Florida Senate - 1998

By Senator Dudley

25-699-98 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to condominiums; amending s. 3 718.103, F.S.; defining the terms "master 4 association", "master declaration", and 5 "multi-condominium association"; amending s. 6 718.111, F.S.; providing methods for the 7 transfer of title to real property; providing methods for the purchase of a land lease or 8 9 recreation lease; providing methods for the granting, modification, or movement of an 10 easement; providing that the definition of the 11 12 term "building" for purposes of hazard insurance is not applicable to master 13 associations; providing for financial reporting 14 requirements; providing for the commingling of 15 reserve and operating funds; amending s. 16 17 718.112, F.S.; providing that the administration, quorum and voting requirements, 18 19 unit owner meetings, budget meetings, annual 20 budgets, assessments, and recall of board 21 members of an association may be governed by a 22 master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the 23 association; providing special conditions for 24 25 master associations; authorizing master associations to collect assessments annually; 26 27 amending s. 718.113, F.S.; authorizing 2.8 improvements to association property by master declaration, declaration of condominium, 29 30 articles of incorporation, or bylaws; exempting master associations from hurricane shutter 31

1

-	
1	<pre>specifications; amending s. 718.114, F.S.;</pre>
2	providing for the exercise of association
3	powers through a master declaration,
4	declaration of condominium, articles of
5	incorporation, or bylaws; amending s. 718.115,
6	F.S.; providing that telecommunication services
7	may be considered a common expense; amending s.
8	718.116, F.S.; revising assessments; amending
9	s. 718.501, F.S.; providing procedures for the
10	investigation of violations and the imposition
11	of fines by the Division of Florida Land Sales,
12	Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the
13	Department of Business and Professional
14	Regulation; amending s. 721.05, F.S.;
15	conforming a statutory cross-reference;
16	providing an effective date.
17	
18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
19	
20	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 718.103, Florida
21	Statutes, is amended, present subsections (18) through (27) of
22	that section are redesignated as subsections (21) through
23	(30), respectively, and new subsections (18), (19), and (20)
24	are added to that section to read:
25	718.103 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the
26	term:
27	(2) "Association" means, in addition to those entities
28	responsible for the operation of common elements owned in
29	undivided shares by unit owners and association property, any
30	entity which <u>owns,</u> operates <u>,</u> or maintains other real property
31	in which condominium unit owners have use rights, where $voting$
•	2

1 unit owner membership in the entity is composed exclusively of 2 condominium unit owners or their elected or appointed 3 representatives, and where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership. 4 5 "Master association" means any association that (18) б is comprised of other associations as defined in subsection 7 2) or any association comprised exclusively of voting members 8 who are also members of another association, such as a governing sub-association. Except when otherwise provided, all 9 10 provisions of this chapter applying to associations equally 11 apply to master associations. (19) "Master declaration" means a declaration of 12 restrictions, servitudes, or deed restrictions that govern 13 14 rights and responsibilities regarding properties operated by a master association or a multi-condominium association, and 15 that are not separately subjected to a declaration of 16 17 condominium. A master declaration is not required in order for a valid master association or multi-condominium association to 18 19 exist. "Multi-condominium association" means an 20 (20) 21 association as defined in subsection (2) which operates more 22 than one condominium. Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) and 23 24 subsections (8), (10), (11), (14), and (15) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 718.111 The association.--26 27 (7) TITLE TO PROPERTY.--28 The association has the power to acquire title to (a) 29 property or otherwise hold, convey, lease, and mortgage 30 association property for the use and benefit of its members. 31 The power to acquire personal property shall be exercised by 3

1 the board of administration. Except as otherwise permitted in subsections (8) and (9) and in s. 718.114, no association may 2 3 acquire, convey, lease, or mortgage association real property except in the manner provided in the master declaration, 4 5 declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or б bylaws, and if the master declaration, declaration of 7 condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws do does not 8 specify the procedure, then approval of 75 percent of the 9 total voting interests is shall be required. 10 (8) PURCHASE OF LEASES. -- An The association has the 11 power to purchase any land lease or recreation lease upon the approval of such voting interests interest as are is required 12 by the master declaration, declaration of condominium, 13 14 articles of incorporation, or bylaws. If the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 15 incorporation, or bylaws make makes no provision for 16 17 acquisition of the land lease or recreation lease, the vote 18 required to permit the acquisition is shall be that required 19 to amend the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws to permit the 20 21 acquisition. (10) EASEMENTS.--Unless prohibited by the master 22 23 declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 24 incorporation, or bylaws, the board of administration has the 25 authority, without the joinder of any unit owner, to grant, modify, or move any easement if the easement constitutes part 26 27 of or crosses the common elements or association property. This subsection does not authorize the board of administration 28 29 to modify, move, or vacate any easement created in whole or in 30 part for the use or benefit of anyone other than the unit 31 owners, or crossing the property of anyone other than the unit

4

owners, without the consent or approval of those other persons 1 2 having the use or benefit of the easement, as required by law 3 or by the instrument creating the easement. Nothing in this subsection affects the minimum requirements of s. 4 5 718.104(4)(m) or the powers enumerated in subsection (3). б

(11) INSURANCE.--

7 (a) The association shall use its best efforts to 8 obtain and maintain adequate insurance to protect the 9 association, the association property, the common elements, 10 and the condominium property required to be insured by the 11 association pursuant to paragraph (b). The association may also obtain and maintain liability insurance for directors and 12 13 officers, insurance for the benefit of association employees, and flood insurance for common elements, association property, 14 and units. An association or group of associations may 15 self-insure against claims against the association, the 16 association property, and the condominium property required to 17 be insured by an association, upon compliance with ss. 18 19 624.460-624.488. A copy of each policy of insurance in effect 20 shall be made available for inspection by unit owners at 21 reasonable times.

(b) Every hazard policy which is issued to protect a 22 condominium building shall provide that the word "building" 23 24 wherever used in the policy include, but not necessarily be 25 limited to, fixtures, installations, or additions comprising that part of the building within the unfinished interior 26 surfaces of the perimeter walls, floors, and ceilings of the 27 28 individual units initially installed, or replacements thereof 29 of like kind or quality, in accordance with the original plans and specifications, or as they existed at the time the unit 30 31 was initially conveyed if the original plans and

5

1 specifications are not available. However, unless prior to 2 October 1, 1986, the association is required by the 3 declaration to provide coverage therefor, the word "building" does not include unit floor coverings, wall coverings, or 4 5 ceiling coverings, and, as to contracts entered into after б July 1, 1992, does not include the following equipment if it 7 is located within a unit and the unit owner is required to 8 repair or replace such equipment: electrical fixtures, 9 appliances, air conditioner or heating equipment, water 10 heaters, or built-in cabinets. With respect to the coverage 11 provided for by this paragraph, the unit owners shall be considered additional insureds under the policy. This 12 13 paragraph does not apply to master associations; however, master associations must comply with paragraph (a). 14 (c) Every insurance policy issued to an individual 15 unit owner shall provide that the coverage afforded by such 16 17 policy is excess over the amount recoverable under any other 18 policy covering the same property without rights of 19 subrogation against the association. 20 (14) The division shall adopt rules which may require 21 that the association deliver to the unit owners, in lieu of the financial report required by subsection (13), a complete 22 set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal year. 23 24 The financial statements shall be delivered within 90 days following the end of the previous fiscal year or annually on 25 such other date as provided by the bylaws. The rules of the 26 division may require that the financial statements be 27 compiled, reviewed, or audited, and the rules shall take into 28 29 consideration the criteria set forth in s. 718.501(1)(j). For 30 multi-condominium associations, the economic criteria relating 31 to the level of year-end financial reporting requirements

б

1 contained in the division's rule must be applied on a condominium-by-condominium basis. The requirement to have the 2 3 financial statements compiled, reviewed, or audited does not apply to associations when a majority of the voting interests 4 5 of the association present at a duly called meeting of the б association have determined for a fiscal year to waive this 7 requirement. In an association in which turnover of control 8 by the developer has not occurred, the developer may vote to waive the audit requirement for the first 2 years of the 9 operation of the association, after which time waiver of an 10 11 applicable audit requirement shall be by a majority of voting interests other than the developer. The meeting shall be held 12 prior to the end of the fiscal year, and the waiver shall be 13 effective for only 1 fiscal year. This subsection does not 14 apply to a condominium which consists of 50 or fewer units. 15 (15) COMMINGLING.--All funds shall be maintained 16 17 separately in the association's name. Reserve and operating 18 funds of the association must be accounted for separately, but 19 may shall not be commingled if the accounting records of the 20 association readily identify the reserves and their available 21 funding. This subsection is not meant to prohibit prudent investment of association funds even if combined with 22 operating or other reserve funds of the same association. No 23 24 manager or business entity required to be licensed or registered under s. 468.432, and no agent, employee, officer, 25 or director of a condominium association shall commingle any 26 27 association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of 28 any other condominium association or community association as 29 defined in s. 468.431. This subsection does not apply to 30 master associations in regard to commingling of operating and 31 reserve funds, which shall be governed by the master

7

1 declaration, the articles of incorporation, or the bylaws of the master association regarding investment of association 2 3 funds. Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 4 5 paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (k) of subsection б (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 7 718.112 Bylaws.--8 (1) GENERALLY.--9 (a) The operation of the association shall be governed 10 by the articles of incorporation if the association is 11 incorporated, and the bylaws of the association, which shall be included as exhibits to the recorded declaration. In a 12 13 multi-condominium association If one association operates more than one condominium, it shall not be necessary to rerecord 14 the same articles of incorporation and bylaws as exhibits to 15 each declaration after the first, provided that in each case 16 17 where the articles and bylaws are not so recorded, the 18 declaration expressly incorporates them by reference as 19 exhibits and identifies the book and page of the public records where the first declaration to which they were 20 21 attached is recorded. (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS. -- The bylaws shall provide for 22 the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to 23 include the following: 24 25 (a) Administration.--The form of administration of the association shall 26 1. 27 be described indicating the title of the officers and board of 28 administration and specifying the powers, duties, manner of 29 selection and removal, and compensation, if any, of officers 30 and boards. In the absence of such a provision, the board of 31 administration shall be composed of five members, except in 8

1 the case of a condominium which has five or fewer units, in 2 which case in a not-for-profit corporation the board shall 3 consist of not fewer than three members. In the absence of 4 provisions to the contrary in the bylaws, the board of 5 administration shall have a president, a secretary, and a 6 treasurer, who shall perform the duties of such officers 7 customarily performed by officers of corporations. Unless 8 prohibited in the bylaws, the board of administration may 9 appoint other officers and grant them the duties it deems 10 appropriate. Unless otherwise provided in the master 11 declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, the officers shall serve without 12 compensation and at the pleasure of the board of 13 administration. Unless otherwise provided in the master 14 declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 15 incorporation, or bylaws, the members of the board shall serve 16 17 without compensation.

When a unit owner files a written inquiry by 18 2. 19 certified mail with the board of administration, the board shall respond in writing to the unit owner within 30 days of 20 21 receipt of the inquiry. The board's response shall either give a substantive response to the inquirer, notify the 22 inquirer that a legal opinion has been requested, or notify 23 24 the inquirer that advice has been requested from the division. If the board requests advice from the division, the board 25 shall, within 10 days of its receipt of the advice, provide in 26 27 writing a substantive response to the inquirer. If a legal 28 opinion is requested, the board shall, within 60 days after 29 the receipt of the inquiry, provide in writing a substantive 30 response to the inquiry. The failure to provide a substantive 31 response to the inquiry as provided herein precludes the board

9

1 from recovering attorney's fees and costs in any subsequent litigation, administrative proceeding, or arbitration arising 2 3 out of the inquiry. The association may through its board of administration adopt reasonable rules and regulations 4 5 regarding the frequency and manner of responding to unit owner 6 inquiries, one of which may be that the association is only 7 obligated to respond to one written inquiry per unit in any 8 given 30-day period. In such a case, any additional inquiry 9 or inquiries must be responded to in the subsequent 30-day 10 period, or periods, as applicable. 11 (b) Quorum; voting requirements; proxies.--1. Unless a lower number is provided in the master 12 declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 13 incorporation, or bylaws, the percentage of voting interests 14 required to constitute a quo rum at a meeting of the members 15 shall be a majority of the voting interests. In 16 17 multi-condominium associations and in master associations, separate quorums may be established in which class voting is 18 19 required or permitted by law, the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or 20 21 bylaws.Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 22 incorporation, or bylaws, and except as provided in 23 24 subparagraph (d)3., decisions shall be made by owners of a 25 majority of the voting interests represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present. 26 27 2. Except as specifically otherwise provided herein, 28 after January 1, 1992, unit owners may not vote by general 29 proxy, but may vote by limited proxies substantially 30 conforming to a limited proxy form adopted by the division. 31 Limited proxies and general proxies may be used to establish a 10

Florida Senate - 1998 25-699-98

1 quorum. Limited proxies shall be used for votes taken to 2 waive or reduce reserves in accordance with subparagraph 3 (f)2.; for votes taken to waive financial statement requirements as provided by s. 718.111(14); for votes taken to 4 5 amend the declaration pursuant to s. 718.110; for votes taken б to amend the articles of incorporation or bylaws pursuant to 7 this section; and for any other matter for which this chapter 8 requires or permits a vote of the unit owners. Except as 9 provided in paragraph (d), after January 1, 1992, no proxy, 10 limited or general, shall be used in the election of board 11 members. General proxies may be used for other matters for which limited proxies are not required, and may also be used 12 in voting for nonsubstantive changes to items for which a 13 limited proxy is required and given. Notwithstanding the 14 provisions of this subparagraph, unit owners may vote in 15 person at unit owner meetings. Nothing contained herein shall 16 17 limit the use of general proxies or require the use of limited 18 proxies for any agenda item or election at any meeting of a 19 timeshare condominium association. This subparagraph does not apply to master associations, which must conduct voting and 20 21 elections pursuant to the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or bylaws for the master association. 22 23 Any proxy given shall be effective only for the 3. 24 specific meeting for which originally given and any lawfully 25 adjourned meetings thereof. In no event shall any proxy be valid for a period longer than 90 days after the date of the 26 first meeting for which it was given. Every proxy is 27 28 revocable at any time at the pleasure of the unit owner 29 executing it. 30 (d) Unit owner meetings.--31

11

Florida Senate - 1998 25-699-98

1 1. There shall be an annual meeting of the unit owners. Unless the master declaration, declaration of 2 3 condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the board of administration caused by 4 5 the expiration of a director's term shall be filled by б electing a new board member, and the election shall be by 7 secret closed ballot; however, if there is only one candidate 8 or less for each open board position, then for election to fill the vacancy, no election is required. If there is no 9 10 provision in the master declaration, declaration of 11 condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws for terms of the members of the board of administration, the terms of all 12 13 members of the board of administration shall expire upon the election of their successors at the annual meeting. Any unit 14 owner desiring to be a candidate for board membership shall 15 comply with subparagraph 3. 16 17 2. The declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws shall provide the method of calling 18 19 meetings of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written notice, which notice must include an agenda, shall be mailed 20 21 or delivered to each unit owner at least 14 days prior to the annual meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on 22 the condominium property at least 14 continuous days preceding 23 24 the annual meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board 25 shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific location on the condominium property or association property upon which 26 all notices of unit owner meetings shall be posted; however, 27 28 if there is no condominium property or association property 29 upon which notices can be posted, this requirement does not apply. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the right to 30 31 receive notice of the annual meeting by mail, the notice of

12

1 the annual meeting shall be sent by mail to each unit owner. 2 Where a unit is owned by more than one person, the association 3 shall provide notice, for meetings and all other purposes, to 4 that one address which the developer initially identifies for 5 that purpose and thereafter as one or more of the owners of б the unit shall so advise the association in writing, or if no 7 address is given or the owners of the unit do not agree, to the address provided on the deed of record. An officer of the 8 9 association, or the manager or other person providing notice 10 of the association meeting, shall provide an affidavit or 11 United States Postal Service certificate of mailing, to be included in the official records of the association affirming 12 that the notice was mailed or hand delivered, in accordance 13 14 with this provision, to each unit owner at the address last 15 furnished to the association. This subparagraph does not apply to master associations, which must provide notice of and 16 17 conduct meetings as set forth in the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or bylaws of the master 18 19 association.

3. After January 1, 1992, the members of the board of 20 administration shall be elected by written ballot or voting 21 machine. Proxies shall in no event be used in electing the 22 board of administration, either in general elections or 23 24 elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. Not less 25 than 60 days before a scheduled election, the association 26 shall mail or deliver, whether by separate association mailing 27 28 or included in another association mailing or delivery 29 including regularly published newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a first notice of the date of the 30 31 election. Any unit owner or other eligible person desiring to

13

be a candidate for the board of administration must give 1 2 written notice to the association not less than 40 days before 3 a scheduled election. Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 2., the association shall 4 5 mail or deliver a second notice of the election to all unit б owners entitled to vote therein, together with a ballot which 7 shall list all candidates. Upon request of a candidate, the association shall include an information sheet, no larger than 8 9 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be furnished by the 10 candidate not less than 35 days before the election, to be 11 included with the mailing of the ballot, with the costs of mailing or delivery and copying to be borne by the 12 association. However, the association has no liability for the 13 14 contents of the information sheets prepared by the candidates. 15 In order to reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of the paper. 16 17 The division shall by rule establish voting procedures consistent with the provisions contained herein, including 18 19 rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a plurality of those ballots cast. There shall 20 be no quorum requirement; however, at least 20 percent of the 21 22 eligible voters must cast a ballot in order to have a valid election of members of the board of administration. No unit 23 24 owner shall permit any other person to vote his or her ballot, 25 and any such ballots improperly cast shall be deemed invalid. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the ballot for 26 the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain assistance in 27 28 casting the ballot. Any unit owner violating this provision 29 may be fined by the association in accordance with s. 718.303. The regular election shall occur on the date of the annual 30 31 meeting. The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply

14

1 to timeshare condominium associations. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, an election and balloting are 2 3 not required unless more candidates file notices of intent to run or are nominated than vacancies exist on the board. This 4 5 subparagraph does not apply to master associations, which must б elect or seat their boards of administration as provided in 7 the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or 8 bylaws of the master association.

Any approval by unit owners called for by this 9 4. 10 chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, 11 but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), shall be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and 12 shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter or the 13 applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner 14 decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by 15 written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which 16 17 action by written agreement without meetings is expressly 18 allowed by the applicable articles of incorporation, by laws, 19 master or declaration, declaration of condominium, or any 20 statute which provides for such action.

5. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings
if allowed by the applicable <u>articles of incorporation</u>,
bylaws, <u>master</u> or declaration, <u>declaration of condominium</u>, or
any statute.

6. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.

30

31

15

4

7. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape a
meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted
by the division.

5 Notwithstanding subparagraphs (b)2. and (d)3., an association 6 may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting 7 interests, provide for different voting and election 8 procedures in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy specifically delineating the different voting and election 9 10 procedures. The different voting and election procedures may 11 provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general 12 proxy.

8. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration of 13 14 condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, any vacancy occurring on the board before the expiration of a term may be 15 filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the 16 17 remaining directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining 18 19 director. In the alternative, a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case the election procedures must 20 21 conform to the requirements of subparagraph 3., unless the association has opted out of the statutory election process, 22 in which case the declaration of condominium, articles of 23 24 incorporation, or bylaws of the association control. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration of condominium, articles 25 of incorporation, or bylaws, a board member appointed or 26 27 elected under this section shall fill the vacancy for the 28 unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies 29 created by recall is governed by paragraph (k) and rules 30 adopted by the division. 31

Florida Senate - 1998 25-699-98

1 (e) Budget meeting.--The board of administration shall 2 mail or hand deliver to each unit owner at the address last 3 furnished to the association a meeting notice and copies of 4 the proposed annual budget of common expenses not less than 14 5 days prior to the meeting of the unit owners or the board of б administration at which the budget will be considered. 7 Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice must be made by 8 an affidavit executed by an officer of the association or the 9 manager or other person providing notice of the meeting and 10 filed among the official records of the association. The 11 meeting must be open to the unit owners. If an adopted budget requires assessments against the unit owners in any fiscal or 12 calendar year which exceed 115 percent of the assessments for 13 the preceding year, the board, upon written application of 10 14 percent of the voting interests to the board, shall call a 15 special meeting of the unit owners within 30 days upon not 16 less than 10 days' written notice to each unit owner. At the 17 18 special meeting, unit owners shall consider and enact a 19 budget. Unless the bylaws require a larger vote, the adoption 20 of the budget requires a vote of not less than a majority vote 21 of all the voting interests. The board of administration may propose a budget to the unit owners at a meeting of members or 22 in writing, and if the budget or proposed budget is approved 23 24 by the unit owners at the meeting or by a majority of all the voting interests in writing, the budget is adopted. If a 25 meeting of the unit owners has been called and a quorum is not 26 27 attained or a substitute budget is not adopted by the unit 28 owners, the budget adopted by the board of directors goes into 29 effect as scheduled. In determining whether assessments 30 exceed 115 percent of similar assessments in prior years, any 31 authorized provisions for reasonable reserves for repair or

17

1 replacement of the condominium property, anticipated expenses 2 by the condominium association which are not anticipated to be 3 incurred on a regular or annual basis, or assessments for betterments to the condominium property must be excluded from 4 5 the computation. However, as long as the developer is in б control of the board of administration, the board may not 7 impose an assessment for any year greater than 115 percent of 8 the prior fiscal or calendar year's assessment without approval of a majority of all the voting interests. This 9 10 subparagraph does not apply to master associations, which must 11 adopt and provide notice of proposed budgets as provided in the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or 12 13 bylaws of the master association. 14 (f) Annual budget.--The proposed annual budget of common expenses shall 15 1. be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts 16 17 and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not limited to, those expenses listed in s. 718.504(20). In 18 19 addition, if the association maintains limited common elements 20 with the cost to be shared only by those entitled to use the 21 limited common elements as provided for in s. 718.113(1), the budget or a schedule attached thereto shall show amounts 22 budgeted therefor. If, after turnover of control of the 23 24 association to the unit owners, any of the expenses listed in 25 s. 718.504(20) are not applicable, they need not be listed. This subparagraph does not apply to master associations, which 26

27 must prepare and adopt proposed budgets in the manner provided

28 in the master declaration, the articles of incorporation, or

29 bylaws of the master association.

30 2. In addition to annual operating expenses, the31 budget shall include reserve accounts for capital expenditures

18

1 and deferred maintenance. These accounts shall include, but are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and 2 3 pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost, and for any other 4 5 item for which the deferred maintenance expense or replacement б cost exceeds \$10,000. Master associations shall establish 7 reserves for any asset or infrastructure component owned or 8 maintained by the master association for which the replacement 9 cost or deferred maintenance expense exceeds \$10,000.The 10 amount to be reserved shall be computed by means of a formula 11 which is based upon estimated remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of 12 13 each reserve item. The association may adjust replacement reserve assessments annually to take into account any changes 14 in estimates or extension of the useful life of a reserve item 15 caused by deferred maintenance. This subsection does not apply 16 17 to budgets in which the members of an association or in the case of master associations, their designated voting 18 19 representatives, have, by a majority vote present in person or 20 by proxy, and voting at a duly called meeting of the association, determined for a fiscal year to provide no 21 reserves or reserves less adequate than required by this 22 subsection. However, prior to turnover of control of an 23 24 association by a developer to unit owners other than a 25 developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer may vote to waive the reserves or reduce the funding of reserves for the 26 first 2 years of the operation of the association, after which 27 28 time reserves may only be waived or reduced upon the vote of a 29 majority of all nondeveloper voting interests voting in person 30 or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the 31 association. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called 19

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 972

1 to determine to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate 2 than required, and such result is not attained or a quorum is 3 not attained, the reserves as included in the budget shall go 4 into effect.

5 3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon б shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be 7 used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use 8 for other purposes is approved in advance by a vote of the 9 majority of the entire voting interests or in the case of 10 master associations, their designated voting representatives, 11 voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. Prior to turnover of control of an 12 association by a developer to unit owners other than the 13 developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer-controlled 14 association shall not vote to use reserves for purposes other 15 than that for which they were intended without the approval of 16 17 a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests, voting in 18 person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the 19 association.

(g) Assessments.--The manner of collecting from the 20 21 unit owners their shares of the common expenses shall be stated in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, 22 articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Assessments shall be 23 24 made against units not less frequently than quarterly in an 25 amount which is not less than that required to provide funds in advance for payment of all of the anticipated current 26 operating expenses and for all of the unpaid operating 27 28 expenses previously incurred. Master associations may collect 29 assessments annually.Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude 30 the right of an association to accelerate assessments of an 31 owner delinquent in payment of common expenses if such

20

1 authority is contained in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. 2 3 Accelerated assessments shall be due and payable on the date the claim of lien is filed. Such accelerated assessments shall 4 5 include the amounts due for the remainder of the budget year б in which the claim of lien was filed. 7 (k) Recall of board members.--Subject to the 8 provisions of s. 718.301, any member of the board of 9 administration may be recalled and removed from office with or 10 without cause by the vote or agreement in writing by a 11 majority of all the voting interests. A special meeting of the unit owners to recall a member or members of the board of 12 administration may be called by 10 percent of the voting 13 interests giving notice of the meeting as required for a 14 meeting of unit owners, and the notice shall state the purpose 15 of the meeting. The master declaration, declaration of 16 17 condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws for 18 multi-condominium associations and master associations may 19 specify alternative recall procedures. If the recall is approved by a majority of all 20 1. 21 voting interests by a vote at a meeting, the recall will be effective as provided herein. The board shall duly notice and 22 hold a board meeting within 5 full business days of the 23 24 adjournment of the unit owner meeting to recall one or more board members. At the meeting, the board shall either certify 25 the recall, in which case such member or members shall be 26 recalled effective immediately and shall turn over to the 27 28 board within 5 full business days any and all records and 29 property of the association in their possession, or shall 30 proceed as set forth in subparagraph 3. 31

Florida Senate - 1998 25-699-98

1 2. If the proposed recall is by an agreement in 2 writing by a majority of all voting interests, the agreement 3 in writing or a copy thereof shall be served on the association by certified mail or by personal service in the 4 5 manner authorized by chapter 48 and the Florida Rules of Civil б Procedure. The board of administration shall duly notice and 7 hold a meeting of the board within 5 full business days after 8 receipt of the agreement in writing. At the meeting, the board 9 shall either certify the written agreement to recall a member 10 or members of the board, in which case such member or members 11 shall be recalled effective immediately and shall turn over to the board within 5 full business days any and all records and 12 13 property of the association in their possession, or proceed as described in subparagraph 3. 14

If the board determines not to certify the written 15 3. agreement to recall a member or members of the board, or does 16 17 not certify the recall by a vote at a meeting, the board 18 shall, within 5 full business days after the meeting, file 19 with the division a petition for arbitration pursuant to the 20 procedures in s. 718.1255. For the purposes of this section, the unit owners who voted at the meeting or who executed the 21 agreement in writing shall constitute one party under the 22 petition for arbitration. If the arbitrator certifies the 23 24 recall as to any member or members of the board, the recall 25 will be effective upon mailing of the final order of arbitration to the association. If the association fails to 26 comply with the order of the arbitrator, the division may take 27 28 action pursuant to s. 718.501. Any member or members so 29 recalled shall deliver to the board any and all records of the 30 association in their possession within 5 full business days of 31 the effective date of the recall.

22

1 4. If the board fails to duly notice and hold a board 2 meeting within 5 full business days of service of an agreement 3 in writing or within 5 full business days of the adjournment of the unit owner recall meeting, the recall shall be deemed 4 5 effective and the board members so recalled shall immediately б turn over to the board any and all records and property of the 7 association. 8 5. If a vacancy occurs on the board as a result of a recall and less than a majority of the board members are 9 10 removed, the vacancy may be filled by the affirmative vote of 11 a majority of the remaining directors, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in this subsection. If 12 vacancies occur on the board as a result of a recall and a 13 majority or more of the board members are removed, the 14 vacancies shall be filled in accordance with procedural rules 15 to be adopted by the division, which rules need not be 16 17 consistent with this subsection. The rules must provide procedures governing the conduct of the recall election as 18 19 well as the operation of the association during the period after a recall but prior to the recall election. 20 21 Section 4. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 718.113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; 23 24 display of flag; hurricane shutters. --25 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, there shall be no material alteration or substantial additions 26 27 to the common elements or to real property which is association property, except in a manner provided in the 28 29 master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 30 incorporation, or bylaws. If the master declaration, 31 declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or

23

1 <u>bylaws do</u> does not specify the procedure for approval of 2 alterations or additions, 75 percent of the total voting 3 interests of the association must approve the alterations or 4 additions.

5 (5) Each board of administration shall adopt hurricane 6 shutter specifications for each building within each 7 condominium operated by the association which shall include 8 color, style, and other factors deemed relevant by the board. 9 This subsection does not apply to master associations.All 10 specifications adopted by the board shall comply with the 11 applicable building code. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the condominium documents, if approval is required 12 by the documents, a board shall not refuse to approve the 13 installation or replacement of hurricane shutters conforming 14 to the specifications adopted by the board. The board may, 15 subject to the provisions of s. 718.3026, and the approval of 16 17 a majority of voting interests of the condominium, install 18 hurricane shutters and may maintain, repair, or replace such 19 approved hurricane shutters, whether on or within common elements, limited common elements, units, or association 20 21 property. However, where laminated glass or window film architecturally designed to function as hurricane protection 22 which complies with the applicable building code has been 23 24 installed, the board may not install hurricane shutters. The 25 board may operate shutters installed pursuant to this subsection without permission of the unit owners only where 26 27 such operation is necessary to preserve and protect the 28 condominium property and association property. The 29 installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance 30 of such shutters in accordance with the procedures set forth 31 herein shall not be deemed a material alteration to the common

24

1 elements or association property within the meaning of this 2 section. 3 Section 5. Section 718.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 718.114 Association powers. -- An association has the 6 power to enter into agreements, to acquire leaseholds, 7 memberships, and other possessory or use interests in lands or 8 facilities such as country clubs, golf courses, marinas, and other recreational facilities. It has this power whether or 9 10 not the lands or facilities are contiguous to the lands of the 11 condominium, if they are intended to provide enjoyment, recreation, or other use or benefit to the unit owners. All of 12 these leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory or use 13 interests existing or created at the time of recording the 14 15 declaration must be stated and fully described in the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 16 17 incorporation, or bylaws. Subsequent to the recording of the 18 declaration, the association may not acquire or enter into 19 agreements acquiring these leaseholds, memberships, or other 20 possessory or use interests except as authorized by the master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of 21 22 incorporation, or bylaws. The master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws may 23 24 provide that the rental, membership fees, operations, 25 replacements, and other expenses are common expenses and may impose covenants and restrictions concerning their use and may 26 contain other provisions not inconsistent with this chapter. 27 28 A condominium association may conduct bingo games as provided 29 in s. 849.0931. 30 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 31 718.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

25

1 718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.--2 (1)3 (b) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of 4 telecommunication services, a master antenna television 5 system, or duly franchised cable television service obtained б pursuant to a bulk contract shall be deemed a common expense. 7 If the declaration does not provide for the cost of 8 telecommunications services, a master antenna television 9 system, or duly franchised cable television service obtained 10 under a bulk contract as a common expense, the board of 11 administration may enter into such a contract and the cost of the service will be an association expense but allocated on a 12 per-unit basis rather than a percentage basis if the 13 declaration provides for other than an equal sharing of common 14 expenses. Any contract entered into under this section, other 15 than those provided for in the original declaration as 16 17 recorded, in which the cost of the service is not equally divided among all unit owners, may be changed by vote of a 18 19 majority of the voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association, to allocate the cost 20 21 equally among all units., and if not, such cost shall be considered common expense if it is designated as such in a 22 written contract between the board of administration and the 23 24 company providing the master television antenna system or the cable television service. The contract shall be for a term of 25 26 not less than 2 years. 27 1. Any contract made by the board after the effective 28 date hereof for a community antenna system or duly franchised 29 cable television service may be canceled by a majority of the 30 voting interests present at the next regular or special 31 meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to 26

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 972

1 cancel said contract, but if no motion is made or if such 2 motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next 3 regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the 4 making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed 5 ratified for the term therein expressed. б 2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be 7 deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing 8 impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the 9 unit with a nonhearing impaired or sighted person may 10 discontinue the service without incurring disconnect fees, 11 penalties, or subsequent service charges, and as to such units, the owners shall not be required to pay any common 12 expenses charge related to such service. If less than all 13 members of an association share the expenses of cable 14 15 television, the expense shall be shared equally by all participating unit owners. The association may use the 16 17 provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce payment of the shares of 18 such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television. 19 Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 718.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 718.116 Assessments; liability; lien and priority; interest; collection.--22 23 (1)24 (b) The liability of a first mortgagee or its 25 successor or assignees who acquire title to a unit by foreclosure or by deed in lieu of foreclosure for the unpaid 26 27 assessments that became due prior to the mortgagee's 28 acquisition of title is limited to the lesser of: 29 The unit's unpaid common expenses and regular 1. 30 periodic assessments which accrued or came due during the 6 31 months immediately preceding the acquisition of title and for 27

1 which payment in full has not been received by the 2 association; or 3 Five One percent of the original mortgage debt. The 2. 4 provisions of this paragraph shall not apply unless the first 5 mortgagee joined the association as a defendant in the б foreclosure action. Joinder of the association is not required 7 if, on the date the complaint is filed, the association was dissolved or did not maintain an office or agent for service 8 9 of process at a location which was known to or reasonably 10 discoverable by the mortgagee. 11 Section 8. Section 718.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 718.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida Land 13 Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes.--14 (1) The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, 15 and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and 16 17 Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in addition to other powers and duties prescribed by 18 19 chapter 498, has the power, subject to the limitations set forth in this chapter, to enforce and ensure compliance with 20 the provisions of this chapter and rules promulgated pursuant 21 hereto relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, 22 ownership, operation, and management of residential 23 24 condominium units. In performing its duties, the division has 25 the following powers and duties: (a) The division may make necessary public or private 26 27 investigations within or outside this state to determine 28 whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or 29 order hereunder, to aid in the understanding and enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms 30 31 hereunder.

1	1. In connection with any investigation of an
2	association, upon determining that a violation of this chapter
3	or any division rule or order has occurred, the division shall
4	enter appropriate orders to promptly correct or alleviate any
5	actual harm caused by the violation.
6	2. The division may not levy a fine or civil penalty
7	against an association controlled by unit owners other than
8	the developer for a first time finding of violation of any
9	provision of this chapter or the division's rules. The
10	division shall, in connection with allegations of a first time
11	violation, send written notice to the association advising of
12	the violation, together with written remedial educational
13	materials to the association addressing the substantive areas
14	of violation. Such notice and materials shall become official
15	records of the association. The notice must be posted in the
16	conspicuous locations established for the posting of notices
17	under s. 718.112(2)(c) and (2)(d)2. for a continuous period of
18	<u>at least 14 days.</u>
19	3. In connection with violations by unit owner
20	controlled associations of the same provisions of this chapter
21	or division rule occurring subsequent to providing the notice
22	set forth in subparagraph 2., and in the absence of proof that
23	the violations were committed willfully and knowingly, the
24	division may levy penalties or fines against associations for
25	purposes of deterrence and punishment not to exceed \$1,000 per
26	offense, and not to exceed an aggregate total of \$5,000 for
27	multiple offenses arising from the same transaction or
28	occurrence. If the violations were knowing and willful, the
29	division may levy fines of \$5,000 per offense. The total fines
30	arising from an investigation involving any violation or
31	series of violations may not exceed the lesser of \$20,000 or

29

1 \$300 per-unit per-condominium affected by the violation. This section does not preclude the division from taking other 2 3 remedies available by law to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the condominium or the association. 4 5 4. When the division has levied a fine in accordance б with subparagraph 3., the division shall also offer the 7 association the option of avoiding the imposition of the fine 8 by completing an appropriate educational program approved by 9 the division. The division shall adopt rules prescribing the 10 materials to be used, the qualifications of educational 11 providers, and the conduct of the program. It is permissible to use programs and materials approved for education of 12 licensed community association managers. The costs and 13 expenses of appropriate educational programs constitute a 14 permissible common expense, and such programs must be open to 15 all members of the association who wish to attend. The 16 17 division need not offer an educational alternative in the case of knowing and willful violations. 18 19 (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the 20 21 division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated. 22 (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this 23 24 chapter, the division director or any officer or employee designated by the division director may administer oaths or 25 affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, 26 27 take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the existence, 28 29 description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any 30 books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity 31 and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or

1 any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the 2 discovery of material evidence. Upon the failure by a person 3 to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the 4 investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all 5 persons affected thereby, the division may apply to the 6 circuit court for an order compelling compliance.

(d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or rule promulgated pursuant hereto has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as follows:

14 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or 15 actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings 16 and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or 17 letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may 18 be entered against the person. <u>Proceedings to enforce orders</u> 19 <u>and agreements entered into in consent proceedings must be</u> 20 brought in the county where the condominium is located.

2. The division may issue an order requiring the 21 developer, association, officer, or member of the board of 22 administration, or its assignees or agents, to cease and 23 24 desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative 25 action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative action may include, 26 but is not limited to, an order requiring a developer to pay 27 28 moneys determined to be owed to a condominium association. 29 The division may bring an action in circuit court 3.

30 on behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers31 for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.

31

Florida Senate - 1998 25-699-98

1 4. Subject to the limitations in paragraph (1)(a), the 2 division may impose a civil penalty against a developer or 3 association, or its assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter or a rule promulgated pursuant hereto. The 4 5 division may impose a civil penalty individually against any б officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates a 7 provision of this chapter, a rule adopted pursuant hereto, or a final order of the division. The term "willfully and 8 knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or 9 10 board member that his or her action or intended action 11 violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division and that the officer or board 12 member refused to comply with the requirements of this 13 chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order 14 of the division. Persons receiving only the notice and 15 educational materials specified in paragraph (1)(a) are not 16 17 considered to have been so informed. The division, prior to 18 initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall 19 afford the officer or board member an opportunity to 20 voluntarily comply with this chapter, a rule adopted under 21 this chapter, or a final order of the division. An officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a 22 civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each 23 24 day of continuing willful and knowing violation, but in no 25 event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty 26 27 quidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories 28 of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the 29 division. The guidelines are subject to the limitations of paragraph (1)(a) and must specify a meaningful range of civil 30 31 penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and

32

1 must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors 2 3 deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer 4 5 or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, б and other factors. The guidelines must designate the possible 7 mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a 8 departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. 9 It is the legislative intent that minor violations be 10 distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or 11 welfare of the condominium residents or other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to 12 13 the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability 14 of the division to informally dispose of administrative 15 actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or 16 17 consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land 18 19 Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a 20 developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such developer cease 21 and desist from further operation until such time as the civil 22 penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a 23 24 court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to 25 pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the 26 order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order 27 28 will not become effective until 20 days after the date of such 29 order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices 30 31 or in the county where the violation occurred.

33

1 (e) The division is authorized to prepare and 2 disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist 3 prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of 4 residential condominiums in assessing the rights, privileges, 5 and duties pertaining thereto. б (f) The division is authorized to promulgate rules, 7 pursuant to chapter 120, necessary to implement, enforce, and 8 interpret this chapter. (q) The division shall establish procedures for 9 10 providing notice to an association when the division is 11 considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the declaration of condominium or any related 12 13 document governing in such condominium community. The division shall furnish each association which 14 (h) 15 pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this act, subsequent changes to this act on an annual basis, an amended 16 17 version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial basis, and the rules 18 19 promulgated pursuant thereto on an annual basis. 20 (i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and 21 formal legal opinions relating to the operations of 22 condominiums which were rendered by the division during the 23 24 previous year. (j) The division shall adopt uniform accounting 25 principles, policies, and standards to be used by all 26 27 associations in the preparation and presentation of all 28 financial statements required by this chapter. The principles, 29 policies, and standards shall take into consideration the size 30 of the association and the total revenue collected by the 31 association.

34

1	(k) The division shall provide training programs for
2	condominium association board members and unit owners as an
3	integral part of any enforcement program in which
4	investigations are undertaken and fines are levied.
5	(l) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone
6	number accessible to condominium unit owners.
7	(m) The division shall develop a program to certify
8	both volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of
9	condominium disputes. The division shall provide, upon
10	request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit
11	owner, or other participant in arbitration proceedings under
12	s. 718.1255 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall
13	include on the list of volunteer mediators only the names of
14	persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in
15	mediation techniques or who have mediated at least 20
16	disputes. In order to become initially certified by the
17	division, paid mediators must be certified by the Supreme
18	Court to mediate court cases in either county or circuit
19	courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional
20	factors for the certification of paid mediators, which factors
21	must be related to experience, education, or background. Any
22	person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division
23	must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the
24	factors or requirements imposed by rules adopted by the
25	division.
26	(n) When a complaint is made, the division shall
27	conduct its inquiry with due regard to the interests of the
28	affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint,
29	the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and
30	notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the
31	jurisdiction of the division and whether additional
	35

1 information is needed by the division from the complainant. 2 The division shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 3 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or of timely requested additional information, take action upon the 4 5 complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation б within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing 7 the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained 8 or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if 9 reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this 10 chapter or a rule of the division has occurred. If an 11 investigation is not completed within the time limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a 12 13 monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status 14 of the investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any 15 right to a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. 16 17 (2)(a) Effective January 1, 1992, each condominium 18 association which operates more than two units shall pay to 19 the division an annual fee in the amount of \$4 for each 20 residential unit in condominiums operated by the association. If the fee is not paid by March 1, then the association shall 21 be assessed a penalty of 10 percent of the amount due, and the 22 association will not have standing to maintain or defend any 23 24 action in the courts of this state until the amount due, plus 25 any penalty, is paid. The division does not have the power to levy a fine or penalty in addition to the penalty specified in 26 27 this subsection for failure to timely pay the annual fee. 28 (b) All fees shall be deposited in the Division of 29 Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund 30 as provided by law. 31

36

Section 9. Subsection (28) of section 721.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 721.05 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term: (28) "Timeshare estate" means a right to occupy a б timeshare unit, coupled with a freehold estate or an estate for years with a future interest in a timeshare property or a specified portion thereof. The term shall also mean an interest in a condominium unit pursuant to s. 718.103(25)s. 718.103(22). Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998. SENATE SUMMARY Amends various sections of chapter 718, F.S., to provide that the creation, sale, and operation of condominiums may be accomplished through a master declaration, declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. Provides procedures for the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to investigate violations of the law and to impose fines investigate violations of the law and to impose fines.