1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to medical examiners; amending 3 s. 406.11, F.S.; authorizing medical examiners to obtain records necessary for their 4 5 investigations of deaths; amending s. 406.12, 6 F.S.; specifying certain medical information or 7 other records pertinent to death investigations 8 that must be reported to the medical examiner; 9 providing that documents or records made 10 confidential by statute do not lose such status upon receipt by the medical examiner; providing 11 12 immunity from civil liability for persons who 13 provide such information to the medical 14 examiner; providing an effective date. 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 18 Section 1. Section 406.11, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 406.11 Examinations, investigations, and autopsies .--21 (1) In any of the following circumstances involving 22 the death of a human being, the medical examiner of the 23 district in which the death occurred or the body was found shall determine the cause of death and shall make or have 24 performed such examinations, investigations, and autopsies as 25 26 he or she determines shall deem necessary or as are shall be 27 requested by the state attorney:

(a) When any person dies in the state:

1. Of criminal violence.

2. By accident.

By suicide.

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- 4. Suddenly, when in apparent good health.
 - 5. Unattended by a practicing physician or other recognized practitioner.
 - 6. In any prison or penal institution.
 - 7. In police custody.
 - 8. In any suspicious or unusual circumstance.
 - 9. By criminal abortion.
 - 10. By poison.

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- 11. By disease constituting a threat to public health.
- 12. By disease, injury, or toxic agent resulting from employment.
- (b) When a dead body is brought into the state without proper medical certification.
- (c) When a body is to be cremated, dissected, or buried at sea. $\label{eq:condition}$
- (2)(a) The district medical examiner shall have the authority in any case coming under any of the above categories <u>way to perform, or have performed, whatever autopsies or laboratory examinations he or she determines deems necessary in the public interest and to obtain records he or she determines necessary to the investigation.
- (b) The Medical Examiners Commission shall promulgate rules, pursuant to chapter 120, providing for the notification of the next of kin that an investigation by the medical examiner's office is being conducted.
- Section 2. Section 406.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 406.12 Duty to report; prohibited acts.--It is the duty of any person in the district where a death occurs, including all municipalities and unincorporated and federal areas, who becomes aware of the death of any person occurring

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under the circumstances described in s. 406.11 to report such
    death and circumstances forthwith to the district medical
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    examiner. Any person who knowingly fails or refuses to report
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   such death and circumstances, who refuses to make available
   prior medical or other information pertinent to the death
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    investigation, including, but not limited to, medical records,
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    hospital records, dental records, nursing home records,
    at-home nursing care records, psychiatric records, sexually
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    transmitted disease records, emergency medical services
    records, and other records of health care or treatment whether
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    or not such records are elsewhere declared to be privileged or
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    confidential, or who, without an order from the office of the
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    district medical examiner, willfully touches, removes, or
   disturbs the body, clothing, or any article upon or near the
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   body, with the intent to alter the evidence or circumstances
    surrounding the death, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the
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    first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
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    775.083. Documents or records made confidential by statute do
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    not lose such status upon receipt by the medical examiner. A
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   person who provides privileged or confidential records or
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    information to the medical examiner pursuant to this chapter
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    is immune from civil liability arising out of the provision of
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    such records or information.
           Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997.
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********** SENATE SUMMARY Provides that a medical examiner may, in investigating a death, obtain records necessary to the investigation. Specifies certain records relating to a death investigation which must be reported to the medical examiner. Provides that documents or records made confidential by statute do not lose such status upon receipt by the medical examiner. A person who provides privileged or confidential records or information to the medical examiner is immune from civil liability arising out of provision of such information.