If a 15 finding of probable cause in a case is entered within 30 days prior to the date of the election with respect to which the 16 17 alleged violation occurred, such finding and the proceedings 18 and records relating to such case shall not become public 19 until noon of the day following such election. When two or more persons are being investigated by the commission with 20 respect to an alleged violation of this chapter or chapter 21 104, the commission may not publicly enter a finding of 22 probable cause or no probable cause in the case until a 23 finding of probable cause or no probable cause for the entire 24 case has been determined. However, once the confidentiality of 25 26 any case has been breached, the person or persons under 27 investigation have the right to waive the confidentiality of the case, thereby opening up the proceedings and records to 28 29 the public. Any person who discloses any information or matter made confidential by the provisions of this subsection 30 31

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commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 1 2 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 3 (8) Any person who files a complaint pursuant to this 4 section while knowing that the allegations contained in such 5 complaint are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of 6 the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 7 775.083. 8 Section 35. Subsection (11) of section 106.26, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 106.26 Powers of commission; rights and 10 responsibilities of parties; findings by commission .--11 12 (11) At the conclusion of its hearings concerning an alleged violation, the commission shall immediately begin 13 14 deliberations on the evidence presented at such hearings and shall proceed to determine by affirmative vote of a majority 15 16 of the members present whether a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 has occurred. Such determination shall promptly be 17 made public. The order shall contain a finding of violation or 18 19 no violation, together with brief findings of pertinent facts, and the assessment of such civil penalties as are permitted by 20 21 this chapter or no such assessment and shall bear the signature or facsimile signature of the chair or vice chair. 22 Section 36. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 23 106.265, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 24 25 106.265 Civil penalties.--26 (1) The commission is authorized upon the finding of a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 to impose civil 27 28 penalties in the form of fines not to exceed \$1,000 per count. 29 In determining the amount of such civil penalties, the 30 commission shall consider, among other mitigating and aggravating circumstances: 31 41

(a) The gravity of the act or omission; 1 2 Any previous history of similar acts or omissions; (b) The appropriateness of such penalty to the 3 (C) 4 financial resources of the person, political committee, 5 committee of continuous existence, or political party; and 6 (d) Whether the person, political committee, committee 7 of continuous existence, or political party has shown good 8 faith in attempting to comply with the provisions of this 9 chapter or chapter 104. If any person, political committee, committee of 10 (2) continuous existence, or political party fails or refuses to 11 12 pay to the commission any civil penalties assessed pursuant to 13 the provisions of this section, the Department of Revenue 14 State Comptroller shall be responsible for collecting the 15 civil penalties resulting from such action. Section 37. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 106.27, 16 17 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 18 106.27 Determinations by commission; legal 19 disposition. --20 (1) Criminal proceedings for violations of this chapter or chapter 104 may be brought in the appropriate court 21 22 of competent jurisdiction. Any such action brought under this 23 chapter or chapter 104 shall be advanced on the docket of the court in which filed and put ahead of all other actions. 24 (3) Civil actions may be brought to enjoin temporarily 25 26 the issuance of certificates of election to successful candidates who are alleged to have violated the provisions of 27 this chapter or chapter 104. Such injunctions shall issue upon 28 29 a showing of probable cause that such violation has occurred. 30 Such actions shall be brought in the circuit court for the 31 42 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

circuit in which is located the officer before whom the 1 2 candidate qualified for office. 3 Section 38. Section 196.141, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 196.141 Homestead exemptions; duty of property 6 appraiser.--7 (1) The property appraiser shall examine each claim for exemption filed with or referred to him or her and shall 8 9 allow the same, if found to be in accordance with law, by marking the same approved and by making the proper deductions 10 on the tax books. 11 12 (2) The property appraiser shall examine each referral, of a person registering to vote at an address 13 14 different from the one where the person has filed for a 15 homestead exemption, which has been provided by a supervisor of elections pursuant to s. 98.015. The property appraiser 16 17 shall initiate procedures to terminate a person's homestead exemption and assess back taxes, if appropriate, if the person 18 19 claiming such exemption is not entitled to the exemption under 20 law. 21 Section 39. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 22 this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 1998. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 43 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.