## Bill No. CS/HB 945, 1st Eng.

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

	CHAMBER ACTION <u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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11	Senator Turner moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 2, between lines 3 and 4,
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16	insert:
17	Section 3. Section 381.102, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	381.102 Short titleSections 381.102-381.107 may be
20	cited as the "Florida Community Environmental Health
21	Protection Act."
22	Section 4. Section 381.103, Florida Statutes, is
23	created to read:
24	381.103 Community environmental health protection;
25	<u>legislative findings</u>
26	(1) This state is committed to the economic,
27	environmental, and public health revitalization of its
28	communities.
29	(2) Low-income communities bear a significant burden
30	of environmental contamination that thwarts the revitalization
31	of these communities.

1 (3) This state has made progress in addressing the
2 economic development and environmental needs of its
3 communities.

- (4) Measures to address the public health needs of low-income communities that are exposed to contaminated sites must be implemented in order to ensure the sustainability of the communities in this state.
- (5) The Legislature has determined that it would be beneficial to provide resources in this state to undertake a series of pilot projects that demonstrate techniques and approaches to ensure health care for low-income persons who are living in communities that are adversely affected by contaminated sites, to mobilize additional resources from the government, private sector, and private foundations to address this need, and to develop a mechanism for collecting data.
- (6) The implementation of these measures will enhance cooperative efforts among the private sector, government, and nonprofit organizations in this state to ensure the sustainability of this state.
- (7) Efforts to initiate measures that address public health problems in communities affected by contaminated sites will enable this state to leverage additional resources available from the Federal Government and private foundations for this purpose.

Section 5. Section 381.104, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 381.104 Definitions.--As used in ss. 381.102-381.107, the term:
- (1) "Low-income community" means a contiguous grouping of residences with a significant portion of occupants who have a family income equal to or below 100 percent of the most

recent federal poverty level and who are exposed to multiple 2 sources of environmental contamination. 3 (2) "Contaminated site" means any contiguous land, 4 surface water, or groundwater areas that may contain contaminants that may be harmful to human health or the 5 6 environment and includes federal Superfund sites and state or 7 federally designated Brownfield areas. Section 6. Section 381.105, Florida Statutes, is 8 9 created to read: 10 381.105 Community Environmental Health Program; creation; purposes. -- There is created the Community 11 12 Environmental Health Program. The primary purpose of the 13 program is to ensure the availability of public health services to members of low-income communities that may be 14 15 adversely affected by contaminated sites located in or near 16 the community. These services extend beyond health services 17 that are currently provided pursuant to chapter 154 and 18 include measures to address the cumulative and synergistic health effects that may be associated with exposure to 19 environmental contamination. An additional purpose is to 20 21 ensure the collection of information and data on health effects potentially caused by acute and chronic exposure to 22 low and high levels of environmental contaminants so that the 23 24 information and data may be used for research, education, and the improvement of decisionmaking on sustainability goals. 25 26 Section 7. Section 381.106, Florida Statutes, is 27 created to read: 28 381.106 Community Environmental Health Program pilot 29 projects.--

31 | projects are hereby established within the Department of

(1) Community Environmental Health Program pilot

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Health to promote disease prevention and health protection among low-income people who live in communities that have Superfund or legally designated Brownfield areas. The pilot projects must seek to build upon existing environmental and economic efforts to address contaminated sites through the Florida Brownfields Redevelopment Act, the Eastward Ho! Brownfields Partnership, the federal Superfund Program, and other state and federal programs that address public health and the environment. The pilot projects may form partnerships with existing health care providers, contribute to a health care needs assessment, and serve as the basis for the development of health care capacity in underserved areas.

- (2) A pilot project must be established to serve each of the following:
- (a) In Escambia County, the low-income communities
  surrounding the Escambia Treating Company and Agrico Company
  Superfund sites that are part of the national pilot relocation
  project and the former workers at those sites;
- (b) In Broward County, the low-income communities surrounding the Wingate Superfund site, which is located in the federally designated Brownfield Showcase Community;
- (c) In Palm Beach County, within the City of Riviera

  Beach, the low-income communities surrounding the BMI-Textron

  Superfund site, which is located in the federally designated

  Brownfield Showcase community;
- (d) In Pinellas County, the low-income communities designated as a pilot project under the 1997 Florida

  Brownfields Redevelopment Act, including the Greenwood community in Clearwater;
- (e) In Miami-Dade County, the low income communities
  in Liberty City and Brownsville, which are located in the

1	federally designated Brownfield Showcase Community;
2	(f) In Polk County, the low-income communities
3	surrounding the Alpha Chemical Corporation Superfund site;
4	(g) In Hillsborough County, the low-income communities
5	surrounding the Kassouf-Kimberling Battery Disposal Superfund
6	site, the Landfill Superfund site, and the Sixty-Second Street
7	Dump Superfund site, which have been designated as a proposed
8	Brownfield Redevelopment project area; and
9	(h) In Duval County, the low-income communities
10	surrounding the Pickettville Road Landfill Superfund site.
11	(3) The Department of Health shall establish a
12	Community Environmental Health Advisory Board for each pilot
13	project, and the majority of board members shall be low-income
14	residents who are beneficiaries of the pilot project. The
15	board must also include representatives from the respective
16	county health departments, health care professionals and
17	providers, and elected officials. The board shall identify the
18	community environmental health needs and types of services
19	which should be provided by the pilot project, initiate and
20	support efforts to secure additional resources to meet these
21	needs, oversee the functions and operations of the pilot
22	project, evaluate the pilot project, and prepare for the
23	Legislature a report that discusses the progress of the pilot
24	project toward achieving its stated goals and recommends
25	future courses of action.
26	Section 8. Section 381.107, Florida Statutes, is
27	created to read:
28	381.107 Duties of Department of HealthThe
29	Department of Health shall, to the extent that resources are
30	available:
31	(1) Assist each pilot project in obtaining low-cost

health care services designed to treat the effects of exposure to environmental contaminants and to ensure disease prevention and health promotion.

- (2) Facilitate the application to other appropriate
  Superfund sites and Brownfield areas in the state the
  techniques and approaches developed by the pilot project to
  ensure health care for low-income persons who are living in
  communities with contaminated sites.
- (3) Develop a proactive, rapid-identification system for evaluating the health impact of exposure to environmental contamination and for detecting health effects.
- (4) Explore alternative methodologies for evaluating the human health consequences of exposure to environmental contamination.
- (5) Develop and maintain a registry to track health problems addressed by the project.
- (6) Develop environmental education and outreach programs for health care providers and communities which increase awareness and reporting of health effects resulting from exposure to environmental contamination within communities.
- (7) Work with affected communities, appropriate agencies, and ongoing initiatives, such as Eastward Ho!

  Brownfields Partnership, to implement communication between government agencies and affected communities.
- (8) Collect data on potential environmental health effects of environmental contamination.
- Section 9. The sum of \$100,000 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund during the 1998-1999 fiscal year for the Community Environmental Health Program and must be used for the establishment of voluntary community environmental

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health advisory boards for each pilot project for the purpose
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   of determining the public health needs of the community,
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   identifying and accessing additional public and private sector
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   resources, and laying the foundation for implementing the
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   pilot projects described in this act when funding is
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   available.
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   (Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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   ====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========
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   And the title is amended as follows:
          On page 1, line 5, after the semicolon
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   insert:
16
          creating ss. 381.102, 381.103, 381.104,
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           381.105, 381.106, 381.107, F.S., the "Florida
          Community Environmental Health Protection Act";
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19
          providing a short title; providing for
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           community environmental health protection;
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          providing legislative findings; providing
          definitions; creating the Community
22
          Environmental Health Program; providing
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          purposes of the program; designating pilot
          projects; providing for Committee Environmental
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          Health Advisory Boards; requiring a report to
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           the Legislature; providing duties of the
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          Department of Health; providing an
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           appropriation;
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