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An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.055, F.S.; eliminating the book-closing period for voter registration; providing for registration and changes in registration at the polls on election day; amending ss. 97.021, 97.053, 97.071, 98.065, 98.081, 98.231, 101.045, and 101.663, F.S., to conform; creating s. 101.657, F.S.; requiring the office of the supervisor of elections and any branch office to be open on the Saturday prior to any

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statewide election or other election held in conjunction therewith, for the purpose of allowing early in-person absentee voting for that election; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 97.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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97.055 Registration <u>period open</u> books; <u>registration at</u> the polls when closed for an election.--

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purposes of registration and changes in registration as authorized in this code and may not must be closed on the 29th day before any each election; and any person who is eligible under s. 97.041 may register to vote or update a voter registration at any time and in any manner authorized in this code, including on the day of an election must remain closed until after that election. If an election is called and there are fewer than 29 days before that election, the registration

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books must be closed immediately. When the registration books are closed for an election, voter registration and party changes must be accepted but only for the purpose of subsequent elections. However, party changes received between the book-closing date of the first primary election and the date of the second primary election are not effective until after the second primary election.

(2) Any person eligible under s. 97.041 who wishes to register to vote or update a voter registration on the day of an election may do so at the polls, while the polls are open, by completing a voter registration application to provide the required information. However, if the person has previously attempted to register either by mail or through the division, a driver license office, a voter registration agency, or an armed forces recruitment office and that registration has not been received by the supervisor in time to include the person's name on the registration books or precinct register for that election, the person shall, prior to completing the voter registration application at the polls, inform the supervisor, deputy supervisor, or other authorized registration official of the prior attempt to register. Any such prior registration or update of such a registration received by the supervisor after the election shall be considered obviated or superseded by the registration or update of a registration at the polls on the day of that election. In computing the 29-day period for the closing of the registration books, the day of the election is excluded and all other days are included. If the 29th day preceding an election falls on a Sunday or a legal holiday, the registration books must be closed on the next day that is not a Sunday or a legal holiday.

Section 2. Subsection (8) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:

(8) "Election costs" shall include, but not be limited to, expenditures for all paper supplies such as envelopes, instructions to voters, affidavits, reports, ballot cards, ballot booklets for absentee voters, postage, notices to voters; advertisements for registration book closings, testing of voting equipment, sample ballots, and polling places; forms used to qualify candidates; polling site rental and equipment delivery and pickup; data processing time and supplies; election records retention; and labor costs, including those costs uniquely associated with absentee ballot preparation, poll workers, and election night canvass.

Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.--

(4) The registration date for a valid initial voter registration application that has been mailed and bears a clear postmark is the date of the postmark. If an initial voter registration application that has been mailed does not bear a postmark or if the postmark is unclear, the registration date is the date the registration is received by any supervisor or the division, unless it is received within 5 days after the closing of the books for an election, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, in which case the registration date is the book-closing date.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 97.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.071 Registration identification card.--

(3) In the case of a change of name, address, or party affiliation, the supervisor must issue the voter a new registration identification card. However, a registration identification card indicating a party affiliation change made between the book-closing date for the first primary election and the date of the second primary election may not be issued until after the second primary election.

Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.--

voters who have been sent an address confirmation final notice and who have not returned the postage prepaid preaddressed return form within 30 days. A voter on the inactive list must be allowed to vote and to change the voter's name or address of legal residence at the polls pursuant to s. 101.045. Names on the inactive list may not be used to calculate the number of signatures needed on any petition or the quantity of voting equipment needed.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 98.081, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 98.081 Names removed from registration books; restrictions on reregistering; recordkeeping; restoration of erroneously or illegally removed names.--
- (1) Any person who requested that his or her name be removed from the registration books between the book-closing date of the first primary and the date of the second primary

may not register in a different political party until after the date of the second primary election.

(3) When the name of any elector has been erroneously or illegally removed from the registration books, the name of the elector shall be restored by the supervisor upon satisfactory proof, even though the registration period for that election is closed.

Section 7. Section 98.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.231 Supervisor of elections to furnish Department of State number of registered electors.—The supervisor of each county, not less than within 15 days after the closing of registration books prior to the election, shall, for the county and for each legislative and congressional district in which such county or any portion thereof is located, advise the Department of State of the total number of registered electors of each political party in which any elector has registered and the number of electors registered as independents or without party affiliation.

Section 8. Section 101.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.045 Electors must be registered in precinct; provisions for residence or name change.--

(1) No person shall be permitted to vote in any election precinct or district other than the one in which the person has his or her legal residence and in which the person is registered. However, a person temporarily residing outside the county shall be registered in the precinct in which the main office of the supervisor, as designated by the supervisor, is located when the person has no permanent address in the county and it is the person's intention to

remain a resident of Florida and of the county in which he or she is registered to vote. Such persons who are registered in the precinct in which the main office of the supervisor, as designated by the supervisor, is located and who are residing outside the county with no permanent address in the county shall not be registered electors of a municipality and therefore shall not be permitted to vote in any municipal election.

(2)(a) An elector who moves from the precinct within the county in which the elector is registered may be permitted to vote in the precinct to which he or she has moved his or her legal residence, or provided such elector completes an affirmation in substantially the following form:

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Change of Legal Residence of Registered Voter

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Under penalties for false swearing, I, ... (Name of voter)..., swear (or affirm) that the former address of my legal residence was ...(Address of legal residence)... in the municipality of, in County, Florida, and I was registered to vote in the precinct of County, Florida; that I have not voted in the precinct of my former registration in this election; that I now reside at ...(Address of legal residence)... in the Municipality of 26, in County, Florida, and am therefore eligible to vote in the precinct of County, Florida; and I further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally registered and entitled to vote.

...(Signature of voter whose address of legal residence has

1 changed)... 2 3 (b) an elector whose name changes because of marriage or other legal process may be permitted to vote, provided such 4 5 elector completes an affirmation in substantially the 6 following form: 7 8 Change of Name of Registered 9 Voter 10 11 Under penalties for false swearing, I, ... (New name of 12 voter)..., swear (or affirm) that my name has been changed 13 because of marriage or other legal process. My former name and 14 address of legal residence appear on the registration books of 15 precinct as follows: 16 Name..... 17 Address.... 18 Municipality..... 19 20 Florida, Zip..... 21 My present name and address of legal residence are as follows: 22 23 24 Municipality..... 25 County..... Florida, Zip..... 26 27 and I further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally 28 registered and entitled to vote. 29 30 ...(Signature of voter whose name has changed)... 31

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(c) Such affirmation, when completed and presented at the precinct in which such elector is entitled to vote, shall entitle such elector to vote as provided in this subsection. Upon receipt of an affirmation certifying a change in address of legal residence or name, the supervisor shall as soon as practicable make the necessary changes in the registration records of the county to indicate the change in address of legal residence or name of such elector.

Instead of the affirmation contained in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), an elector may complete a voter registration application that indicates the change of name or change of address of legal residence or change of name.

(b) (e) A request for an absentee ballot pursuant to s. 101.62 which indicates that the elector has had a change of address of legal residence from that in the supervisor's records shall be sufficient as the notice to the supervisor of change of address of legal residence required by this section. Upon receipt of such request for an absentee ballot from an elector who has changed his or her address of legal residence, the supervisor shall provide the elector with the proper ballot for the precinct in which the elector then has his or her legal residence.

(3) When an elector's name does not appear on the registration books or precinct register of the election precinct in which the elector claims to be is registered and when the elector cannot present a valid registration identification card, the elector may have his or her name restored by completing a voter registration application to provide the required information indicating eligibility under s. 97.041 if the supervisor is otherwise satisfied that the elector is validly registered, that the elector's name has

been erroneously omitted from the books, and that the elector is entitled to have his or her name restored. The supervisor, if he or she is satisfied as to the elector's previous registration, shall then allow such person to vote and shall thereafter issue a duplicate registration identification card.

Section 9. Section 101.663, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.663 Electors; change of residence.--

- another county in Florida from the county in Florida in which he or she is registered as an elector <u>must register in the county of his or her new residence prior to being allowed to vote in any election and may after the books in the county to which the elector has changed his or her residence are closed for any general, primary, or special election shall be permitted to vote absentee in the county of his or her former residence in that election for President and Vice President, United States Senator, statewide offices, and statewide issues. Such person shall not be permitted to vote, either in person or by absentee ballot, in the county of his or her the person's former residence after the general election.</u>
- (2) An elector registered in this state who moves his or her permanent residence to another state and who is prohibited by the laws of that state from voting for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States may shall be permitted to vote absentee in the county of his or her former residence for those offices.

Section 10. Section 101.657, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

101.657 Early in-person absentee voting.--The office of the supervisor of elections and each branch office must be

1 open from 9 a.m. until 5 p.m., using the customary time in 2 standard use in the locality, on the Saturday prior to any 3 statewide election or other election held in conjunction 4 therewith, for the purpose of permitting voters to cast their 5 ballots for that election on a day prior to the election that 6 is not a standard workday and that might, therefore, be more 7 convenient. Such voters shall be considered absentee voters 8 voting in person, and the ballots for such early voting shall 9 be absentee ballots prepared for that purpose and canvassed as 10 other absentee ballots voted in person are canvassed. division may adopt rules as necessary to carry out the 11 12 provisions of this section. 13 Section 11. This act shall take effect January 1, 1998. 14 15 16 17 HOUSE SUMMARY 18 Eliminates the book-closing period for voter registration, and provides for registration and changes in registration at the polls on election day. 19 20 Requires the office of the supervisor of elections and each branch office to be open on the Saturday prior to any statewide election or other election held in conjunction therewith, for the purpose of allowing early in-person absentee voting for that election. 21 22 23 24 See bill for details. 25 2.6 27 28 29 30 31