1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to sale of fireworks; amending 3 s. 791.001, F.S.; specifying enforcement authority; amending s. 791.01, F.S.; revising 4 5 definitions; amending s. 791.012, F.S.; 6 correcting a cross reference; amending s. 7 791.013, F.S.; increasing criminal penalties for certain violations; amending s. 791.015, 8 9 F.S.; revising registration requirements for 10 manufacturers, distributors, and wholesalers of sparklers or fireworks; requiring certain fees; 11 creating ss. 791.016, 791.017, 791.018, and 12 13 791.019, F.S.; providing procedures for cease and desist orders; providing for administrative 14 15 fines; specifying grounds for suspension or revocation of registration; providing for 16 17 duration of suspension or revocation; amending 18 s. 791.02, F.S.; prohibiting sale or delivery 19 of sparklers or fireworks to certain persons; 20 creating s. 791.021, F.S.; prohibiting sale or solicitation to sell sparklers under certain 21 circumstances; providing responsibilities of 22 23 manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers; amending s. 791.04, F.S.; 24 25 authorizing the sale at wholesale of fireworks 26 under certain circumstances; providing 27 requirements; authorizing sales of fireworks 28 for certain public display purposes under 29 certain circumstances; creating s. 791.041, 30 F.S.; prohibiting sale or solicitation to sell fireworks under certain circumstances;

requiring maintenance of records and sales of fireworks; providing requirements; providing responsibilities of manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers; amending s. 791.05, F.S.; providing for seizure, forfeiture, and disposal of certain fireworks and sparklers under certain circumstances; providing procedures; providing requirements; authorizing assessments to cover certain costs; amending s. 791.055, F.S.; specifying a rule governing the storage of sparklers or fireworks; amending s. 791.06, F.S.; increasing criminal penalties for certain violations; creating ss. 791.061 and 791.062, F.S.; providing for injunctive relief for certain violations; protecting certain municipal and county ordinances, rules, and regulations; amending s. 791.07, F.S.; providing for use of fireworks in certain agricultural works or fisheries operations; providing requirements; providing procedures; providing a penalty; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 791.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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791.001 Application and enforcement.--This chapter shall be applied uniformly throughout the state. <u>The State</u> Fire Marshal or designated agent under his authority, any

sheriff or deputy sheriff, any other law enforcement agency or official, or any certified fire inspector, charged with the enforcement of the laws of the state, shall have jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this chapter. Enforcement of this chapter shall remain with local law enforcement departments and officials charged with the enforcement of the laws of the state.

Section 2. Section 791.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

791.01 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Authority having jurisdiction" means a federal, state, local, or other regional department or individual, including, but not limited to, a fire chief, fire marshal, chief of a fire prevention bureau, law enforcement official, building official, or any other person having statutory authority.
- (2)(1) "Distributor of sparklers" means any person or organization engaged in the business of selling sparklers to a wholesaler.
- (3) "Distributor of fireworks" means any person or organization engaged in the business of selling fireworks.
- $\underline{(4)}$ "Division" means the Division of the State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance.
- $\underline{(5)(3)}$ "Explosive compound" means any chemical compound, mixture, or device the primary or common purpose of which is to function by the substantially instantaneous release of gas and heat.
- (6)(4)(a) "Fireworks" means and includes any combustible or explosive composition or substance or combination of substances or, except as hereinafter provided,

any article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration, or detonation. The term includes blank cartridges and toy cannons in which explosives are used, the type of balloons which require fire underneath to propel them, firecrackers, torpedoes, skyrockets, roman candles, dago bombs, and any fireworks containing any explosives or flammable compound or any tablets or other device containing any explosive substance.

- (b) "Fireworks" does not include sparklers approved by the division pursuant to s. 791.013; toy pistols, toy canes, toy guns, or other devices in which paper caps containing twenty-five hundredths grains or less of explosive compound are used, providing they are so constructed that the hand cannot come in contact with the cap when in place for the explosion; and toy pistol paper caps which contain less than twenty hundredths grains of explosive mixture, the sale and use of which shall be permitted at all times.
- (c) "Fireworks" also does not include the following
 novelties and trick noisemakers:
- 1. A snake or glow worm, which is a pressed pellet of not more than 10 grams of pyrotechnic composition that produces a large, snakelike ash which expands in length as the pellet burns and that does not contain mercuric thiocyanate.
- 2. A smoke device, which is a tube or sphere containing not more than 10 grams of pyrotechnic composition that, upon burning, produces white or colored smoke as the primary effect.
- 3. A trick noisemaker, which is a device that produces a small report intended to surprise the user and which includes:

- a. A party popper, which is a small plastic or paper device containing not more than 16 milligrams of explosive composition that is friction sensitive, which is ignited by pulling a string protruding from the device, and which expels a paper streamer and produces a small report.
- b. A booby trap, which is a small tube with a string protruding from both ends containing not more than 16 milligrams of explosive compound, which is ignited by pulling the ends of the string, and which produces a small report.
- c. A snapper, which is a small, paper-wrapped device containing not more than four milligrams of explosive composition coated on small bits of sand, and which, when dropped, explodes, producing a small report. A snapper may not contain more than 250 milligrams of total sand and explosive composition.
- d. A trick match, which is a kitchen or book match which is coated with not more than 16 milligrams of explosive or pyrotechnic composition and which, upon ignition, produces a small report or shower of sparks.
- e. A cigarette load, which is a small wooden peg that has been coated with not more than 16 milligrams of explosive composition and which produces, upon ignition of a cigarette containing one of the pegs, a small report.
- f. An auto burglar alarm, which is a tube which contains not more than 10 grams of pyrotechnic composition that produces a loud whistle or smoke when ignited and which is ignited by use of a squib. A small quantity of explosive, not exceeding 50 milligrams, may also be used to produce a small report.

The sale and use of items listed in this paragraph are permitted at all times.

- (7) "Fixed location" means a permanent building or any other structure for which a certificate of occupancy or similar permit has been issued. A fixed location does not include any type of tent or motorized or movable apparatus, including, but not limited to, cars, trucks, and trailers.
- (8)(5) "Manufacturer of sparklers" means any person or organization engaged in the manufacture or construction of sparklers in this state.
- (9) "Manufacturer of fireworks" means any person or organization engaged in the manufacture or construction of fireworks in this state.
- (10)(6) "Retailer" means any person who, at a fixed location place of business, is engaged in selling sparklers to consumers at retail.
- $\underline{(11)}(7)$ "Seasonal retailer" means any person engaged in the business of selling sparklers at retail in this state from June 20 through July 5 and from December 10 through January 2 of each year.
- (12)(8) "Sparkler" means a device which emits showers of sparks upon burning, does not contain any explosive compounds, does not detonate or explode, is hand held or ground based, cannot propel itself through the air, and contains not more than 100 grams of the chemical compound which produces sparks upon burning. Any sparkler that is not approved by the division is classified as fireworks.
- $\underline{(13)(9)}$ "Wholesaler <u>of sparklers</u>" means any person <u>or organization</u> engaged in the business of selling sparklers to a retailer.

1 (14) "Wholesaler of fireworks" means any person or 2 organization engaged in the business of selling fireworks to a 3 wholesaler, distributor, or manufacturer registered under chapter 791 or for agricultural or public display purposes. 4 5 Section 3. Section 791.012, Florida Statutes, 1996 6 Supplement, is amended to read: 7 791.012 Minimum fireworks safety standards.--The 8 outdoor display of fireworks in this state shall be governed by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1123, Code 10 for Fireworks Display, 1995 Edition, approved by the American National Standards Institute. Any state, county, or municipal 11 law, rule, or ordinance may provide for more stringent 12 13 regulations for the outdoor display of fireworks, but in no event may any such law, rule, or ordinance provide for less 14 15 stringent regulations for the outdoor display of fireworks. The division shall promulgate rules to carry out the 16 provisions of this section. The Code for Fireworks Display 17 18 shall not govern the display of any fireworks on private, 19 residential property and shall not govern the display of those items included under s. 791.01(6)(4)(b) and (c) and authorized 20 21 for sale thereunder. 22 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 791.013, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 791.013 Testing and approval of sparklers; 24 25 penalties. --26 (2) Any person who alters an approved sparkler 27 product, so that it is no longer a sparkler as defined in s. 28 791.01, and subsequently sells the product as if it were

third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.

approved commits is guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the

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approved for sale as a sparkler product when it is not so approved <u>commits</u> is guilty of a <u>felony misdemeanor</u> of the <u>third first</u> degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 5. Section 791.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

791.015 Registration of manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers of sparklers or fireworks.--

(1) REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS. -- It is unlawful for any organization or individual to engage in the business of manufacturing, distributing, or selling at wholesale or retail any firework or sparkler except as provided in this chapter. Any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of sparklers or fireworks and any—retailer—or seasonal retailer of sparklers who wishes to do business in this state or to otherwise sell, ship, or assign for sale its products in this state must register annually with the division on forms prescribed by the division. A manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or seasonal retailer must submit a separate registration form and fee for each location at which sparklers will be sold. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler who wishes to engage in the business of selling fireworks to the extent allowed herein must submit a separate registration form and fee for each location at which fireworks will be manufactured or sold. Wholesale and retail sales shall not be conducted at the same location and at no time shall the sale of fireworks be conducted in the same location at which sparklers are sold. Registration certificates issued by the division shall be displayed on the premises and made available for immediate inspection by the authority having jurisdiction. A person may not alter, deface, or copy a certificate of registration. Any

retailer who sells sparklers at more than one retail location may submit one registration form for all such locations but must provide the address of each location with the registration form; however, any retailer may submit multiple registration forms.

- with the division must be notarized and must include the following information: name of the individual if the
 registration certificate is to be held in an individual
 capacity; business name; address; telephone number; officers, if the business is a corporation; and an individual designated as a contact person. A firm or individual registering as a manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or seasonal retailer of sparklers shall not use the word "fireworks" as a part of the business name or advertise the sale of fireworks. The registration form shall be accompanied by evidence of registration with the Department of Revenue pursuant to chapter 212.
 - (3) FEES.--

(a) Each manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler must pay an annual registration fee of to be set by the division not to exceed \$1,000. Each seasonal retailer must pay an annual registration fee of to be set by the division not to exceed \$200. Each retailer shall pay an annual registration fee of to be set by the division not to exceed \$15 for each retail location registered. Each certificateholder wishing to have a duplicate certificate issued for one which is lost or to reflect a change of mailing address shall request such duplicate in writing and shall pay a fee of \$5. No duplicate certificate shall be issued to reflect a change in business location.

(b) Revenue from registration fee payments shall be deposited in the Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Trust Fund for the purposes of implementing the registration and testing provisions of this chapter.

Section 6. Sections 791.016, 791.017, 791.018, and 791.019, Florida Statutes, are created to read:

791.016 Procedures for cease and desist orders; administrative fine.--

- (1) Whenever the division believes any person is or has been violating the provisions of this chapter or any rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, the division shall proceed to determine the matter.
- (2) If the division determines the existence of any violations of the provisions of this chapter, or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, the division shall issue to a person charged with the violation an order requiring such person to cease and desist from such violation or imposing an administrative fine, or both.
- (3) The provisions of this section shall be enforced pursuant to chapter 120.

791.017 Administrative fines.--

(1) If any person violates any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or violates a cease and desist order, the division may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation, or suspend or revoke the certificate of registration issued to such person. The division may allow the certificateholder a reasonable time, not to exceed 30 days, to pay the penalty in its entirety to the division. If the certificateholder fails to pay the penalty in its entirety within the period allowed,

the division shall revoke any certificates held by such
person.

791.018 Grounds for suspension or revocation of registration certificate for manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, or retailers.—The division may suspend or revoke the registration certificate of any manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer for any:

- (1) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in obtaining a registration certificate or in attempting to obtain a registration certificate.
- (2) Willful use or intent to use a registration certificate to circumvent any requirement or prohibition of this chapter.
- (3) Fraudulent or dishonest practice in the conduct of business under the authority of a registration certificate.
- (4) Failure to comply with any order or rule of the division.
 - (5) Violation of any provision of this chapter.

The provisions of this section shall be enforced pursuant to chapter 120.

791.019 Duration of suspension or revocation.--

(1) The division shall, in an order suspending the registration certificate of an individual, firm, partnership, association, group, or corporation, specify the period during which the suspension is to be effective, not to exceed 2 years. The registration certificate shall remain suspended during the period specified, subject to any rescission or modification of the order by the division or modification or reversal of the order by a court prior to expiration of the suspension period. A registration certificate which has been

suspended shall not be reinstated except upon request for such reinstatement. The division shall not grant such reinstatement if the division finds any circumstance for which the registration certificate was suspended or revoked still exists or is likely to recur.

- (2) No person, firm, partnership, association, group, or corporation under any registration certificate revoked by the division may apply for another registration certificate under this chapter within 2 years after the effective date of such revocation or, if judicial review of such revocation is sought, within 2 years after the date of final court order or decree affirming the revocation order.
- (3) In no event shall the division issue a registration certificate to an individual, firm, partnership, association, group, or corporation if a registration certificate of such individual, firm, partnership, association, group, or corporation has been revoked at two separate times.
- (4) During the period of suspension, or after revocation of the registration certificate, the former certificateholder shall not engage in or attempt or profess to engage in any transaction or business for which a registration certificate is required by this chapter.

Section 7. Section 791.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 791.02 Sale of fireworks <u>or sparklers</u> regulated; rules and regulations.--
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided it is unlawful for any person, firm, copartnership, or corporation to offer for sale, expose for sale, sell at retail, or use, possess, or explode any fireworks; provided that the board of county

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commissioners shall have power to adopt reasonable rules and regulations for the granting of permits for supervised public display of fireworks by fair associations, amusement parks, and other organizations or groups of individuals when such public display is to take place outside of any municipality; provided, further, that the governing body of any municipality shall have power to adopt reasonable rules and regulations for the granting of permits for supervised public display of fireworks within the boundaries of any municipality. Every such display shall be handled by a competent operator to be approved by the chiefs of the police and fire departments of the municipality or county in which the display is to be held, and shall be of such a character, and so located, discharged, or fired as in the opinion of the chief of the fire department, after proper inspection, shall not be hazardous to property or endanger any person. Application for permits shall be made in writing at least 15 days in advance of the date of the display. If the local authority having jurisdiction does not have a permit process for the public display of fireworks, application shall be made to the State Fire Marshal. After such privilege shall have been granted, sales, possession, use, and distribution of fireworks for such display shall be lawful for that purpose only. No permit granted hereunder shall be transferable. All public display of fireworks shall be conducted in compliance with s. 791.012.

(2) A sparkler or other product authorized for sale under this chapter may not be sold or shipped to a person under the age of 18 years of age. A sparkler or other product authorized for sale under this chapter may not be sold by a retailer or seasonal retailer unless the product was obtained from a manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler registered

with the division pursuant to s. 791.015. Each retailer and seasonal retailer shall keep, at every location where sparklers are sold, a copy of an invoice or other evidence of 3 purchase from the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, 4 5 which states the registration certificate number for the particular manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler and the 6 7 specific items covered by the invoice. Each seasonal retailer shall, in addition, exhibit a copy of his registration 8 certificate at each retail or seasonal retail location. Seasonal retail sales shall not be <u>made from any type of</u> 10 motorized or movable apparatus. Seasonal retail sales may be 11 made from tents which meet all applicable codes and fire 12 13 regulations.

Section 8. Section 791.021, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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791.021 Prohibition; responsibilities; inspections.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or seasonal retailer to purchase, sell, or solicit to sell sparklers except in conformance with this chapter.
- (2) It is the responsibility of the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler to determine if the purchaser is registered with the division.
- (3) It is the responsibility of the retailer or seasonal retailer of sparklers to determine if a purchaser is at least 18 years of age, evidenced by the purchaser presenting a valid driver's license or a valid state identification card issued by the Department of Highway and Motor Vehicles.

Section 9. Section 791.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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791.04 Sale at wholesale, etc., exempted.--(1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit Any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks who has registered with the division pursuant to s. 791.015 may to sell at wholesale any such fireworks, which as are not herein prohibited, +to any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks who has registered with the division and holds a current certificate of registration, provided the fireworks are immediately shipped or transported by the purchasing manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler directly out of state. Transport must be by a bonded commercial carrier or by a person employed by the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks. Transport must be accompanied by an invoice or bill of lading identifying the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks with the current certificate of registration number on the invoice or bill of lading and an itemized list of the contents of the shipment prohibit the sale of any kind of fireworks at wholesale between manufacturers, distributors, and wholesalers who have registered with the division pursuant to s. 791.015; to prohibit the sale of any kind of fireworks provided the same are to be shipped directly out of state by such manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler; to prohibit the sale of fireworks to be used by a person holding a permit from any board of county commissioners at the display covered by such permit; or to prohibit the use of fireworks by railroads or other transportation agencies for signal purposes or illumination or when used in quarrying or for blasting or other industrial use, or the sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or theater, or for signal or ceremonial purposes in athletics or sports, or for use by military organizations, or

organizations composed of the Armed Forces of the United States; provided, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as barring the operations of manufacturers, duly licensed, from manufacturing, experimenting, exploding, and storing such fireworks in their compounds or proving grounds.

(2) Fireworks may be sold to a person, holding a public display permit issued by the authority having jurisdiction, for the purpose of conducting a public display of fireworks in compliance with s. 791.012.

Section 10. Section 791.041, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

791.041 Prohibitions; maintenance of records and sales of fireworks by manufacturers, distributors, or wholesalers; responsibilities; inspections.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler to purchase, sell, or solicit to sell fireworks except in conformance with this chapter.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly withhold information or make any false or fictitious entry or misrepresentation upon any sales invoice, sales ticket, or account of inventories.
- invoice or sales ticket which shall bear the name, address, and certificate of registration number of the purchaser, or in the case of sales conducted for public display, a copy of the permit issued by the authority having jurisdiction, the date of the sale, the products sold, and the quantity sold. All invoices and sales tickets shall be maintained by the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks, and a copy shall be provided to the purchaser.

- (4) Such records shall be maintained for a period of 5 years, subject to examination by the division or any official of this state with statutory authority pursuant to s. 791.001.
- (5) It is the responsibility of the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks to determine if a purchaser is at least 18 years of age, evidenced by the purchaser presenting a valid driver's license or a valid state identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (6) It is the responsibility of the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler of fireworks to determine, when selling fireworks pursuant to s. 791.04, that the purchaser is registered, pursuant to s. 791.015, evidenced by the purchaser presenting a valid certificate of registration issued by the division. If the purchase of fireworks is for public display, the purchase shall be evidenced by the purchaser presenting a public display permit issued by the authority having jurisdiction. Agricultural purchases shall be in compliance with s. 791.07.

Section 11. Section 791.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 791.05 <u>Contraband;</u>seizure, forfeiture, and disposal of illegal fireworks.--
- (1) All fireworks or sparklers controlled by this chapter which are handled, delivered, possessed, manufactured, or distributed contrary to any provision of this chapter, and all such fireworks or sparklers the lawful possession of which is not established or title to which cannot be ascertained, are declared contraband and are subject to seizure and confiscation by any person or law enforcement agency whose duty it is to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

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- (2) The state attorney within whose jurisdiction any such contraband has been seized, or any such attorney as may be employed by a seizing law enforcement agency, shall promptly proceed against the handler, deliverer, possessor, manufacturer, or distributor of the contraband in the circuit court within the jurisdiction in which the seizure or offense occurred and may have such contraband forfeited to the law enforcement agency making the seizure upon showing proof that such contraband was being used or exists in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- tested and weighed by the seizing agency after the seizure.

 Any such sample and analysis shall be admissible into evidence in any civil or criminal action for the purpose of proving the nature, composition, and weight of the fireworks. In addition, the seizing agency may photograph or videotape, for use at trial, the fireworks seized. Except for fireworks retained by the seizing agency for sample testing, analysis, and evidence, upon a final determination that the seized contraband was being used or exists in violation of the provisions of this chapter, the circuit court having jurisdiction shall order such contraband forfeited and destroyed. The method of destruction or disposal of such contraband shall be at the discretion of the seizing agency.
- (4) The final order of forfeiture by the court shall perfect in the seizing law enforcement agency all rights, title, and interest in and to such contraband and shall relate back to the date of seizure.
- (5) The court may include in its forfeiture order a provision that the owner or holder of the contraband pay an assessment to cover the cost of disposal of the contraband,

including attorney fees and costs, and any costs incurred by the arresting agency in storing the contraband. Each sheriff, or his appointee, or any other police officer, shall seize, take, remove or cause to be removed at the expense of the owner, all stocks of fireworks or combustibles offered or exposed for sale, stored, or held in violation of this chapter.

Section 12. Section 791.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

791.055 Restrictions upon storage of sparklers <u>or</u> <u>fireworks.--The storage of sparklers or fireworks in this</u> <u>state is governed by s. 1124 of the National Fire Protection</u> Association Code, as adopted by rule.

- (1) Sparklers shall not be stored or kept for sale in any store:
- (a) In which paints, oils, or varnishes are manufactured or kept for use or sale unless the paints, oils, or varnishes are in unbroken containers.
- (b) In which resin, turpentine, gasoline, or flammable substances or substances which may generate vapors are used, stored, or offered for sale unless the resin, turpentine, gasoline, or substances are in unbroken containers.
- (c) In which there is not at least one approved chemical fire extinguisher ready, available, and equipped for use in extinguishing fires.
- (2) When sparklers are in storage to be offered for sale at retail, a sign shall be conspicuously displayed over the entrance to the room in which the sparklers are stored, which sign reads: "CAUTION SPARKLERS-NO SMOKING." No person shall be in such room while in possession of a lighted cigar, cigarette, or pipe.

1 Section 13. Section 791.06, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 791.06 Penalties.--Any person, firm, partnership, association, group copartnership, or corporation which 4 5 violates any provision violating the provisions of ss. 791.015, 791.02, 791.021, 791.04, or 791.041 commits this 6 7 chapter shall be guilty of a felony misdemeanor of the third first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083 or, in the 8 9 case of individuals, the members of a partnership and the 10 responsible officers and agents of an association or corporation, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 11 775.083. 12 13 Section 14. Sections 791.061 and 791.062, Florida 14 Statutes, are created to read: 15 791.061 Injunction. -- In addition to the penalties and 16 other enforcement provisions of this chapter, if any person 17 engaged in any of the activities regulated by this chapter 18 violates any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted 19 pursuant to this chapter, the division is authorized to 20 institute proceedings for injunctive relief in the circuit 21 court of the county in which such person resides or has his or 22 her principal place of business, and may apply for such 23 temporary or permanent orders as the division deems necessary to restrain such person from engaging in such activities, 24 until such person complies with the provisions of this chapter 25 26 and such rules. 27 791.062 Municipal and county ordinances, rules, and 28 regulations. -- Nothing contained in this chapter affects any existing ordinance, rule, or regulation, pertaining to 29 30 fireworks or sparklers, of any incorporated city, town, county, or other local governmental entity in this state not

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less restrictive than the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, or affect, modify, or limit the power of any such incorporated city, town, county, or other local governmental entity to make ordinances, rules, or regulations under this chapter pertaining to fireworks or sparklers within their respective corporate limits.

Section 15. Section 791.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

791.07 Agricultural and fish hatchery use.--

- (1) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the importation, purchase, sale, or use of fireworks used or to be used solely and exclusively in frightening birds from agricultural works and fish hatcheries; and such use shall be governed entirely by the rules prescribed by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (2) Any person who is engaged in agricultural works or who operates a fish hatchery may use fireworks solely and exclusively for the purpose of frightening birds from doing harm to such person's agricultural works or fish hatchery operation, provided such person first files with the sheriff of the county in which he or she is engaged in agricultural works or the operation of fish hatchery a sworn affidavit in writing that he or she is engaged in agricultural works, describing the nature of such works, or that he or she operates a fish hatchery, describing the nature of such operation, and desires to use fireworks to frighten birds from harming the agricultural works or the fish hatchery operation and that fireworks will be used solely and exclusively for that purpose. The sheriff of the county, upon determining that the sworn affidavit is sufficient and the request is valid, shall issue a permit to the applicant on a form provided by

1 the division. The permit shall specify the identity of the applicant and the quantity of fireworks to be purchased and 2 3 possessed. A copy of the permit shall be retained by the 4 manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler making the sale as 5 part of their recordkeeping requirement pursuant to s. 791.041 6 and a copy shall be maintained by the applicant with the 7 fireworks covered under the permit. 8 Falsification of any affidavit or permit provided (3) 9 for in this section or providing false information in such sworn affidavit is a felony of the third degree, punishable as 10 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Falsification of any 11 12 such affidavit or permit includes aiding and abetting any such 13 falsification or selling fireworks when the seller knows or has reason to believe the permit is falsified. 14 15 Section 16. This act shall take effect October 1, 1997. 16 17 18 19 HOUSE SUMMARY 20 Revises provisions regulating the sale of fireworks. Includes sparklers within regulatory provisions. Provides for cease and desist orders and injunctions. Provides for administrative fines. Provides for suspending or reveking registrations. 21 22 suspending or revoking registrations. Requires maintenance of records of sales. Provides for seizure, forfeiture, and disposal of contraband fireworks. See bill for details. 2.3 24 25 2.6 27 28 29 30 31