Florida House of Representatives - 1997 By Representatives Argenziano and Burroughs

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to sentencing; amending s.
3	921.0016, F.S.; providing that substance abuse
4	or addiction, including intoxication, shall not
5	be the basis for mitigating a recommended
6	guidelines sentence; providing an effective
7	date.
8	
9	WHEREAS, in Barbera v. State, 505 So.2d 413 (Fla.
10	1987), the Florida Supreme Court held that a trial court may
11	mitigate a recommended guidelines sentence because the
12	defendant was intoxicated or dependent on drugs when the crime
13	was committed, and
14	WHEREAS, the Barbera holding was not reached on the
15	basis of the court's interpretation of a statutorily created
16	mitigating factor, but instead was based on a conclusion that
17	such mitigation is analogous to the jury's use of the defense
18	of intoxication to justify convicting a defendant of a lesser
19	offense, and
20	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that in Montana v.
21	Egelhoff, 116 S.Ct. 2013 (1996), the United States Supreme
22	Court approved of a state's right to preclude a jury from
23	considering a criminal defendant's intoxication as a defense,
24	and
25	WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that in Miller
26	v. State, 672 So.2d 95 (Fla. 3d DCA 1996), the Florida Third
27	District Court held that a defendant's appearance in court
28	under the influence of cocaine can justify a finding of direct
29	criminal contempt, and
30	WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that this
31	Legislature and other state legislatures have penalized
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Florida House of Representatives - 1997 576-102-97

substance abuse or addiction by such means as enacting
criminal laws pertaining to driving or boating while under the
influence of an intoxicating substance and criminal laws
pertaining to possession of a controlled substance, and

5 WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that drug or 6 alcohol dependency does not provide a basis for mitigation 7 under the United States Sentencing Guidelines, 18 USCS Appx. 8 5H1.4 (1996), and

9 WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds it untenable as a matter of public policy to extend to a criminal defendant the substantial benefit of the mitigation of the defendant's recommended guidelines sentence because the defendant committed a crime while abusing or while addicted to a substance, and

15 WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that the victim, whose injuries are no less real and painful because the 16 17 defendant injured the victim while abusing or while addicted 18 to a substance, and who bears no responsibility for the defendant engaging in such irresponsible behavior, has a 19 reasonable interest in the trial court's applying the full 20 measure of the law when the defendant is convicted of a crime 21 22 against the victim, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that the interests of the victim outweigh any interest a court may determine to be present in mitigating a defendant's recommended guidelines sentence on the basis that the offense was committed while the defendant was abusing or was addicted to a substance, and

29 WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature that 30 substance abuse or addiction, including intoxication at the 31

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Florida House of Representatives - 1997 HB 417 576-102-97

time of the offense, may not be the basis for mitigating a 1 2 recommended guidelines sentence, NOW, THEREFORE, 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 6 Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 7 921.0016, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended, and 8 subsection (5) is added to that section, to read: 921.0016 Recommended sentences; departure sentences; 9 aggravating and mitigating circumstances .--10 (4) Mitigating circumstances under which a departure 11 12 from the sentencing guidelines is reasonably justified 13 include, but are not limited to: (d) The defendant requires specialized treatment for a 14 15 <0>addiction, mental disorder, or physical disability, and the 16 defendant is amenable to treatment. 17 (5) A defendant's substance abuse or addiction, 18 including intoxication at the time of the offense, is not a mitigating factor under subsection (4) and does not, under any 19 20 circumstances, justify a downward departure from the 21 recommended guidelines sentence. 22 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997. 23 24 25 SENATE SUMMARY Provides that the court may not consider a defendant's substance abuse or addiction, including intoxication at the time of the offense, as a mitigating factor for purposes of imposing a sentence that departs from the sentencing guidelines. 26 27 28 29 30 31

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