By Senator Dyer

14-413-98

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the practice of veterinary medicine; amending s. 474.203, F.S.; revising and providing exemptions from regulation under chapter 474, F.S., relating to veterinary medical practice; amending s. 474.207, F.S., relating to licensure by examination; eliminating obsolete provisions; amending s. 474.211, F.S.; requiring criteria for providers of continuing education to be approved by the board; amending s. 474.2125, F.S.; exempting veterinarians licensed in another state from certain requirements for temporary licensure in this state; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 474.214, F.S.; increasing the administrative fine; amending s. 474.215, F.S.; requiring limited service permittees to register each location and providing a registration fee; providing requirements for certain temporary rabies vaccination efforts; providing permit and other requirements for persons who are not licensed veterinarians but who desire to own and operate a veterinary medical establishment; providing disciplinary actions applicable to holders of premises permits; amending s. 474.217, F.S., relating to licensure by endorsement; revising a reference to an examination; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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1 Section 1. Section 474.203, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 474.203 Exemptions. -- This chapter does shall not apply 4 to: 5 Any faculty member practicing only in conjunction 6 with teaching duties at a school or college of veterinary 7 medicine which is. Such school or college shall be located in 8 this state and be accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on Education. However, this 9 10 exemption applies only to such a faculty member who does not 11 hold a valid license issued under this chapter but who is a graduate of a school or college of veterinary medicine 12 accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association 13 Council on Education or a school or college recognized by the 14 American Veterinary Medical Association Commission for Foreign 15 Veterinary Graduates. The faculty member exemption shall 16 17 automatically expire when such school or college terminates the faculty member from such teaching duties. On July 1 18 19 December 31 of each year, such school or college shall provide the board with a written list of all faculty who are exempt 20 21 from this chapter. Such school or college shall also notify the board in writing of any additions or deletions to such 22 23 list. 24 (2) A person who is practicing as an intern or 25 resident veterinarian and who does not hold a valid license 26 issued under this chapter but who is a graduate in training at 27 a school or college of veterinary medicine located in this 28 state and accredited by the American Veterinary Medical 29 Association Council on Education. Such an intern or resident 30 must be a graduate of a school or college of veterinary 31 medicine accredited by the American Veterinary Medical

Association Council on Education or a school or college recognized by the American Veterinary Medical Association

Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates. This exemption is no longer applicable to an individual after he or she completes or is terminated from such training. Each school or college at which such an intern or resident is in training shall, on July 1 of each year, provide the board with a written list of all such interns or residents designated for this exemption, and the school or college shall also notify the board of any additions to or deletions from the list.

(3)(2) A student in a school or college of veterinary medicine while in the performance of duties assigned by her or his instructor or when working as a preceptor under the immediate supervision of a licensee, provided that such preceptorship is required for graduation from an accredited school or college of veterinary medicine. The licensed veterinarian shall be responsible for all acts performed by a preceptor under her or his supervision.

(4)(3) Any doctor of veterinary medicine in the employ of a state agency or the United States Government while actually engaged in the performance of her or his official duties; however, this exemption shall not apply to such person when the person is not engaged in carrying out her or his official duties or is not working at the installations for which her or his services were engaged.

(5)(4) Any person, or the person's regular employee, administering to the ills or injuries of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and dehorning of herd animals, unless title has been transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law. This exemption shall not apply to

out-of-state veterinarians practicing temporarily in the state. However, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases which are communicable to humans and which are of public health significance.

(6)(5) State agencies, accredited schools, institutions, foundations, business corporations or associations, physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery in all its branches, graduate doctors of veterinary medicine, or persons under the direct supervision thereof, which or who conduct experiments and scientific research on animals in the development of pharmaceuticals, biologicals, serums, or methods of treatment, or techniques for the diagnosis or treatment of human ailments, or when engaged in the study and development of methods and techniques directly or indirectly applicable to the problems of the practice of veterinary medicine.

(7)(6) Any veterinary aide, nurse, laboratory technician, preceptor, or other employee of a licensed veterinarian who administers medication or who renders auxiliary or supporting assistance under the responsible supervision of a such licensed veterinarian practitioner, including those tasks identified by rule of the board requiring immediate supervision. However, the licensed veterinarian is shall be responsible for all such acts performed under this subsection by persons under her or his supervision.

(8) A veterinarian, licensed by and actively practicing veterinary medicine in another state, who is board certified in a specialty recognized by the board and who responds to a request of a veterinarian licensed in this state to assist with the treatment on a specific case of a specific

animal or with the treatment on a specific case of the animals

of a single owner, as long as the veterinarian licensed in

this state requests the other veterinarian's presence. A

veterinarian who practices under this subsection is not

eligible to apply for a premises permit under s. 474.215.

(9) For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are considered to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 474.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.207 Licensure by examination.--

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2)(b), an applicant <u>has</u> shall be deemed to have met the education requirements for licensure upon submission of evidence that the applicant <u>meets one of the following:</u>
- (a) The applicant was certified for examination by the board prior to October 1, 1989; or
- (b) The applicant immigrated to the United States after leaving her or his home country because of political reasons, provided such country is located in the Western Hemisphere and lacks diplomatic relations with the United States, +and:
- $\underline{(a)}$ Was a Florida resident immediately preceding her or his application for licensure;
- $\underline{\text{(b)}2}$. Demonstrates to the board, through submission of documentation verified by the applicant's respective professional association in exile, that she or he received a professional degree in veterinary medicine from a college or university located in the country from which she or he

emigrated. However, the board may not require receipt transcripts from the Republic of Cuba as a condition of eligibility under this section; and

 $\underline{\text{(c)}_3}$. Lawfully practiced her or his profession for at least 3 years.

- (4) Applicants certified for examination or reexamination under subsection (3) who fail or have failed the examination three times <u>must</u> subsequent to October 1, 1989, shall be required to demonstrate to the board that they meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(b) prior to any further reexamination or certification for licensure.
- (5) An unlicensed doctor of veterinary medicine who has graduated from an approved college or school of veterinary medicine and has completed all parts of the examination for licensure is permitted, while awaiting the results of such examination for licensure or while awaiting issuance of the license, to practice under the immediate supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A person who fails any part of the examination may not continue to practice, except in the same capacity as other nonlicensed veterinary employees, until she or he passes the examination and is eligible for licensure.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 474.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.211 Renewal of license.--

(3) The board may by rule prescribe continuing education, not to exceed 30 hours biennially, as a condition for renewal of a license or certificate. The criteria for such programs, providers, or courses <u>must shall</u> be approved by the board.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 474.2125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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27 28 474.2125 Temporary license.--

(1) The board shall adopt rules providing for the issuance of a temporary license to a licensed veterinarian of another state for the purpose of enabling her or him to provide veterinary medical services in this state for the animals of a specific owner or, as may be needed in an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) s. 252.34(2), for the animals of multiple owners, provided the applicant would qualify for licensure by endorsement under s. 474.217, except that the applicant need not have demonstrated compliance with s. 474.217(1)(a) before the license is issued. A No temporary license is not shall be valid for more than 30 days after its issuance, and a no license may not shall cover more than the treatment of the animals of one owner except in an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) s. 252.34(2). When After the expiration of 30 days have expired, a new temporary license is required.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 474.214, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.214 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (2) When the board finds any applicant or veterinarian guilty of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (1), regardless of whether the violation occurred prior to licensure, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:
- (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed $$5,000\frac{$1,000}{}$ for each count or separate offense.

In determining appropriate action, the board must first consider those sanctions necessary to protect the public. Only after those sanctions have been imposed may the

disciplining authority consider and include in its order requirements designed to rehabilitate the veterinarian. All costs associated with compliance with any order issued under this subsection are the obligation of the veterinarian.

Section 6. Subsection (7) of section 474.215, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

474.215 Premises permits.--

- (7) The board by rule shall establish minimum standards for the operation of limited service veterinary medical practices. The Such rules must shall not restrict limited service veterinary medical practices and must shall be consistent with the type of limited veterinary medical service provided.
- (a) Any person who that offers or provides limited service veterinary medical practice shall obtain from the board a biennial permit from the board the cost of which must shall not exceed \$250. The limited service permittee shall register each location where limited service clinics are held and shall pay a fee set by rule not to exceed \$25 to register each such location.
- (b) All permits issued under this subsection are subject to the provisions of ss. 474.213 and 474.214.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, any temporary rabies vaccination effort operated by a county health department in response to a public health threat, as declared by the State Health Officer in consultation with the State Veterinarian, is not subject to any preregistration, time limitation, or fee requirements, but must adhere to all other requirements for limited service veterinary medical practice as prescribed by rule. The fee

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charged to the public for a rabies vaccination administered during such a temporary rabies vaccination effort must not exceed the actual cost of administering the rabies vaccine.

Such rabies vaccination efforts may not be used for any purpose other than to address the public health consequences of the rabies outbreak. The board shall be immediately notified in writing of any temporary rabies vaccination effort operated under this paragraph.

- (8) Any person who is not a veterinarian licensed under this chapter but who desires to own and operate a veterinary medical establishment shall apply to the board for a premises permit. If the board certifies that the applicant complies with the applicable laws and rules of the board, the department shall issue a premises permit. A permit must not be issued unless a licensed veterinarian is designated to undertake the professional supervision of the veterinary medical practice and the minimum standards set by rule of the board for premises where veterinary medicine is practiced. Upon application, the department shall request a statewide criminal records correspondence check of the applicant through the Department of Law Enforcement. The permittee shall notify the board within 10 days after any change of the licensed veterinarian responsible for such duties. Any permittee under this subsection is subject to subsection (9) and s. 474.214.
- (9)(a) The department or the board may deny, revoke, or suspend the permit of any permittee under this section and may fine, place on probation, or otherwise discipline any permittee under this section who has:
- 1. Obtained a permit by misrepresentation or fraud or through an error of the department or board;

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- 2. Attempted to procure, or has procured, a permit for any other person by making, or causing to be made, any false representation;
- 3. Violated any of the requirements of this chapter or any rule of the board; or
- 4. Been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, a felony in any court of this state, of any other state, or of the United States.
- (b) If the permit is revoked or suspended, the owner, manager, or proprietor shall cease to operate the premises as a veterinary medical practice as of the effective date of the suspension or revocation. In the event of such revocation or suspension, the owner, manager, or proprietor shall remove from the premises all signs and symbols identifying the premises as a veterinary medical practice. The period of any such suspension must be prescribed by rule of the board, but may not exceed 1 year. If the permit is revoked, the person who owns or operates the establishment may not apply for a permit to operate such premises for a period of 1 year after the date of the revocation. Upon the effective date of the revocation, the permittee shall advise the board of the disposition of any and all medicinal drugs and shall make provision for ensuring the security, confidentiality, and availability to clients of all patient medical records.
- Section 7. Section 474.217, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 474.217 Licensure by endorsement.--
- (1) The department shall issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a fee set by the board, demonstrates to the board that she or he:

- (a) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of veterinary medicine in this state; and
- (b)1. Either holds, and has held for the 3 years immediately preceding the application for licensure, a valid, active license to practice veterinary medicine in another state of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States, provided that the requirements for licensure in the issuing state, district, or territory are equivalent to or more stringent than the requirements of this chapter; or
- 2. Meets the qualifications of s. 474.207(2)(b) and has successfully completed a state, regional, national, or other examination which is equivalent to or more stringent than the examination approved by the board and certified given by the department and has passed the board's clinical competency examination or another clinical competency examination specified by rule of the board.
- (2) The department <u>may</u> shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in any state, territory, or the District of Columbia for an act <u>that</u> which would constitute a violation of this chapter until the investigation is complete and disciplinary proceedings have been terminated, at which time the provisions of s. 474.214 applies shall apply.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.

SENATE SUMMARY Amends regulations relating to the practice of veterinary medicine. Provides exemptions from ch. 474, F.S. Provides for the Board of Veterinary Medicine to approve criteria for providers of continuing education. Increases the maximum amount of an administrative fine from \$1,000 to \$5,000. Requires the registration of locations at which limited service clinics are held, and provides for fees. Exempts certain temporary rabies vaccination efforts from specified requirements. Places restrictions on fees charged for such temporary efforts and limits the uses to charged for such temporary efforts and limits the uses to which those temporary efforts may be put. Requires that the board be notified of such a temporary effort within 30 days. Provides for premises permits for nonveterinarians, and establishes conditions for operating such premises. Provides for disciplinary actions applicable to holders of premises permits.