By Representatives Safley, Arnall, Ritter and Brown

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Beverage Law; amending 3 s. 561.14, F.S.; allowing vendor-to-vendor sales; establishing limits; providing an 4 5 exemption from the alcoholic beverage surcharge; requiring the maintenance of certain 6 7 records; providing for administrative sanctions 8 to be imposed for recordkeeping violations; creating s. 561.595, F.S.; providing for direct 9 shipping of a limited amount of wine from out 10 11 of state to certain residents of this state; 12 requiring shippers to have an out-of-state 13 shipper's license; providing prohibitions; 14 providing a penalty; providing for 15 administrative enforcement; amending ss. 16 561.54, 561.545, F.S.; providing that those sections are inapplicable to wine that is 17 shipped under s. 561.595, F.S.; providing an 18 19 effective date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 561.14, Florida 24 Statutes, is amended to read: 25 561.14 License and registration 26 classification .-- Licenses and registrations referred to in the 27 Beverage Law shall be classified as follows: 28 (3)(a) Vendors licensed to sell alcoholic beverages at 29 retail only. No vendor shall purchase or acquire in any manner for the purpose of resale any alcoholic beverages from any 30

31 person not licensed as a vendor, manufacturer, bottler, or

distributor under the Beverage Law. Purchases of alcoholic beverages by vendors from vendors shall be strictly limited to purchases between members of a pool buying group for which the initial purchase of the alcoholic beverages was ordered by a pool buying agent as a single transaction. No vendor shall be a member of more than one cooperative or pool buying group at any time. No vendor shall import, or engage in the importation of, any alcoholic beverages from places beyond the limits of the state.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), a vendor may purchase wine or spirits from a vendor licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for off-premises consumption in a cumulative amount not to exceed \$1,000 annually. Wine or spirits purchased and subsequently resold pursuant to this paragraph are exempt from collection of the alcoholic beverage surcharge imposed under s. 561.501. Records of vendor-to-vendor sales must be maintained by both parties with respect to the sale for a period of 3 years. A vendor who fails to maintain accurate documentation concerning all vendor-to-vendor sales is subject to administrative sanctions for that violation.

Section 2. Section 561.595, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of the Beverage Law or any rule or regulation to the contrary, a person who is licensed in another state as a wine producer, supplier, importer, wholesaler, distributor, or retailer and who obtains

561.595 Direct shipping for resident's personal use.--

an out-of-state shipper's license under this section may ship, directly to a resident of this state who is at least 21 years

of age, 24 bottles or less per month of wine for the 1 2 resident's personal use and not for resale. (2) Before sending any shipment to a resident of this 3 4 state, an out-of-state shipper must first: 5 (a) File with the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and 6 Tobacco an application for an out-of-state shipper's license; 7 (b) Pay a license fee in the amount of \$100; 8 (c) Provide to the division a true copy of its current 9 alcoholic beverage license issued in the other state; and 10 (d) Obtain from the division an out-of-state shipper's license. 11 12 (3) Each out-of-state shipper licensee shall: 13 (a) Not ship more than 24 bottles per month to any 14 person or address. 15 (b) Ensure that each container of wine which is shipped directly to a resident in this state is conspicuously 16 labeled with the words "SIGNATURE OF PERSON AGE 21 OR OLDER 17 REQUIRED FOR DELIVERY." 18 19 (c) Annually report to the division the total of wine 20 by type which the licensee shipped into the state during the 21 preceding calendar year. (d) Annually pay to the Department of Revenue all 22 sales taxes and excise taxes due on sales to residents of this 23 24 state during the preceding calendar year, the amount of such taxes to be calculated as if the sale were made in this state 25 26 at the location where the delivery took place. 27 (e) Allow the Department of Revenue, upon its request, 28 to perform an audit of the out-of-state shipper's records. 29 (f) Be deemed to have consented to the jurisdiction of

the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco or any other

state agency and the courts of this state concerning

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enforcement of this section and any related laws, rules, or regulations.

- (4) The out-of-state shipper may annually renew its license with the division by paying a renewal fee in the amount of \$100 and providing to the division a true copy of its current alcoholic beverage license issued by another state.
- (5) The division may adopt rules to administer this section.
- (6) The division may enforce this section by administrative proceedings to suspend or revoke an out-of-state shipper's license, and the division may accept in lieu of suspension the payment of a fine or an offer in compromise, as the division provides by rule.
- (7) Direct shipments of wine from out of state to consumers in this state from persons who do not possess a valid out-of-state shipper's license or other permit or license from the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco are prohibited. Any person who knowingly makes, participates in, transports, imports, or receives such a shipment from outside this state in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 3. Section 561.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.54 Certain deliveries of beverages prohibited.--

(1) It is unlawful for common or permit carriers, operators of privately owned cars, trucks, buses, or other conveyances or out-of-state manufacturers or suppliers to make delivery from without the state of any alcoholic beverage to 31 any person, association of persons, or corporation within the

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state, except to qualified manufacturers, distributors, and exporters of such beverages so delivered and to qualified bonded warehouses in this state.

- (2) Any licensee aggrieved by a violation of this section may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover for the state all moneys obtained by common carriers or permit carriers; obtained by operators of privately owned cars, trucks, buses, or other conveyances; or obtained by out-of-state manufacturers or suppliers as a result of the delivery of alcoholic beverages in violation of this section, and may obtain a declaratory judgment that an act or practice violates this section and enjoin any person from violating this section. In addition to such relief, the court may order the confiscation and destruction of any alcoholic beverages delivered in violation of this section. In assessing damages, the court shall enter judgment against a defendant for three times the amount of the delivery charges proved or the fair market value of merchandise unlawfully brought into the state. Payment or satisfaction of any judgment under this section, other than for costs and attorney's fees, shall be made in its entirety to the state. In any successful action under this section, the court shall award the plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- (3) This section does not apply to wine that is direct-shipped under s. 561.595.

Section 4. Section 561.545, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.545 Certain shipments of beverages prohibited; penalties; exceptions. -- The Legislature finds that the direct shipment of alcoholic beverages by persons in the business of 31 selling alcoholic beverages to residents of this state in

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violation of the Beverage Law poses a serious threat to the public health, safety, and welfare; to state revenue collections; and to the economy of the state. The Legislature further finds that the penalties for illegal direct shipment of alcoholic beverages to residents of this state should be made adequate to ensure compliance with the Beverage Law and that the measures provided for in this section are fully consistent with the powers conferred upon the state by the Twenty-first Amendment to the United States Constitution.

- (1) Any person in the business of selling alcoholic beverages who knowingly and intentionally ships, or causes to be shipped, any alcoholic beverage from an out-of-state location directly to any person in this state who does not hold a valid manufacturer's or wholesaler's license or exporter's registration issued by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco or who is not a state-bonded warehouse is in violation of this section.
- (2) Any common carrier or permit carrier or any operator of a privately owned car, truck, bus, or other conveyance who knowingly and intentionally transports any alcoholic beverage from an out-of-state location directly to any person in this state who does not hold a valid manufacturer's or wholesaler's license or exporter's registration or who is not a state-bonded warehouse is in violation of this section.
- (3) Any person found by the division to be in violation of subsection (1) shall be issued a notice, by certified mail, to show cause why a cease and desist order should not be issued. Any person who violates subsection (1) within 2 years after receiving a cease and desist order or 31 within 2 years after a prior conviction for violating

subsection (1) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (4) Any common carrier or permit carrier, or any operator of a privately owned car, truck, bus, or other conveyance found by the division to be in violation of subsection (2) as a result of a second or subsequent delivery from the same source and location, within a 2-year period after the first delivery shall be issued a notice, by certified mail, to show cause why a cease and desist order should not be issued. Any person who violates subsection (2) within 2 years after receiving the cease and desist order or within 2 years after a prior conviction for violating subsection (2) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (5) This section does not apply to the direct shipment of sacramental alcoholic beverages to bona fide religious organizations as authorized by the division or to possession of alcoholic beverages in accordance with s. 562.15(2).
- (6) This section does not apply to wine that is direct-shipped under s. 561.595.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Allows vendor-to-vendor sales of wine or spirits under specified conditions. Exempts such sales from the alcoholic beverage surcharge that is imposed under s. 561.501, F.S. Requires records of vendor-to-vendor sales to be maintained by both parties to the sale for a period of 3 years. Provides for administrative sanctions to be imposed for recordkeeping violations. Provides for the direct shipping of no more than 24 bottles of wine per month to any resident of this state who is at least 21 years old. Requires out-of-state shippers to have a license obtained from the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco. Provides prohibitions. Provides a penalty. Provides for administrative enforcement. Provides that ss. 561.54 and 561.545, F.S., do not apply to direct out-of-state shipments of wine to residents of this state. state.