By the Committee on Criminal Justice and Senator Lee

307-2029-98

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1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to DUI vehicle impoundment; 3 amending s. 316.193, F.S.; providing for 4 impoundment of vehicles during the period of 5 probation; providing an effective date. 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 9 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 316.193, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties.--11 12 (6) With respect to any person convicted of a violation of subsection (1), regardless of any penalty imposed 13 pursuant to subsection (2), subsection (3), or subsection (4): 14 (a) For the first conviction, the court shall place 15 the defendant on probation for a period not to exceed 1 year 16 17 and, as a condition of such probation, shall order the defendant to participate in public service or a community work 18 project for a minimum of 50 hours; or the court may order 19 20 instead, that any defendant pay an additional fine of \$10 for each hour of public service or community work otherwise 21 22 required, if, after consideration of the residence or location 23 of the defendant at the time public service or community work is required, payment of the fine is in the best interests of 24 25 the state. However, the total period of probation and 26 incarceration may not exceed 1 year. (b) For the second conviction for an offense that 27 28 occurs within a period of 5 years after the date of a prior

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conviction for violation of this section, the court shall

order imprisonment for not less than 10 days. At least 48

31 hours of confinement must be consecutive.

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- (c) For the third or subsequent conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years after the date of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall order imprisonment for not less than 30 days. At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive.
- (d) In addition to the penalty imposed under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), the court shall also order the impoundment or immobilization of the vehicle that was driven by, or in the actual physical control of, the offender, unless the court finds that the family of the owner of the vehicle has no other public or private means of transportation. The period of impoundment or immobilization is 10 days, or, for the second conviction within 3 years, 30 days, or, for the third conviction within 5 years, 90 days and shall may not be concurrent with probation if probation is ordered. However, the period of impoundment or immobilization may not be concurrent with or imprisonment. If the vehicle is leased or rented, the period of impoundment or immobilization may not extend beyond the expiration of the lease or rental agreement. Within 7 business days after the date that the court issues the order of impoundment or immobilization, the clerk of the court shall send notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered owner of the vehicle if the registered owner is a person other than the offender and to each person of record claiming a lien against the vehicle. All costs and fees for the impoundment or immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased or rented, by the person leasing or renting the vehicle. All sections of s. 713.78 shall apply. The person who owns a vehicle that is impounded or immobilized under this paragraph, or a person who

has a lien of record against such a vehicle, may, within 10 days after the date that person has knowledge of the location of the vehicle, file a complaint in the county in which the owner resides to determine whether the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld from the owner or lienholder. Upon the filing of a complaint, the owner or lienholder may have the vehicle released by posting with the court a bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the costs and fees for impoundment or immobilization, including towing or storage, to ensure the payment of such costs and fees if the owner or lienholder does not prevail. When the bond is posted and the fee is paid as set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate releasing the vehicle. At the time of release, after reasonable inspection, the owner or lienholder must give a receipt to the towing or storage company indicating any loss or damage to the vehicle or to the contents of the vehicle.

(e) A defendant, in the court's discretion, may be required to serve all or any portion of a term of imprisonment to which the defendant has been sentenced pursuant to this section in a residential alcoholism treatment program or a residential drug abuse treatment program. Any time spent in such a program must be credited by the court toward the term of imprisonment.

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For the purposes of this section, any conviction for a violation of s. 327.35; a previous conviction for the violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an

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unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also 3 considered a previous conviction for violation of this 4 section. However, in satisfaction of the fine imposed pursuant 5 to this section, the court may, upon a finding that the 6 defendant is financially unable to pay either all or part of 7 the fine, order that the defendant participate for a specified additional period of time in public service or a community 8 9 work project in lieu of payment of that portion of the fine 10 which the court determines the defendant is unable to pay. In determining such additional sentence, the court shall consider 11 the amount of the unpaid portion of the fine and the 12 reasonable value of the services to be ordered; however, the 13 14 court may not compute the reasonable value of services at a 15 rate less than the federal minimum wage at the time of 16 sentencing. 17 Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 18 law. 19 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 20 Senate Bill 604 21 22 Provides that s. 713.78, F.S., relating to liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles applies to impoundment or immobilization under s. 316.193, F.S. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

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