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An act relating to tax on sales, use, and other transactions; amending s. 212.06, F.S.; exempting certain vessels used by vessel manufacturers and dealers solely for demonstration, sales promotional, or testing purposes from said tax; providing a definition; providing for application; amending s. 212.11, F.S.; revising provisions which require dealers who paid \$100,000 or more in tax in the prior year to make estimated tax payments; providing that certain dealers engaged in the sale of boats, motor vehicles, or aircraft may make estimated tax payments for a portion of sales, while remitting the tax for sales of \$100,000 or more at the time of sale; providing for a tax exemption for specified performing arts centers; amending s. 212.031, F.S.; relating to the lease or rental of or license in real property; providing language with respect to property located at a port; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; clarifying the application of a sales and use tax exemption for machinery and equipment necessary in the production of electrical or steam energy from the burning of boiler fuels; providing that the use of a de minimis amount of residual fuel to help burn nonresidual fuel shall not reduce the exemption; providing for a prorated exemption in facilities where machinery and equipment are necessary to burn residual and nonresidual fuels; providing

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rulemaking authority; amending s. 212.08, F.S.;
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           providing an exemption for sales to certain
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           health systems for a specified period; amending
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           s. 212.08, F.S.; exempting certain nonprofit
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           hospital laundries from the sales tax;
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           providing an effective date.
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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           Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of
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    section 212.06, Florida Statutes, to read:
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           212.06 Sales, storage, use tax; collectible from
    dealers; "dealer" defined; dealers to collect from purchasers;
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    legislative intent as to scope of tax. --
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           (1)
          (d)1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
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    chapter, tax shall not be imposed on any vessel registered
    pursuant to s. 327.11 by a vessel dealer or vessel
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   manufacturer with respect to a vessel used solely for
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    demonstration, sales promotional, or testing purposes. The
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    term "promotional purposes" shall include, but not be limited
    to, participation in fishing tournaments. For the purposes of
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    this paragraph, "promotional purposes" means the entry of the
    vessel in a marine-related event where prospective purchasers
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    would be in attendance, where the vessel is entered in the
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    name of the dealer or manufacturer, and where the vessel is
    clearly marked as for sale, on which vessel the name of the
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    dealer or manufacturer is clearly displayed, and which vessel
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   has never been transferred into the dea<u>ler's or manufacturer's</u>
    accounting books from an inventory item to a capital asset for
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    depreciation purposes.
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2. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to any vessel when used for transporting persons or goods for compensation; when offered, let, or rented to another for consideration; when offered for rent or hire as a means of transportation for compensation; or when offered or used to provide transportation for persons solicited through personal contact or through advertisement on a "share expense" basis.

Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 212.11, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 212.11 Tax returns and regulations.--
- (4)(a) Each dealer who is subject to the tax imposed by this part and who paid such tax for the preceding state fiscal year in an amount greater than or equal to \$100,000 shall calculate the amount of estimated tax due pursuant to this section for any month as provided in paragraph (1)(a).
- (b) The amount of any estimated tax shall be due, payable, and remitted by electronic funds transfer by the 20th day of the month for which it is estimated. The difference between the amount of estimated tax paid and the actual amount of tax due under this part for such month shall be due and payable by the first day of the following month and remitted by electronic funds transfer by the 20th day thereof.
- (c) Any dealer who is eligible to file a consolidated return and who paid the tax imposed by this part for the immediately preceding state fiscal year in an amount greater than or equal to \$100,000 or would have paid the tax in such amount if he or she had filed a consolidated return shall be subject to the provisions of this subsection notwithstanding an election by the dealer in any month to file a separate return.

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(d) A dealer engaged in the business of selling boats,
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   motor vehicles, or aircraft who made at least one sale of a
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   boat, motor vehicle, or aircraft with a sales price of
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   $100,000 or greater in the previous state fiscal year may
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    qualify for payment of estimated sales tax pursuant to the
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   provisions of this paragraph. To qualify, a dealer must apply
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    annually to the department prior to October 1, and, if
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    qualified, the department must grant the application for
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    payment of estimated sales tax pursuant to this paragraph for
    the following calendar year. In lieu of the method for
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    calculating estimated sales tax liability pursuant to
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    subparagraph (1)(a)3., a qualified dealer must calculate that
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    option as 66 percent of the average tax liability pursuant to
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    this chapter for all sales excluding the sale of each boat,
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    motor vehicle, or aircraft with a sales price of $100,000 or
    greater during the state fiscal year ending the year in which
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    the application is made. A qualified dealer must also remit
    the sales tax for each sale of a boat, motor vehicle, or
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    aircraft with a sales price of $100,000 or greater by either
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    electronic funds transfer on the date of the sale or on a form
    prescribed by the department and postmarked on the date of the
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    sale.
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          (e)\frac{d}{d} The penalty provisions of this part, except s.
    212.12(2)(c), apply to the provisions of this subsection.
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           Section 3. Paragraph (o) of subsection (7) of section
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    212.08, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended, and
   paragraph (nn) is added to that subsection, to read:
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           212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution,
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   and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail,
    the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and
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   the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the
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following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this part.

- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. --
- (o) Religious, charitable, scientific, educational, and veterans' institutions and organizations.--
- 1. There are exempt from the tax imposed by this part transactions involving:
- a. Sales or leases directly to churches or sales or leases of tangible personal property by churches;
- b. Sales or leases to nonprofit religious, nonprofit charitable, nonprofit scientific, or nonprofit educational institutions when used in carrying on their customary nonprofit religious, nonprofit charitable, nonprofit scientific, or nonprofit educational activities, including church cemeteries; and
- c. Sales or leases to the state headquarters of qualified veterans' organizations and the state headquarters of their auxiliaries when used in carrying on their customary veterans' organization activities. If a qualified veterans' organization or its auxiliary does not maintain a permanent state headquarters, then transactions involving sales or leases to such organization and used to maintain the office of the highest ranking state official are exempt from the tax imposed by this part.
- 2. The provisions of this section authorizing exemptions from tax shall be strictly defined, limited, and applied in each category as follows:
- a. "Religious institutions" means churches, synagogues, and established physical places for worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly conducted and carried on. The term "religious

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institutions" includes nonprofit corporations the sole purpose of which is to provide free transportation services to church members, their families, and other church attendees. The term "religious institutions" also includes state, district, or other governing or administrative offices the function of which is to assist or regulate the customary activities of religious organizations or members. The term "religious institutions" also includes any nonprofit corporation which is qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which owns and operates a Florida television station, at least 90 percent of the programming of which station consists of programs of a religious nature, and the financial support for which, exclusive of receipts for broadcasting from other nonprofit organizations, is predominantly from contributions from the general public. The term "religious institutions" also includes any nonprofit corporation which is qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides regular religious services to Florida state prisoners and which from its own established physical place of worship, operates a ministry providing worship and services of a charitable nature to the community on a weekly basis.

b. "Charitable institutions" means only nonprofit corporations qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and other nonprofit entities, the sole or primary function of which is to provide, or to raise funds for organizations which provide, one or more of the following services if a reasonable percentage of such service is provided free of charge, or at a

substantially reduced cost, to persons, animals, or organizations that are unable to pay for such service:

- (I) Medical aid for the relief of disease, injury, or disability;
- (II) Regular provision of physical necessities such as food, clothing, or shelter;
- (III) Services for the prevention of or rehabilitation of persons from alcoholism or drug abuse; the prevention of suicide; or the alleviation of mental, physical, or sensory health problems;
- (IV) Social welfare services including adoption placement, child care, community care for the elderly, and other social welfare services which clearly and substantially benefit a client population which is disadvantaged or suffers a hardship;
- $\hbox{(V)} \quad \hbox{Medical research for the relief of disease,} \\ \hbox{injury, or disability;}$ 
  - (VI) Legal services; or
- (VII) Food, shelter, or medical care for animals or adoption services, cruelty investigations, or education programs concerning animals;

and the term includes groups providing volunteer staff to organizations designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph; nonprofit organizations the sole or primary purpose of which is to coordinate, network, or link other institutions designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph with those persons, animals, or organizations in need of their services; and nonprofit national, state, district, or other governing, coordinating, or administrative organizations the sole or primary purpose of which is to

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represent or regulate the customary activities of other institutions designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this section, any blood bank that relies solely upon volunteer donations of blood and tissue, that is licensed under chapter 483, and that qualifies as tax exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code constitutes a charitable institution and is exempt from the tax imposed by this part.

- c. "Scientific organizations" means scientific organizations which hold current exemptions from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and also means organizations the purpose of which is to protect air and water quality or the purpose of which is to protect wildlife and which hold current exemptions from the federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- d. "Educational institutions" means state tax-supported or parochial, church and nonprofit private schools, colleges, or universities which conduct regular classes and courses of study required for accreditation by, or membership in, the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, the Department of Education, the Florida Council of Independent Schools, or the Florida Association of Christian Colleges and Schools, Inc., or nonprofit private schools which conduct regular classes and courses of study accepted for continuing education credit by a Board of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or which conduct regular classes and courses of study accepted for continuing education credit by the American Medical Association. Nonprofit libraries, art galleries, performing arts centers that provide educational programs to school children, which programs involve

performances or other educational activities at the performing 1 2 arts center and serve a minimum of 50,000 school children a 3 year, and museums open to the public are defined as 4 educational institutions and are eligible for exemption. The 5 term "educational institutions" includes private nonprofit organizations the purpose of which is to raise funds for 6 7 schools teaching grades kindergarten through high school, colleges, and universities. The term "educational 8 9 institutions" includes any nonprofit newspaper of free or paid circulation primarily on university or college campuses which 10 holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 11 12 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and any educational 13 television or radio network or system established pursuant to 14 s. 229.805 or s. 229.8051 and any nonprofit television or 15 radio station which is a part of such network or system and which holds a current exemption from federal income tax under 16 17 s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The term "educational institutions" also includes state, district, or 18 19 other governing or administrative offices the function of which is to assist or regulate the customary activities of 20 educational organizations or members. The term "educational 21 institutions" also includes a nonprofit educational cable 22 23 consortium which holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 24 as amended, whose primary purpose is the delivery of 25 26 educational and instructional cable television programming and 27 whose members are composed exclusively of educational organizations which hold a valid consumer certificate of 28 29 exemption and which are either an educational institution as defined in this sub-subparagraph, or qualified as a nonprofit 30 31

organization pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

e. "Veterans' organizations" means nationally chartered or recognized veterans' organizations, including, but not limited to, Florida chapters of the Paralyzed Veterans of America, Catholic War Veterans of the U.S.A., Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A., and the Disabled American Veterans, Department of Florida, Inc., which hold current exemptions from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(4) or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 212.031, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

212.031 Lease or rental of or license in real property.--

- (1)(a) It is declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license for the use of any real property unless such property is:
  - 1. Assessed as agricultural property under s. 193.461.
  - 2. Used exclusively as dwelling units.
- 3. Property subject to tax on parking, docking, or storage spaces under s. 212.03(6).
- 4. Recreational property or the common elements of a condominium when subject to a lease between the developer or owner thereof and the condominium association in its own right or as agent for the owners of individual condominium units or the owners of individual condominium units. However, only the lease payments on such property shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter, and any other use made by the owner

or the condominium association shall be fully taxable under this chapter.

- 5. A public or private street or right-of-way occupied or used by a utility for utility purposes.
- 6. A public street or road which is used for transportation purposes.
- 7. Property used at an airport exclusively for the purpose of aircraft landing or aircraft taxiing or property used by an airline for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or property onto or from aircraft or for fueling aircraft.
- 8.a. Property used at a port authority, as defined in s. 315.02(2), exclusively for the purpose of oceangoing vessels or tugs docking, or such vessels mooring on property used by a port authority for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or cargo onto or from such a vessel, or property used at a port authority for fueling such vessels, or to the extent that the amount paid for the use of any property at the port is based on the charge for the amount of tonnage actually imported or exported through the port by a tenant.
- b. The amount charged for the use of any property at the port in excess of the amount charged for tonnage actually imported or exported shall remain subject to tax except as provided in sub-subparagraph a.
- 9. Property used as an integral part of the performance of qualified production services. As used in this subparagraph, the term "qualified production services" means any activity or service performed directly in connection with the production of a qualified motion picture, as defined in s. 212.06(1)(b), and includes:

- a. Photography, sound and recording, casting, location managing and scouting, shooting, creation of special and optical effects, animation, adaptation (language, media, electronic, or otherwise), technological modifications, computer graphics, set and stage support (such as electricians, lighting designers and operators, greensmen, prop managers and assistants, and grips), wardrobe (design, preparation, and management), hair and makeup (design, production, and application), performing (such as acting, dancing, and playing), designing and executing stunts, coaching, consulting, writing, scoring, composing, choreographing, script supervising, directing, producing, transmitting dailies, dubbing, mixing, editing, cutting, looping, printing, processing, duplicating, storing, and distributing;
- b. The design, planning, engineering, construction, alteration, repair, and maintenance of real or personal property including stages, sets, props, models, paintings, and facilities principally required for the performance of those services listed in sub-subparagraph a.; and
- c. Property management services directly related to property used in connection with the services described in sub-subparagraphs a. and b.
- 10. Leased, subleased, or rented to a person providing food and drink concessionaire services within the premises of a movie theater, a business operated under a permit issued pursuant to chapter 550, or any publicly owned arena, sports stadium, convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium, or recreational facility. A person providing retail concessionaire services involving the sale of food and drink or other tangible personal property within the premises of an

airport shall be subject to tax on the rental of real property used for that purpose, but shall not be subject to the tax on any license to use the property. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sale" shall not include the leasing of tangible personal property.

11. Property occupied pursuant to an instrument calling for payments which the department has declared, in a Technical Assistance Advisement issued on or before March 15, 1993, to be nontaxable pursuant to rule 12A-1.070(19)(c), Florida Administrative Code; provided that this subparagraph shall only apply to property occupied by the same person before and after the execution of the subject instrument and only to those payments made pursuant to such instrument, exclusive of renewals and extensions thereof occurring after March 15, 1993.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this part.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.--
- (c) Machinery and equipment used in production of electrical or steam energy.--
- 1. The purchase of machinery and equipment for use at a fixed location which equipment and machinery and equipment are necessary in the production of electrical or steam energy resulting from the burning of boiler fuels other than residual oil is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. Such

electrical or steam energy must be primarily for use in manufacturing, processing, compounding, or producing for sale items of tangible personal property in this state. <u>Use of a de minimis amount of residual fuel to facilitate the burning of nonresidual fuel shall not reduce the exemption otherwise available under this paragraph.</u>

- 2. In facilities where machinery and equipment are necessary to burn both residual and nonresidual fuels, the exemption shall be prorated. Such proration shall be based upon the production of electrical or steam energy from nonresidual fuels as a percentage of electrical or steam energy from all fuels. Purchasers claiming a partial exemption shall obtain such exemption by refund of taxes paid, or as otherwise provided in the department's rules.
- 3. The department may adopt rules that provide for implementation of this exemption. Purchasers of machinery and equipment qualifying for the exemption provided in this paragraph shall furnish the department with However, the exemption provided for in this paragraph shall not be allowed unless the purchaser signs an affidavit stating that the item or items to be exempted are for the exclusive use designated herein. Any person furnishing a false affidavit to the vendor for the purpose of evading payment of any tax imposed under this chapter shall be subject to the penalty set forth in s. 212.085 and as otherwise provided by law. Purchasers with self-accrual authority shall maintain all documentation necessary to prove the exempt status of purchases.

Section 6. Paragraph (o) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, is amended to read: 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail,

the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this part.

- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. --
- (o) Religious, charitable, scientific, educational, and veterans' institutions and organizations.--
- 1. There are exempt from the tax imposed by this part transactions involving:
- a. Sales or leases directly to churches or sales or leases of tangible personal property by churches;
- b. Sales or leases to nonprofit religious, nonprofit charitable, nonprofit scientific, or nonprofit educational institutions when used in carrying on their customary nonprofit religious, nonprofit charitable, nonprofit scientific, or nonprofit educational activities, including church cemeteries; and
- c. Sales or leases to the state headquarters of qualified veterans' organizations and the state headquarters of their auxiliaries when used in carrying on their customary veterans' organization activities. If a qualified veterans' organization or its auxiliary does not maintain a permanent state headquarters, then transactions involving sales or leases to such organization and used to maintain the office of the highest ranking state official are exempt from the tax imposed by this part.
- 2. The provisions of this section authorizing exemptions from tax shall be strictly defined, limited, and applied in each category as follows:
- a. "Religious institutions" means churches,synagogues, and established physical places for worship at

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which nonprofit religious services and activities are 2 regularly conducted and carried on. The term "religious 3 institutions" includes nonprofit corporations the sole purpose 4 of which is to provide free transportation services to church 5 members, their families, and other church attendees. The term "religious institutions" also includes state, district, or 6 7 other governing or administrative offices the function of which is to assist or regulate the customary activities of 8 9 religious organizations or members. The term "religious institutions" also includes any nonprofit corporation which is 10 qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States 11 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which owns and 12 operates a Florida television station, at least 90 percent of 13 14 the programming of which station consists of programs of a religious nature, and the financial support for which, 15 exclusive of receipts for broadcasting from other nonprofit 16 17 organizations, is predominantly from contributions from the general public. The term "religious institutions" also 18 19 includes any nonprofit corporation which is qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal 20 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides regular 21 religious services to Florida state prisoners and which from 22 23 its own established physical place of worship, operates a ministry providing worship and services of a charitable nature 24 to the community on a weekly basis. 25

b. "Charitable institutions" means only nonprofit corporations qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and other nonprofit entities, the sole or primary function of which is to provide, or to raise funds for organizations which provide, one or more of the following services if a reasonable

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percentage of such service is provided free of charge, or at a substantially reduced cost, to persons, animals, or organizations that are unable to pay for such service:

- (I) Medical aid for the relief of disease, injury, or disability;
- (II) Regular provision of physical necessities such as food, clothing, or shelter;
- (III) Services for the prevention of or rehabilitation of persons from alcoholism or drug abuse; the prevention of suicide; or the alleviation of mental, physical, or sensory health problems;
- (IV) Social welfare services including adoption placement, child care, community care for the elderly, and other social welfare services which clearly and substantially benefit a client population which is disadvantaged or suffers a hardship;
- (V) Medical research for the relief of disease, injury, or disability;
  - (VI) Legal services; or
- (VII) Food, shelter, or medical care for animals or adoption services, cruelty investigations, or education programs concerning animals;

and the term includes groups providing volunteer staff to organizations designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph; nonprofit organizations the sole or primary purpose of which is to coordinate, network, or link other institutions designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph with those persons, animals, or organizations in need of their services; and nonprofit national, state, district, or other governing, coordinating, or administrative

organizations the sole or primary purpose of which is to represent or regulate the customary activities of other institutions designated as charitable institutions under this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this section, any blood bank that relies solely upon volunteer donations of blood and tissue, that is licensed under chapter 483, and that qualifies as tax exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code constitutes a charitable institution and is exempt from the tax imposed by this part. Sales to a health system, qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which filed an application for exemption with the department prior to April 5, 1997, and which application is subsequently approved, shall be exempt as to any unpaid taxes on purchases made from January 1, 1994, to June 1, 1997.

- c. "Scientific organizations" means scientific organizations which hold current exemptions from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and also means organizations the purpose of which is to protect air and water quality or the purpose of which is to protect wildlife and which hold current exemptions from the federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- d. "Educational institutions" means state
  tax-supported or parochial, church and nonprofit private
  schools, colleges, or universities which conduct regular
  classes and courses of study required for accreditation by, or
  membership in, the Southern Association of Colleges and
  Schools, the Department of Education, the Florida Council of
  Independent Schools, or the Florida Association of Christian
  Colleges and Schools, Inc., or nonprofit private schools which
  conduct regular classes and courses of study accepted for

continuing education credit by a Board of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the Department of Business and 2 3 Professional Regulation or which conduct regular classes and 4 courses of study accepted for continuing education credit by 5 the American Medical Association. Nonprofit libraries, art galleries, and museums open to the public are defined as 6 7 educational institutions and are eligible for exemption. The 8 term "educational institutions" includes private nonprofit 9 organizations the purpose of which is to raise funds for schools teaching grades kindergarten through high school, 10 colleges, and universities. The term "educational 11 12 institutions" includes any nonprofit newspaper of free or paid circulation primarily on university or college campuses which 13 14 holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and any educational 15 television or radio network or system established pursuant to 16 17 s. 229.805 or s. 229.8051 and any nonprofit television or radio station which is a part of such network or system and 18 19 which holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The term 20 "educational institutions" also includes state, district, or 21 other governing or administrative offices the function of 22 23 which is to assist or regulate the customary activities of educational organizations or members. The term "educational 24 institutions" also includes a nonprofit educational cable 25 26 consortium which holds a current exemption from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 27 as amended, whose primary purpose is the delivery of 28 29 educational and instructional cable television programming and whose members are composed exclusively of educational 30 organizations which hold a valid consumer certificate of

exemption and which are either an educational institution as defined in this sub-subparagraph, or qualified as a nonprofit organization pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

e. "Veterans' organizations" means nationally chartered or recognized veterans' organizations, including, but not limited to, Florida chapters of the Paralyzed Veterans of America, Catholic War Veterans of the U.S.A., Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A., and the Disabled American Veterans, Department of Florida, Inc., which hold current exemptions from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(4) or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Section 7. Paragraph (mm) is added to subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, 1996 Supplement, to read: 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this part.

(7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. --

(mm) Nonprofit cooperative hospital laundries.--Nonprofit organizations that are incorporated

under chapter 617 and which are treated, for federal income
tax purposes, as cooperatives under subchapter T of the
Internal Revenue Code, whose sole purpose is to offer laundry
supplies and services to their members, which members must all

28 be exempt from federal income tax pursuant to section

29 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, are exempt from the

30 tax imposed by this chapter.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997.