Bill No. CS for SB 812

Amendment No. ____

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate House .
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11	Senator Dyer moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment
14	On page 8, line 3, through
15	page 11, line 31, delete those lines
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17	and insert:
18	252.938 Funding
19	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the state
20	activities and expenditures under this part be self-sustaining
21	through fees contributed by specified sources as provided in
22	this part.
23	(2) All fees and penalties collected under this part
24	must be deposited in the Operating Trust Fund for
25	appropriation to fund the state's Accidental Release
26	Prevention Program under this part.
27	<u>252.939 Fees</u>
28	(1)(a) Any owner or operator of a specified stationary
29	source in the state which must submit a Risk Management Plan
30	to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section
31	112(r)(7) shall pay an annual registration fee for each
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specified stationary source to the department. The annual registration fee is due to the department upon initial submission of a stationary source's Risk Management Plan to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and every April 1 thereafter.

- (b) Prior individual written notice shall be provided by U.S. mail by the department to owners or operators of specified stationary sources in the state subject to the requirements under Section 112(r)(7) to submit Risk Management Plans and corresponding state registration fees. This notice must include the requirements of the state fee schedule and must be mailed at least 90 days before the due date for the specified stationary source's initial registration and Risk Management Plan submission year and at least 30 days before the registration fee due date for subsequent years.
- (c) The department shall establish a fee schedule by rule for the specified stationary sources, upon the advice and consent of the commission. The annual registration fee must be based on a stationary source's highest program level, as determined under the federal implementing regulations for Section 112(r)(7) and may not exceed the following:
- 1. Program 1 Stationary Sources \$100. Multiple Program

 1 stationary sources which are under common ownership and

 which have the same single chemical process, shall pay a full

 fee for the first stationary source location and a 50 percent

 fee for subsequent locations with no owner of such multiple

 stationary sources paying more than \$1,000. To be eligible for

 this multiple stationary source fee provision, one single fee

 payment must be submitted by the owner of the eligible

 multiple stationary source locations with a listing of the

 multiple stationary source locations and the single chemical

process.

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- 2. Program 2 Stationary Sources \$200. Multiple Program 2 stationary sources which are under common ownership and which have the same single chemical process, shall pay a full fee for the first three stationary source locations and a 50 percent fee for subsequent locations with no owner of such multiple stationary sources paying more than \$2,000. Multiple Program 2 stationary sources which are under common ownership and which are classified under one of the following Standard Industrial Classification group numbers 01, 02, or 07 shall pay a full fee, not to exceed \$100 for the first stationary source location and a 50 percent fee for subsequent locations with no owner of such multiple stationary sources paying more than \$800. To be eligible for this multiple stationary source fee provisions, one single fee payment must be submitted by the owner of the eligible multiple stationary source locations with a listing of the multiple stationary source locations and the chemical process.
 - 3. Program 3 Stationary Sources \$1,000.
- (d) Annual registration fees under this section are not required until after the department receives final delegation approval from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to administer the Section 112(r)(7) Accidental Release Prevention Program for the specified stationary sources.
- (2) The department shall establish by rule late fees, not to exceed 10 percent per month of the annual registration fee owed, and not to exceed a total of 50 percent, for failure to timely submit an annual registration fee. A late fee may not be assessed against a stationary source during the initial registration and submission year if 90 days prior written notice was not provided to that stationary source.

(3) In determining whether an annual registration fee 1 2 is timely submitted under subsections (1) and (2), if the fee 3 is: 4 (a) Mailed via U.S. mail, the date of submittal is the 5 date evidenced by the postmark. 6 (b) Delivered by overnight or other private mail 7 carriers, the date of submittal is the date the package is deposited with the overnight carrier. 8 (c) Hand-delivered, other than by overnight or private 9 10 mail carrier, the date of submittal is the date of actual 11 receipt. 12 (4) If the Legislature directs the department to seek 13 authority to implement and enforce Section 112(r)(7) of the 14 Clean Air Act for additional stationary sources, the 15 department shall, with the advise of the commission, review and suggest revisions, if necessary and appropriate, to the 16 17 fees specified in s. 252.939. 252.940 Enforcement; procedure; remedies.--18 (1) The department has the following enforcement 19 20 authority and remedies for specified stationary sources 21 available to it for violations of this part as specified in s. 22 252.941: (a) To institute a civil action in a court of 23 competent jurisdiction in order to seek injunctive relief to 24 25 immediately restrain or enjoin any person from engaging in any 26 activity in violation of this part which is presenting an 27 imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or 28 welfare or the environment; and to seek injunctive relief to

enforce compliance with this part or any rule, regulation,

(b) To institute a civil action in a court of

program requirement, or order implementing this part.

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competent jurisdiction to impose and to recover a civil penalty for each violation, as specified in s. 252.941(1), in an amount of not more than \$10,000 per offense. However, the court may receive evidence in mitigation. Each day during any portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.

- (c) To seek criminal remedies, including fines, for violations as specified in s. 252.941(2).
- (d) Failure to comply with the fee provisions under s. 252.939 is not a violation under s. 252.941. Section 252.939(2) is the sole remedy for fee provisions in s. 252.939, except that the department may enforce a final order entered under that section pursuant to s. 120.69.
- (2) An action may not be commenced or continued under this section if the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has commenced and is diligently pursuing an administrative order or civil or criminal action to enforce a specific requirement or to impose a civil or criminal penalty under Section 112(r) with respect to the specific violation. If the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency initiates any action after the state has initiated an action based on the same cause, the state suit shall be dismissed without prejudice and may be refiled only in the event that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency discontinues the enforcement action prior to settlement or final judgment.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the department may offer and accept the use of emergency planning, training, and response-related Supplemental Environmental Projects, consistent with the guidelines established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (4) The authorities and remedies provided under this

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section shall not take effect until after such time as the department has received final delegation approval from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to administer the Section 112(r)(7) Accidental Release Prevention Program for specified stationary sources.