Florida House of Representatives - 1998 HB 4675 By the Committee on Agriculture and Representative Bronson

1	
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to aquaculture; amending s.
3	370.027, F.S.; providing an exception to
4	rulemaking authority of the Marine Fisheries
5	Commission with respect to specified marine
6	life; providing that marine aquaculture
7	producers shall be regulated by the Department
8	of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending
9	s. 370.06, F.S.; revising provisions relating
10	to issuance and renewal of saltwater products
11	licenses and special activity licenses;
12	amending s. 370.26, F.S., relating to
13	aquaculture definitions; defining the term
14	"marine aquaculture facility"; deleting
15	requirements of an Aquaculture Section in the
16	Department of Environmental Protection;
17	providing duties of the Department of
18	Agriculture and Consumer Services; authorizing
19	delegation of regulatory authority for certain
20	aquaculture facilities; amending s. 372.0225,
21	F.S.; revising responsibilities of the Division
22	of Fisheries of the Game and Fresh Water Fish
23	Commission relating to freshwater organisms;
24	amending s. 372.65, F.S.; authorizing exemption
25	for freshwater fish dealer's license; amending
26	s. 403.0885, F.S.; providing exemptions from
27	the state National Pollutant Discharge
28	Elimination System program; amending s.
29	597.002, F.S.; clarifying jurisdiction over
30	aquaculture activities; amending s. 597.003,
31	F.S.; expanding the powers and duties of the
	1

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1

1 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 2 relating to regulation of aquaculture; amending 3 s. 597.004, F.S.; revising provisions relating to aquaculture certificate of registration; 4 providing an effective date. 5 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 9 Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 10 370.027, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 370.027 Rulemaking authority with respect to marine 12 life.--13 (1) Pursuant to the policy and standards in s. 14 370.025, the Marine Fisheries Commission is delegated full rulemaking authority over marine life, with the exception of 15 16 marine aquaculture products produced by an individual certified under s. 597.004 and endangered species, subject to 17 final approval by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the 18 19 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, in 20 the areas of concern herein specified. The commission is 21 instructed to make recommendations annually to the Governor 22 and Cabinet regarding the marine fisheries research priorities and funding of the Department of Environmental Protection. All 23 administrative and enforcement responsibilities which are 24 unaffected by the specific provisions of this act continue to 25 26 be the responsibility of the Department of Environmental 27 Protection. The authority to regulate fishing gear in 28 residential, manmade saltwater canals is specifically not 29 delegated to the commission and is retained by the 30 Legislature. 31

HB 4675

2

Exclusive rulemaking authority in the following 1 (2) 2 areas relating to marine life, with the exception of marine 3 aquaculture products produced by individuals certified under 4 s. 597.004 and endangered species, is vested in the 5 commission; any conflicting authority of any division or б bureau of the department or any other agency of state 7 government is withdrawn as of the effective date of the rule 8 proposed by the commission and approved by the Governor and 9 Cabinet, and the inconsistent rule, or the inconsistent part 10 thereof, is superseded to the extent of the inconsistency: 11 (a) Gear specifications; 12 (b) Prohibited gear; 13 (c) Bag limits; (d) Size limits; 14 15 (e) Species that may not be sold; 16 (f) Protected species; (g) Closed areas, except for public health purposes; 17 Quality control, except for oysters, clams, 18 (h) 19 mussels, and crabs, unless such authority is delegated to the 20 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; (i) Seasons; and 21 22 (j) Special considerations relating to eggbearing 23 females. 24 Marine aquaculture producers shall be regulated by (4) 25 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.Marine 26 aquaculture products produced by a marine aquaculture 27 producer, certified pursuant to s. 597.004, are exempt from 28 Marine Fisheries Commission resource management rules, with 29 the exception of such rules governing any fish of or the genus Centropomus (snook), the genus Sciaenops (red drum), or the 30 31 genus Cynoscion (spotted sea trout). Marine Fisheries 3

HB 4675

Commission rules relating to the aquacultural production of 1 2 red drum and spotted sea trout must be developed and adopted 3 by the commission no later than 1 year from October 1, 1996. 4 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 5 subsection (4) of section 370.06, Florida Statutes, are 6 amended to read: 7 370.06 Licenses.--8 (2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE. --9 (a) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any 10

11 saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with 12 certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a 13 valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an aquaculture certificate under s. 597.004 is not required to 14 purchase and possess a saltwater products license in order to 15 16 possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. Each saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any 17 of the activities for which the license is required. The 18 19 license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or 20 aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any time that harvesting activities for which a license is 21 required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement 22 on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a 23 licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by 24 law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This 25 26 endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 27 years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of 28 its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a 29 license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from 30 31 another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a

4

for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of 1 2 its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products 3 pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of 4 5 the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or 6 7 for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of 8 the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable 9 to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, 10 11 in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution 12 must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the 13 purpose of this section "income" means that income which is attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, 14 retirement benefits, and social security benefits. To renew an 15 16 existing restricted species endorsement, marine aquaculture 17 producers possessing a valid saltwater products license with a restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sale 18 19 of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers. 20 The department is authorized to require 1. 21 verification of such income. Acceptable proof of income earned 22 from the sale of saltwater products shall be: a. Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to 23 this subsection (marine fisheries information system), 24 documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 25 26 b. Copies of sales records from locales other than 27 Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 28 c. A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, 29 including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products; 30 31

5

HB 4675

1 d. Crew share statements verifying income earned from 2 the sale of saltwater products; or 3 e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement 4 attesting to qualifying source and amount of income. 5 б Any provision of this section or any other section of the 7 Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person 8 who owns a retail seafood market and/or restaurant at a fixed 9 location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who harvests 10 11 saltwater products to supply his or her retail store and has had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 years 12 13 prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her 14 verification of income and sales value at the person's retail seafood market and/or restaurant and in his or her saltwater 15 16 products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued a restricted species endorsement. 17 Exceptions from income requirements shall be as 18 2. 19 follows: 20 A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be a. 21 available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years. 22 b. Active military duty time shall be excluded from 23 consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be 24 25 counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying. 26 c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel 27 owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible 28 for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such 29 vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species 30 31 6

1 endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the 2 vessel.

d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person
possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate
family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall
be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the
purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a
period of 1 year after the death or disablement.

9 e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on 10 an individual saltwater products license to a person age 62 or 11 older who documents that at least \$2,500 is attributable to 12 the sale of saltwater products pursuant to the provisions of 13 this paragraph.

14 f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also 15 be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a 16 person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products 17 license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years.

18

19 At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted 20 species endorsement shall be aboard any vessel harvesting 21 restricted species in excess of any bag limit or when fishing 22 under a commercial quota or in commercial quantities, and such vessel shall have a commercial vessel registration. This 23 subsection does not apply to any person, firm, or corporation 24 licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. or (b) for activities 25 26 pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be 27 issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat 28 registration number. Such license is not transferable. A decal 29 shall be issued with each saltwater products license issued to a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products 30 license decal shall be the same color as the vessel 31

7

HB 4675

Florida House of Representatives - 1998 188-541B-98

registration decal issued each year pursuant to s. 1 2 327.11(5)(7) and shall indicate the period of time such 3 license is valid. The saltwater products license decal shall be placed beside the vessel registration decal and, in the 4 5 case of an undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the vessel registration decal lies between the vessel registration 6 7 number and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 8 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed 9 from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 10 11 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 12 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 13 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license 14 fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license 15 16 issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license 17 issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater 18 19 products license issued to a valid boat registration number. Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this 20 license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A 21 22 saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an 23 imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records 24 of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule 25 26 of the Department of Environmental Protection not in conflict 27 with s. 370.07(6), and shall provide the holder of the 28 saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is 29 unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of 30 this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy 31

8

from another licensed wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any 1 2 licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products designated 3 as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation not possessing a restricted species endorsement on his or her 4 5 saltwater products license under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from 6 7 another licensed wholesale dealer. The Department of 8 Environmental Protection shall be the licensing agency, may contract with private persons or entities to implement aspects 9 of the licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine 10 11 fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing 12 program to gather fisheries data.

13

(4) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES.--

(a) Any person who seeks to use special gear or 14 equipment in harvesting saltwater species must purchase a 15 16 special activity license as specified by law to engage in such 17 activities. This paragraph does not apply to gear or equipment used for harvesting marine aquaculture products for marine 18 19 aquaculture facilities by individuals certified under s. 20 597.004. The department may issue special activity licenses, in accordance with s. 370.071, to permit the cultivation of 21 22 oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs when such aquaculture activities relate to quality control, sanitation, and public 23 health regulations, unless such authority is delegated to the 24 25 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. The 26 department may prescribe by rule special terms, conditions, 27 and restrictions for any special activity license. 28 (b) The department is authorized to issue special 29 activity licenses in accordance with this section and s. 370.31, to permit the importation, possession, and aquaculture 30 of anadromous sturgeon. The special activity license shall 31

9

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HB 4675

provide for specific best management practices to prevent the 1 2 release and escape of cultured anadromous sturgeon and to 3 protect indigenous populations of saltwater species from sturgeon-borne disease. 4 5 Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (6) of б section 370.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 7 370.26 Aquaculture definitions; marine aquaculture 8 products, and producers, and facilities.--9 (1) As used in this section, the term: 10 (a) "Marine aquaculture facility" means a facility built and operated for the purpose of producing marine 11 12 aquaculture products. Marine aquaculture facilities contain 13 culture systems such as, but not limited to, ponds, tanks, 14 raceways, cages, and bags used for commercial production, 15 propagation, growout, or product enhancement of marine 16 aquaculture products. Marine aquaculture facilities 17 specifically do not include: 1. Facilities that maintain marine aquatic organisms 18 19 exclusively for the purpose of shipping, distribution, 20 marketing, or wholesale and retail sales; 21 2. Facilities that maintain marine aquatic organisms for noncommercial, education, exhibition, or scientific 22 23 purposes; 24 3. Facilities in which the activity does not require 25 an aquaculture certification pursuant to s. 597.004; or 26 4. Facilities used by marine aquarium hobbyists. 27 (b)(a) "Marine aquaculture producer" means a person 28 holding an aquaculture certificate pursuant to s. 597.004 to 29 produce marine aquaculture products for sale. 30 (c)(b) "Marine aquaculture product" means any product 31 derived from marine aquatic organisms that are owned and 10

propagated, and grown, or produced under controlled conditions 1 2 by a person holding an aquaculture certificate pursuant to s. 3 597.004. Such product does not include organisms harvested from the wild for depuration, wet storage, or relayed for the 4 5 purpose of controlled purification. Marine aquaculture б products are considered saltwater products for the purposes of 7 this chapter, except the holder of an aquaculture certificate 8 is not required to purchase and possess a saltwater products 9 license in order to possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products pursuant to s. 370.06. The holder of an 10 11 aquaculture certificate must purchase and possess a saltwater 12 products license in order to possess, transport, or and sell 13 saltwater products not specifically provided for in s. 14 597.004.

15 (2) The Department of Environmental Protection shall
16 encourage the development of aquaculture and the production of
17 aquaculture products.

18 (3) The department shall establish an Aquaculture
 19 Section within the Bureau of Marine Resource Regulation and
 20 Development within the Division of Marine Resources.

(a) The department Aquaculture Section shall develop a 21 22 process consistent with this section that would consolidate permits, general permits, special activity licenses, and other 23 24 regulatory requirements to streamline the permitting process 25 and result in effective regulation of aquaculture activities. 26 This process shall provide for a single application and 27 application fee for marine aquaculture activities which are 28 regulated by the department. Procedures to consolidate 29 permitting actions under this section do not constitute rules within the meaning of s. 120.52. 30 31

11

1 (3) (b) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 2 Services Aquaculture Section shall act as a clearinghouse for 3 aquaculture applications submitted to the department, and act 4 as a liaison between the Division of Marine Resources, the 5 Division of State Lands, the Department of Environmental б Protection district offices, other divisions within the 7 Department of Environmental Protection, and the water 8 management districts. The Department of Agriculture and 9 Consumer Services shall be responsible for regulating marine aquaculture producers, except as specifically provided herein. 10 11 (6) Until such time that aquaculture general permits 12 under s. 403.088 can be expanded and developed, the department 13 shall establish criteria to temporarily permit aquaculture 14 activities that may be presumed not to result in adverse environmental impacts. The criteria developed pursuant to this 15 16 subsection do not constitute rules within the meaning of s. 120.52.Permit application fees under this subsection shall be 17 no more than that established for a general permit. The 18 19 department may delegate to the water management districts the 20 regulatory authority for aquaculture facilities subject to the temporary general permitting criteria of this subsection. 21 22 During the period prior to development of a general permit under s. 403.088, the department shall establish a compliance 23 24 plan based on monitoring results that will assist in the 25 development of the general permit. 26 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 372.0225, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read: 28 372.0225 Freshwater organisms.--29 (1) The Division of Fisheries of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, in order to manage the promotion, 30 31 marketing, and quality control of all freshwater organisms 12

produced in Florida and utilized commercially so that such 1 2 organisms shall be used to produce the optimum sustained yield 3 consistent with the protection of the breeding stock, is directed and charged with the responsibility of: 4 5 (a) Providing for the regulation of the promotion, б marketing, and quality control of freshwater organisms 7 produced in Florida and utilized commercially. 8 (b) Regulating the processing of commercial freshwater organisms on the water or on the shore. 9 10 (c) Providing documentation standards and statistical 11 record requirements with respect to commercial freshwater 12 organism catches. 13 (d) Regulating aquacultural facilities. (d)(e) Conducting scientific, economic, and other 14 studies and research on all freshwater organisms produced in 15 16 the state and used commercially. Section 5. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 17 372.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 372.65 Freshwater fish dealer's license.--20 (1) No person shall engage in the business of taking 21 for sale or selling any frogs or freshwater fish, including 22 live bait, of any species or size, or importing any exotic or nonindigenous fish, until such person has obtained a license 23 and paid the fee therefor as set forth herein. The license 24 25 issued shall be in the possession of the person to whom issued 26 while such person is engaging in the business of taking for 27 sale or selling freshwater fish or frogs, is not transferable, 28 shall bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the person to whom it is issued, and shall be affixed to a license 29 identification card issued by the commission. Such license is 30 31 not valid unless it bears the name of the person to whom it is

13

issued and is so affixed. The failure of such person to exhibit such license to the commission or any of its wildlife officers when such person is found engaging in such business is a violation of law. The license fees and activities permitted under particular licenses are as follows: (g) Any individual or business issued an aquaculture certificate, pursuant to s. 597.004, shall be exempt with respect to aquaculture products authorized under such certificate from the aquaculture game fish license and the resident freshwater fish dealer's license. The commission is authorized to require that cultured game fish sold be tagged and to assess a fee of not more than 5 cents for each tag, which shall be furnished by the commission. Section 6. Subsection (5) is added to section 403.0885, Florida Statutes, to read: 403.0885 Establishment of federally approved state National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Program.--(5) Certified aquaculture operations under s. 597.004 whose annual production and water discharge are less than the parameters established by the NPDES program are exempt from wastewater management regulations if the operations are authorized by the United States Environmental Protection

Agency and follow available best management practices,
including, but not limited to, those listed in the Department

26 of Agriculture and Consumer Services' publication number

27 <u>M90G7, entitled "Best Management Practices for Aquaculture</u>
28 Water Quality."

29 Section 7. Section 597.002, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read:

31

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

597.002 Legislative declaration of public policy 1 2 respecting aquaculture. -- The Legislature declares that aquaculture is agriculture and, as such, the Department of 3 4 Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be the primary agency 5 responsible for regulating aquaculture, any other law to the 6 contrary notwithstanding. The only exceptions are those areas 7 required by federal law, rule, or cooperative agreement to be 8 regulated by another agency. The Legislature declares that, in 9 order to effectively support the growth of aquaculture in this state, there is a need for a state aquaculture plan that will 10 11 provide for the coordination and prioritization of state 12 aquaculture efforts and the conservation and enhancement of 13 aquatic resources and will provide mechanisms for increasing aquaculture production which may lead to the creation of new 14 industries, job opportunities, income for aquaculturists, and 15 16 other benefits to the state. The state aquaculture plan shall guide the research and development of the aquaculture 17 industry. Funds designated by the Legislature for aquaculture 18 19 research and development or for contracting for aquaculture 20 research and development shall be used to address the projects 21 and activities designated in the state aquaculture plan. Any 22 entity receiving legislative funding for aquaculture research and development programs shall report annually to the 23 24 department all activities related to aquaculture to facilitate 25 coordination and compliance with the state aquaculture plan. 26 Section 8. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (1) of 27 section 597.003, Florida Statutes, to read: 28 597.003 Powers and duties of Department of Agriculture 29 and Consumer Services .--30 (1) The department is hereby designated as the lead 31 agency in encouraging the development of aquaculture in the 15

state and shall have and exercise the following functions, 1 2 powers, and duties with regard to aquaculture: 3 (j) Issue or deny any license or permit authorized or 4 delegated to the department by the Legislature or through 5 memorandum of understanding with other state or federal 6 agencies that furthers the intent of the Legislature to place 7 the regulation of aquaculture in the department. 8 Section 9. Section 597.004, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 10 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration .--11 (1) CERTIFICATION.--12 (a) Any person engaging in aquaculture must be 13 certified by the department. The applicant for a certificate 14 of registration shall submit the following to the department: 15 1. Applicant's name/title. 16 2. Company name. 3. Complete mailing address. 17 18 4. Legal property description of all aquaculture 19 facilities. 20 5. Description of production facilities. 21 6. Aquaculture products to be produced. 22 7. Fifty dollar annual registration fee, effective July 1, 1997. 23 24 (b) Any aquatic plant producer permitted certified by the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission department pursuant 25 to s. 369.25 shall also be issued an aquaculture certificate 26 27 of registration. 28 (c) Any alligator producer with an alligator farming 29 license and permit to establish and operate an alligator farm pursuant to the provisions and rules of chapter 372 shall be 30 31 issued an aquaculture certificate of registration. 16

1 (2) FEES.--2 (a) Effective July 1, 1997, all fees collected 3 pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the General 4 Inspection Trust Fund in the Department of Agriculture and 5 Consumer Services. 6 (b) For each aquaculture certificate of registration 7 issued pursuant to this section for freshwater fish operations 8 under chapter 372, \$40 shall be deposited into the State Game 9 Trust Fund in the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission from the General Inspection Trust Fund in the Department of 10 11 Agriculture and Consumer Services. 12 (3) IDENTIFICATION OF AQUACULTURE 13 PRODUCTS.--Aquaculture products shall be identified while 14 possessed, processed, transported, or sold as provided in this subsection, except those subject to the requirements of 15 chapter 372 and the rules of the Game and Fresh Water Fish 16 Commission as they relate to alligators only. 17 (a) Aquaculture products shall be identified by an 18 19 aquaculture certificate of registration number from harvest to 20 point of sale. Any person who possesses aquaculture products 21 must show, by appropriate receipt, bill of sale, bill of 22 lading, or other such manifest where the product originated. (b) Marine aquaculture products shall be transported 23 in containers that separate such product from wild stocks, and 24 25 shall be identified by tags or labels that are securely 26 attached and clearly displayed. 27 (c) Each aquaculture registrant who sells food 28 products labeled as "aquaculture or farm raised" must have 29 such products containerized and clearly labeled in accordance with s. 500.11. Label information must include the name, 30 31 address, and aquaculture certification number. This

17

requirement is designed to segregate the identity of wild and
 aquaculture products.

(4) SALE OF AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS.--

4 (a) Aquaculture products, except shellfish, snook,
5 <u>spotted sea trout, red drum,</u> and freshwater aquatic species
6 identified in chapter 372 and rules of the Game and Fresh
7 Water Fish Commission, may be sold without restriction so long
8 as product origin can be identified.

9 (b) Aquaculture shellfish must be sold and handled in
10 accordance with shellfish handling regulations of the
11 Department of Environmental Protection established to protect
12 public health.

13

3

(5) REGISTRATION AND RENEWALS.--

14 (a) Not later than December 1, 1996, Each aquaculture producer must apply for an aquaculture certificate of 15 16 registration with the department and submit the appropriate fee. Upon department approval, the department shall issue the 17 applicant an aquaculture certificate of registration only for 18 19 a the period of 1 year covering December 1, 1996, through June 20 30, 1997. The department shall not require a registration fee only for the period covering December 1, 1996, through June 21 22 30, 1997. However, Beginning July 1, 1997, and each year thereafter, each aquaculture certificate of registration must 23 24 be renewed with fee, pursuant to this chapter, on July 1. 25 (b) No later than October 1, 1996, The department 26 shall send notices of registration to all aquaculture 27 producers of record requiring them to register for an 28 aquaculture certificate. Thereafter, the department shall send a Renewal notices shall be sent notice to the registrant 60 29 days preceding the termination date of the certificate of 30 31 registration. Prior to the termination date, the registrant

must return a completed renewal form with fee, pursuant to this chapter, to the department. Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1 of the year in which enacted. HOUSE SUMMARY Provides an exception to rulemaking authority of the Marine Fisheries Commission with respect to specified marine life. Provides that marine aquaculture producers shall be regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Revises provisions relating to issuance and renewal of saltwater products licenses and special activity licenses. Defines the term "marine aquaculture facility." Deletes requirements of an Aquaculture Section in the Department of Environmental Protection. Provides additional duties of the Department of Dericulture and Consumer Services relating to of Agriculture and Consumer Services relating to aquaculture. Authorizes delegation of regulatory authority for certain aquaculture facilities. Revises responsibilities of the Division of Fisheries of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission relating to freshwater organized. dealer's license. Provides exemptions from the state National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System program. Clarifies jurisdiction over aquaculture activities. Expands the powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services relating to regulation of aquaculture. Revises provisions relating to aquaculture certificate of registration. See bill for details.

HB 4675