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By Representatives Crist, Trovillion, Bainter, Melvin, Villalobos, Peaden, King, Frankel, Barreiro, Heyman, Crady, Ritter, Crow, Rojas, Andrews, Murman, Wise and Miller

A bill to be entitled An act relating to funeral and cemetery services; providing a short title; amending s. 497.005, F.S.; defining "care and maintenance"; creating s. 497.0255, F.S.; providing a duty of care and maintenance of licensed cemeteries in this state; providing rulemaking authority to the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services for such purpose; amending s. 497.229, F.S.; providing circumstances under which a cemetery or component thereof may be deemed a public nuisance and providing for abatement thereof; amending s. 497.253, F.S.; providing additional requirements with respect to the conveyance of cemetery property to noncemetery uses, including certain notice; creating s. 497.255, F.S.; providing standards for construction and significant alteration or renovation of mausoleums and columbaria; providing rulemaking authority with respect to such standards to the board, in conjunction with the Board of Building Codes and Standards, and providing for incorporation of a portion thereof in the State Minimum Building Codes; requiring all newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria to conform to such standards and applicable building codes; amending s. 497.257, F.S.; including columbaria in provisions relating to preconstruction requirements applicable to mausoleums and belowground crypts; amending s.

1 497.527, F.S.; authorizing the Attorney General 2 to bring a civil action for violation of chapter 497, relating to regulation of funeral 3 4 and cemetery services, in the appropriate 5 court; increasing the minimum liability for 6 actual damages, except for violations 7 designated as minor by rule of the board; amending s. 872.02, F.S., relating to 8 9 prohibitions against injuring or removing tombs 10 or monuments or disturbing the contents of graves or tombs; increasing penalties; 11 12 specifying that the term "tomb" includes any 13 mausoleum, columbarium, and belowground crypt; amending s. 245.07, F.S.; revising provisions 14 15 relating to retention and disposition of bodies received by an anatomical board; creating the 16 17 Task Force on Abandoned and Neglected 18 Cemeteries within the Department of Banking and 19 Finance; providing for appointment of members 20 and election of officers; authorizing 21 reimbursement for per diem and travel; requiring the department to provide 22 23 administrative and staff support; providing duties; requiring preliminary and final 24 25 reports; providing for termination of the task 26 force; providing an appropriation; providing 27 effective dates. 28 29 WHEREAS, Florida is the retirement state of choice for 30

most Americans, attracting hundreds of thousands of new

citizens who move to this state to live their remaining years enjoying its famous climate and cultural amenities, and

WHEREAS, the number of Florida citizens over the age of 65 has dramatically increased and will continue to increase at a rate faster than the growth in the state's population as a whole, and

WHEREAS, the number of Florida citizens over the age of 85 has dramatically increased and will continue to increase more than twice as fast as those over the age of 65, and

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{WHEREAS}}$, in 1995 Florida had the second highest median age in the nation, and$

WHEREAS, Florida has the third highest unadjusted death rate in the United States, and

WHEREAS, 154,734 persons died in Florida in 1996, and WHEREAS, the number of burials in Florida cemeteries will continue to increase in the future, and

WHEREAS, gross sales reported by Florida cemetery licensees increased from \$175,393,887 in 1996 to \$194,427,476 in 1997, and

WHEREAS, Florida cemetery licensees paid less than one-quarter of one percent of gross sales for their licenses in 1996, and

WHEREAS, cemeteries are a critical part of Florida's historical and cultural resources, and

WHEREAS, the legislative purposes for regulation of the cemetery industry set forth in s. 497.002(1), Florida
Statutes, encompass both the prevention of economic harm to consumers and the prevention of significant emotional stress resulting from the failure to properly maintain cemetery grounds, yet the majority of the present statutory and

regulatory provisions relate to economic problems but not to care and maintenance, and

WHEREAS, the families and loved ones of the deceased who are interred in Florida deserve well-maintained cemetery facilities which provide the highest dignity and respect accorded to the deceased's final resting place that is compatible with reasonable and practical economic constraints, and

WHEREAS, inadequate care and maintenance of a cemetery where a loved one is interred causes added stress and emotional trauma to the deceased's family and friends, and

WHEREAS, a person who makes burial arrangements with a Florida cemetery or preneed provider will receive assurances concerning the care, dignity, and maintenance of the deceased's final resting place, and

WHEREAS, a person who makes such arrangements may not have family members in Florida to ensure that the proper care and maintenance of the deceased's final resting place are being performed, and

WHEREAS, the state may be the only entity available to enforce minimum standards of care and maintenance to protect the dignity of the deceased and the memories of the family and loved ones, and

WHEREAS, Florida has fewer written standards regulating the physical operations of cemeteries than other states, leading to some serious inconsistencies in the quality of cemetery facilities and their care and maintenance in Florida, and

WHEREAS, approximately 2,000 cemeteries in Florida have no entity responsible for their care and maintenance and have become abandoned, overgrown, dilapidated, and otherwise

neglected, creating eyesores and decreasing neighboring property values, and

WHEREAS, neglected cemeteries become breeding grounds for mosquitoes, rats, and other vermin, raising serious public health concerns, and

WHEREAS, vandalism and other crimes associated with neglected cemeteries are increasing, making the neighborhoods in which they are located less safe for families, and

WHEREAS, inadequately maintained graves, crypts, and mausoleums at abandoned cemeteries can be broken open as a result of vandalism or storm damage, exposing human remains, and

WHEREAS, citizen complaints often cause local governments to take over or perform care and maintenance at abandoned and neglected cemeteries, leading to a strain on local government financial resources, and

WHEREAS, it is an affront to the dignity of our departed and a source of pain to their families when grave spaces are overgrown with weeds and tombstones are broken and scattered due to neglect, and

WHEREAS, cemeteries that have been abandoned and neglected for long periods can become obliterated, leading to a loss of important historical, genealogical, and archaeological information, and

WHEREAS, Florida's communities should be encouraged to assist in the preservation and protection which is due the final resting places of the deceased, and

WHEREAS, the cemeteries where our deceased loved ones are interred deserve at least as much protection from vandalism and other crime as construction sites and orange groves enjoy under current law, and

improve the regulation of the physical facilities and 2 3 operations of Florida cemeteries in order to honor the memories of deceased citizens, protect the families and 4 5 friends of the deceased from significant emotional stress, 6 safeguard the integrity of Florida cemeteries, protect the 7 interests of consumers, preserve our historical heritage, 8 protect the public health and welfare, and reduce the 9 financial burden on local governments, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that it is necessary to

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Section 1. <u>This act may be cited as the "Cemetery</u> Preservation and Consumer Protection Act."

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Section 2. Section 497.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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497.005 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

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(1)(17) "At-need solicitation" means any uninvited contact by a licensee or her or his agent for the purpose of the sale of burial services or merchandise to the family or next of kin of a person after her or his death has occurred.

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(2)(9) "Bank of belowground crypts" means any construction unit of belowground crypts which is acceptable to the department and which a cemetery uses to initiate its belowground crypt program or to add to existing belowground crypt structures.

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(3)(8) "Belowground crypts" consist of interment space in preplaced chambers, either side by side or multiple depth, covered by earth and sod and known also as "lawn crypts," "westminsters," or "turf-top crypts."

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 $\underline{(4)}\overline{(30)}$ "Board" means the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services.

(5)(12) "Burial merchandise," "funeral merchandise," or "merchandise" means any personal property offered or sold by any person for use in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains.

(6)(11) "Burial right" means the right to use a grave space, mausoleum, or columbarium for the interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains.

(7)(13) "Burial service," "funeral service," or "service" means any service offered or provided by any person in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains.

(8) "Care and maintenance" means the perpetual process of keeping a cemetery and its lots, graves, grounds, landscaping, roads, paths, parking lots, fences, mausoleums, columbaria, vaults, crypts, utilities, and other improvements, structures, and embellishments in a well-cared-for and dignified condition, so that the cemetery does not become a nuisance or place of reproach and desolation in the community. As specified in the rules of the board, "care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, any or all of the following activities: mowing the grass at reasonable intervals; raking and cleaning the grave spaces and adjacent areas; pruning of shrubs and trees; suppression of weeds and exotic flora; and maintenance, upkeep, and repair of drains, water lines, roads, buildings, and other improvements. "Care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, reasonable overhead expenses necessary for such purposes, including maintenance of machinery, tools, and equipment used

for such purposes. "Care and maintenance" may also include repair or restoration of improvements necessary or desirable as a result of wear, deterioration, accident, damage, or destruction. "Care and maintenance" does not include expenses for the construction and development of new grave spaces or interment structures to be sold to the public.

(9)(14) "Casket" means a rigid container which is designed for the encasement of human remains and which is usually constructed of wood or metal, ornamented, and lined with fabric.

(10)(2) "Cemetery" means a place dedicated to and used or intended to be used for the permanent interment of human remains. A cemetery may contain land or earth interment; mausoleum, vault, or crypt interment; a columbarium or other structure or place used or intended to be used for the interment of cremated human remains; or any combination of one or more of such structures or places.

 $\underline{(11)}(5)$ "Cemetery company" means any legal entity that owns or controls cemetery lands or property.

(12)(31) "Certificateholder" or "licensee" means the person or entity that is authorized under this chapter to sell preneed funeral or burial services, preneed funeral or burial merchandise, or burial rights. Each term shall include the other, as applicable, as the context requires. For the purposes of chapter 120, all certificateholders, licensees, and registrants shall be considered licensees.

 $\underline{(13)}(4)$ "Columbarium" means a structure or building which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is intended to be used for the inurnment of cremated human remains.

 $\underline{(14)(32)}$ "Common business enterprise" means a group of two or more business entities that share common ownership in excess of 50 percent.

(15)(28) "Community" means the area within a 15-mile radius surrounding the location or proposed location of a cemetery.

(16)(25) "Cremation" includes any mechanical or thermal process whereby a dead human body is reduced to ashes. Cremation also includes any other mechanical or thermal process whereby human remains are pulverized, burned, recremated, or otherwise further reduced in size or quantity.

 $\underline{(17)}$ "Department" means the Department of Banking and Finance.

(18)(19) "Direct disposer" means any person who is registered in this state to practice direct disposition pursuant to the provisions of chapter 470.

(19)(20) "Final disposition" means the final disposal of a dead human body whether by interment, entombment, burial at sea, cremation, or any other means and includes, but is not limited to, any other disposition of remains for which a segregated charge is imposed.

(20)(21) "Funeral director" means any person licensed in this state to practice funeral directing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 470.

 $\underline{(21)}(6)$ "Grave space" means a space of ground in a cemetery intended to be used for the interment in the ground of human remains.

 $\underline{(22)}(1)$ "Human remains" means the bodies of deceased persons and includes bodies in any stage of decomposition and cremated remains.

1 (23)(3) "Mausoleum" means a structure or building
2 which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is
3 intended to be used for the entombment of human remains.

(24)(10) "Mausoleum section" means any construction unit of a mausoleum which is acceptable to the department and which a cemetery uses to initiate its mausoleum program or to add to its existing mausoleum structures.

(25)(18) "Monument" means any product used for identifying a grave site and cemetery memorials of all types, including monuments, markers, and vases.

(26)(27) "Monument establishment" means a facility that operates independently of a cemetery or funeral establishment and that offers to sell monuments or monument services to the public for placement in a cemetery.

(27)(24) "Net assets" means the amount by which the total assets of a certificateholder, excluding goodwill, franchises, customer lists, patents, trademarks, and receivables from or advances to officers, directors, employees, salespersons, and affiliated companies, exceed total liabilities of the certificateholder. For purposes of this definition, the term "total liabilities" does not include the capital stock, paid-in capital, or retained earnings of the certificateholder.

 $\underline{(28)(29)}$ "Net worth" means total assets minus total liabilities pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

(29)(16) "Outer burial container" means an enclosure into which a casket is placed and includes, but is not limited to, vaults made of concrete, steel, fiberglass, or copper; sectional concrete enclosures; crypts; and wooden enclosures.

(30)(22) "Preneed contract" means any arrangement or method, of which the provider of funeral merchandise or services has actual knowledge, whereby the funeral establishment, direct disposer, or certificateholder agrees to furnish funeral merchandise or service in the future.

 $\underline{(31)(26)}$ "Servicing agent" means any person acting as an independent contractor whose fiduciary responsibility is to assist both the trustee and certificateholder hereunder in administrating their responsibilities pursuant to this chapter.

 $\underline{(32)(15)}$ "Solicitation" means any communication which directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response from the recipient.

 $\underline{(33)(23)}$ "Statutory accounting" means generally accepted accounting principles, except as modified by this chapter.

Section 3. Section 497.0255, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

demetery.--Every cemetery company or other entity responsible for the care and maintenance of a licensed cemetery in this state shall ensure that the grounds, structures, and other improvements of the cemetery are well cared for and maintained in a proper and dignified condition. The board shall adopt, by no later than July 1, 1999, such rules as are necessary to implement and enforce this section.

Section 4. Section 497.229, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.229 Courts; powers; abatement of nuisances.--

(1) In addition to all other means provided by law for the enforcement of a temporary restraining order or an

injunction, the circuit court may impound the property of a cemetery company, including books, papers, documents, and records pertaining thereto, and may appoint a receiver or administrator to prevent further violation of this chapter.

- (2) A court-appointed receiver or administrator may take any action to implement the provisions of the court order, to ensure the performance of the order, and to remedy any breach thereof.
- (3) Any cemetery or component thereof which is constructed, physically operated, or maintained in violation of or contrary to the provisions of this chapter, or in violation of the rules of the board, shall be deemed a public nuisance, and such violation may be abated as provided in s. 60.05.

Section 5. Section 497.253, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.253 Minimum acreage; sale or disposition of cemetery lands.--

- (1) Each licensee shall set aside a minimum of 15 contiguous acres of land for use by the licensee as a cemetery and shall not sell, mortgage, lease, or encumber that property without prior written approval of the department.
- (2) Any lands owned by a licensee and dedicated for use by it as a cemetery, which are contiguous, adjoining, or adjacent to the minimum of 15 contiguous acres described in subsection (1), may be sold, conveyed, or disposed of by the licensee, after obtaining written approval of the department pursuant to subsection (3), for use by the new owner for other purposes than as a cemetery. All of the human remains which have been previously interred therein shall first have been removed from the lands proposed to be sold, conveyed, or

disposed of: however, the provisions of ss. 497.515(7) and 470.0295 must be complied with prior to any disinterment of human remains. Any and all titles, interests, or burial rights which may have been sold or contracted to be sold in lands which are the subject of the sale shall be conveyed to and revested in the licensee prior to consummation of any such sale, conveyance, or disposition.

- (3)(a) If the property to be sold, conveyed, or disposed of under subsection (2) has been or is being used for the permanent interment of human remains, the applicant for approval of such sale, conveyance, or disposition shall cause to be published, at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks, a notice meeting the standards of publication set forth in s. 125.66(4)(b)2. The notice shall describe the property in question and the proposed noncemetery use and shall advise substantially affected persons that they may file a written request for a hearing pursuant to chapter 120, within 14 days after the date of last publication of the notice, with the department if they object to granting the applicant's request to sell, convey, or dispose of the subject property for noncemetery uses.
- (b) If the property in question has never been used for the permanent interment of human remains, no notice or hearing is required.
- (c) The department shall approve the application, in writing, if it finds that it would not be contrary to the public interest. In determining whether to approve the application, the department shall consider any evidence presented concerning the following:
- 1. The historical significance of the subject property, if any.

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- 1 2. The archaeological significance of the subject property, if any. 3. The public purpose, if any, to be served by the 4 proposed use of the subject property.
 - 4. The impact of the proposed change in use of the subject property upon the inventory of remaining cemetery facilities in the community and upon the other factors enumerated in s. 497.201(3).
 - 5. The impact of the proposed change in use of the subject property upon the reasonable expectations of the families of the deceased regarding whether the cemetery property was to remain as a cemetery in perpetuity.
 - 6. Whether any living relatives of the deceased actively oppose the relocation of their deceased's remains and the conversion of the subject property to noncemetery uses.
 - 7. The elapsed time since the last interment in the subject property.
 - 8. Any other factor enumerated in this chapter that the department considers relevant to the public interest.
 - (d) The department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
 - (e) Any deed, mortgage, or other conveyance by a cemetery company or other owner pursuant to this subsection must contain a disclosure in the following or substantially similar form:

NOTICE: The property described herein was formerly used and dedicated as a cemetery. Conveyance of this property and its use for noncemetery purposes was authorized by the Florida Department of Banking and Finance by Order No., dated 31

 $\underline{(4)(3)}$ A licensee may convey and transfer to a municipality or county its real and personal property, together with moneys deposited in trust funds pursuant to this chapter, provided the municipality or county will accept responsibility for maintenance thereof and prior written approval of the department is obtained.

(5)(4) The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) relating to a requirement for minimum acreage shall not apply to any cemetery company licensed by the department on or before July 1, 1965, which owns a total of less than 15 acres of land; however, no cemetery company shall dispose of any land without the prior written consent of the department.

Section 6. Section 497.255, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

497.255 Standards for construction and significant alteration or renovation of mausoleums and columbaria.--

- (1) All newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria must, in addition to complying with applicable building codes, conform to the standards adopted under this section.
- (2) The board shall adopt, by no later than July 1, 1999, rules establishing minimum standards for all newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria; however, in the case of significant alterations or renovations to existing structures, the rules shall apply only, when physically feasible, to the newly altered or renovated portion of such structures, except as specified in subsection (4). The board shall develop the rules in cooperation with, and with technical assistance from, the Board of Building Codes and Standards of the Department of

Community Affairs, to ensure that the rules are in the proper form and content to be included as part of the State Minimum 2 Building Codes under part VII of chapter 553. If the Board of 3 Building Codes and Standards advises that some of the 4 5 standards proposed by the board are not appropriate for 6 inclusion in such building codes, the board may choose to 7 include those standards in a distinct chapter of its rules entitled "Non-Building-Code Standards for Mausoleums" or 8 'Additional Standards for Mausoleums," or other terminology to that effect. If the board elects to divide the standards into 10 two or more chapters, all such rules shall be binding on 11 licensees and others subject to the jurisdiction of the board, 12 13 but only the chapter containing provisions appropriate for building codes shall be transmitted to the Board of Building 14 15 Codes and Standards pursuant to subsection (3). Such rules may be in the form of standards for design and construction; 16 17 methods, materials, and specifications for construction; or 18 other mechanisms. Such rules shall encompass, at a minimum, 19 the following standards: (a) No structure may be built or significantly altered 20 21 for use for interment, entombment, or inurnment purposes 22 unless constructed of such material and workmanship as will 23 ensure its durability and permanence, as well as the safety, 24 convenience, comfort, and health of the community in which it is located, as dictated and determined at the time by modern 25 26 mausoleum construction and engineering science. 27 (b) Such structure must be so arranged that the 28 exterior of any vault, cell, niche, or crypt may be readily 29 examined at any time by any person authorized by law to do so.

(c) Such structure must contain adequate provision for

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drainage and ventilation.

1 (d) Such structure must be of fire-resistant 2 construction. 3 (e) Such structure must be resistant to hurricane and other storm damage to the highest degree provided under 4 5 applicable building codes for buildings of that class. 6 (f) Suitable provisions must be made for securely and 7 permanently sealing each crypt or cell with durable materials 8 after the interment or entombment of human remains, so that no 9 effluvia or odors may escape therefrom except as provided by 10 design and sanitary engineering standards. Panels for permanent seals must be solid and constructed of materials of 11 sufficient weight, permanence, density, imperviousness, and 12 13 strength as to ensure their durability and continued functioning. Permanent crypt or cell sealing panels must be 14 15 securely installed and set in with high quality fire-resistant, resilient, and durable materials after the 16 17 interment or entombment of human remains. The outer or exposed 18 covering of each crypt or cell must be of a durable, 19 permanent, fire-resistant material; however, plastic, 20 fiberglass, and wood are not acceptable materials for such 21 outer or exposed coverings. 22 (g) Interior and exterior fastenings for hangers, 23 clips, doors, and other objects must be of copper, copper-base alloy, aluminum, or stainless steel of adequate gauges, or 24 25 other materials established by rule which provide equivalent 26 or better strength and durability, and must be properly 27 installed. 28 (3) The board shall transmit the rules as adopted 29 under subsection (2), hereinafter referred to as the 30 "mausoleum standards," to the Board of Building Codes and Standards, which shall initiate rulemaking under chapter 120

to consider such mausoleum standards. If such mausoleum standards are not deemed acceptable, they shall be returned by 2 3 the Board of Building Codes and Standards to the board with details of changes needed to make them acceptable. If such 4 5 mausoleum standards are acceptable, the Board of Building 6 Codes and Standards shall adopt a rule designating the 7 mausoleum standards as an approved revision to the State 8 Minimum Building Codes under part VII of chapter 553. When so 9 designated by the Board of Building Codes and Standards, such mausoleum standards shall become a required element of the 10 State Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73(2) and shall be 11 transmitted to each local enforcement agency, as defined in s. 12 13 553.71(5). Such local enforcement agency shall consider and inspect for compliance with such mausoleum standards as if 14 15 they were part of the local building code, but shall have no continuing duty to inspect after final approval of the 16 17 construction pursuant to the local building code. Any further 18 amendments to the mausoleum standards shall be accomplished by 19 the same procedure. Such designated mausoleum standards, as 20 from time to time amended, shall be a part of the State 21 Minimum Building Codes under s. 553.73 until the adoption and effective date of a new statewide uniform minimum building 22 23 code, which may supersede the mausoleum standards as provided 24 by the law enacting the new statewide uniform minimum building 25 code. 26 (4) In addition to the rules adopted under subsection 27 (2), the board shall adopt rules providing that following all 28 interments, inurnments, and entombments in mausoleums and columbaria occurring after the effective date of such rules, 29 whether newly constructed or existing, suitable provision must 30 be made, when physically feasible, for sealing each crypt or

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cell in accordance with standards promulgated pursuant to paragraph (2)(f).

Section 7. Section 497.257, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.257 Construction of mausoleums, columbaria, and belowground crypts; preconstruction trust fund; compliance requirement.--

- (1) A cemetery company shall start construction of that section of a mausoleum, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts in which sales, contracts for sales, reservations for sales, or agreements for sales are being made within 4 years after the date of the first such sale or 50 percent of the mausoleum, columbarium, or belowground crypts have been sold and the purchase price has been received, whichever occurs first. The construction shall be completed within 5 years after the date of the first sale made. However, extensions for completion, not to exceed 1 year, may be granted by the department for good cause shown. If the units have not been completely constructed at the time of need or the time specified herein, all moneys paid shall be refunded upon request, plus interest earned thereon for that portion of the moneys deposited in the trust fund and an amount equal to the interest that would have been earned on that portion of the moneys that were not in trust.
- (2) A cemetery company which plans to offer for sale space in a section of a mausoleum, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts prior to construction shall establish a preconstruction trust fund by written instrument. The preconstruction trust fund shall be administered by a corporate trustee and operated in conformity with s. 497.417.

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The preconstruction trust fund shall be separate from any other trust funds that may be required by this chapter.

- (3) Before a sale, contract for sale, reservation for sale, or agreement for sale in a mausoleum section columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts may be made, the cemetery company shall compute the amount to be deposited to the preconstruction trust fund. The total amount to be deposited in the fund for each unit of the project shall be computed by dividing the cost of the project plus 10 percent of the cost, as computed by a licensed contractor, engineer, or architect, by the number of crypts in the section or bank of belowground crypts or the number of cells in the columbarium. When payments are received in installments, the percentage of the installment payment placed in trust must be identical to the percentage which the payment received bears to the total cost of the contract, including other merchandise and services purchased. Preconstruction trust fund payments shall be made within 30 days after the end of the month in which payment is received.
- (4) When the cemetery company delivers a completed crypt or cell acceptable to the purchaser in lieu of the crypt or cell purchased prior to construction, all sums deposited to the preconstruction trust fund for that purchaser shall be paid to the cemetery company.
- (5) Each cemetery company may negotiate, at the time of establishment of the preconstruction trust fund, a procedure for withdrawal of the escrowed funds as a part of the construction cost of the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts contemplated, subject to the approval of the department. Upon completion of the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts, the

cemetery company shall certify completion to the trustee and shall be entitled to withdraw all funds deposited to the account thereof.

- (6) If the mausoleum section, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts is not completed within the time limits set out in this section, the trustee shall contract for and cause the project to be completed and pay therefor from the trust funds deposited to the project's account paying any balance, less cost and expenses, to the cemetery company. The refund provisions of subsection (1) apply only to the extent there are funds remaining in excess of the costs to complete the facilities, prior to any payments to the cemetery company.
- (7) On or before April 1 of each year, the trustee shall file with the board in the form prescribed by the board a full and true statement as to the activities of any trust established by the board pursuant to this chapter for the preceding calendar year.
- (8) In lieu of the payments outlined hereunder to the preconstruction trust fund, the cemetery company may deliver to the department a performance bond in an amount and by a surety company acceptable to the department.

Section 8. Section 497.527, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.527 Civil remedies.—The Attorney General or any person may bring a civil action against a person or company violating the provisions of this chapter in the appropriate circuit court of the county in which the alleged violator resides or has his or her or its principal place of business or in the county wherein the alleged violation occurred. Upon adverse adjudication, the defendant shall be liable for actual damages or\$1,000\$\frac{\$500}{}\$, whichever is greater; however, for a

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violation designated by rule of the board as a minor violation eligible for a notice of noncompliance pursuant to s.

497.131(3), the defendant shall be liable for actual damages or \$500, whichever is greater. The court may, as provided by common law, award punitive damages and may provide such equitable relief as it deems proper or necessary, including enjoining the defendant from further violations of this chapter.

Section 9. Section 872.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

872.02 Injuring or removing tomb or monument; disturbing contents of grave or tomb; penalties.--

(1) A person who willfully and knowingly destroys, mutilates, defaces, injures, or removes any tomb, monument, gravestone, burial mound, earthen or shell monument containing human skeletal remains or associated burial artifacts, or other structure or thing placed or designed for a memorial of the dead, or any fence, railing, curb, or other thing intended for the protection or ornamentation of any tomb, monument, gravestone, burial mound, earthen or shell monument containing human skeletal remains or associated burial artifacts, or other structure before mentioned, or for any enclosure for the burial of the dead, or willfully destroys, mutilates, removes, cuts, breaks, or injures any tree, shrub, or plant placed or being within any such enclosure, commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. However, if the damage to such property is greater than \$100 or if any property removed is greater than \$100 in value, then the person is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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- (2) A person who willfully and knowingly disturbs the contents of a tomb or grave commits is guilty of a felony of the second third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) This section shall not apply to any person acting under the direction or authority of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, to cemeteries operating under chapter 497, or to any person otherwise authorized by law to remove or disturb a tomb, monument, gravestone, burial mound, or similar structure, or its contents, as described in subsection (1).
- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "tomb" includes any mausoleum, columbarium, or belowground crypt.

Section 10. Section 245.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

245.07 Retention of bodies before use; unfit or excess number of bodies, disposition procedure. -- All bodies received by the anatomical board shall be retained in receiving vaults for a period of not less than 48 hours before allowing their use for medical science; if at any time more bodies are made available to the anatomical board than can be used for medical science under its jurisdiction, or if a body shall be deemed by the anatomical board to be unfit for anatomical purposes, the anatomical board may notify, in writing, the county commissioners or other legally authorized person, as defined in s. 470.002, the person or entity in control of such body in the county where such person died, to cause it to be buried or cremated in accordance with the already existing rules, laws and practices for disposing of such unclaimed bodies within the confines of the said county. However, prior to having any body buried or cremated, the county shall make a reasonable

effort to determine the identity of the body and shall further make a reasonable effort to contact any relatives of the deceased person. If a relative of the deceased person is contacted and expresses a preference for either burial or cremation, the county shall make a reasonable effort to accommodate the request of the relative. For purposes of this section, the county commissioners of the county where such person died shall be considered a legally authorized person as defined in pursuant to s. 470.002(18). A person licensed under chapter 470 or chapter 497 shall not be liable for any damages resulting from cremating such body at the direction of the county's legally authorized person county commission.

Section 11. (1) There is created within the

Department of Banking and Finance the Task Force on Abandoned

and Neglected Cemeteries. The task force shall be composed of

11 members appointed by the Comptroller and representing the

following interests:

- - (b) A representative of preneed certificateholders.
 - (c) A representative of church-owned cemeteries.
- (d) A representative of cemeteries owned by nonprofit organizations.
 - (e) A representative of consumer interests.
 - (f) A representative of the department.
- (g) A person nominated by the Secretary of State as a representative of historic preservation and archaeological interests.
- 29 (h) A person nominated by the Florida League of Cities
 30 as a representative of municipally owned or maintained
 31 cemeteries.

- (i) A person nominated by the Florida Association of Counties as a representative of county-owned or county-maintained cemeteries.
 - (j) Two citizen members.

- (2) The members of the task force shall elect from among their number a chair and a vice chair.
- (3) Members of the task force shall be appointed no later than 30 days after this act becomes a law. The task force shall serve from the time its members are appointed until adjournment sine die of the 1999 Regular Session of the Legislature.
- (4) The members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061, Florida Statutes.
- (5) The department shall provide administrative and staff support for the task force.
 - (6) The task force shall:
- (a) Examine the extent to which some cemeteries in the state are abandoned and therefore have no existing responsible person or entity in charge, or are neglected and therefore are not receiving adequate care and maintenance.
- (b) Examine the extent to which some cemeteries in the state, although they are owned and operated by some identifiable person or entity, are neglected due to a lack of sufficient funds to perform adequate care and maintenance or for other reasons.
- (c) Examine the extent to which neglected cemeteries in the state create problems for citizens and local governments due to vandalism, storm damage, dilapidation, public health concerns, public safety concerns, lack of

enforceable standards, and strain on local government financial resources.

- (d) Examine the extent to which neglected cemeteries in the state represent a loss of significant historic or archaeological resources.
- (e) Examine whether or not bringing presently unlicensed operating cemeteries under state regulation as to physical facilities and care and maintenance may help ameliorate the problems caused by neglected cemeteries.
- (f) Examine whether or not a program of grants to assist in providing adequate care and maintenance for abandoned and neglected cemeteries may help ameliorate the problems caused by neglected cemeteries and, if so, how the grant program should be structured, administered, and funded.
- g) Examine current governmental and nongovernmental programs that help or could help ameliorate the problems caused by neglected cemeteries, to see if some expansion or increased emphasis or support could do more to help ameliorate the problems caused by neglected cemeteries in a more cost-effective manner than a grant program.
- (h) Report findings and make recommendations concerning solutions to problems found by the task force, including a draft of any legislation deemed advisable to implement recommended solutions.
- (7) The task force shall produce a preliminary report by December 1, 1998, and a final report by January 15, 1999, detailing its findings and recommendations. Copies of each report shall be transmitted to the Comptroller, the President and the Minority Leader of the Senate, and the Speaker and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. Copies shall also be furnished to the Governor, the Secretary of State, the

Attorney General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability. After submission of the final report, members of the task force may, with the approval of the chair, receive reimbursement pursuant to subsection (4) for travel necessary to consult with the department or the Legislature concerning issues raised by the final report or other work of the task force, until termination of the task force as provided in subsection (3).

(8) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.

Section 12. There is hereby appropriated to the

Department of Banking and Finance from the department's

Regulatory Trust Fund an amount sufficient to carry out the purposes of this act.

Section 13. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect July 1 of the year in which enacted; however, the provisions of sections 497.0255 and 497.255, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, and the changes to section 497.253, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, shall not be enforceable until the rules implementing those provisions have been adopted by the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services or the Department of Banking and Finance, as applicable.

HOUSE SUMMARY

Revises various provisions relating to funeral and cemetery services. Defines "care and maintenance." Provides a duty of care and maintenance of licensed cemeteries in this state, and provides rulemaking authority to the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services for such purpose. Provides circumstances under which a cemetery or component thereof may be deemed a public nuisance and provides for abatement thereof.

Provides additional requirements with respect to the conveyance of cemetery property to noncemetery uses, including certain notice. Provides standards for construction and significant alteration or renovation of mausoleums and columbaria. Provides rulemaking authority mausoleums and columbaria. Provides rulemaking authority with respect to such standards to the board, in conjunction with the Board of Building Codes and Standards, and provides for incorporation of a portion thereof in the State Minimum Building Codes. Requires all newly constructed and significantly altered or renovated mausoleums and columbaria to conform to such standards and applicable building codes. Includes columbaria in provisions relating to preconstruction requirements applicable to mausoleums and belowground crypts.

Authorizes the Attorney General to bring a civil action for violation of chapter 497, F.S., relating to regulation of funeral and cemetery services, in the regulation of funeral and cemetery services, in the appropriate court. Increases the minimum liability for actual damages, except for violations designated as minor by rule of the board. With respect to prohibitions against injuring or removing tombs or monuments or disturbing the contents of graves or tombs, increases the applicable penalties and specifies that the term "tomb" includes any mausoleum, columbarium, and belowground crypt. Revises provisions relating to retention and disposition of bodies received by an anatomical board.

Creates the Task Force on Abandoned and Neglected Cemeteries within the Department of Banking and Finance. Provides for appointment of members and election of officers. Authorizes reimbursement for per diem and travel. Requires the department to provide administrative and staff support to the task force. Provides duties of the task force and requires the task force to submit preliminary and final reports. Provides for termination of the task force upon adjournment sine die of the 1999 Regular Session of the Legislature. Provides an appropriation appropriation.

See bill for details.