6-772-98 See HJR

Senate Joint Resolution No. _____

A joint resolution proposing amendments to

Section 10 of Article V and Section 4 of Article VI of the State Constitution relating

5 to judicial terms and term limitations.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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That the following amendments to Section 10 of Article V and Section 4 of Article VI of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE V JUDICIARY

SECTION 10. Retention; election and terms.--

(a) Any justice of the supreme court or any judge of a district court of appeal may qualify for retention by a vote of the electors in the general election next preceding the expiration of his term in the manner prescribed by law. If a justice or judge is ineligible or fails to qualify for retention, a vacancy shall exist in that office upon the expiration of the term being served by the justice or judge. When a justice of the supreme court or a judge of a district court of appeal so qualifies, the ballot shall read substantially as follows: "Shall Justice (or Judge) ...(name of justice or judge)... of the ...(name of the court)... be retained in office?" If a majority of the qualified electors voting within the territorial jurisdiction of the court vote to retain, the justice or judge shall be retained for a term

of <u>four</u> six years commencing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January following the general election. If a majority of the qualified electors voting within the territorial jurisdiction of the court vote to not retain, a vacancy shall exist in that office upon the expiration of the term being served by the justice or judge.

(b) Circuit judges and judges of county courts shall be elected by vote of the qualified electors within the territorial jurisdiction of their respective courts. The terms of circuit judges shall be for six years. The terms of judges of county courts shall be for four years.

ARTICLE VI

SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS

SECTION 4. Disqualifications.--

- (a) No person convicted of a felony, or adjudicated in this or any other state to be mentally incompetent, shall be qualified to vote or hold office until restoration of civil rights or removal of disability.
- (b) No person may appear on the ballot for re-election or retention to any of the following offices:
 - (1) Florida representative,
 - (2) Florida senator,
 - (3) Florida Lieutenant governor,
 - (4) any office of the Florida cabinet,
 - (5) U.S. Representative from Florida, or
 - (6) U.S. Senator from Florida,
 - (7) justice of the supreme court, or
 - (8) judge of a district court of appeal

if, by the end of the current term of office, the person will have served (or, but for resignation, would have served) in that office for eight consecutive years.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that in accordance with the requirements of section 101.161, Florida Statutes, the title and substance of the amendment proposed herein shall appear on the ballot as follows:

LIMITATION ON TERMS OF APPELLATE JUSTICES AND JUDGES

Proposing amendments to Section 10 of Article V and Section 4 of Article VI of the State Constitution shortening the terms of supreme court justices and district courts of appeal judges from six to four years and prohibiting a supreme court justice or a judge of a district court of appeal from seeking retention in office if he or she will have served eight consecutive years in that judicial office when the new term begins.

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