By the Committees on Elder Affairs & Long Term Care, Civil Justice & Claims and Representatives Rodriguez-Chomat, Feeney and Brooks

1 A bill to be entitled An act relating to mental health; creating the 2 3 "Robert Newman and Stuart Simon Act of 1998"; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; providing for court 4 hearings on requests for ex parte orders for 5 6 involuntary examination of mentally ill 7 persons; providing for findings; providing for rescission of orders under certain 8 9 circumstances; providing for release of persons being held for examination; prohibiting certain 10 11 administration of drugs without informed 12 consent or a court order; providing an 13 exception; providing penalties; amending s. 394.4599, F.S.; requiring certain notice to the 14 15 parent or guardian when a minor is involuntarily held; providing an effective 16 17 date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Robert Newman 22 and Stuart Simon Act of 1998." 23 Section 2. Present paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of 24 section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended, present paragraphs (b) through (i) are redesignated as paragraphs (c) 25 26 through (j), respectively, a new paragraph (b) is added to 27 said subsection, and subsection (4) is added to said section, 28 to read: 29 394.463 Involuntary examination. --30 INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. --(2) 31

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(b) The court, at its discretion, may order a hearing on a request for an ex parte order for involuntary examination of a mentally ill person before entering such order, or at any time thereafter while the person is being held for examination at a receiving facility or its contractor. A hearing authorized under this paragraph shall be held on an expedited basis. If, at the hearing, the court finds that the person does not appear to meet the criteria for involuntary examination as provided in this section, the court shall rescind the ex parte order, if any has been entered, and notify the receiving facility or its contractor to release the person being held.

(g) (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician or clinical psychologist at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay and may, during the involuntary examination, upon the order of a physician, be given emergency treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. However, no patient may be administered a psychotropic drug immediately prior to or during the involuntary examination without informed consent or a court order, unless the actions of the patient endanger the health or safety of the patient or others, or unless the patient's treatment regimen, including medications, is known to the facility personnel and clinical evidence exists for administering medication. The patient shall not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist, except pursuant to notice of rescission of an ex parte order as provided in paragraph (b). However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

1 (4) UNLAWFUL ACTIVITIES RELATING TO OBTAINING ORDER
2 FOR INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION OR TREATMENT; PENALTIES.--

- (a) A person who knowingly furnishes false information for the purpose of obtaining emergency or other involuntary examination or treatment for any person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not to exceed \$5,000.
- (b) A person who causes or otherwise secures, or conspires with or assists another to cause or secure, without reason for believing a person to be mentally ill, any emergency or other involuntary procedure for the person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not to exceed \$5,000.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 394.4599, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4599 Notice.--

- (2) INVOLUNTARY PATIENTS.--
- (b) A receiving facility shall give prompt notice of the whereabouts of a patient who is being involuntarily held for examination, by telephone or in person within 24 hours after the patient's arrival at the facility, unless the patient, if an adult, requests that no notification be made. With respect to a minor, the receiving or psychiatric facility must attempt to provide immediate notice of the whereabouts of the patient to the parent or guardian. If the parent or guardian cannot be immediately located, attempts to notify must be repeated at least every 6 hours until notification is effected. Contact attempts shall be documented in the patient's clinical record and shall begin as soon as reasonably possible after the patient's arrival. Notice that a patient is being admitted as an involuntary patient shall be

given to the local human rights advocacy committee no later than the next working day after the patient is admitted. Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1 of the year in which enacted.