1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to elections; amending s. 3 106.011, F.S.; redefining the term "independent 4 expenditure"; amending s. 106.08, F.S., relating to limitations on campaign 5 6 contributions; revising a provision relating to 7 the limit on contributions a candidate may 8 receive from a political party; revising 9 provisions relating to the return of contributions by unopposed candidates; amending 10 s. 106.085, F.S.; revising notice requirements 11 12 for certain independent expenditures; applying 13 such requirements to political parties; providing penalties; creating s. 106.087, F.S.; 14 15 prohibiting political parties that accept filing fees from making independent 16 17 expenditures; providing penalties; amending s. 18 106.29, F.S.; prohibiting a political party from contributing to a candidate more than the 19 candidate is authorized to accept from the 20 21 party; providing penalties; providing severability; providing an effective date. 22 23 24 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 25 26 Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 106.011, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 28 106.011 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the

following terms have the following meanings unless the context

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clearly indicates otherwise:

(5) (a) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a person for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue, which expenditure is not controlled by, coordinated with, or made upon consultation with, any candidate, political committee, or agent of such candidate or committee.

- (b) An expenditure for the such purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue by a person having a contract with the candidate, political committee, or agent of such candidate or committee in a given election period shall not be deemed an independent expenditure.
- (c)1. An expenditure for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a candidate which is made by an executive committee of a political party shall not be considered an independent expenditure if the committee participates in joint fundraising activities with the candidate; participates in the solicitation or receipt of any contribution on behalf of the candidate; or communicates with the candidate or an agent of the candidate, including any pollster, media consultant, vendor, advisor, or staff member, concerning advertising, message, allocation of resources, fundraising, or other campaign matters related to the candidate's campaign, including campaign operations, staffing, tactics, or strategy.
- 2. For purposes of this paragraph, the executive committee and all other subordinate committees of a national political party, the state executive committee of that political party, and the county executive committees of that political party shall be considered a single entity.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--

- (2)(a) A candidate may not accept contributions from national, state, and county executive committees of a political party, including any subordinate committee of a national or state committee or executive committee of a political party and any legal entity affiliated therewith, which contributions in the aggregate exceed \$50,000, no more than \$25,000 of which may be accepted prior to the 28-day period immediately preceding the date of the general election.
- (3)(a) Any contribution received by a candidate with opposition in an election or the campaign treasurer or a deputy treasurer of such a candidate on the day of that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election shall be returned by him or her to the person or committee contributing it and shall not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), any contribution received by a candidate or the campaign treasurer or a deputy treasurer of a candidate after the date at which the candidate withdraws his or her candidacy, or after the date the candidate is defeated, becomes unopposed, or is elected to office shall be returned to the person or political committee contributing it and shall not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (c) With respect to any campaign for an office in which an independent candidate has filed as required in s.

 99.0955, but whose qualification is pending a determination by the Department of State or supervisor of elections as to

whether or not the required number of petition signatures was obtained:

- 1. The department or supervisor shall, no later than 3 days after that determination has been made, notify in writing all other candidates for that office of that determination; and
- 2. Any contribution received by a candidate or the campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the candidate has been notified in writing by the department or supervisor that the candidate has become unopposed as a result of an independent candidate failing to obtain the required number of petition signatures must be returned to the person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.

Section 3. Section 106.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.085 Independent expenditures; unfair surprise prohibited; notice requirements; penalty.--

party, including any subordinate committee of a national or state committee or executive committee of a political party or any legal entity affiliated therewith, or committee making an independent expenditure in excess of \$1,000 on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate shall deliver notice in writing of such independent expenditure, as well as the amount of such expenditure and a detailed description of the media type or use of such expenditure, within 24 hours after obligating any funds for such expenditure. However, the notice of the obligation of the expenditure must be made at least 14 days prior to an election. An expenditure is obligated upon the

purchase of any political advertising or the entering into any agreement, either oral or written, to purchase any political advertising. Such notice shall be delivered to all of the candidates in the affected race and to the qualifying officer of such candidates. The notice shall specifically state the name of the candidate whom the independent expenditure is designed to support or oppose. For purposes of this subsection, notice shall include, but is not limited to, personal hand delivery or overnight mail. Each new expenditure shall require the delivery or filing of an additional new notice. This subsection does not apply to a primary election if the candidate is unopposed in the primary election.

- (2)(a) If the political advertisement required to be noticed under subsection (1) is to be broadcast over any television, including cable television, or radio station, a copy of the actual advertisement must be provided with the notification, along with a listing of the stations airing the advertisement.
- (b) If the political advertisement required to be noticed under subsection (1) is to be communicated through means other than the spoken word, a duplicate reproduced from the original advertisement to be used must be provided with the notification. The duplicate must clearly depict a copy of the pictures, artwork, and text used in the advertisement.
- (c) If the political advertisement required to be noticed under subsection (1) is to be a telephone solicitation, a copy of the script of the telephone solicitation must be provided with the notification, along with the number of intended recipients.
- $\underline{(3)(2)}$ A person who violates any provision of this section shall be liable for a civil fine of up to \$5,000 to be

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determined by the Florida Elections Commission or $\underline{\text{the entire}}$ an amount $\underline{\text{equal to 10 percent}}$ of the expenditure not noticed, whichever is greater.

(4) This section does not prohibit a person from making an independent expenditure in support of or in opposition to any candidate or issue, unless otherwise prohibited by law; expressing his or her opinion on any issue; or purchasing any political advertisement or campaign material.

Section 4. Section 106.087, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

106.087 Independent expenditures; restrictions on political parties. -- Notwithstanding any provision of s. 99.061(2), s. 99.092(1), or s. 99.103 to the contrary, any political party that accepts the return of any candidate filing fees from any supervisor of elections or the Department of State after the close of qualifying for an election cycle is prohibited from making any independent expenditure on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate during the remainder of the election cycle for which those filing fees were collected. Any national or state political party, or state or county executive committee, including any subordinate committee or legal entity affiliated therewith, or any political party or executive committee that violates the provisions of this section shall, in addition to any other penalty prescribed by this chapter, pay to the state a sum equal to three times the amount involved in the illegal expenditure. The treasurer of the applicable committee or legal entity shall pay all amounts contributed in violation of this section to the state for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

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Section 5. Section 106.29, Florida Statutes is amended to read:

106.29 Reports by political parties; restrictions assessment on contributions and expenditures.--

- (1) The state executive committee and each county executive committee of each political party regulated by chapter 103 shall file regular reports of all contributions received and all expenditures made by such committee. Such reports shall contain the same information as do reports required of candidates by s. 106.07 and shall be filed on the 10th day following the end of each calendar quarter, except that, during the period from the last day for candidate qualifying until the general election, such reports shall be filed on the Friday immediately preceding the first primary election, the second primary election, and the general election. Each state executive committee shall file the original and one copy of its reports with the Division of Elections. Each county executive committee shall file its reports with the supervisor of elections in the county in which such committee exists. Any political party failing to file a report on the designated due date shall be subject to a fine as provided in s. 106.07 for submitting late reports. No separate fine shall be assessed for failure to file a copy of any report required by this section.
- (2) The chair and treasurer of each committee shall certify as to the correctness of each report filed by them on behalf of such committee. Any committee chair or treasurer who certifies the correctness of any report while knowing that such report is incorrect, false, or incomplete commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (3) Any contribution received by a state or county committee less than 5 days before an election shall not be used or expended in behalf of any candidate, issue, or political party participating in such election.
- (4) No state or county executive committee, in the furtherance of any candidate or political party, directly or indirectly, shall give, pay, or expend any money, give or pay anything of value, authorize any expenditure, or become pecuniarily liable for any expenditure prohibited by this chapter. However, the contribution of funds by one executive committee to another <u>or</u> to established party organizations for legitimate party or campaign purposes, or to individual candidates of that party in general elections in amounts exceeding those set forth in s. 106.08 is not prohibited, but all such contributions shall be recorded and accounted for in the reports of the contributor and recipient.
- (5) The national, state, and county executive committees of a political party, including any subordinate committee of a national or state committee or executive committee of a political party and any legal entity affiliated therewith, may not make contributions to any candidate which, in the aggregate, are in excess of the limits the candidate is authorized to accept in s. 106.08(2).

Section 6. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared severable.

Section 7. This act shall take effect January 1, 1998.