1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to condominiums; amending s. 3 718.103, F.S.; redefining the term "association" and defining the terms "master 4 5 association, " "master declaration, " and 6 "multicondominium association"; amending s. 7 718.111, F.S.; revising language with respect 8 to title to property, purchase of leases, 9 easements, insurance, rules, and commingling in 10 regard to the association to include reference to master declarations, declarations of 11 condominium, articles of incorporation, and 12 bylaws; providing that a certain provision on 13 14 insurance does not apply to master 15 associations, which must meet other described requirements for insurance; exempting master 16 17 associations from described requirements with 18 respect to commingling; providing that commingling requirements do not preclude 19 20 prudent investment of association funds; 21 amending s. 718.112, F.S.; revising language 22 with respect to bylaws; including reference to 23 multicondominium associations; providing for 24 separate quorums with respect to master 25 associations and multicondominium associations; exempting master associations from certain 26 27 voting requirements; revising language with 28 respect to unit owner meetings; exempting 29 master associations from certain unit owner 30 meeting requirements; providing a procedure for the filing of certain vacancies on the board of

1 administration; exempting master associations 2 from certain budget meeting requirements and annual budget requirements; revising language 4 with respect to assessments and recall of board members; amending s. 718.113, F.S.; revising language with respect to common elements and hurricane shutter requirements; exempting master associations from hurricane shutter requirements; amending s. 718.114, F.S.; 10 revising language with respect to association powers to conform to the act; amending s. 12 718.115, F.S.; revising language with respect 13 to telecommunications services and master 14 antenna television systems or duly franchised 15 cable television service; amending s. 721.05, F.S.; conforming a cross reference; providing 16 17 an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 718.103, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsections (18) through (27) are renumbered as subsections (21) through (30), respectively, and new subsections (18), (19), and (20) are added to said section, to read:

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718.103 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

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(2) "Association" means, in addition to those entities responsible for the operation of common elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners, and association property, any entity which owns, operates, or maintains other real property

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in which condominium unit owners have use rights, where <u>voting</u> unit owner membership in the entity is composed exclusively of condominium unit owners or their elected or appointed representatives, and where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership.

- is comprised of other associations, as defined herein, or any association comprised exclusively of voting members who are also members of another association, such as a governing subassociation. Except where otherwise provided, all provisions of this chapter applying to associations shall equally apply to master associations.
- (19) "Master declaration" means a declaration of restrictions, servitudes, or deed restrictions that governs rights and responsibilities regarding properties operated by a master association or a multicondominium association, and which are not separately subjected to a declaration of condominium. A master declaration is not required in order for a valid master association or multicondominium association to exist.
- (20) "Multicondominium association" means an
 association as defined in subsection (2) which operates more
 than one condominium.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7), subsections (8) and (10), paragraph (b) of subsection (11), and subsections (14) and (15) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.111 The association.--

- (7) TITLE TO PROPERTY.--
- 30 (a) The association has the power to acquire title to 31 property or otherwise hold, convey, lease, and mortgage

association property for the use and benefit of its members. The power to acquire personal property shall be exercised by the board of administration. Except as otherwise permitted in subsections (8) and (9) and in s. 718.114, no association may acquire, convey, lease, or mortgage association real property except in the manner provided in the <u>master</u> declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or <u>bylaws</u>, and if the <u>master</u> declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws do does not specify the procedure, then approval of 75 percent of the total voting interests shall be required.

- (8) PURCHASE OF LEASES.--An The association has the power to purchase any land lease or recreation lease upon the approval of such voting interests interest as are is required by the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. If the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws make makes no provision for acquisition of the land lease or recreation lease, the vote required to permit the acquisition shall be that required to amend the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws to permit the acquisition.
- declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, the board of administration has the authority, without the joinder of any unit owner, to grant, modify, or move any easement if the easement constitutes part of or crosses the common elements or association property. This subsection does not authorize the board of administration to modify, move, or vacate any easement created in whole or in

part for the use or benefit of anyone other than the unit owners, or crossing the property of anyone other than the unit owners, without the consent or approval of those other persons having the use or benefit of the easement, as required by law or by the instrument creating the easement. Nothing in this subsection affects the minimum requirements of s. 718.104(4)(m) or the powers enumerated in subsection (3).

(11) INSURANCE.--

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(b) Every hazard policy which is issued to protect a condominium building shall provide that the word "building" wherever used in the policy include, but not necessarily be limited to, fixtures, installations, or additions comprising that part of the building within the unfinished interior surfaces of the perimeter walls, floors, and ceilings of the individual units initially installed, or replacements thereof of like kind or quality, in accordance with the original plans and specifications, or as they existed at the time the unit was initially conveyed if the original plans and specifications are not available. However, unless prior to October 1, 1986, the association is required by the declaration to provide coverage therefor, the word "building" does not include unit floor coverings, wall coverings, or ceiling coverings, and, as to contracts entered into after July 1, 1992, does not include the following equipment if it is located within a unit and the unit owner is required to repair or replace such equipment: electrical fixtures, appliances, air conditioner or heating equipment, water heaters, or built-in cabinets. With respect to the coverage provided for by this paragraph, the unit owners shall be considered additional insureds under the policy. This

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paragraph does not apply to master associations, which, however, must comply with paragraph (a).

(14) The division shall adopt rules which may require that the association deliver to the unit owners, in lieu of the financial report required by subsection (13), a complete set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal year. The financial statements shall be delivered within 90 days following the end of the previous fiscal year or annually on such other date as provided by the bylaws. The rules of the division may require that the financial statements be compiled, reviewed, or audited, and the rules shall take into consideration the criteria set forth in s. 718.501(1)(j). For multicondominium associations, the economic criteria relating to the level of year-end financial reporting requirements contained in the rules of the division shall be applied on a condominium-by-condominium basis. The requirement to have the financial statements compiled, reviewed, or audited does not apply to associations when a majority of the voting interests of the association present at a duly called meeting of the association have determined for a fiscal year to waive this requirement. In an association in which turnover of control by the developer has not occurred, the developer may vote to waive the audit requirement for the first 2 years of the operation of the association, after which time waiver of an applicable audit requirement shall be by a majority of voting interests other than the developer. The meeting shall be held prior to the end of the fiscal year, and the waiver shall be effective for only 1 fiscal year. This subsection does not apply to a condominium which consists of 50 or fewer units. (15) COMMINGLING. -- All funds shall be maintained

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funds of the association must be accounted for separately and may shall not be commingled if the accounting records of the association readily identify the reserves and their available funding. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit prudent investment of association funds, even if combined with operating and other reserve funds of the same association. No manager or business entity required to be licensed or registered under s. 468.432, and no agent, employee, officer, or director of a condominium association shall commingle any association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of any other condominium association or community association as defined in s. 468.431. This subsection shall not apply to master associations in regard to commingling of operating and reserve funds, which shall be governed by the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or the bylaws of the master association regarding investment of association funds.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (k) of subsection (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.112 Bylaws.--

(1) GENERALLY.--

(a) The operation of the association shall be governed by the articles of incorporation if the association is incorporated, and the bylaws of the association, which shall be included as exhibits to the recorded declaration. In a multicondominium association If one association operates more than one condominium, it shall not be necessary to rerecord the same articles of incorporation and bylaws as exhibits to each declaration after the first, provided that in each case where the articles and bylaws are not so recorded, the

declaration expressly incorporates them by reference as exhibits and identifies the book and page of the public records where the first declaration to which they were attached is recorded.

- (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.--The bylaws shall provide for the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include the following:
 - (a) Administration. --

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The form of administration of the association shall be described indicating the title of the officers and board of administration and specifying the powers, duties, manner of selection and removal, and compensation, if any, of officers and boards. In the absence of such a provision, the board of administration shall be composed of five members, except in the case of a condominium which has five or fewer units, in which case in a not-for-profit corporation the board shall consist of not fewer than three members. In the absence of provisions to the contrary in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, the board of administration shall have a president, a secretary, and a treasurer, who shall perform the duties of such officers customarily performed by officers of corporations. Unless prohibited in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, the board of administration may appoint other officers and grant them the duties it deems appropriate. Unless otherwise provided in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, the officers shall serve without compensation and at the pleasure of the board of administration. Unless otherwise provided in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles

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of incorporation, or bylaws, the members of the board shall serve without compensation.

- 2. When a unit owner files a written inquiry by certified mail with the board of administration, the board shall respond in writing to the unit owner within 30 days of receipt of the inquiry. The board's response shall either give a substantive response to the inquirer, notify the inquirer that a legal opinion has been requested, or notify the inquirer that advice has been requested from the division. If the board requests advice from the division, the board shall, within 10 days of its receipt of the advice, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquirer. If a legal opinion is requested, the board shall, within 60 days after the receipt of the inquiry, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquiry. The failure to provide a substantive response to the inquiry as provided herein precludes the board from recovering attorney's fees and costs in any subsequent litigation, administrative proceeding, or arbitration arising out of the inquiry. The association may through its board of administration adopt reasonable rules and regulations regarding the frequency and manner of responding to unit owner inquiries, one of which may be that the association is only obligated to respond to one written inquiry per unit in any given 30-day period. In such a case, any additional inquiry or inquiries must be responded to in the subsequent 30-day period, or periods, as applicable.
 - (b) Quorum; voting requirements; proxies.--
- 1. Unless a lower number is provided in the <u>master</u> declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of <u>incorporation</u>, or bylaws, the percentage of voting interests required to constitute a quorum at a meeting of the members

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shall be a majority of the voting interests. In multicondominium associations, and in master associations, separate quorums may be established when class voting is required or permitted by law, the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, and except as provided in subparagraph (d)3., decisions shall be made by owners of a majority of the voting interests represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present.

Except as specifically otherwise provided herein, after January 1, 1992, unit owners may not vote by general proxy, but may vote by limited proxies substantially conforming to a limited proxy form adopted by the division. Limited proxies and general proxies may be used to establish a quorum. Limited proxies shall be used for votes taken to waive or reduce reserves in accordance with subparagraph (f)2.; for votes taken to waive financial statement requirements as provided by s. 718.111(14); for votes taken to amend the declaration pursuant to s. 718.110; for votes taken to amend the articles of incorporation or bylaws pursuant to this section; and for any other matter for which this chapter requires or permits a vote of the unit owners. Except as provided in paragraph (d), after January 1, 1992, no proxy, limited or general, shall be used in the election of board members. General proxies may be used for other matters for which limited proxies are not required, and may also be used in voting for nonsubstantive changes to items for which a limited proxy is required and given. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, unit owners may vote in

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person at unit owner meetings. Nothing contained herein shall limit the use of general proxies or require the use of limited proxies for any agenda item or election at any meeting of a timeshare condominium association. This subparagraph shall not apply to master associations, which shall conduct voting and elections pursuant to the master declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws for the master association.

- 3. Any proxy given shall be effective only for the specific meeting for which originally given and any lawfully adjourned meetings thereof. In no event shall any proxy be valid for a period longer than 90 days after the date of the first meeting for which it was given. Every proxy is revocable at any time at the pleasure of the unit owner executing it.
 - (d) Unit owner meetings.--
- There shall be an annual meeting of the unit owners. Unless the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the board of administration caused by the expiration of a director's term shall be filled by electing a new board member, and the election shall be by secret closed ballot; however, if there is only one candidate or less for each open board position, then for election to fill the vacancy, no election is required. If there is no provision in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws for terms of the members of the board of administration, the terms of all members of the board of administration shall expire upon the election of their successors at the annual meeting. Any unit owner desiring to be a candidate for board membership shall comply with subparagraph 3.

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The declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws shall provide the method of calling meetings of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written notice, which notice must include an agenda, shall be mailed or delivered to each unit owner at least 14 days prior to the annual meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium property at least 14 continuous days preceding the annual meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific location on the condominium property or association property upon which all notices of unit owner meetings shall be posted; however, if there is no condominium property or association property upon which notices can be posted, this requirement does not apply. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the right to receive notice of the annual meeting by mail, the notice of the annual meeting shall be sent by mail to each unit owner. Where a unit is owned by more than one person, the association shall provide notice, for meetings and all other purposes, to that one address which the developer initially identifies for that purpose and thereafter as one or more of the owners of the unit shall so advise the association in writing, or if no address is given or the owners of the unit do not agree, to the address provided on the deed of record. An officer of the association, or the manager or other person providing notice of the association meeting, shall provide an affidavit or United States Postal Service certificate of mailing, to be included in the official records of the association affirming that the notice was mailed or hand delivered, in accordance with this provision, to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association. This subparagraph shall not apply to master associations, which shall provide notice of

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and conduct meetings as set forth in the master declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the master association.

3. After January 1, 1992, the members of the board of administration shall be elected by written ballot or voting machine. Proxies shall in no event be used in electing the board of administration, either in general elections or elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. Not less than 60 days before a scheduled election, the association shall mail or deliver, whether by separate association mailing or included in another association mailing or delivery including regularly published newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a first notice of the date of the election. Any unit owner or other eligible person desiring to be a candidate for the board of administration must give written notice to the association not less than 40 days before a scheduled election. Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 2., the association shall mail or deliver a second notice of the election to all unit owners entitled to vote therein, together with a ballot which shall list all candidates. Upon request of a candidate, the association shall include an information sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be furnished by the candidate not less than 35 days before the election, to be included with the mailing of the ballot, with the costs of mailing or delivery and copying to be borne by the association. However, the association has no liability for the contents of the information sheets prepared by the candidates. In order to reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of the paper.

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The division shall by rule establish voting procedures consistent with the provisions contained herein, including rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a plurality of those ballots cast. There shall be no quorum requirement; however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a ballot in order to have a valid election of members of the board of administration. No unit owner shall permit any other person to vote his or her ballot, and any such ballots improperly cast shall be deemed invalid. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the ballot for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain assistance in casting the ballot. Any unit owner violating this provision may be fined by the association in accordance with s. 718.303. The regular election shall occur on the date of the annual meeting. The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to timeshare condominium associations. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, an election and balloting are not required unless more candidates file notices of intent to run or are nominated than vacancies exist on the board. This subparagraph shall not apply to master associations, which shall elect or seat its board of administration as provided in the master declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the master association.

4. Any approval by unit owners called for by this chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), shall be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter or the applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which

action by written agreement without meetings is expressly allowed by the applicable <u>articles of incorporation</u>, bylaws, <u>master or declaration</u>, or <u>declaration of condominium</u> or any statute which provides for such action.

- 5. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings if allowed by the applicable <u>articles of incorporation</u>, bylaws, <u>master or declaration</u>, or <u>declaration of condominium</u> or any statute.
- 6. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.
- 7. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape a meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted by the division.
- 8. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, any vacancy occurring on the board prior to the expiration of a term may be filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining director. In the alternative, a board may in its discretion hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case the election procedures must conform to the requirements of subparagraph 3., unless the association has opted out of the statutory election process, in which case the declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the association shall control. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, a board member appointed or elected pursuant to this

subparagraph shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies created by recall shall be governed by paragraph (k) and rules promulgated by the division.

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Notwithstanding subparagraphs (b)2. and (d)3., an association may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting interests, provide for different voting and election procedures in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy specifically delineating the different voting and election procedures. The different voting and election procedures may provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general proxy.

(e) Budget meeting. -- The board of administration shall mail or hand deliver to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association a meeting notice and copies of the proposed annual budget of common expenses not less than 14 days prior to the meeting of the unit owners or the board of administration at which the budget will be considered. Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice must be made by an affidavit executed by an officer of the association or the manager or other person providing notice of the meeting and filed among the official records of the association. The meeting must be open to the unit owners. If an adopted budget requires assessments against the unit owners in any fiscal or calendar year which exceed 115 percent of the assessments for the preceding year, the board, upon written application of 10 percent of the voting interests to the board, shall call a special meeting of the unit owners within 30 days upon not less than 10 days' written notice to each unit owner. At the special meeting, unit owners shall consider and enact a

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budget. Unless the bylaws require a larger vote, the adoption of the budget requires a vote of not less than a majority vote of all the voting interests. The board of administration may propose a budget to the unit owners at a meeting of members or in writing, and if the budget or proposed budget is approved by the unit owners at the meeting or by a majority of all the voting interests in writing, the budget is adopted. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called and a quorum is not attained or a substitute budget is not adopted by the unit owners, the budget adopted by the board of directors goes into effect as scheduled. In determining whether assessments exceed 115 percent of similar assessments in prior years, any authorized provisions for reasonable reserves for repair or replacement of the condominium property, anticipated expenses by the condominium association which are not anticipated to be incurred on a regular or annual basis, or assessments for betterments to the condominium property must be excluded from the computation. However, as long as the developer is in control of the board of administration, the board may not impose an assessment for any year greater than 115 percent of the prior fiscal or calendar year's assessment without approval of a majority of all the voting interests. This paragraph shall not apply to master associations, which shall adopt and provide notice of proposed budgets as provided in the master declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the master association.

- (f) Annual budget.--
- 1. The proposed annual budget of common expenses shall be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not limited to, those expenses listed in s. 718.504(20). In

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addition, if the association maintains limited common elements with the cost to be shared only by those entitled to use the limited common elements as provided for in s. 718.113(1), the budget or a schedule attached thereto shall show amounts budgeted therefor. If, after turnover of control of the association to the unit owners, any of the expenses listed in s. 718.504(20) are not applicable, they need not be listed. This subparagraph shall not apply to master associations, which shall prepare and adopt proposed budgets in the manner provided in the master declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the master associations.

In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget shall include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance. These accounts shall include, but are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost, and for any other item for which the deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost exceeds \$10,000. Master associations shall establish reserves for any asset or infrastructure component owned or maintained by the master association for which the replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense exceeds \$10,000. The amount to be reserved shall be computed by means of a formula which is based upon estimated remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of each reserve item. The association may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually to take into account any changes in estimates or extension of the useful life of a reserve item caused by deferred maintenance. This subsection does not apply to budgets in which the members of an association or, in the case of master associations, their designated voting

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representatives have, by a majority vote present in person or by proxy and voting at a duly called meeting of the association, determined for a fiscal year to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate than required by this subsection. However, prior to turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than a developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer may vote to waive the reserves or reduce the funding of reserves for the first 2 years of the operation of the association, after which time reserves may only be waived or reduced upon the vote of a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate than required, and such result is not attained or a quorum is not attained, the reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect.

3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use for other purposes is approved in advance by a vote of the majority of the entire voting interests or, in the case of master associations, their designated voting representatives, voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. Prior to turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than the developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer-controlled association shall not vote to use reserves for purposes other than that for which they were intended without the approval of a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests, voting in

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person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association.

- (q) Assessments. -- The manner of collecting from the unit owners their shares of the common expenses shall be stated in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Assessments shall be made against units not less frequently than quarterly in an amount which is not less than that required to provide funds in advance for payment of all of the anticipated current operating expenses and for all of the unpaid operating expenses previously incurred. Master associations may conduct assessments annually. Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the right of an association to accelerate assessments of an owner delinquent in payment of common expenses, provided such authority is contained in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Accelerated assessments shall be due and payable on the date the claim of lien is filed. Such accelerated assessments shall include the amounts due for the remainder of the budget year in which the claim of lien was filed.
- (k) Recall of board members.—Subject to the provisions of s. 718.301, any member of the board of administration may be recalled and removed from office with or without cause by the vote or agreement in writing by a majority of all the voting interests. A special meeting of the unit owners to recall a member or members of the board of administration may be called by 10 percent of the voting interests giving notice of the meeting as required for a meeting of unit owners, and the notice shall state the purpose of the meeting. The master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws for

multicondominium associations and master associations may specify alternative recall procedures.

- 1. If the recall is approved by a majority of all voting interests by a vote at a meeting, the recall will be effective as provided herein. The board shall duly notice and hold a board meeting within 5 full business days of the adjournment of the unit owner meeting to recall one or more board members. At the meeting, the board shall either certify the recall, in which case such member or members shall be recalled effective immediately and shall turn over to the board within 5 full business days any and all records and property of the association in their possession, or shall proceed as set forth in subparagraph 3.
- 2. If the proposed recall is by an agreement in writing by a majority of all voting interests, the agreement in writing or a copy thereof shall be served on the association by certified mail or by personal service in the manner authorized by chapter 48 and the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The board of administration shall duly notice and hold a meeting of the board within 5 full business days after receipt of the agreement in writing. At the meeting, the board shall either certify the written agreement to recall a member or members of the board, in which case such member or members shall be recalled effective immediately and shall turn over to the board within 5 full business days any and all records and property of the association in their possession, or proceed as described in subparagraph 3.
- 3. If the board determines not to certify the written agreement to recall a member or members of the board, or does not certify the recall by a vote at a meeting, the board shall, within 5 full business days after the meeting, file

with the division a petition for arbitration pursuant to the procedures in s. 718.1255. For the purposes of this section, the unit owners who voted at the meeting or who executed the agreement in writing shall constitute one party under the petition for arbitration. If the arbitrator certifies the recall as to any member or members of the board, the recall will be effective upon mailing of the final order of arbitration to the association. If the association fails to comply with the order of the arbitrator, the division may take action pursuant to s. 718.501. Any member or members so recalled shall deliver to the board any and all records of the association in their possession within 5 full business days of the effective date of the recall.

- 4. If the board fails to duly notice and hold a board meeting within 5 full business days of service of an agreement in writing or within 5 full business days of the adjournment of the unit owner recall meeting, the recall shall be deemed effective and the board members so recalled shall immediately turn over to the board any and all records and property of the association.
- 5. If a vacancy occurs on the board as a result of a recall and less than a majority of the board members are removed, the vacancy may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in this subsection. If vacancies occur on the board as a result of a recall and a majority or more of the board members are removed, the vacancies shall be filled in accordance with procedural rules to be adopted by the division, which rules need not be consistent with this subsection. The rules must provide procedures governing the conduct of the recall election as

well as the operation of the association during the period after a recall but prior to the recall election.

Section 4. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 718.113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; display of flag; hurricane shutters.--

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, there shall be no material alteration or substantial additions to the common elements or to real property which is association property, except in a manner provided in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. If the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws do does not specify the procedure for approval of alterations or additions, 75 percent of the total voting interests of the association must approve the alterations or additions.
- shutter specifications for each building within each condominium operated by the association which shall include color, style, and other factors deemed relevant by the board. This subsection shall not apply to master associations. All specifications adopted by the board shall comply with the applicable building code. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the condominium documents, if approval is required by the documents, a board shall not refuse to approve the installation or replacement of hurricane shutters conforming to the specifications adopted by the board. The board may, subject to the provisions of s. 718.3026, and the approval of a majority of voting interests of the condominium, install hurricane shutters and may maintain, repair, or replace such

approved hurricane shutters, whether on or within common elements, limited common elements, units, or association property. However, where laminated glass or window film architecturally designed to function as hurricane protection which complies with the applicable building code has been installed, the board may not install hurricane shutters. The board may operate shutters installed pursuant to this subsection without permission of the unit owners only where such operation is necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property and association property. The installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of such shutters in accordance with the procedures set forth herein shall not be deemed a material alteration to the common elements or association property within the meaning of this section.

Section 5. Section 718.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.114 Association powers.—An association has the power to enter into agreements, to acquire leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory or use interests in lands or facilities such as country clubs, golf courses, marinas, and other recreational facilities. It has this power whether or not the lands or facilities are contiguous to the lands of the condominium, if they are intended to provide enjoyment, recreation, or other use or benefit to the unit owners. All of these leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory or use interests existing or created at the time of recording the declaration must be stated and fully described in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Subsequent to the recording of the declaration, the association may not acquire or enter into

agreements acquiring these leaseholds, memberships, or other possessory or use interests except as authorized by the master 2 declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 3 4 incorporation, or bylaws. The master declaration, declaration 5 of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws may 6 provide that the rental, membership fees, operations, 7 replacements, and other expenses are common expenses and may 8 impose covenants and restrictions concerning their use and may contain other provisions not inconsistent with this chapter. A condominium association may conduct bingo games as provided 10 in s. 849.0931. 11 12 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 13 718.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.--15 (1)(b) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of 16 17 telecommunications services, a master antenna television 18 system, or a duly franchised cable television service obtained 19 pursuant to a bulk contract shall be deemed a common expense. 20 If the declaration does not provide for the cost of 21 telecommunications services, a master antenna television 22 system, or a duly franchised cable television service obtained 23 pursuant to a bulk contract as a common expense, the board of administration may enter into such contract and the cost of 24 the service shall be an association expense but allocated on a 25 26 per-unit basis rather than a percentage basis if the 27 declaration provides for other than an equal sharing of common 28 expenses. Any contract entered into pursuant to this section, 29 other than those so provided in the original declaration as 30 recorded, whereby the cost of the service is not equally

divided among all unit owners may, by vote of a majority of

the voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association, approve to have the cost allocated equally among all units, and if not, such cost shall be considered common expense if it is designated as such in a written contract between the board of administration and the company providing the master television antenna system or the cable television service. The contract shall be for a term of not less than 2 years.

- 1. Any contract made by the board after the effective date hereof for a community antenna system or duly franchised cable television service may be canceled by a majority of the voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to cancel said contract, but if no motion is made or if such motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed ratified for the term therein expressed.
- 2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the unit with a nonhearing impaired or sighted person may discontinue the service without incurring disconnect fees, penalties, or subsequent service charges, and as to such units, the owners shall not be required to pay any common expenses charge related to such service. If less than all members of an association share the expenses of cable television, the expense shall be shared equally by all participating unit owners. The association may use the provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce payment of the shares of such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television.

1 Section 7. Subsection (28) of section 721.05, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 721.05 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 4 term: 5 (28) "Timeshare estate" means a right to occupy a 6 timeshare unit, coupled with a freehold estate or an estate 7 for years with a future interest in a timeshare property or a 8 specified portion thereof. The term shall also mean an 9 interest in a condominium unit pursuant to s. $718.103(25)\frac{(22)}{(22)}$. 10 Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 11 law. 12 13 14 HOUSE SUMMARY 15 Revises provisions of law relating to the regulation of 16 condominiums to: 1. Define the term "master association" to mean any association that is comprised of other associations, or any association comprised exclusively of voting members 17 who are also members of other associations, such as governing subassociations; to define the term "multicondominium" as a described association which operates more than one condominium; and to define the term "master declaration" to mean declaration of 18 19 20 restrictions, servitudes, or deed restrictions that governs the rights and responsibilities regarding properties operated by a master association or a multicondominium association and which are not separately subjected to a declaration of condominium. 21 22 Provide for reference to master associations and 23 multicondominiums in provisions relating to the association, bylaws, maintenance, and association powers. 24 25 See bill for details. 26 27 28 29 30 31